Keeping in Sync:

Secure use of ssh and rsync with cron

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The Problem

- Need to repeatedly and automatically copy files from one server to another. Possibly across administrative domains.
- My use case: keeping dnsmsaq config in sync on a 2 node master/slave cluster

The Tools

cron - again and again and again and again...
ssh - password-less auth (keys) and secure
rsync - efficient file sync

useful server mode

SSH: Secure use of keys

Passphrase-less key needed for cron so:
 => bound to single command (or script)
 => single source IP

/etc/ssh/sshd_config

PermitRootLogin forced-commands-only

/root/.ssh/authorized_keys
 (on one line prepended to the key)
from= "192.0.2.1", command="/sbin/shutdown -r now",
no-port-forwarding,no-X11-forwarding,no-agent-forwarding

RSYNC: server mode

rsync can run as a server => config file defines what is shared => config file defines read-only/read-write

/etc/rsync.conf

[etc]

```
path = /etc
comment = /etc
uid = root
gid = root
read only = yes
exclude =/***
include = /hosts /ethers
```

 client uses "::" to access module on the server
 rsync server::etc/hosts ./

Putting it together

 Bind ssh-key to an rsync server process that has its own private config file

/root/.ssh/authorized_keys
 (on one line prepended to the key)

```
from= "192.0.2.1",
command="/usr/bin/rsync --server --daemon
--config=/etc/my-rsyncd.conf",
no-port-forwarding,no-X11-forwarding,no-agent-forwarding
```

Running with cron

rsync \$RSYNCOPTS -e ssh server::/etc/hosts ./

#RSYNC OPTIONS #-v = verbose #-x = one filesystem #-a = -rlptgoD # -r = recursive # -l = copy symlinks as symlinks # -p = preserve permissions # -t = preserve modification times # -g = preserve group # -o = preserve group # -0 = preserve owner (super-user only) # -D = preserve device and special files #-H = preserve hard links #-W = copy files whole (w/o delta-xfer algorithm) #-A = preserve ACLs #-X = preserve extended attributes

RSYNCOPTS="-xaHWAX" # See above

Other rsync options

• -n == --dry-run : use this to test

• -i == --itemize-changes

getetcfile(){
local filename
local output
filename="\$1"

```
output=$(rsync $RSYNCOPTS -i -e ssh $SERVER::etc/${filename} /etc/${filename}
2>/dev/null)
```

```
if [ -z "$output" ] ; then
   return 1
else
   return 0
fi
}
#Usage:
if getetcfile hosts; then
   DNSMASQRELOAD=true
```

fi

Script tips: Lockfile

```
#!/bin/bash
LOCKDIR=/var/run
LOCKFILE=${LOCKDIR}/my.lock
```

```
#Setup functions
removelock(){
    rm -f $LOCKFILE
    trap : EXIT
    GOTLOCK=0
```

```
}
```

```
trytolock(){
    ln -s $HOSTNAME-$$ $LOCKFILE 2>/dev/null || return 2
    trap removelock EXIT
```

#main()
trytolock || exit 1

#do stuff

remove lock exit 0

Summary

- sshd only allow root if bound command
- Bind ssh key to command from single IP
- Bind to rsync server w/ custom config
- configure rsync modules to be as restrictive as you like
- use rsync '::' syntax and module paths in cron job