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Measurement of jet substructure observables using the ATLAS detector

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Theoretical calculations for jet substructure observables with accuracy beyond leading-logarithm have recently become available. Such observables are significant not only for probing a new regime of QCD at a hadron collider, but also for improving the understanding of jet substructure properties that are used in many searches for physics beyond the Standard Model. In this talk, we discuss a first measurement of such jet substructure quantities. The soft drop mass is measured in dijet events with the ATLAS detector at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV, unfolded to particle-level and compared to Monte Carlo simulations. We also present a measurement of substructure variables in $t\bar{t}$ and inclusive jet events, using data collected by the ATLAS experiment at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV. The measurements are performed with large-radius jets. They are corrected for detector effects, represented as particle-level distributions and are compared to the predictions of various Monte Carlo event generators. If available, a measurement of jet substructure observables performed using charged particles, at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, is also presented. New event generator configurations for the modelling of jet production, derived using ATLAS data will also be presented.

Author: ATLAS COLLABORATION**Presenter:** VILLAPLANA, Miguel (Università degli Studi e INFN Milano (IT))**Session Classification:** QCD and Hadronic Physics**Track Classification:** QCD and Hadronic Physics