

# The 7<sup>th</sup> Evian Workshop: Nonlinear optics commissioning in the LHC

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and the **O**ptics **M**easurement and **C**orrection (**OMC**) Team



*(From talk by Mike Lamont, circa. 2011)*



**R. Tomás & friends**

*(From talk by Mike Lamont, circa. 2011)*



**Talk on behalf of the OMC “Owls”**

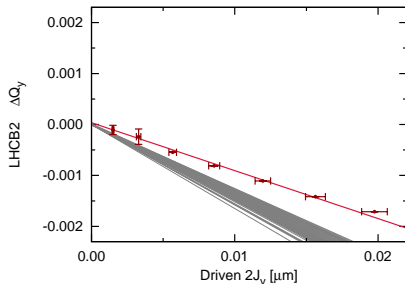
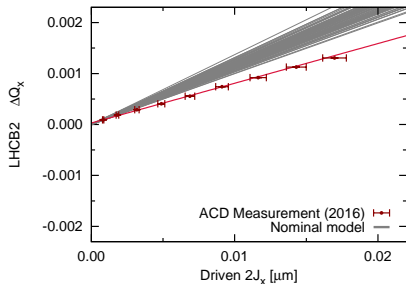
*Particular thanks also go to X. Buffat, M. Giovannozzi, S. Fartoukh and R. De Maria*

# Why nonlinear optics commissioning???

→ impact of NL-error in experimental insertions increases for small  $\beta^*$

## Normal octupole ( $b_4$ )

- Normal octupole causes tune spread with particle amplitude
- Landau octupole (MO) intentionally introduce  $b_4$  for damping of instabilities



- Measured Q-spread from IR- $b_4$  at 40cm  $\sim \frac{1}{3}$  of that generated by MO (2016)

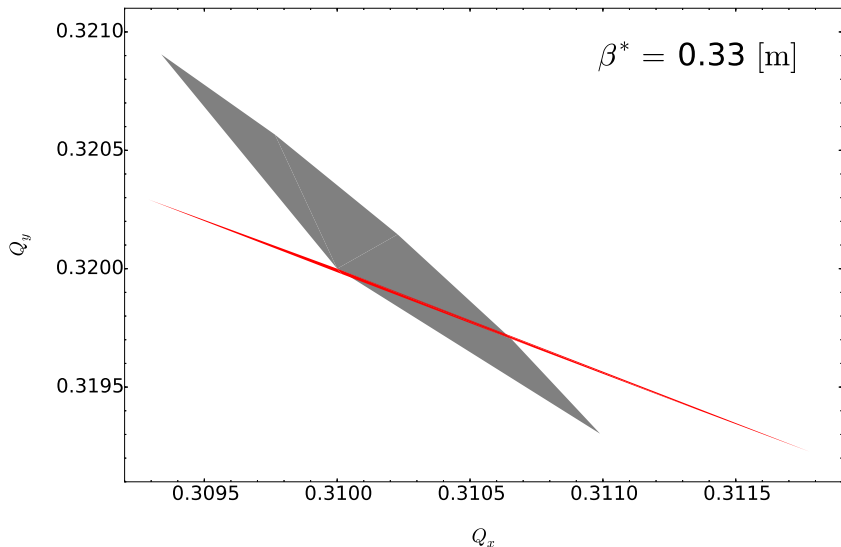
## Tune spread generated in experimental insertions is not a small effect!

- Since 2012 observe online BBQ  $|C^-|$  cannot be trusted with strong MO
  - low- $\beta$  optics is in equivalent situation even without MO
  - **Online  $|C^-|$  should be ignored for  $\beta^* < 80$  cm.**
- IR tune-spread may enhance or correct detuning introduced by MO
  - potential impact on Landau damping of instabilities

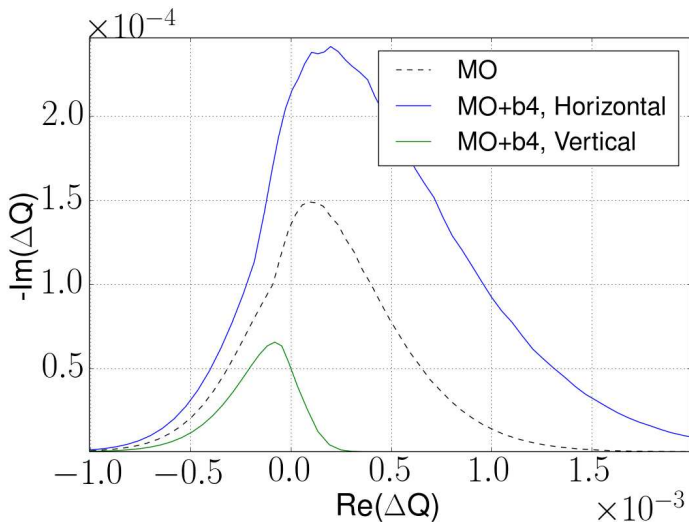
**Contribution of experimental insertions depends on  $\beta^*$**

- **Tune footprint varies significantly during the squeeze!**
- [See companion slide.](#)

## By 33cm tune spread bears little relation to intended footprint

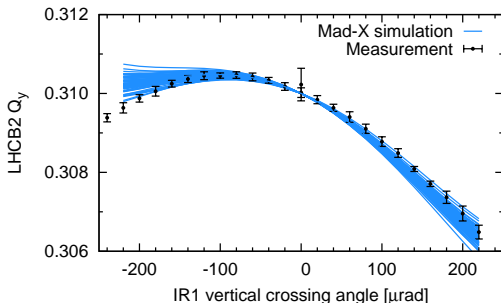


**Stability diagram at  $\beta^* = 33$  cm with & without IR  $b_4$  errors**  
*Simulations and plot by Xavier Buffat (CERN)*



# Can we correct?

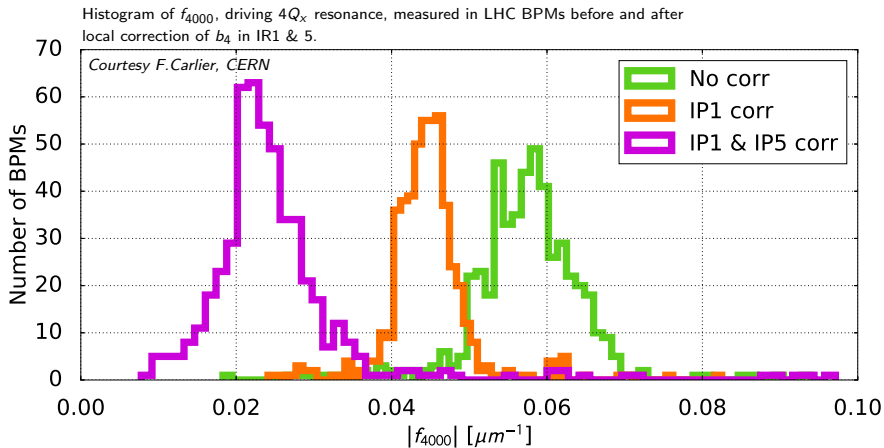
- Dedicated correctors left & right of IP allow local compensation
- Discrepancy of beam-based measurements with magnetic model  
→ can't calculate correction directly from magnetic measurements
- **Want local correction per-IP**  
→ **challenge is separating contribution from IR1 & IR5**



- 2<sup>nd</sup> order feed-down to  $Q_{x,y}$  in IR1 agrees with magnetic model
- 2<sup>nd</sup> order FD did not agree in IR5  
→ significantly smaller
- **Apply nominal IR1 correction, then minimize residual in IR5**

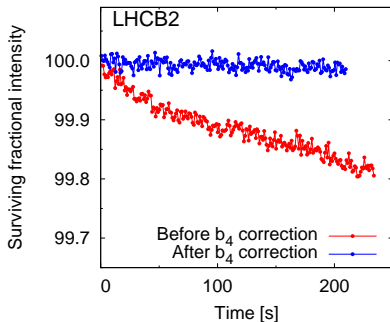
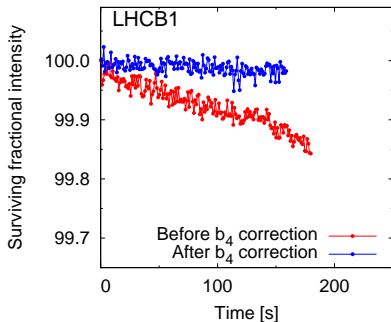


- Successful correction of  $b_4$  achieved at 40cm
- Validated by direct measurement of  $b_4$  Resonance Driving Terms (RDT)



## Local corrections are independent of $\beta^*$

- IR1 correction at 40 cm validated at 4 TeV, 60 cm in 2012  
*Phys. Rev. ST Accel. Beams* 18, 121002 (2015), E.H. Maclean, R. Tomás, M. Giovannozzi, T.H.B. Persson.
- Observe improvement in lifetime at  $\beta^* = 14$  cm upon applying IR  $b_4$  correction from 40 cm



Require  $\sim 1/2$  shift for re-validation of  $b_4$  corrections in experimental insertions

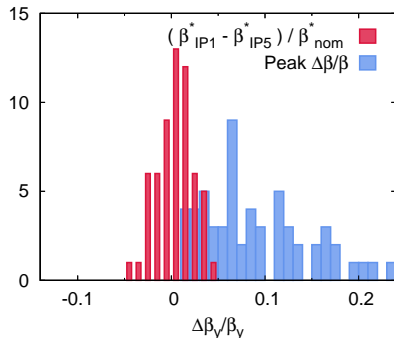
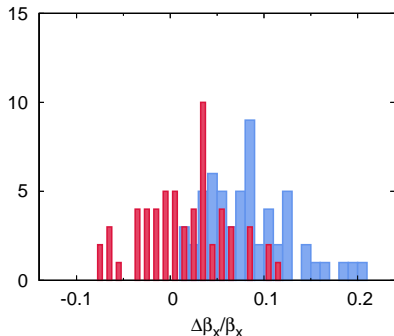
# HAPPY OPTICS OWLS !!!



## IR - sextupole errors

- IR-nonlinear errors in HL-LHC have a significant impact on the beam dynamics
- Feed-down from  $a_3$  &  $b_3$  with crossing scheme applied causes large perturbations to linear optics

( $\beta$ -beat in HL-LHC generated only by IR sextupole errors.  $\beta^* = 15$  cm, 295  $\mu$ rad in IR1,5)



- Serious risk correction of IR-sextupole errors will be a machine protection issue in HL-LHC, certainly a concern for lumi-balance

# SAD OPTICS OWLS :-)



**FOR HL-LHC WANT EXPERIENCE COMMISSIONING  $b_3$  &  $a_3$   
ERRORS NOW, WHILE THEY ARE LESS CRITICAL**



Effect on linear optics scales by  $\sim \frac{4}{3}$  going from 40 cm to 30 cm:

- $\beta^*$  imbalance at 40 cm from effective model  $\approx 1\%$ -1.5 %
- $\beta^*$  imbalance at 30 cm from effective model  $\approx 1\%$ -2%
- From measurement expect peak  $\frac{\Delta\beta}{\beta} \approx 4\%$  from nonlinear errors
  
- Aim to correct  $\frac{\Delta\beta}{\beta}$  & ATLAS/CMS  $\beta^*$ -imbalance from IR-sextupole feed-down in 2017
- Not large enough to be a machine protection issue
  - Perform nonlinear optics commissioning in parallel with other tasks, after initial commissioning of linear optics with flat orbit

## Correction strategy for IR sextupoles:

- Measure feed-down from nonlinear errors to tune and coupling  
→ **Requires manual or automatic OFB during orbit scans**
- Where beam- & magnetic- measurements agree, implement & validate nominal corrections
- Where beam- & magnetic- measurements disagree, minimize feed-down to  $Q_{x,y}$  of both beams with IR-sextupole correctors
- If unable to find a solution fall back to nominal OMC methods  
→ **Commissioning with crossing angles is untested at low- $\beta$**

## Nonlinear optics commissioning requires 2 shifts:

- Combined  $b_4$  validation, and measurement of IR sextupole errors
- Implementation of IR sextupole corrections & final  $\beta^*$  measurement with crossing scheme applied

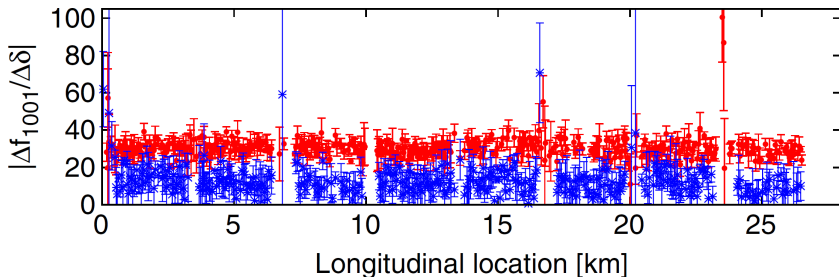


# CHROMATIC COUPLING → Change of $|C^-|$ with $\frac{\delta p}{p}$

- Skew sextupole + horizontal dispersion
- Normal sextupole + vertical dispersion
- Measured for free when checking normalized dispersion with AC-dipole

## Correction demonstrated at 4 TeV in 2012

Phys. Rev. ST Accel. Beams 16, 081003 (2013), T.Persson, Y.I.Levinsen, R.Tomás, E.H.Maclean.

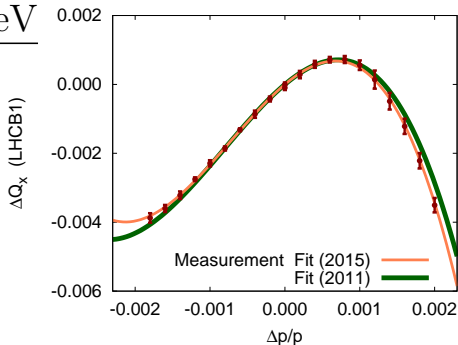
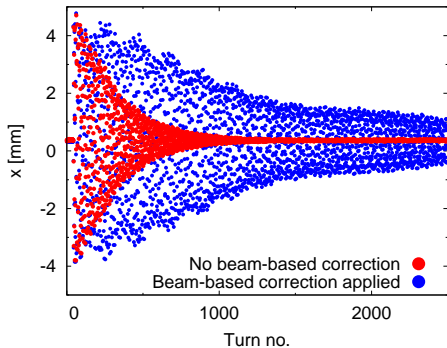


## Correction commissioned in 2015, but not applied in operation

- Improved control of coupling with negligible commissioning overhead

# Nonlinear optics at 450 GeV

- Beam-based correction of NL-chroma
- Order-of-magnitude  $b_4$  error ( $Q''_{x,y}$ )
- Factor  $\sim 2$  error in  $b_5$  ( $Q'''_{x,y}$ )
- Errors stable over 5-year period

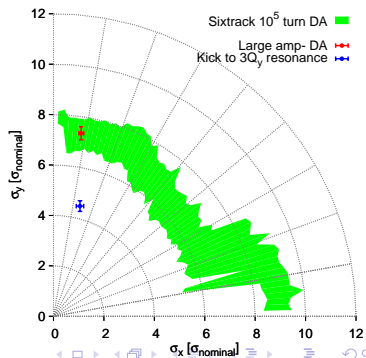
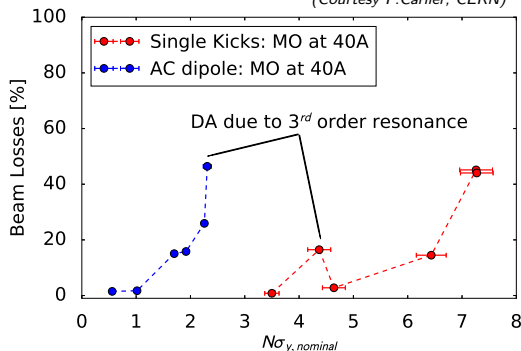


- Minimizing NL-chroma corrects tune-spread, decoherence & DA
- Demonstrated in Run I MD  
[Phys. Rev. ST Accel. Beams 17, 081002, E.H.Maclean et al.](#)
- Used operationally since start of Run II  
[CERN-ACC-NOTE-2016-0013, E.H.Maclean et. al.](#)

## Dynamic aperture at injection reduced by 40A MO in 2016

- **2012** → limited by 3<sup>rd</sup> order resonance at  $\sim 9 \sigma_{\text{nom}}$
- **2016** → comparatively small losses on  $3Q_y$   
→ MKA can kick beyond  $3Q_y$  with small losses
- **Measured DA:**  $\sim 4 \sigma_{\text{nom}}$  (small losses);  $\sim 7 \sigma_{\text{nom}}$  (large losses)
- **SIXTRACK DA:**  $\sim 7 \sigma_{\text{nom}}$  in vertical; Min =  $\sim 5 \sigma_{\text{nom}}$  ( $10^5$  turns)
- Reduction of DA for driven oscillations validated.

(Courtesy F.Carlier, CERN)



## Conclusions

- **Nonlinear errors in IRs are not small effects at low- $\beta$ !**
- **$b_4$  has major impact on  $Q$ -spread through squeeze**  
→ Corrections well validated in 2016
- **Correction of IR sextupoles may be major concern for HL-LHC**  
→ Need commissioning experience now, while less critical
- **Anticipate 1% – 2%  $\beta^*$  imbalance from IR-sextupole in LHC**

**2 shifts required for commissioning of nonlinear optics**

