

Measurement of the W and Z boson production at ATLAS

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On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

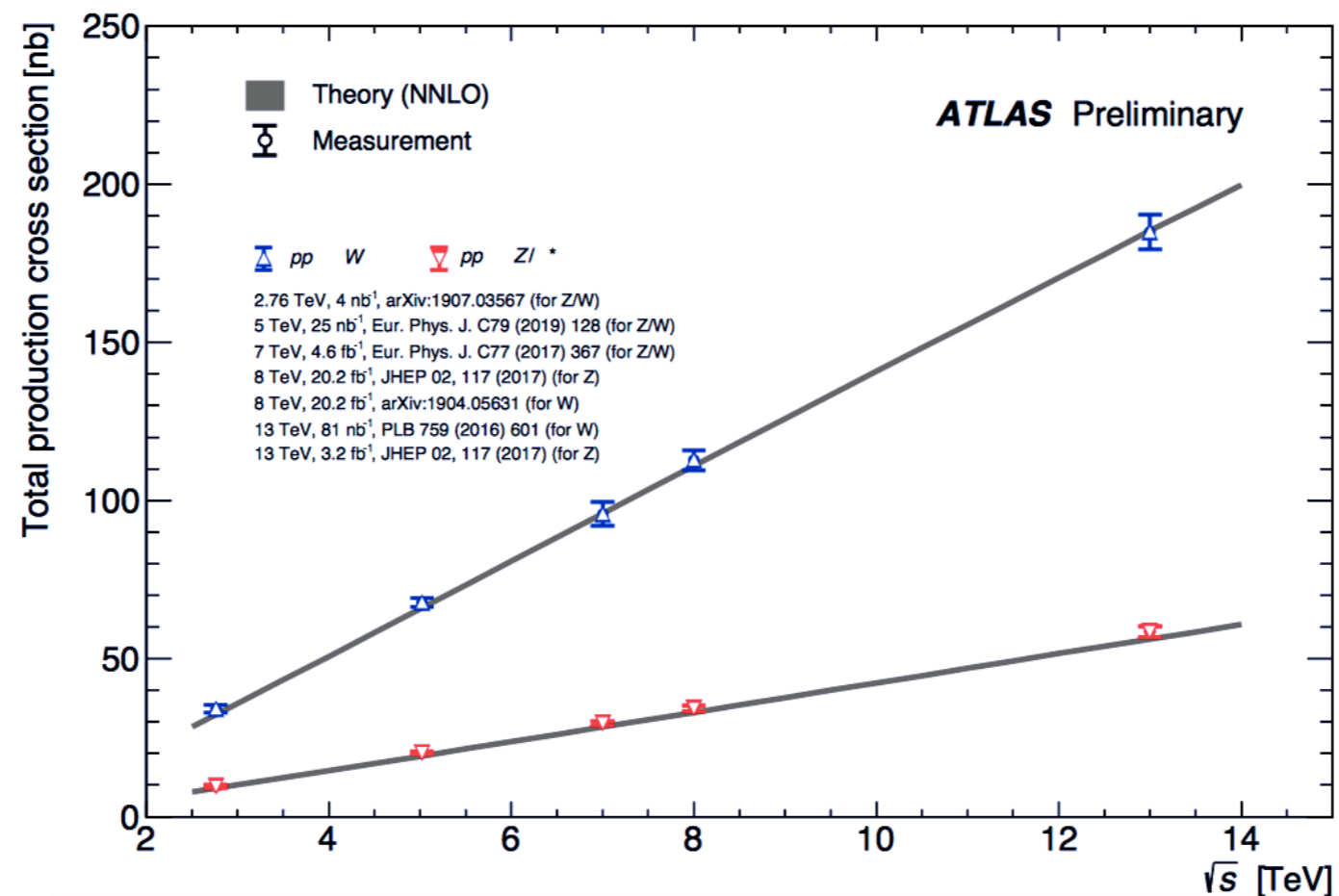
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Introduction

W and Z production at proton-proton collisions

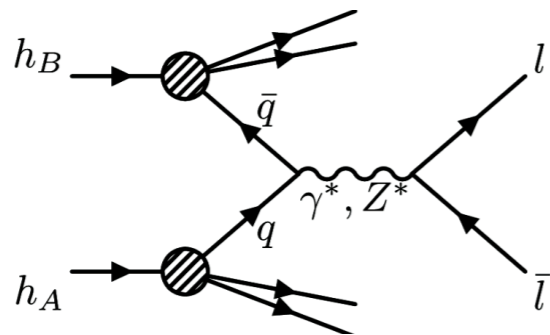
- W, Z total and differential cross sections, W⁺/W⁻ asymmetry
- Very sensitive to QCD and Parton Distribution Functions (PDFs)
- In this talk, we focus on the:
 - 2.76 TeV W⁺, W⁻ and Z cross sections
 - 5.02 TeV W⁺, W⁻ and Z cross sections
 - 8 TeV W asymmetry results



Motivation (1): PDFs

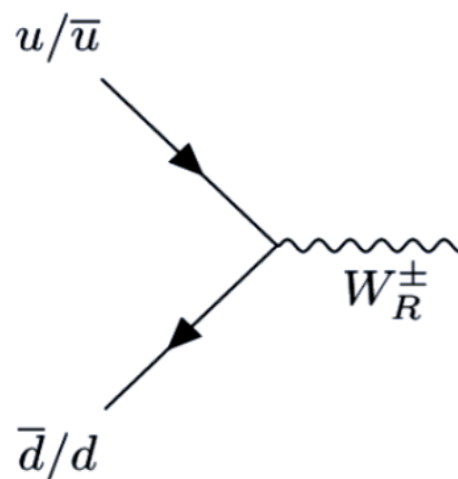
PDFs in electroweak measurement

- PDF itself is important, leading systematics in electroweak measurement
- For W and Z rapidity (Y):
 - Y dominated by difference in quark energies
 - large |Y| region constrains large and small x region PDF



$$x = \frac{M}{\sqrt{s}} \times e^{\pm Y}$$

- For W+ and W- charge asymmetry
 - sensitive to valence u/d quarks and sea ubar/dbar quarks



Bonus: W and Z together can specifically constrain s quark PDFs

Motivation (2): QCD calculation

Cross section due to QCD

- Higher order QCD significantly changes W and Z cross section from LO
- LHC experimental sensitivity matches (N)NLO predictions

Differential cross section in low transverse momentum region dominated by non-perturbative QCD

However the total cross section can be well described by fixed order calculation

In addition:

- an important reference for weak-boson productions in heavy-ion collisions

LHC provide p+Pb and Pb+Pb collisions at the same energy points

W and Z measurement at 5.02 TeV

Eur. Phys. J. C (2019) 79:128

Overview

- 5.02 TeV, 2015 data, 25.0 pb⁻¹
- Low pile-up contribution data set (average pp interaction per bunch = 1.5)
- Integrated cross sections of W⁺, W⁻ and Z production
 - electron and muon final states, results include branching ratio
- Differential cross sections of Z as a function of boson rapidity (Y_Z)
- Differential cross sections of W⁺ and W⁻ as a function of lepton pseudo-rapidity in the final state
- W⁺/W⁻ charge Asymmetry as a function of lepton pseudo-rapidity
- Measurements corresponds to phase space:
 - W: lepton $p_T > 25$ GeV, lepton $|\eta| < 2.5$, $m_T > 40$ GeV
 - Z: lepton $p_T > 20$ GeV, lepton $|\eta| < 2.5$, $66 < M_Z < 116$ GeV

Data and selections

Online trigger

- Single electron with $p_T > 15$ GeV
- Single muon with $p_T > 14$ GeV

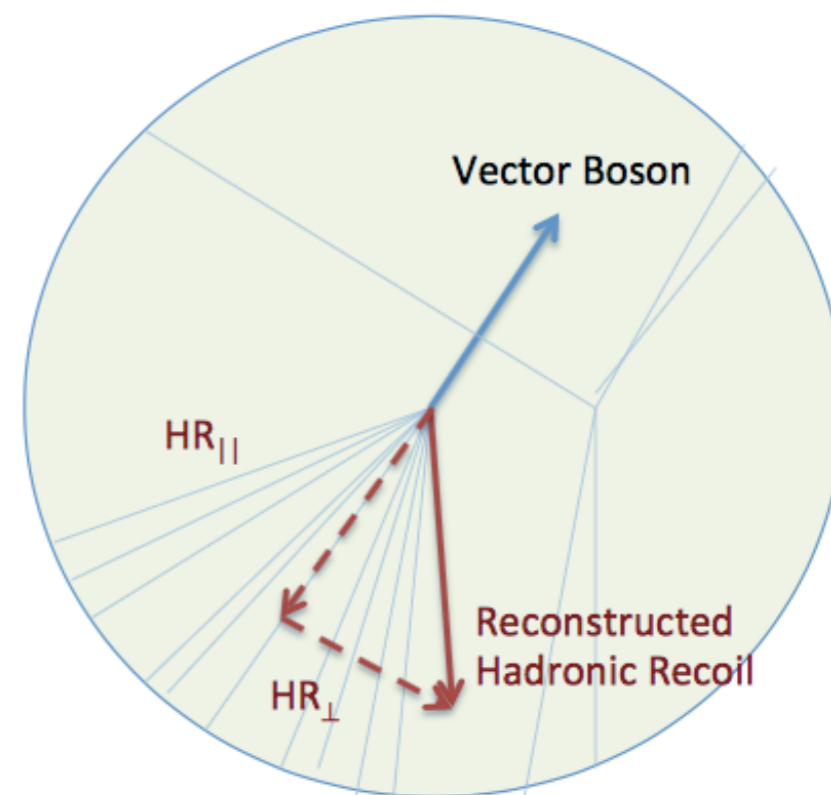
Offline requirement

- Particles further required to be in good quality, and originating from primary vertex
- Acceptance cuts applied to match the phase space defined before
- For W candidates: transverse mass and missing ET

$$\vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}} = -(\vec{u}_T + \vec{p}_T^\ell)$$

$$m_T = \sqrt{2p_T^\ell E_T^{\text{miss}} (1 - \cos \Delta\phi_{\ell, E_T^{\text{miss}}})}$$

u_T : hadronic recoil of vector sum of calorimeter energy clusters excluding lepton. It represents the p_T of W boson



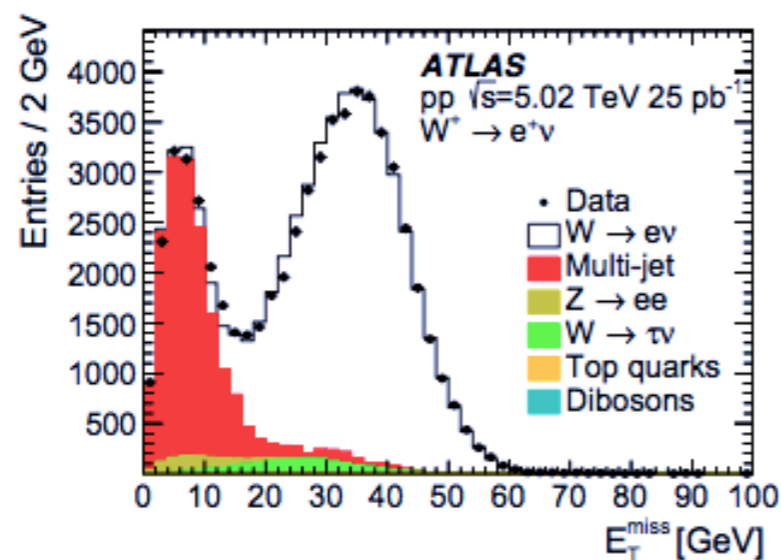
Detector effects and backgrounds

Detector performance

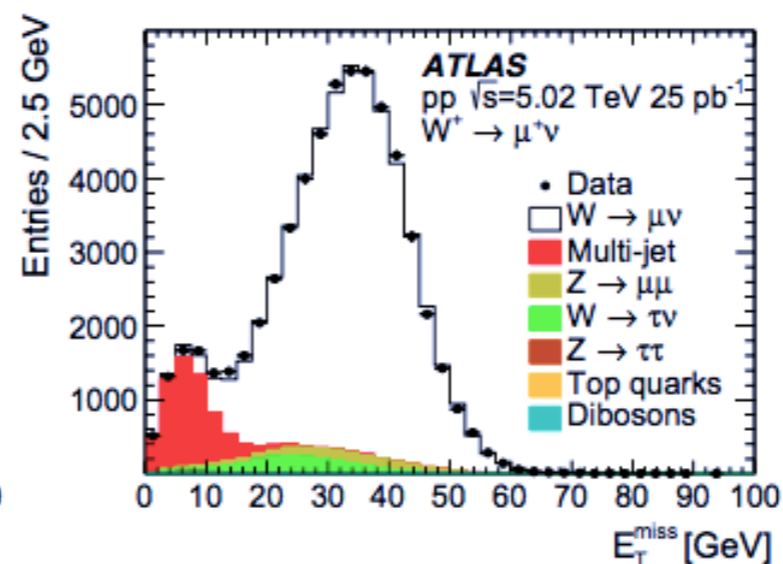
- Trigger and offline selection efficiencies for muon and electrons measured using tag-and-probe method
- Lepton energy or momentum calibrated using Z-II events
- Recoil calibrated using Z boson candidates

Background determination

- Physics bkg: genuine electron and muon (W/Z, diboson, top contribution ...)
 - estimated from simulated Monte Carlo samples
- Multi-jet bkg: jets fake electron or muon
 - estimated from data by template fitting on missing E_T



(a)



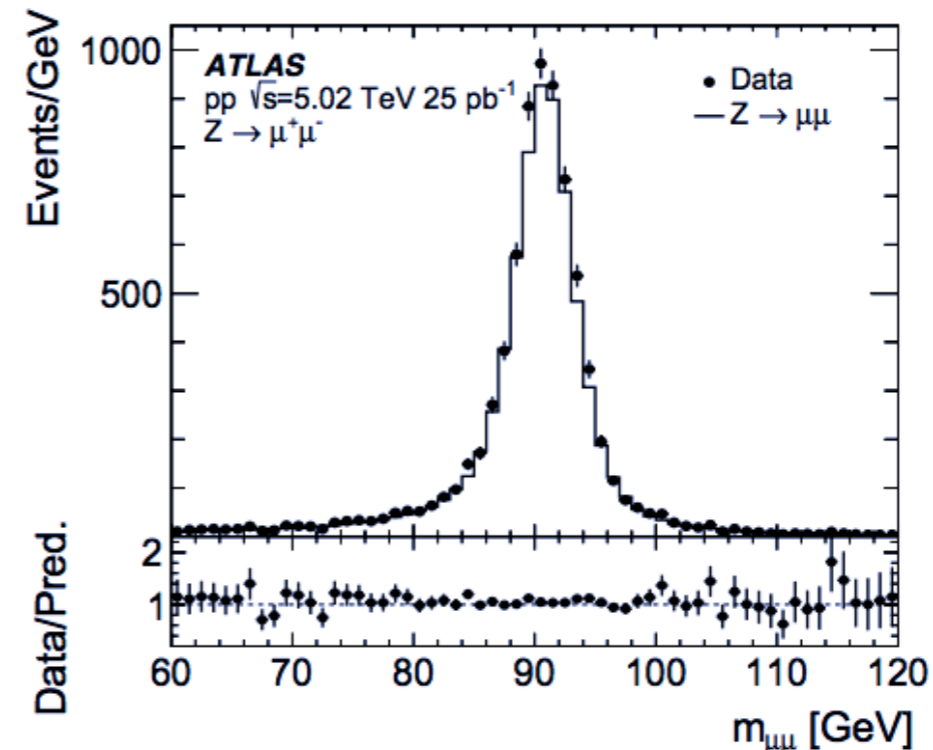
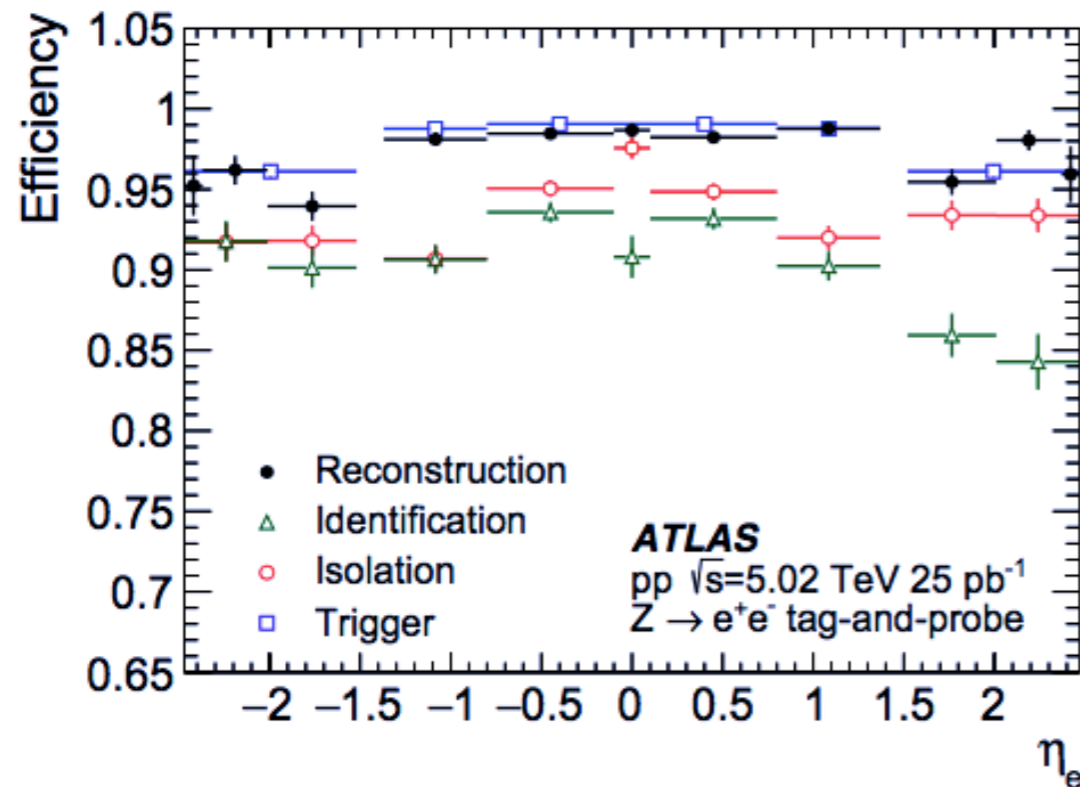
(b)

Some control plots and bkg estimations

Table 1 Background contributions as a percentage of the total for the W^+ , W^- and Z candidate samples in the electron (muon) channels

Background	$W^+ \rightarrow e^+\nu$ ($W^+ \rightarrow \mu^+\nu$) [%]	$W^- \rightarrow e^-\nu$ ($W^- \rightarrow \mu^-\nu$) [%]	$Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ ($Z \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$) [%]
$Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$, $\ell = e, \mu$	0.1 (2.8)	0.2 (3.8)	–
$W^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm\nu$, $\ell = e, \mu$	–	–	<0.01 (<0.01)
$W^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm\nu$	1.8 (1.8)	1.8 (1.8)	<0.01 (<0.01)
$Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	0.1 (0.1)	0.1 (0.1)	0.07 (0.07)
Multi-jet	0.9 (0.1)	1.4 (0.2)	<0.01 (<0.01)
Top quark	0.1–0.2 (0.1–0.2)	0.1–0.2 (0.1–0.2)	0.06 (0.08)
Diboson	0.1 (0.1)	0.1 (0.1)	0.14 (0.08)

Generally, a few % bkg in W candidates, and <1% bkg in Z candidates



Unfolding

Unfold to the fiducial phase space

- Observed candidate number, background subtraction, corrected for efficiencies and acceptance

$$\sigma_{W^{\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \nu [Z \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-]}^{\text{fid}} = \frac{N_{W[Z]} - B_{W[Z]}}{C_{W[Z]} \cdot L_{\text{int}}} \quad C_{W[Z]} = \frac{N_{W[Z]}^{\text{MC,sel}}}{N_{W[Z]}^{\text{MC,fid}}}$$

- Efficiencies and acceptance corrections from signal MC samples

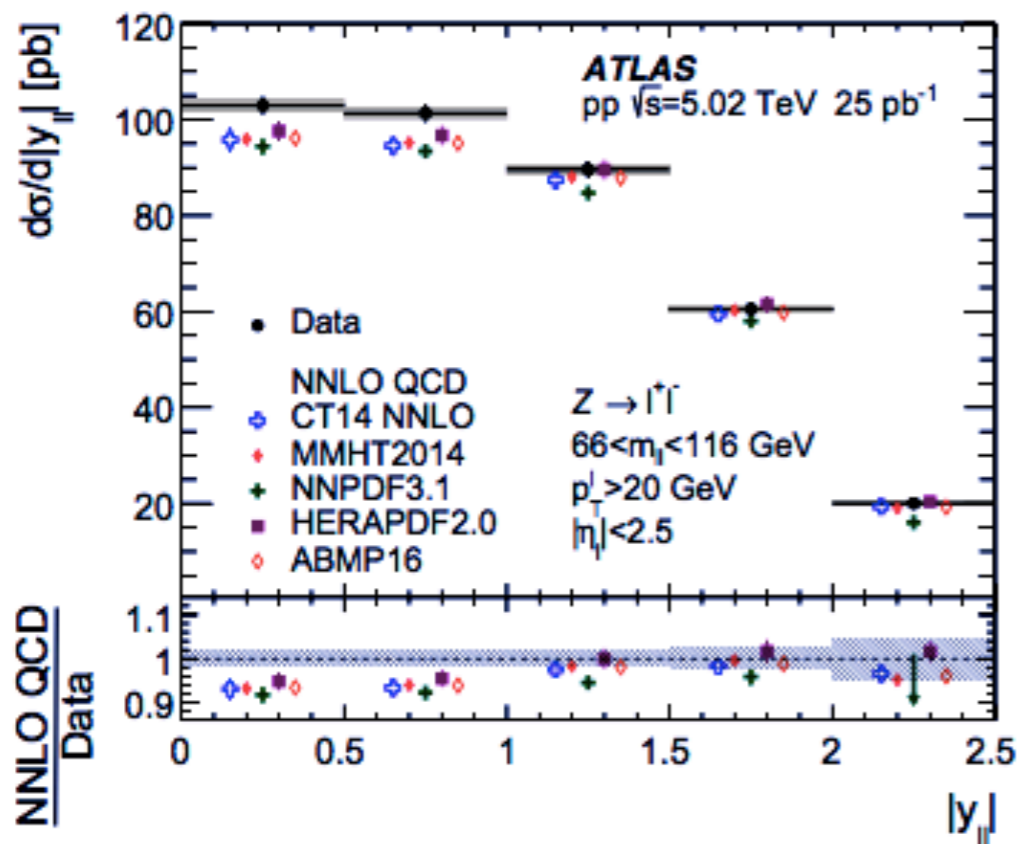
Channel	$C_W (W^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu)$	$C_W (W^- \rightarrow \ell^- \nu)$	C_Z
Integrated cross-section measurements			
Electron channel	0.657 ± 0.006	0.667 ± 0.005	0.522 ± 0.007
Muon channel	0.723 ± 0.011	0.720 ± 0.010	0.780 ± 0.007
Differential cross-section measurements			
Electron channel		0.55–0.80	0.52–0.62
Muon channel		0.55–0.85	0.60–0.82

Results

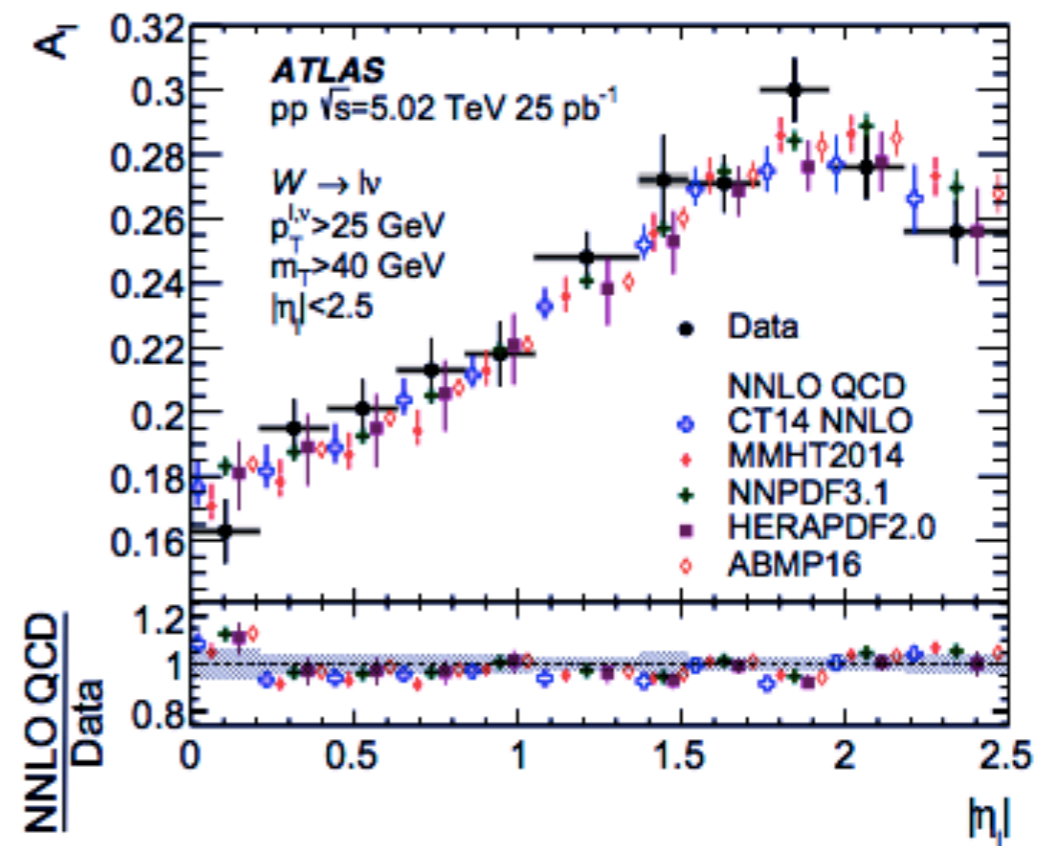
$$\sigma_{W^+} = 2266 \pm 9(\text{stat}) \pm 29(\text{syst}) \pm 43(\text{lumi})\text{pb}$$

$$\sigma_{W^-} = 1401 \pm 7(\text{stat}) \pm 18(\text{syst}) \pm 27(\text{lumi})\text{pb}$$

$$\sigma_Z = 374.5 \pm 3.4(\text{stat}) \pm 3.6(\text{syst}) \pm 7.0(\text{lumi})\text{pb}$$



Z boson rapidity (dilepton rapidity) spectrum



W charge asymmetry as a function in lepton pseudo-rapidity

W charge asymmetry at 8 TeV

Submitted to Eur. Phys. J. C
arXiv:1904.05631[hep-ex]

Overview

- 8 TeV, 2015 data, 20.2 fb⁻¹
- In muon channel, results include branching ratio
- Higher pile-up contribution data set (average pp interactions per bunch = 20.7)
- W⁺ and W⁻ cross sections, and asymmetry as a function of muon pseudo-rapidity
- Measurement corresponds to a phase space of:
 - lepton p_T > 25 GeV, lepton |η| < 2.4, m_T > 40 GeV

$$A_{\mu} = \frac{d\sigma_{W_{\mu^{+}}}/d\eta_{\mu} - d\sigma_{W_{\mu^{-}}}/d\eta_{\mu}}{d\sigma_{W_{\mu^{+}}}/d\eta_{\mu} + d\sigma_{W_{\mu^{-}}}/d\eta_{\mu}}$$

Measurements details

Event selection

- Online trigger: single muon $p_T > 36$ or $p_T > 24$ GeV
- Offline requirement: $p_T > 25$ GeV, particle quality required

Backgrounds

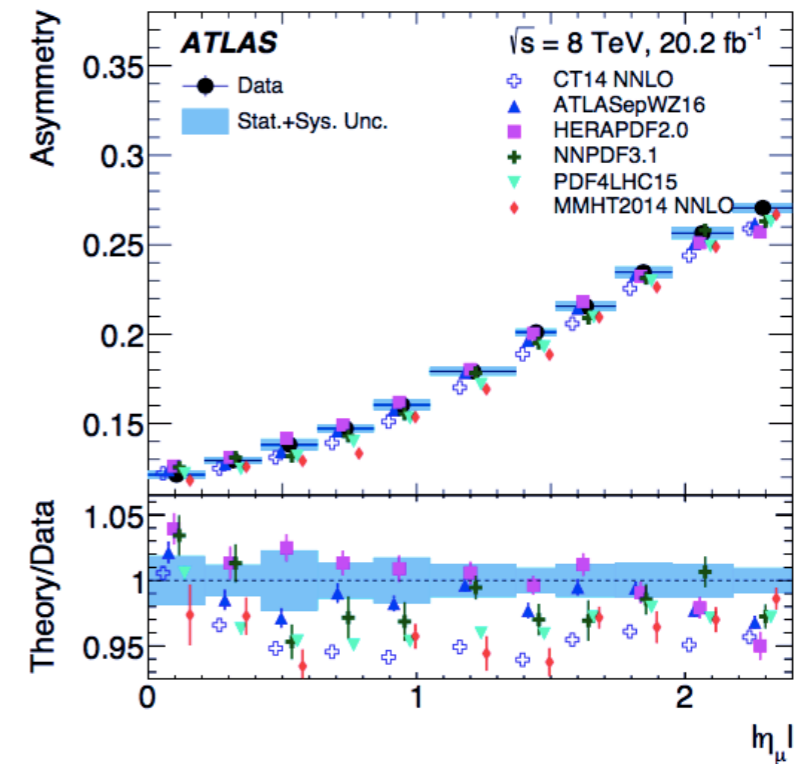
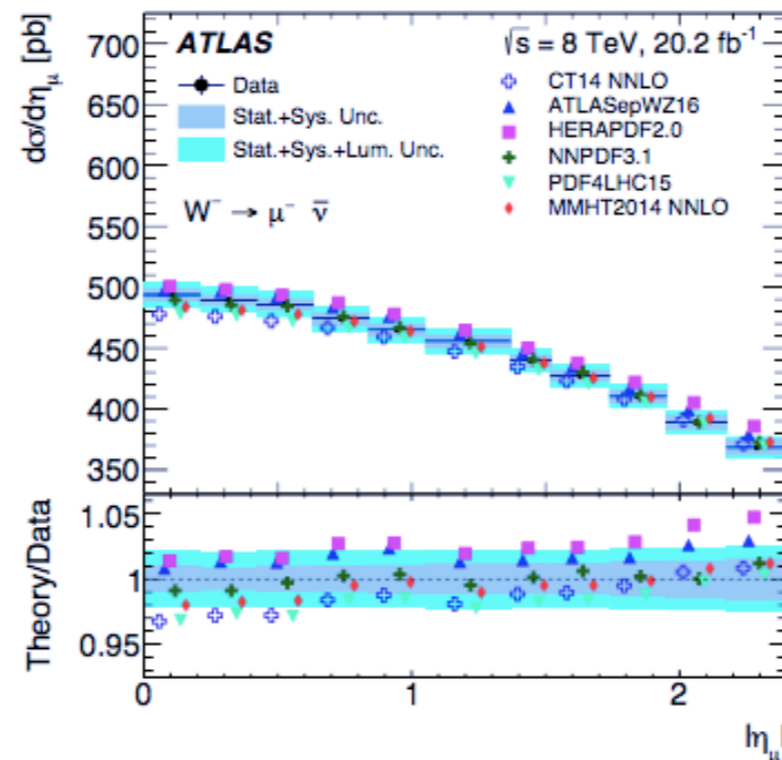
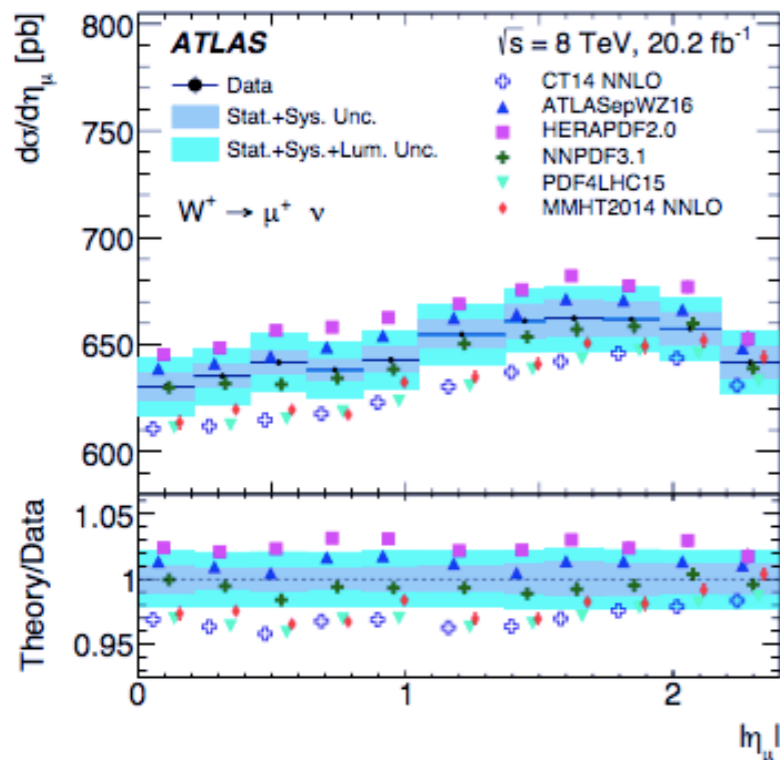
- Physics bkg from MC simulation samples
- Multijet bkg from data driven method

	$W^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu$	$W^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}$
	Number of events	
Data	50 390 184	34 877 365
	Percentage of data	
Multijet	2.4 \pm 0.3	3.1 \pm 0.3
$W \rightarrow \tau \nu$	1.9 \pm 0.1	2.0 \pm 0.1
$Z \rightarrow \mu \mu$	3.1 \pm 0.2	4.0 \pm 0.2
Others	0.62 \pm 0.02	0.82 \pm 0.03

Results

Data	
$\sigma(W^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu)$ [pb]	3110 ± 0.5 (stat.) ± 29 (syst.) ± 59 (lumi.)
$\sigma(W^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu})$ [pb]	2137 ± 0.4 (stat.) ± 22 (syst.) ± 41 (lumi.)
Sum [pb]	5247 ± 0.6 (stat.) ± 50 (syst.) ± 100 (lumi.)
Ratio	1.4558 ± 0.0004 (stat.) ± 0.0040 (syst.)
DYNNLO (CT14 NNLO PDF set)	
$\sigma(W^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu)$ [pb]	3015 ± 92 (PDF) ± 15 (scale)
$\sigma(W^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu})$ [pb]	2105 ± 53 (PDF) ± 10 (scale)
Sum [pb]	5120 ± 140 (PDF) ± 23 (scale)
Ratio	1.4320 ± 0.0100 (PDF) ± 0.0007 (scale)

W charge asymmetry as a function in muon pseudo-rapidity, compared to different PDFs



W and Z @ 2.76 TeV

Overview

- 2.76 TeV, 2013 data, 4 pb⁻¹
- Both electron and muon channels
- Measurement corresponds to a phase space of:
 - lepton p_T > 20 GeV, lepton |η| < 2.4
 - m_T > 40 GeV, missing E_T > 25 GeV (for W candidates)
 - 66 < M < 116 GeV (for Z candidates)

Submitted to Eur. Phys. J. C
arXiv:1907.03567[hep-ex]

	Value ± stat. ± syst. ± lumi. (± extr.)	Value ± stat. ± syst. ± lumi. (± extr.)
	$W^+ \rightarrow e\nu$	$W^+ \rightarrow \mu\nu$
$\sigma_{W^+}^{\text{fid}}$ [pb]	1416 ± 24 ± 36 ± 44	1438 ± 23 ± 19 ± 45
$\sigma_{W^+}^{\text{tot}}$ [pb]	2284 ± 38 ± 58 ± 71 (±30)	2319 ± 36 ± 30 ± 72 (±30)
	$W^- \rightarrow e\nu$	$W^- \rightarrow \mu\nu$
$\sigma_{W^-}^{\text{fid}}$ [pb]	789 ± 18 ± 20 ± 25	799 ± 17 ± 11 ± 25
$\sigma_{W^-}^{\text{tot}}$ [pb]	1385 ± 31 ± 36 ± 43 (±21)	1402 ± 30 ± 19 ± 44 (±21)
	$Z \rightarrow ee$	$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$
σ_Z^{fid} [pb]	197.6 ± 9.6 ± 9.5 ± 6.1	205.6 ± 8.1 ± 2.6 ± 6.4
σ_Z^{tot} [pb]	313.6 ± 15.2 ± 15.0 ± 9.7 (±5.3)	326.3 ± 12.9 ± 4.1 ± 10.1 (±5.5)

$$R_{W/Z} = 10.95 \pm 0.35 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.10 \text{ (syst.)};$$
$$R_{W^+/W^-} = 1.797 \pm 0.034 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.009 \text{ (syst.)}.$$

Summary

W and Z measurements at 5.02 TeV pp collision

- Integrated and differential cross section observed
- W charge asymmetry measured
- In good agreement with NNLO QCD calculations

W charge asymmetry measurement at 8 TeV pp collision

- Differential cross section and asymmetry as a function of muon pseudo-rapidity
- Compared to different calculations and PDFs

W and Z measurements at 2.76 TeV pp collision

- Integrated and differential cross section observed
- Ratios between W⁺, W⁻ and Z cross sections observed