

# Testbeam Studies on Pick-Up in Sensors with Embedded Pitch Adapters



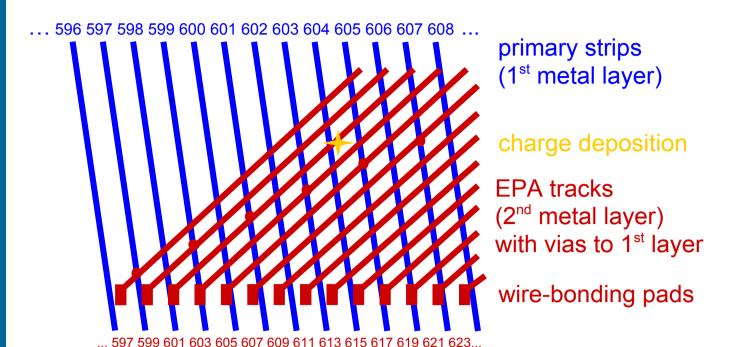
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# Embedded Pitch Adapters (EPAs) Moving the pad-pitch adaption into the sensor by implementing a 2<sup>nd</sup> metal layer. Connections between 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> metal layer by vias. Advantage: facilitation of detector module assembly. Sensors: 300 µm thick silicon sensors with radially oriented strips, as used for the tests described in this work. EPAs shown in blue. \*\*Constant length of and angle between 2<sup>nd</sup> metal tracks (red) + 10 µm track width (same as 1<sup>st</sup> metal, blue) + Highest density of 2<sup>nd</sup> metal tracks ("worst case")

# Possible Challenges in Sensors with EPAs

- Noise enhancement due to higher interstrip capacitance
- Cross-talk: coupling between tracks of the two metal layers
- Pick-up: coupling of charge induced in the silicon bulk into the EPA tracks



Part of the EPA geometry under study that adapts channels with odd numbers, indicating readout channel numbers of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> metal layer tracks, and example photon interaction location

### Example:

charge induced near strip 604 can be picked up by 2<sup>nd</sup> metal track of strip 601

- Partial pick-up: signal in channel
   601 and in channel
   604
- → fake signal
- Full pick-up: signal in channel 601
- → information loss and fake signal
- Effect restricted to area with EPA
- → Investigate EPA architecture with highest density of 2<sup>nd</sup> metal tracks.
- Pick-up: Present? Threshold-dependent? Location-dependent?

# **Experimental Setup and Performed Measurements**

### Testbeam

### Synchrotron radiation from Diamond Light Source

- Monochromatic 15 keV photon beam
- Micro-focussed beam (~2 μm \* 3 μm beam spot)
- 1.2 ± 0.2 photons/10 ns, 51% int. probability each

### **Implications**

- Energy deposition only ~1/5 that of a MIP
- → no quantitative results
- Very high spatial resolution
- → obtain detailed map of effects
- Avg. no. of photon interactions per event: 1.4 ± 0.3

### **Tested Device and Measurements**

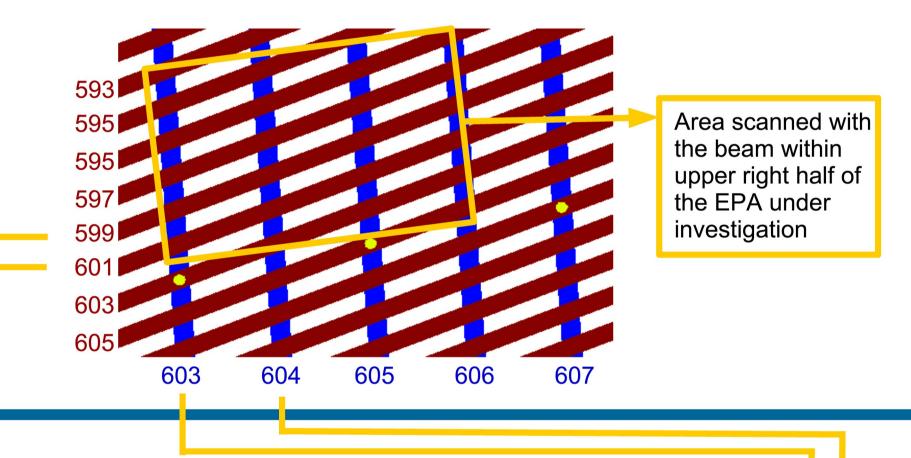
- ATLAS ITk strip tracker end-cap prototype module [1]
- 300 µm thick high-resistivity wedge-shaped n-in-p sensors with radially oriented strips and EPAs [2,3]
- Binary readout with ABCN-25 ASICs [4]
- → no information on deposited charge
- → threshold scans, hits above threshold
- Low range of discriminator thresholds probed:
   54.4 mV to 80 mV to measure small effects

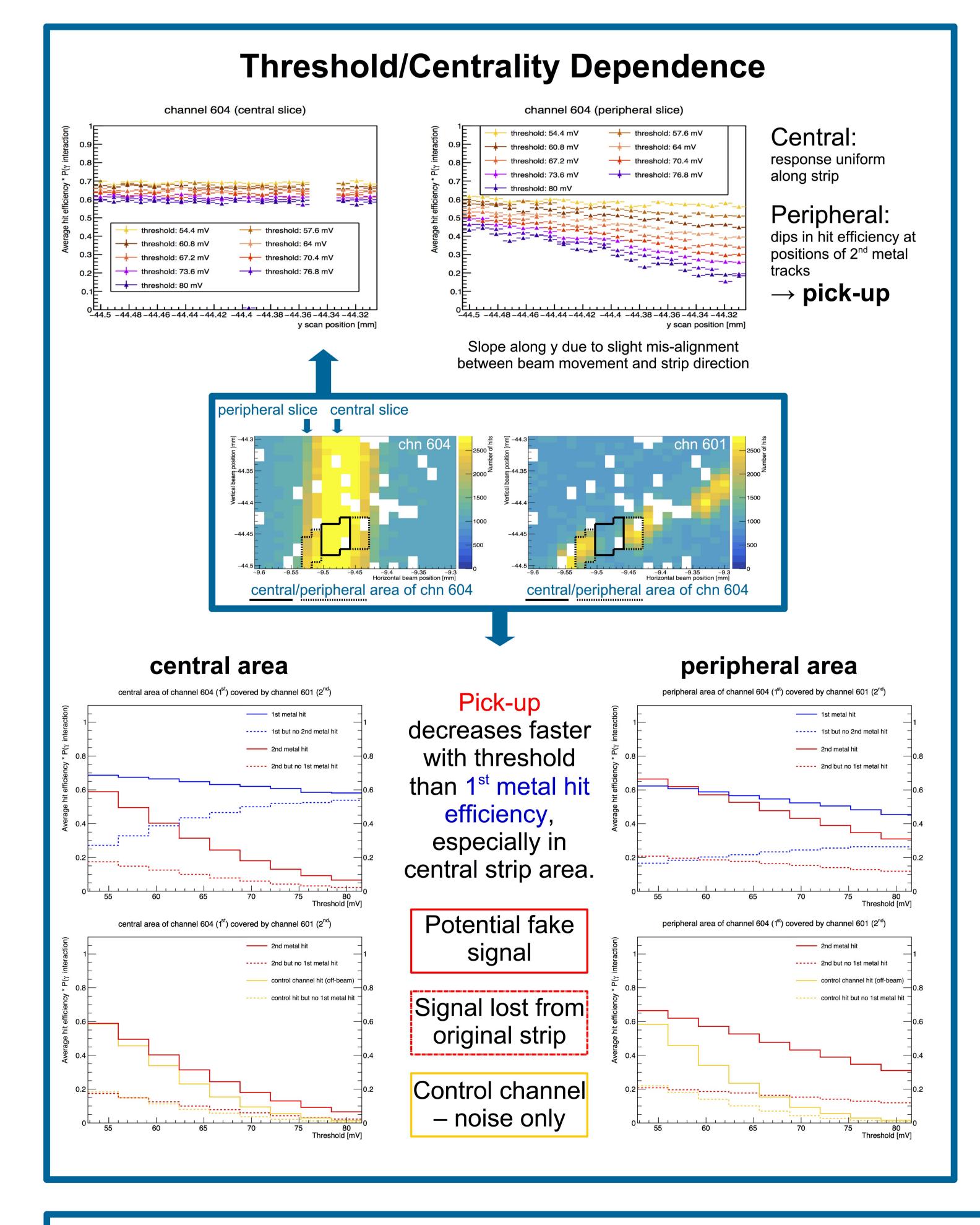
[1] S. Kuehn et al 2017 JINST 12 P05015
 [2] V. Benítez et al 2015 CERN
 ATL-COM-UPGRADE-2015-027

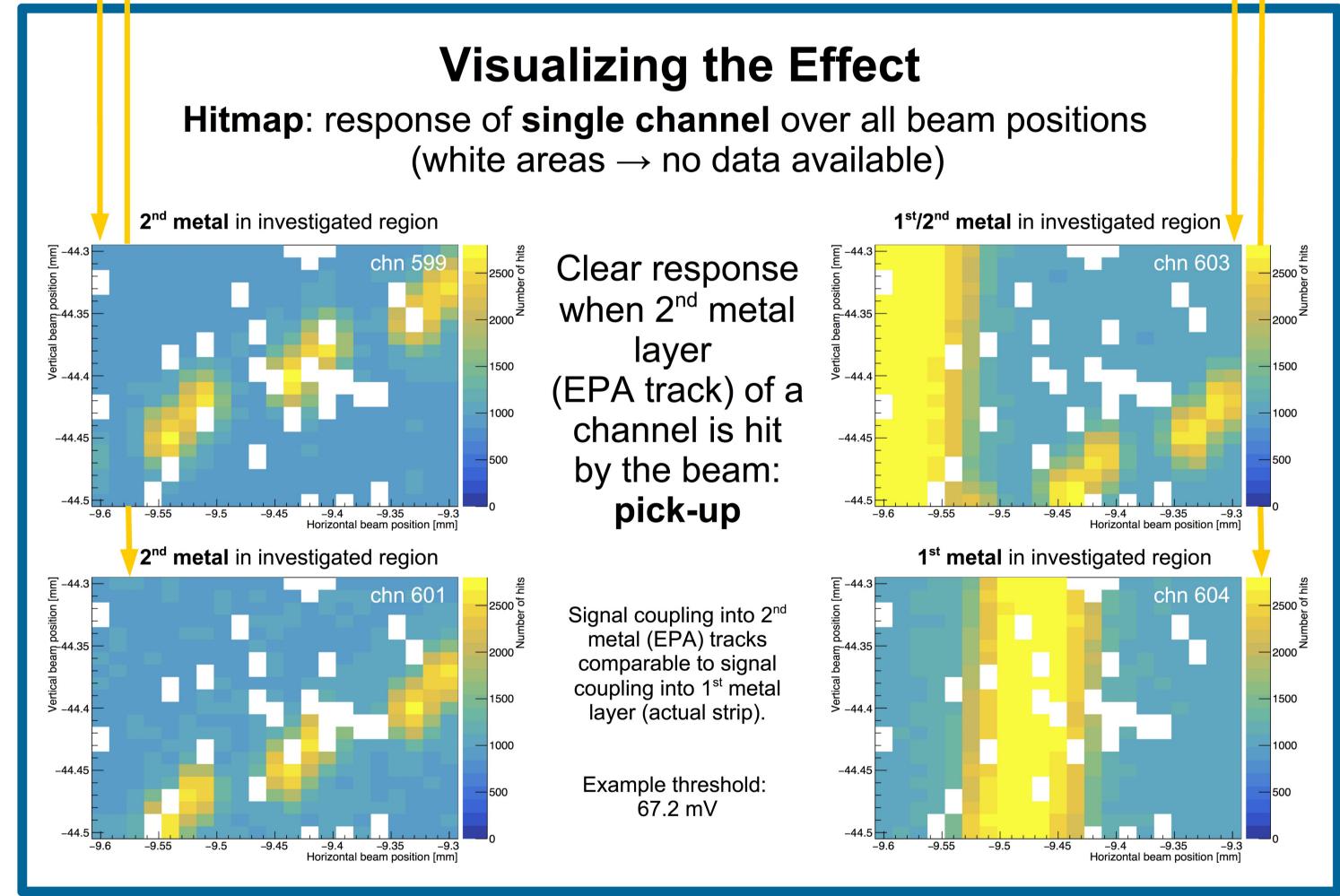
[3] M. Ullán *et al* 2016 *NIM A* **821**[4] W. Dabrowski *et al* IEEE Nucl. Sci. Symp. Conf. Rec. (NSS/MIC) (2009) 373

# Investigated Sensor Area

- 300 μm \* 200 μm in steps of 15 μm \* 10 μm (primary strip pitch: ~100 μm)
- Covering ~4 1<sup>st</sup> metal and ~5 2<sup>nd</sup> metal tracks







## **Conclusions and Outlook**

- First testbeam results on sensors with embedded pitch adapters
  - 15 keV micro-focussed photon beam → no MIPs, no quantification, but good mapping out of effect
- Pick-up present in unirradiated sensors for
  - low thresholds of binary readout
  - EPA architecture with largest 2<sup>nd</sup> metal area ("worst case scenario")

Perspective:
Can the effect be deployed

for obtaining 2D information

on interaction location?

- Effect decreases fast towards operating threshold
- Effect possible only in EPA region (< 10% of sensor area)
  - strongest in peripheral strip area

### Up next:

- Compare with irradiated sensor
- Extend measurement to higher thresholds
- Repeat measurement for more favored EPA architecture
- Compare with measurements from particle testbeam