Assessing the Higgs (self-)couplings

"What's going on at the weak scale" CERN-CKC workshop, Jeju island, June 3, 2017





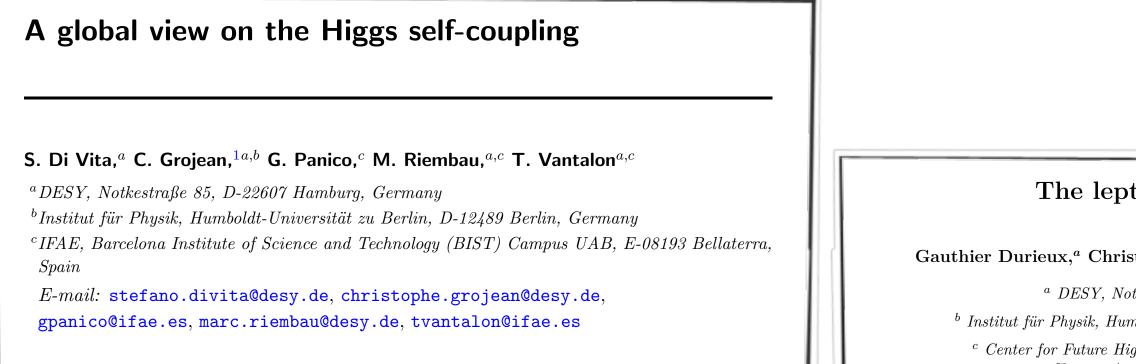
(christophe.grojean@desy.de)





DESY (Hamburg) Humboldt University (Berlin)

This talk is based upon...



arXiv:1704.01953v1 [hep-ph]

gauthier.durieux@desy.de, christophe.grojean@desy.de, jiayin.gu@desy.de, kechen.wang@desy.de

and on-going work with

N. Craig, S. Di Vita, G. Durieux, C. Grojean, J. Gu, Z. Liu, G. Panico, M. Riembau, T. Vantalon

see also

Degrassi et al '16 arXiv:1607.04251 [hep-ph]

Gorbahn et al '16 arXiv:1607.03773 [hep-ph]

The leptonic future of the Higgs

Gauthier Durieux,^a Christophe Grojean,^{a,b 1} Jiayin Gu,^{a,c} Kechen Wang^{a,c}

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arXiv:1704.02333v1 [hep-ph]

Bizon et al '16 arXiv:1610.05771 [hep-ph]

How to report Higgs data: from κ to EFT

M. Zuckerberg created FaceMash before Facebook

J.K. Rowling got rejected 12 times by editors before she published Harry Potter

Beyonce wrote hundreds of songs before 'Halo'

... Physicists used signal strengths to report Higgs data before ...

one doesn't have to succeed on the first try "the success comes from the freedom to fail"

M. Zuckerberg, Harvard graduation ceremony speech, May 25, 2017

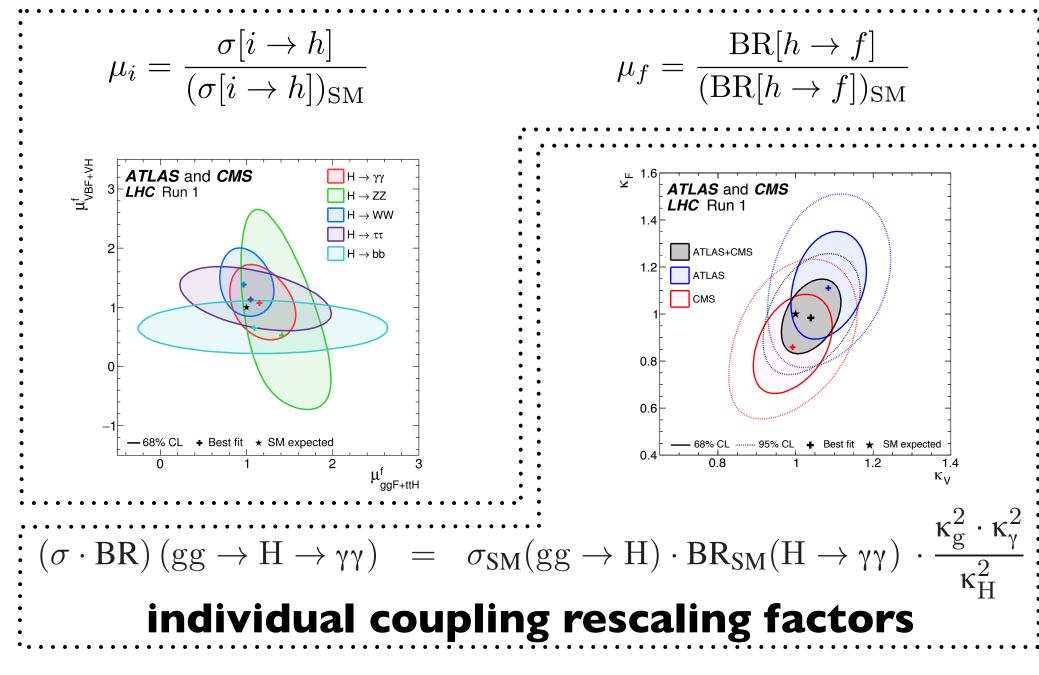
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Higgs (self-)couplings



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How to report Higgs data: from κ to EFT



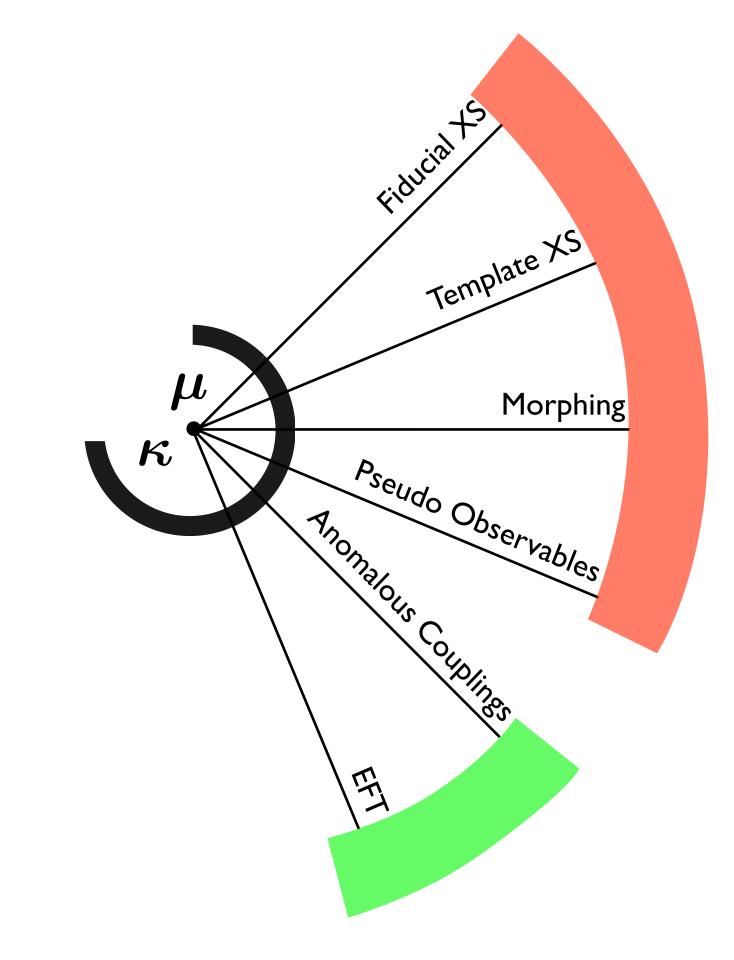
Well suited parametrization for inclusive measurements but doesn't do justice to full possible deformations of SM & other rich diff. information

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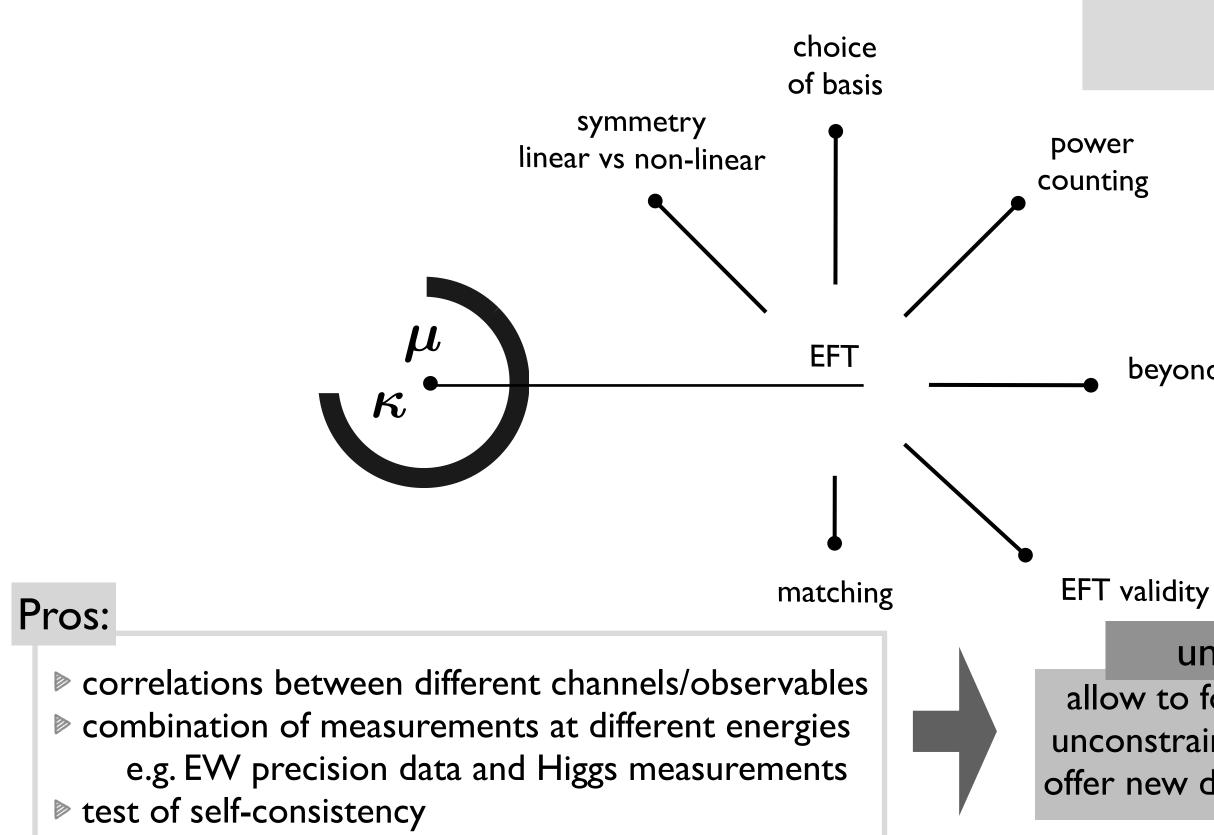
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LHCHXSWG '12

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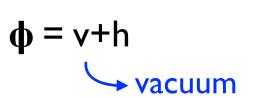
beyond LO

unique to EFT

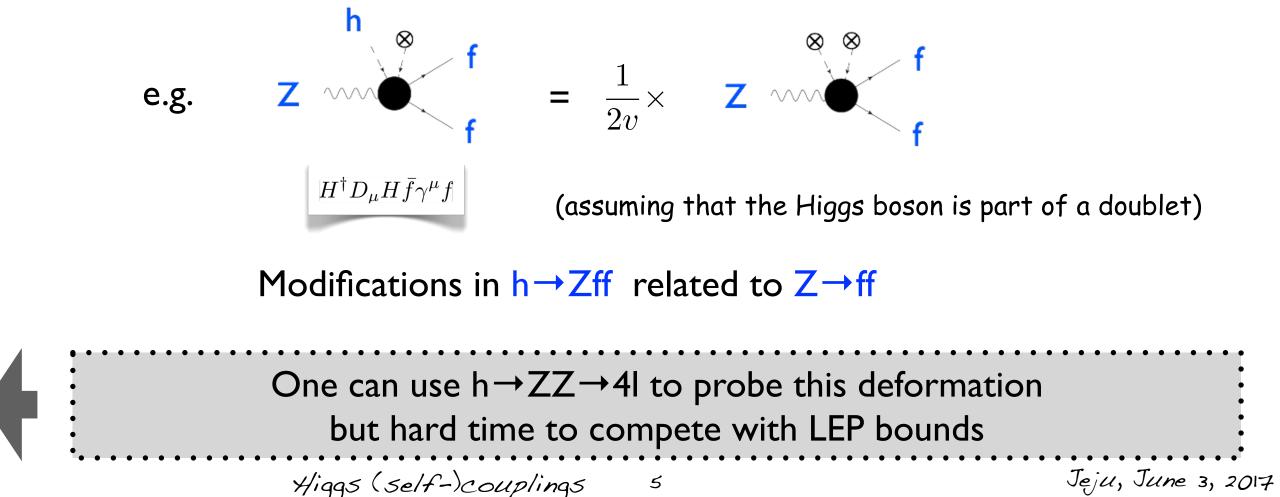
allow to focus on channels yet unconstrained and more likely to offer new discovery opportunities

Higgs physics vs BSM

Several deformations away from the SM affecting Higgs properties are already probed in the vacuum



Potentially new BSM-effects in h physics could have been already tested in the vacuum

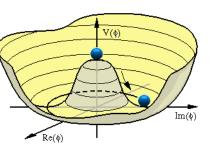


consistency check

not discovery mode

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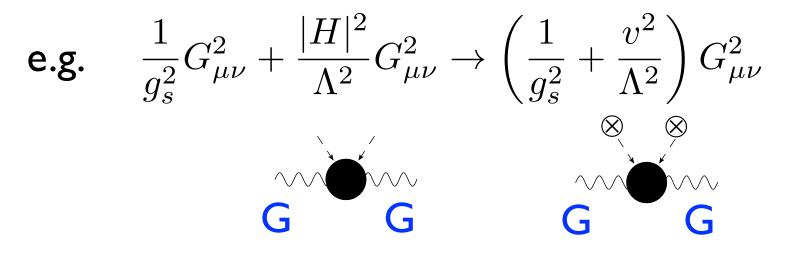
(assuming EW symmetry linearly realized and that new physics is heavy)





Higgs/BSM Primaries

There are others deformations away from the SM that are harmless in the vacuum and need a Higgs field to be probed



But can affect h physics:



(courtesy of A. Pomarol@HiggsHunting2014)

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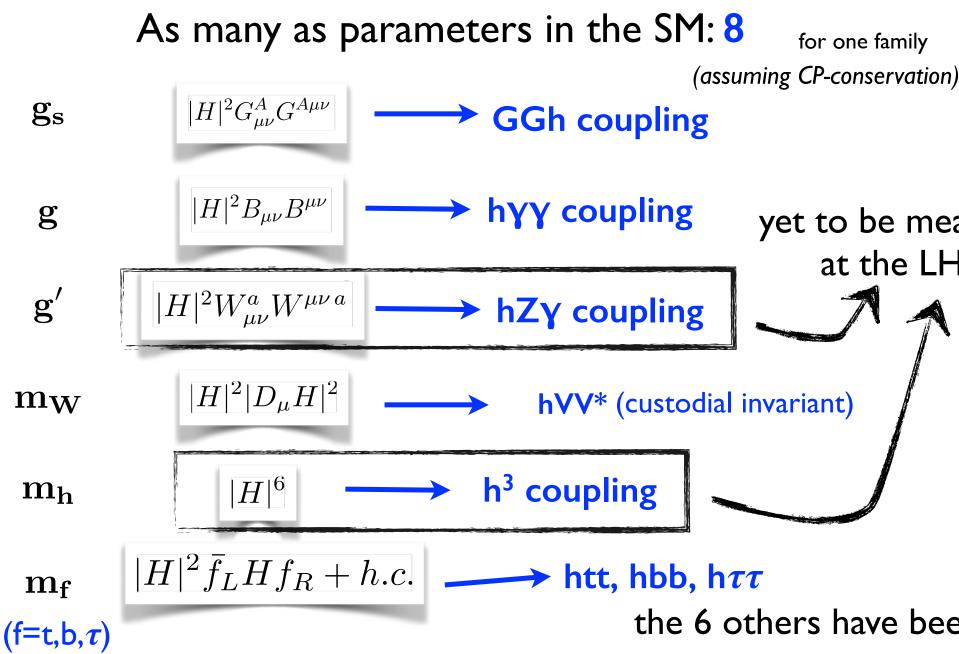
operator not visible in the vacuum (redefinition of input parameter)

operator visible in Higgs physics

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Higgs/BSM Primaries

How many of these effects can we have?



(courtesy of A. Pomarol@HiggsHunting2014)

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Pomarol, Riva'13 Elias-Miro et al '13 Gupta, Pomarol, Riva '14

yet to be measured at the LHC

the 6 others have been measured ($\sim 15\%$)

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Higgs/BSM Primaries

Almost a 1-to-1 correspondence with the 8 K's in the Higgs fit

Coupling		300 fb ⁻	1	3000 fb ⁻¹			
	TI	neory ur	nc.:	Theory unc .:			
	All	Half	None	All	Half	None	
КZ	8.1%	7.9%	7.9%	4.4%	4.0%	3.8%	
ĸw	9.0%	8.7%	8.6%	5.1%	4.5%	4.2%	
ĸ	22%	21%	20%	11%	8.5%	7.6%	
КЪ	23%	22%	22%	12%	11%	10%	
κτ	14%	14%	13%	9.7%	9.0%	8.8%	
κμ	21%	21%	21%	7.5%	7.2%	7.1%	
κ _g	14%	12%	11%	9.1%	6.5%	5.3%	
κγ	9.3%	9.0%	8.9%	4.9%	4.3%	4.1%	
κ _{Ζγ}	24%	24%	24%	14%	14%	14%	

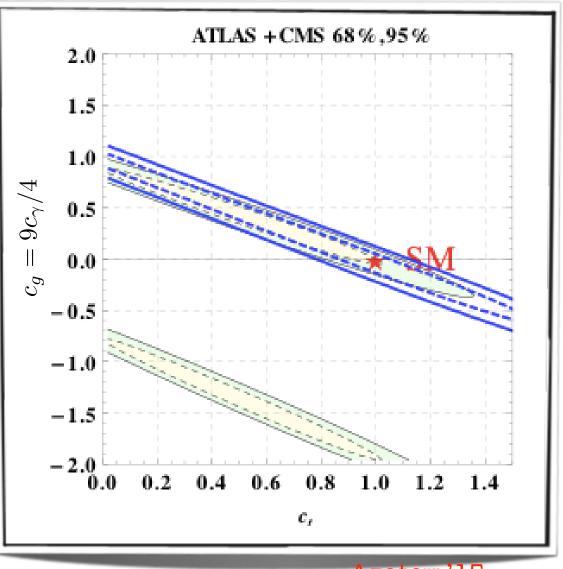
Atlas projection

With some important differences:

I) width hypothesis built-in

2) κ_W/κ_Z is not a primary (constrained by $\Delta \rho$ and TGC) 3) κ_{g} , κ_{Y} , κ_{ZY} do not separate UV and IR

contributions



the 6 others have been measured ($\sim 15\%$) up to a flat direction between between the top/gluon/photon couplings

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A. Pomarol@HiggsHunting2014)

(courtesy of

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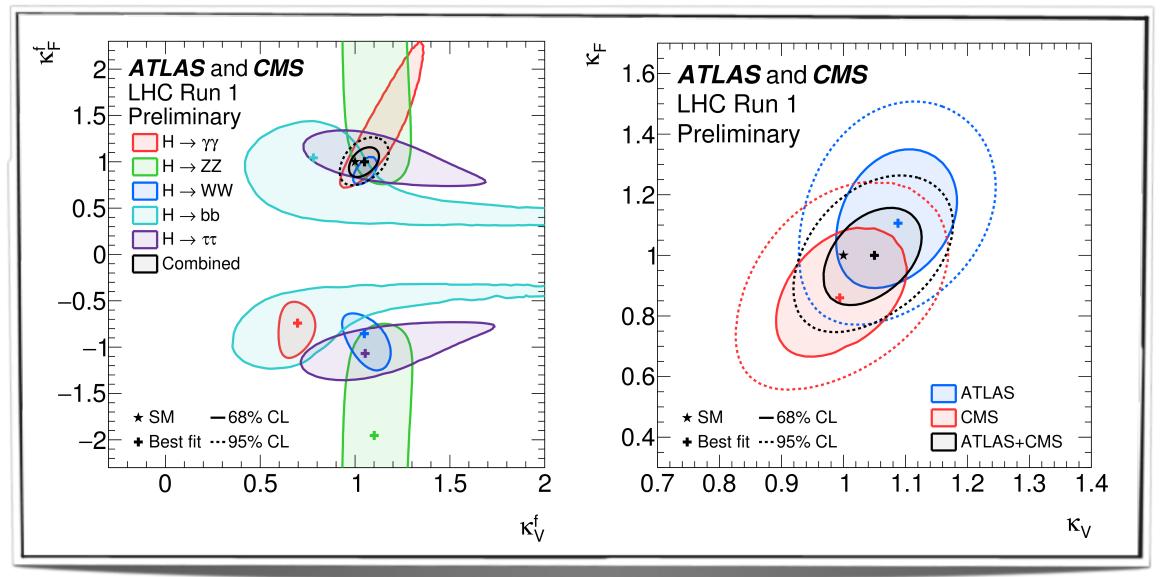
Pomarol, Riva'13 Elias-Miro et al '13 Gupta, Pomarol, Riva '14

Azatov'15

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Why going beyond inclusive Higgs processes?

So far the LHC has mostly produced Higgses on-shell in processes with a characteristic scale $\mu \approx m_H$ access to Higgs couplings @ m_H



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gs processes? on-shell ≈ m_H

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Why going beyond inclusive Higgs processes?

So far the LHC has mostly produced Higgses on-shell in processes with a characteristic scale $\mu \approx m_H$ access to Higgs couplings @ m_H

Producing a Higgs with boosted additional particle(s) probe the Higgs couplings @ large energy (important to check that the Higgs boson ensures perturbative unitarity)

Examples of interesting channels to explore further:

I. off-shell gg \rightarrow h^{*} \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4I

2. boosted Higgs: Higgs+ high-pT jet

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3. double Higgs production

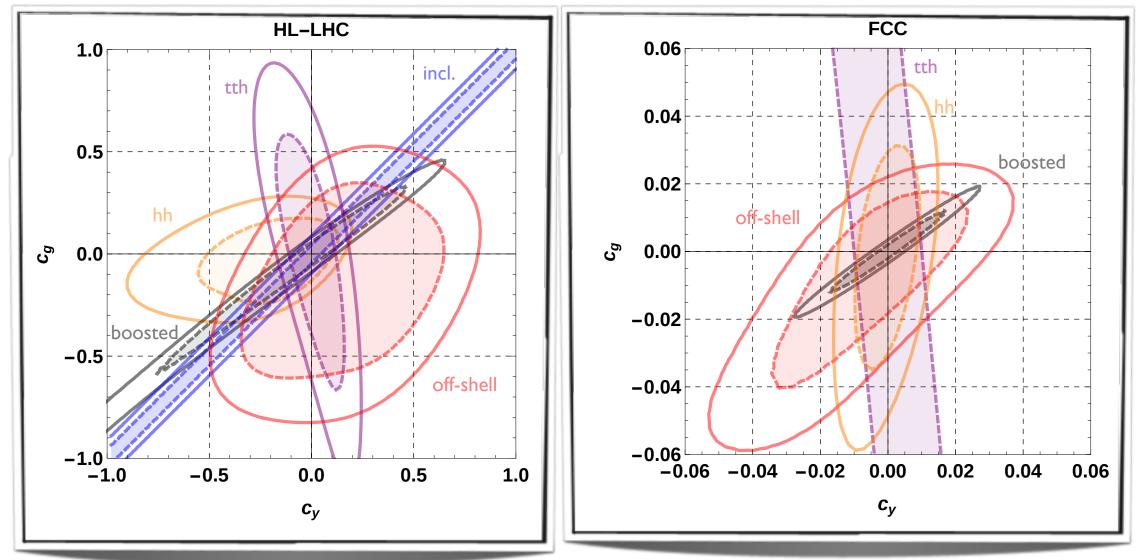
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gs processes? on-shell ≈ тн

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Why going beyond inclusive Higgs processes?

So far the LHC has mostly produced Higgses on-shell in processes with a characteristic scale $\mu \approx m_{\rm H}$



Azatov, Grojean, Paul, Salvioni'16

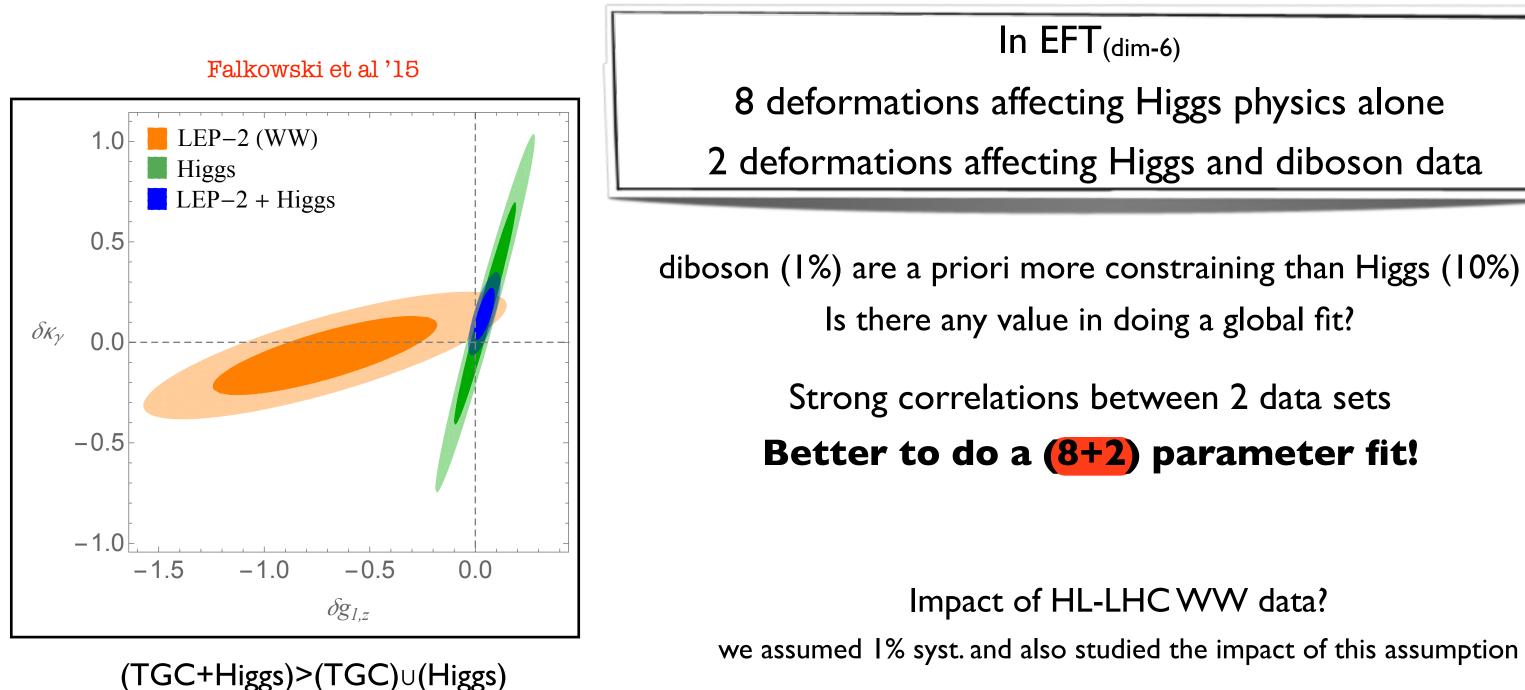
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Synergy Higgs and diboson



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Impact of HL-LHC WW data?

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One missing beast: h³

The Higgs self-couplings plays important roles

I) controls the **stability** of the EW vacuum

2) dictates the dynamics of EW phase transition and potentially conditions the generation of a matter-antimatter asymmetry via **EW baryogenesis**

Does it need to be measured with high accuracy?

difficult to design new physics scenarios that dominantly affect the Higgs self-couplings and leave the other Higgs coupling deviations undetectable

Higgs self-coupling prospects

		HL LHC 3/ab	ILC/CLIC	FCC 100T
	ecision η λ _{ΗΗΗ}	$b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$: poor, only $O(1)$ determination Other channels: needs more detailed studies	 ILC DHS alone at 500 GeV and 1TeV gives only ~ 0(1) determination ~28% via VBF at 1TeV, 1/ab CLIC at 3TeV, 2/ab ~12% via VBF 	$b\overline{b}\gamma\gamma$: golded determination possible wit ~3x less sen
Co	omments	Combining various channels might be important	The role of VBF is important High CM energy and high luminosity are crucial	Improvemen tagging, fako etc are cruc goal

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M. Son, Washington '15

ΓeV

en channel. 5-10% ion might be ith 30/ab.

nsitivity with 3/ab

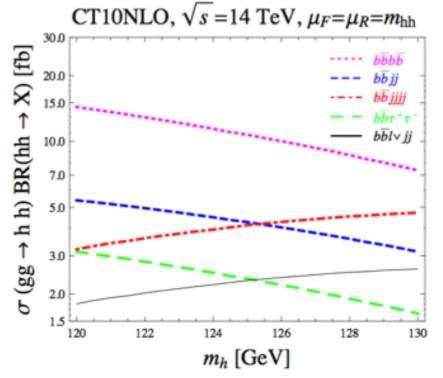
ents on heavy flavor kes, mass resolution cial to achieve our

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h³ from hh@LHC

Measuring this small cross section in an inclusive search is very challenging at the HL-LHC: compromise between branching ratio and cleanliness of the signal

Channel	BR (%)	Events/3 ab
		,
bbWW	24.7	30000
bb au au	7.3	9000
WWWW	4.3	5200
$bb\gamma\gamma$	0.27	330
$\mid bbZZ(ightarrow e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-) \mid$	0.015	19
$\gamma\gamma\gamma\gamma$	0.00052	1



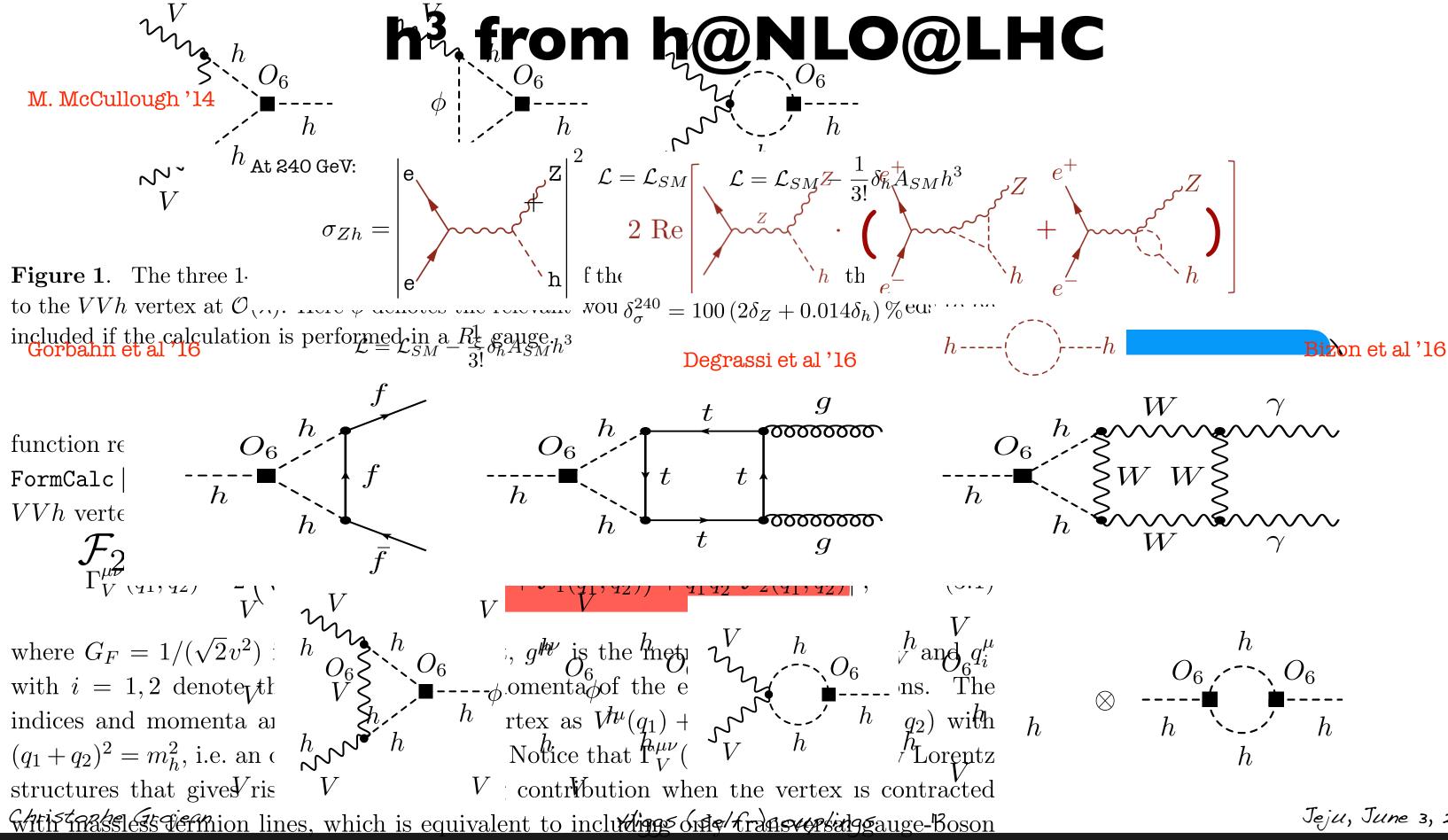
Decay	Issues	Expectation 3000 ifb	References			
$b\overline{b}\gamma\gamma$	 Signal small BKG large & difficult to asses Simple reconst. 	$S/B \simeq 1/3$ $S/\sqrt{B} \simeq 2.5$	[Baur, Plehn, Rainwater] [Yao 1308.6302] [Baglio et al. JHEP 1304]			
$b\bar{b} au^+ au^-$	 tau rec tough largest bkg tt Boost+MT2 might help 	differ a lot $S/B \simeq 1/5$ $S/\sqrt{B} \simeq 5$	[Dolan, Englert, MS] [Barr, Dolan, Englert, MS] [Baglio et al. JHEP 1304]			
$b\overline{b}W^+W$	 looks like tt Need semilep. W to rec. two H Boost + BDT proposed 	differ a lot best case: $S/B \simeq 1.5$ $S/\sqrt{B} \simeq 8.2$	[Dolan, Englert, MS] [Baglio et al. JHEP 1304] [Papaefstathiou, Yang, Zurita 1209.1489]			
$b\overline{b}b\overline{b}$	 Trigger issue (high pT kill signal) 4b background large difficult with MC Subjets might help 	$S/B\simeq 0.02$ $S/\sqrt{B}\leq 2.0$	[Dolan, Englert, MS] [Ferreira de Lima, Papaefstathiou, MS] [Wardrope et al, 1410.2794]			
others	 Many taus/W not clear if 2 Higgs Zs, photons no rate 					

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Higgs (self-)couplings

M. Spannowsky, Mainz '15

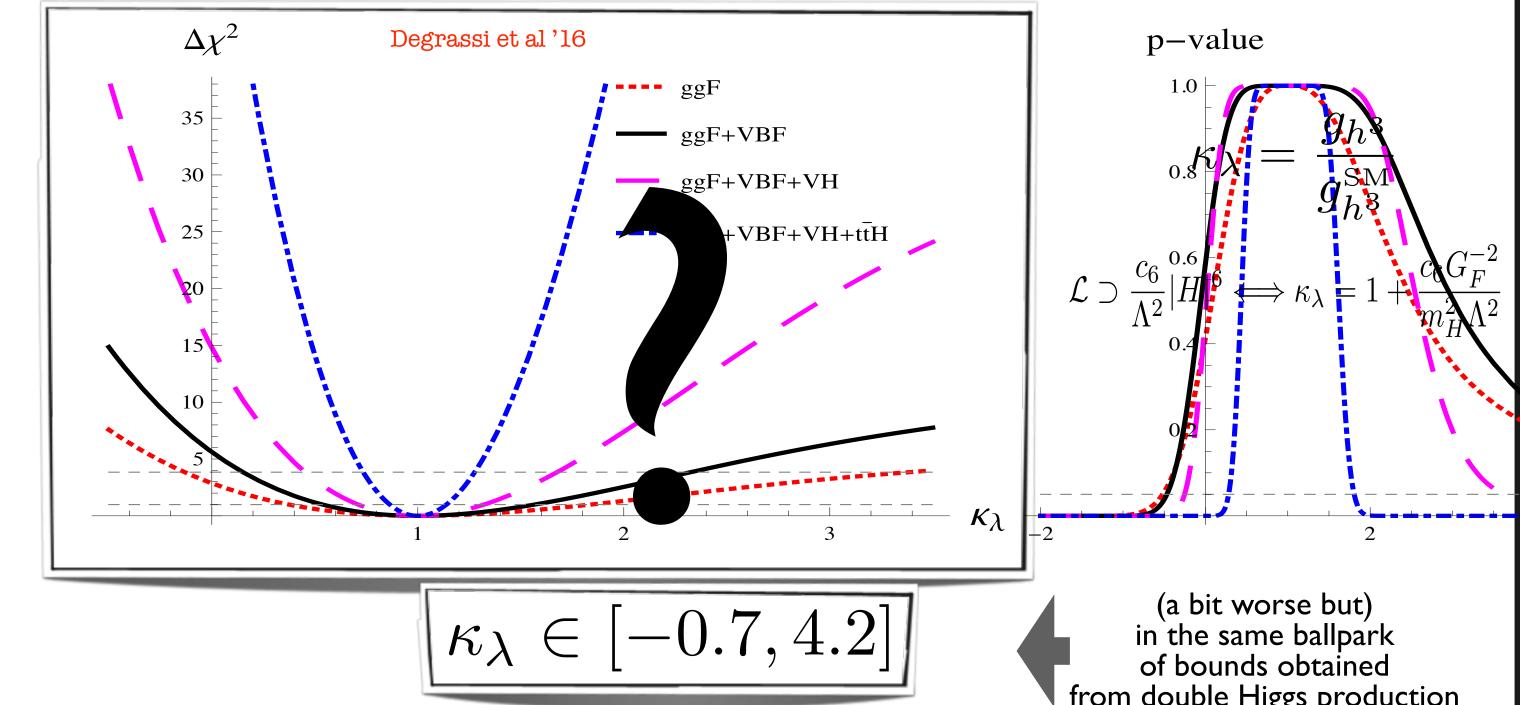
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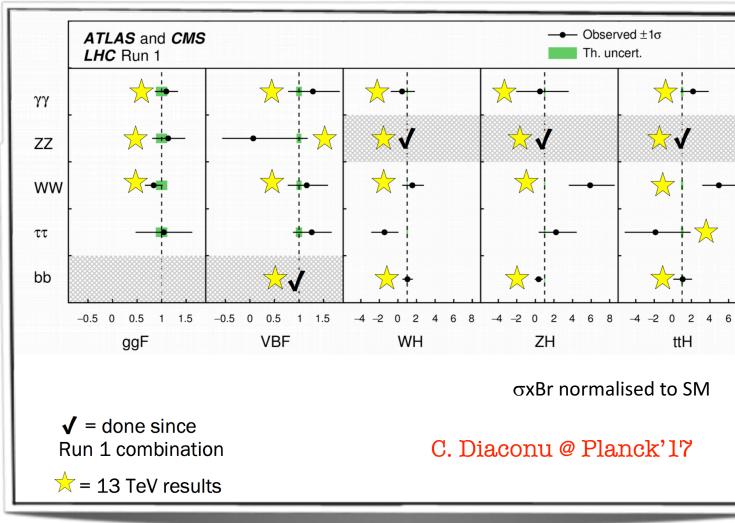


With massless fermion lines, which is equivalent to including only transversal gauge-Boson

from double Higgs production

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5 main production modes: ggF,VBF, WH, ZH, ttH 5 main decay modes: ZZ,WW, γγ, ττ, bb



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Good sensitivity (O(5-10-20)%) on 16 channels @ HL-LHC

Proces	s	Combination	Theory	Experimental
	ggF	0.07	0.05	0.05
	VBF	0.22	0.16	0.15
$H\to\gamma\gamma$	$t\overline{t}H$	0.17	0.12	0.12
	WH	0.19	0.08	0.17
	ZH	0.28	0.07	0.27
	ggF	0.06	0.05	0.04
	VBF	0.17	0.10	0.14
$H \rightarrow ZZ$	$t\overline{t}H$	0.20	0.12	0.16
	WH	0.16	0.06	0.15
	ZH	0.21	0.08	0.20
$H \rightarrow WW$	ggF	0.07	0.05	0.05
$II \rightarrow VV VV$	VBF	0.15	0.12	0.09
$H \to Z\gamma$	incl.	0.30	0.13	0.27
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	WH	0.37	0.09	0.36
$11 \rightarrow 00$	ZH	0.14	0.05	0.13
$H \to \tau^+ \tau^-$	VBF	0.19	0.12	0.15

Estimated relative uncertainties on the determination of single-Higgs production channels at the HL-LHC(14 TeV center of mass energy, 3/ab integrated luminosity and pile-up 140 events/bunch-crossing).

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2014-016

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2016-008

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ATL-PHYS-PUB-2016-018

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5 main production modes: ggF,VBF, WH, ZH, ttH 5 main decay modes: ZZ, WW, $\gamma\gamma$, $\tau\tau$, bb

a priori up to **25** measurements

but for an on-shell particles, at most **IO** physical quantities since only products σxBR are measured \Rightarrow only 9 independent constraints

$$\mu_i^f = \mu_i \times \mu^f = \frac{\sigma_i}{(\sigma_i)_{\rm SM}} \times \frac{{\rm BR}[f]}{({\rm BR}[f])_{\rm SM}}$$

$$\mu_i^f \simeq 1 + \delta \mu_i + \delta \mu_i$$

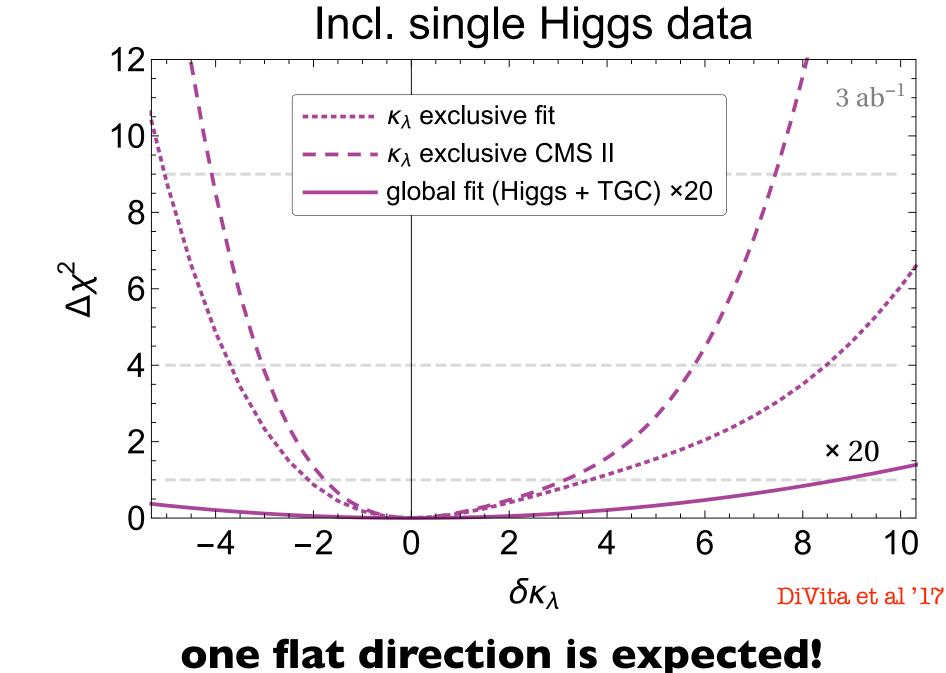
linearized BSM perturbations

$$\mu_i \to \mu_i + \delta$$
 $\mu^f \to \mu^f - \delta$.

cannot determine univocally 10 EFT parameters! one flat direction is expected! Higgs (self-)couplings

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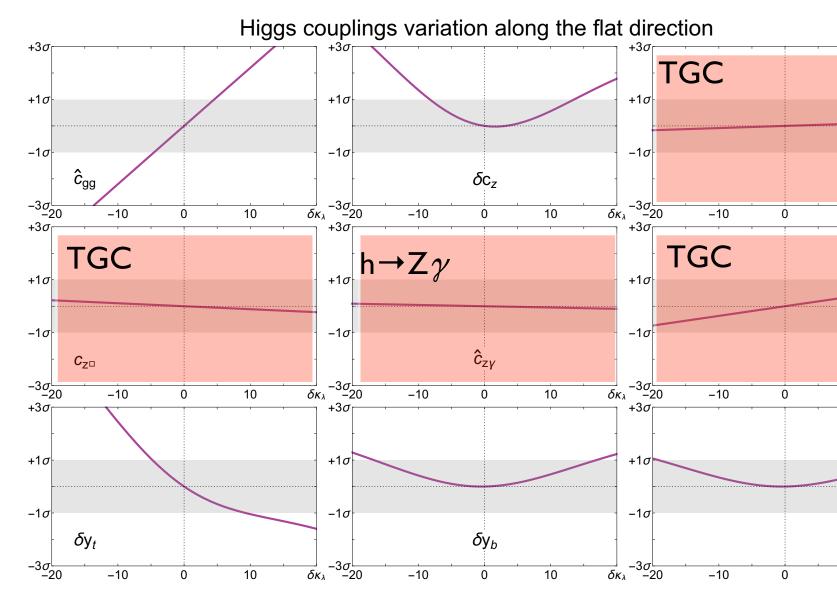
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Higgs (self-)couplings

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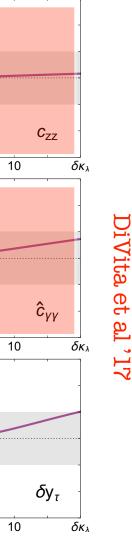


The particular structure of this flat direction tells that adding new data on diboson or $h \rightarrow Z\gamma$ won't help much

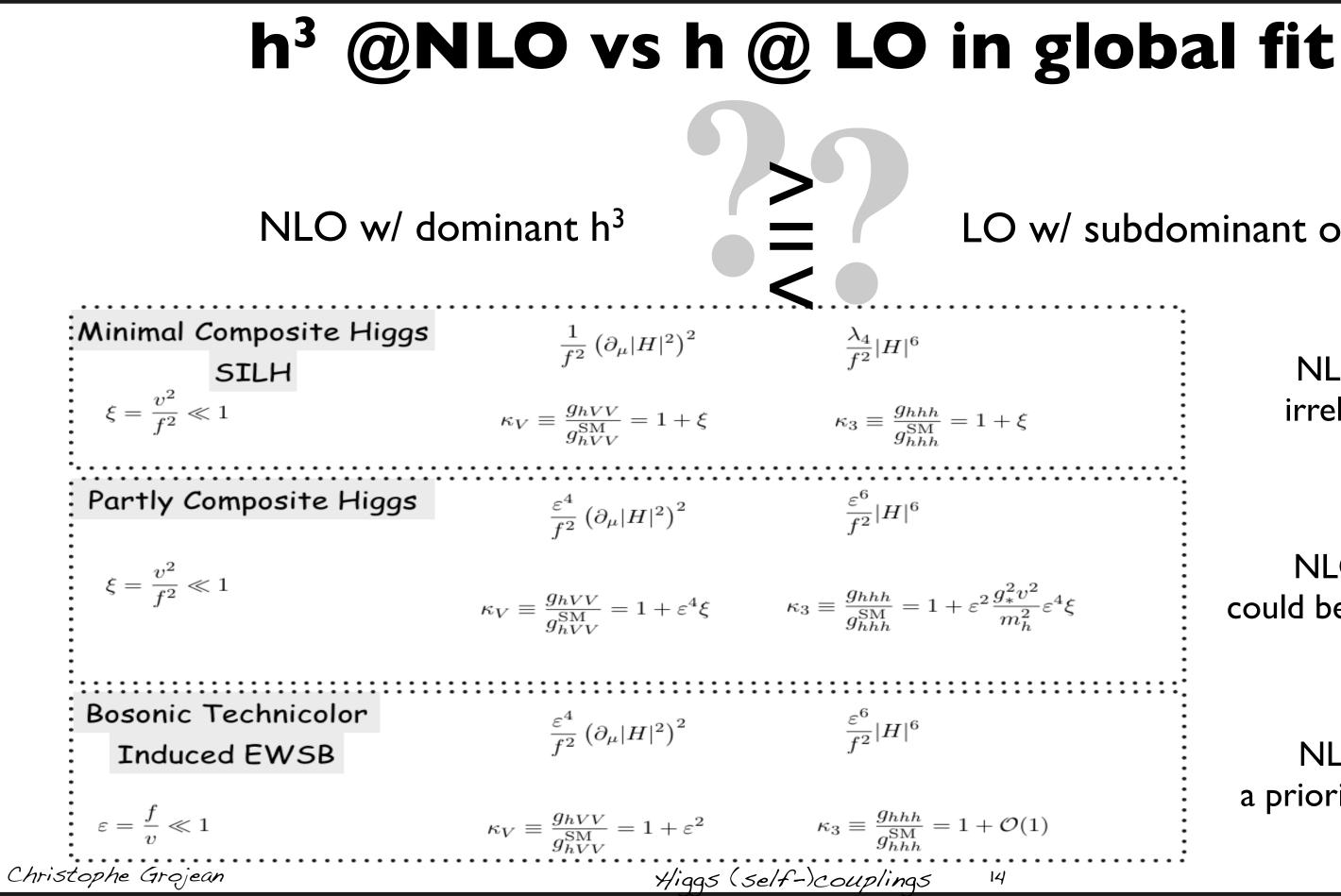
one flat direction is expected!

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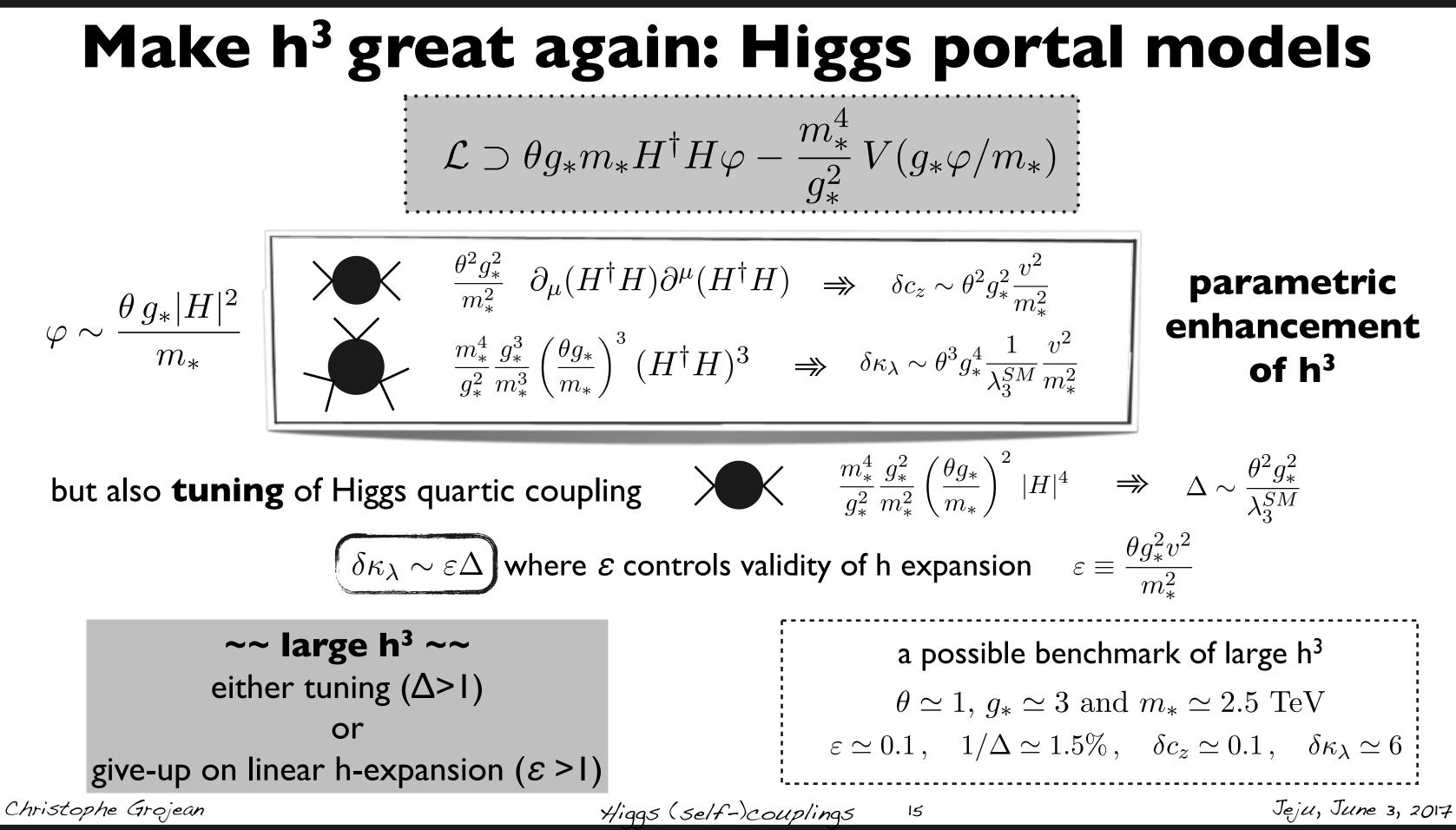
LO w/ subdominant other h

NLO h³ irrelevant

NLO h³ could be relevant

NLO h³ a priori relevant

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Does h³ modify the fit to other couplings?

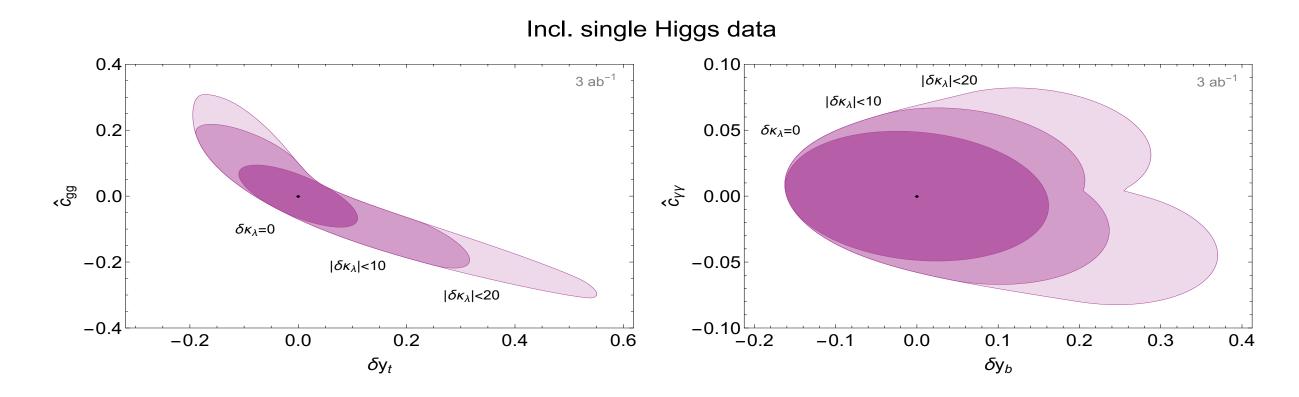


Figure 3. Constraints in the planes $(\delta y_t, \hat{c}_{gg})$ (left panel) and $(\delta y_b, \hat{c}_{\gamma\gamma})$ (right panel) obtained from a global fit on the single-Higgs processes. The darker regions are obtained by fixing the Higgs trilinear to the SM value $\kappa_{\lambda} = 1$, while the lighter ones are obtained through profiling by restricting $\delta \kappa_{\lambda}$ in the ranges $|\delta \kappa_{\lambda}| \leq 10$ and $|\delta \kappa_{\lambda}| \leq 20$ respectively. The regions correspond to 68% confidence level (defined in the Gaussian limit corresponding to $\Delta \chi^2 = 2.3$).

in models with parametrically large h^3 a LO fit to single Higgs couplings done omitting κ_{λ} could be erroneous

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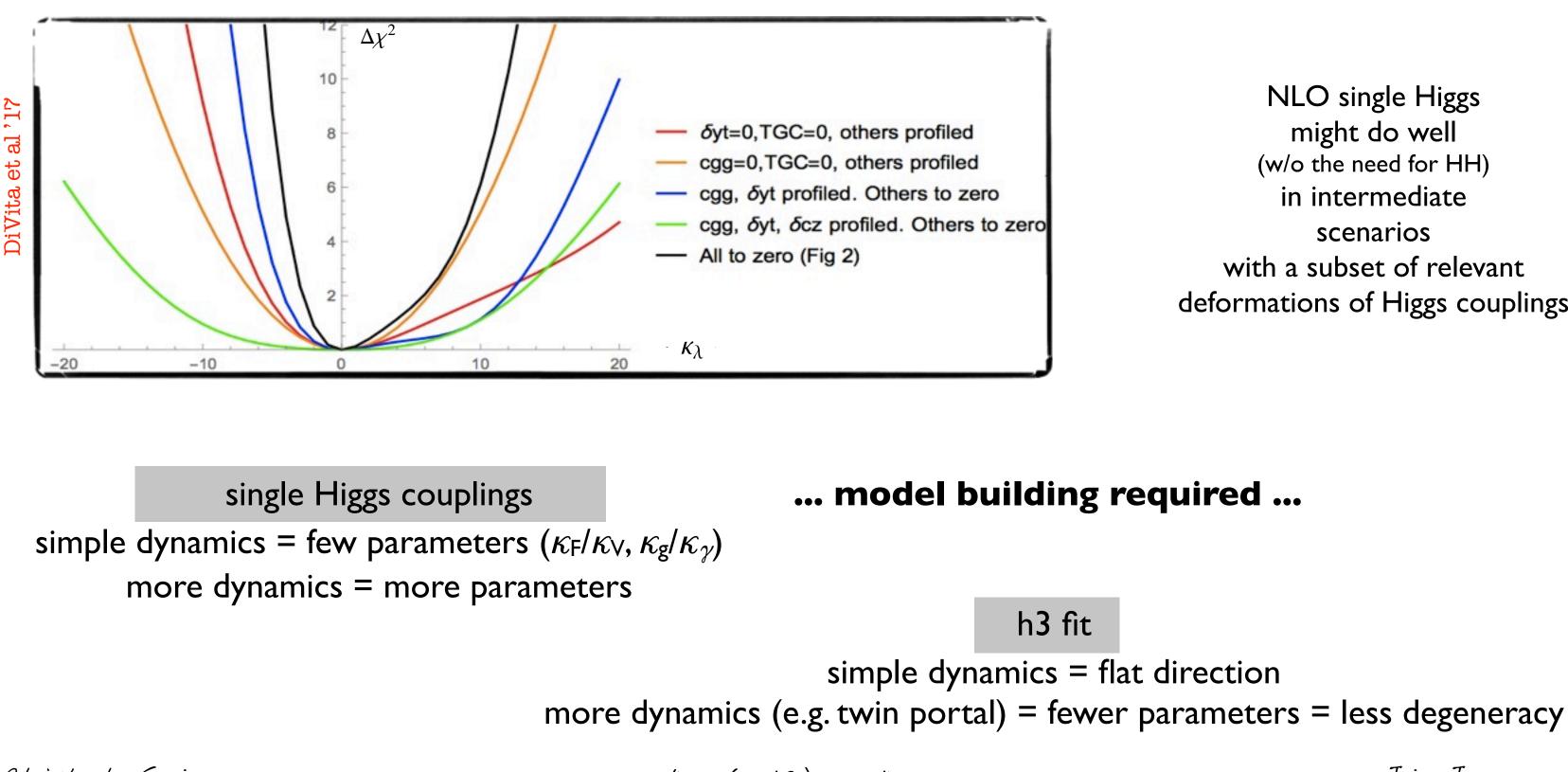
DiVita et al

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Intermediate scenarios?



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NLO single Higgs might do well (w/o the need for HH) in intermediate scenarios with a subset of relevant deformations of Higgs couplings

NLO single H vs double Higgs

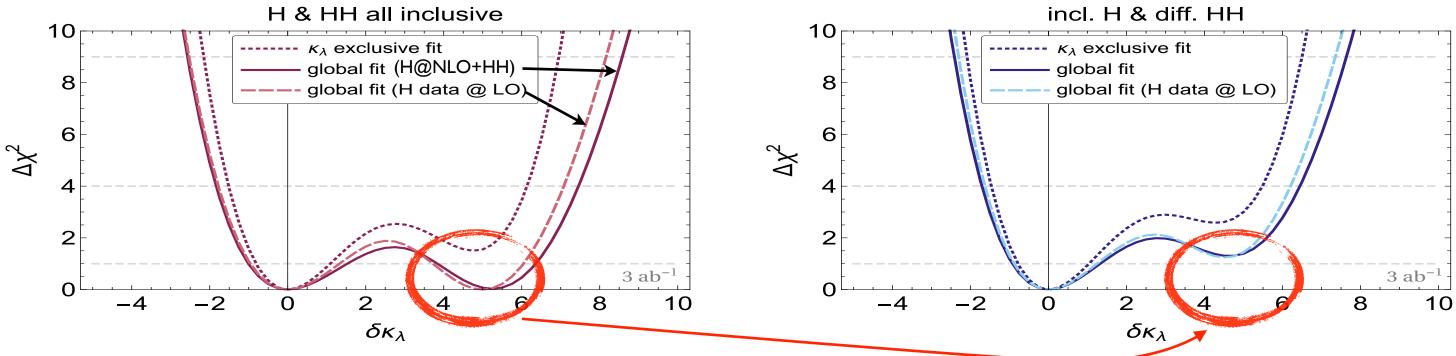


Figure 4. Left: The solid curve shows the global χ^2 as a function of the corrections to the Higgs trilinear self-coupling obtained from a fit exploiting inclusive single Higgs and inclusive double Higgs observables. The dashed line shows the fit obtained by neglecting the dependence on $\delta \kappa_{\lambda}$ in single-Higgs observables. The dotted line is obtained by exclusive fit in which all the EFT parameters, except for $\delta \kappa_{\lambda}$, are set to zero. *Right:* The same but using differential observables for double Higgs.

double Higgs data first! single Higgs observables at NLO play a marginal role in determining h^3 $\kappa_{\lambda} \in [0.0, 2.5] \cup [4.9, 7.4]$

differential double Higgs removes degenerate minimum but doesn't improve much the bound around SM

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Is differential single H @ NLO a good option?

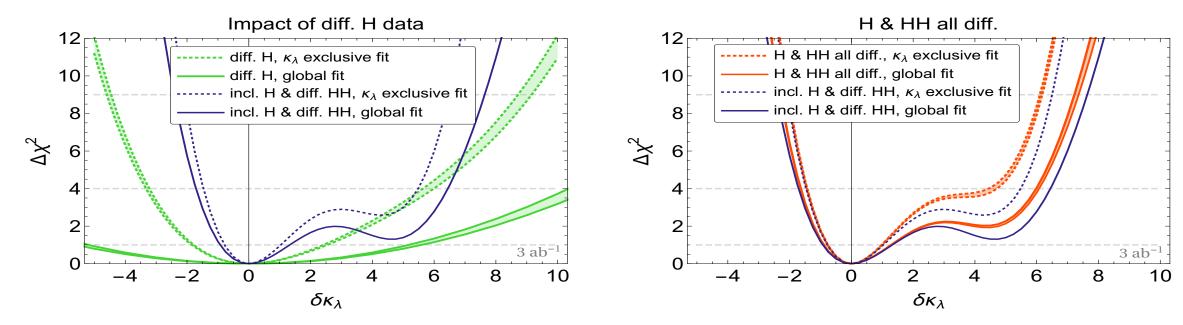


Figure 5. Left: χ^2 as a function of the Higgs trilinear self-coupling. The green bands are obtained from the differential analysis on single-Higgs observables and are delimited by the fits corresponding to the optimistic and pessimistic estimates of the experimental uncertainties. The dotted green curves correspond to a fit performed exclusively on $\delta \kappa_{\lambda}$ setting to zero all the other parameters, while the solid green lines are obtained by a global fit profiling over the single-Higgs coupling parameters. *Right:* The red lines show the fits obtained by a combination of single-Higgs and double-Higgs differential observables. In both panels the dark blue curves are obtained by considering only double-Higgs differential observables and coincide with the results shown in fig. 4.

diff. single Higgs observables to asses $h^3 =$ interesting potential option h incl. @ NLO: flat direction h diff. @ NLO: $\kappa_{\lambda} \subset [-4,7]$ w/ hh data: $\kappa_{\lambda} \subset [0, 2.5]$

 $\sim\sim$ synergy between diff. single Higgs and double Higgs channels $\sim\sim$

more detailed estimates of exp. uncertainties are required to fully asses the potential of diff. channels

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Is the fit robust against systematics?

doubling the uncertainties doesn't affect much the bounds on h^3

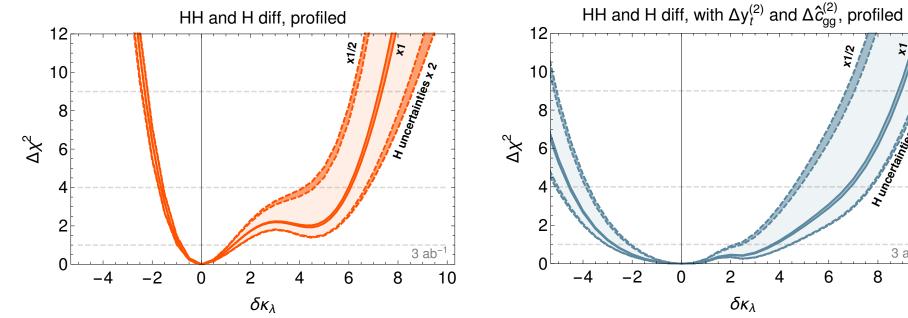


Figure 6. Band of variation of the global fit on the Higgs self-coupling obtained by rescaling the single-Higgs measurement uncertainties by a factor in the range $x \in [1/2, 2]$. The lighter shaded bands show the full variation of the fit due to the rescaling. The darker bands show how the fits corresponding to the 'optimistic' and 'pessimistic' assumptions on the systematic uncertainties (compare fig. 5) change for x = 1/2, 1, 2. The left panel shows the fit in the linear Lagrangian, while the right panel corresponds to the non-linear case in which $\Delta y_f^{(2)}$ and $\Delta \hat{c}_{gg}^{(2)}$ are treated as independent parameters.

in scenarios where h^3 can be naturally large, Higgs expansion could break down & more parameters need to be fitted (in particular due do fewer constraints from EW precision data) no robust determination of h³ possible yet in these scenarios

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71%

DiVita et al

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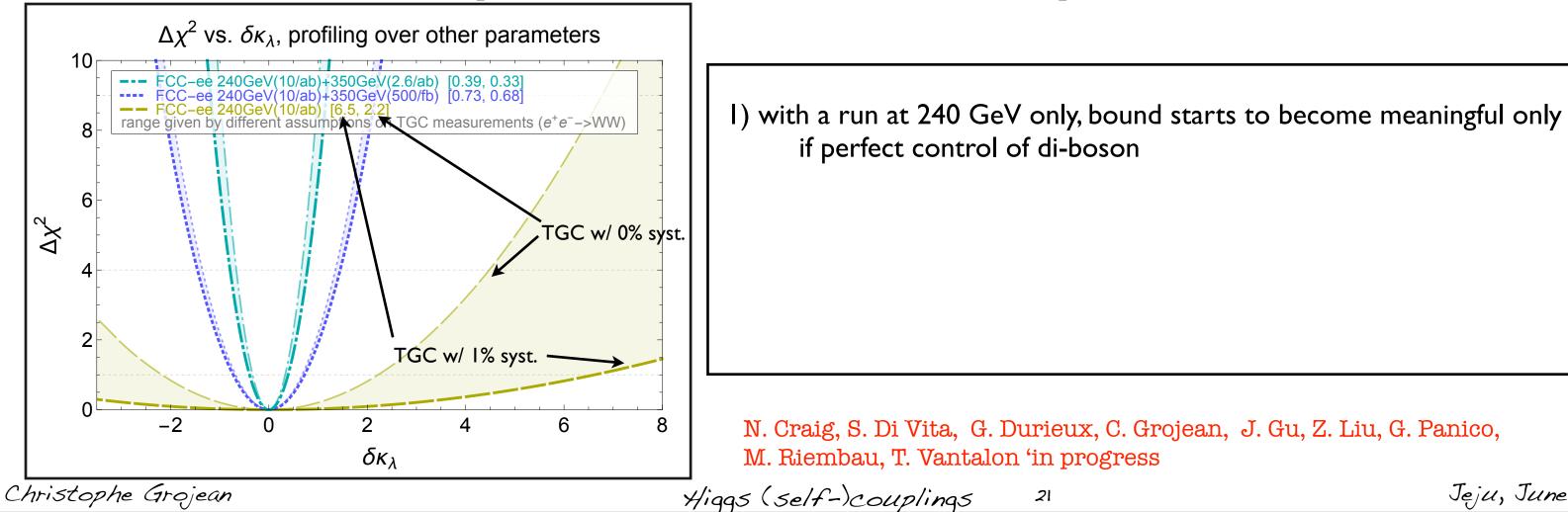
bounds on h^3 become looser in non-linear realization of SU(2)

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What about (low energy) e⁺e⁻ colliders?

I main production mode: ZH & I subdominant production: VBF + access to full angular distributions (4) and/or beam polarizations (2) 7 (+2) accessible decay modes: ZZ, WW, $\gamma\gamma$, $Z\gamma$, $\tau\tau$, bb, gg, (cc, $\mu\mu$)

at least **IO** solid independent constraints to fit **IO** parameters



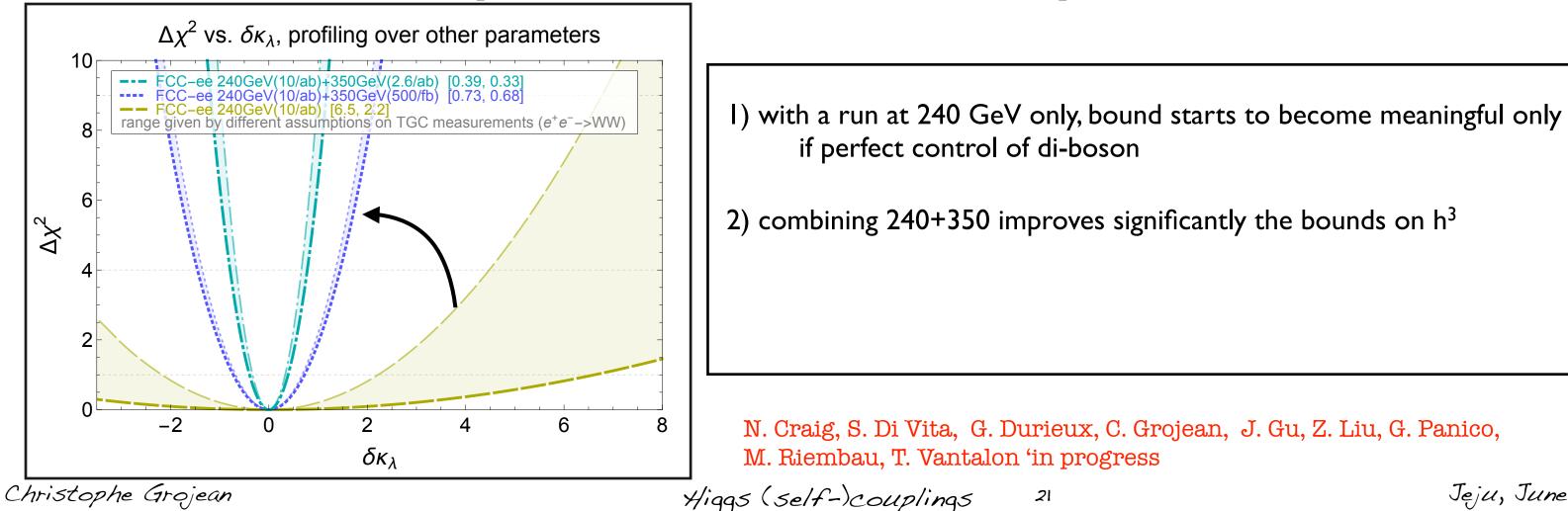
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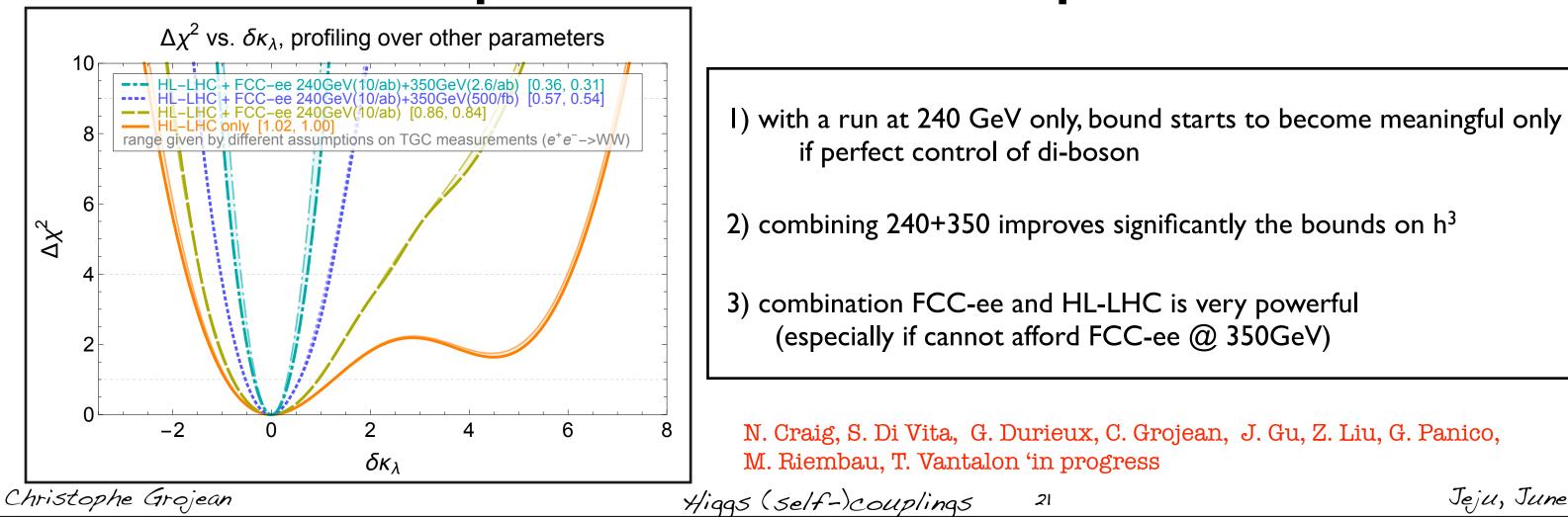


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at least **IO** solid independent constraints to fit **IO** parameters a priori no flat direction is expected!



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Conclusions

It is often claimed that h^3 measurement is needed I) to understand EW symmetry breaking 2) to probe new physics at the origin of EWSB

 h^3 is not a precise measurement to access to new physics but order one determination is within HL-LHC reach and it can help figure out the thermodynamics of EW phase transition and the Higgs thermal potential with important consequences: I) EW baryogenesis 2) stochastic GW background

Let us try and help the experimentalists telling us its value!

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Higgs Basis

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{h}{v} \left[\delta c_w \frac{g^2 v^2}{2} W^+_\mu W^{-\mu} + \frac{\delta c_s}{4} \frac{(g^2 + g'^2) v^2}{4} Z_\mu Z^\mu + c_{ww} \frac{g^2}{2} W^+_{\mu\nu} W^{-\mu\nu} + c_{w\Box} g^2 \left(W^-_\mu \partial_\nu W^{+\mu\nu} + \text{h.c.} \right) + \frac{\delta c_g}{4\pi^2} A_{\mu\nu} A^{\mu\nu} + \frac{c_{s\sigma}}{2\pi^2} Z_{\mu\nu} Z^{\mu\nu} + \frac{c_{s\sigma}}{2\pi^2} Z_{\mu\nu} Z^{\mu\nu} + \frac{c_{s\sigma}}{2\pi^2} Z_{\mu\nu} A^{\mu\nu} + \frac{c_{s\sigma}}{2\pi^2} g^2 Z_\mu \partial_\nu Z^{\mu\nu} + c_{\gamma\Box} gg' Z_\mu \partial_\nu A^{\mu\nu} + \frac{g_s^2}{48\pi^2} \left(\frac{\delta gg}{v} + \hat{c}_{gg}^{(2)} \frac{h^2}{2v^2} \right) G_{\mu\nu} G^{\mu\nu} - \sum_f \left[m_f \left(\delta y \frac{h}{v} + \delta y_f^{(2)} \frac{h^2}{2v^2} \right) \bar{f}_R f_L + \text{h.c.} \right] - (\kappa_{\chi} - 1) \lambda_3^{SM} v h^3 ,$$

$$10 \text{ parameter}$$

$$\delta c_{sc} - \delta c_{sc} ,$$

$$c_{ww} = c_{ss} + 2 \frac{y'^2}{\pi^2 (g^2 + g'^2)} \hat{c}_{s\gamma} + \frac{g'^4}{\pi^2 (g^2 + g'^2)} \hat{c}_{s\gamma} - (g^2 - g'^2) \frac{y'^2}{\pi^2 (g^2 + g'^2)} \hat{c}_{s\gamma} \right] ,$$

$$\delta deformations of Higgs coupling$$

$$\delta c_{sc} - c_{sz} + c_{sz} - c_{s\sigma}^2 \frac{g'^2}{\pi^2 (g^2 + g'^2)} \hat{c}_{s\gamma} - (g^2 - g'^2) \frac{g'^2}{\pi^2 (g^2 + g'^2)} \hat{c}_{s\gamma} \right] ,$$

$$\delta g_f - \delta g_f , \delta g_f$$

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$$\hat{c}_{gg}^{(2)} = \hat{c}_{gg},$$

$$\delta y_f^{(2)} = 3\delta y_f - \delta c_z$$

 $\delta c_w = \delta c_z \,,$

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with

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^S s to gauge bosons $\hat{c}_{\gamma\gamma}\,,\,\,\hat{c}_{gg}$ ings to fermions I deformations of Higgs self-couplings κ_λ Jeju, June 3, 2017

Single Higgs observables @ NLO in h³

$$\begin{split} \frac{\sigma_{ZH}}{\sigma_{ZH}^{SM}} &= 1 + \delta c_{z} \begin{pmatrix} 2.0 \\ 2.0$$

$$\frac{\sigma}{\sigma_{\rm SM}} = 1 + (\kappa_{\lambda} - 1)C^{\sigma} + \frac{(\kappa_{\lambda}^2 - 1)\delta Z_H}{1 - \kappa_{\lambda}^2 \delta Z_H}, \qquad \qquad \frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma_{\rm SM}} = 1 + (\kappa_{\lambda} - 1)C^{\Gamma} + \frac{(\kappa_{\lambda}^2 - 1)\delta Z_H}{1 - \kappa_{\lambda}^2 \delta Z_H}. \qquad \qquad \delta Z_H = -\frac{9}{16}\frac{G_{\mu}m_H^2}{\sqrt{2}\pi^2} \left(\frac{2\pi}{3\sqrt{3}} - 1\right) \simeq 0.0015$$

						C^{σ} [%]	ggF	VBF	WH	ZH	$t\bar{t}H$
C^{Γ} [%]	$\gamma\gamma$	ZZ	WW	$f\bar{f}$	gg	$7 { m TeV}$	0.66	0.65	1.06	1.23	3.87
Н	0.49	0.83	0.73	0	0.66	$8 { m TeV}$	0.66	0.65	1.05	1.22	3.78
	0.10					$13 { m TeV}$	0.66	0.64	1.03	1.19	3.51
						$14 { m TeV}$	0.66	0.64	1.03	1.18	3.47

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- $+2.15 c_{z\Box} + 0.98 c_{zz} 0.066 \hat{c}_{z\gamma} 2.47 \hat{c}_{\gamma\gamma} 0.56 \,\delta y_t$
- $-3.4\,\hat{c}_{z\gamma}-0.113\,\delta y_t\,,$
- $-0.67 c_{z\Box} + 0.05 c_{zz} 0.0182 \hat{c}_{z\gamma} 0.0051 \hat{c}_{\gamma\gamma},$
- $c_{0.33} c_{z\Box} + 0.19 c_{zz} 0.0081 \hat{c}_{z\gamma} 0.00111 \hat{c}_{\gamma\gamma}$

+ 0.006 c_{zz} - 0.0091 $\hat{c}_{z\gamma}$ + 0.15 $c_{z\Box}$ - 0.0061 $\hat{c}_{\gamma\gamma}$ + 0.48 δ $-0.23\,\delta y_t + 0.13\,\delta y_\tau\,,$

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TGC

$$\mathcal{L} \supset i g c_w \,\delta g_{1,z} \left(W^+_{\mu\nu} W^{\mu-} - W^-_{\mu\nu} W^{\mu+} \right) Z^{\nu} + i e \,\delta \kappa_\gamma \,A^{\mu\nu} W^+_{\nu} W^-_{\nu} + i g \,c_w \,\delta \kappa_z \,Z^{\mu\nu} W^{\mu} + i \,\frac{e \,\lambda_\gamma}{m_w^2} W^{\mu+}_{\ \nu} W^{\nu-}_{\ \rho} A^{\rho}_{\ \mu} + \frac{g \,c_w \,\lambda_Z}{m_w^2} W^{\mu+}_{\ \nu} W^{\mu+}_{\$$

$$\begin{split} \delta g_{1,z} &= \frac{g'^2}{2(g^2 - g'^2)} \left[\hat{c}_{\gamma\gamma} \frac{e^2}{\pi^2} + \hat{c}_{z\gamma} \frac{g^2 - g'^2}{\pi^2} - \\ &c_{zz} \left(g^2 + g'^2 \right) - c_{z\Box} \frac{g^2}{g'^2} \left(g^2 + g'^2 \right) \right] , \\ \delta \kappa_{\gamma} &= -\frac{g^2}{2(g^2 + g'^2)} \left[\hat{c}_{\gamma\gamma} \frac{e^2}{\pi^2} + \hat{c}_{z\gamma} \frac{g^2 - g'^2}{\pi^2} - c_{zz} (g^2 + g'^2) \right] \\ \delta \kappa_z &= \delta g_{1,z} - \frac{g'^2}{g^2} \delta \kappa_{\gamma} , \\ \lambda_{\gamma} &= \lambda_z . \end{split}$$

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 $W^{+}_{\mu}W^{-}_{\nu}$ $W^{-}_{\ \rho}Z^{\rho}_{\ \mu}$

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