



# Measurement of inelastic cross sections at LHCb

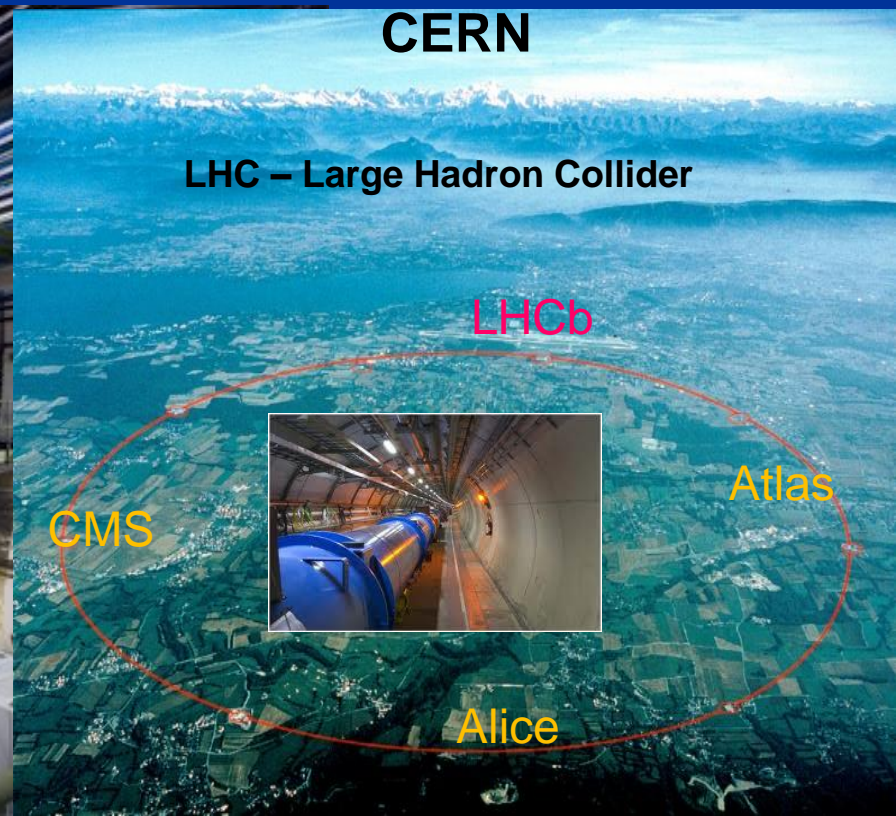
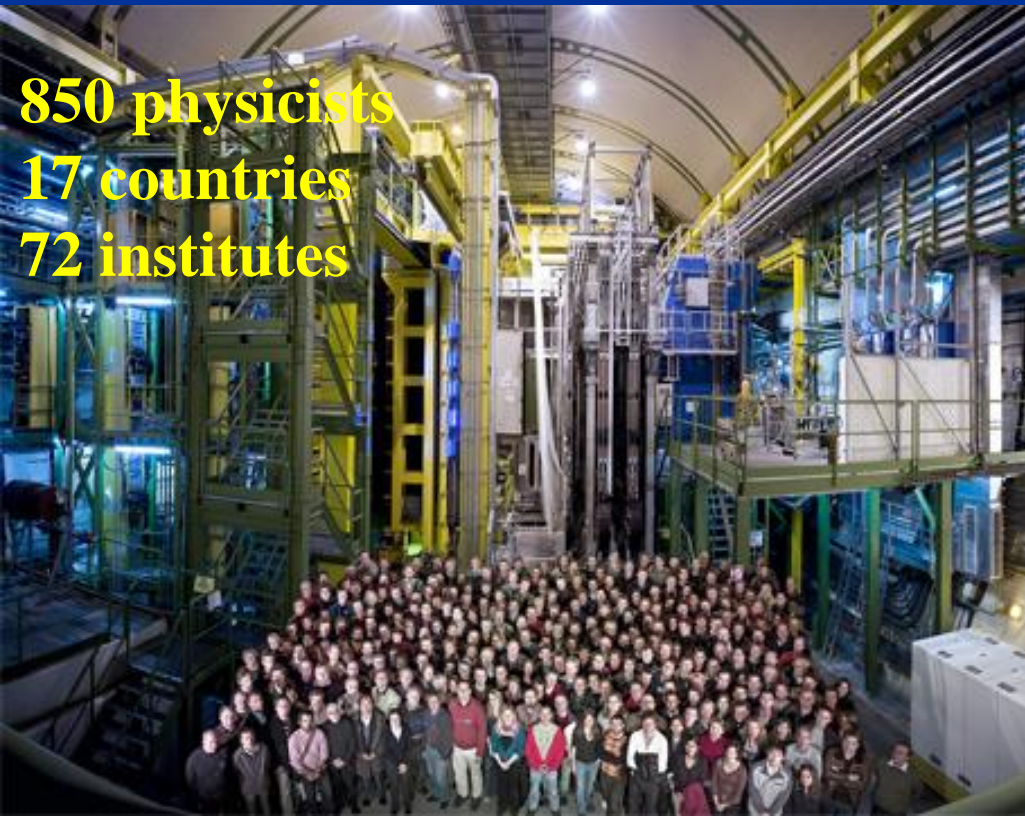


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On behalf of LHCb Collaboration

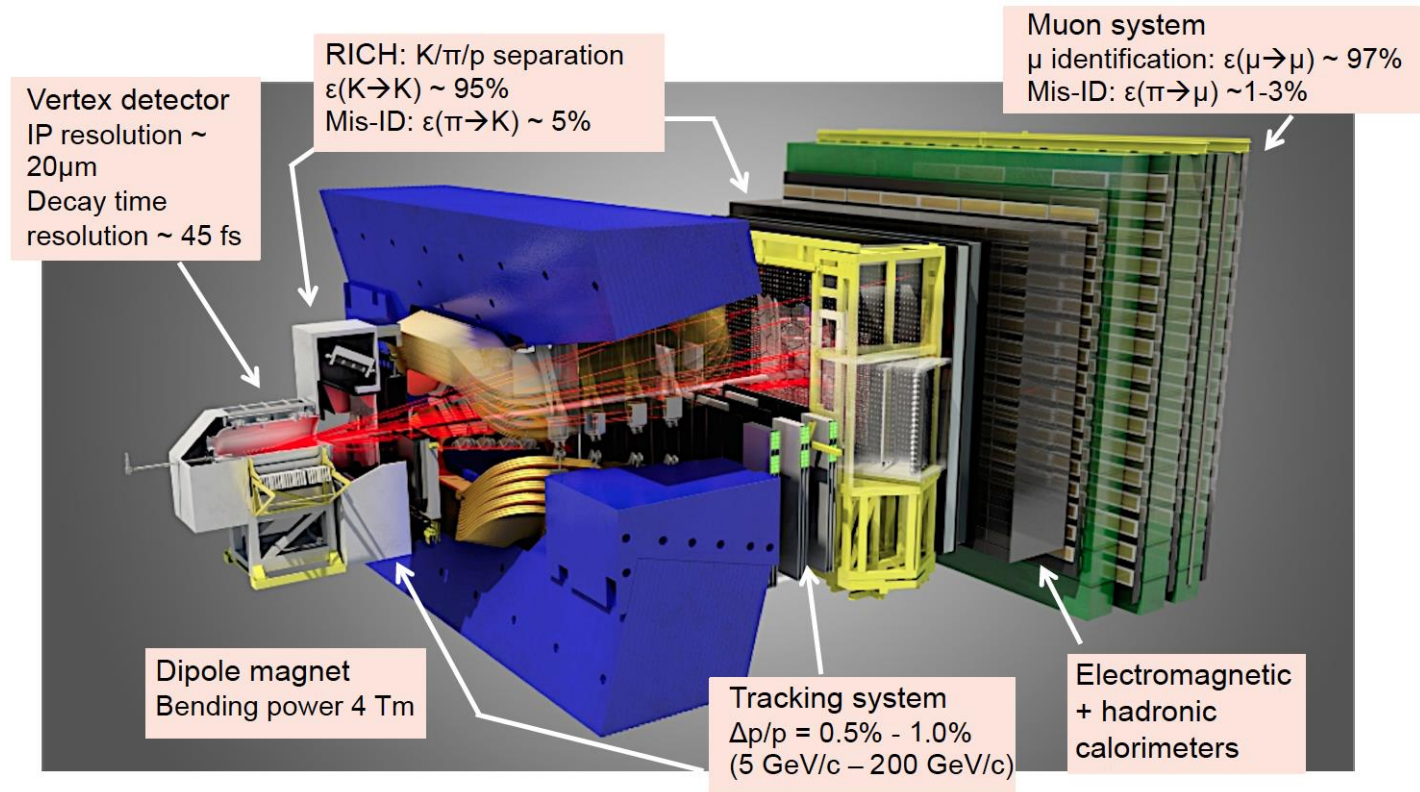
HADRON 2017, 25-29 September, Salamanca, Spain



- LHCb detector
- Inelastic cross-section
- Central Exclusive Production
- Summary

# The LHCb detector

Primary goal of LHCb: **Precision Measurements of CP-Violation, search for New Physics in CPV processes and rare decays.**



JINST 3 (2008) S08005, IJMPA 30 (2015) 1530022

But LHCb is fully instrumented in  $2 < \eta < 5$ , therefore it can serve as a general purpose detector in the forward region.

## Motivation

- Fundamental observable in high-energy hadronic interactions
- LHCb provides results in the mid- to forward rapidity range
- Important for models of cosmic rays showers in atmosphere

## Dataset

- pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV,  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} = 1.87 \text{ nb}^{-1}$
- Low pile-up data:  $\sim 0.1$  interactions with at least one track in the detector, 1.05 visible interactions per triggered event
- Hardware trigger accepts 100% of beam-beam crossing
- Software trigger requires at least one reconstructed track segment in vertex detector.

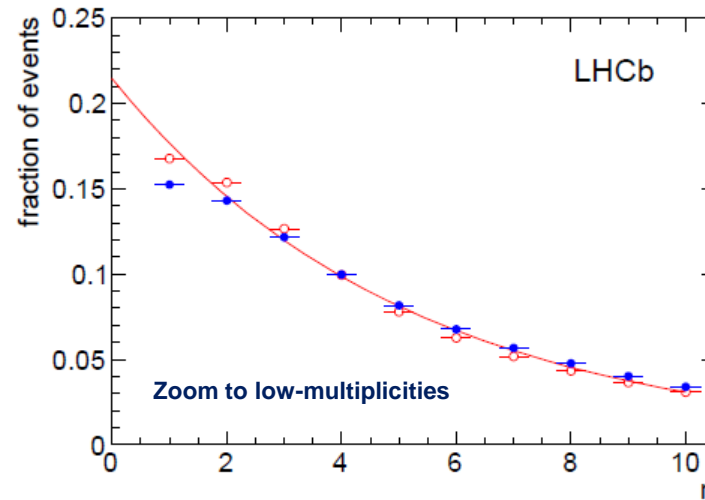
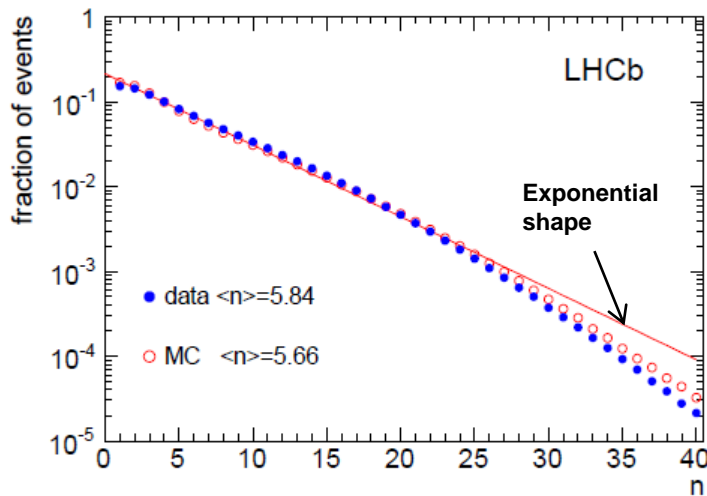
## Fiducial cross-section

- At least one long lived prompt charged particle from luminous region
  - Distance from beam-line  $< 200 \mu\text{m}$
- Transverse momentum  $p_{\text{T}} > 200 \text{ MeV}/c$
- Pseudorapidity range  $2.0 < \eta < 4.5$

# Fiducial cross-section

Observed multiplicities in fiducial region

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- Normalized track multiplicity distributions with  $n > 0$  tracks.
- Good agreement between data and simulation.

$$\sigma_{\text{inel}} = 55.0 \pm 2.4 \text{ mb}$$

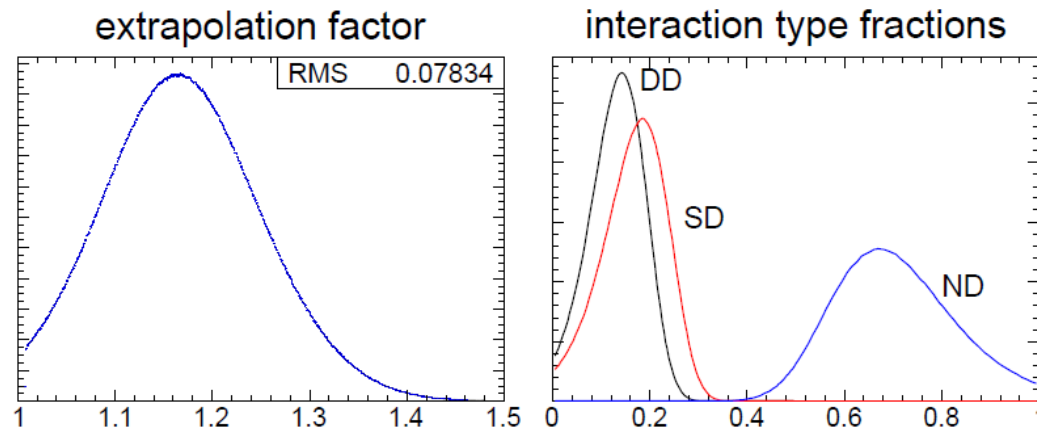
Inelastic pp cross-section with at least one prompt long-lived charged particle having  $p_T > 200 \text{ MeV}/c$  and  $2.0 < \eta < 4.5$

# Extrapolation to full phase space

use only properties (not rates!) of non-diffractive, single- and double diffractive as modelled by different Pythia tunes (4Cx, Monash 2103, A2-CTEQ6L1, A2-MSTW2008LO, AU2-CTEQ6L1, AU2-MSTW2008LO, CUETP8S1-CTEQ6L1)

interaction type	$\langle n \rangle$	$v$	$f$
non-diffractive (ND)	$12.22 \pm 0.50$	$0.9925 \pm 0.0003$	$0.713 \pm 0.002$
single-diffractive (SD)	$5.94 \pm 0.29$	$0.5059 \pm 0.0049$	$0.173 \pm 0.002$
double-diffractive (DD)	$4.78 \pm 0.17$	$0.5819 \pm 0.0062$	$0.114 \pm 0.001$

fluctuate mean values  $\langle n \rangle$  and visibilities  $v$  within uncertainties  
 allow any combination event of fractions  $f$  that reproduce the measured average multiplicity in the fiducial region  $10.93 \pm 0.50$

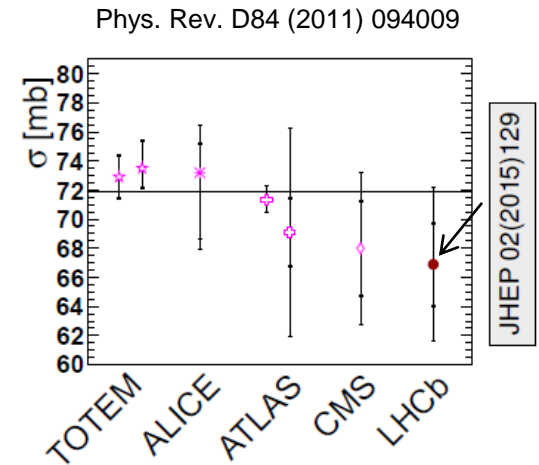
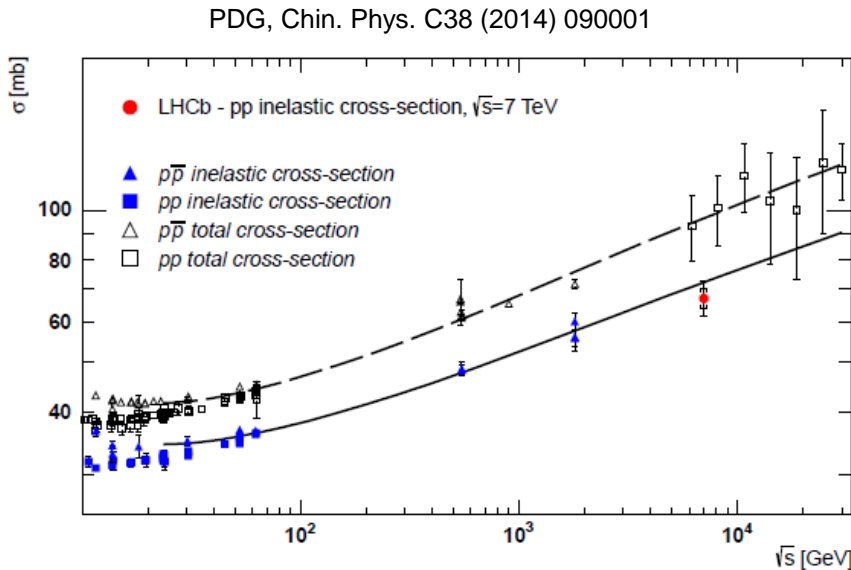


Extrapolation factor

$1.17 \pm 0.08$

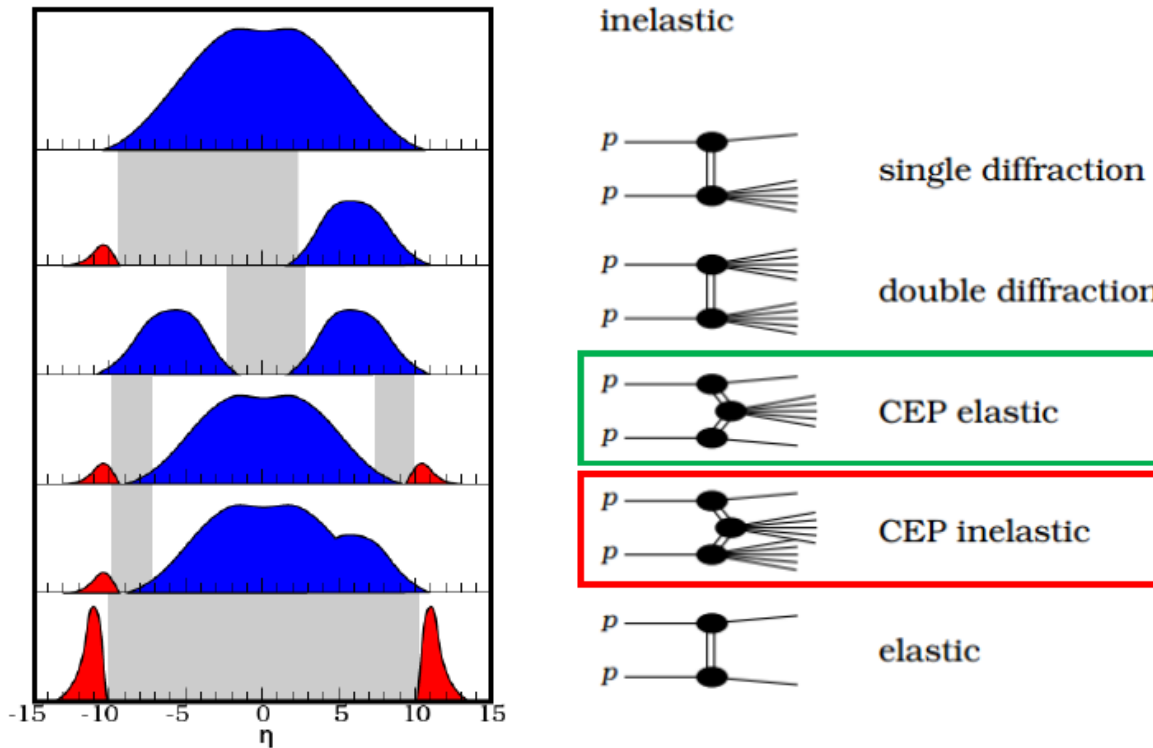
$$\sigma_{\text{inel}} = 66.9 \pm 2.9(\text{exp}) \pm 4.4(\text{extr}) \text{ mb}$$

## Comparison with other experiments



LHCb result at 7 TeV is consistent with other results.  
 Result for 13 TeV soon. Measurement at 5 TeV possible.

# Central Exclusive Production

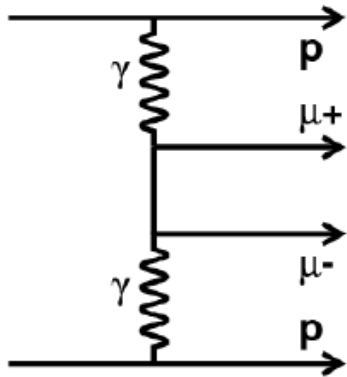


## Motivation

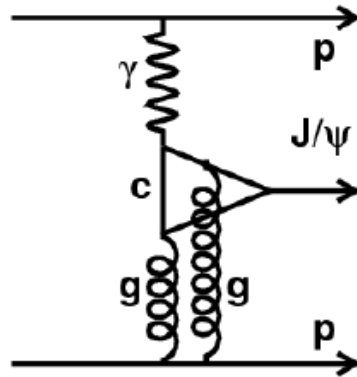
- Test of QCD and pomeron exchange in clean environment
- Sensitive to diffractive PDF at very low  $x$  ( to  $5 \times 10^{-6}$  )
- Search for saturation effects



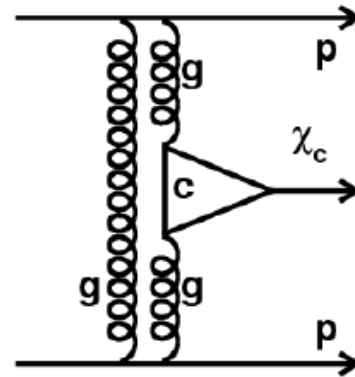
Hadronic interactions without (net) colour exchange



QED



photoproduction



Double Pomeron Exchange

Signal:

central system with rapidity gaps (focus on  $J/\psi$ ,  $\psi(2S)$ )

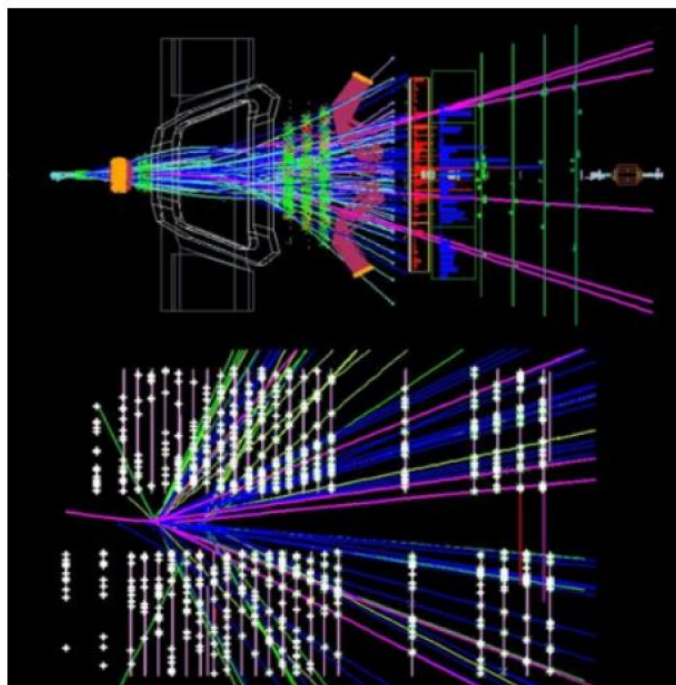
Background:

diffractive processes and finite detector acceptance

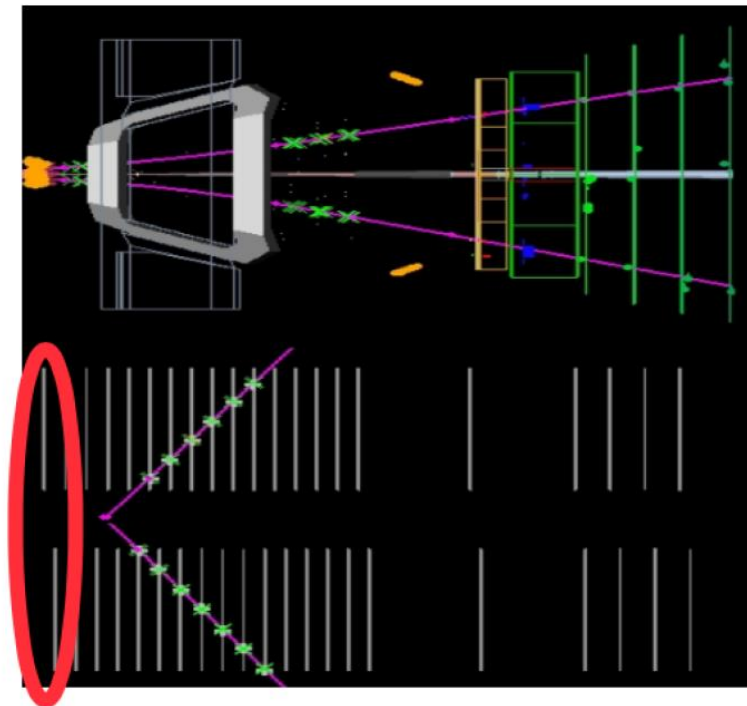
Experimental task:

detection of rapidity gaps

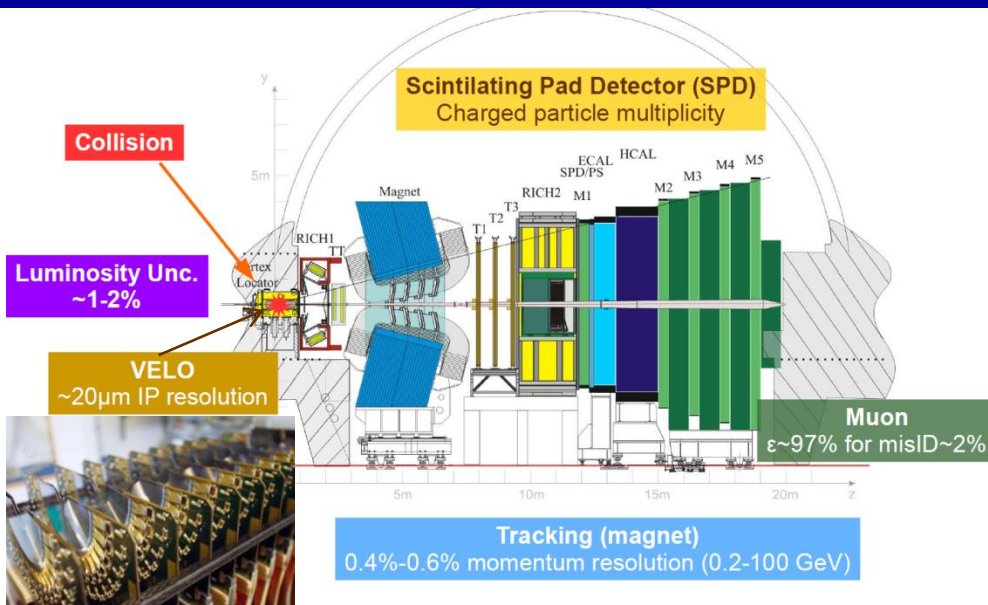
## Typical Event



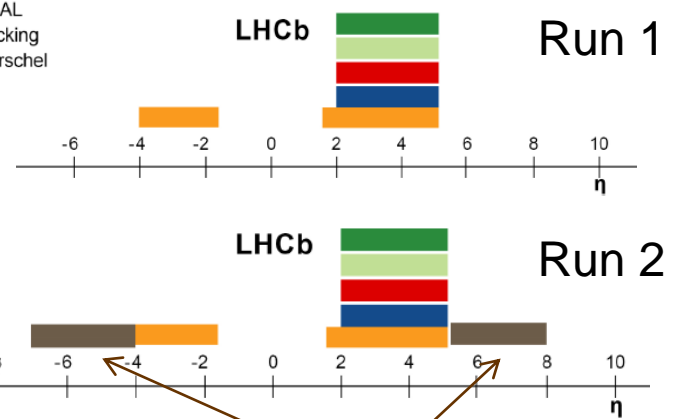
## CEP-like event: 2muons



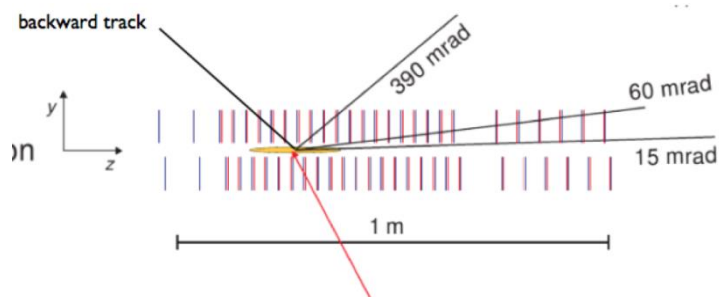
# Measuring exclusivity with LHCb



- █ muon system
- █ hadron PID
- █ HCAL
- █ ECAL
- █ tracking
- █ Herschel

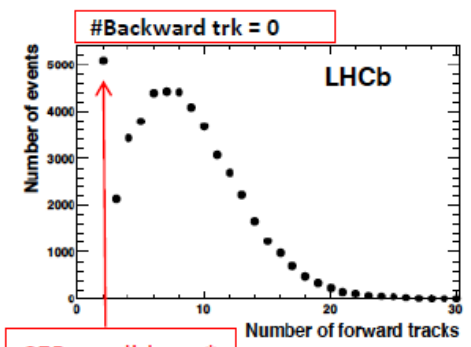
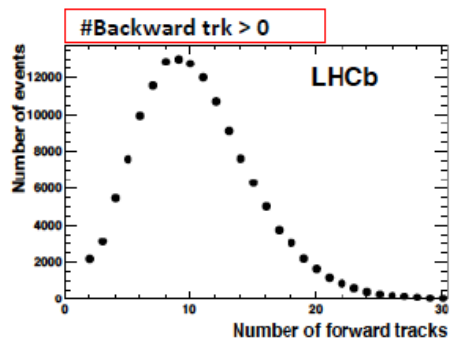


**Herschel - Run 2**



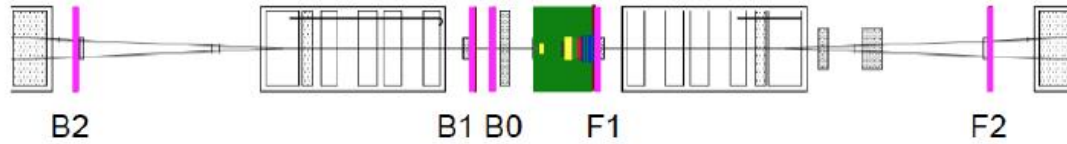
**VELO**

- surrounds the interaction point
- no magnetic field
- allows backward tracks ( $-3.5 < \eta < -1.5$ )



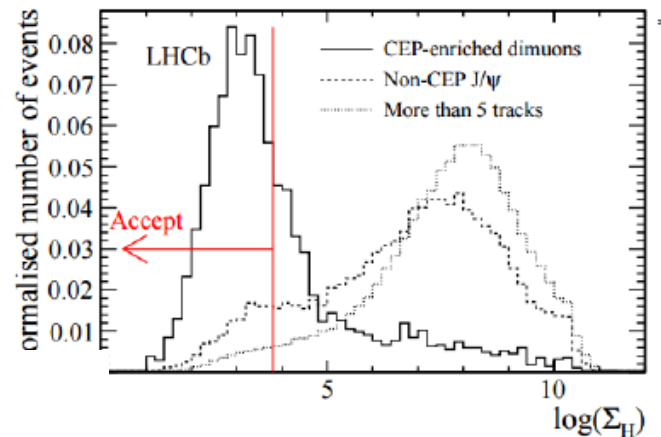
## High rapidity shower counters for LHCb

LHCb-DP-2016-003 in preparation



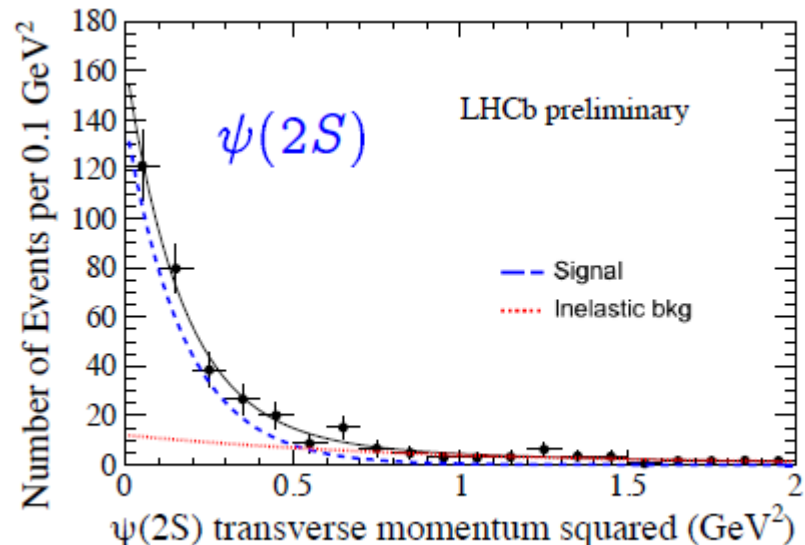
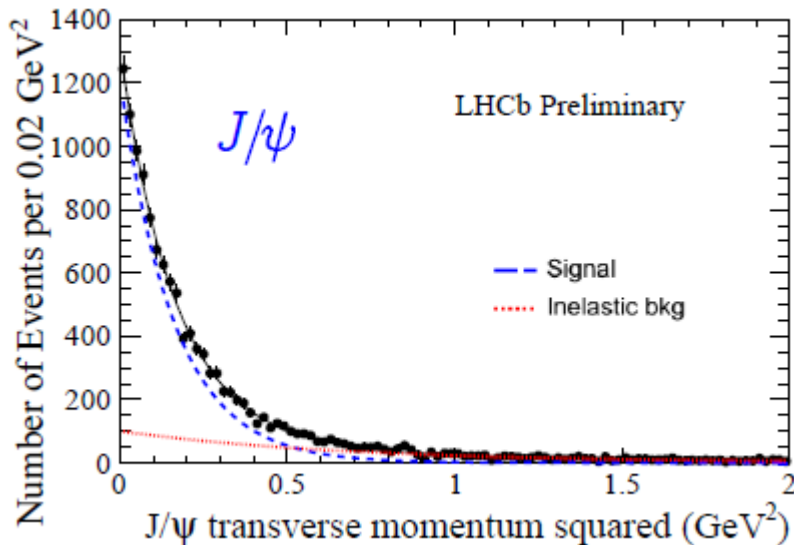
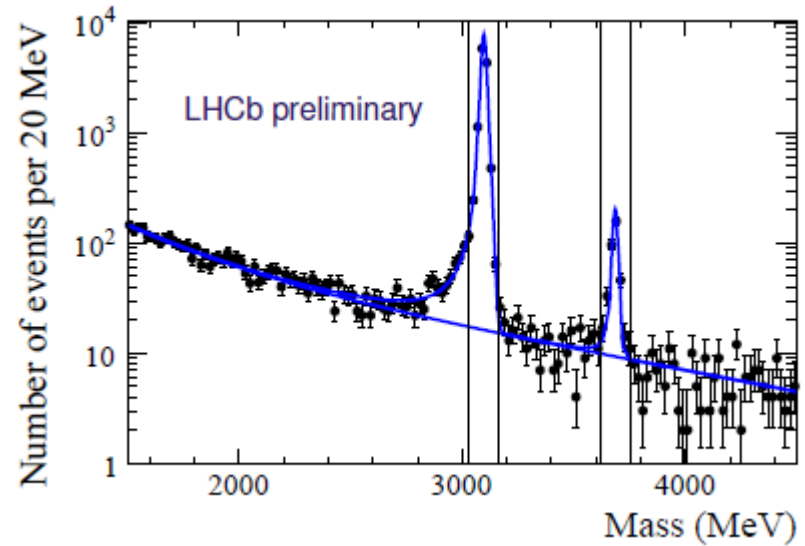
$$\Sigma_H = \sum_{i=1}^{20} \left( \frac{ADC_i}{2.5RMS_i} \right)^2$$

Herschel reduces background by a factor of ~2

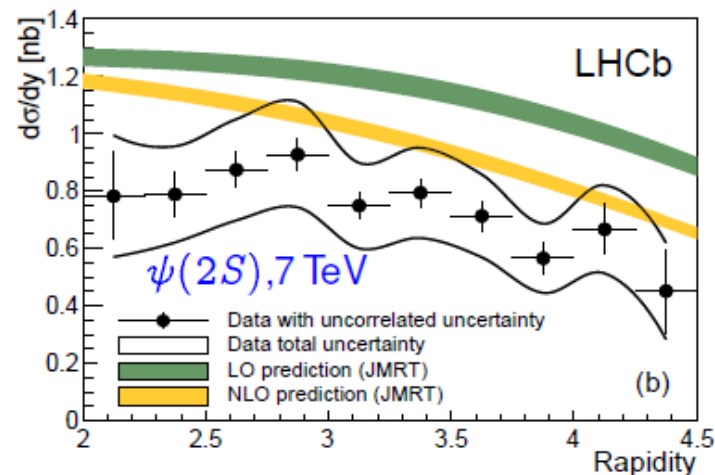
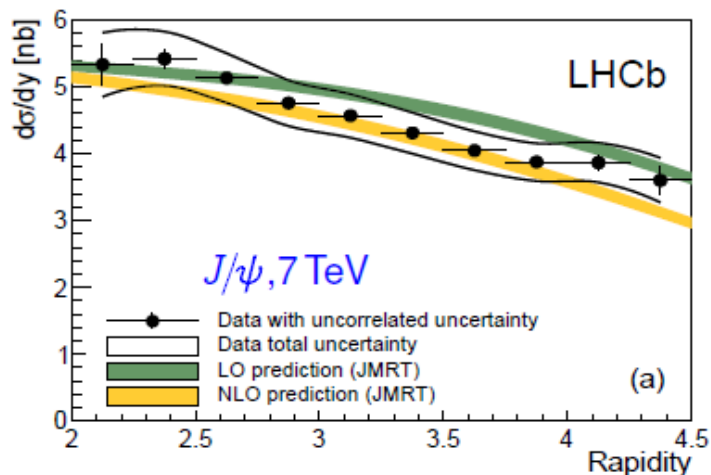


# J/ψ, ψ(2S) results at 13 TeV

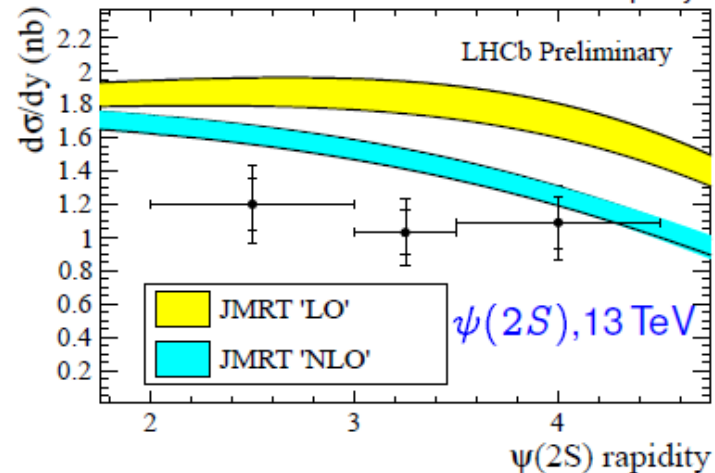
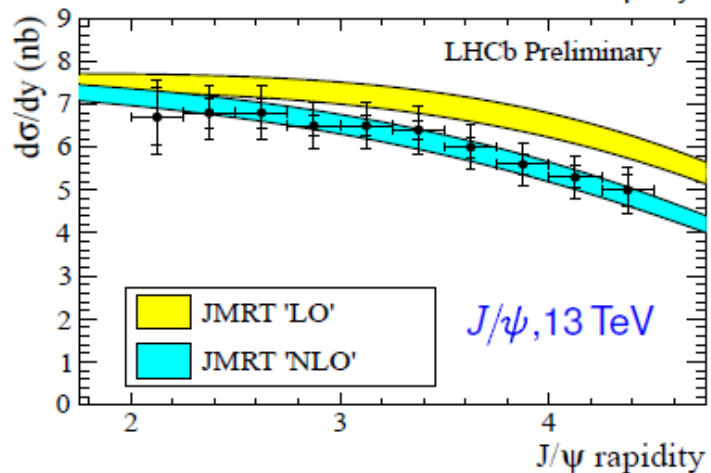
- $\mathcal{L} = 0.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  ( $1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at 7 TeV)
- Low- $p_T$  CEP signature
- Inelastic: 20% (40% at 7 TeV)
- Feeddown: J/ψ 6% (10% at 7 TeV)



# J/ψ, ψ(2S) @ 7 & 13 TeV



JPG 41(2014)055002



LHCb-CONF-2016-007

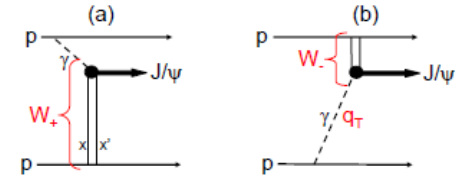
JMRT NLO (JHEP 11(2013)085) is preferred model

- uncertainties highly correlated between bins
- shape better described by NLO prediction or models including saturation

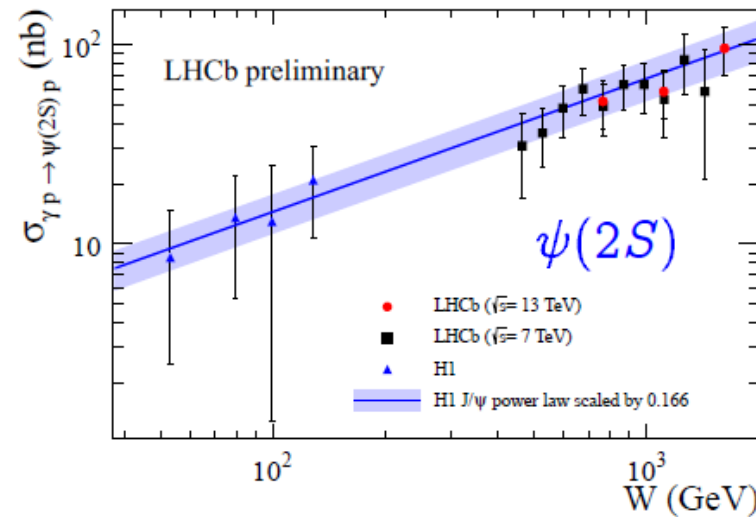
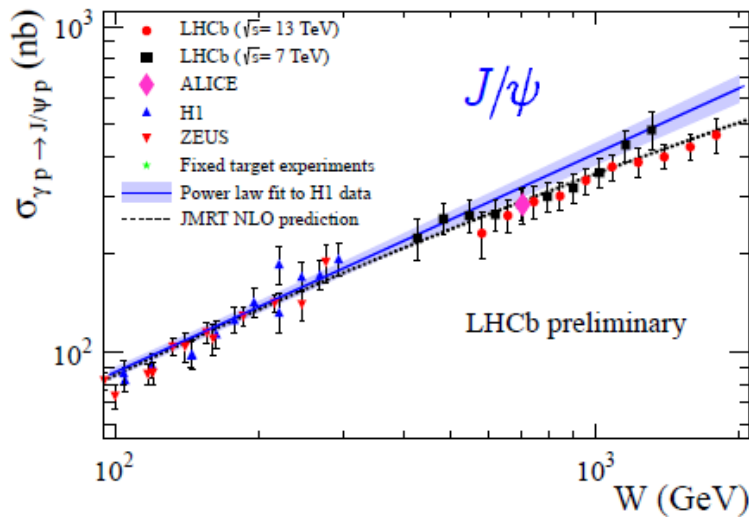
# J/ψ, ψ(2S) photo-production x-section

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dy_{pp \rightarrow p V_p}} = r(y) \left[ k_+ \frac{dn}{dk_+} \sigma_{\gamma p \rightarrow V_p}(W_+) + k_- \frac{dn}{dk_-} \sigma_{\gamma p \rightarrow V_p}(W_-) \right]$$

$r(y)$ : gap survival,  $k_{\pm}$ : photon energy,  $dn/dk_{\pm}$ : photon flux  $W_{\pm}$ :  $\gamma p$  mass



arXiv:1307.7099v1 hep-ph

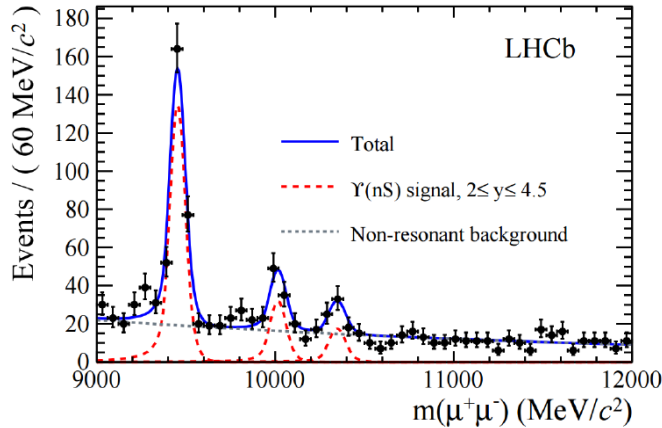


LHCb-CONF-2016-007

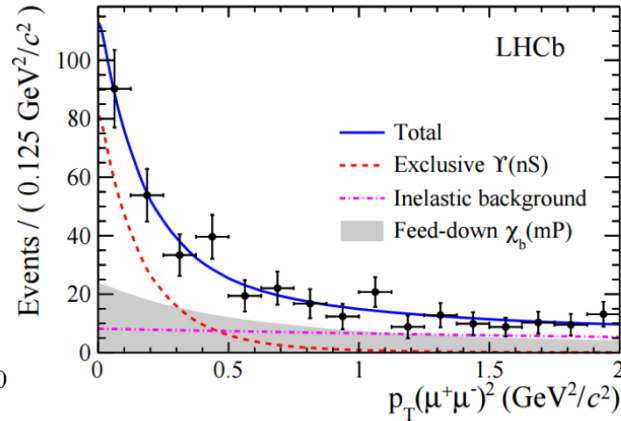
- 13 TeV data allows significant extension of the reach in  $W$
- 7 & 13 TeV results are in agreement
- comparison with HERA → simple power law insufficient to describe  $J/\psi$

# $\Upsilon(nS)$ at @ 7 & 8 TeV

- Two muons with  $\eta \in (2.0, 4.5)$   $9 < M(\mu\mu) < 20 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- No additional activity in detector
- Candidate  $p_T^2 < 2 \text{ GeV}^2/c^2$



Not background subtracted



Background subtracted – sPlot technique

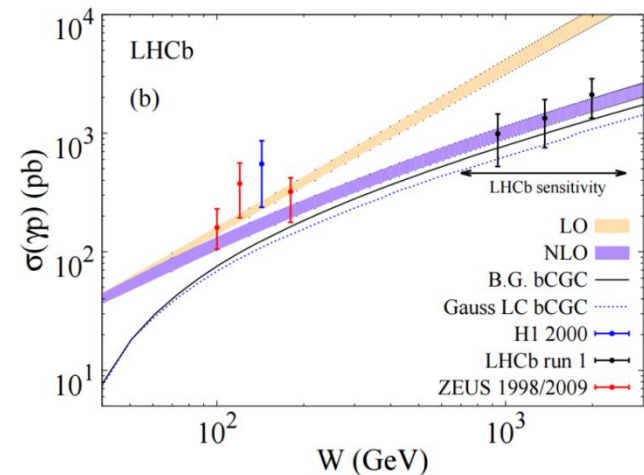
Integrated cross-sections:

$$\sigma_{\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-} (2.0 < \eta(\mu^\pm) < 4.5) = 9.0 \pm 2.1(\text{stat}) \pm 1.7(\text{sys}) \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-} (2.0 < \eta(\mu^\pm) < 4.5) = 1.3 \pm 0.8(\text{stat}) \pm 0.3(\text{sys}) \text{ pb}$$

Upper limit:

$$\sigma_{\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-} (2.0 < \eta(\mu^\pm) < 4.5) < 3.4 \text{ pb @ 95\% C.L.}$$





- Total inelastic cross-section at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV, using extrapolation based on properties of non-diffractive, single- and double diffractive events

$$\sigma_{\text{inel}} = 66.9 \pm 2.9(\text{exp}) \pm 4.4(\text{extr}) \text{ mb}$$

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- Central Exclusive Production at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV and 13 TeV
  - LHCb's forward acceptance provides unique window on CEP
  - new HeRSChEL system to tag large rapidity gaps ( $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV)
  - $J/\psi$ ,  $\psi(2S)$ ,  $Y(nS)$ , measurements
  - very low-x gluon PDF
    - Dimuon continuum @  $\sqrt{s}=7$  TeV, LHCb-CONF-2011-022
    - $\chi_c(\rightarrow J/\psi\gamma)$  @  $\sqrt{s}=7$  TeV, LHCb-CONF-2011-022
    - $J/\psi$  and  $\psi(2S)$  @  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV, J.Phys. G40 (2013) 045001, J.Phys. G41 (2014) 055002
    - $J/\psi$  and  $\psi(2S)$  @  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV, LHCb-CONF-2016-007
    - $Y(nS)$  @  $\sqrt{s}=7$  TeV and 8 TeV, JHEP 1509 (2015) 084
    - Double charmonia @  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV and 8 TeV, J.Phys. G41 (2014) no.11, 115002
- Ongoing Run1 & Run2 exclusive production analyses:
  - CEP with hadronic final states
  - CEP with photons
  - CEP in pA and Ap