



# Particle production as a function of system size and underlying-event activity measured with ALICE at the LHC

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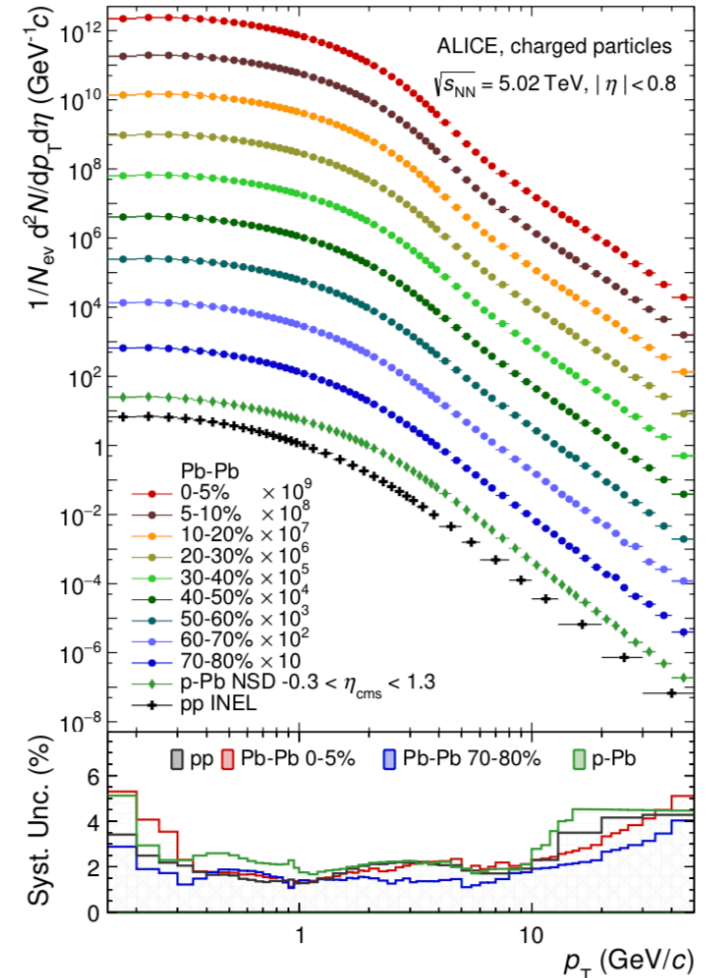
for the ALICE Collaboration

July 13, 2019

# Particle Production at the LHC



- ALICE experiment:  
study of properties of QGP

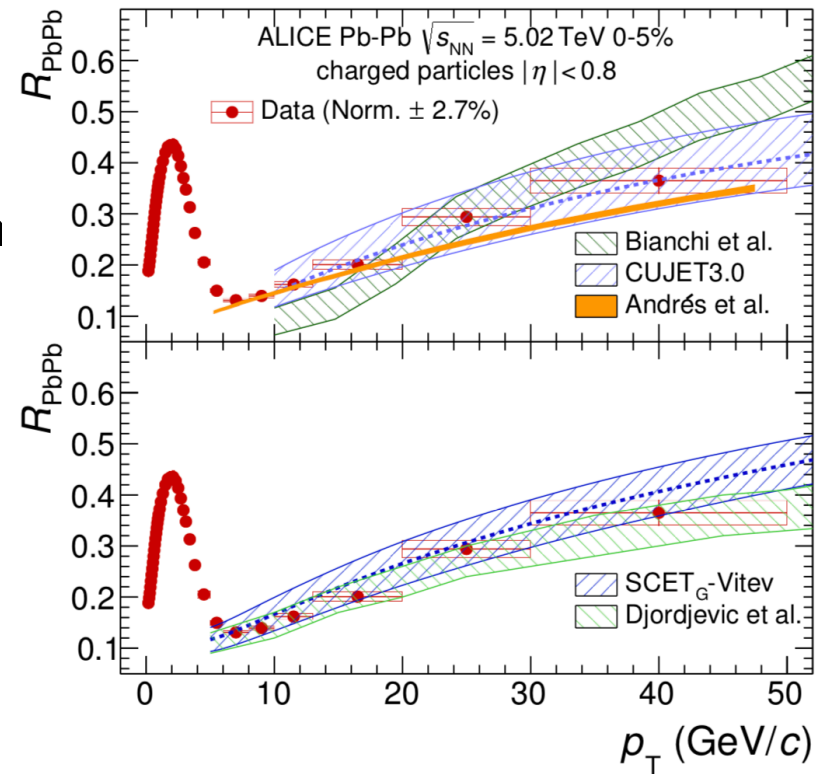


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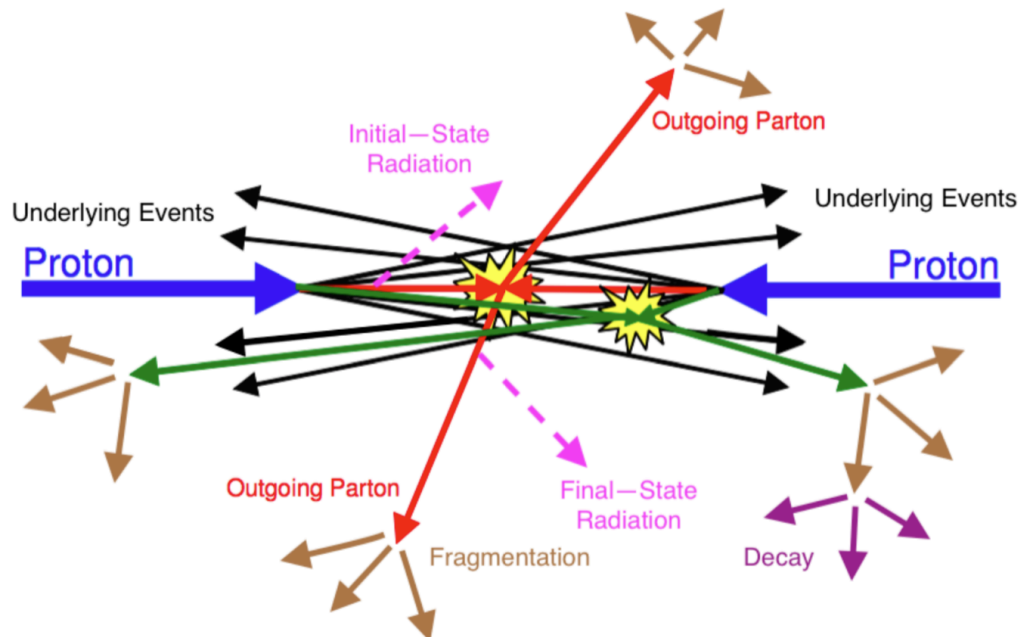
# Particle Production at the LHC



- ALICE experiment:  
study of properties of QGP
- pp serves as baseline measurement  
for Pb-Pb to eg. study parton energy loss in  
deconfined medium ( $R_{AA}$ )
- high transverse momentum particle  
production accessible via pQCD
- bulk particle production governed by  
soft QCD processes  
→ non-perturbative phenomenology needed



# Particle Production at the LHC

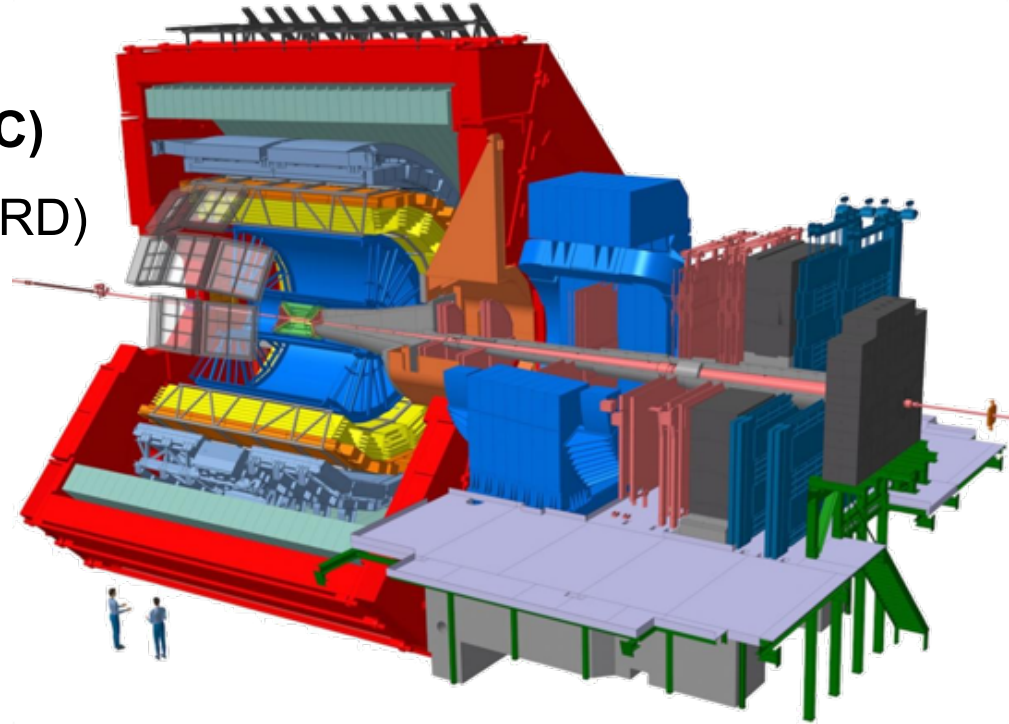


Adapted from Eur.Phys.J. C62 (2009) 237-242

- sensitive observable:  
transverse-momentum  
spectra vs. particle  
multiplicity per event

- underlying event (UE):  
particles not originating from hardest initial scattering
- multi-parton-interactions (MPI)
- color reconnection (CR)
- semi-hard and soft physics

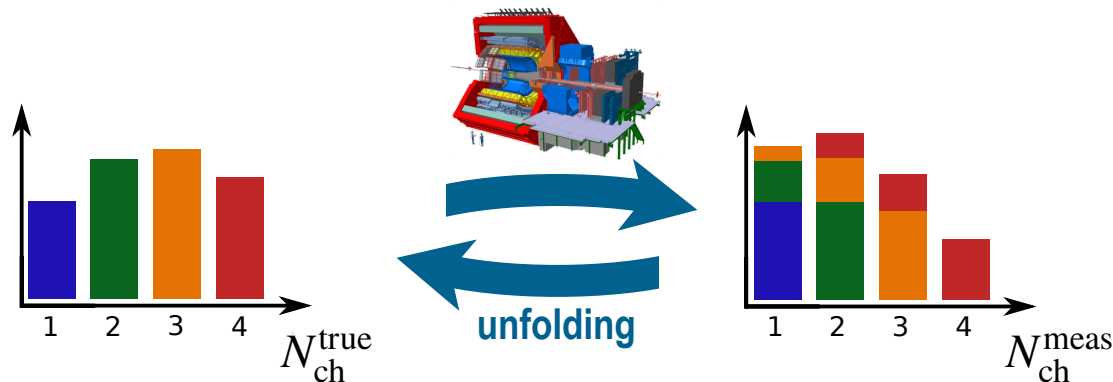
- ALICE detectors:
  - **Inner Tracking System (ITS)**
  - **Time Projection Chamber (TPC)**
  - Transition Radiation Detector (TRD)
  - Time of Flight Detector (TOF)
  - **V0 detector (V0A and V0C)**
- primary charged particles
  - $p_T < 0.15 \text{ GeV}/c$
  - $|\eta| < 0.8$



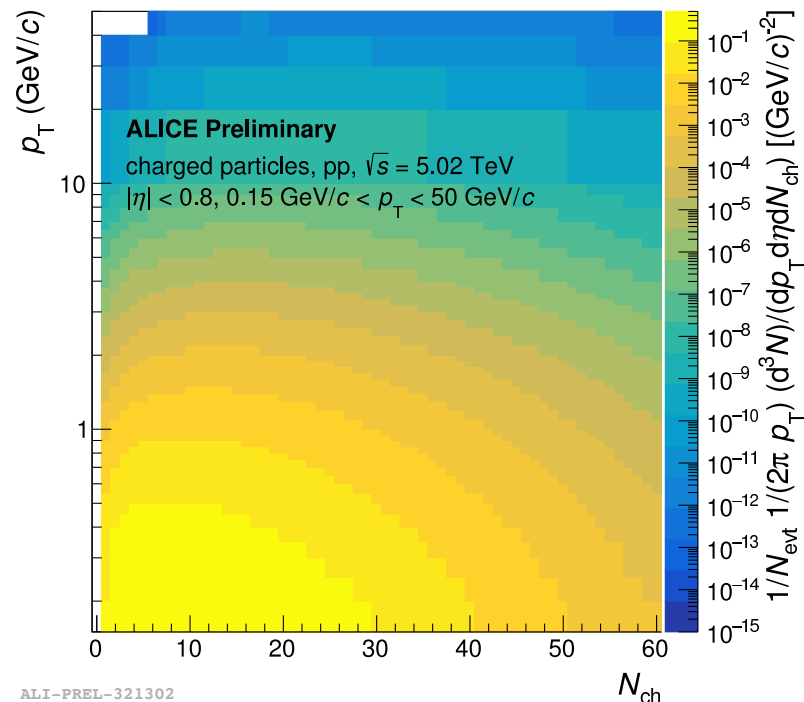
$$p_T^{\text{meas}} \text{ vs. } N_{\text{ch}}^{\text{meas}}$$



# $p_T$ Spectra vs. Multiplicity



- measured multiplicity and  $p_T$  smeared due to detector effects (efficiency, resolution)
- 2d unfolding procedure recovers true correlation between  $p_T$  and  $N_{ch}$
- result:  
 $p_T$  spectra in multiplicity intervals  
 $\rightarrow$  best possible resolution for  $\Delta N_{ch} = 1$

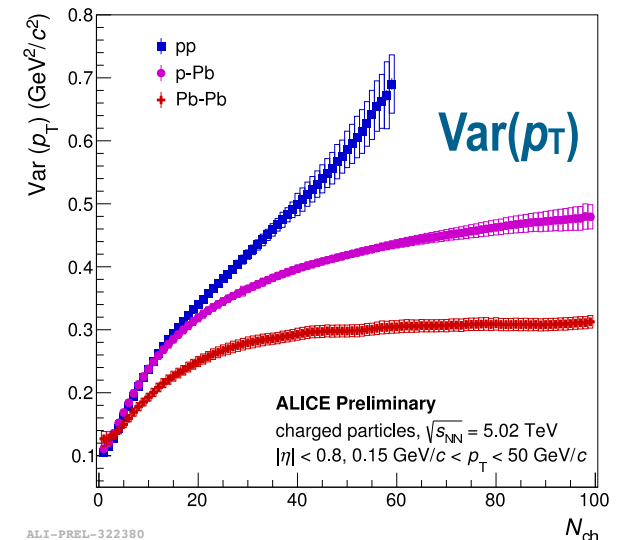
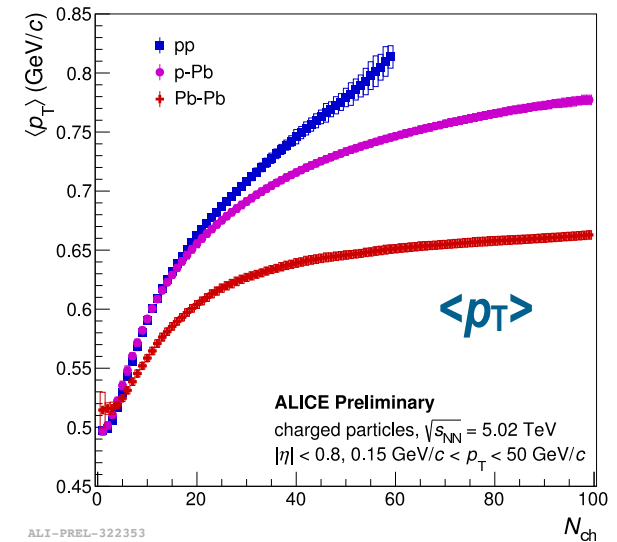


ALI-PREL-321302

# System Size Dependence

- $\langle p_T \rangle$  and variance defining shape of  $p_T$ -spectra
- comparison of shape at same collision energy and charged-particle multiplicity
- clear hierarchy of the systems
  - **pp**: strong  $N_{ch}$  dependence
  - **Pb-Pb**: weaker  $N_{ch}$  dependence
  - re-scattering effects?
  - **p-Pb**: in between

$$N_{ch} < 100$$

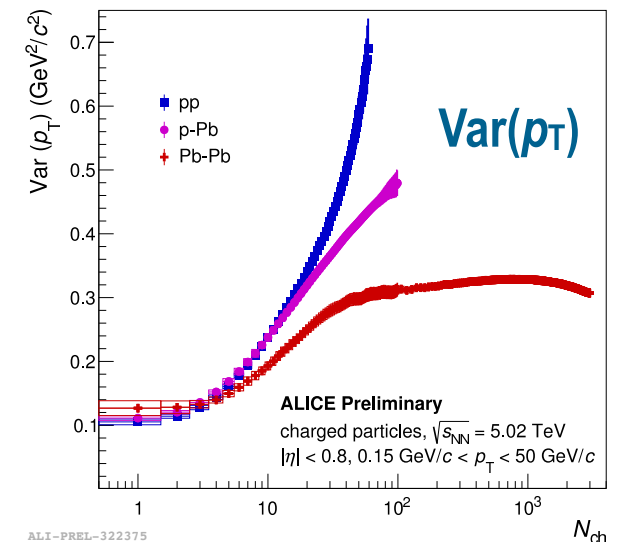
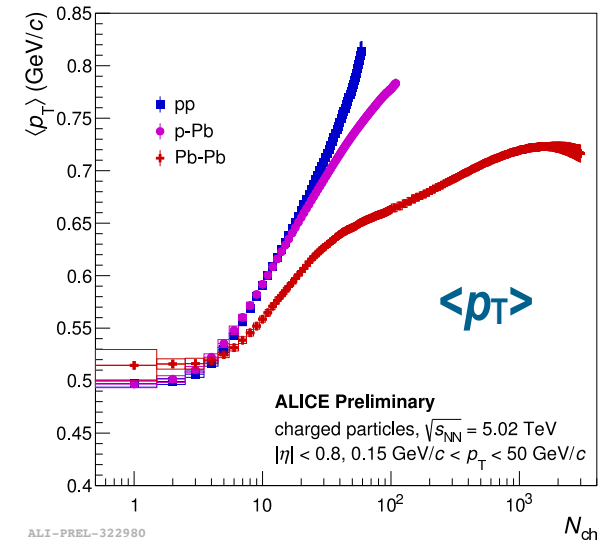


# System Size Dependence



- $\langle p_T \rangle$  and variance defining shape of  $p_T$ -spectra
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  - **pp**: strong  $N_{ch}$  dependence
  - **Pb-Pb**: weaker  $N_{ch}$  dependence
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$$N_{ch} < 3000$$

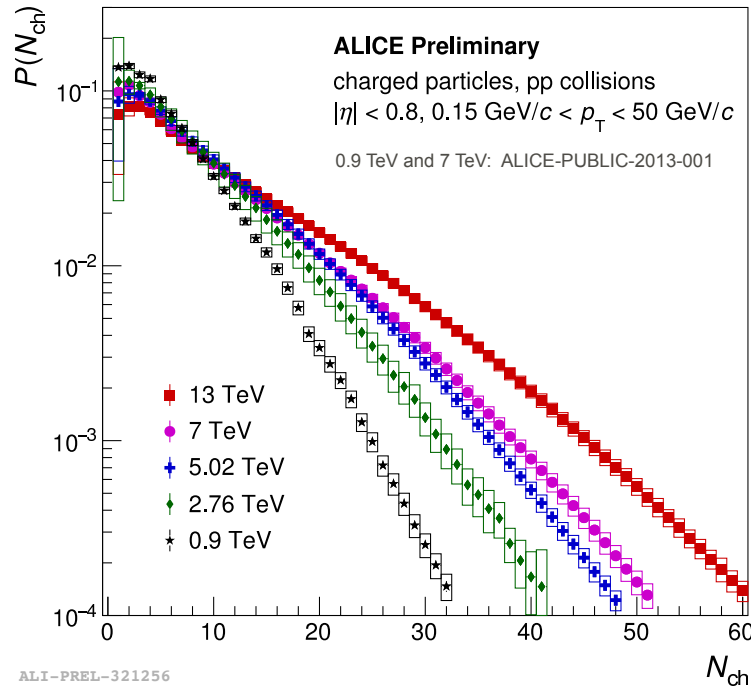




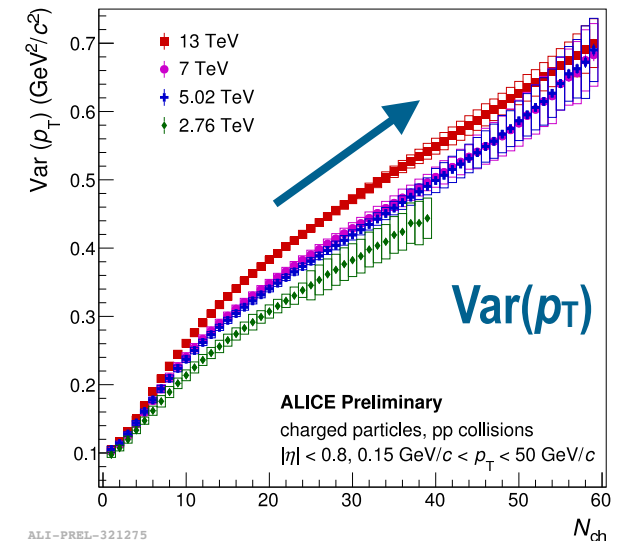
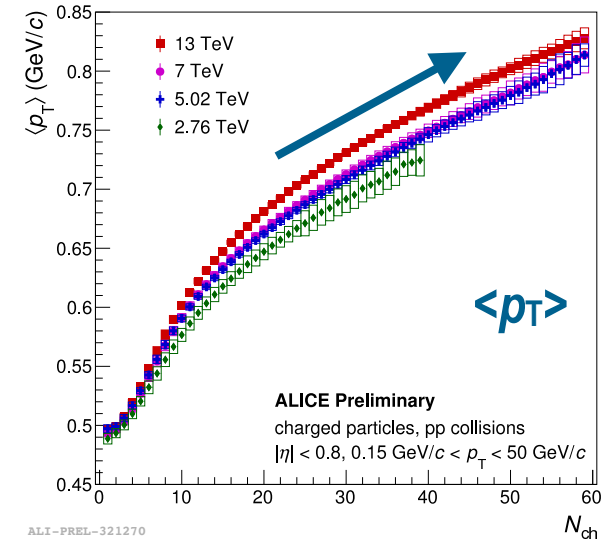
# Energy dependence in pp



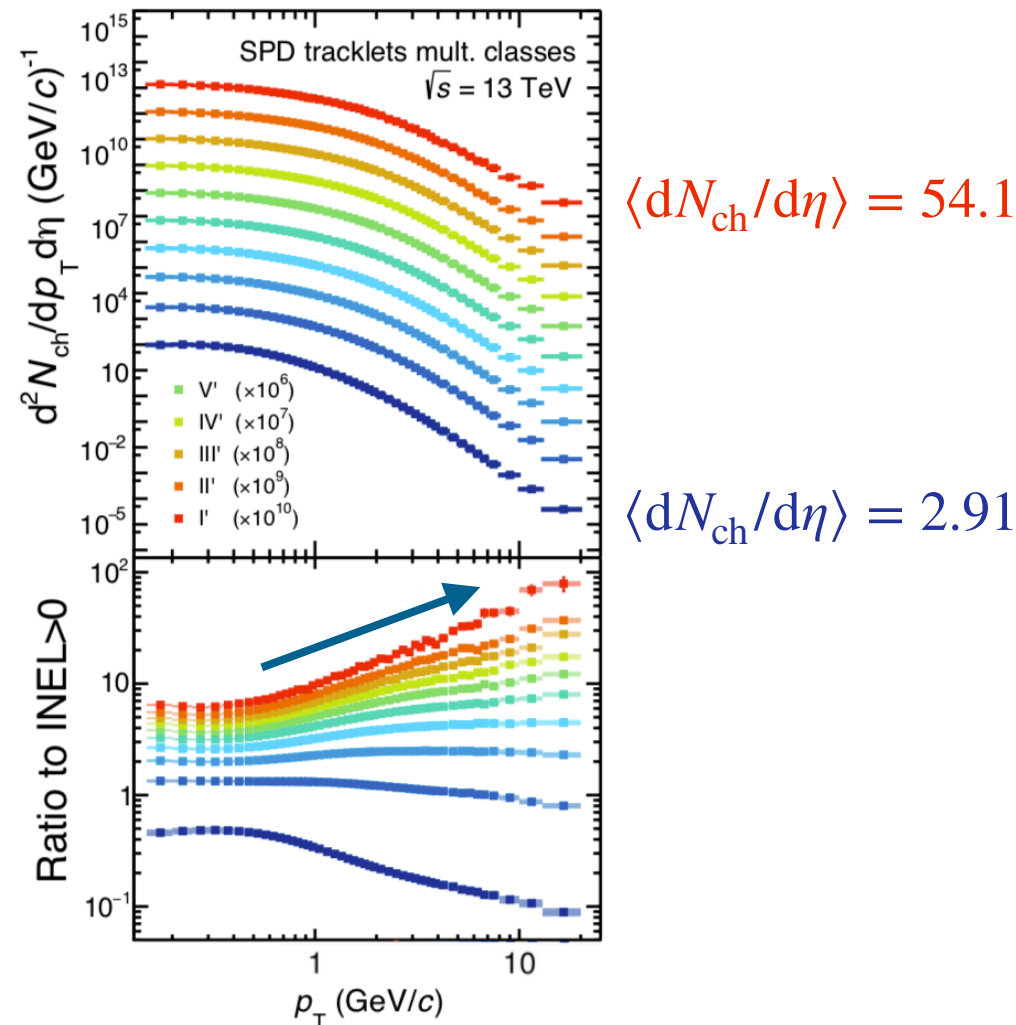
ALICE



- multiplicity density for large variety of energies
- clear ordering with energy
- spectra become harder and broader with multiplicity



# Multiplicity dependence of $p_T$ Spectra

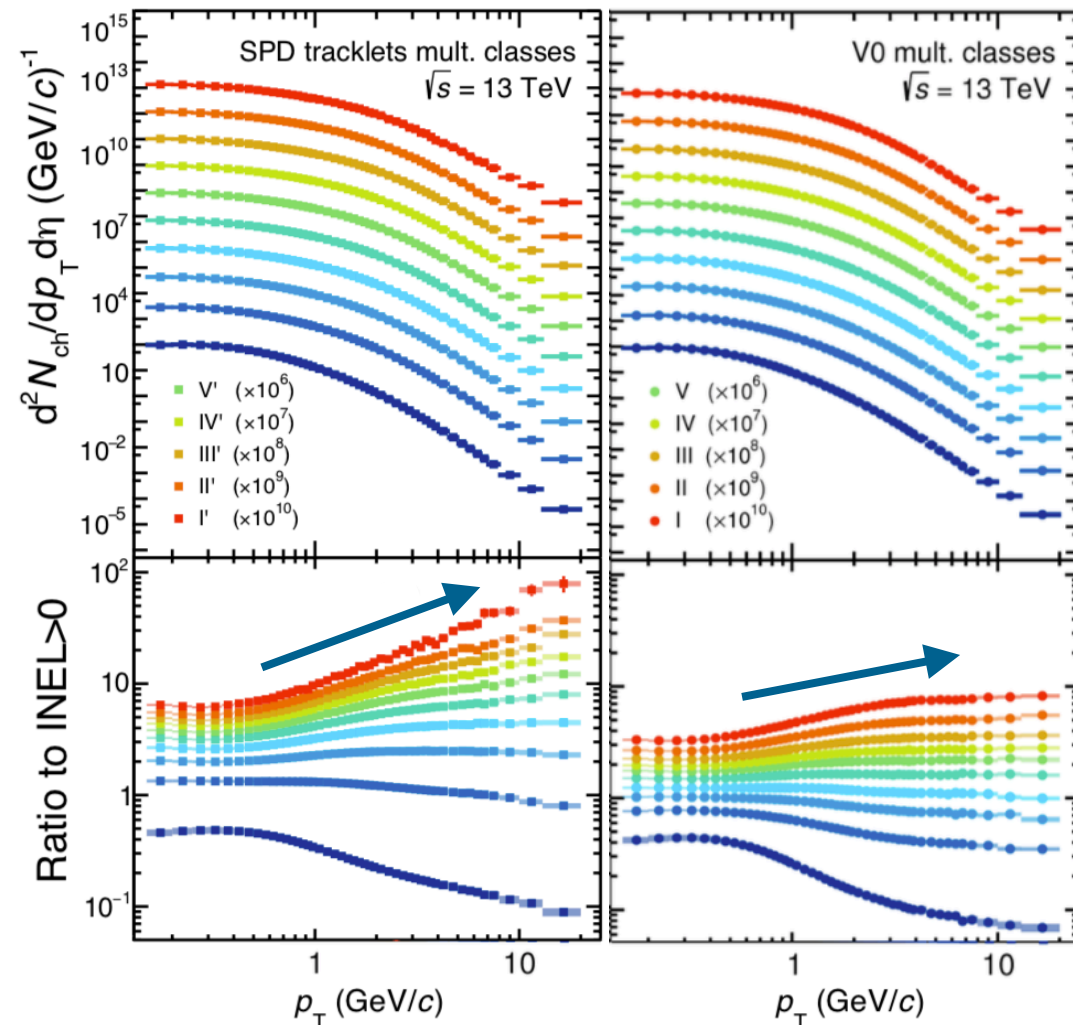


- increase of high  $p_T$  particle production with multiplicity
- do jets bias the selection?

# Multiplicity dependence of $p_T$ Spectra

mid-rapidity

forward-rapidity

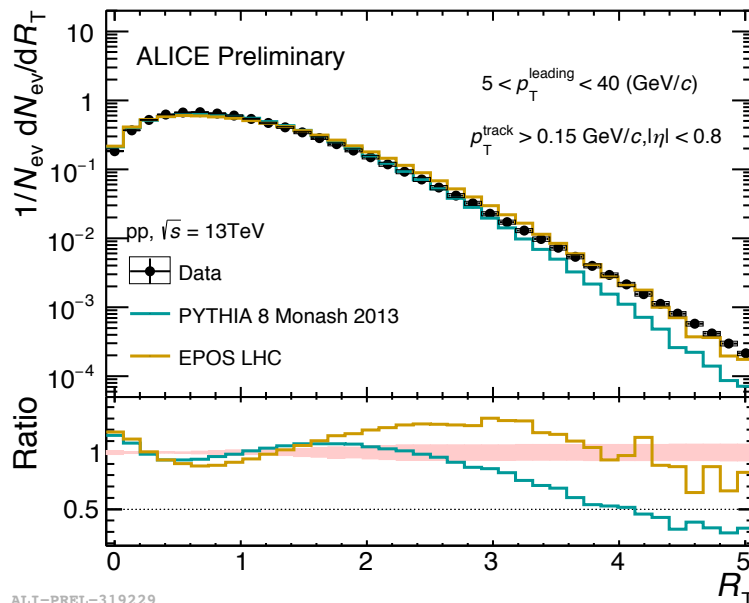


- increase of high  $p_T$  particle production with multiplicity
- do jets bias the selection?
- multiplicity selection at forward-rapidity: effect less pronounced
- can we define a jet-free multiplicity estimator?

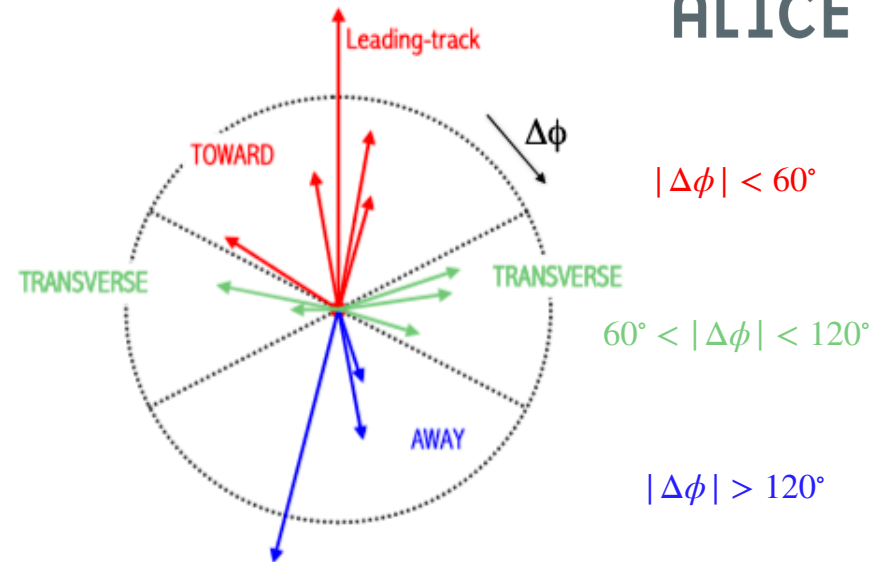
# Multiplicity selection in the underlying event

- activity in the underlying event can be quantified via transverse activity classifier:

$$R_T = \frac{N_{\text{ch},T}}{\langle N_{\text{ch},T} \rangle}$$



ALI-PREL-319229

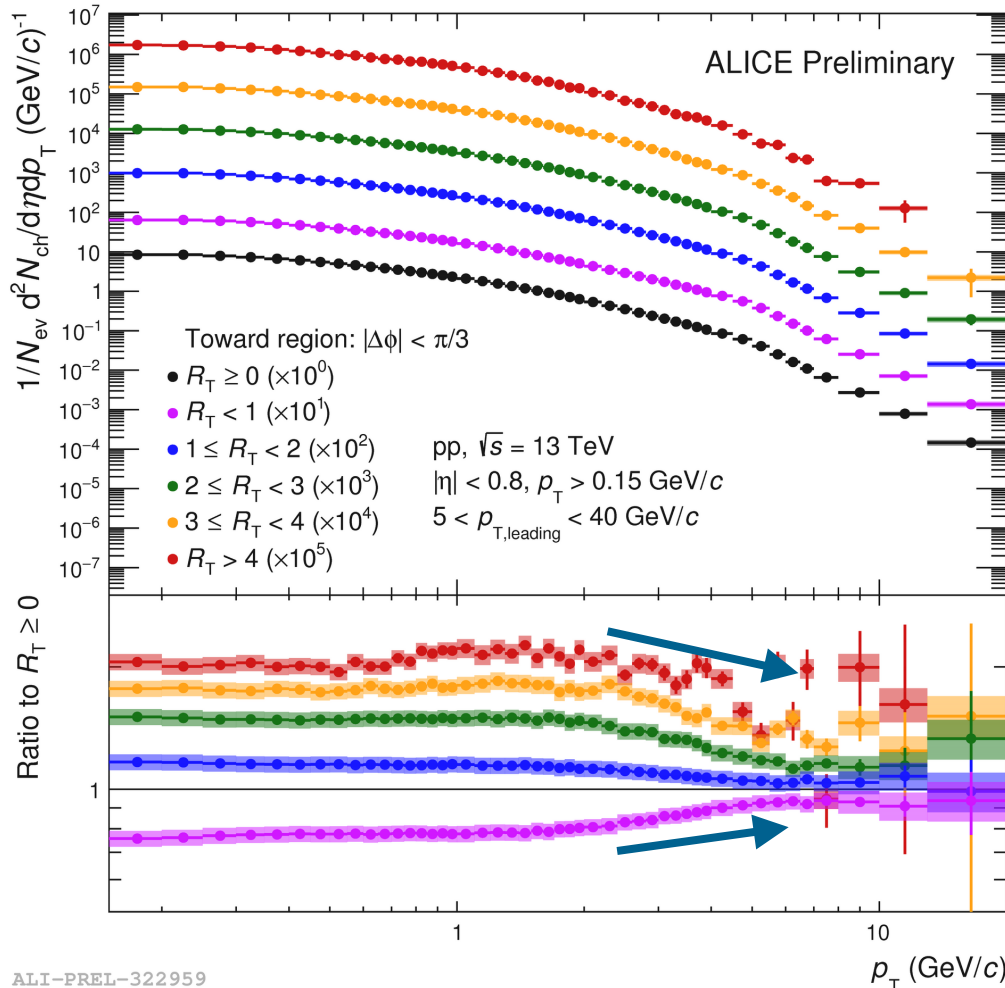


J. High Energ. Phys. (2012) 2012: 116

→ use as multiplicity estimator for  $p_T$  spectra in regions towards and transverse to the jet

# Multiplicity selection in the underlying event

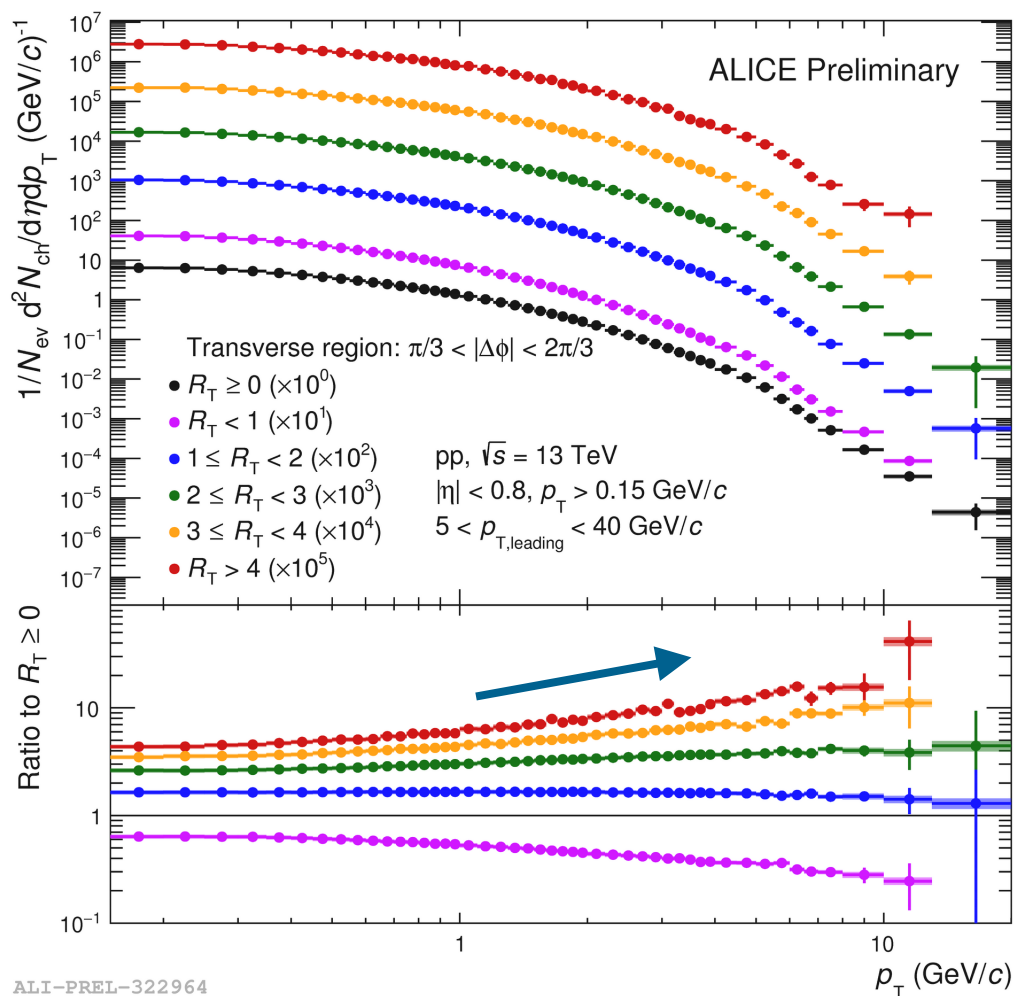
## spectra in region towards jet



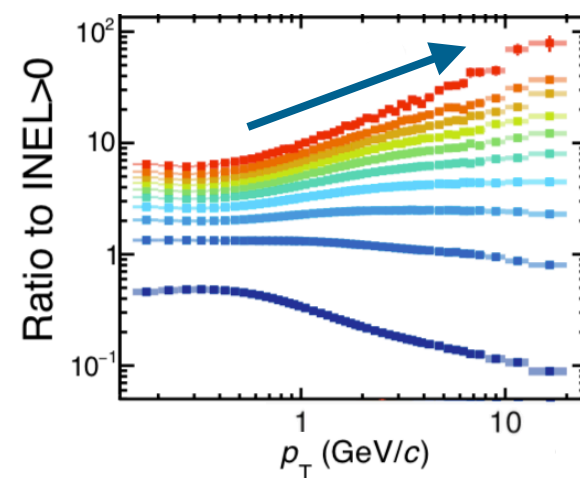
- high  $p_T$ :
  - convergence with  $p_T$  to the jet spectrum
  - spectra hardly depend on UE activity
- good separation between soft and hard particle production

# Multiplicity selection in the underlying event

## spectra in region transverse to jet



- jet **excluded** in spectra and multiplicity estimator
- hardening of spectra with  $R_T$  in the underlying event
- similar to results including the jet





- high-precision measurements of  $p_T$  spectra vs. multiplicity for variety of energies and different collision systems
- along the jet axis, soft and hard particle production mechanisms separated at high  $p_T$
- spectra in area transverse to the jet show same pattern of hardening as mid-rapidity minimum bias results