



Recent top quark properties in CMS

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on behalf of the CMS Collaboration

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Top quark overview

Main properties

- Heaviest particle of SM: $\frac{1}{2}$ spin, $\frac{2}{3}e$, color charge
- Participates to all interactions
- “Natural” mass:

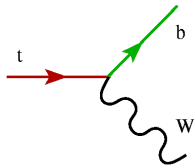
$$m_{\text{top}} = y_t \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \simeq 174 \text{ GeV} \implies y_t \sim 1$$

- Privileged relationship with Higgs boson
- Possible role in the EWSB mechanism

- Decay happens before hadronization can occur:

$$\tau_{\text{top}} = \frac{h}{\Gamma_{\text{top}}} \simeq \frac{h}{G_F m_{\text{top}}^3 |V_{tb}| \frac{2}{8\pi\sqrt{2}}} \simeq 2 \times 10^{-25} \text{ s}$$

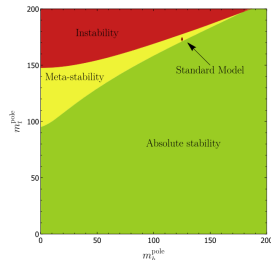
- Angular properties directly accessible through its decay products
- Weak interaction decay, dominantly in a W boson and a b quark



Top mass

Why is it important?

- Key input for EW precision tests
- Crucial interplay with the Higgs and α_S
 - EW vacuum stability
- Cosmological consequences
- Challenging for experiments and theory
 - theory ambiguities on m_t^{MC} vs. m_t^{pole}



How it can be determined?

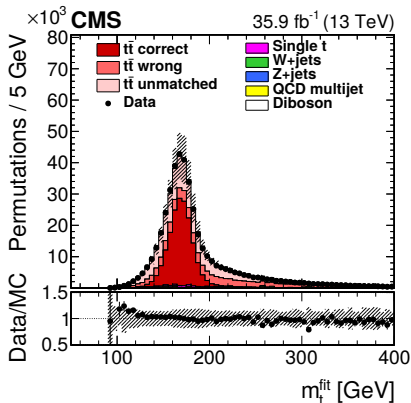
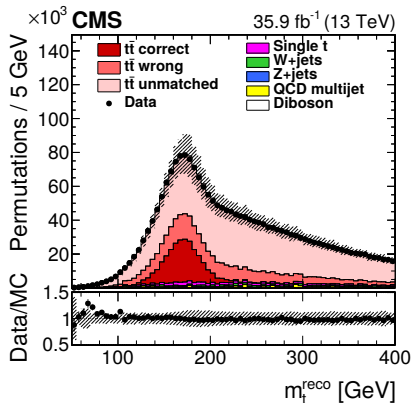
Top Pair Decay Channels

$c\bar{s}$	electron+jets muon+jets tau+jets dileptons	all-hadronic			
$u\bar{d}$		all-hadronic			
$\tau^+\tau^-$		tau+jets			
$\mu^+\mu^-$		muon+jets			
e^+e^-		electron+jets			
W decay	e^+	μ^+	τ^+	$u\bar{d}$	$c\bar{s}$

- Direct measurements:
 - observable dependent on m_t
- Indirect measurements:
 - property $f(m_t^{\text{pole}})$
- Many decay channels, many experimental observables
 - combination

Direct top mass in ℓ +jets final state

- 1 high-pt isolated e/μ , $N_{jets} \geq 4$, $N_{b-tags} = 2$
- Reconstruction using m_W constraint + kinematic fit \rightarrow goodness of fit
- Ideogram method: estimation of the jet energy scale factor (JSF) to reduce JES impact



$$m_t = 172.25 \pm 0.08(\text{stat}) \pm 0.62(\text{syst}) \quad \epsilon_{m_t} = 3.6 \%$$

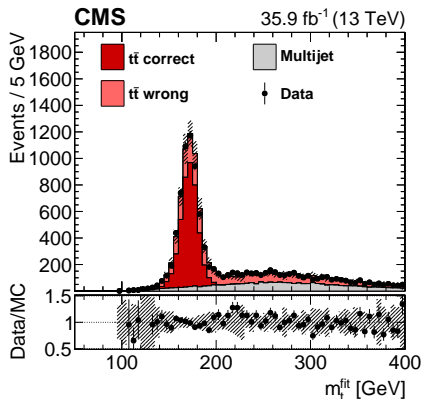
$$JSF = 0.996 \pm 0.001(\text{stat}) \pm 0.008(\text{syst})$$

Eur. Phys. J. C 78 (2018) 891

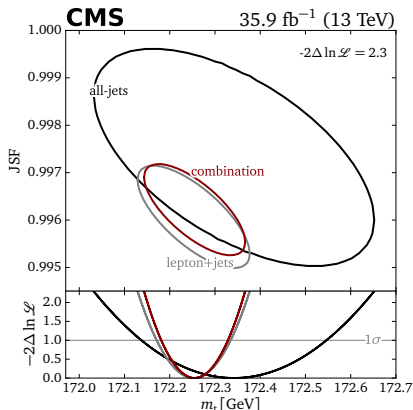
Direct top mass in all-had final state

- $N_{jets} = 6$, $N_{b-tags} = 2$
- Same strategy of ℓ +jets analysis

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$$m_t = 172.34 \pm 0.20(\text{stat}) \pm 0.70(\text{syst})$$
$$JSF = 0.997 \pm 0.002(\text{stat}) \pm 0.007(\text{syst})$$

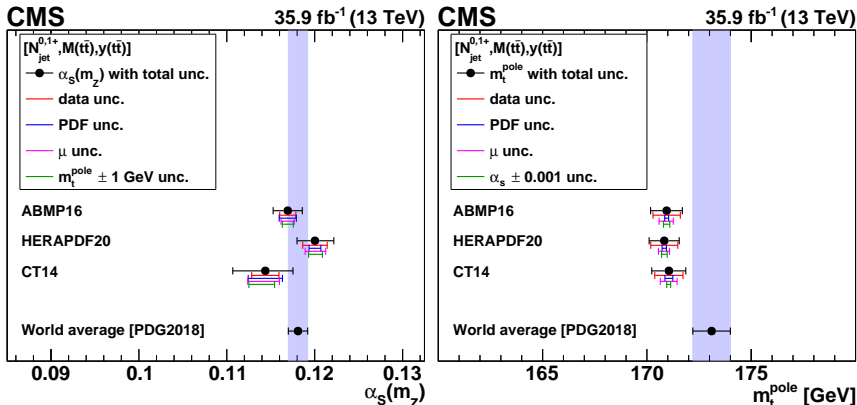


$$m_t = 172.26 \pm 0.07(\text{stat}) \pm 0.61(\text{syst})$$
$$JSF = 0.996 \pm 0.001(\text{stat}) \pm 0.007(\text{syst})$$

Indirect top pole mass in dilepton final state

- Details on the analysis → see Otto's [talk](#)
- Triple-differential $\sigma(N_{\text{jets}}, M(\bar{t}\bar{t}), y(\bar{t}\bar{t}))$

arXiv:1904.05237



$$\alpha_S(m_Z) = 0.1135 \pm 0.0016(\text{fit})^{+0.0002}_{-0.0004}(\text{model})^{+0.0008}_{-0.0001}(\text{param})^{+0.0011}_{-0.0005}(\text{scale})$$

$$m_t^{\text{pole}} = 170.5 \pm 0.7(\text{fit}) \pm 0.1(\text{model})^{+0.0}_{-0.1}(\text{param}) \pm 0.3(\text{scale}) \text{ GeV}$$

Direct top MC mass in dilepton final state

- Analysis strategy details → see Juan's talk Eur. Phys. J. C 79 (2019) 368
- Simultaneous fit for cross section and mass extraction

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 815 \pm 2 \text{ (stat)} \pm 29 \text{ (syst)} \pm 20 \text{ (lumi) pb}$$
$$m_t^{\text{MC}} = 172.33 \pm 0.14 \text{ (stat)}^{+0.66}_{-0.72} \text{ (syst) GeV}$$

- Residual dependence of the cross section on m_t^{MC}
→ indirect measurement of m_t^{pole}

PDF set	m_t^{pole} [GeV]
ABMP16	$169.9 \pm 1.8(\text{fit} + \text{PDF} + \alpha_S)^{+0.8}_{-1.2}(\text{scale})$
NNPDF3.1	$173.2 \pm 1.9(\text{fit} + \text{PDF} + \alpha_S)^{+0.9}_{-1.3}(\text{scale})$
CT14	$173.7 \pm 2.0(\text{fit} + \text{PDF} + \alpha_S)^{+0.9}_{-1.4}(\text{scale})$
MMHT14	$173.6 \pm 1.9(\text{fit} + \text{PDF} + \alpha_S)^{+0.9}_{-1.4}(\text{scale})$

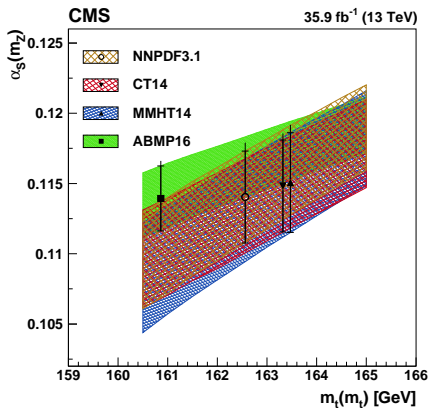
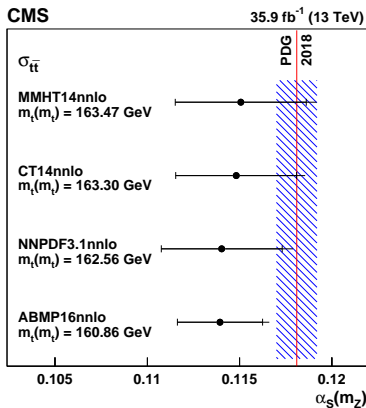
Indirect \overline{MS} top mass in dilepton final state

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 815 \pm 2 \text{ (stat)} \pm 29 \text{ (syst)} \pm 20 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb}$$
$$m_t^{\text{MC}} = 172.33 \pm 0.14 \text{ (stat)} {}^{+0.66}_{-0.72} \text{ (syst)} \text{ GeV}$$

- Residual dependence of the cross section on m_t^{MC}

→ indirect $m_t(m_t)$ and α_S determination:

[Eur. Phys. J. C 79 \(2019\) 368](#)



Top quark polarization

- By factorizing decay density matrices ρ and $\bar{\rho}$:

$$|\mathcal{M}(q\bar{q}/gg \rightarrow t\bar{t} \rightarrow (\ell^+\nu b)(\ell^-\bar{\nu}\bar{b}))|^2 \sim \text{Tr}[\rho R \bar{\rho}]$$

- Study spin density matrix R using double-differential cross section:

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{d \cos \theta_1^i d \cos \theta_2^j} = \frac{1}{4} \left(1 + B_1^i \cos \theta_1^i + B_2^j \cos \theta_2^j - C_{ij} \cos \theta_1^i \cos \theta_2^j \right)$$

Top quark polarization

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- Derive single-differential cross sections with respect to $\cos \theta_1^i$, $\cos \theta_2^j$, and $\cos \theta_1^i \cos \theta_2^j$:

Polarization

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{d \cos \theta_1^i} = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + B_1^i \cos \theta_1^i \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{d \cos \theta_2^j} = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + B_2^j \cos \theta_2^j \right)$$

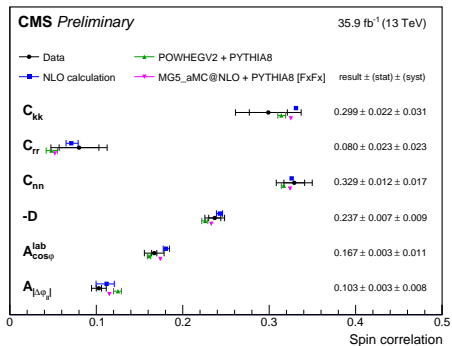
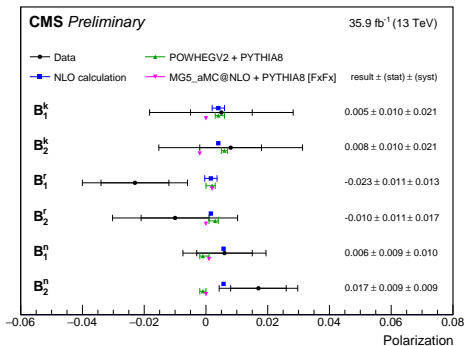
Spin correlation

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{d \cos \theta_1^i d \cos \theta_2^j} = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - C_{ij} \cos \theta_1^i \cos \theta_2^j \right) \ln \left(\frac{1}{\cos \theta_1^i \cos \theta_2^j} \right)$$

Measurement of the top quark polarization

- $t\bar{t} \rightarrow (\ell^+ \nu b)(\ell^- \bar{\nu} \bar{b})$ perfect for spin measurements:
spin analyzing power of the lepton ~ 1
- Kinematic fit for full event reconstruction
- χ^2 minimization technique to unfold distributions
- 15 single-differential cross sections measured

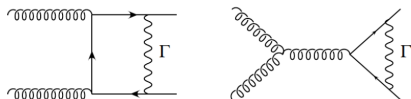
CMS-PAS-TOP-18-006



Yukawa coupling

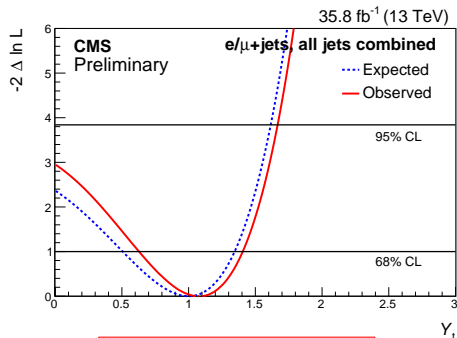
- Weak force mediated corrections $\sim \mathcal{O}(\alpha^2 \alpha_{weak})$
- t and \bar{t} with small relative velocity, $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ sensitive to Yukawa coupling
- 1 high-pt isolated e/μ , $N_{jets} \geq 3$, $N_{b-tags} \geq 2$
- New kinematic reconstruction technique with one missing jet events
- Missing jet events favour low- $m_{t\bar{t}}$ region \rightarrow max sensitivity
- Extraction from $M_{t\bar{t}}$ and $\Delta y = y_t - y_{\bar{t}}$ for different jet multiplicities.

Weak virtual corrections



Exclusion limit

Channel	Expected 95% CL	Observed 95% CL
3 jets	$Y_t < 2.17$	$Y_t < 2.59$
4 jets	$Y_t < 1.88$	$Y_t < 1.77$
5 jets	$Y_t < 2.03$	$Y_t < 2.23$
Combined	$Y_t < 1.62$	$Y_t < 1.67$



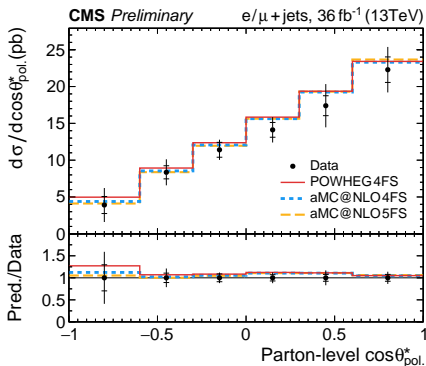
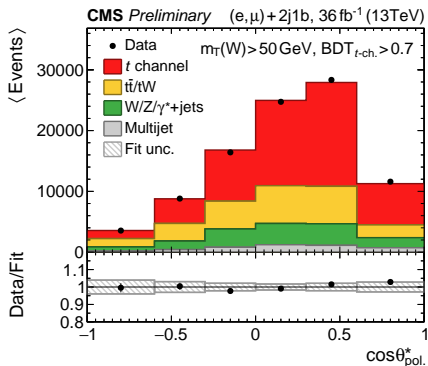
CMS-PAS-TOP-17-004

Top quark spin asymmetry

- Spin asymmetry from differential t -channel single-top cross section

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\theta_X^*} = \frac{1}{2}(1 + P_t^{(\bar{s})} \alpha_X \cos\theta_X^*) = \left(\frac{1}{2} + A_X \cos\theta_X^*\right)$$

- 1 ℓ with $p_T > 35(26)$ for $e(\mu)$, $N_{jets} = 2-3$, $N_{b-tags} = 0-2$
- Differential measurement with χ^2 minimization technique

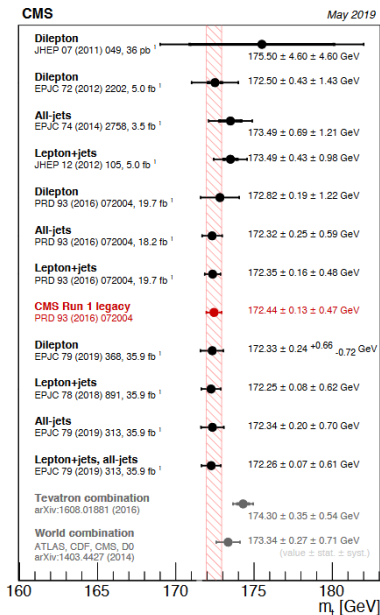


$$A_{e/\mu} = 0.439 \pm 0.032(\text{stat}) \pm 0.053(\text{syst})$$

CMS-PAS-TOP-17-023

Conclusions

- Many properties of the top quark measured with high precision
- Top mass is one of the most important: direct and indirect measurements with uncertainties below 1 GeV
- High quantity of data allows measurements of rare processes to test the SM predictions
- Many BSM models can be tested with differential and multi-differential measurements
- No deviation from the SM predictions are observed but the top quark sector is one of the most interesting for BSM physics manifestation





Thank you

BACKUP

Production processes

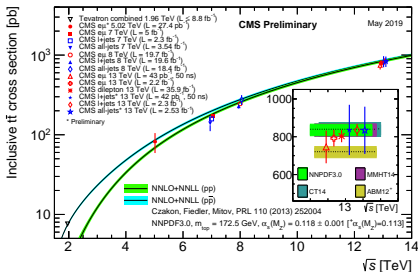
Top quark can be produced by:

Strong interaction

$t\bar{t}$ pairs

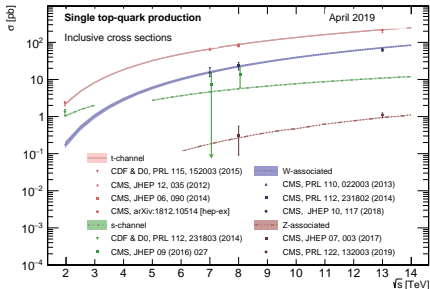
$q\bar{q} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ (15%) $gg \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ (85%)

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 816_{-28.6}^{+19.4+34.4} \text{ pb}$$



Weak interaction

- s-channel
- t-channel
- tW associate production
- tZ associate production



On top mass definition

In the on-shell (o.s.) and $\overline{\text{MS}}$ schemes $S^R(p)$ can then be expressed in terms of pole and $\overline{\text{MS}}$ masses, respectively, as follows:

$$S_{\text{o.s.}}^R(p) \simeq \frac{i}{\not{p} - m_{\text{pole}}} \quad S_{\overline{\text{MS}}}^R(p, \mu) \simeq \frac{i}{\not{p} - m_{\overline{\text{MS}}}(\mu) - (A - B)m_{\overline{\text{MS}}}(\mu)}$$

The relation between top-quark pole (m_t^{pole}) and $\overline{\text{MS}}$ ($m_t(m_t)$) masses was calculated up to four loops in and reads:

$$\begin{aligned} m_{t,\text{pole}} &= \bar{m}_t(\bar{m}_t) [1 + 0.4244 \alpha_S + 0.8345 \alpha_S^2 + 2.375 \alpha_S^3 + (8.615 \pm 0.017) \alpha_S^4 + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_S^5)] \\ &= [163.508 + 7.529 + 1.606 + 0.496 + (0.195 \pm 0.0004)] \text{ GeV}. \end{aligned}$$

For further details see [arXiv:1903.06574v2](https://arxiv.org/abs/1903.06574v2)

Ideogram method

- PDFs from samples with 7 different m_t and 5 different JSF values
- Method bias estimated with pseudo-experiments and corrected

$$\mathcal{L}(\text{sample}|m_t, \text{JSF}) = P(\text{JSF}) \prod_{\text{events}} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n P_{\text{gof}}(i) \times \left[\sum_j f_j P_j(m_{t,i}^{\text{fit}}|m_t, \text{JSF}) P_j(m_{\text{W},i}^{\text{reco}}|m_t, \text{JSF}) \right] \right)^{w_{\text{evt}}},$$

where:

- i = i -th permutation in one event
- j =correct permutation, uncorrect permutation, unmatched

[Eur. Phys. J. C 78 \(2018\) 891](#)

Direct top mass in ℓ +jets final state details

	2D approach		1D approach	Hybrid	
	δm_t^{2D} [GeV]	δJSE^{2D} [%]	δm_t^{1D} [GeV]	δm_t^{hyb} [GeV]	$\delta \text{JSE}^{\text{hyb}}$ [%]
<i>Experimental uncertainties</i>					
Method calibration	0.05	<0.1	0.05	0.05	<0.1
JEC (quad. sum)	0.13	0.2	0.83	0.18	0.3
- InterCalibration	(-0.02)	(<0.1)	(+0.16)	(+0.04)	(<0.1)
- MPFltSitu	(-0.01)	(<0.1)	(+0.23)	(+0.07)	(<0.1)
- Uncorrelated	(-0.13)	(+0.2)	(+0.78)	(+0.16)	(+0.3)
Jet energy resolution	-0.08	+0.1	+0.04	-0.04	+0.1
b tagging	+0.03	<0.1	+0.01	+0.03	<0.1
Pileup	-0.08	+0.1	+0.02	-0.05	+0.1
Non- $t\bar{t}$ background	+0.04	-0.1	-0.02	+0.02	-0.1
<i>Modeling uncertainties</i>					
JEC Flavor (linear sum)	0.42	0.1	0.31	0.39	<0.1
- light quarks (uds)	(+0.10)	(-0.1)	(-0.01)	(+0.06)	(-0.1)
- charm	(+0.02)	(<0.1)	(-0.01)	(+0.01)	(<0.1)
- bottom	(-0.32)	(<0.1)	(-0.31)	(-0.32)	(<0.1)
- gluon	(-0.22)	(+0.3)	(+0.02)	(-0.15)	(+0.2)
b jet modeling (quad. sum)	0.13	0.1	0.09	0.12	<0.1
- b frag. Bowler-Lund	(-0.07)	(+0.1)	(-0.01)	(-0.05)	(<0.1)
- b frag. Peterson	(+0.04)	(<0.1)	(+0.05)	(+0.04)	(<0.1)
- semileptonic B decays	(+0.11)	(<0.1)	(+0.08)	(+0.10)	(<0.1)
PDF	0.02	<0.1	0.02	0.02	<0.1
Ren. and fact. scales	0.02	0.1	0.02	0.01	<0.1
ME/PS matching	-0.08	+0.1	+0.03	-0.05	+0.1
ME generator	+0.19 ± 0.14	+0.1	+0.29 ± 0.08	+0.22 ± 0.11	+0.1
ISR PS scale	+0.07 ± 0.09	+0.1	+0.10 ± 0.05	+0.06 ± 0.07	<0.1
FSR PS scale	+0.24 ± 0.06	-0.4	-0.22 ± 0.04	+0.13 ± 0.05	-0.3
Top quark p_T	+0.02	-0.1	-0.06	-0.01	-0.1
Underlying event	-0.10 ± 0.08	+0.1	+0.01 ± 0.05	-0.07 ± 0.07	+0.1
Early resonance decays	-0.22 ± 0.09	+0.8	+0.42 ± 0.05	-0.03 ± 0.07	+0.5
Color reconnection	+0.34 ± 0.09	-0.1	+0.23 ± 0.06	+0.31 ± 0.08	-0.1
Total systematic	0.72	1.0	1.09	0.62	0.8
Statistical (expected)	0.09	0.1	0.06	0.08	0.1
Total (expected)	0.72	1.0	1.09	0.62	0.8

- Main systematic uncertainty:
JEC 0.18 GeV (experimental)
JEC 0.32 GeV (model)

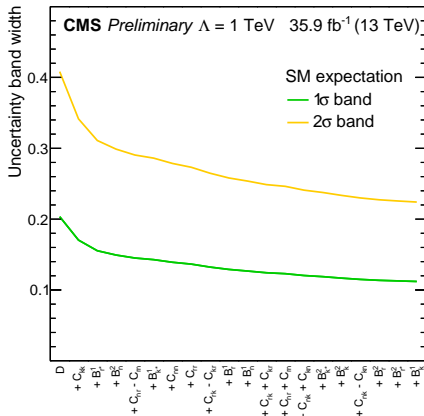
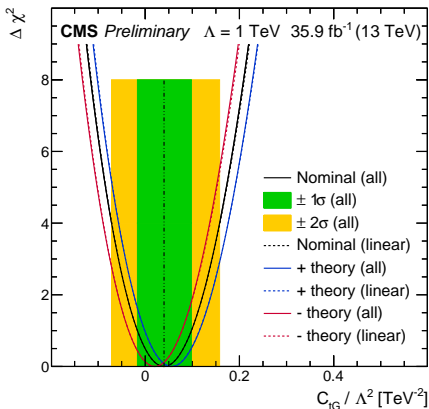
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Direct top mass in all-had final state details

	2D		1D	hybrid		all-jets	δm_t^{hyb} [GeV]	
	δm_t^{2D} [GeV]	$\delta \text{JSF}^{\text{2D}}$ [%]	δm_t^{1D} [GeV]	δm_t^{hyb} [GeV]	$\delta \text{JSF}^{\text{hyb}}$ [%]		ℓ +jets	combination
<i>Experimental uncertainties</i>						<i>Experimental uncertainties</i>		
Method calibration	0.03	0.0	0.03	0.03	0.0	0.06	0.05	0.03
JEC (quad. sum)	0.12	0.2	0.82	0.17	0.3	0.15	0.18	0.17
- Inter-calibration	-0.01	0.0	+0.16	+0.04	+0.1	-0.04	+0.04	+0.04
- MPFIInSitu	-0.01	0.0	+0.23	+0.07	+0.1	+0.08	+0.07	+0.07
- Uncorrelated	-0.12	-0.2	+0.77	+0.15	+0.3	+0.12	+0.16	+0.15
Jet energy resolution	-0.18	+0.3	+0.09	-0.10	+0.2	-0.04	-0.12	-0.10
b tagging	0.03	0.0	0.01	0.02	0.0	0.02	0.03	0.02
Pileup	-0.07	+0.1	+0.02	-0.05	+0.1	-0.04	-0.05	-0.05
All-jets background	0.01	0.0	0.00	0.01	0.0	0.07	-	0.01
All-jets trigger	+0.01	0.0	0.00	+0.01	0.0	+0.02	-	+0.01
ℓ +jets Background	-0.02	0.0	+0.01	-0.01	0.0	-	+0.02	-0.01
ℓ +jets Trigger	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	-	-	-
Lepton isolation	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	-	-	-
Lepton identification	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	-	-	-
<i>Modeling uncertainties</i>						<i>Modeling uncertainties</i>		
JEC flavor (linear sum)	-0.39	+0.1	-0.31	-0.37	+0.1	-0.34	-0.39	-0.37
- light quarks (uds)	+0.11	-0.1	-0.01	+0.07	-0.1	+0.07	+0.06	+0.07
- charm	+0.03	0.0	-0.01	+0.02	0.0	+0.02	+0.01	+0.02
- bottom	-0.31	0.0	-0.31	-0.31	0.0	-0.29	-0.32	-0.31
- gluon	-0.22	+0.3	+0.02	-0.15	+0.2	-0.13	-0.15	-0.15
b jet modeling (quad. sum)	0.08	0.1	0.04	0.06	0.1	0.09	0.12	0.06
- b frag. Bowler-Lund	-0.06	+0.1	-0.01	-0.05	0.0	-0.07	-0.05	-0.05
- b frag. Peterson	-0.03	0.0	0.00	-0.02	0.0	-0.05	+0.04	-0.02
- semileptonic b hadron decays	-0.04	0.0	-0.04	-0.04	0.0	-0.03	+0.10	-0.04
PDF	0.01	0.0	0.01	0.01	0.0	0.01	0.02	0.01
Ren. and fact. scales	0.01	0.0	0.02	0.01	0.0	0.04	0.01	0.01
ME/PS matching	-0.10 ± 0.08	+0.1	+0.02 ± 0.05	+0.07 ± 0.07	+0.1	+0.24	-0.07	+0.07
ME generator	+0.16 ± 0.21	+0.2	+0.32 ± 0.13	+0.21 ± 0.18	+0.1	-	+0.20	+0.21
ISR PS scale	+0.07 ± 0.08	+0.1	+0.10 ± 0.05	+0.07 ± 0.07	0.1	+0.14	+0.07	+0.07
FSR PS scale	+0.23 ± 0.07	-0.4	-0.19 ± 0.04	+0.12 ± 0.06	-0.3	+0.18	+0.13	+0.12
Top quark p_T	+0.01	-0.1	-0.06	-0.01	-0.1	+0.03	-0.01	-0.01
Underlying event	-0.06 ± 0.07	+0.1	+0.00 ± 0.05	-0.04 ± 0.06	+0.1	+0.17	-0.07	-0.06
Early resonance decays	-0.20 ± 0.08	+0.7	+0.42 ± 0.05	-0.01 ± 0.07	+0.5	+0.24	-0.07	-0.07
CR modeling (max. shift)	+0.37 ± 0.09	-0.2	+0.22 ± 0.06	+0.33 ± 0.07	-0.1	-0.36	+0.31	+0.33
- "gluon move" (ERD on)	+0.37 ± 0.09	-0.2	+0.22 ± 0.06	+0.33 ± 0.07	-0.1	+0.32	+0.31	+0.33
- "QCD inspired" (ERD on)	-0.11 ± 0.09	-0.1	-0.21 ± 0.06	-0.14 ± 0.07	-0.1	-0.36	-0.13	-0.14
Total systematic	0.71	1.0	1.07	0.61	0.7	0.70	0.62	0.61
Statistical (expected)	0.08	0.1	0.05	0.07	0.1	0.20	0.08	0.07
Total (expected)	0.72	1.0	1.08	0.61	0.7	0.72	0.63	0.61

Top quark chromomagnetic dipole moment

- CMDM is for a colour-charged particle the analogous to the magnetic dipole for electrically charged particle
- Top quark CMDM small due to intrinsic top spin and colour charge
- BSM predict anomalous CMDM, parametrizable in dim-6 EFT
- C_{Gt} sensitivity improved by 50% w.r.t. previous 13 TeV results



Top charge asymmetry

- Signals of BSM physics could also appear in $t\bar{t}$ production as anomalous top quark or leptonic charge asymmetries

$$A_c^{t\bar{t}} = \frac{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta|y|(t, \bar{t}) > 0) - \sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta|y|(t, \bar{t}) < 0)}{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta|y|(t, \bar{t}) > 0) + \sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta|y|(t, \bar{t}) < 0)}$$

$$A_c^{\ell\bar{\ell}} = \frac{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta\eta(\ell, \bar{\ell}) > 0) - \sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta\eta(\ell, \bar{\ell}) < 0)}{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta\eta(\ell, \bar{\ell}) > 0) + \sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta\eta(\ell, \bar{\ell}) < 0)}$$

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