





# EYETS Recovery

**M.Solfaroli/M.Pojer**

*BE department*

*OP group*

Thanks to: Cryo team, MP3, EPC, MPE, Fidel, OP, CO, MEF, A.Milanese

# TRAINING CAMPAIGN

and a bit of EYETS recovery



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# Outline

- Training campaign...data
- EYETS (in few words) & recovery
- 2017 operation, few ideas

# The forecast



## A TENTATIVE EXTRAPOLATION



- So our best estimate with available data is 450 first quenches plus at most 150 second quenches
  - Estimate is rather linear in the 6.5-7 TeV range so for pushing the LHC today towards 7 TeV is about 50 quenches per 100 GeV, plus the second quench
  - If we consider case after a thermal cycle, we have to add the 170 quenches to go to 6.5 TeV

Best estimate for 7 TeV (first quench only)

sector	1000	2000	3000	total	done	to do
12	3	19	7	28	7	21
23	3	12	30	44	17	27
34	2	16	22	40	15	25
45	2	9	62	73	49	24
56	1	8	63	73	16	57
67	3	7	46	56	20	36
78	3	24	46	72	21	51
81	3	5	50	58	28	30
LHC	20	100	325	445	173	272



S34 → 25  
S45 → 24  
("virgin" magnets)

E. Todesco  
LMC on 20/01/2016

E. Todesco

Still very modest knowledge (=high uncertainty) on the number of quenches needed to reach 7 TeV!



# The method

**TARGET = 12 kA**  
**(7 TeV => 11850 A)**

## When

- 5<sup>th</sup> to 14<sup>th</sup> December

## What is needed

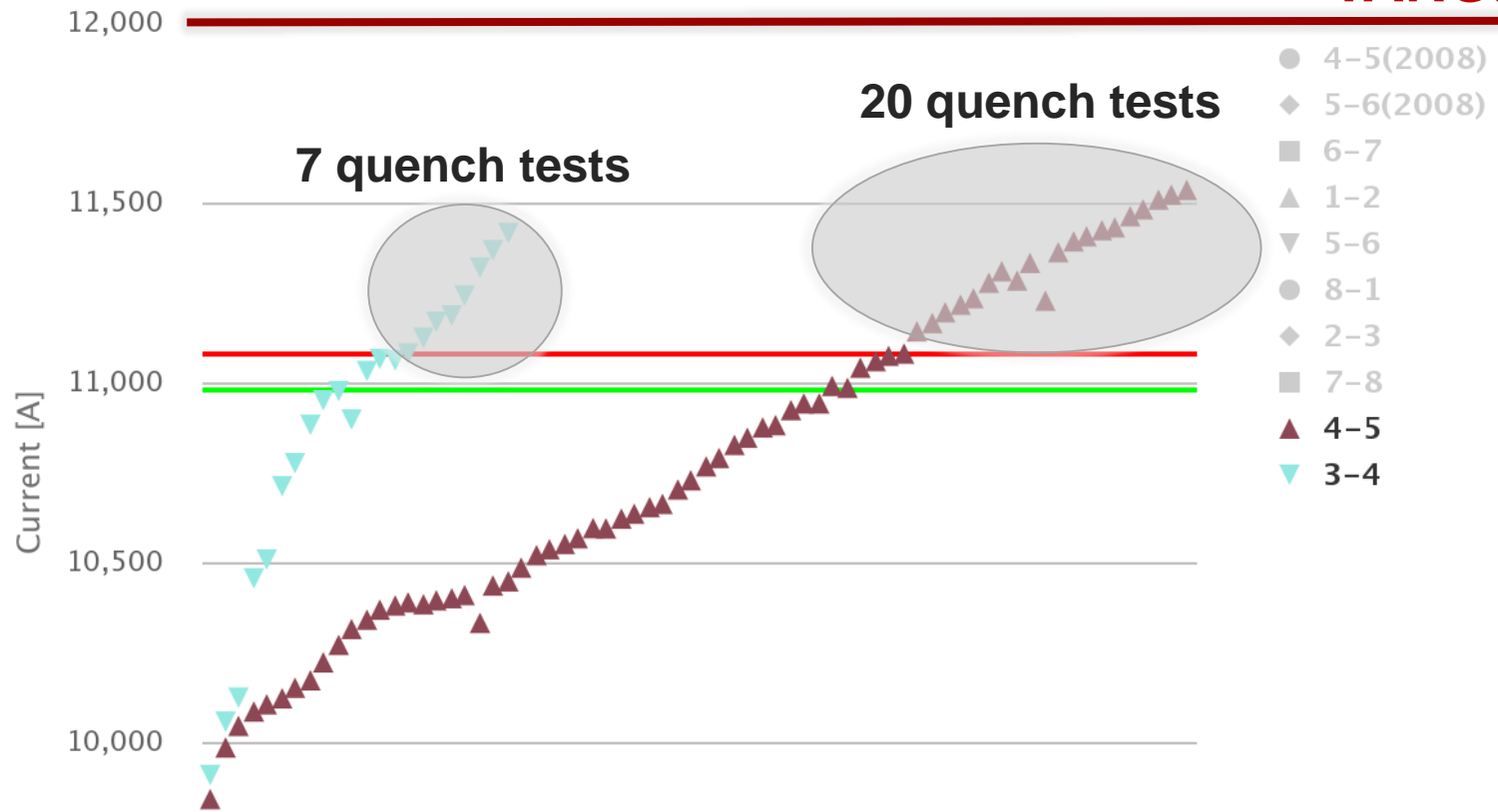
- Nominal cryogenic conditions in the ARC34 and ARC45
- No PC condemnation
- PIC and QPS and technical services (EL, CV, VAC) as in operation
- Controls in their operational status
- **Patrols** maintained in point 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6

## How

- Thanks to very efficient cryo recovery, we did **2-3 quenches/day**
- MP3 on shift from 7 till 23
- EPC, MPE and PIC piquet as in operation
- Test execution: OP in 2 shifts/day

# The quench campaign

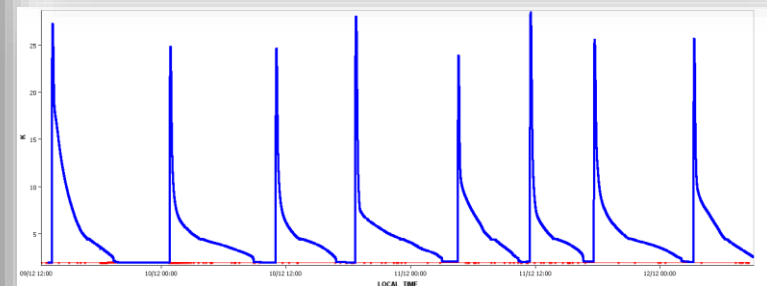
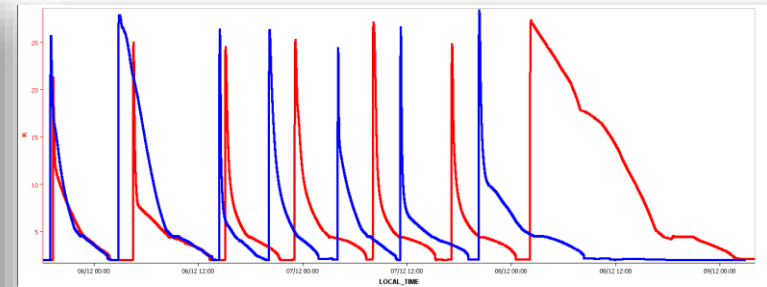
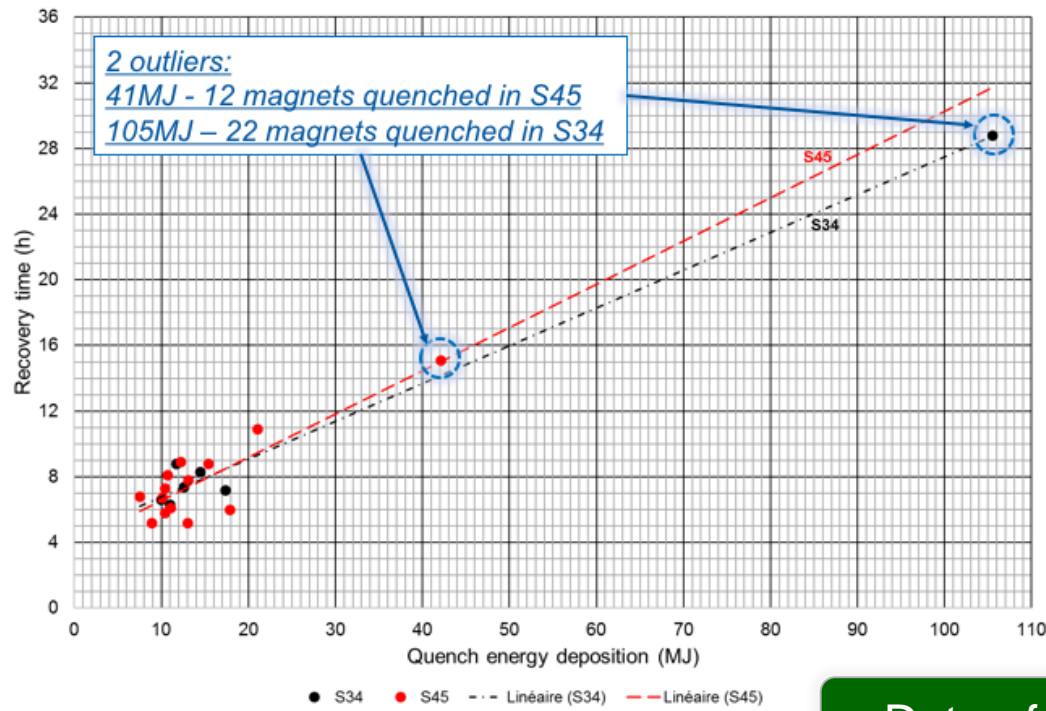
**TARGET**



	Current	Energy [TeV]	# training tests	Avg step increase	# training quenches	# secondary quenches
<b>S34</b>	11415 A	6.74	7	48 A	8	43
<b>S45</b>	11535 A	6.82	20	23 A	24	76

# The quench campaign (as seen by cryo)

	# training steps	E in the cryo system	Average E in the cryo system	Average recovery time
S34	7	76.7 MJ	12.8 MJ	7.4 hours
S45	16	161.3 MJ	12.4 MJ	7.2 hours

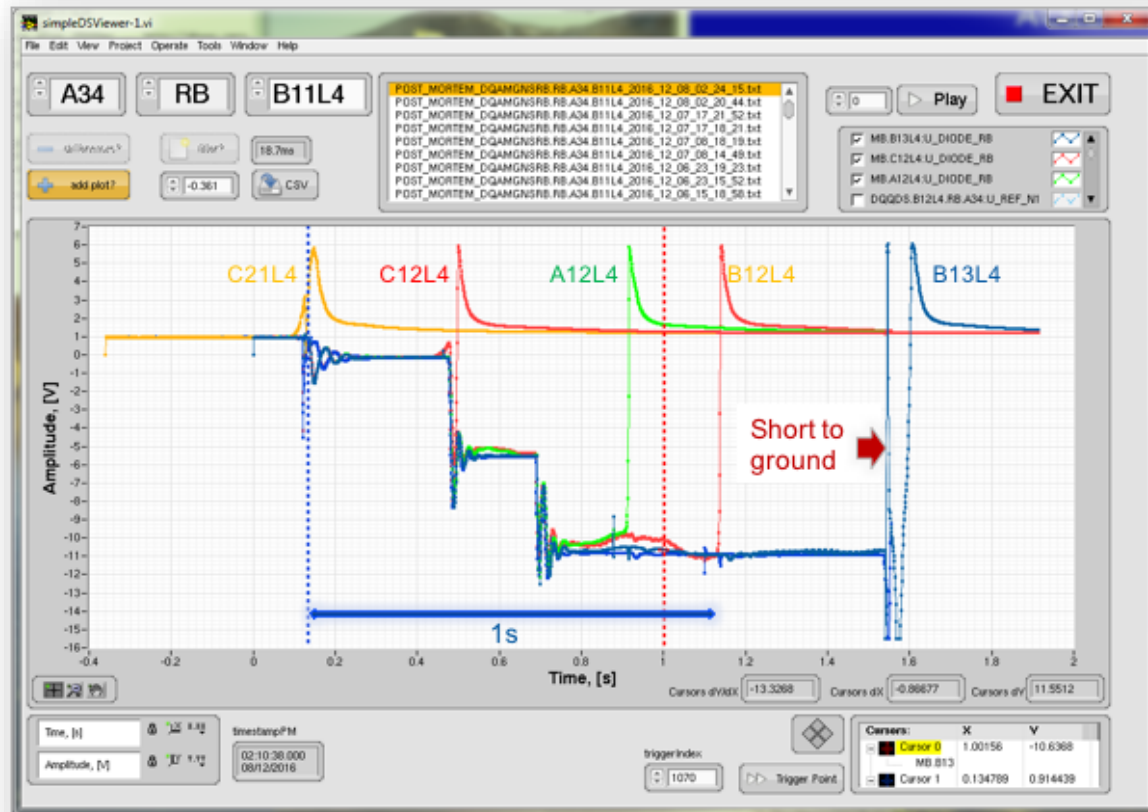
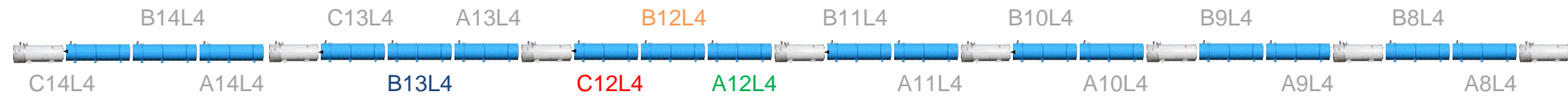


Data of Monday Dec 12<sup>th</sup>

L.Delprat



# The quench campaign – RB.A34

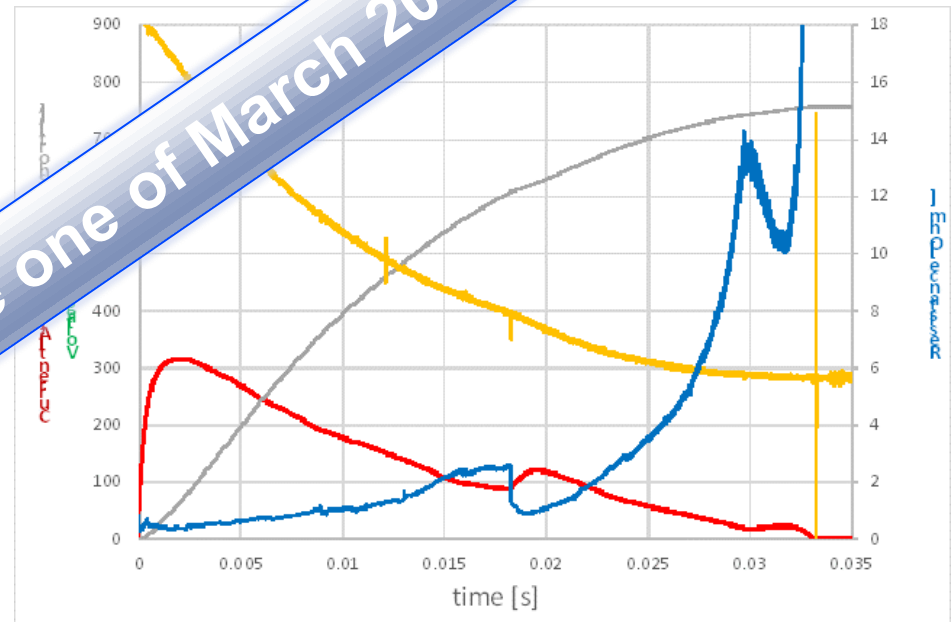


A short to ground appeared ~1.5s after the first magnet quench

Courtesy of S.Le Naour

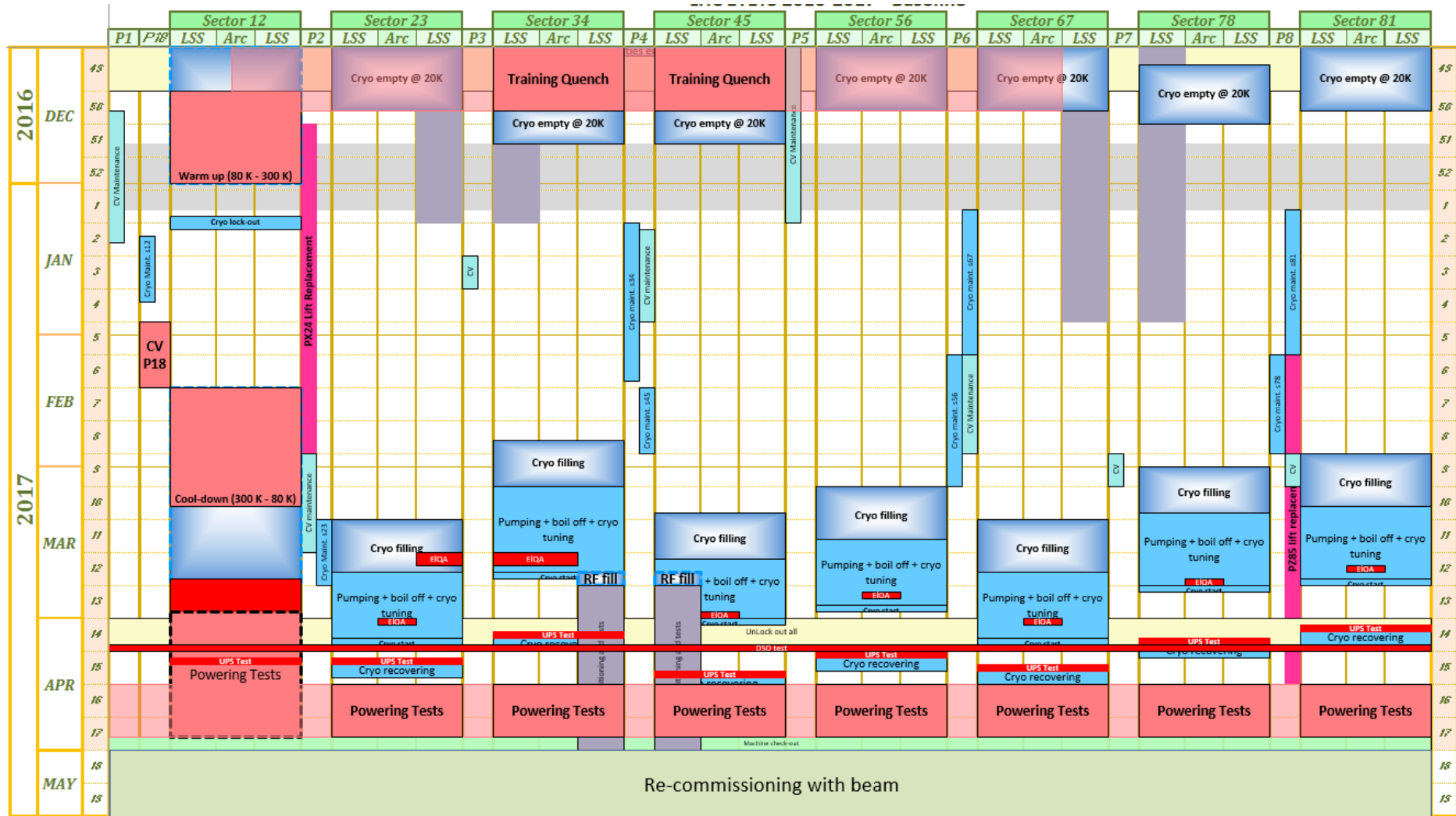
# The quench campaign – RB.A34

- ELQA measurements showed a **permanent short-to-ground** on the cold lead of the cold diode of MB.C12L4, very likely at the half-moon connection
- X-Rays show **metallic debris** on the half-moon of the cold lead of C12L4
- **Earth fault removed** by means of a capacitive current discharge



- Orange:** voltage over the capacitor of the Earth Fault Burner
- Red:** current through the short
- Grey:** energy dissipated in the short
- Blue:** calculated resistance of the short ( $=V_{\text{short}}/I_{\text{discharge}}$ )

# Planning – the frame



Courtesy of M. Bernardini





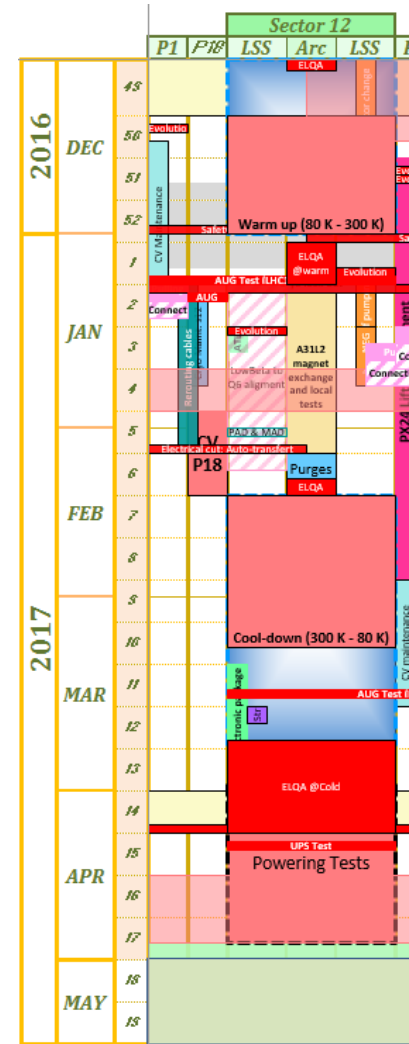
# The critical path

## A31L2 magnet exchange

- Sector 1-2 warm-up & related tests
- Magnet A31L2 exchange
- Sector 1-2 cool down & related tests

## Vacuum openings & reconditioning

- 17 vacuum sectors will be opened (BE-BI, Collimators, Vacuum, ...)



Courtesy of M. Bernardini

# PC modifications – an example

- Exchange of **RD1 and RD34** (4 converters) to improve the response to electrical perturbation
- Deployment of **FGC-lite** to decrease the sensitivity to radiation



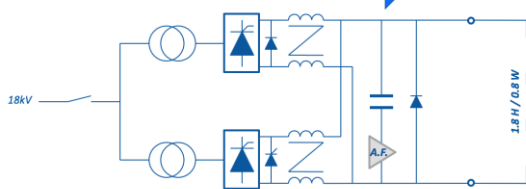
Replacement →



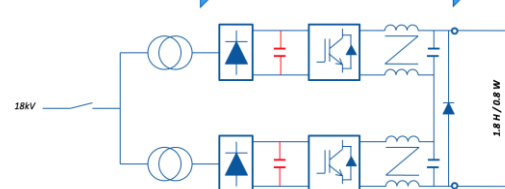
← Spare

These modifications have a NON-negligible impact on the control system...

- 15% (1 phase) **direct transmission** → - 5%  $V_{nom}$



- 15%  $V_{grid}$  (1 phase) **DC-link buffer!** → 0%  $V_{nominal}$





# The EYETS

## Solid baseline for 'each' YETS established last year

- **Cryogenics qualification** and readiness
- **EIQA tests** (baseline for the Main circuits + DSLC)
- **Preparation of superconducting circuits**
  - PC unlocking + check of cable water cooling interlocks
  - QHPS and QPS activation
- **UPS tests** (overhead for many users, but critical for machine safety)
- Extensive **powering test** campaign:
  - S12 full sector re-commissioning
  - Commissioning in the other sectors will be a repetition of 15/16 YETS campaign
  - **Early debugging** (3-4 days in advance) proved to be a **big help!!**

# The powering tests (from Evian 2015)

- 60A
  - All tests 2200
- 80-120A
  - PIC2 600
  - PNO.d1 300
- 600A
  - PIC2 2000
  - PLI3.b1-SOF 200
  - PNO.d3 400
  - PNO.a3 400
- IPQs
  - PIC2 400
  - PNO.a7 80
  - All tests (excluding PNO.f4) for RQ4.L/R1
- IPDs
  - PIC2 80
  - PNO.a8 16
- ITs
  - PIC2 40
  - PNO.a9 8
- RQs
  - PIC2 100
  - PNO.b3 (4h) 16
- RBs
  - PIC2 48
  - PNO.b2 (4h) 8

Almost 7000 tests!!!

8592 test steps to be performed on the superconducting circuits



# The challenges/worries

- 2015 powering tests experience:
  - **A minimum of 3 weeks is MANDATORY** (without overlap with machine check-out)
  - The last sector was commissioned in 4 weeks
- Powering tests will be done **during the last 2 weeks of April**
- **S12:**
  - 3 weeks (plus 1 in co-operation with EIQA) have been allocated
  - Re-commissioning = more than 2000 tests (+ possible re-training)
- **Other sectors:**
  - 2 weeks have been allocated
  - All sectors to be commissioned in parallel
  - ~6500 tests to be performed and analysed

**No access during the powering tests!!!**

# Machine check-out – the usual

**VAC**

**SMP**

**Operational functions**

**BIC**

**Power Converter**

**LHCf Hall**

**Timing editor**

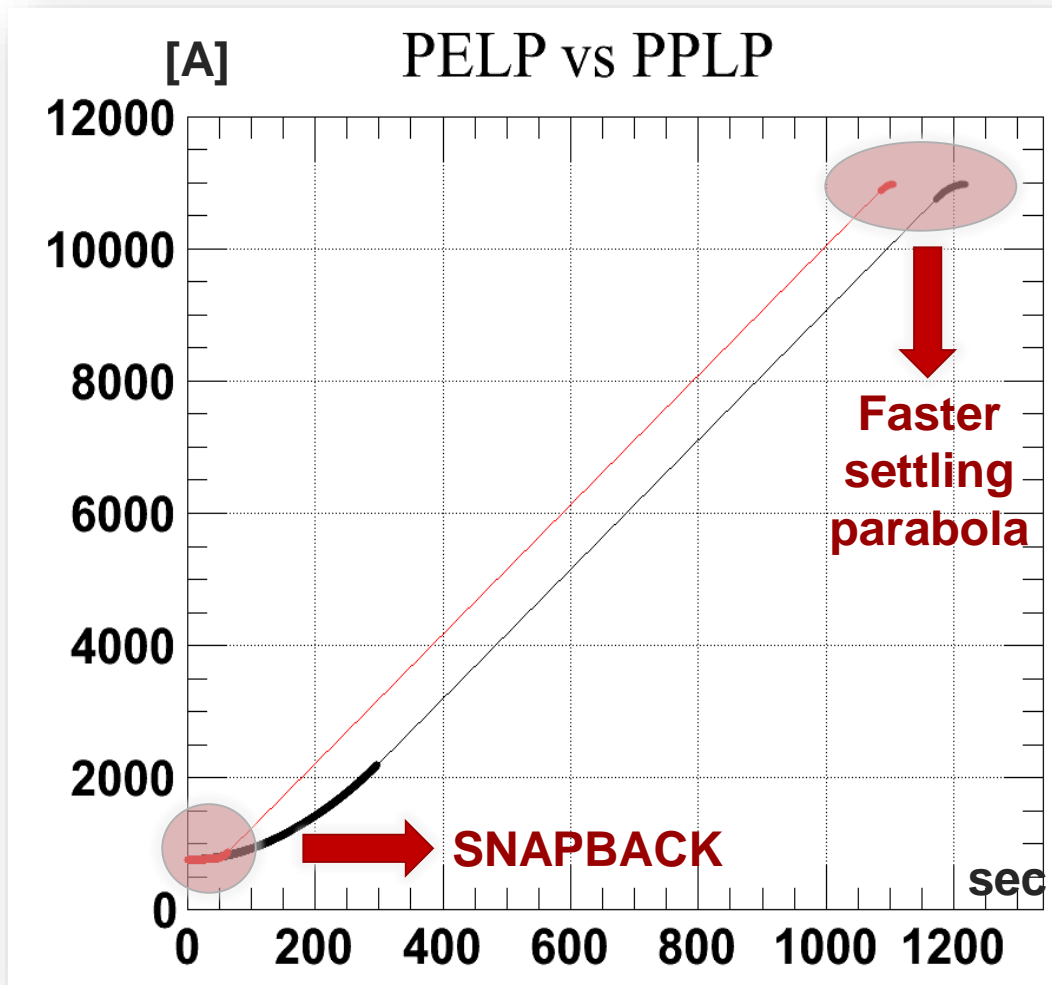
**Safe Machine Parameters in CCC: Detailed View**

Parameter	Lower limit	Current	Upper limit	Physics Energy
Slow BCT Beam-1 A	0.00 [p]	0.00 [p]	0.00 [p]	6.553514 [p]
Slow BCT Beam-1 B	0.00 [p]	0.00 [p]	0.00 [p]	6.553514 [p]
Slow BCT Beam-2 A	0.00 [p]	0.00 [p]	0.00 [p]	6.553514 [p]
Slow BCT Beam-2 B	0.00 [p]	0.00 [p]	0.00 [p]	6.553514 [p]
BETS Beam-1 Link A	0.00 GeV	0.00 GeV	0.00 GeV	6500.16 GeV
BETS Beam-1 Link B	0.00 GeV	0.00 GeV	0.00 GeV	6500.16 GeV
BETS Beam-2 Link A	0.00 GeV	0.00 GeV	0.00 GeV	6500.16 GeV
BETS Beam-2 Link B	0.00 GeV	0.00 GeV	0.00 GeV	6500.16 GeV

**Power Converter**

Parameter	Value
VOLTAGE_Q	ACSCA2BLCOUPLER
VOLTAGE_Q	ACSCA3BLCOUPLER
VOLTAGE_Q	ACSCA4BLCOUPLER
VOLTAGE_Q	ACSCA5BLCOUPLER
VOLTAGE_Q	ACSCA6BLCOUPLER
VOLTAGE_Q	ACSCA7BLCOUPLER
VOLTAGE_Q	ACSCA8BLCOUPLER
VOLTAGE_Q	ADTH1BLCOEFF_B1
VOLTAGE_Q	ADTH1BLCOEFF_B2
VOLTAGE_Q	ADTH1BLPH.SHIFT_1
VOLTAGE_Q	ADTH1BLPH.SHIFT_2
VOLTAGE_Q	ADTH2BLCOEFF_B1
VOLTAGE_Q	ADTH2BLCOEFF_B2
VOLTAGE_Q	ADTH2BLPH.SHIFT_1
VOLTAGE_Q	ADTH2BLPH.SHIFT_2
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB1LFFPROG_COARSE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB1LFFPROG_FINE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB2LFFPROG_COARSE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB2LFFPROG_FINE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB3LFFPROG_COARSE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB3LFFPROG_FINE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB4LFFPROG_COARSE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB4LFFPROG_FINE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB5LFFPROG_COARSE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB5LFFPROG_FINE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB6LFFPROG_COARSE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB6LFFPROG_FINE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB7LFFPROG_COARSE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB7LFFPROG_FINE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB8LFFPROG_COARSE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB8LFFPROG_FINE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB9LFFPROG_COARSE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB9LFFPROG_FINE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB10LFFPROG_COARSE
VOLTAGE_Q	ALB10LFFPROG_FINE

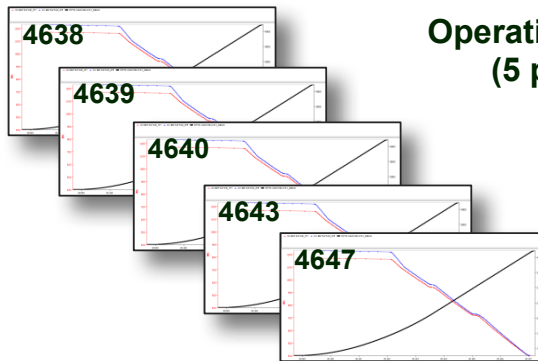
# Operation 2016 – PPLP ramp (vs PELP)



- The PPLP ramp is **~10% shorter** than the PELP ramp (1100 sec vs 1210 sec)
- ~350 ramps in 2016 => it would result in **about 10 hours/year gain**
- The PPLP ramp has **still to be tested** with beam
- The proposal for 2017 is to **start with the PPLP ramp** (easy roll-back)

# Operation 2016 – CRS

## Combined Ramp&Squeeze with beam



Operational experience  
(5 physics fills)

**2.51 TeV run**

Optics	Energy (GeV)	Time (s)	Parabolic fraction
R2015a A11mC11mA10mL10m_INJ	450	0	0.0
R2015a A11mC11mA10mL10m_INJ	500	60	0.05
R2015a A11mC11mA10mL10m_INJ	600	120	0.05
R2015a A11mC11mA10mL10m_INJ	1000	200	0.08
R2015a A900C900A10m 0.00950L900 0.00934	1200	290	0.1
R2015a A700C700A10m 0.00950L800 0.00919	1300	380	0.1
R2015a A400C400A10m 0.00950L700 0.00906	2450	500	0.1
R2015a A400C400A10m 0.00950L700 0.00906	2510	530	0.1

Reasonable  $\beta^*$  values:

- **3 m**: historical value where corrections started to be needed
- **1.2 m**: more aggressive scenario

Potential gain:

- $\beta^* = 3$  m (352 sec/fill)  
**~19 hours/year**
- $\beta^* = 1.2$  m (609 sec)  
**~33 hours/year**



**The betatron squeeze was performed ~300 times in 2016, resulting in an overall gain of ~30 hours!!**

# Operation 2016 – CRS

Can we push it further??

**YES**

- From a mere **setting** point of view there is **no limitations**
- **Optics** measurements/corrections are **not an issue** anymore
- The proposal is to:
  - Keep a **conservative approach** while pushing further CRS
  - Maintain a **good compromise** between time gain and settings flexibility
  - Reasonable choices seem to be:
    - **1.2 m** (gain of 257 sec)
    - **1 m** (gain of 306 sec)
    - **80 cm** (gain of 405 sec)



Time gain calculated  
from the present optics  
configuration

**MD to investigate very aggressive scenarios (up to 40 cm)**

# Conclusions

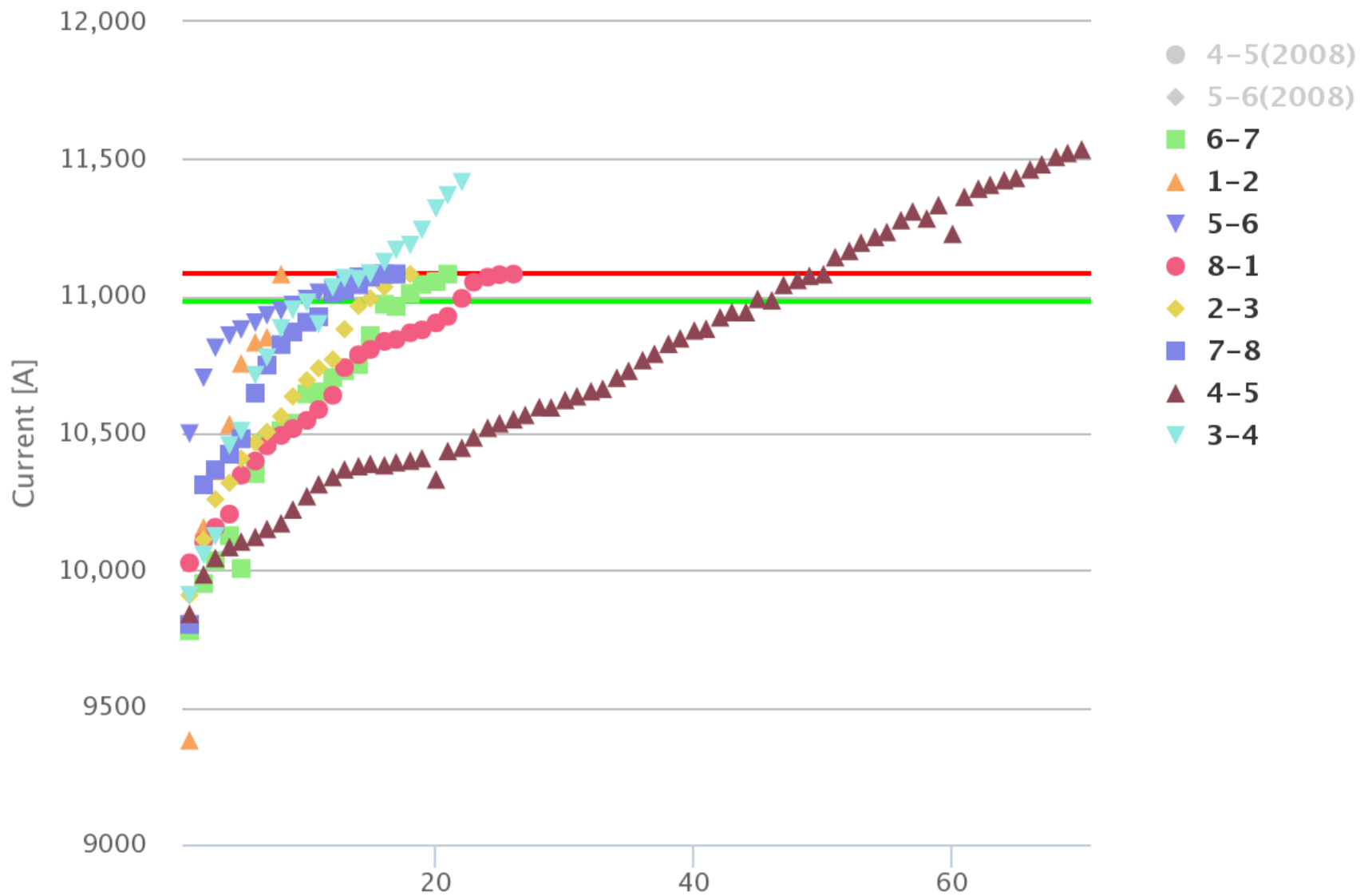
- The training campaign was **extremely useful**:
  - It showed a long way to 7 TeV:
    - Magnets re-quenching
    - Current steps seem to decrease at high(er) current
    - Quench on magnets from other manufacturers
  - It looks like we have established **a method to remove faults** in RBs (this might appear after quenches in the future)...still tests have to be done!
  
- The recovery from the EYETS will be challenging (many activities carried out)
  
- Some ideas are being considered to improve LHC operational efficiency in 2017

# SPARE SLIDES

Circuit	I [A]	E [TeV]	Magnet	Previous quenches
<b>RB.A34</b>	11123	6.57	3401 (C14R3)	-
	11162	6.60	3155 (A17R3)	10124 A (2015)
	11186	6.61	3400 (C27L4)	-
	11241	6.64	2070 (B27L4)	-
	11319	6.69	3151 (A20L4)	10776 A (2015)
	11367	6.72	3089 (C20L4)	-
	11415	6.74	3399 (C21L4) 1127 (C12L4)	-



Circuit	I [A]	Eq. E[TeV]	Magnet	Previous quenches
RB.A45	11142	6.58	3196 (B31L5)	-
	11165	6.60	3180 (B27L5)	9789 A (2008), 10383 A (2015)
	11195	6.61	3202 (B8L5)	10635 A (2015)
	11216	6.63	3231 (C19L5)	-
	11234	6.64	3391 (A15L5)	9985 A (2015)
	11277	6.66	2132 (A14R4)	-
	11309	6.68	2162 (C20L5) 3190 (B21L5) 2135 (B24L5)	- 10408 A (2015) -
	11283	6.67	2159 (B23L5)	-
	11333	6.7	3191 (A27R4)	10274 A (2008)
	11227	6.63	3191 (A27R4)	10274 A (2008), 11333 (2016)
	11362	6.71	2156 (A13L5)	-
	11392	6.73	3238 (A34L5) 3213 (A33R4)	- 10314 A (2015)
	11406	6.74	2143 (A16L5)	-
	11423	6.75	3195 (A15R4)	-
	11431	6.75	3228 (B13R4)	-
	11462	6.77	3233 (C26R4)	10520 A (2015)
	11481	6.78	3217 (A26L5)	10395 A (2015)
	11508	6.80	3197 (A30L5)	9985 (2015)
	11522	6.81	3185 (A16R4)	-
	11535	6.82	3236 (A13R4) 2167 (B9R4)	- -



Highcharts.com