## EPS-HEP2019



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## Measurements of dijet azimuthal decorrelations and extraction of alpha\_S at ATLAS

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The production of jets at hadron colliders provides stringent tests of perturbative QCD. We present a measurement of the rapidity and transverse momentum dependence of dijet azimuthal decorrelations, using the quantity R $\Delta\varphi$ . This quantity specifies the fraction of the inclusive dijet events in which the azimuthal opening angle of the two jets with the highest transverse momenta is less than a given value of the parameter  $\Delta\varphi$ -max. R $\Delta\varphi$  is measured in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$ =8 TeV as a function of the dijet rapidity interval, the event total scalar transverse momentum, and  $\Delta\varphi$ -max. Predictions of a perturbative QCD calculation at next-to-leading order in the strong coupling with corrections for non-perturbative effects describe the data well in the whole kinematic region. The data are used to determine the strong coupling  $\alpha$ S and to study its running for momentum transfers from 260 GeV to above 1.6 TeV. An analysis that combines data at all momentum transfers results in  $\alpha$ S(mZ)=0.1127-0.0027+0.0063.

Primary author: ATLAS COLLABORATION

Presenter: RIZVI, Eram Syed (Queen Mary, University of London)

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