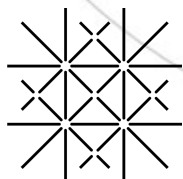




# Photoproduction of $\pi^0\pi^+$ Pairs off the Free Proton

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For the A2 Collaboration  
Hadron 2017



UNI  
BASEL



# Outline

- ◆ Introduction
- ◆ Experimental Setup
- ◆ Analysis
- ◆ Preliminary Results
- ◆ Conclusion

# Motivation

- ◆ Experiment with pion pairs has many aims:
  - ◆ Insight into low energy QCD
  - ◆ Study resonances that have no significant decay to ground state
  - ◆ Look at elementary decay via  $\rho$  emission
  - ◆ Due to isospin selectivity,  $\rho$  can only contribute to  $\pi$  pairs when two charged pions are present
    - ◆ Particularly: intermediate state  $\rho$  forbidden for neutral state  $\pi^0\pi^0$
  - ◆ Study in medium modifications of  $\rho$  and those that couple strongly to  $\rho$ 
    - ◆ Specifically,  $D_{13}$  couples strongly to  $\rho$
    - ◆ Determine  $\Gamma$  of  $D_{13}$ , which gives insights into in medium modifications

# Channel Analyzed

$\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 n$

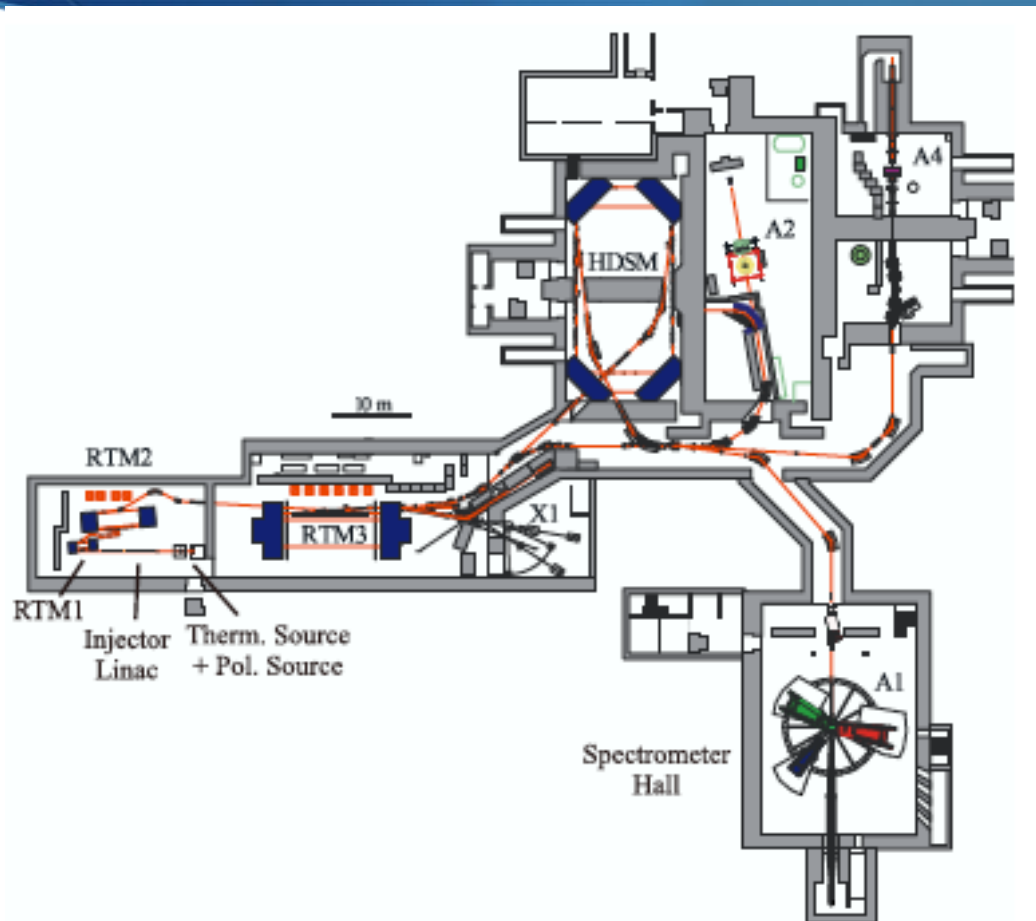
phase space

via  $\Delta^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 n$

via  $\Delta^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 n$

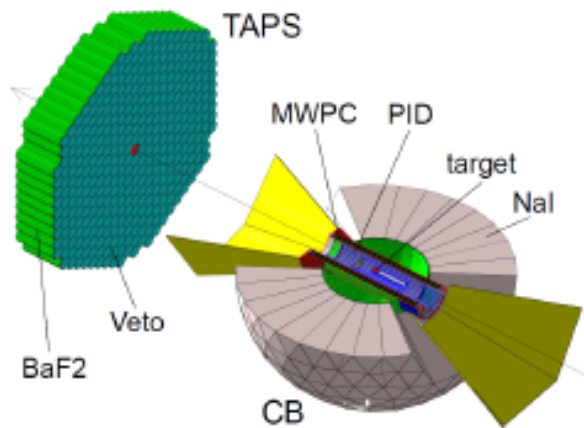
via  $\rho^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 n$

# MAinz MIcrotron

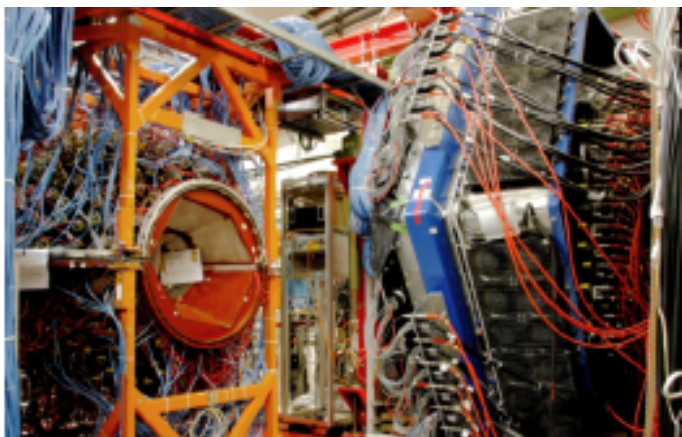


- LINAC (3.97 MeV)
- Racetrack microtrons (855 MeV)
- Harmonic double sided microtron (up to 1.6 GeV)
  - Linear beam available
  - Circular beam available

# Crystal Ball/TAPS Setup



- Crystal Ball:
  - 672 NaI crystals
  - $20^\circ < \theta < 160^\circ$
- TAPS:
  - 366 BaF<sub>2</sub> crystals and 72 PbWO<sub>4</sub> crystals
  - $2^\circ < \theta < 20^\circ$
- PID done using  $\Delta E - E$  with a plastic scintillator barrel
- Charged particles accessible with MWPC, no magnetic field
- Liquid hydrogen target used



# Beam Time Parameters

- ◆ Density of target:  $422 \text{ mb}^{-1}$ , length: 10 cm
- ◆ Trigger: M3+ (three or more particles in CB)
- ◆ CB Energy Sum: 360 MeV
- ◆ Electron Beam Energy: 1557.5 MeV
- ◆ Photon Tagger Range: 400 to 1400 MeV

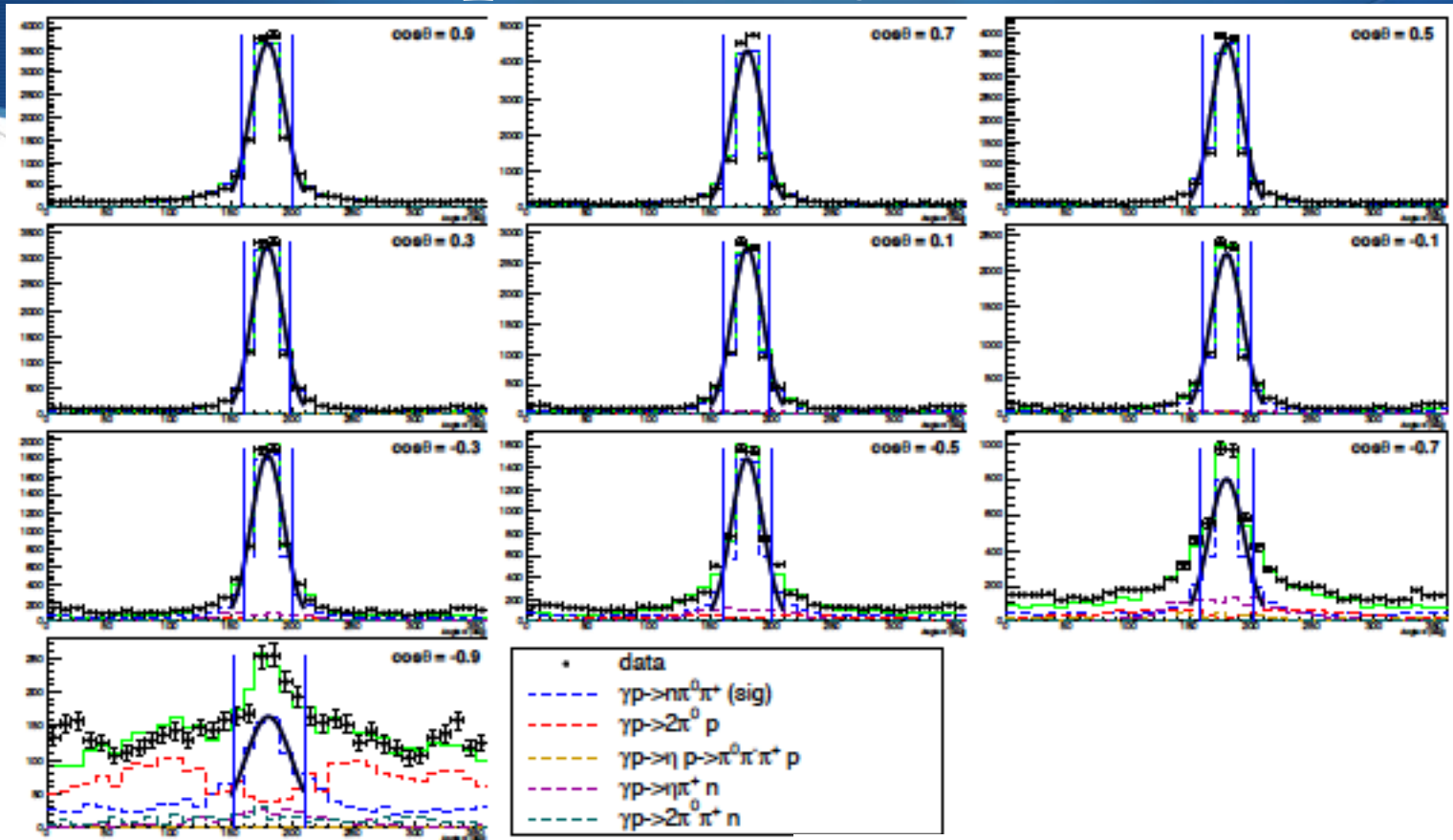
Property	Range	Number of Bins	Bin Width
photon energy $E_\gamma$	450 – 1450 [MeV]	50	20 [MeV]
$\cos \theta$	-1 – 1 [rad]	10	0.2 [rad]
mass distribution $m(n\pi^0)$	800 – 1840 [MeV]	52	20 [MeV]
mass distribution $m(n\pi^+)$	800 – 1840 [MeV]	52	20 [MeV]
mass distribution $m(\pi^0\pi^+)$	200 – 1240 [MeV]	52	20 [MeV]

# Analysis Presort

- ◆ Select events: 3 neutral and 1 charged
- ◆ Reconstruct  $\pi^0$  from 2  $\gamma$  decay with  $\chi^2$ -test and third particle is assumed to be a neutron
- ◆ Apply  $\chi^2$ -test for  $\eta$  and when in favor, discard event
- ◆ Pulse shape analysis for  $\gamma$  and neutron
- ◆  $\Delta E - E$  analysis for  $\pi^+$



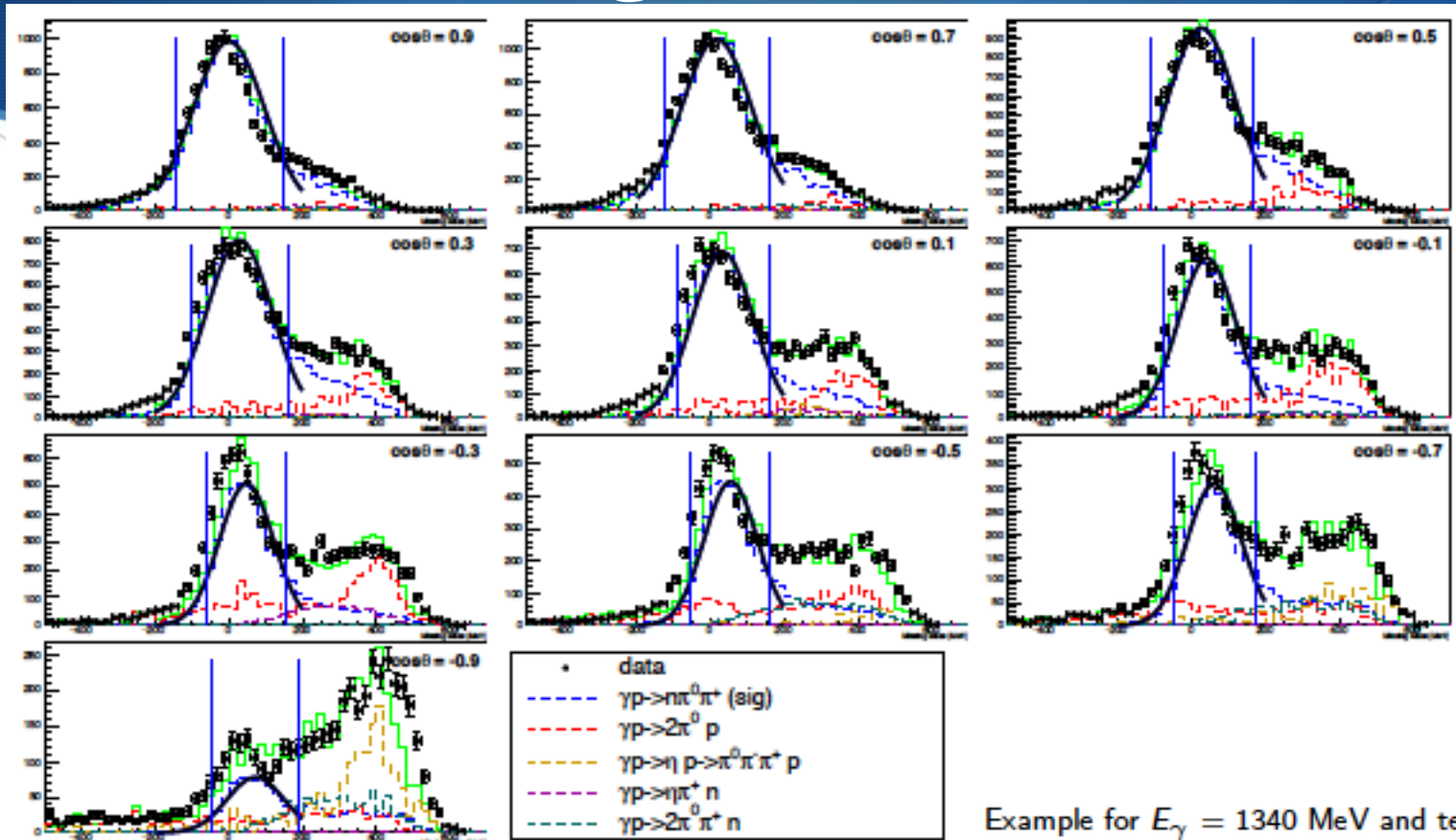
# Coplanarity Cuts



Example for  $E_\gamma = 1340$  MeV and ten  $\cos \theta$  bins

$$\Delta\phi = \begin{cases} \phi - \phi_n, & \text{if } \phi - \phi_n \geq 0 \\ 2\pi - |\phi - \phi_n|, & \text{if } \phi - \phi_n < 0 \end{cases}$$

# Missing Mass Cuts



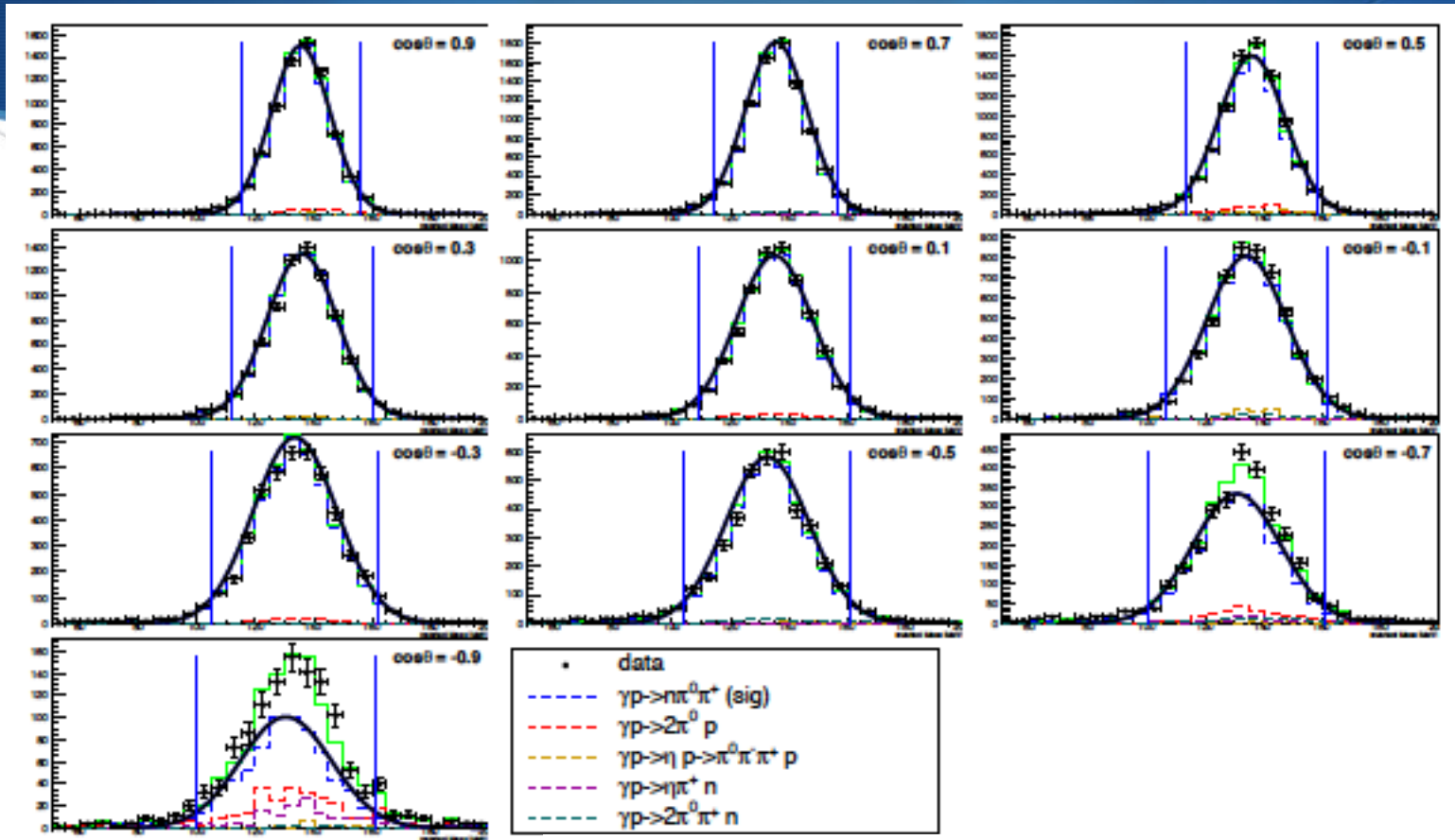
Example for  $E_\gamma = 1340$  MeV and ten  $\cos \theta$  bins

$$\mathbb{P}_{is} = \mathbb{P}_\gamma + \mathbb{P}_p$$

$$\mathbb{P} = \mathbb{P}_{\pi^0} + \mathbb{P}_{\pi^+}$$

$$m_X = |\mathbb{P}_{is} - \mathbb{P}| - m_n$$

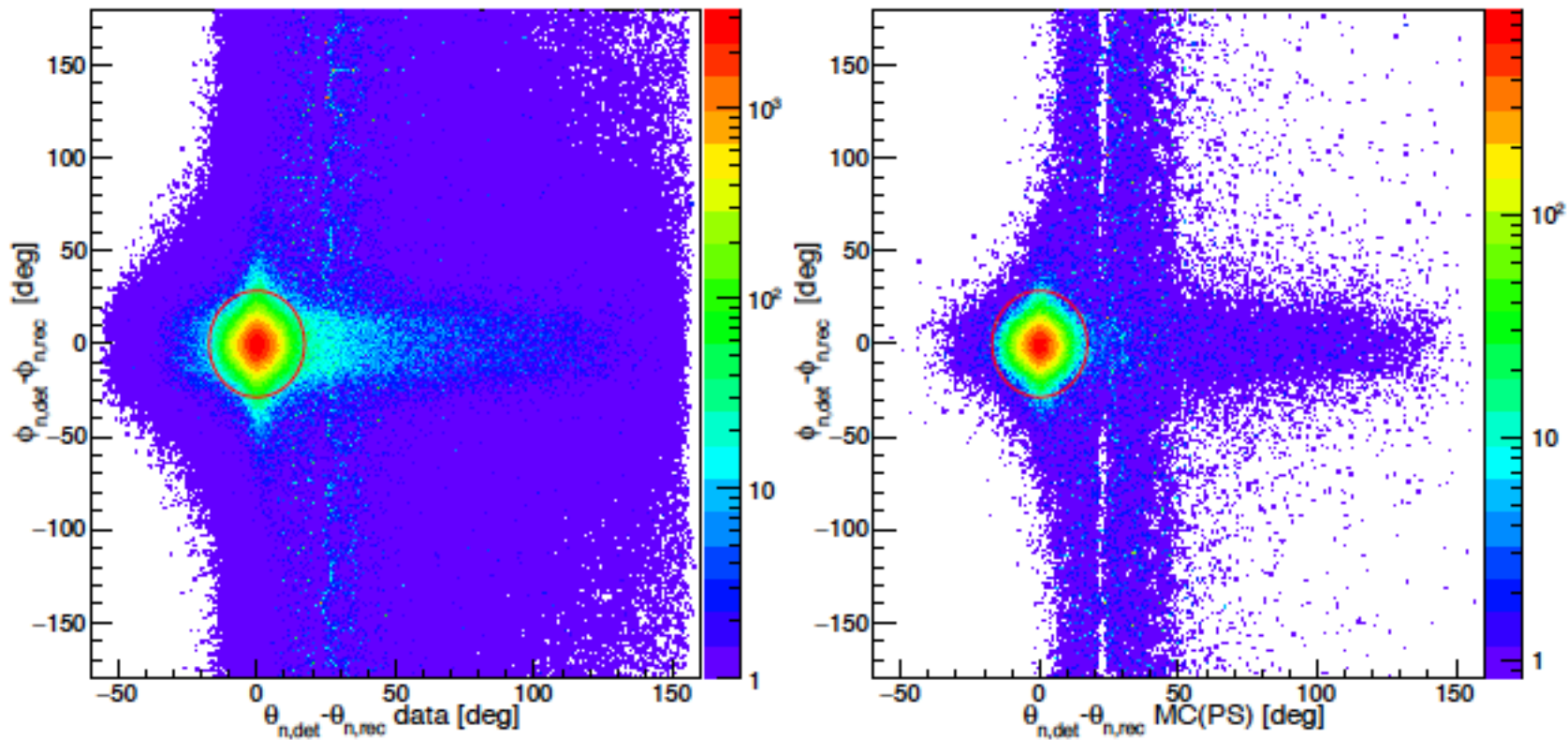
# Invariant Mass Cuts



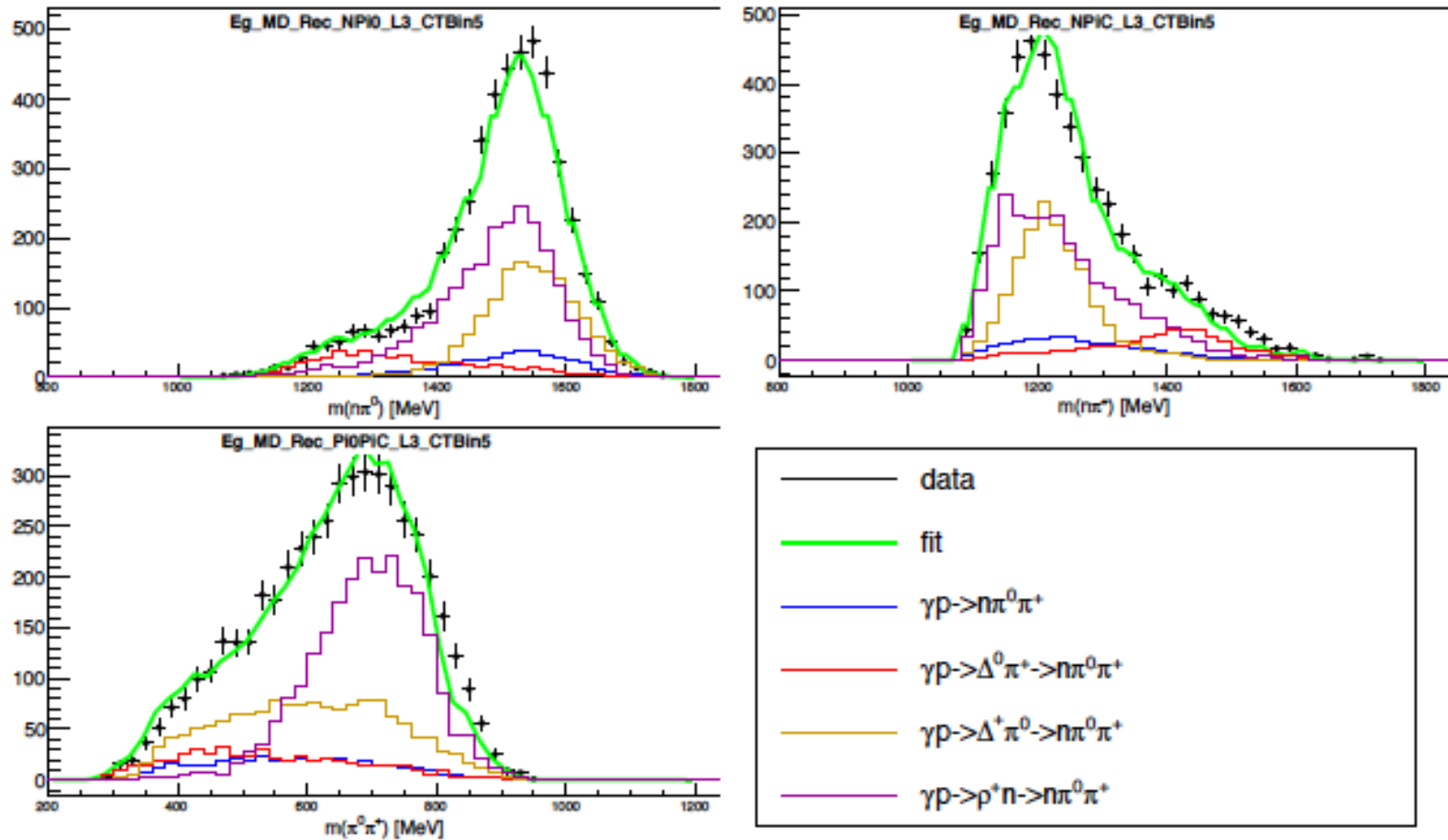
Example for  $E_\gamma = 1340$  MeV and ten  $\cos \theta$  bins

$$m(\pi^0) = \sqrt{2P_{\gamma_1} P_{\gamma_2}} = \sqrt{2E_{\gamma_1} E_{\gamma_2} (1 - \cos \phi_{\gamma_1 \gamma_2})}$$

# Reconstruction Angle Cut of Neutron

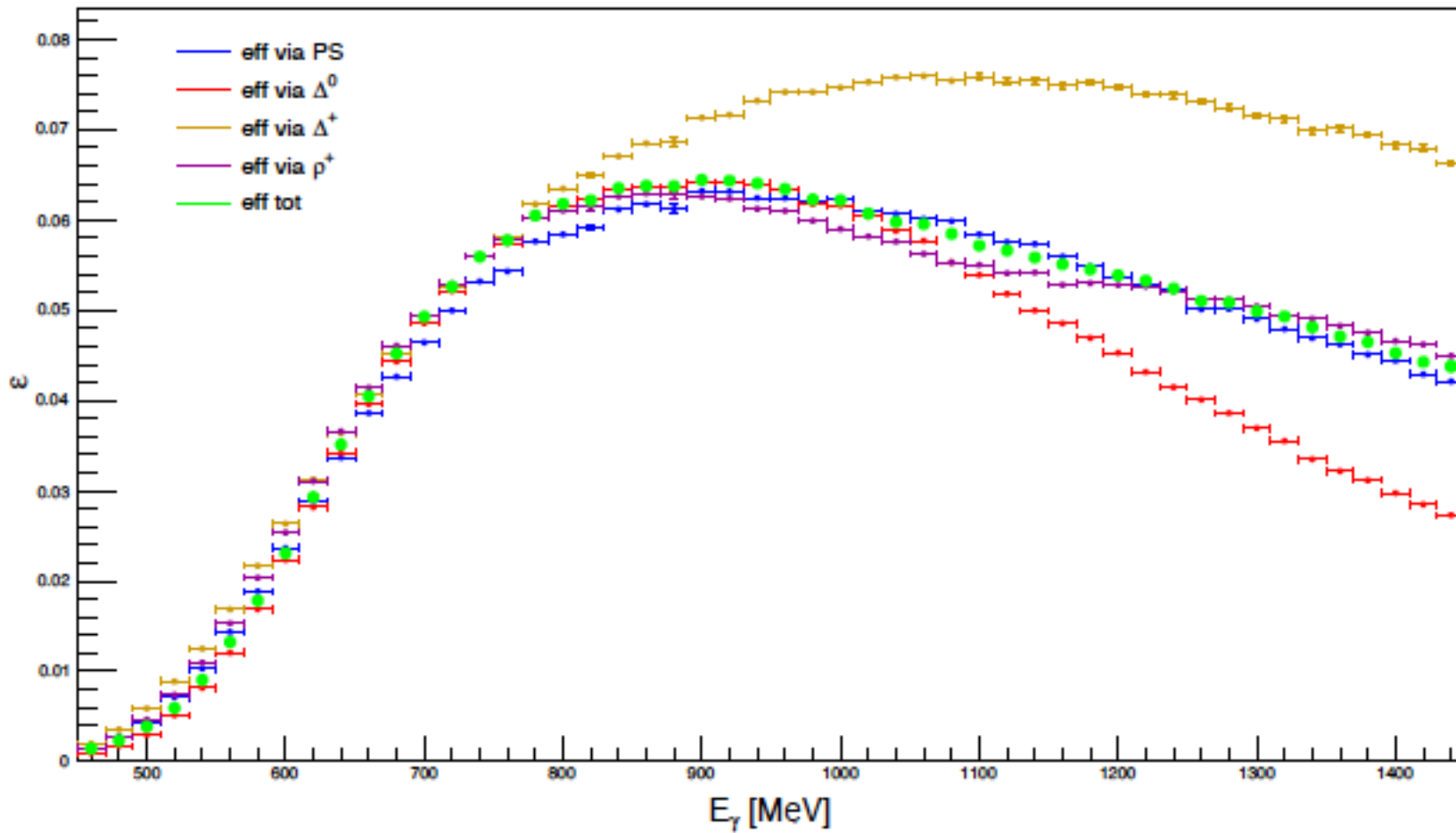


# Determination of Fraction Ratios



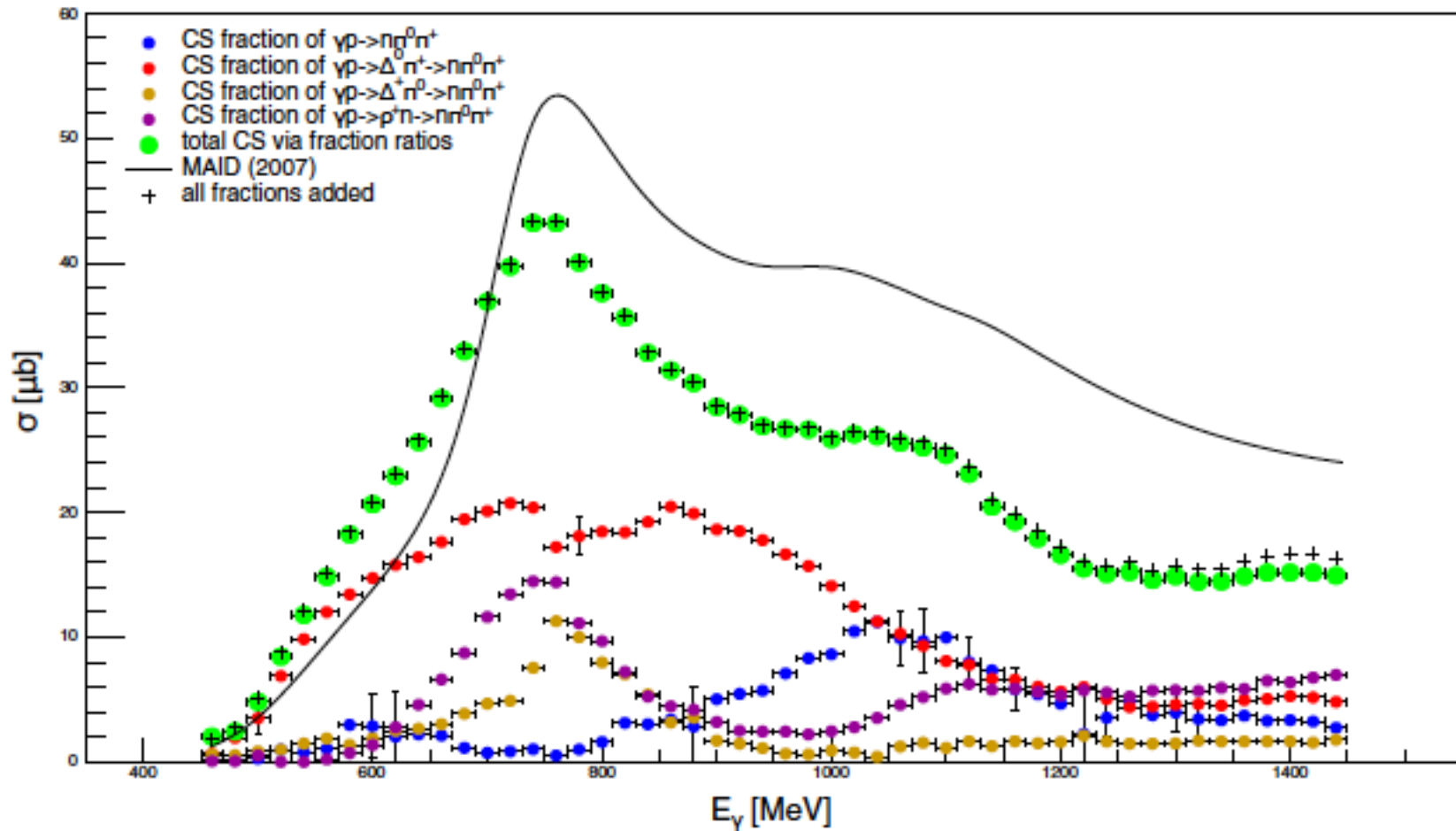
Example for  $E_\gamma = 1340$  MeV and  $\cos \theta = 0$

# Efficiencies

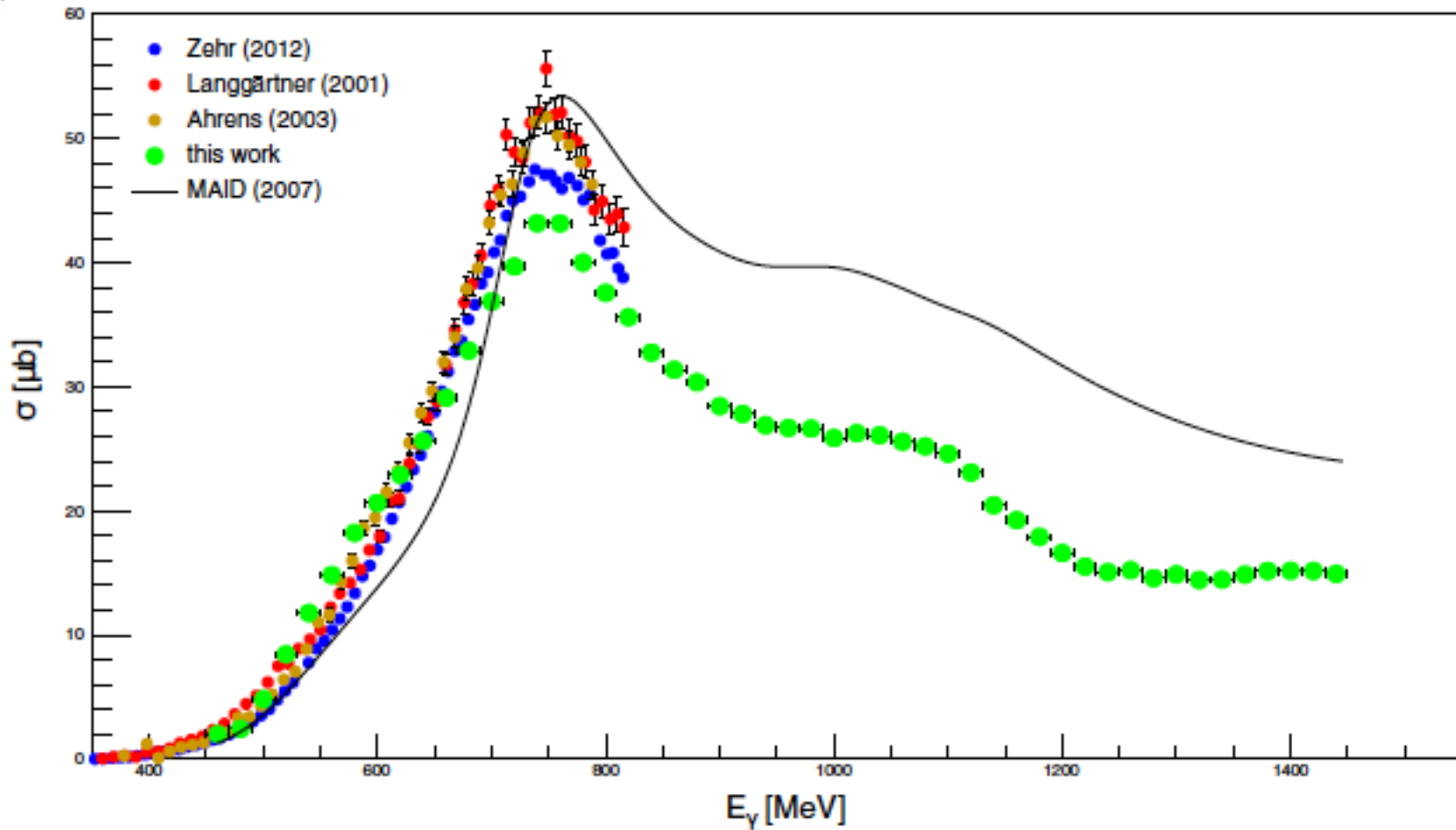


Separate detection efficiencies for all four signal contributions

# Total Cross Section

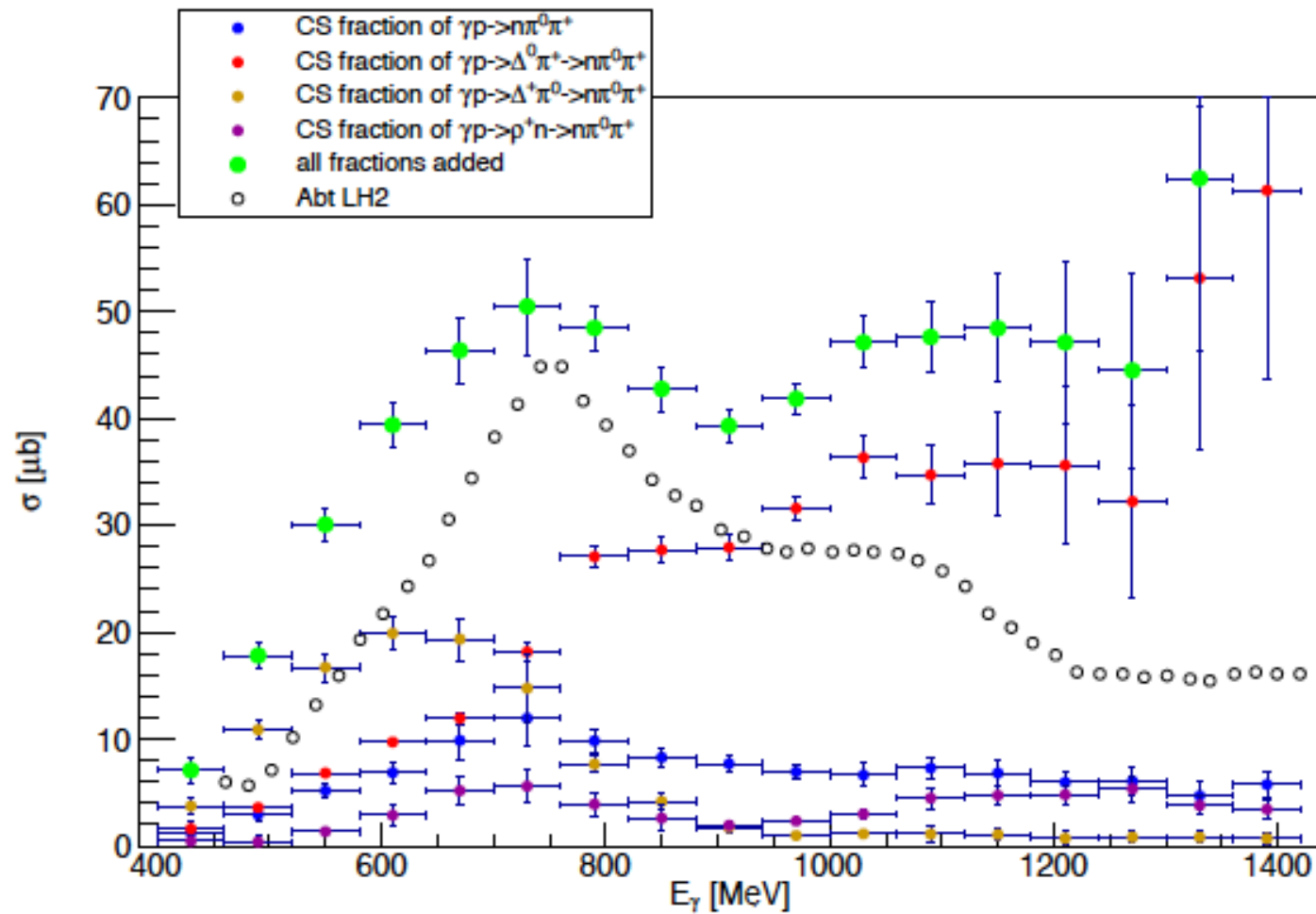


# Total Cross Section Comparison

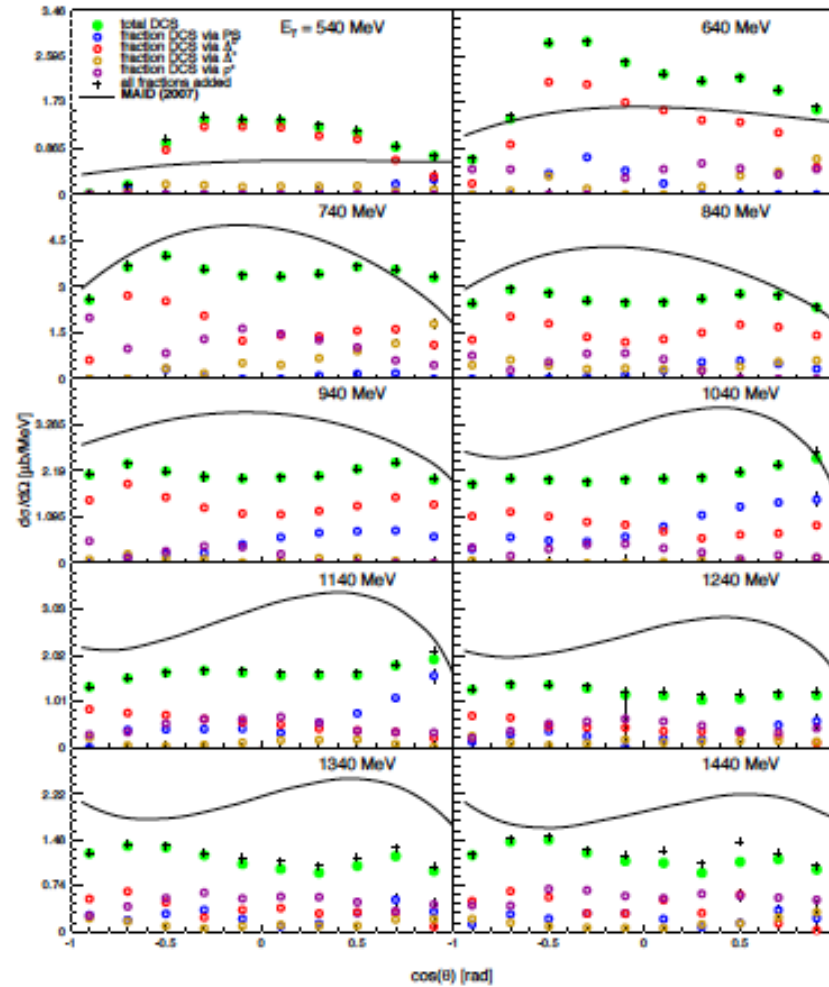




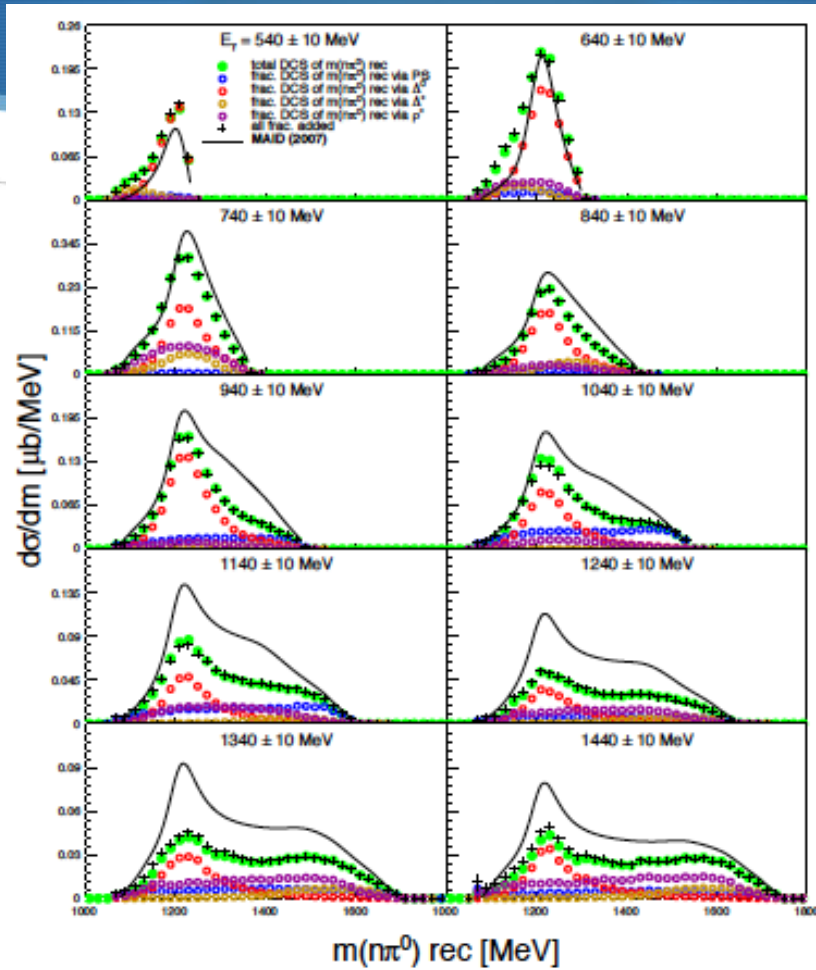
# Total Cross Section from Deuteron



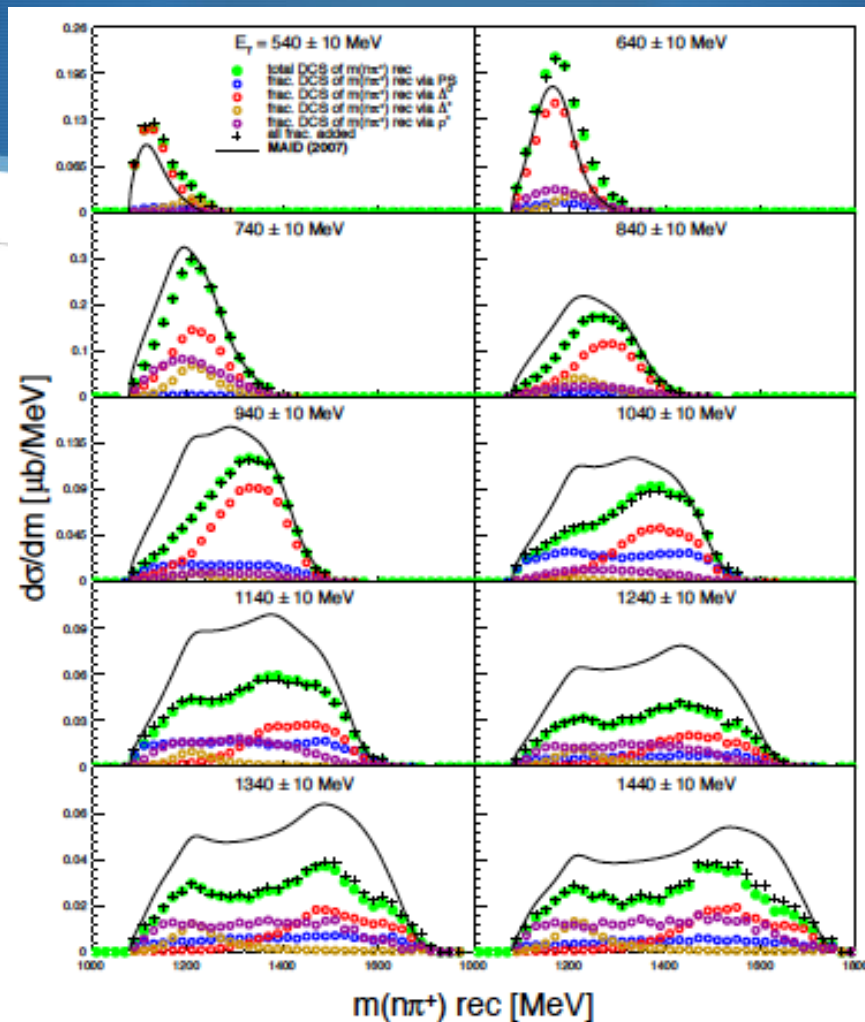
# Angular Differential Cross Sections



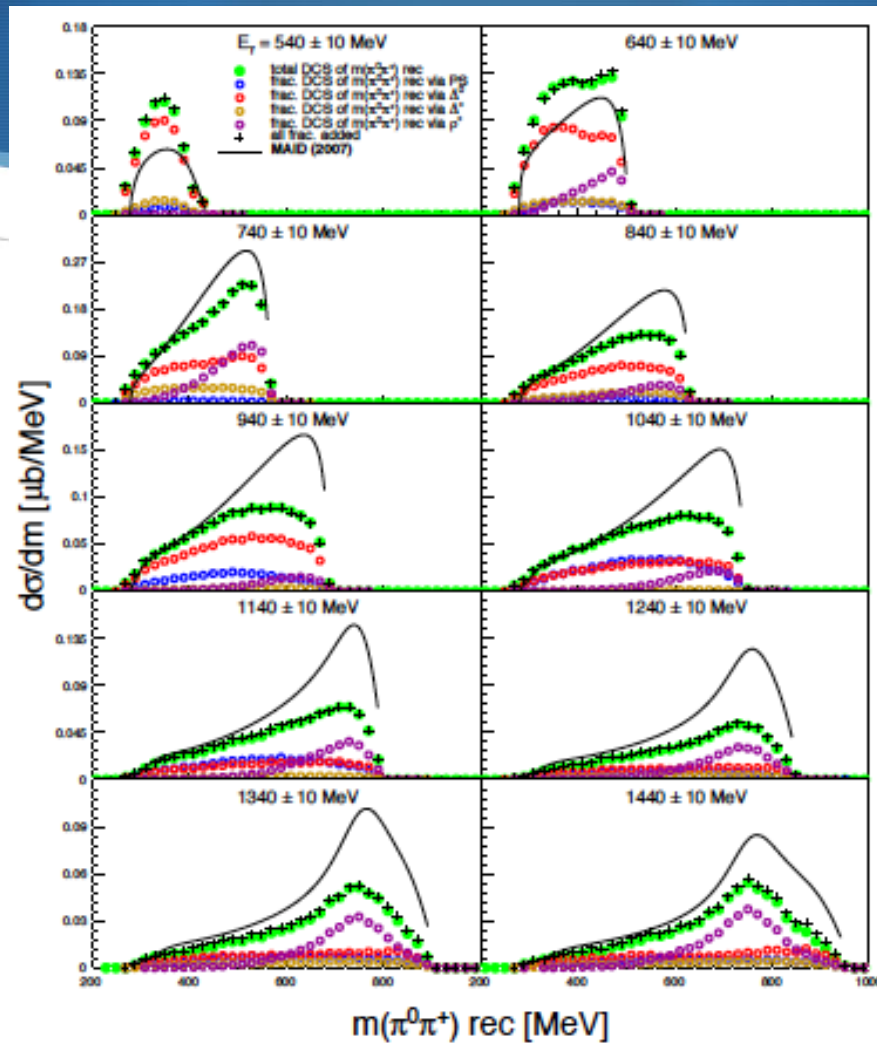
# DCS of Mass Distribution $m(n\pi^0)$



# DCS of Mass Distribution $m(n\pi^+)$



# DCS of Mass Distribution $m(\pi^0\pi^+)$



# Conclusion

- ◆ The preliminary analysis indicates that the branching ratios are similar
- ◆  $\rho$  decay has a different shape than the sequential decays
- ◆ Can see from analysis that  $\rho$  makes a large contribution in area of  $D_{13}$  resonance
- ◆ For a full analysis, a partial wave analysis will be required
- ◆ A better model is also required
- ◆ Will also investigate channel from  ${}^4\text{He}$  data taken in A2 earlier this year