

Searches for BSM Higgs at ATLAS

Ljiljana Morvaj (Stony Brook)
on behalf of the **ATLAS** collaboration

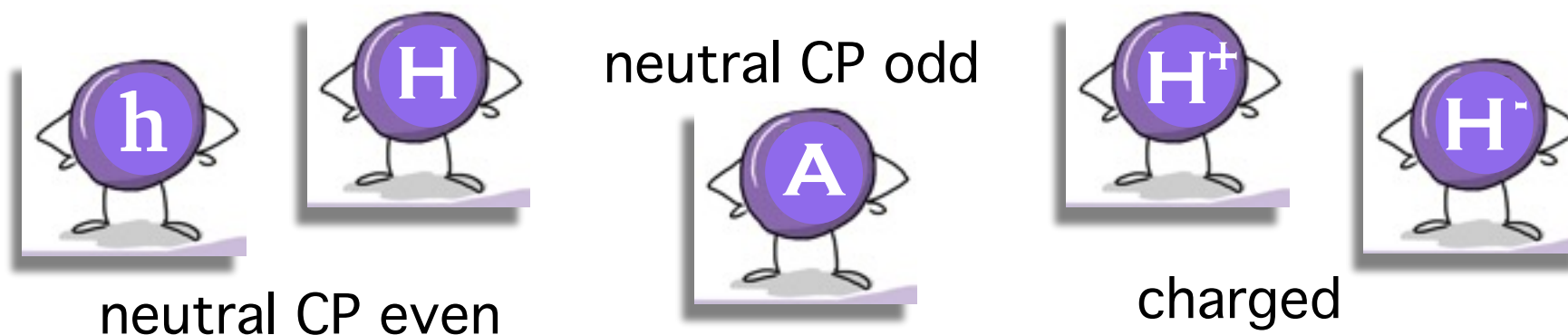


- Is $h(125 \text{ GeV})$ THE Higgs boson or A Higgs boson?
- Extended Higgs sectors common to many Beyond-the-Standard-Model (BSM) theories
 - E.g. SUSY, dark matter, axions, baryogenesis models ...

2HDM = 2 Higgs Doublets Model

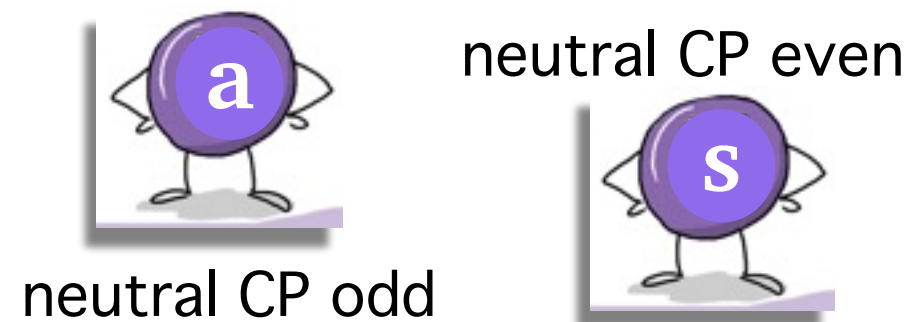
- add another SU(2) Higgs doublet to the SM

- 5 physical states:
(CP conserving case)



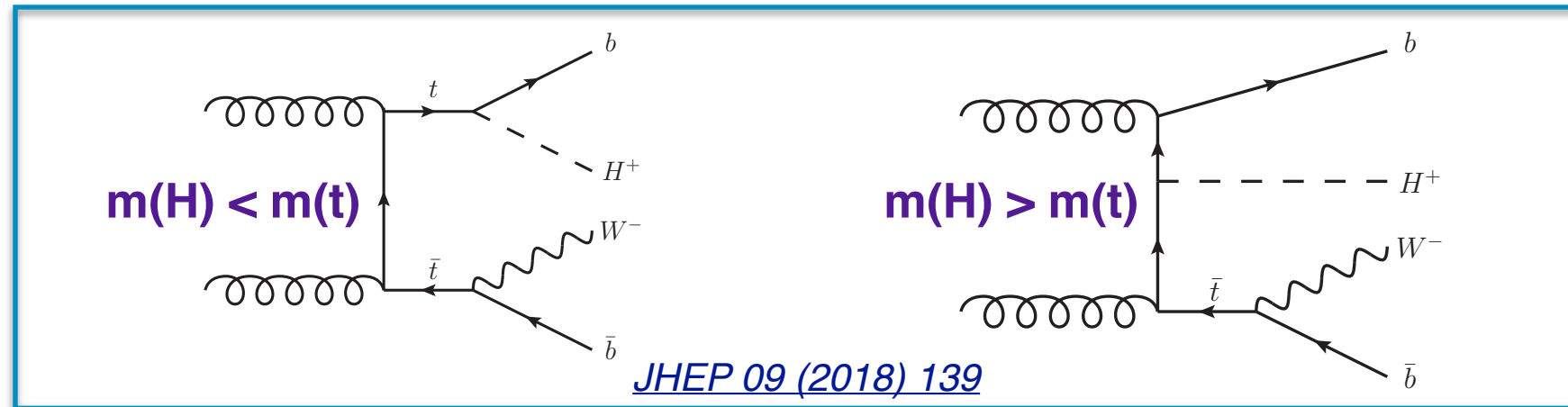
2HDM + S (singlet)

- 2 additional physical states:
 - ➡ Possibly light ($m < m_h$)
 - ➡ e.g. NMSSM

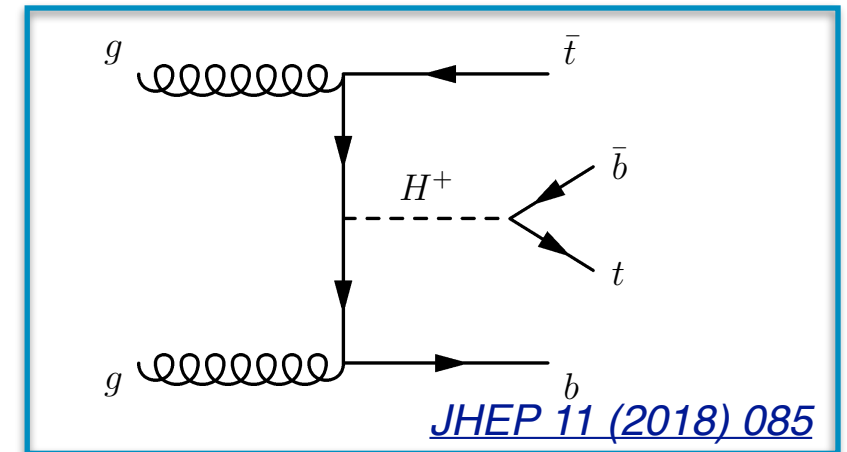


- Searches in 2 channels:

$H \rightarrow t\bar{t}$



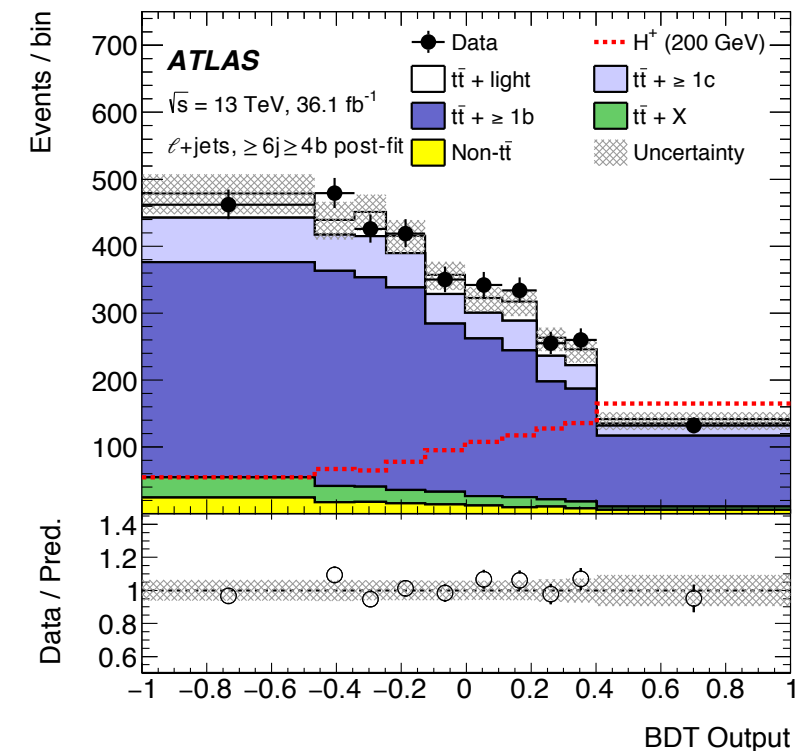
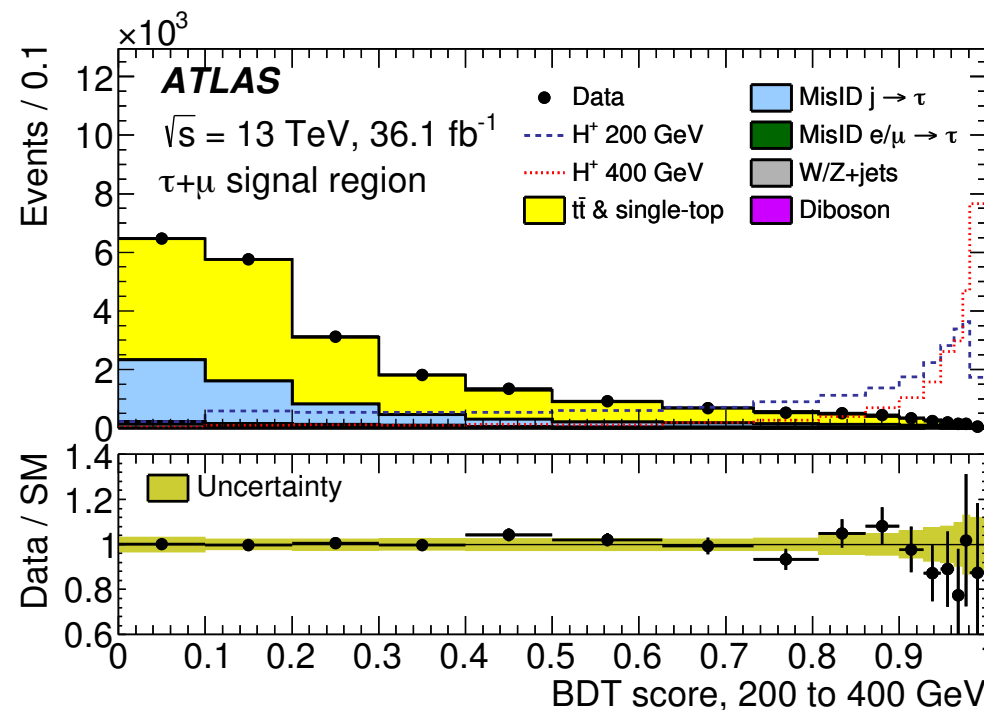
$H \rightarrow t\bar{t}$



- Tau polarisation used to discriminate between $t \rightarrow bH^+$ and $t \rightarrow bW$:

$$\Upsilon = \frac{E_T^{\pi^\pm} - E_T^{\pi^0}}{E_T^\tau} \approx 2 \frac{p_T^{\tau\text{-track}}}{p_T^\tau} - 1$$

Asymmetry between charged and neutral pions

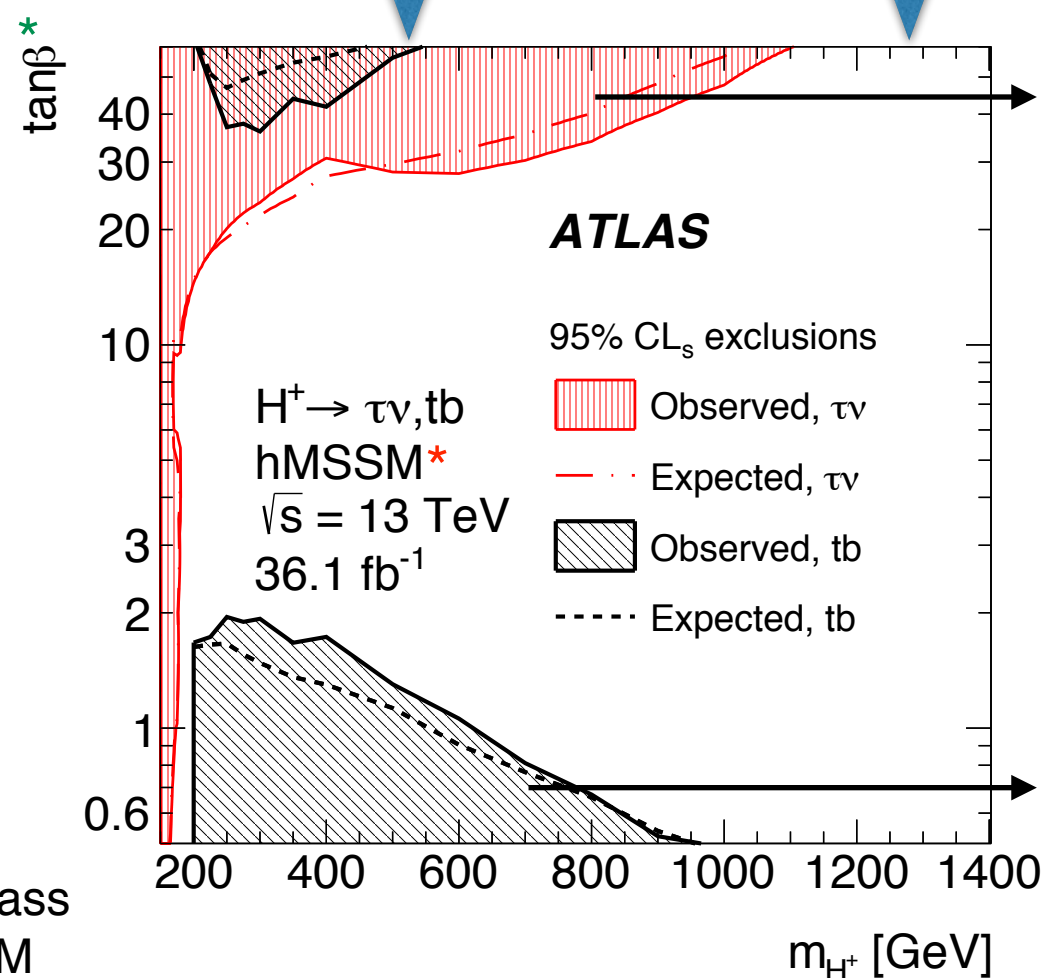
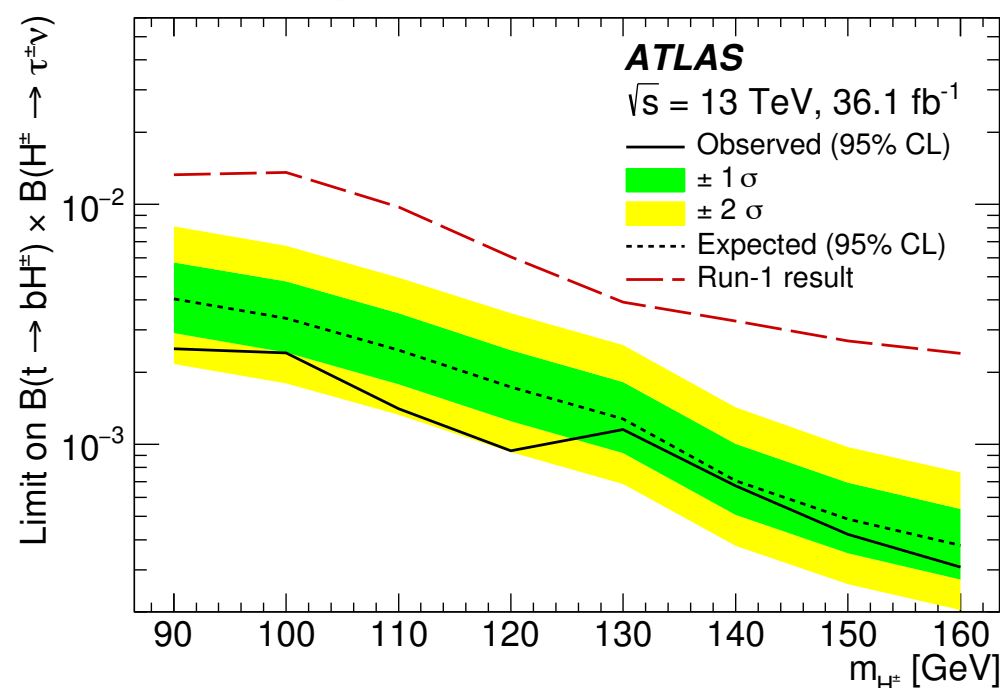
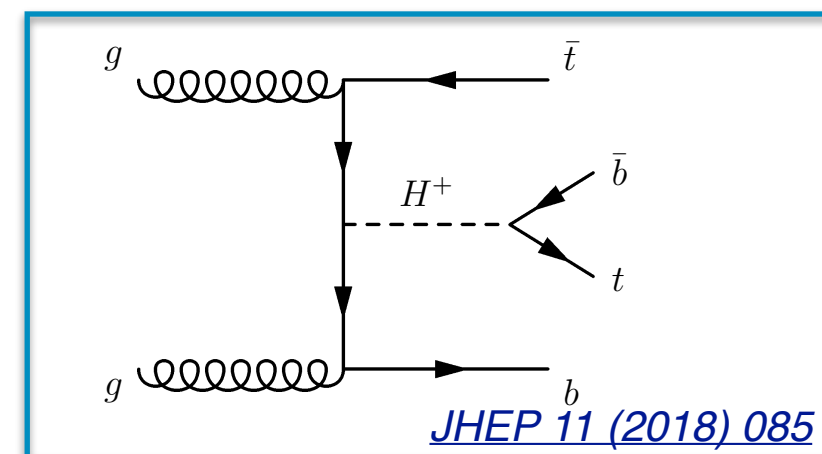
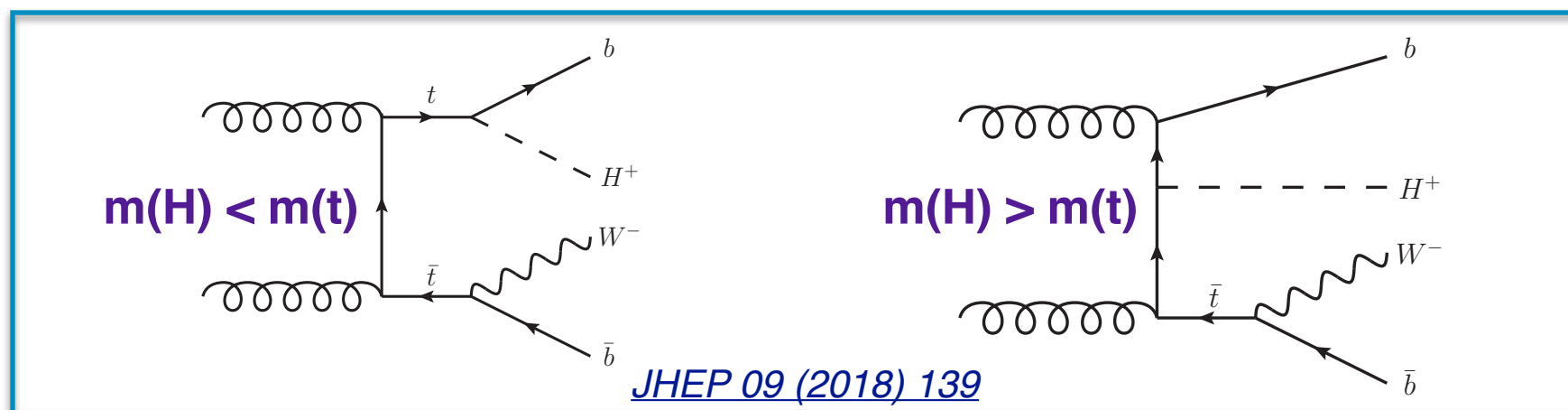


- Both analyses use BDT to discriminate between the signal and the SM backgrounds

- Searches in 2 channels:

$H \rightarrow \tau\nu$

$H \rightarrow tb$



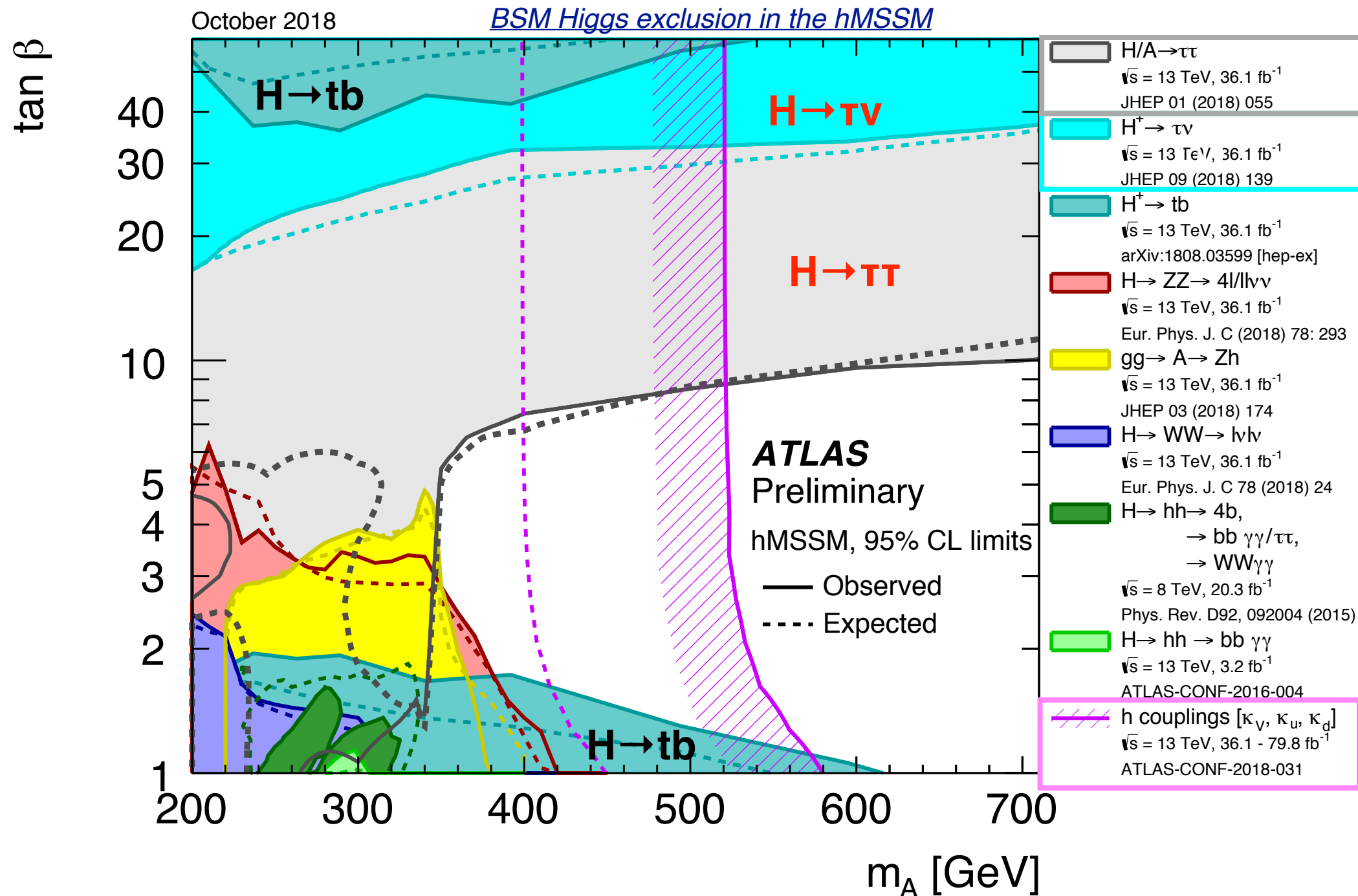
Lower mass or high $\tan\beta$: $H \rightarrow \tau\nu$

High mass and low $\tan\beta$: $H \rightarrow tb$

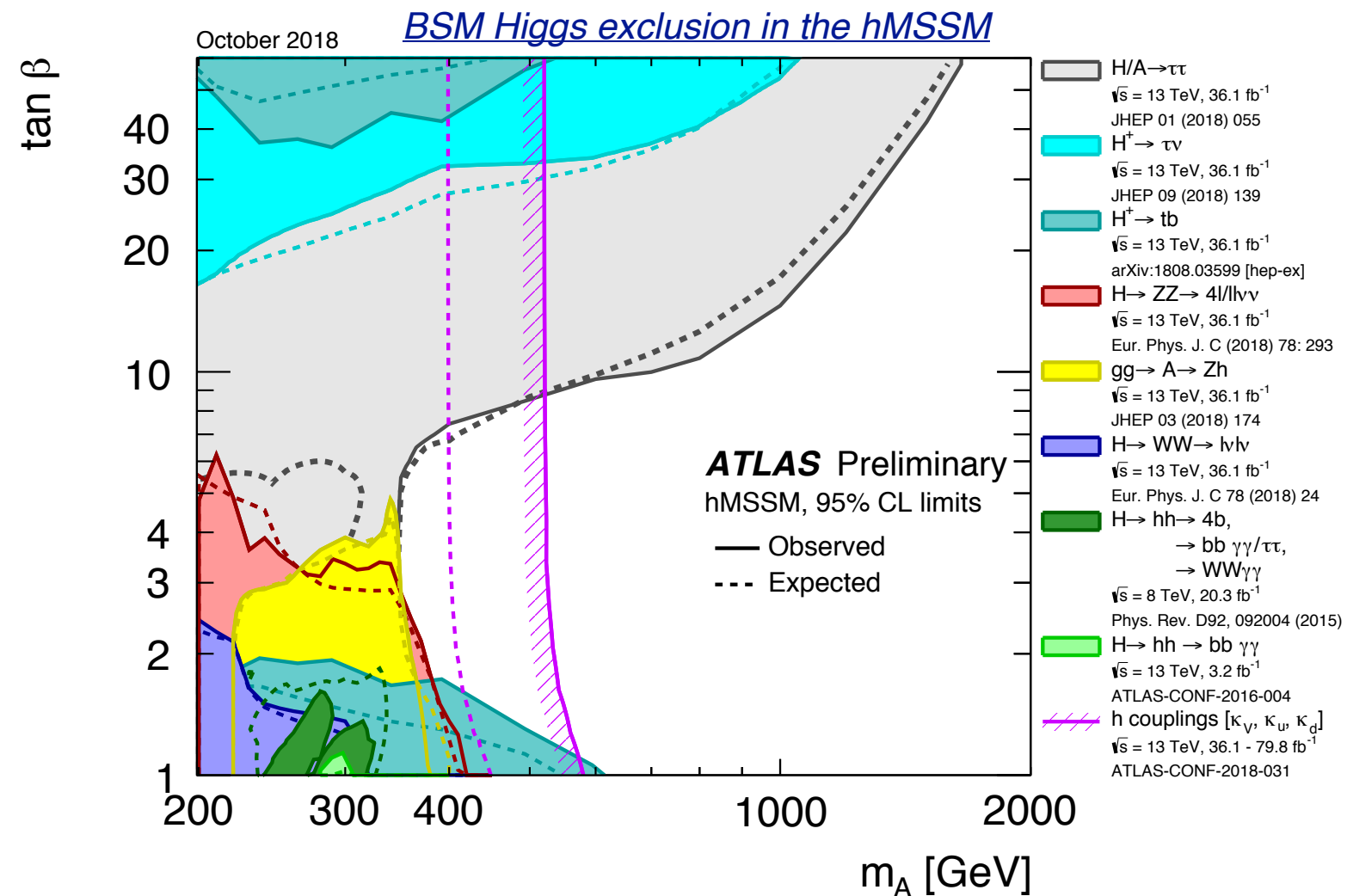
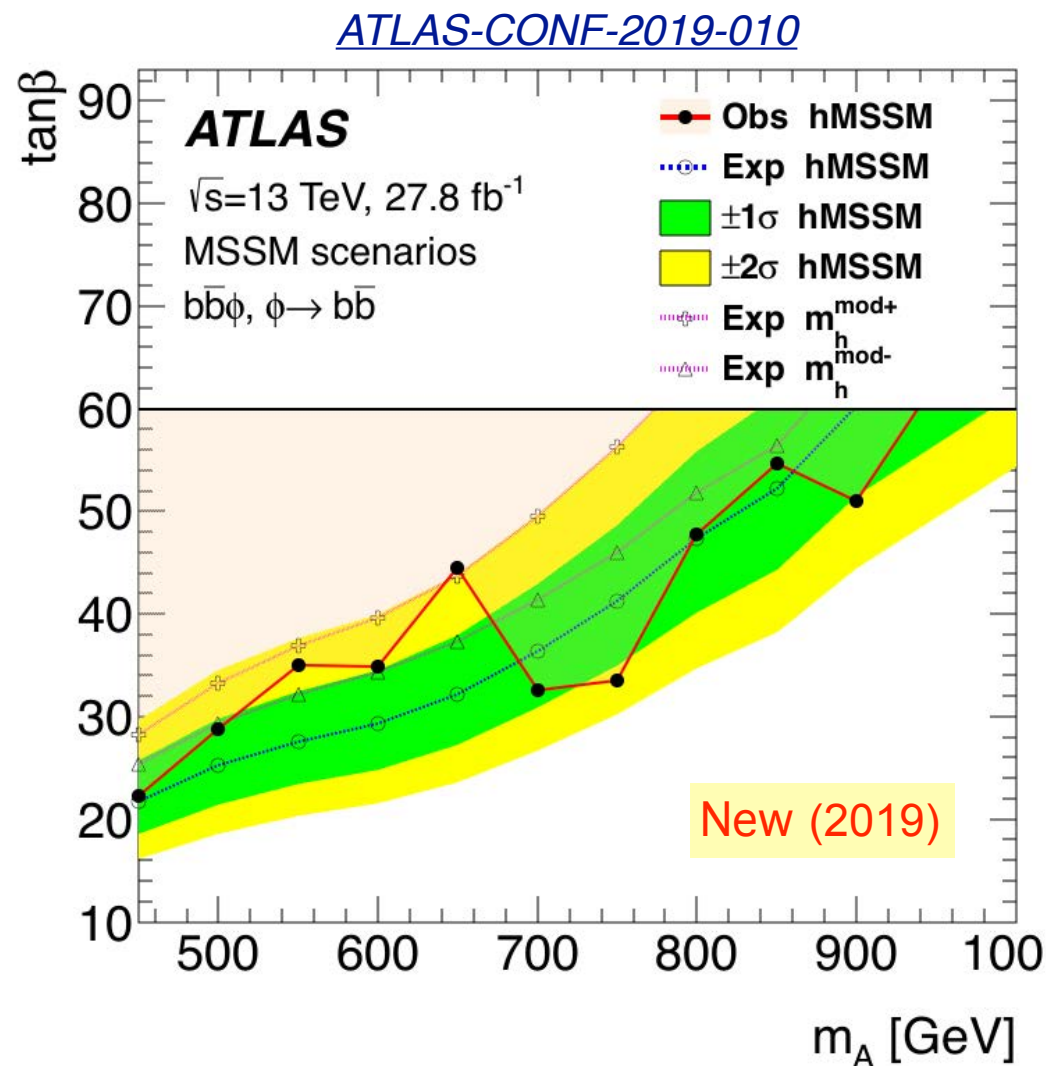
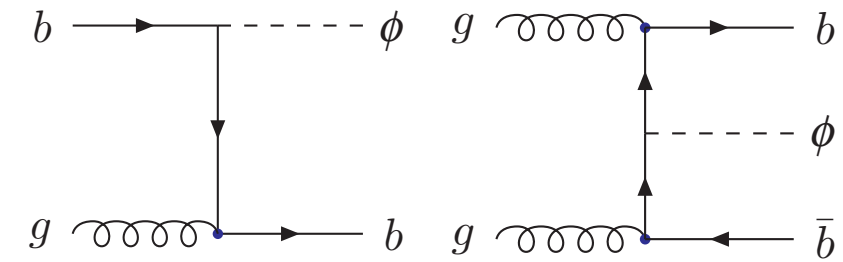
* $\tan\beta$ = ratio of VEVs of the 2 H-doublets

*hMSSM: $h(125)$ is the lightest CP-even H and its mass is used to predict the masses and couplings of MSSM

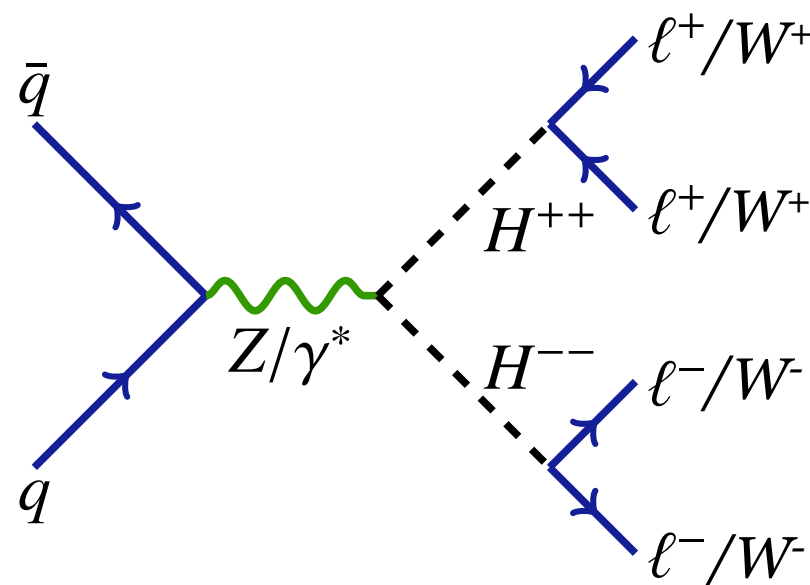
- $h(125)$ couplings combinations set the lower limit on m_A at ~ 540 GeV
- $H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu$ and $H/A \rightarrow \tau\tau$ extend the limit on m_A to above 1 TeV values for large $\tan\beta$



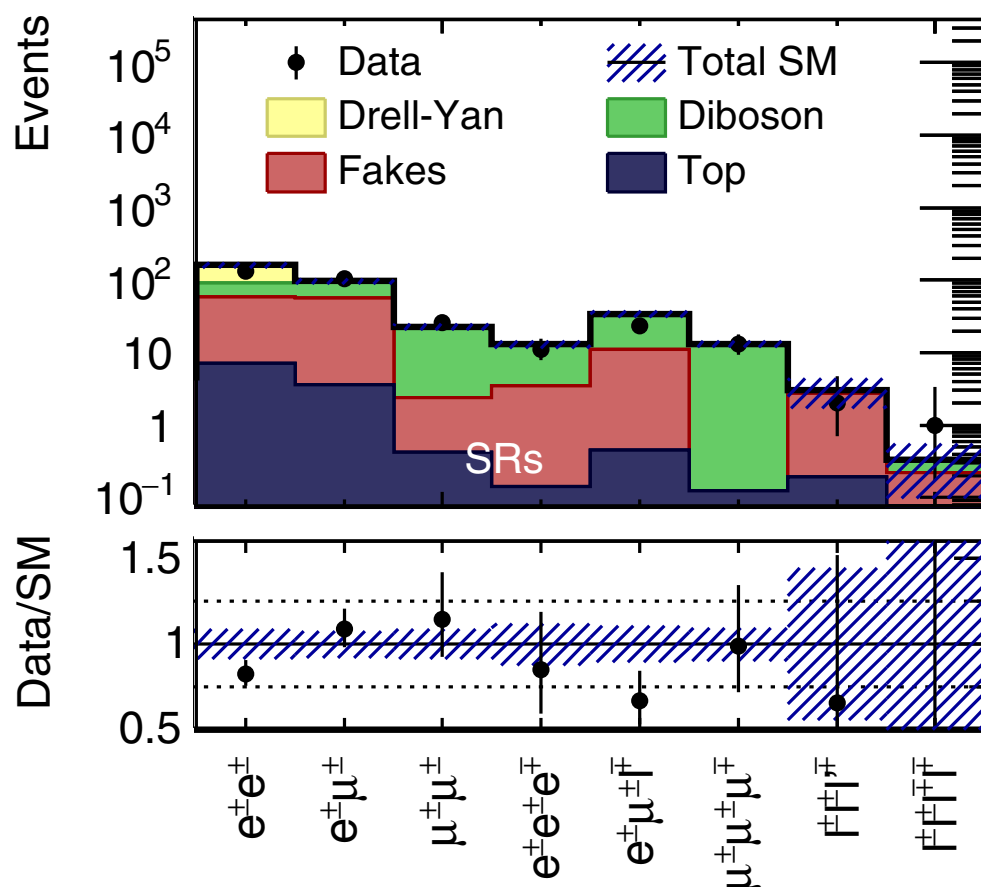
- Search for b-associated heavy neutral H production
- Purely b-jets final state, multi-jet backgrounds challenging!
- Uses b-tagging both online (trigger) and offline
- Limits in hMSSM comparable to $H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu$, but not as good as $H/A \rightarrow \tau\tau$



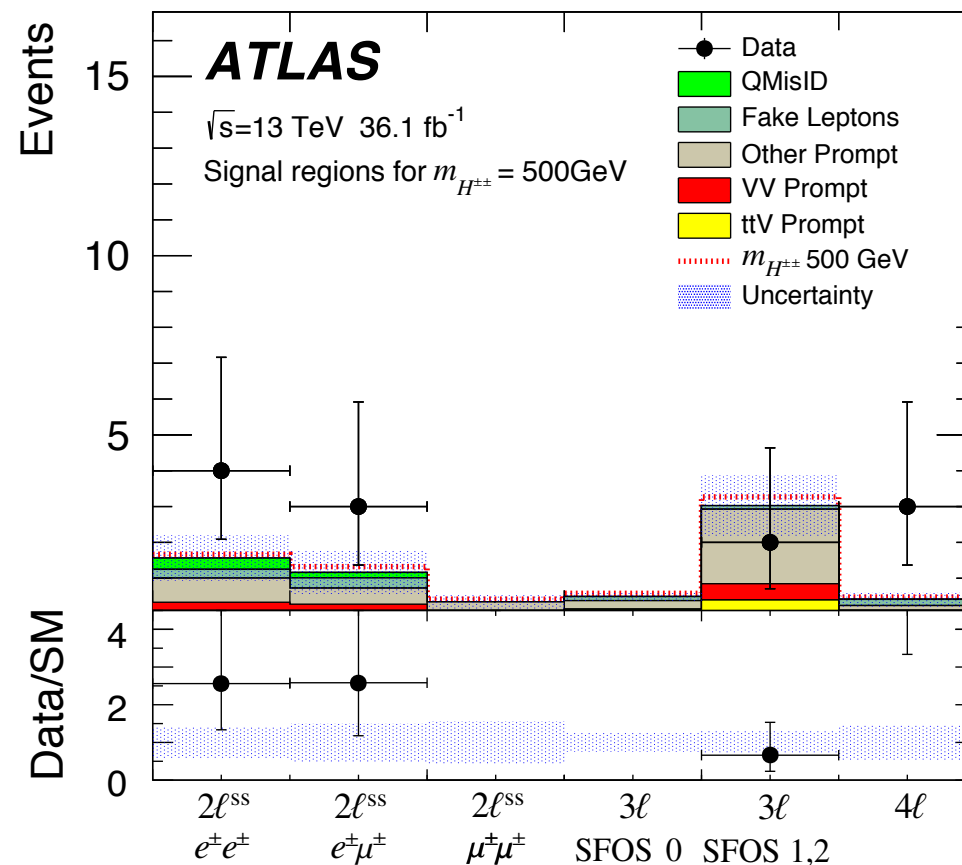
- Scalar triplet (e.g. Type II seesaw models), in addition to the SM scalar doublet
 - 7 physical states, including doubly charged H bosons
 - Depending on the VEV of the triplet, $H^{++/-}$ can decay preferentially to leptons or to W-bosons
- Multiple signal regions with varying number of leptons



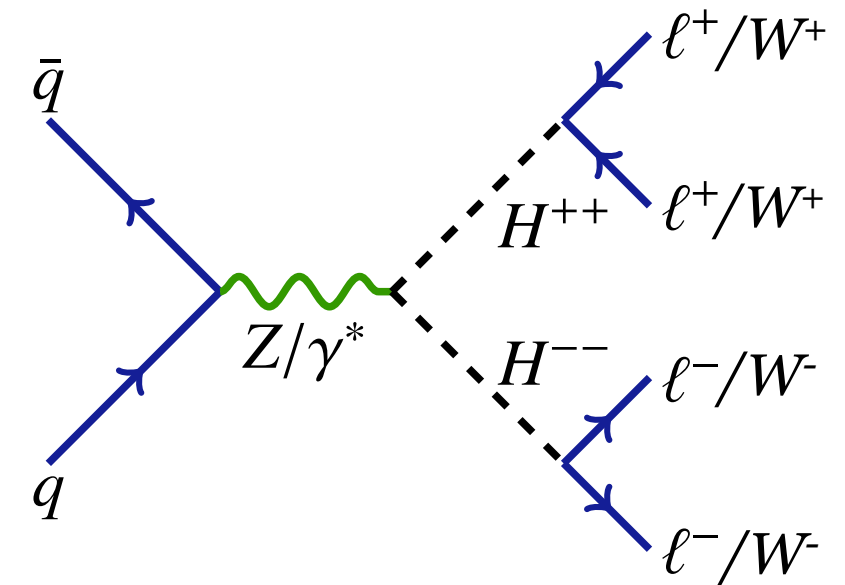
$H^{++} \rightarrow \ell + \ell$ [Eur. Phys. J. C \(2018\) 78:199](#)



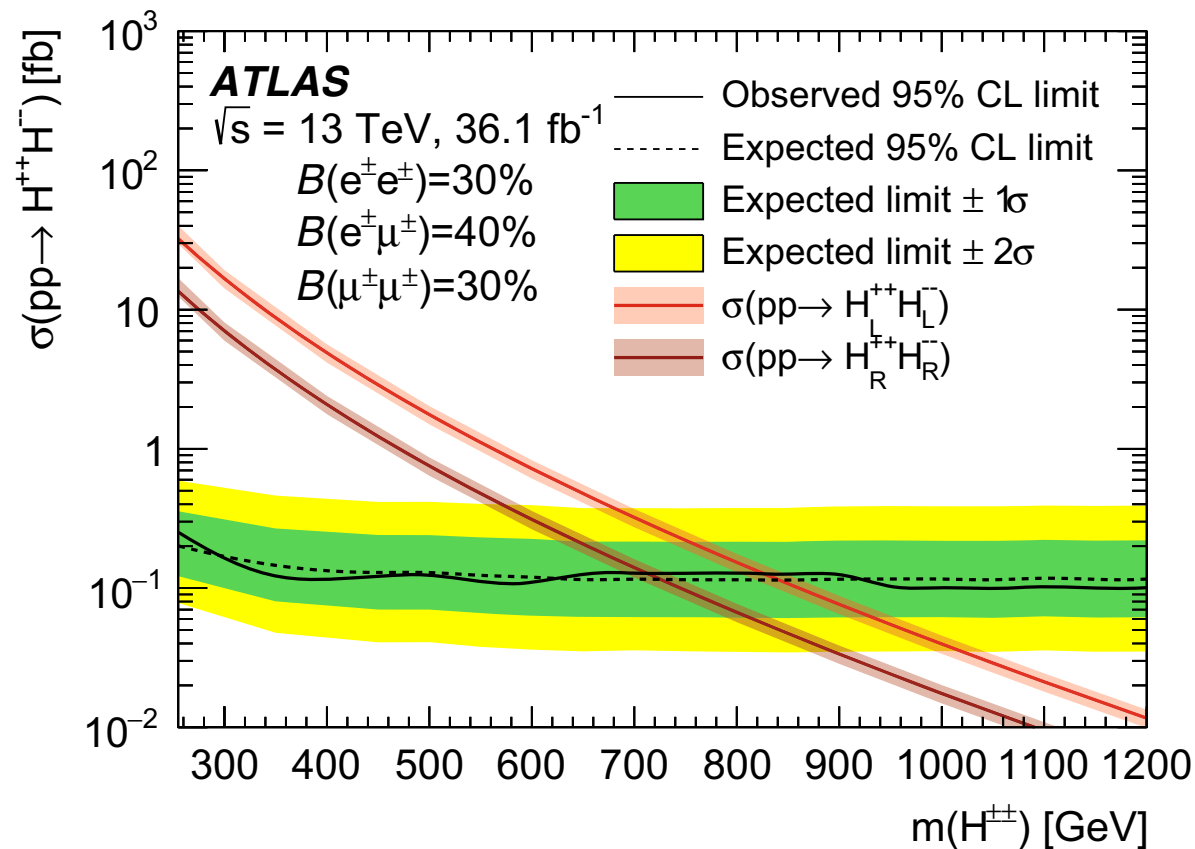
$H^{++} \rightarrow W^+W^+$ [Eur. Phys. J. C \(2019\) 79: 58](#)



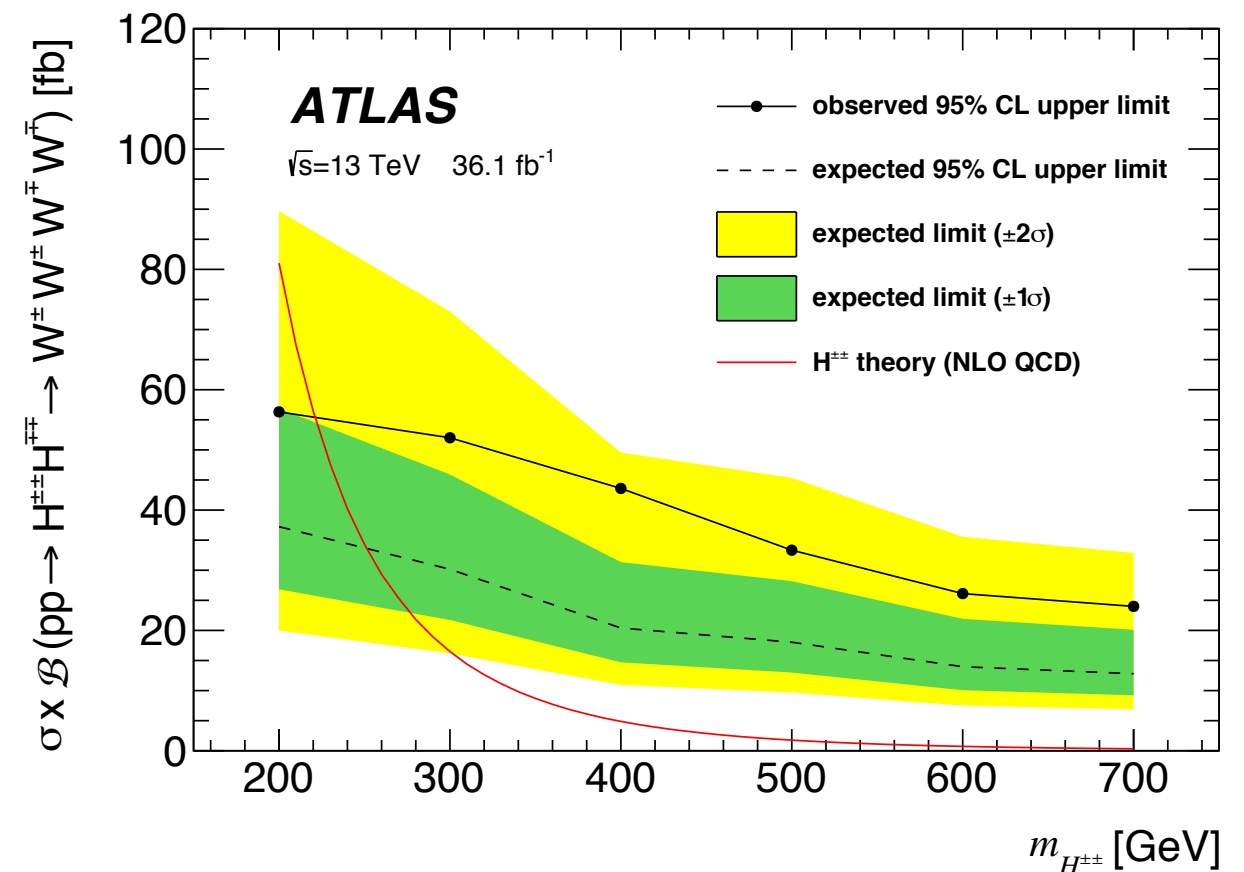
- Scalar triplet (e.g. Type II seesaw models), in addition to the SM scalar doublet
 - 7 physical states, including doubly charged H bosons
 - Depending on the VEV of the triplet, $H^{++/-}$ can decay preferentially to leptons or to W-bosons
- Multiple signal regions with varying number of leptons
- No significant deviations from the SM observed



$H^{++} \rightarrow \ell + \ell +$ [Eur. Phys. J. C \(2018\) 78:199](#)



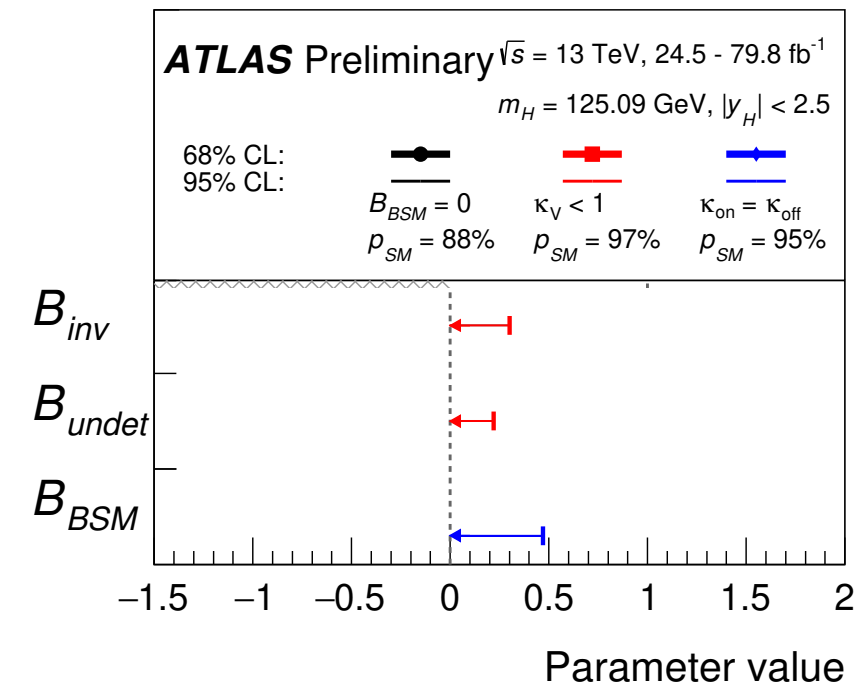
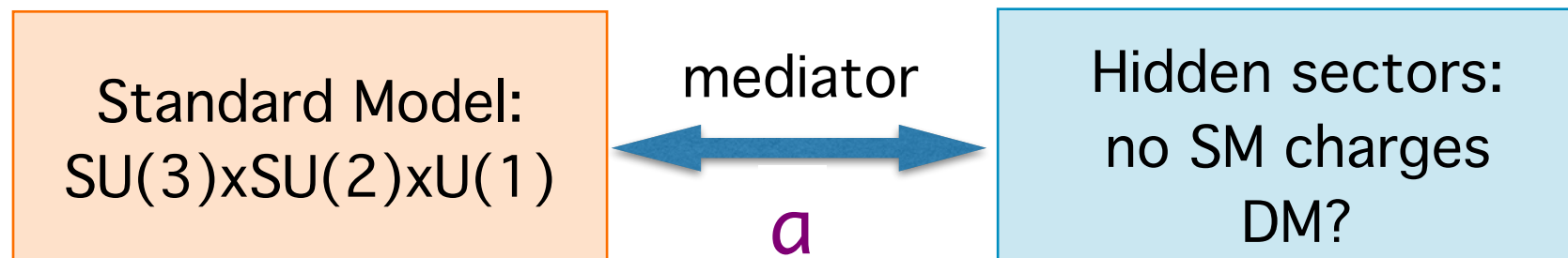
$H^{++} \rightarrow W^+ W^+$ [Eur. Phys. J. C \(2019\) 79: 58](#)



- Current constraint from fits to SM Higgs couplings: **$\text{Br}(h \rightarrow \text{BSM}) < 47\%$** at 95% CL
- ➔ **Still a lot of space for new physics in Higgs decays!**

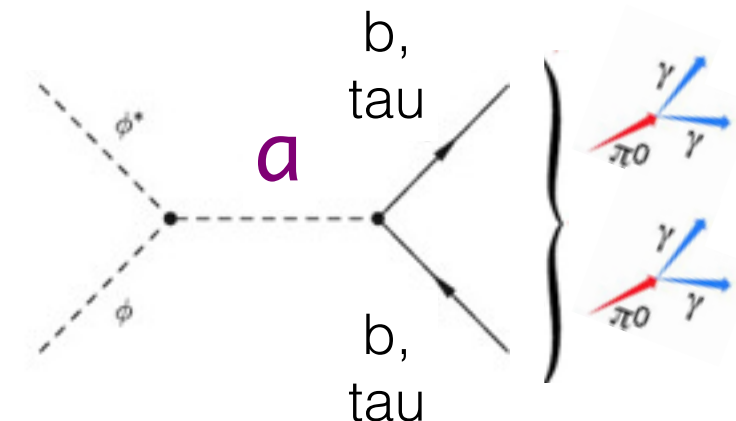
ATLAS-CONF-2019-005

- **New physics could couple to the SM only through Yukawa couplings**



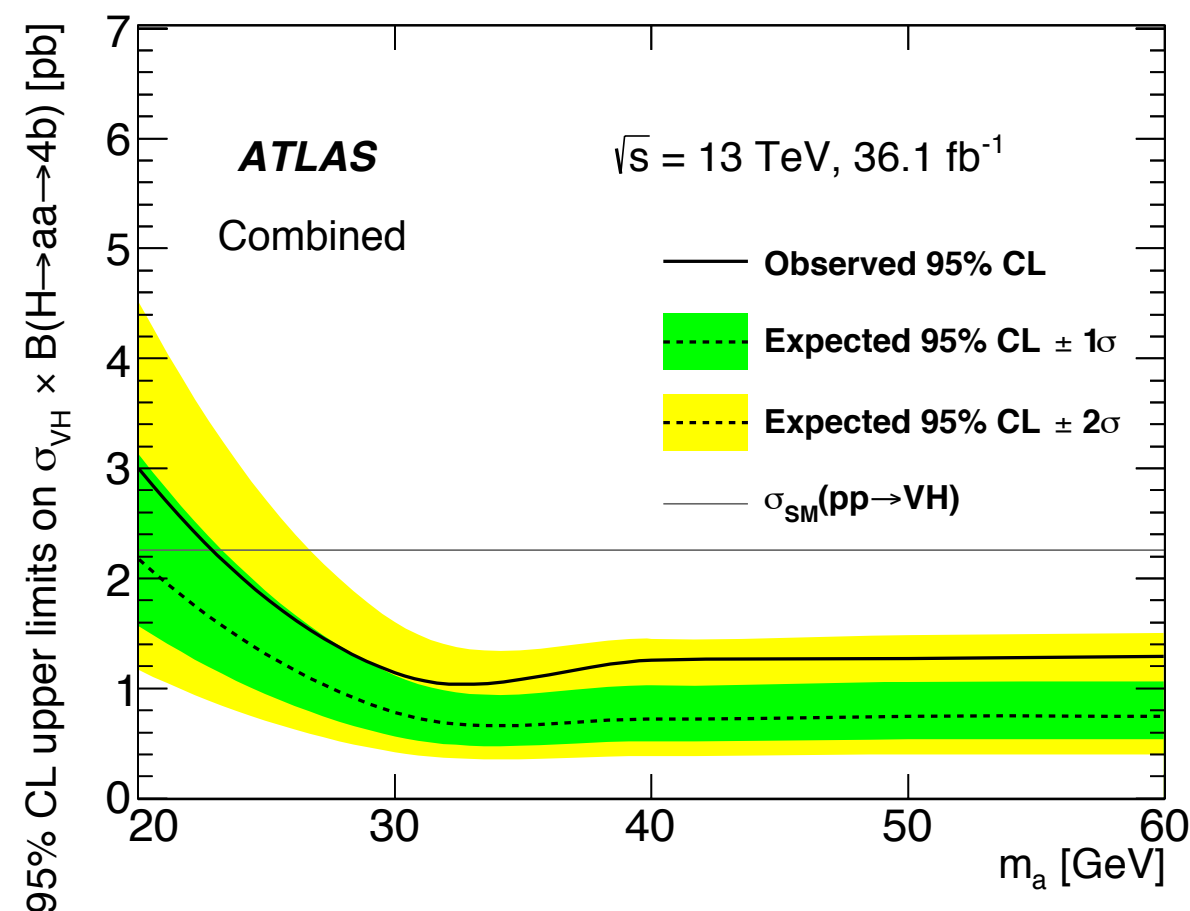
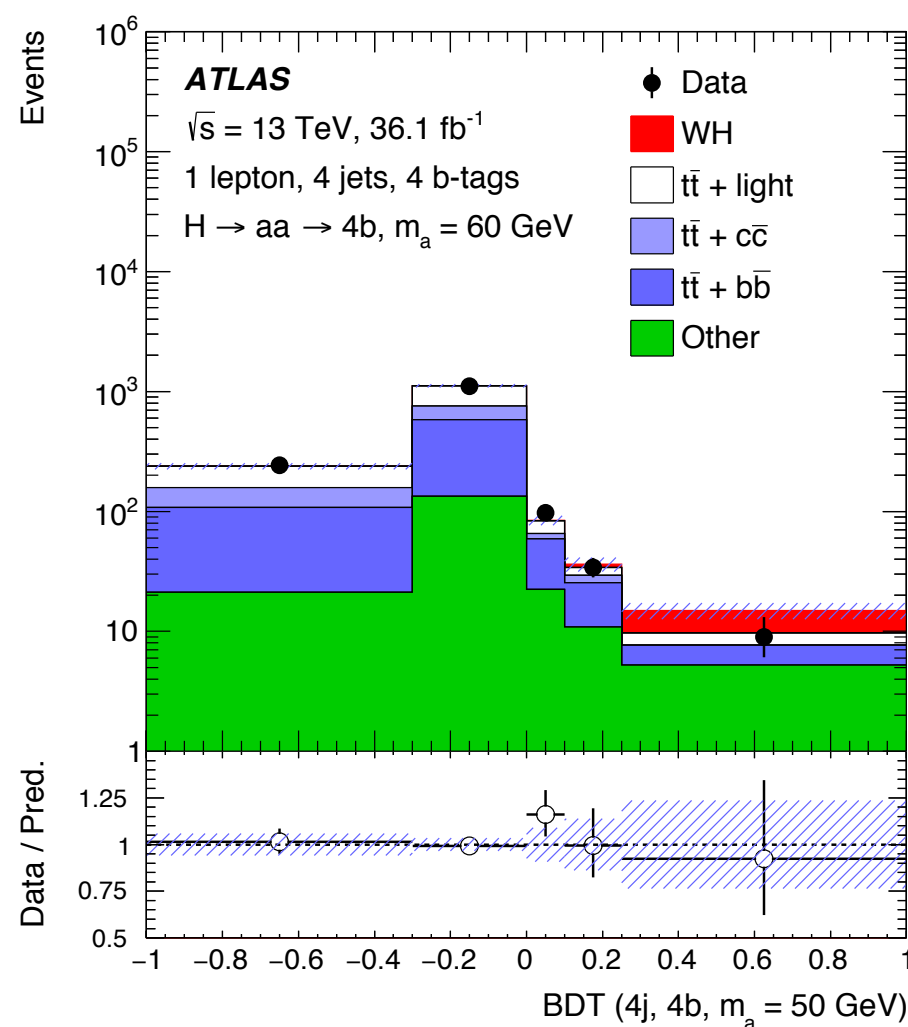
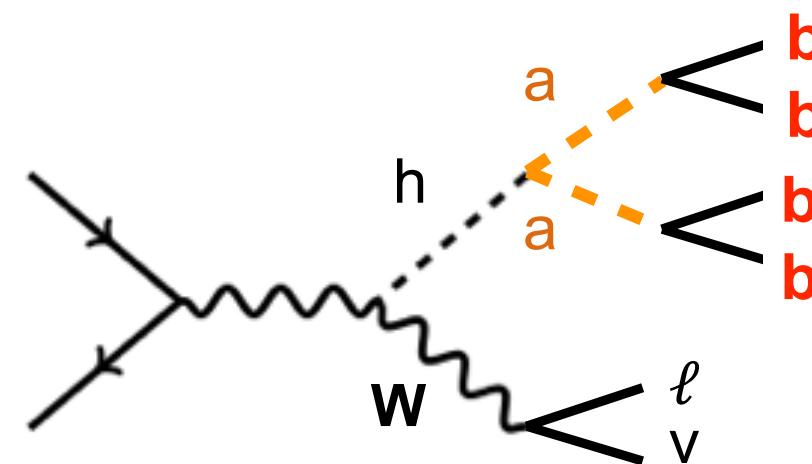
- Excess of gamma-rays ($E \sim 1\text{-}3$ GeV) coming from the centre of the galaxy observed by the Fermi-LAT telescope ([ArXiv: 1511.02938](https://arxiv.org/abs/1511.02938))

- ➔ **Could be a result of DM annihilations through a light (pseudo)scalar mediator**

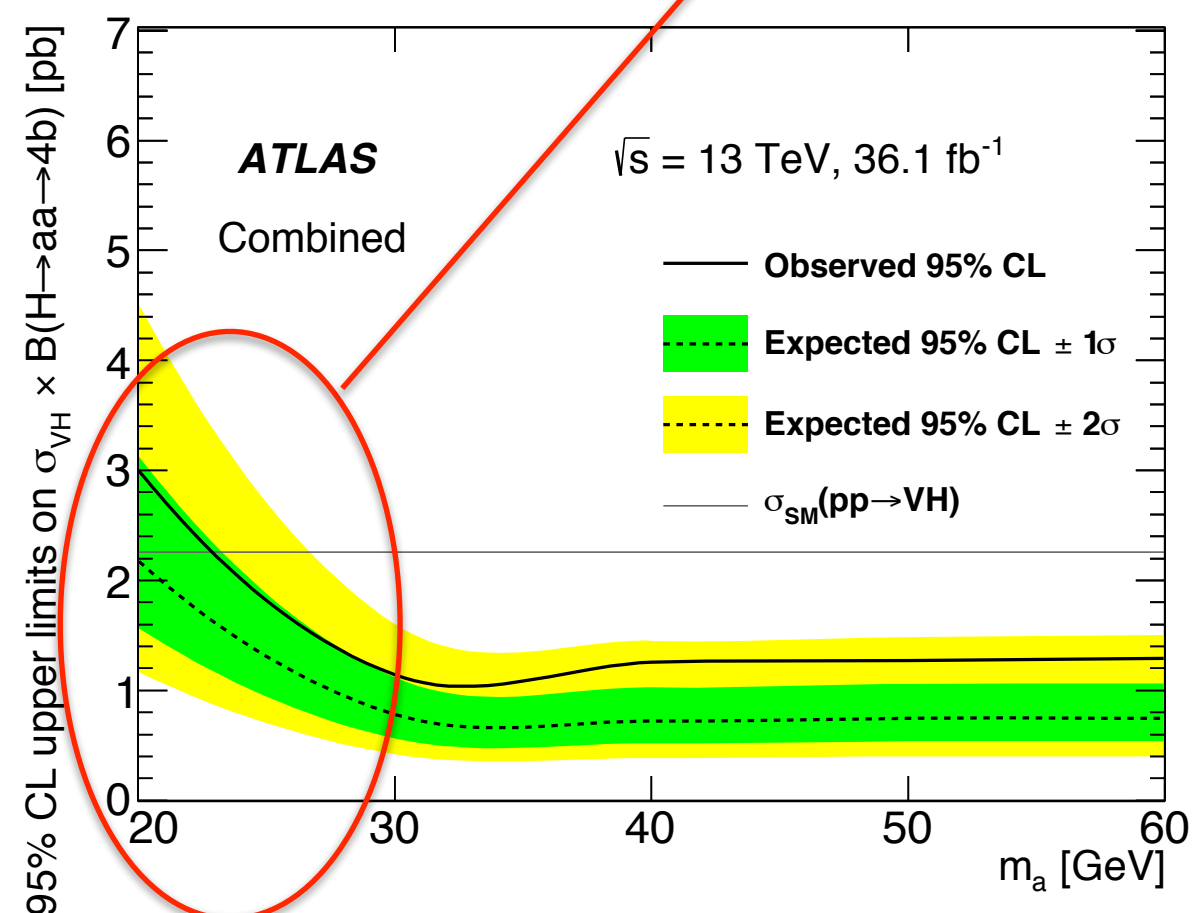
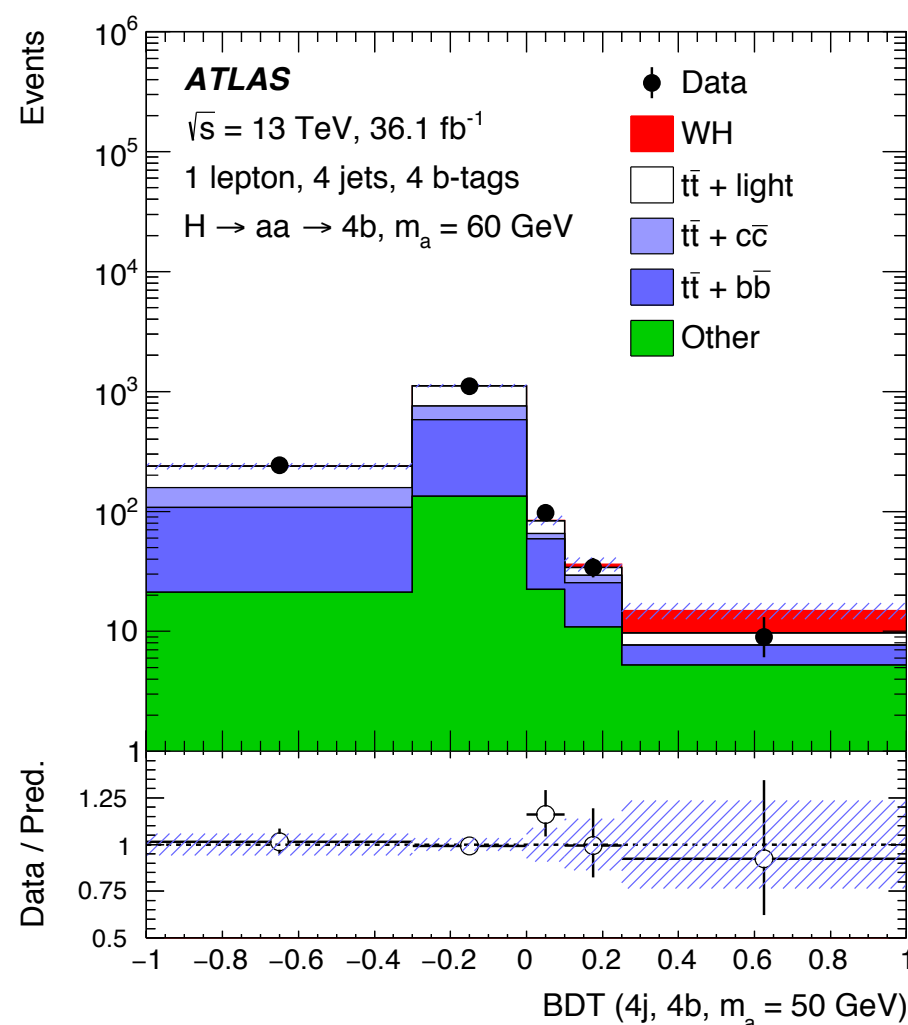
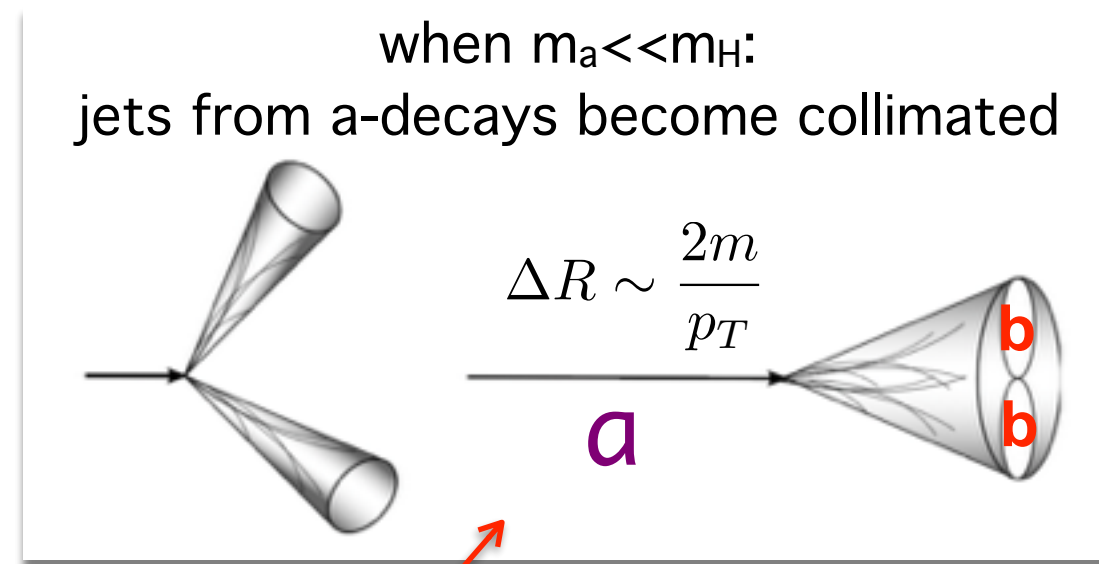


- **Look for W/Z associated production**
 - Trigger on leptons from W/Z decays
 - Suppresses multijet backgrounds
- **BDT discriminant to separate the signal from the SM backgrounds (tt & DY+jets)**

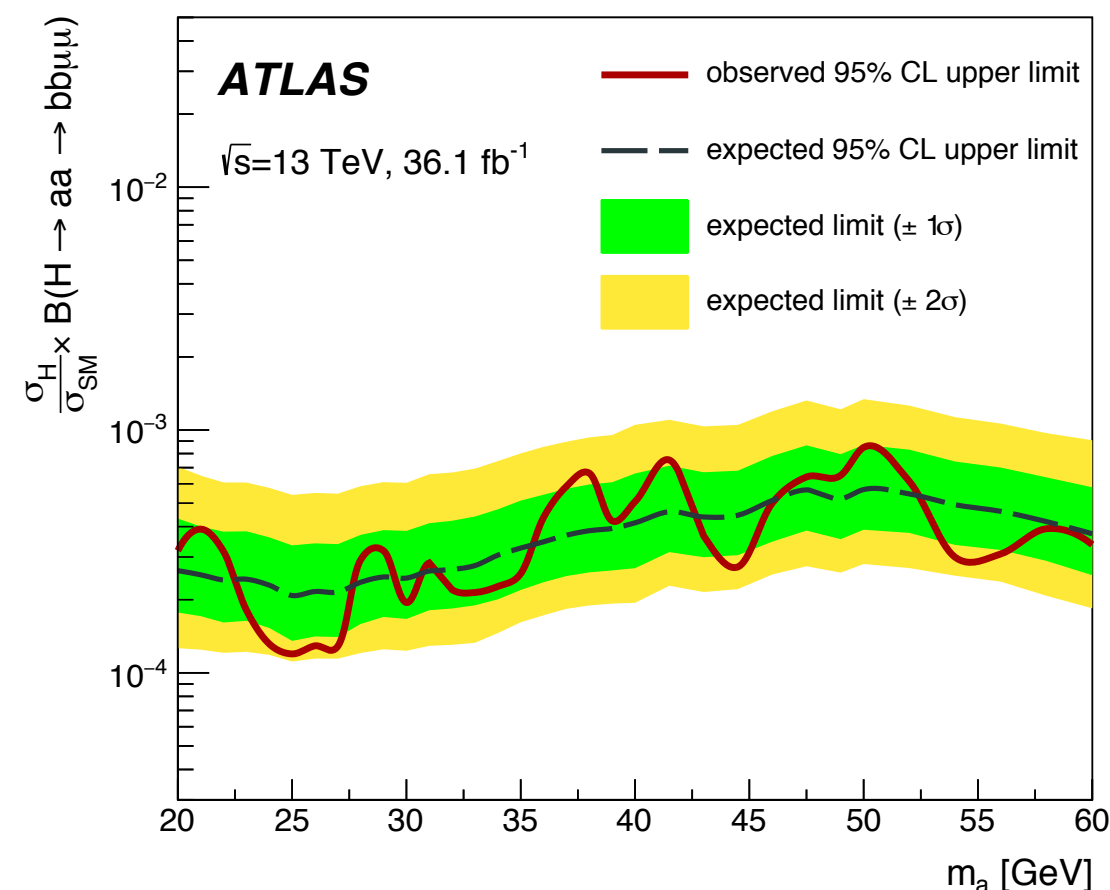
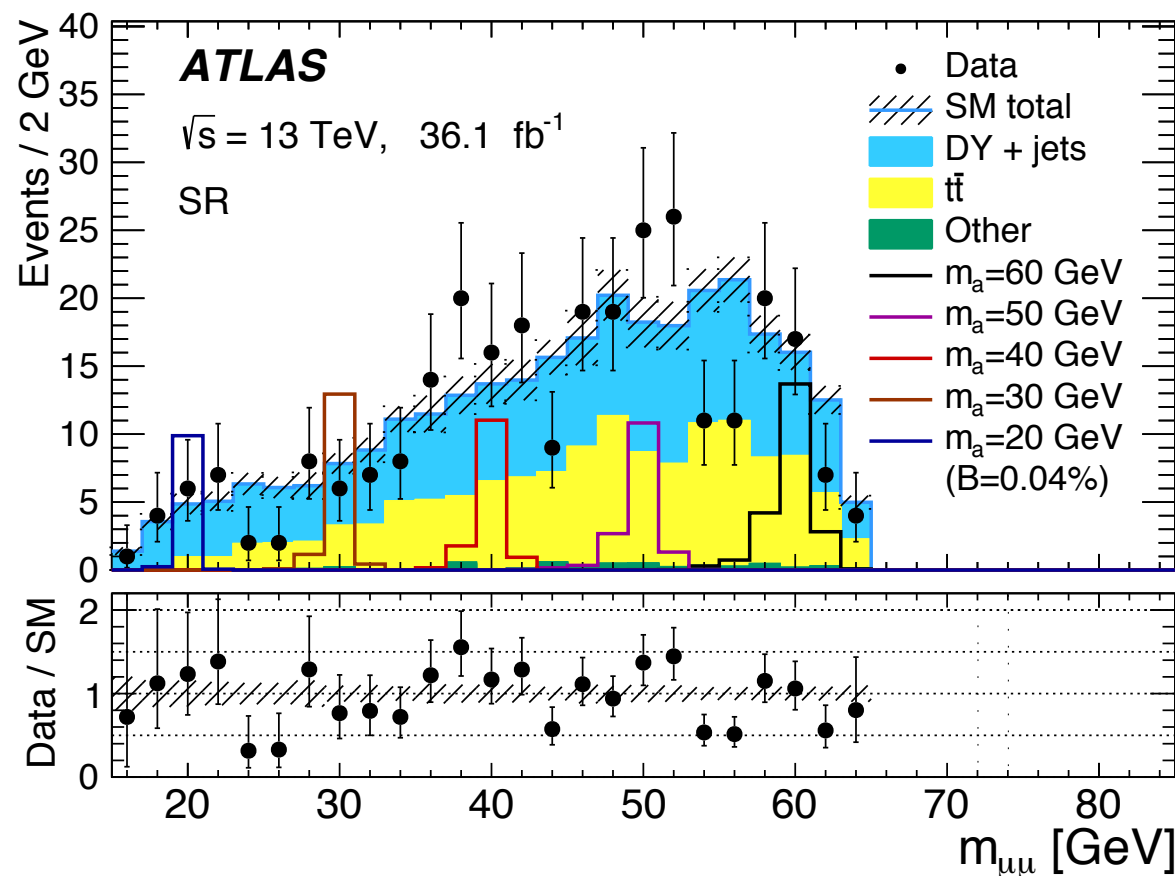
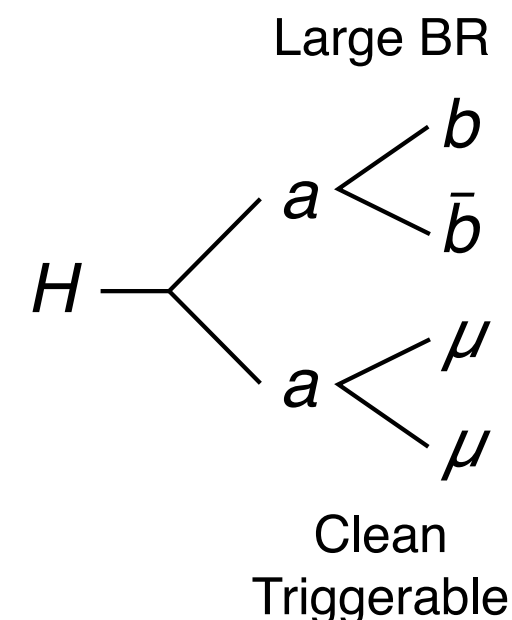
JHEP 10 (2018) 031



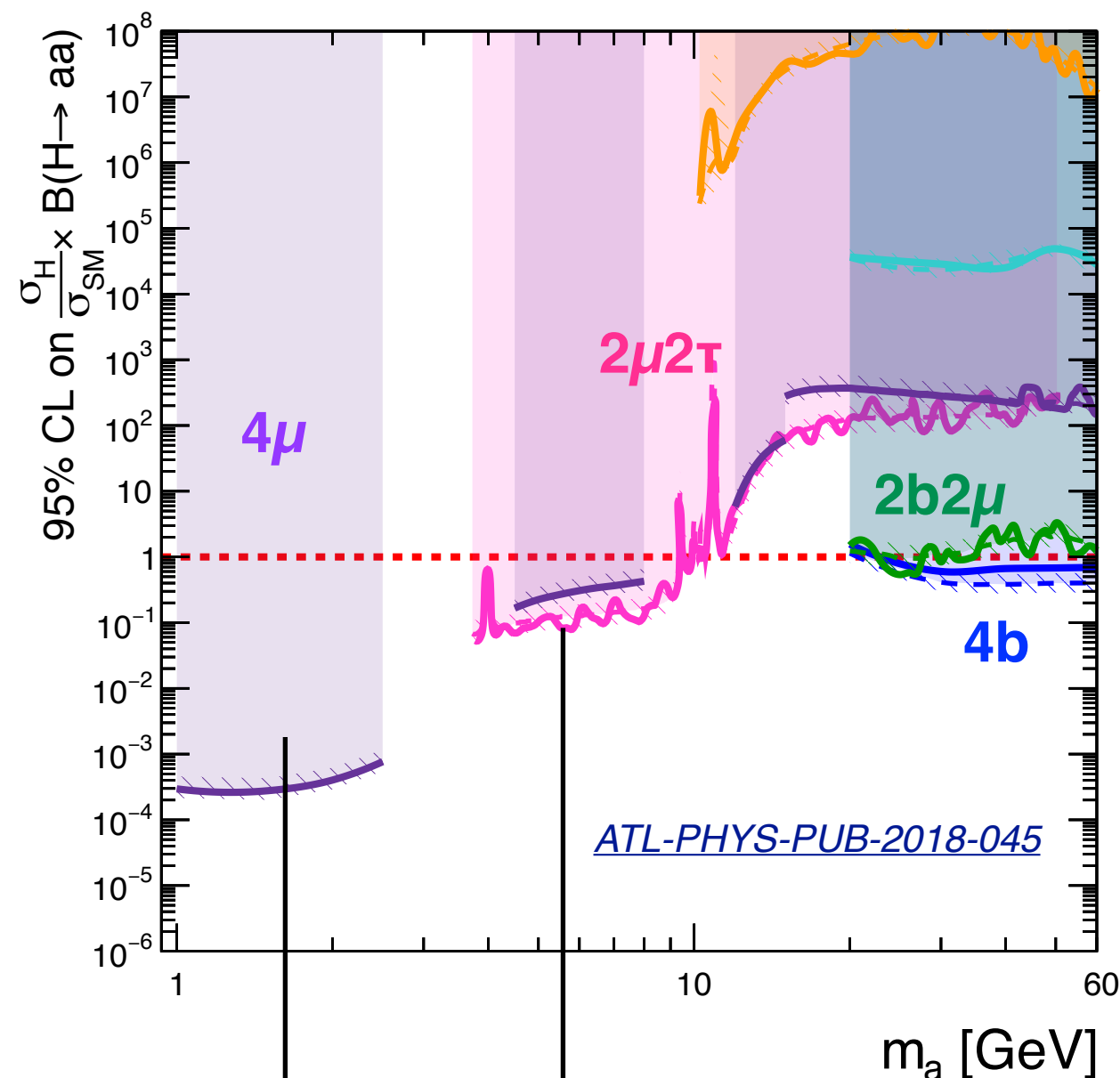
- **Look for W/Z associated production**
 - ▶ Trigger on leptons from W/Z decays
 - ▶ Suppresses multijet backgrounds
- **BDT discriminant to separate the signal from the SM backgrounds (tt & DY+jets)**



- **Target ggF Higgs production** (the largest production cross-section)
 - Trigger on muons from the signal decay
- Dominant backgrounds:
 - Drell-Yan + jets: data-driven template
 - tt: MC simulation normalized to the data in the control region
- **Look for narrow peak in $m_{\mu\mu}$ spectrum**



- Model independent limits on $\text{Br}(h \rightarrow aa \rightarrow xx yy)$ translated into limits on $\text{Br}(h \rightarrow aa)$ under the assumption of a particular 2HDM+S scenario that determines $\text{Br}(aa \rightarrow xx yy)$



ATLAS Preliminary

Run 1: $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$, 20.3 fb^{-1}

Run 2: $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$, 36.1 fb^{-1}

2HDM+S Type-II, $\tan\beta = 2$

→ E.g. NMSSM

--- expected $\pm 1 \sigma$

— observed

Run 1 $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow \mu\mu\tau\tau$

arXiv: 1505.01609

Run 1 $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma\gamma$

arXiv: 1509.05051

Run 2 $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu\mu$

arXiv: 1802.03388

Run 2 $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow \gamma\gamma jj$

arXiv: 1803.11145

Run 2 $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bbbb$

arXiv: 1806.07355

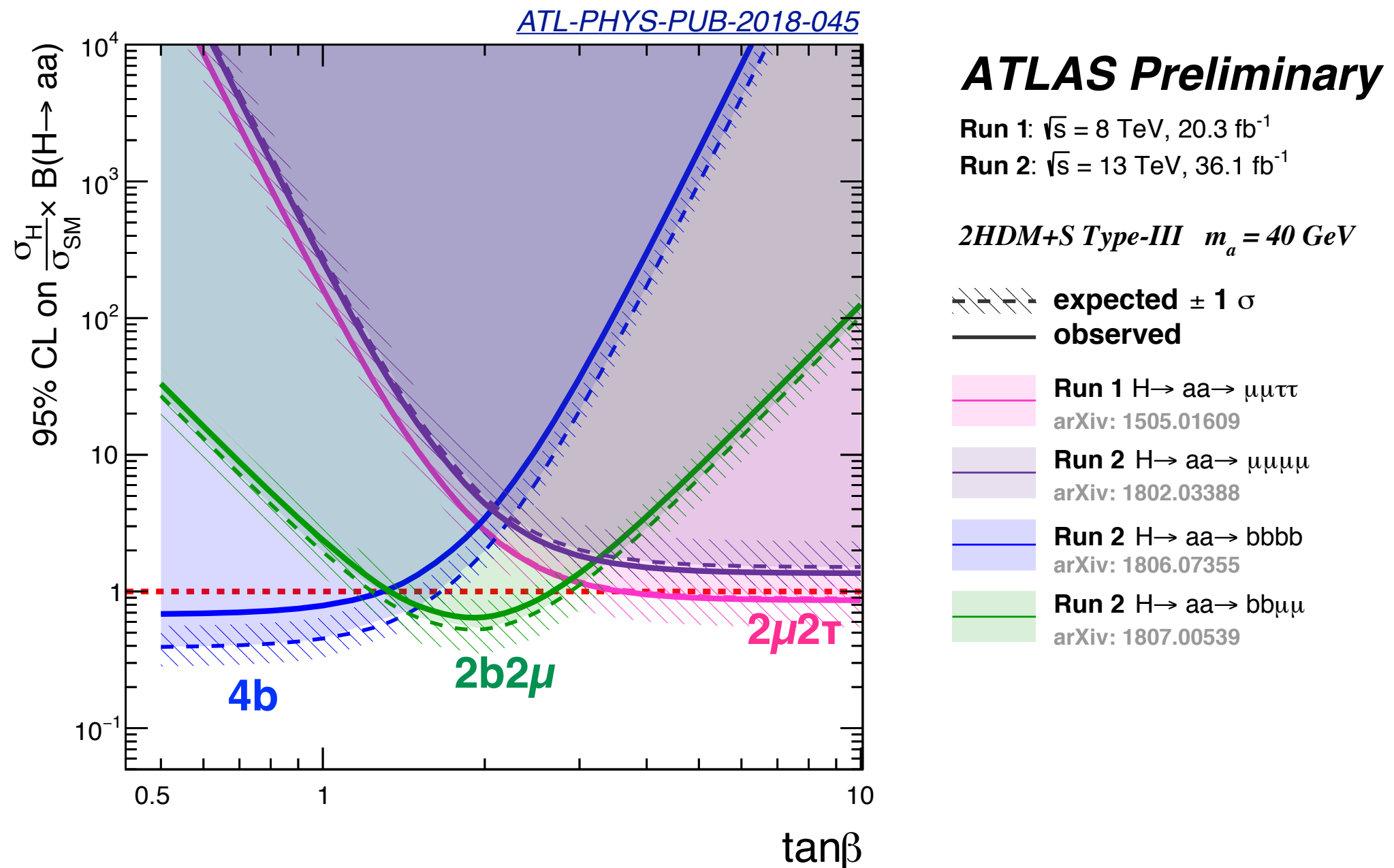
Run 2 $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bb\mu\mu$

arXiv: 1807.00539

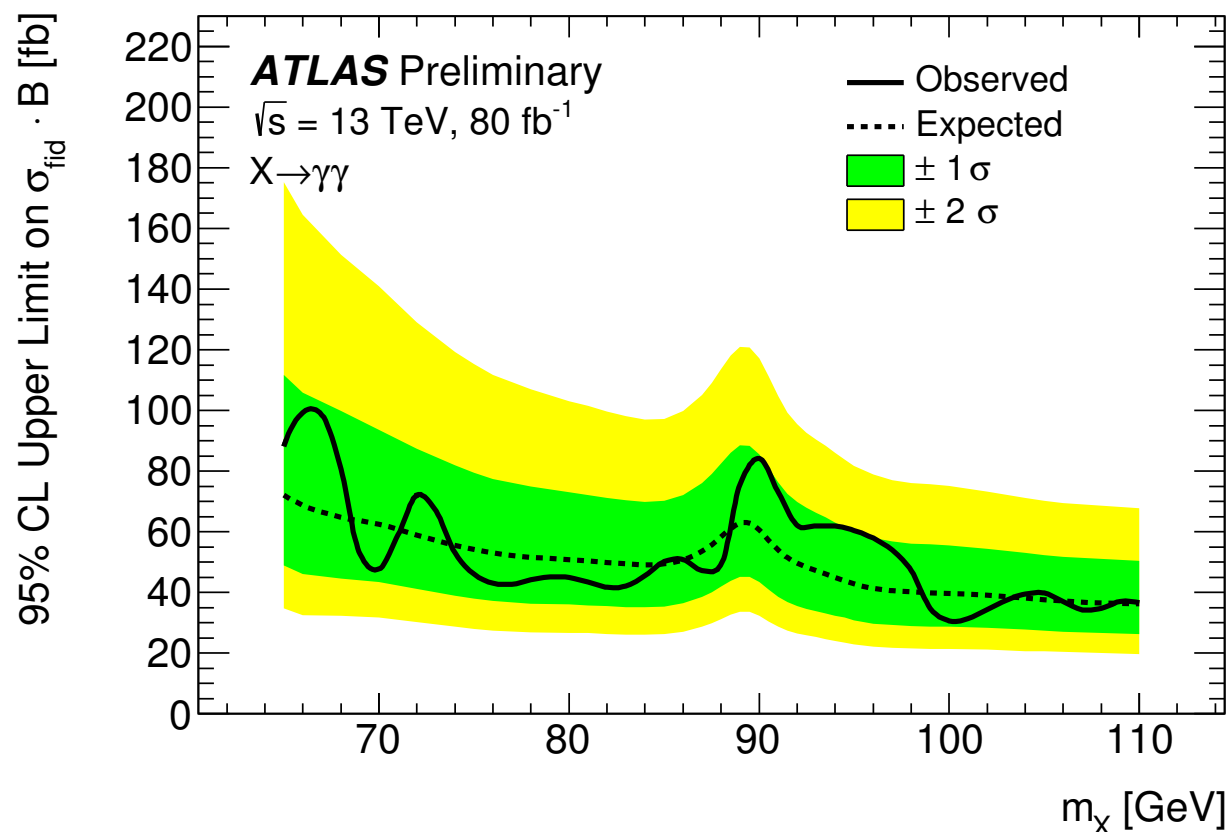
$H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow gg \gamma\gamma$
motivated for a
fermiophobic “a”

$H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4\mu$ & $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 2\mu 2\tau$ important for $m_a < 2m_b$

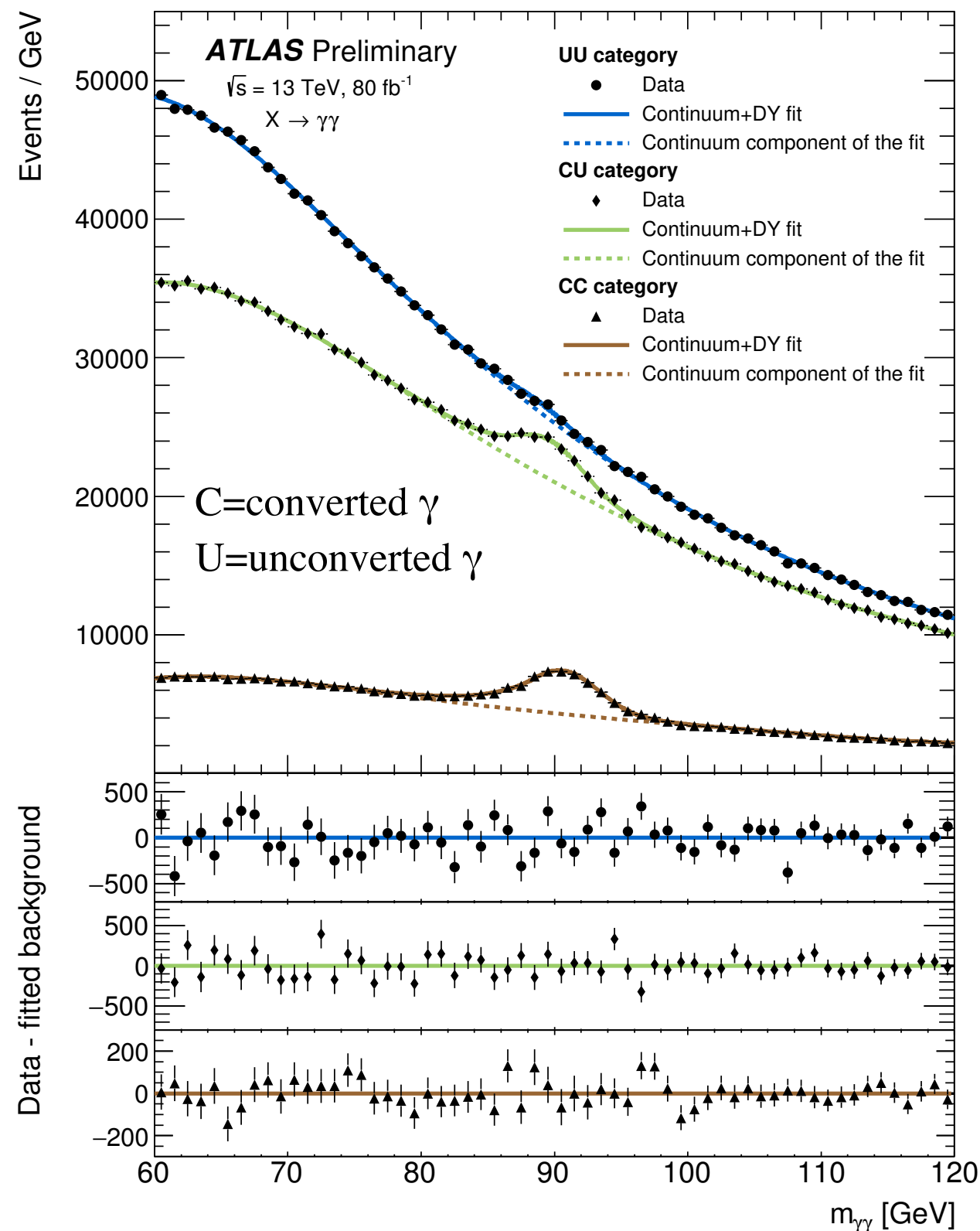
- Couplings depend on $\tan\beta$
 \Rightarrow **Different channels important at different values of $\tan\beta$**
- Searches nicely complementary



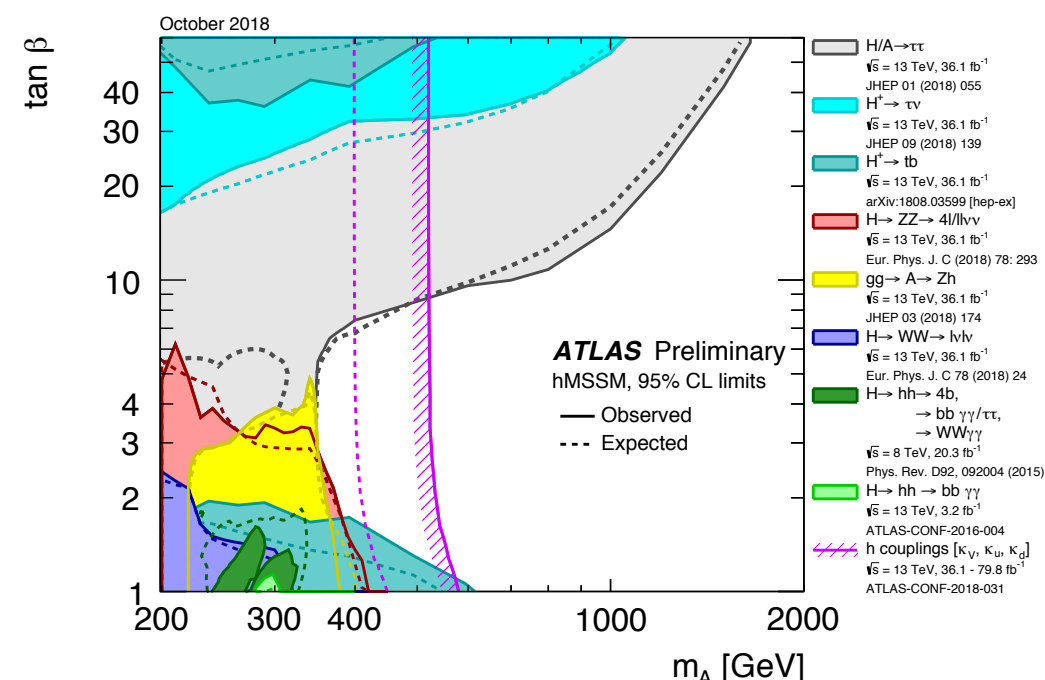
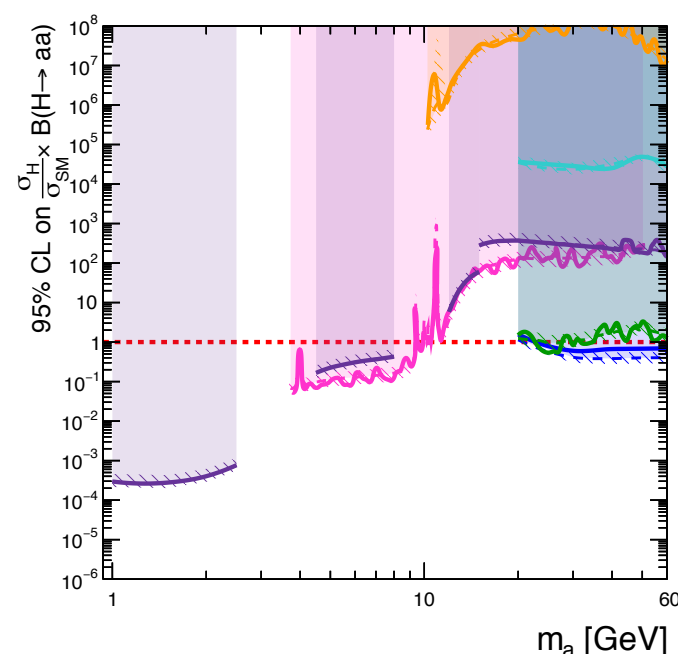
- **Search for an additional Higgs boson in 65-110 GeV mass range**
- Main backgrounds:
 - Continuum: $\gamma\gamma$, γj , jj (jets misidentified as photons)
 - $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow e^+e^-$ (Drell-Yan): electrons reconstructed as photons
- ➔ Described with analytic functions validated on the data



ATLAS-CONF-2018-025



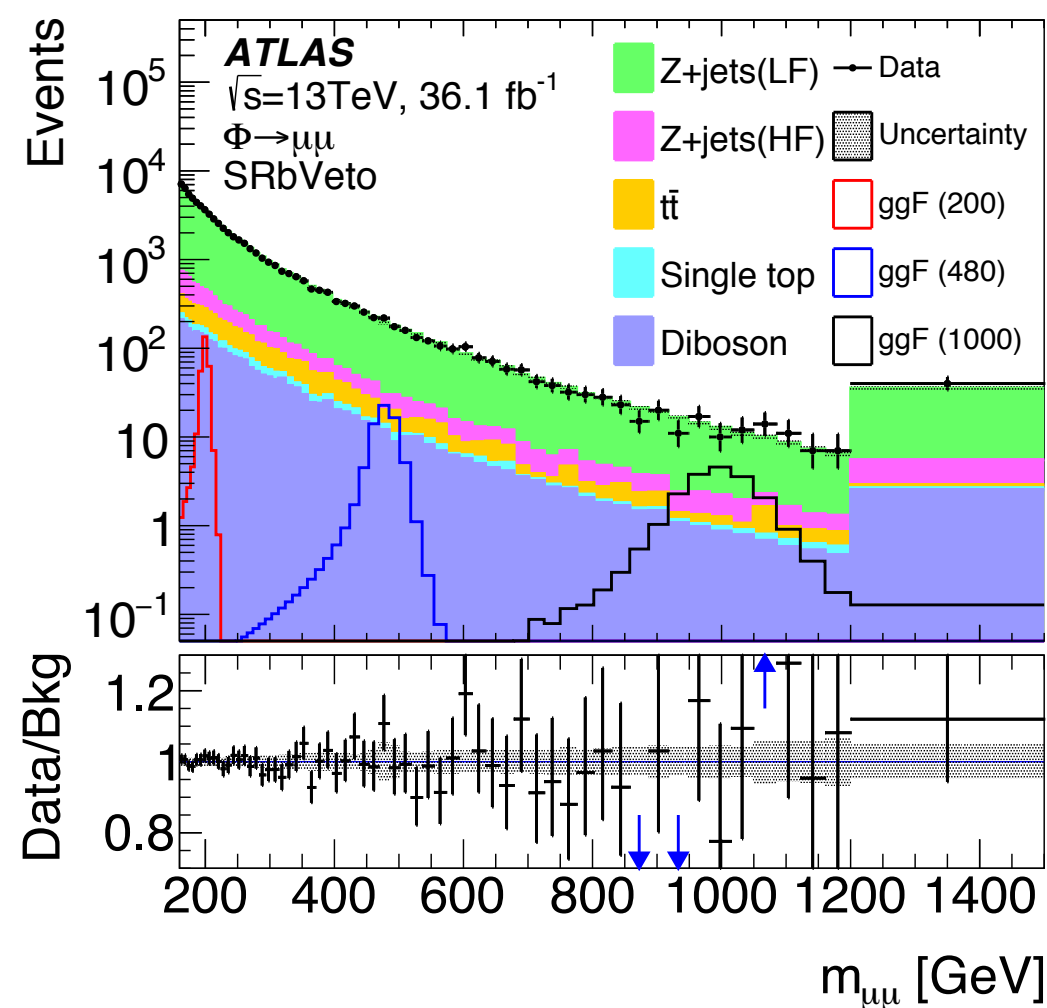
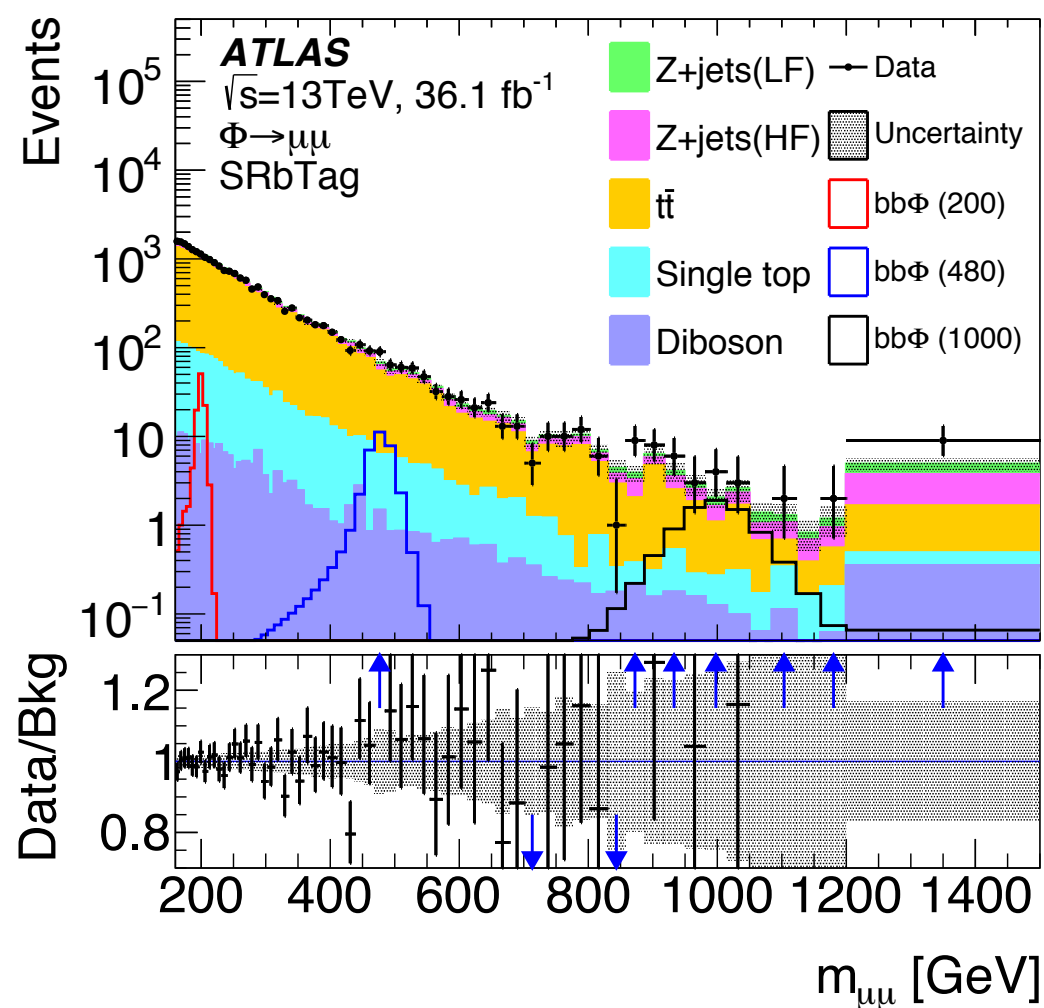
- Extensive searches for additional Higgs boson:
 - High/low-mass
 - Neutral, charged, doubly charged
 - Direct production or produced in $h(125 \text{ GeV})$ decays
- No significant deviations from the SM predictions observed so far
- Many new results with the full Run 2 dataset ($\sim 140 \text{ fb}^{-1}$) coming out soon!



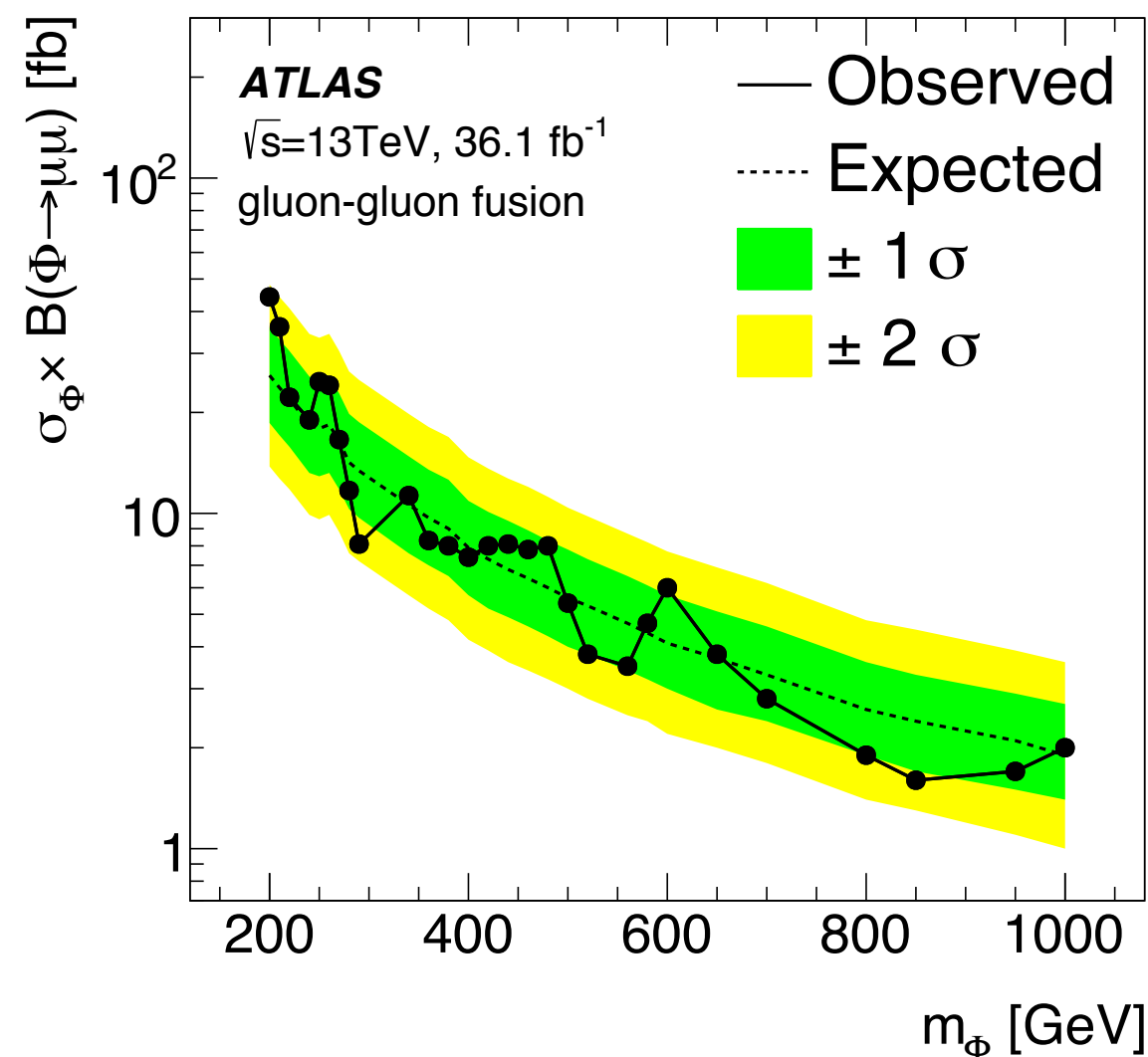
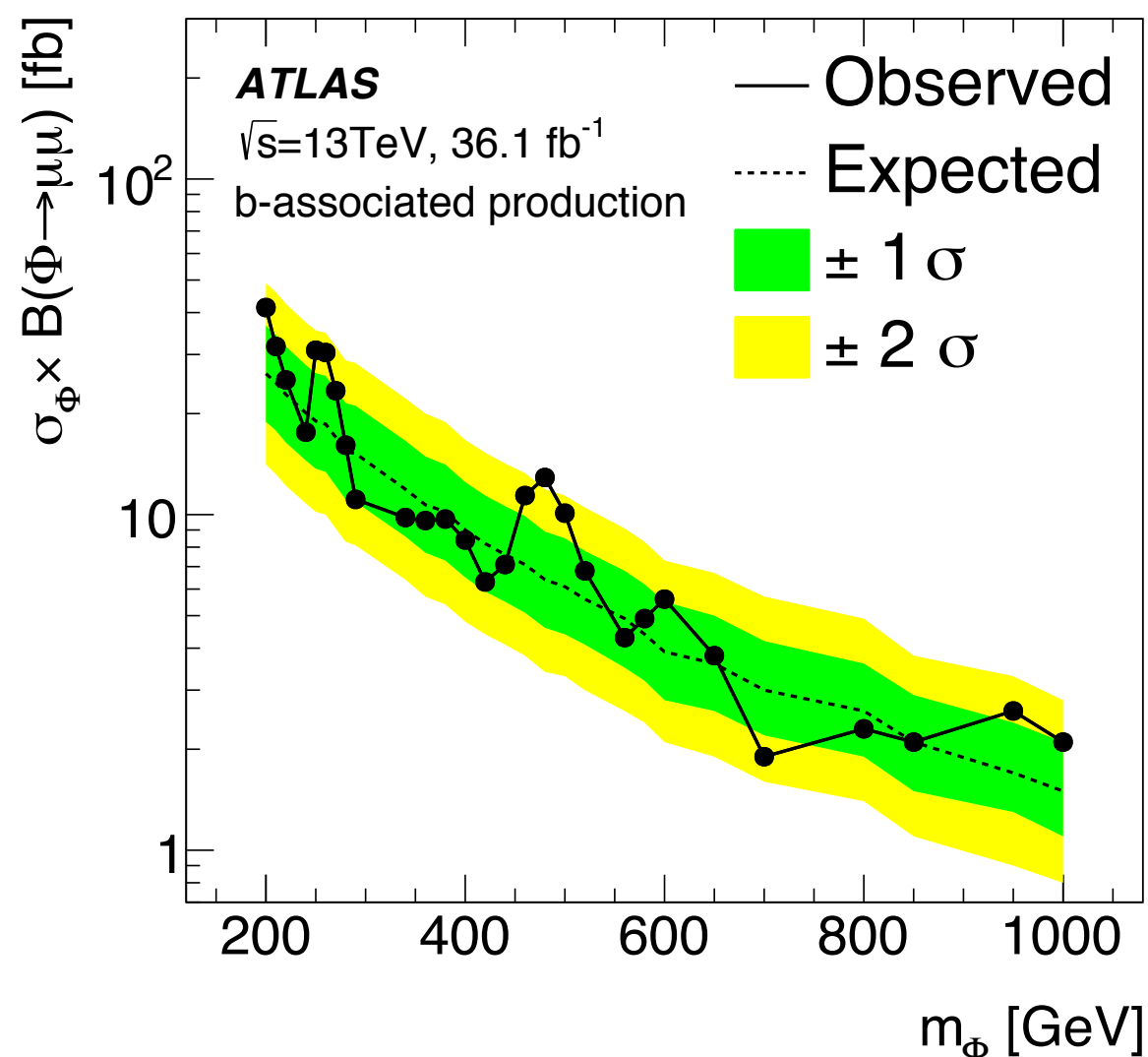


Backup

- In some models coupling to muons could be larger than coupling to taus (Flavourful Higgs model: [1610.02398](#))
- Targeting both ggH & bbH production: 0 and ≥ 1 b-tagged jet categories
- Dominant backgrounds: Z/ γ^* +jets & tt
 - Modelled with MC simulation & normalized to the data



- In some models coupling to muons could be larger than coupling to taus (Flavourful Higgs model: [1610.02398](#))
- Targeting both ggH & bbH production: 0 and ≥ 1 b-tagged jet categories
- Dominant backgrounds: $Z/\gamma^* + \text{jets}$ & $t\bar{t}$
 - Modelled with MC simulation & normalized to the data



$H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4b$

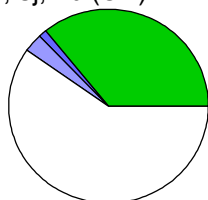
ATLAS
 $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV
Single lepton

$t\bar{t}$ + light
 $t\bar{t}$ + $c\bar{c}$
 $t\bar{t}$ + $b\bar{b}$
Other

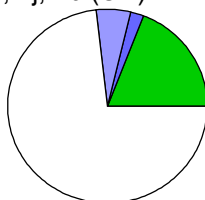
ATLAS
 $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV
Dilepton

$t\bar{t}$ + light
 $t\bar{t}$ + $b\bar{b}$
 $t\bar{t}$ + $c\bar{c}$
Z+jets
Other

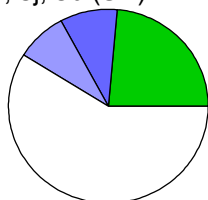
1l, 3j, 2b (CR)



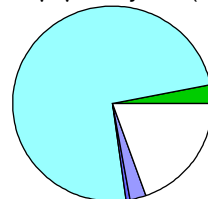
1l, 4j, 2b (CR)



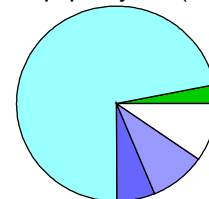
1l, 3j, 3b (SR)



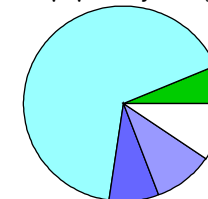
$e^+e^-/\mu^+\mu^-$, $\geq 3j$, 2b (CR)



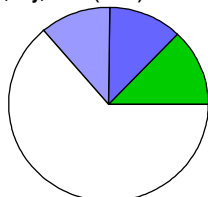
$e^+e^-/\mu^+\mu^-$, 3j, 3b (SR)



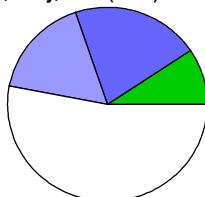
$e^+e^-/\mu^+\mu^-$, $\geq 4j$, 3b (SR)



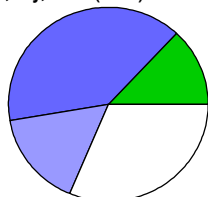
1l, 4j, 3b (SR)



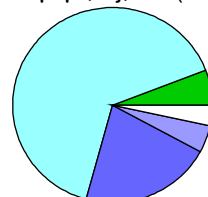
1l, $\geq 5j$, 3b (CR)



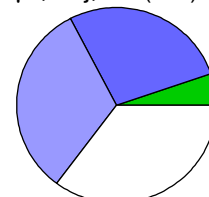
1l, 4j, 4b (SR)



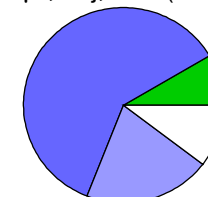
$e^+e^-/\mu^+\mu^-$, 4j, 4b (SR)



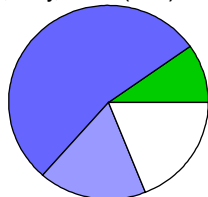
$e^+\mu^\mp$, $\geq 3j$, 3b (CR)



$e^+\mu^\mp$, $\geq 4j$, $\geq 4b$ (CR)



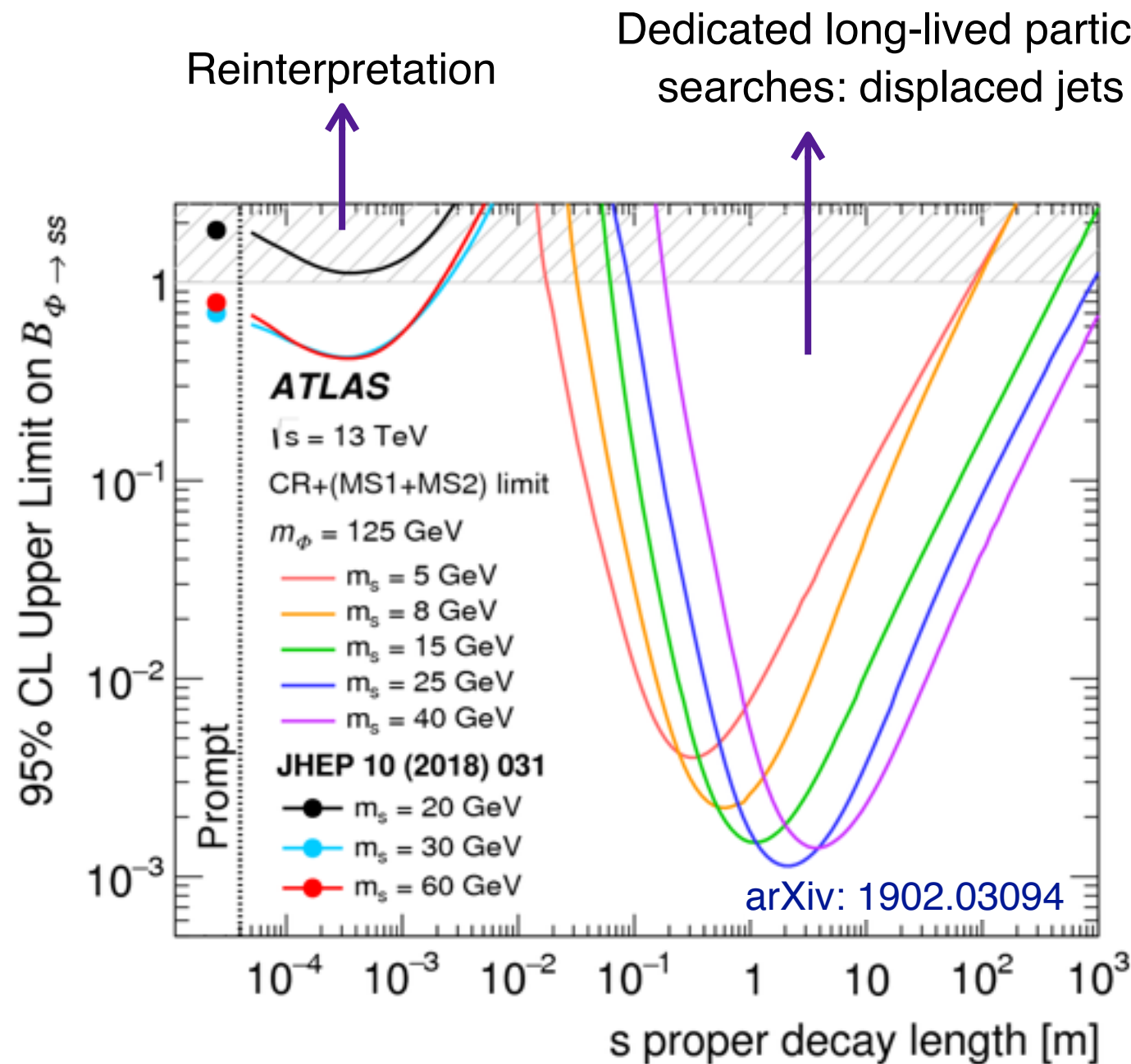
1l, $\geq 5j$, $\geq 4b$ (CR)



Variable	(1 ℓ , 3j, 3b)	(1 ℓ , 4j, 3b)	(1 ℓ , 4j, 4b)	(2 ℓ , 3j, 3b)	(2 ℓ , $\geq 4j$, 3b)	(2 ℓ , $\geq 4j$, $\geq 4b$)
m_{bbb}	✓	✓		✓	✓	
m_{bbbb}			✓			✓
m_{bb1}			✓			✓
m_{bb2}			✓			✓
Average $\Delta R(b,b)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
H_T	✓	✓	✓			
p_T^W	✓					
m_{bbj}		✓				
m_{T2}	✓	✓	✓			
$\Delta R(\ell,\ell)$				✓	✓	✓
$\Delta R(Z,H)$				✓	✓	
$\cos \theta^*$						✓
E_T^{miss}				✓	✓	✓

$H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4b$

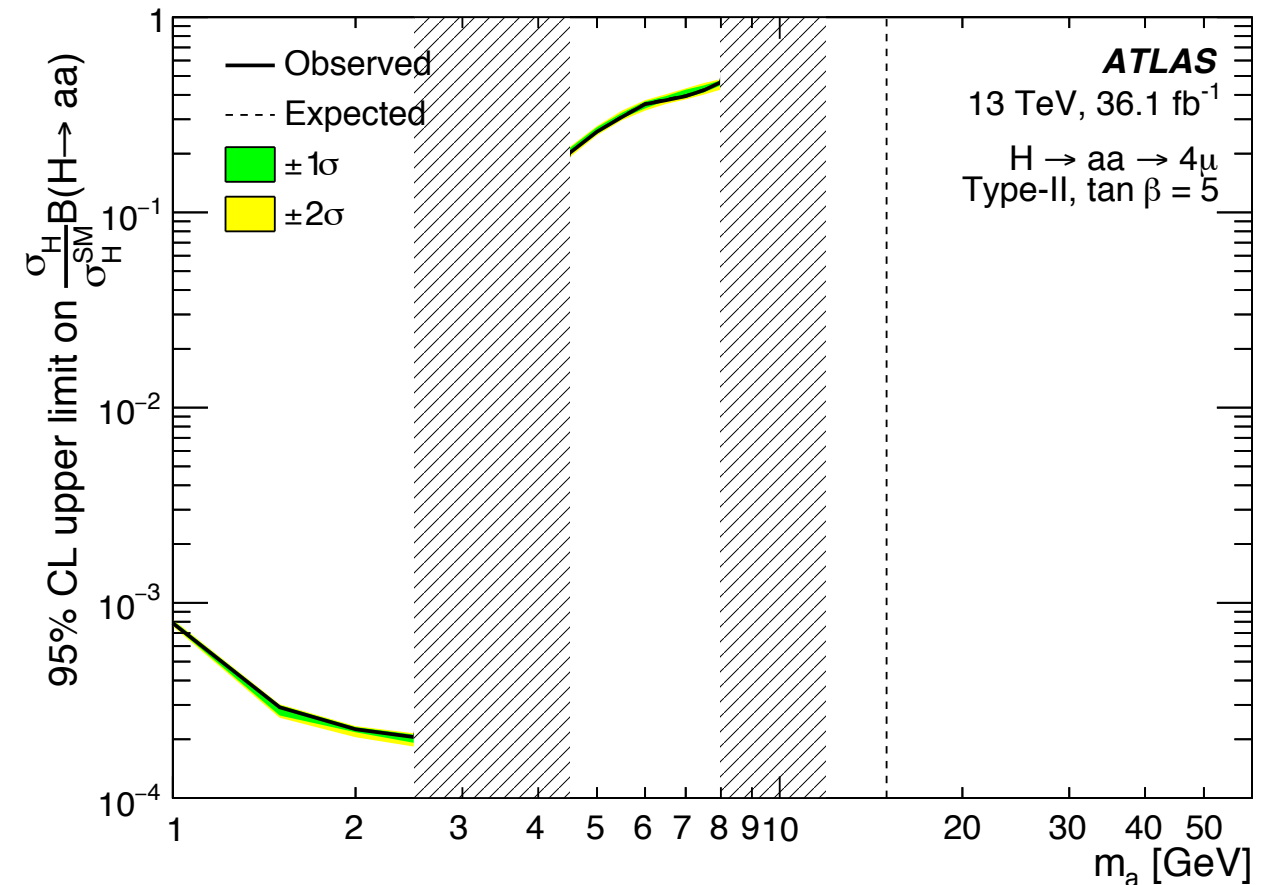
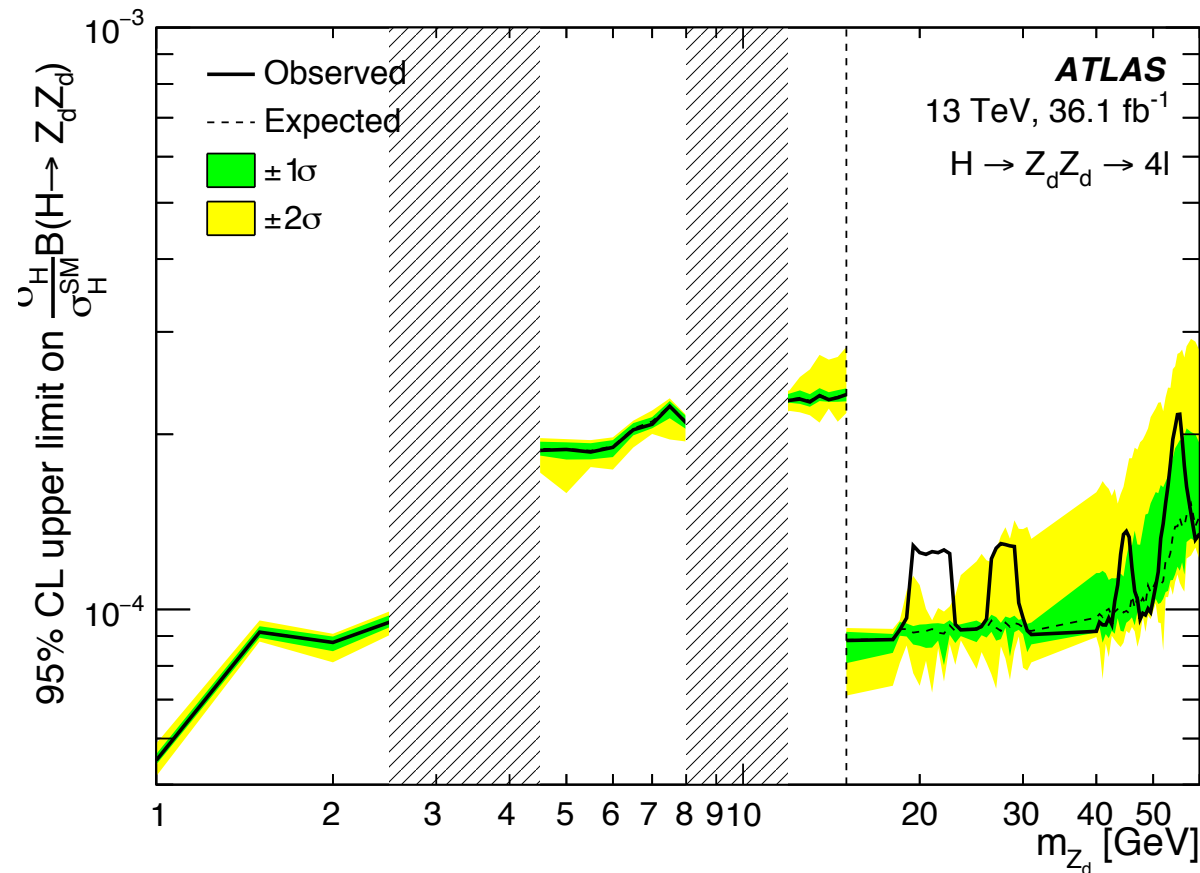
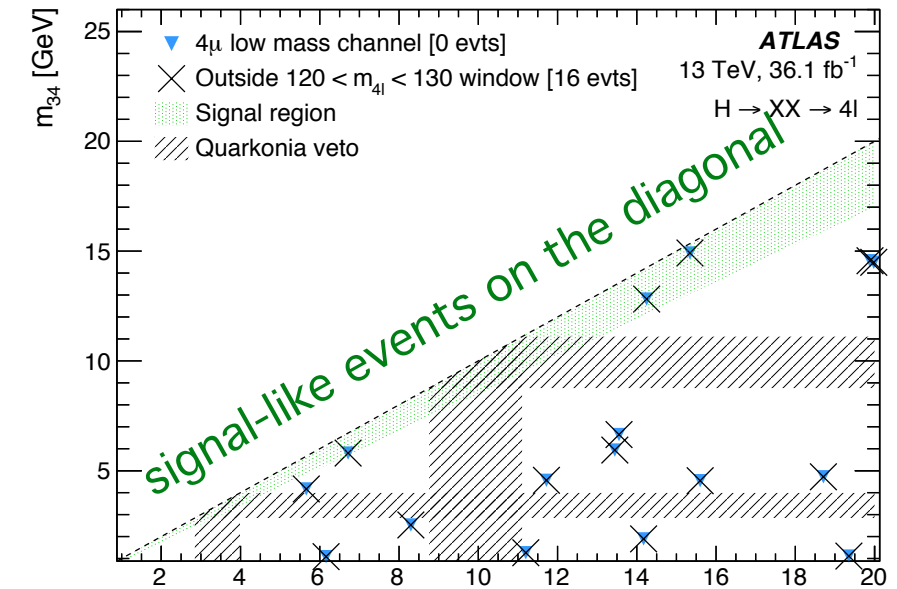
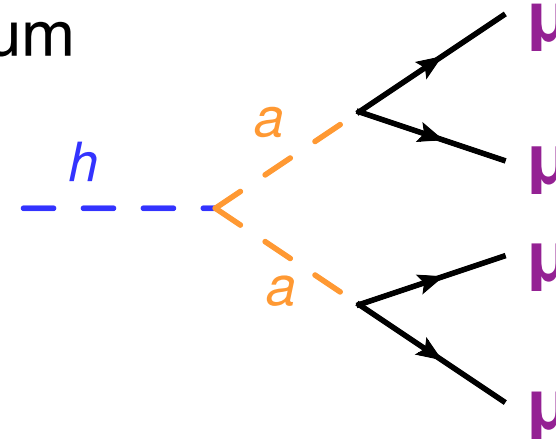
- Reinterpretation of prompt $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4b$ analysis for slightly displaced signals



$H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4\mu$

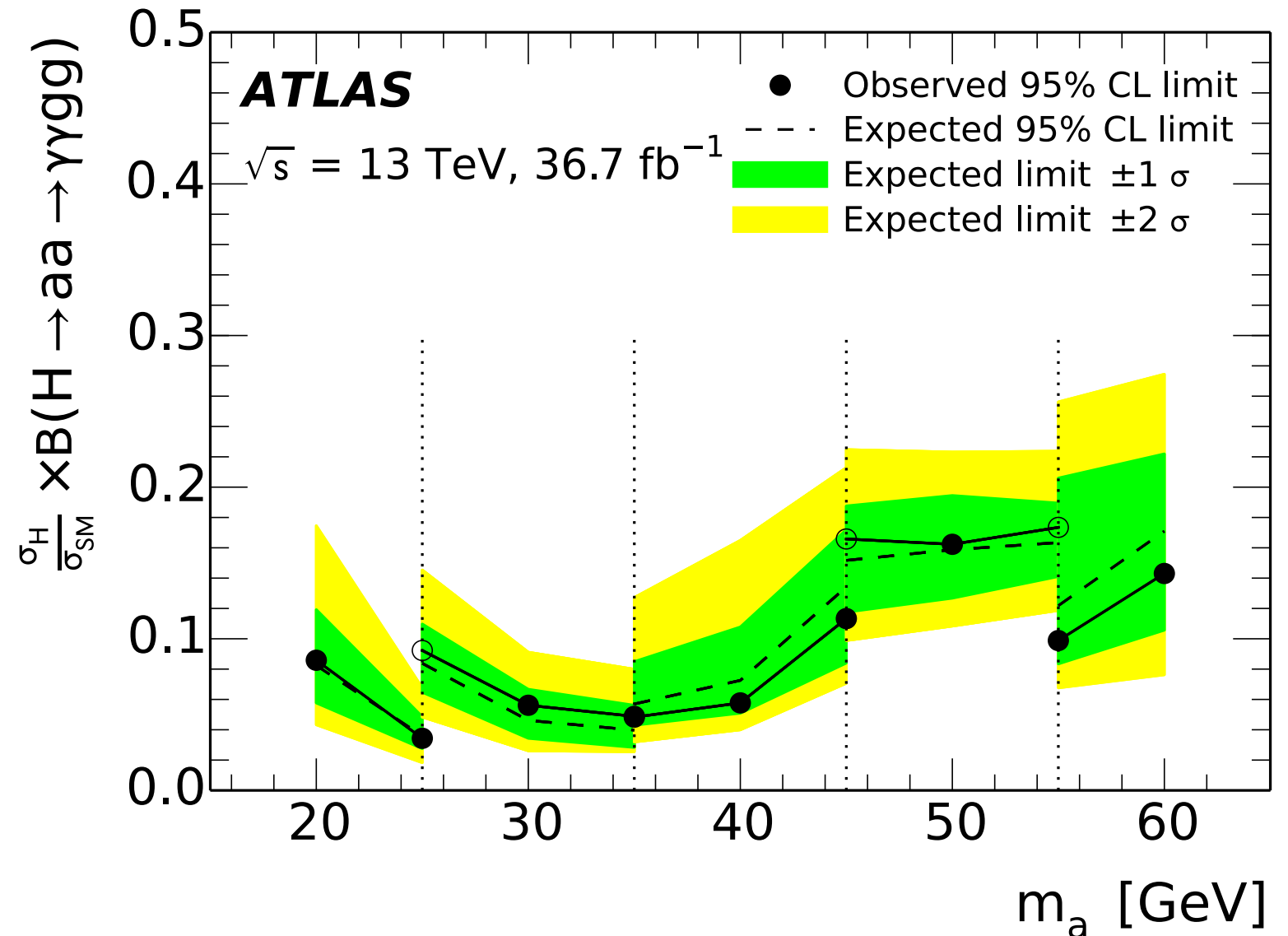
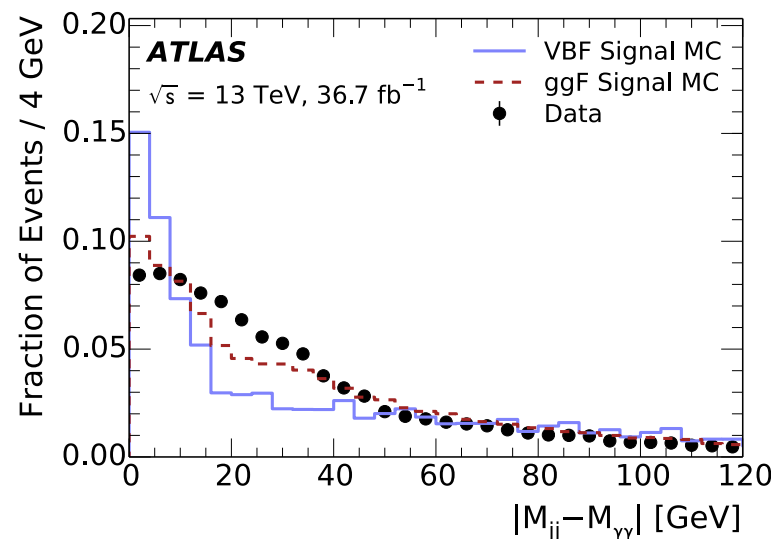
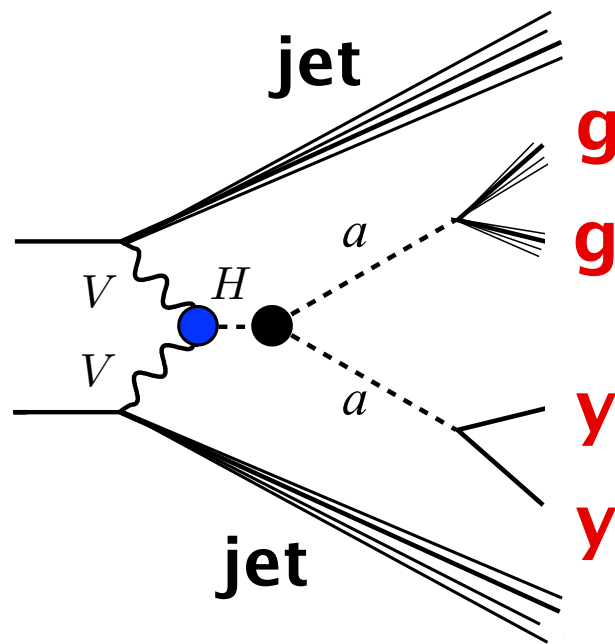
[JHEP 06 \(2018\) 166](#)

- Look for dark photons and pseudoscalars in 4 lepton final state
- $H \rightarrow Z_d Z_d \rightarrow 4\text{lep}$ (1-60 GeV), $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4\mu$ (1-8 GeV)
- Search for excess in 2D $m_{\mu\mu}$ spectrum



- Fermiophobic a
 - E.g scalar coupled to new charged & coloured vector-like states: $\lambda_i s \bar{\psi}_i \psi_i$
- Dominant $\gamma\gamma$ +multijet background estimated using data-driven “ABCD” method based on inverting γ ID and $|M_{jj}-M_{\gamma\gamma}|$ criteria

[1803.11145](https://arxiv.org/abs/1803.11145)

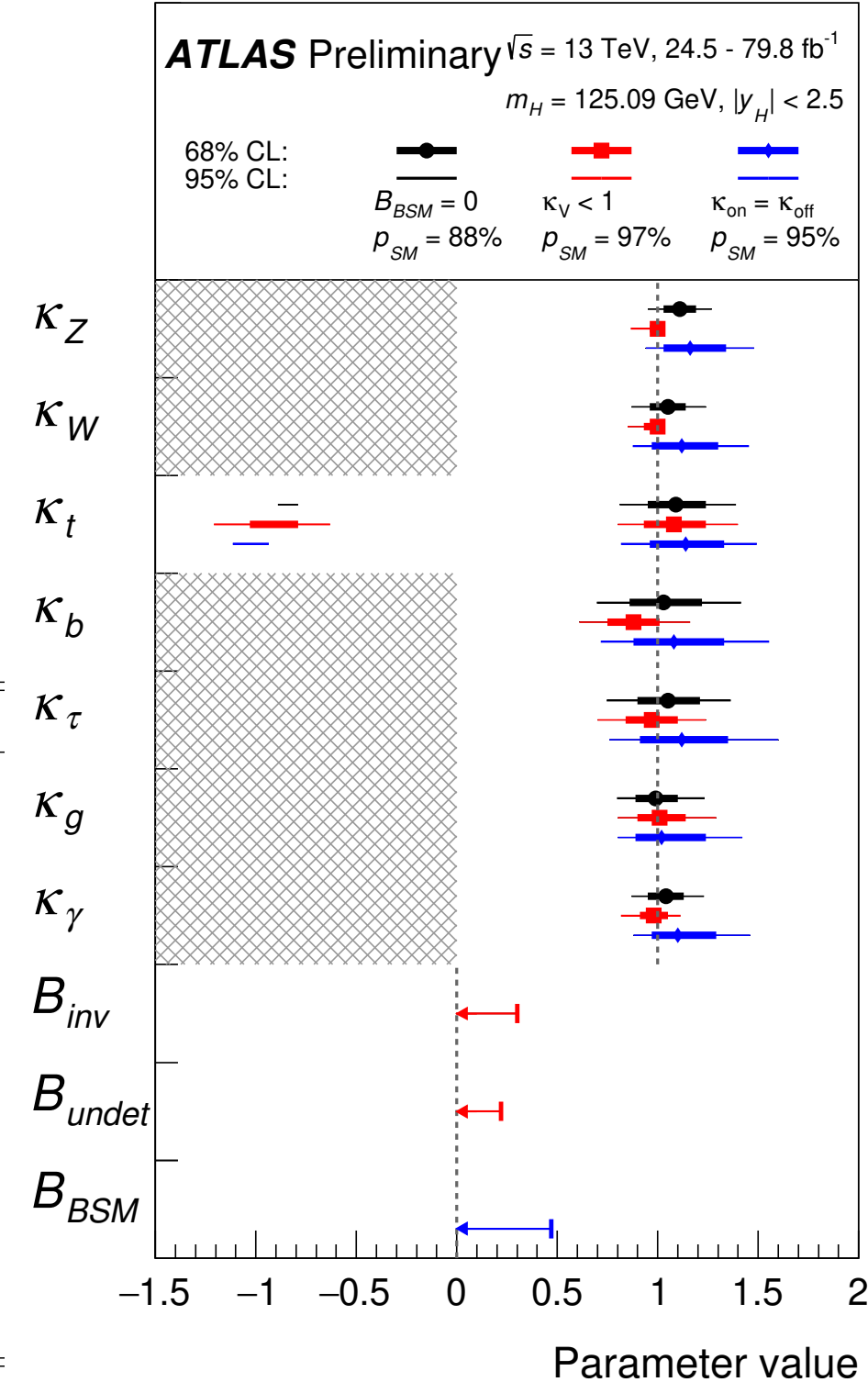




H coupling constraints

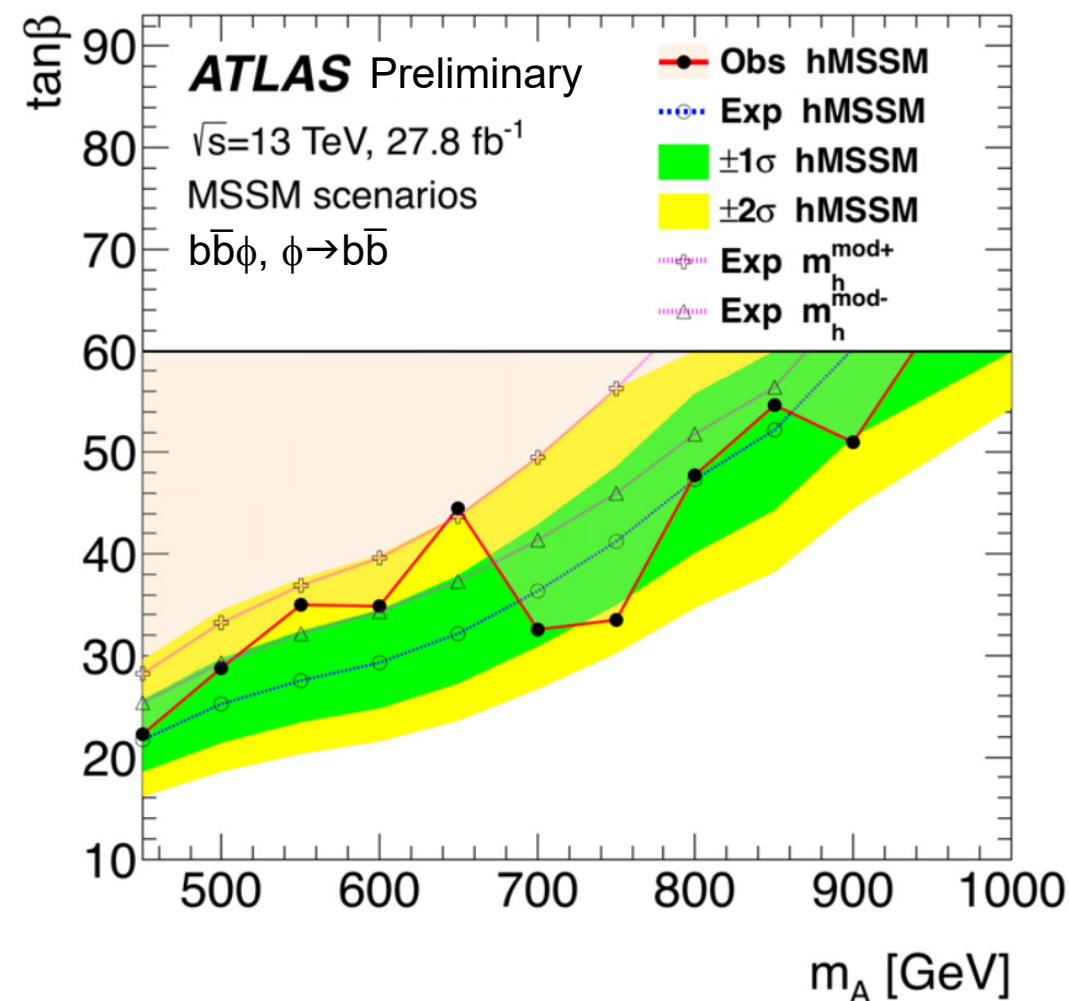
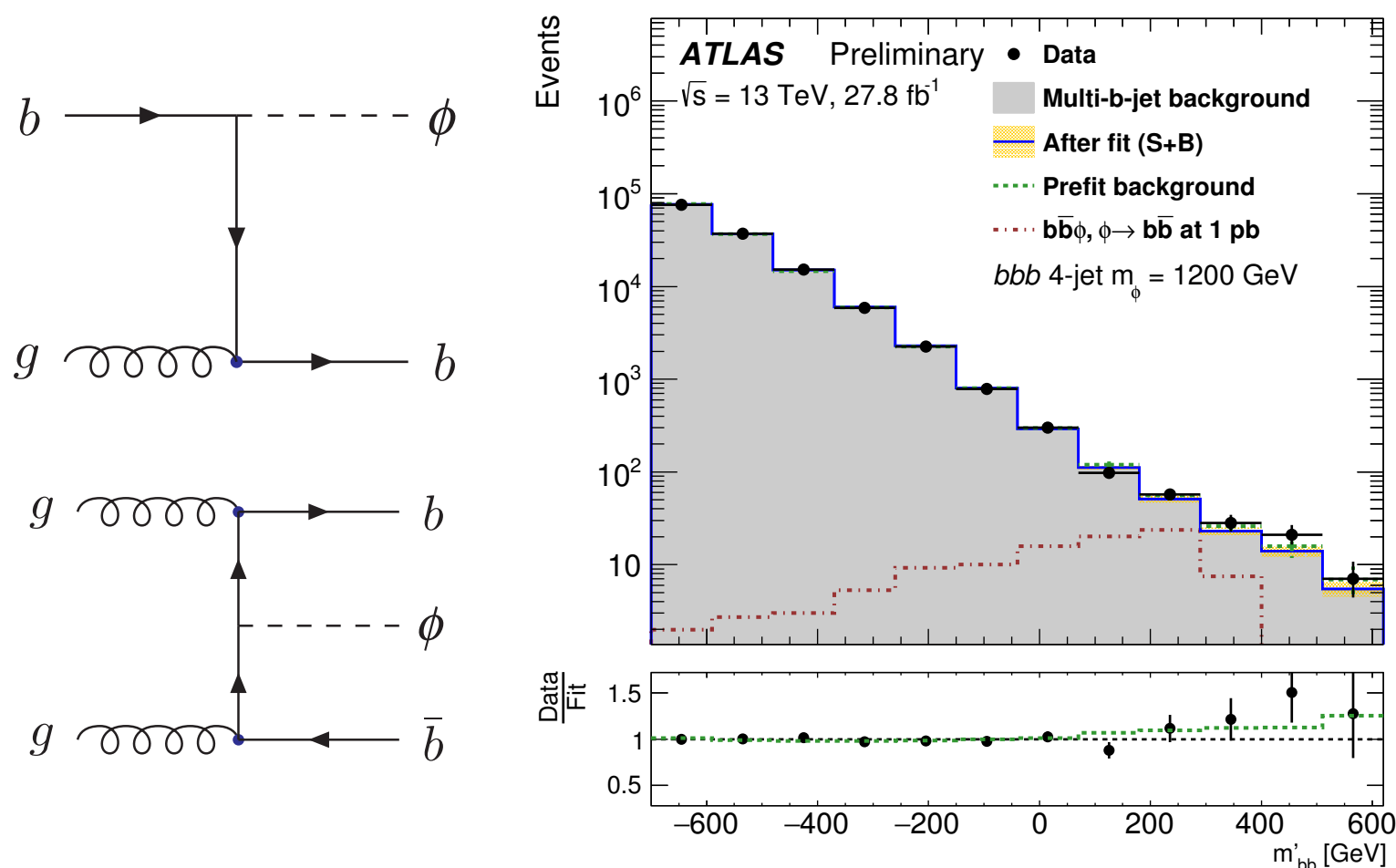
ATLAS-CONF-2019-005

Parameter	(a) $B_{\text{inv}} = B_{\text{undet}} = 0$	(b) B_{inv} free, $B_{\text{undet}} \geq 0$, $\kappa_{W,Z} \leq 1$	(c) $B_{\text{BSM}} \geq 0$, $\kappa_{\text{off}} = \kappa_{\text{on}}$
κ_Z	1.11 ± 0.08	> 0.87 at 95% CL	$1.16^{+0.18}_{-0.13}$
κ_W	1.05 ± 0.09	> 0.85 at 95% CL	$1.12^{+0.18}_{-0.15}$
κ_b	$1.03^{+0.19}_{-0.17}$	0.88 ± 0.13	$1.08^{+0.25}_{-0.20}$
κ_t	$1.09^{+0.15}_{-0.14}$	$[-1.03, -0.79] \cup [0.93, 1.24]$ at 68% CL	$1.14^{+0.19}_{-0.18}$
κ_τ	$1.05^{+0.16}_{-0.15}$	0.97 ± 0.13	$1.12^{+0.23}_{-0.21}$
κ_γ	1.05 ± 0.09	0.98 ± 0.07	$1.10^{+0.19}_{-0.13}$
κ_g	$0.99^{+0.11}_{-0.10}$	$1.01^{+0.13}_{-0.11}$	$1.02^{+0.22}_{-0.13}$
B_{inv}	-	< 0.30 at 95% CL	-
B_{undet}	-	< 0.22 at 95% CL	-
B_{BSM}	-	-	< 0.47 at 95% CL

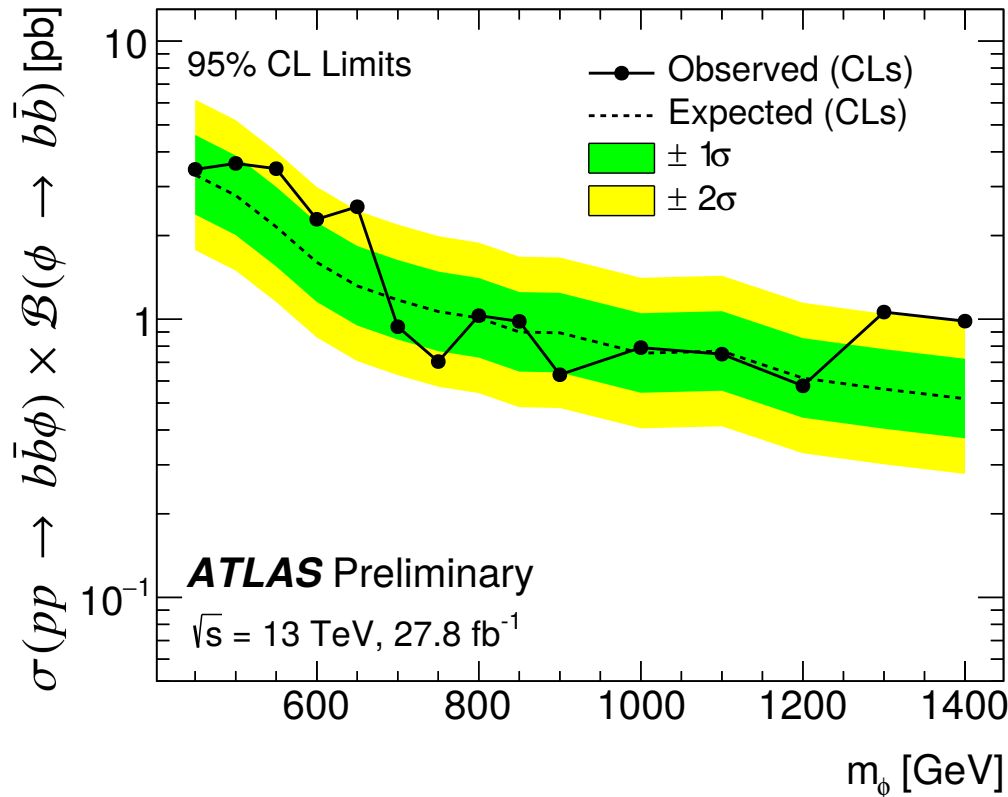
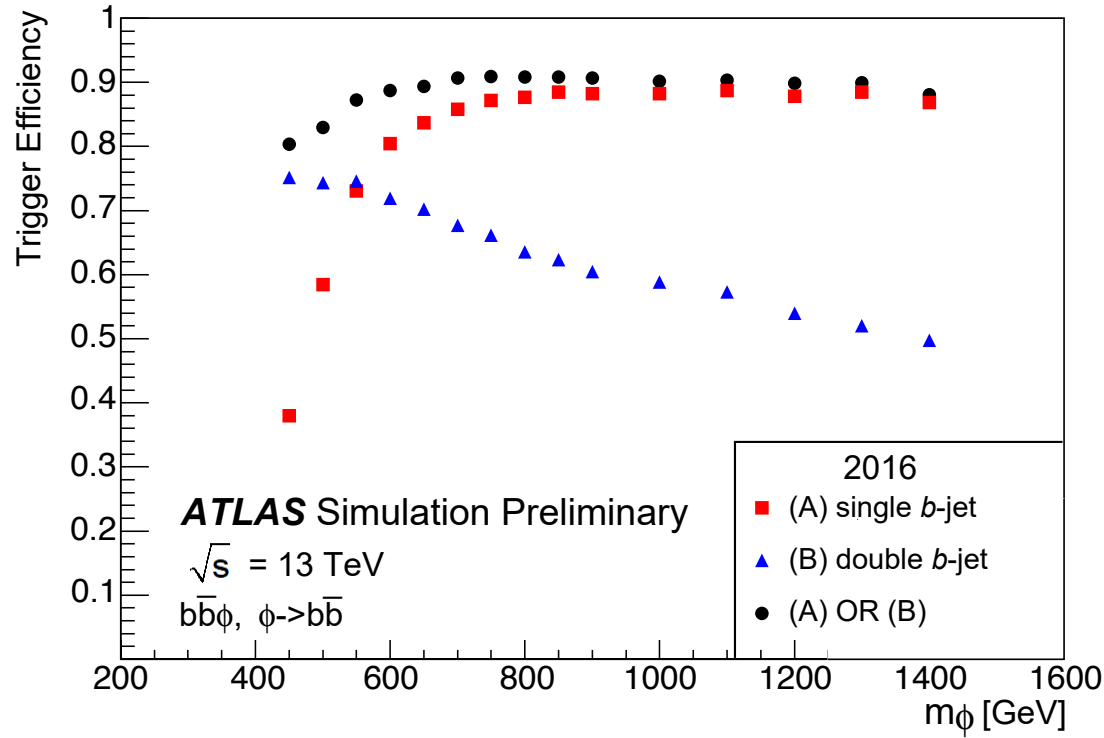


[ATLAS-CONF-2019-010](#)

- Searching for b-associated heavy neutral H production
- Search insensitive to CP of the heavy 2HDM boson (A/H)
- 3 event categories base on number of jets (3, 4 or 5)
 - Signal region: ≥ 3 b-tagged jets
 - Control region: $= 2$ b-tagged jets
- Background shape and normalisation obtained from the data

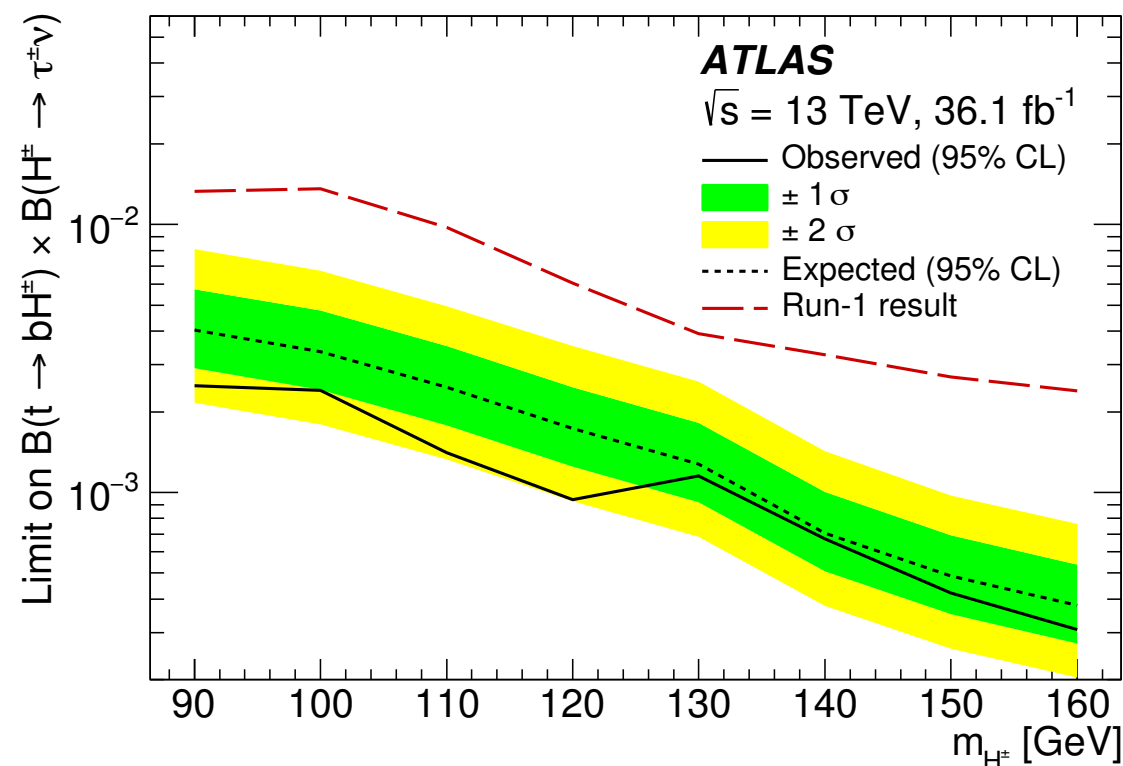
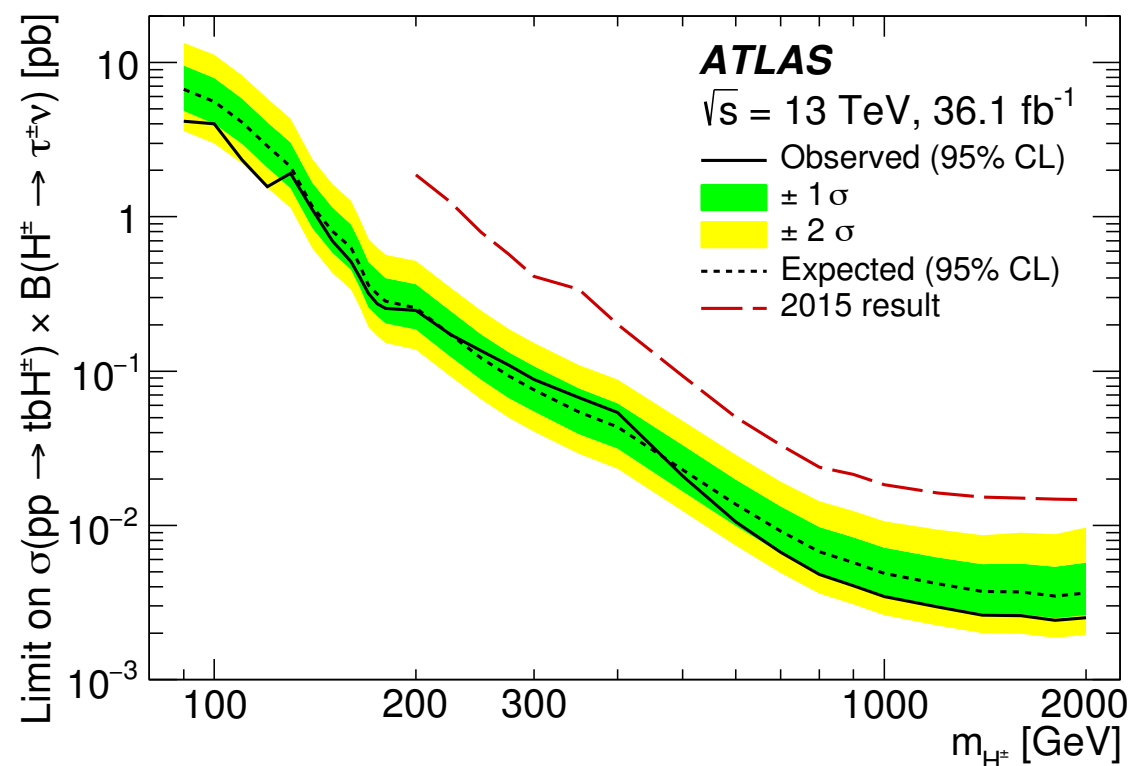
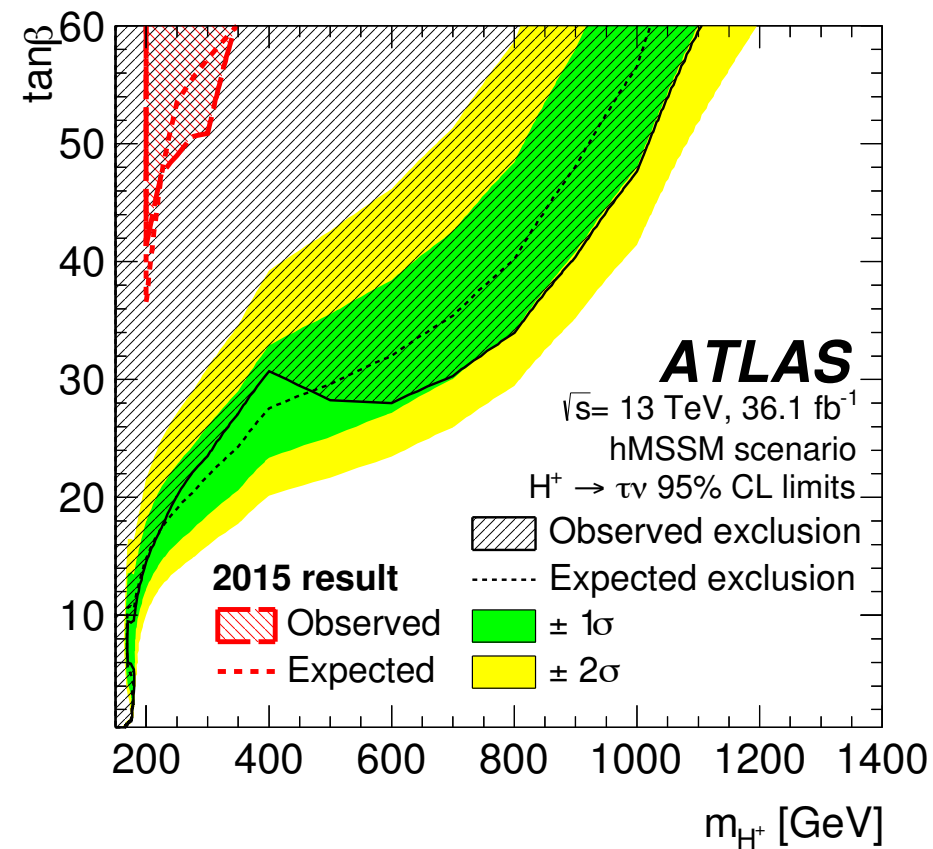


ATLAS-CONF-2019-010



Source of uncertainty	$m_\phi = 600 \text{ GeV}$ $\Delta(\sigma \times \mathcal{B}) [\text{pb}]$	$m_\phi = 1200 \text{ GeV}$ $\Delta(\sigma \times \mathcal{B}) [\text{pb}]$
Total	0.80	0.29
Statistical	0.77	0.26
Systematic	0.20	0.11
Experimental uncertainties		
Jet-related	0.05	0.05
B-tagging (offline)	0.12	0.05
B-trigger	0.04	0.05
Luminosity	0.02	0.01
Theoretical and modeling uncertainties		
Generator	0.03	0.03
PDF	0.08	0.04
MC statistical	0.09	0.04

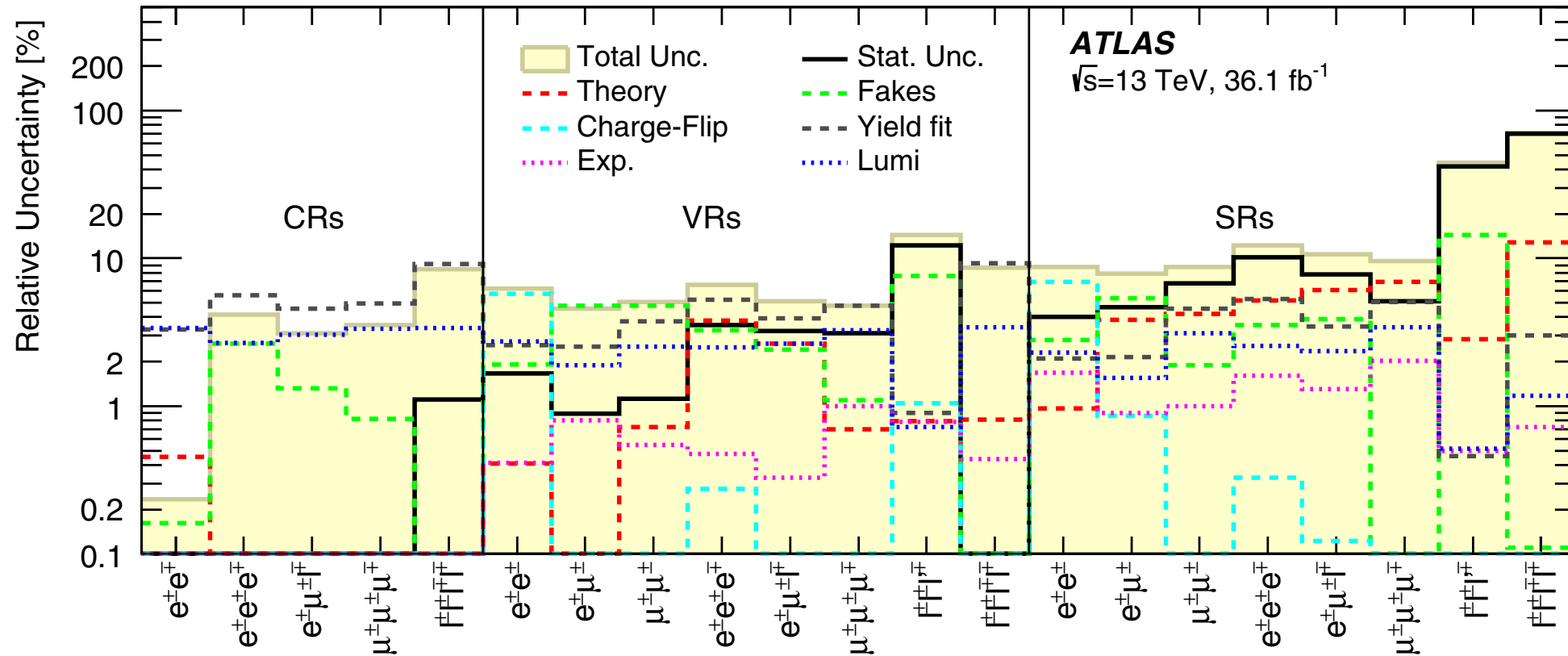
BDT input variable	$\tau_{\text{had-vis}} + \text{jets}$	$\tau_{\text{had-vis}} + \text{lepton}$
E_T^{miss}	✓	✓
p_T^τ	✓	✓
$p_{b\text{-jet}}^{\tau}$	✓	✓
p_T^ℓ		✓
$\Delta\phi_{\tau_{\text{had-vis}}, \text{miss}}$	✓	✓
$\Delta\phi_{b\text{-jet}, \text{miss}}$	✓	✓
$\Delta\phi_{\ell, \text{miss}}$		✓
$\Delta R_{\tau_{\text{had-vis}}, \ell}$		✓
$\Delta R_{b\text{-jet}, \ell}$		✓
$\Delta R_{b\text{-jet}, \tau_{\text{had-vis}}}$	✓	
Υ	✓	✓





$$H^{++} \rightarrow W^+ W^+$$

	$2\ell^{\text{ss}}$			3ℓ		4ℓ
Selection criteria	$e^{\pm}e^{\pm}$	$e^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}$	$\mu^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}$	SFOS 0	SFOS 1,2	
	$m_{H^{\pm\pm}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$					
$E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}} [\text{GeV}]$	> 100	> 100	> 100	> 45	> 45	> 60
$m_{x\ell} [\text{GeV}]$	[25, 130]	[15, 150]	[35, 150]	> 160	> 170	> 230
$\Delta R_{\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}} [\text{rad.}]$	< 0.8	< 1.8	< 0.9	[0.15, 1.57]	[0.00, 1.52]	
$\Delta\phi(\ell\ell, E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}) [\text{rad.}]$	< 1.1	< 1.3	< 1.3			
$S [\text{rad.}]$	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.2	[0.08, 1.88]	[0.07, 1.31]	
$m_{\text{jets}} [\text{GeV}]$	[140, 770]	[95, 330]	[95, 640]			
$\Delta R_{\ell\text{--jet}} [\text{rad.}]$	[140, 770]	[95, 330]	[95, 640]	> 80	> 55	> 65 [0.16, 1.21] [0.27, 2.03]
$p_{\text{T}}^{\text{leading jet}} [\text{GeV}]$						
$p_{\text{T}}^{\ell_1} [\text{GeV}]$						
$\Delta R_{\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}}^{\text{min}} [\text{rad.}]$						
$\Delta R_{\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}}^{\text{max}} [\text{rad.}]$						
	200 GeV					



Channel	Region								
	Control regions			Validation regions			Signal regions		
	OCCR	DBCR	4LCR	SCVR	3LVR	4LVR	1P2L	1P3L	2P4L
Electron channel	$e^{\pm}e^{\mp}$	$e^{\pm}e^{\pm}e^{\mp}$	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}\ell^{\mp}$	$e^{\pm}e^{\pm}$	$e^{\pm}e^{\pm}e^{\mp}$	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}\ell^{\mp}$	$e^{\pm}e^{\pm}$	$e^{\pm}e^{\pm}e^{\mp}$	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}\ell^{\mp}$
Mixed channel	–	$e^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}$		$e^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}$	$e^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}$ $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}$		$e^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}$	$e^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}$ $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}$	
Muon channel	–	$\mu^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}\mu^{\mp}$		$\mu^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}$	$\mu^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}\mu^{\mp}$		$\mu^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}$	$\mu^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}\mu^{\mp}$	
$m(e^{\pm}e^{\pm})$ [GeV]	[130, 2000]	[90, 200)	[60, 150)	[130, 200)	[90, 200)	[150, 200)	[200, ∞)	[200, ∞)	[200, ∞)
$m(\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm})$ [GeV]	–	[90, 200)		[130, 200)	[90, 200)		[200, ∞)	[200, ∞)	
$m(\mu^{\pm}\mu^{\pm})$ [GeV]	–	[60, 200)		[60, 200)	[60, 200)		[200, ∞)	[200, ∞)	
b -jet veto	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z veto	–	inverted	–	–	✓	–	–	✓	✓
$\Delta R(\ell^{\pm}, \ell^{\pm}) < 3.5$	–	–	–	–	–	–	✓	✓	–
$p_T(\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}) > 100$ GeV	–	–	–	–	–	–	✓	✓	–
$\sum p_T(\ell) > 300$ GeV	–	–	–	–	–	–	✓	✓	–
$\Delta M/\bar{M}$ requirement	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	✓