

Scoring II

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Geant4 Tutorial Course

Geant 4

Contents

- Retrieving information from Geant4
- Command-based scoring
- Add a new scorer/filter to command-based scoring
- Define scorers in the tracking volume
- Accumulate scores for a run



**Previous
talk**



This talk



Add a new scorer/filter to command-based scorers

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Scorer base class

- G4VPrimitiveScorer is the abstract base of all scorer classes.
- To make your own scorer you have to implement at least:
 - Constructor
 - Initialize()
 - Initialize G4THitsMap<G4double> map object
 - ProcessHits()
 - Get the physics quantity you want from G4Step, etc. and fill the map
 - Clear()
 - GetIndex()
 - Convert **three copy numbers** into an index of the map
- G4PSEnergyDeposit3D could be a good example.
- Create your own messenger class to define /score/quantity/<your_quantity> command.
 - Refer to G4ScorerQuantityMessenger class.

Filter class

- G4VSDFilter
 - Abstract base class which you can use to make your own filter
- ```
class G4VSDFilter
{
 public:
 G4VSDFilter(G4String name);
 virtual ~G4VSDFilter();
 public:
 virtual G4bool Accept(const G4Step*) const = 0;
 ...
}
```
- Create your own messenger class to define /score/filter/<your\_filter> command.
    - Refer to G4ScorerQuantityMessenger class.

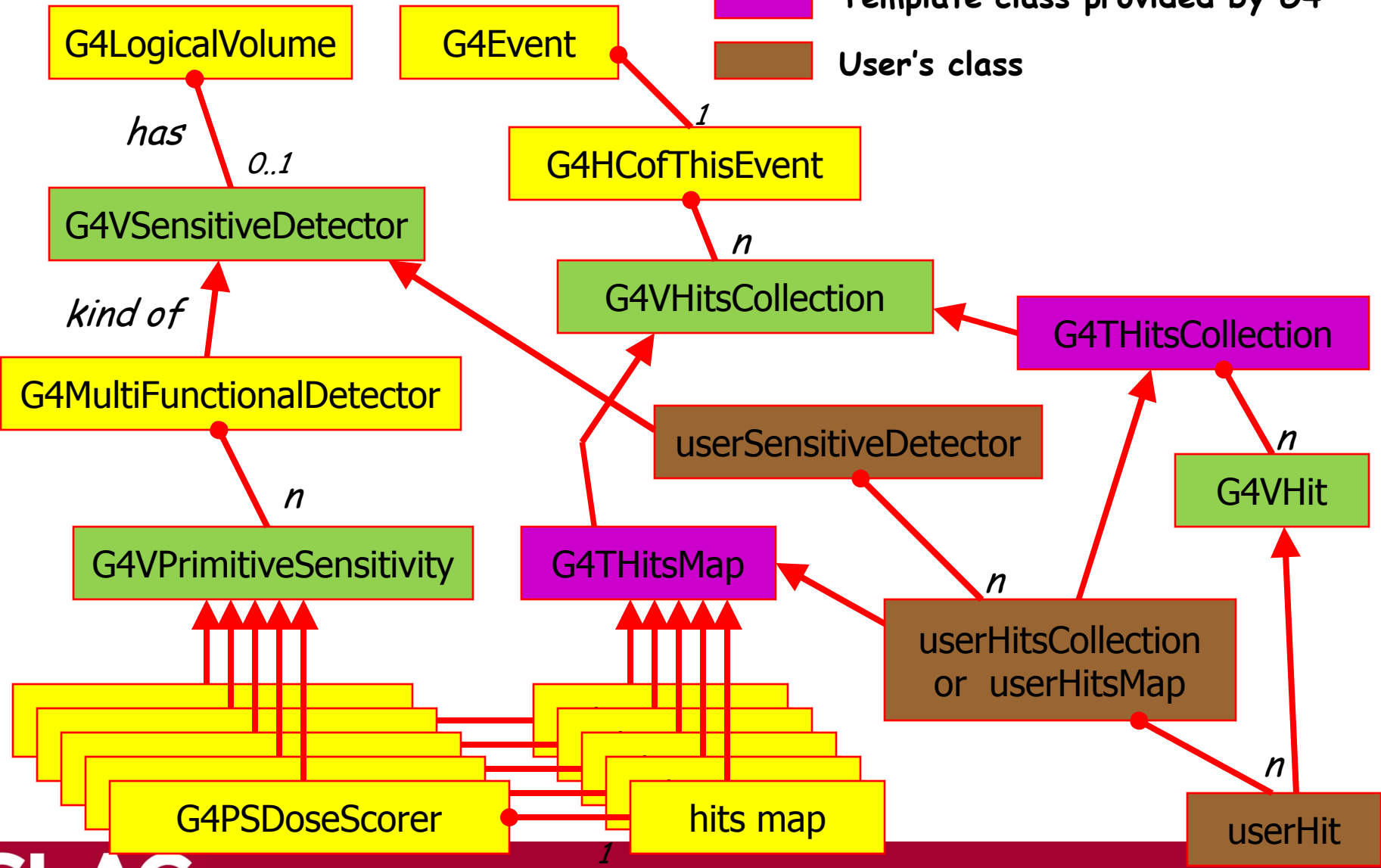


Define scorers to the tracking volume

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# Class diagram

- Concrete class provided by G4
- Abstract base class provided by G4
- Template class provided by G4
- User's class



# example

```
MyDetectorConstruction::Construct()
{ ... G4LogicalVolume* myCellLog = new G4LogicalVolume(...);
 G4VPhysicalVolume* myCellPhys = new G4PVPParametrised(...);
 G4MultiFunctionalDetector* myScorer =
 new G4MultiFunctionalDetector("myCellScorer");
 G4SDManager::GetSDMpointer()->AddNewDetector(myScorer);
 myCellLog->SetSensitiveDetector(myScorer);
 G4VPrimitiveSensitivity* totalSurfFlux = new
 G4PSFlatSurfaceFlux("TotalSurfFlux");
 myScorer->Register(totalSurfFlux);
 G4VPrimitiveSensitivity* totalDose = new G4PSDoseDeposit("TotalDose");
 myScorer->Register(totalDose);
}
```

**You may register arbitrary  
number of primitive scorers.**

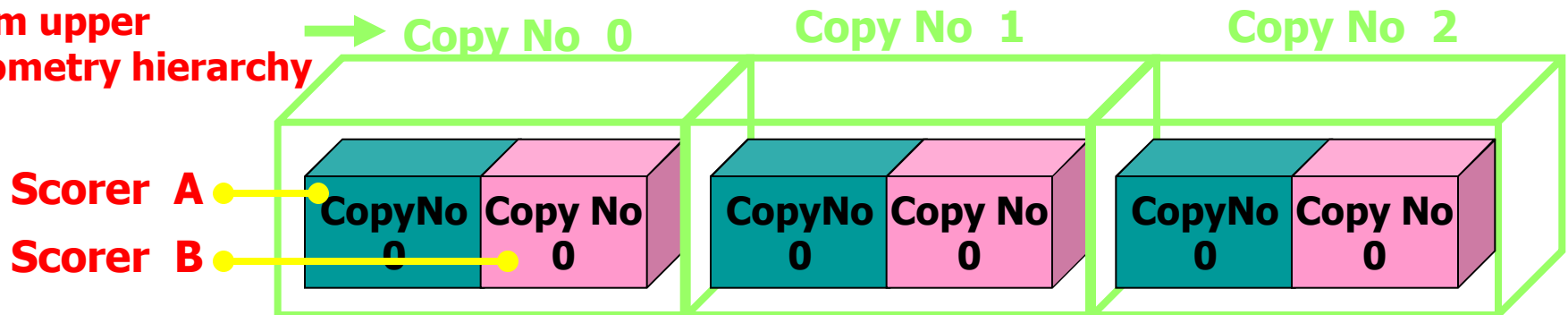


# Keys of G4THitsMap

- All provided primitive scorer classes use `G4THitsMap<G4double>`.
- By default, the copy number is taken from the physical volume to which `G4MultiFunctionalDetector` is assigned.
  - If the physical volume is placed only once, but its (grand-)mother volume is replicated, use the second argument of the constructor of the primitive scorer to indicate the level where the copy number should be taken.  
e.g. `G4PSCellFlux(G4Steing name, G4int depth=0)`

**Key should be taken from upper geometry hierarchy**

→ See exampleN07



- If your indexing scheme is more complicated (e.g. utilizing copy numbers of more than one hierarchies), you can override the virtual method `GetIndex()` provided for all the primitive scorers.

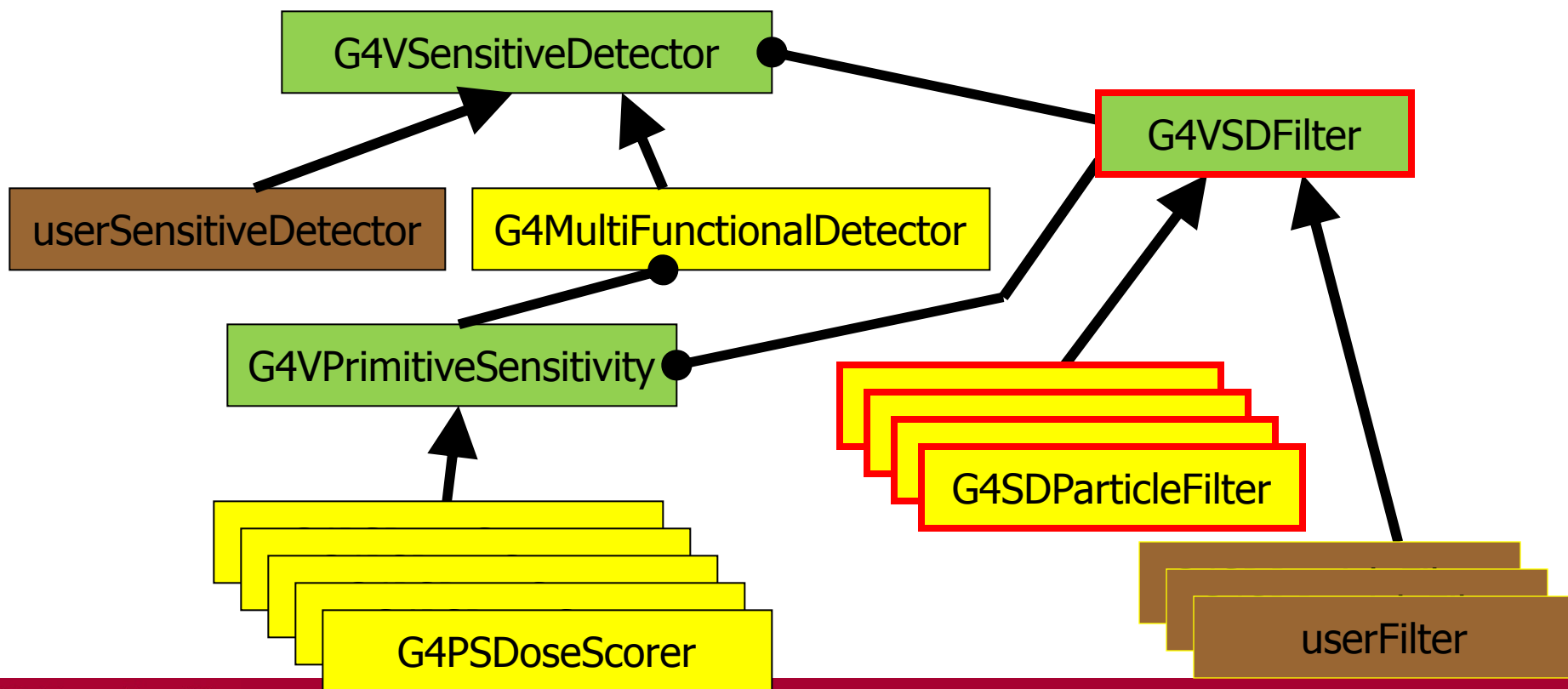
# Creating your own scorer

- Though we provide most commonly-used scorers, you may want to create your own.
  - If you believe your requirement is quite common, just let us know, so that we will add a new scorer.
- G4VPrimitiveScorer is the abstract base class.

```
class G4VPrimitiveScorer
{
public:
 G4VPrimitiveScorer(G4String name, G4int depth=0);
 virtual ~G4VPrimitiveScorer();
protected:
 virtual G4bool ProcessHits(G4Step*,
 G4TouchableHistory*) = 0;
 virtual G4int GetIndex(G4Step*);
public:
 virtual void Initialize(G4HCofThisEvent*);
 virtual void EndOfEvent(G4HCofThisEvent*);
 virtual void clear();
 ...
};
```

# G4VSDFilter

- **G4VSDFilter** can be attached to G4VSensitiveDetector and/or G4VPrimitiveSensitivity to define which kinds of tracks are to be scored.
  - E.g., surface flux of protons can be scored by **G4PSFlatSurfaceFlux** with a filter that accepts protons only.



# example...

```
MyDetectorConstruction::Construct()
{ ... G4LogicalVolume* myCellLog = new G4LogicalVolume(...);
 G4VPhysicalVolume* myCellPhys = new G4PVParametrised(...);
 G4MultiFunctionalDetector* myScorer = new G4MultiFunctionalDetector("myCellScorer");
 G4SDManager::GetSDMpointer()->AddNewDetector(myScorer);
 myCellLog->SetSensitiveDetector(myScorer);
 G4VPrimitiveSensitivity* totalSurfFlux = new G4PSFlatSurfaceFlux("TotalSurfFlux");
 myScorer->Register(totalSurfFlux);
 G4VPrimitiveSensitivity* protonSurfFlux = new G4PSFlatSurfaceFlux("ProtonSurfFlux");
 G4VSDFilter* protonFilter = new G4SDParticleFilter("protonFilter");
 protonFilter->Add("proton");
 protonSurfFlux->SetFilter(protonFilter);
 myScorer->Register(protonSurfFlux);
}
```

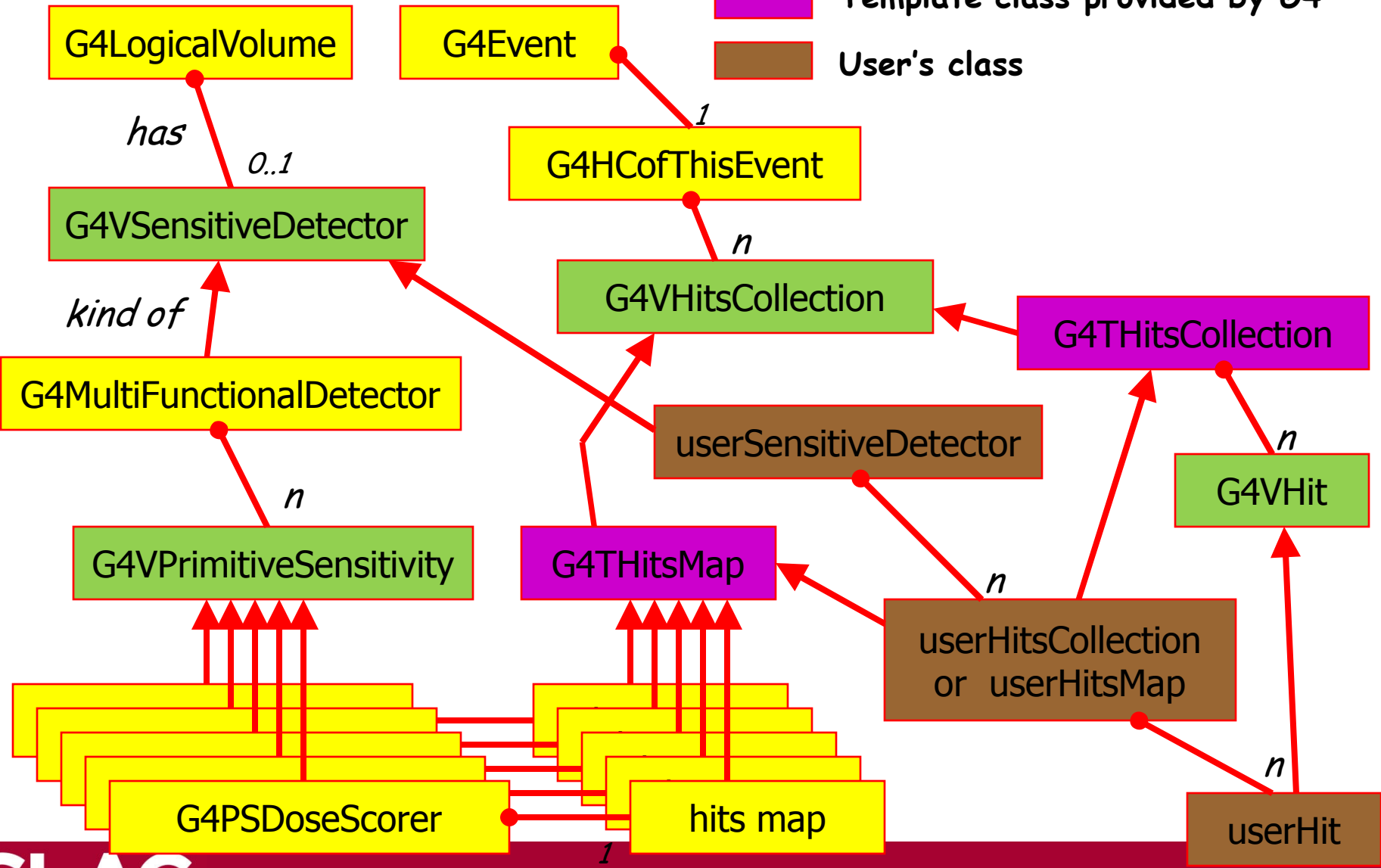


Accumulate scores for a run

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# Class diagram

- Concrete class provided by G4
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# Score == G4THitsMap<G4double>

- At the end of successful event, G4Event has a vector of G4THitsMap as the scores.
- Create your own Run class derived from G4Run, and implement **RecordEvent(const G4Event\*)** virtual method. Here you can get all output of the event so that you can accumulate the sum of an event to a variable for entire run.
  - **RecordEvent(const G4Event\*)** is automatically invoked by *G4RunManager*.
  - Your run class object should be instantiated in **GenerateRun()** method of your *UserRunAction*.

# Customized run class

```
#include "G4Run.hh"
#include "G4Event.hh"
#include "G4THitsMap.hh"
Class MyRun : public G4Run
{
public:
 MyRun();
 virtual ~MyRun();
 virtual void RecordEvent(const G4Event*);
private:
 G4int nEvent;
 G4int totalSurfFluxID, protonSurfFluxID, totalDoseID;
 G4THitsMap<G4double> totalSurfFlux;
 G4THitsMap<G4double> protonSurfFlux;
 G4THitsMap<G4double> totalDose;
public:
 ... access methods ...
};
```

Implement how you accumulate event data





# Customized run class

```
MyRun::MyRun() : nEvent(0)
{
 G4SDManager* SDM = G4SDManager::GetSDMpointer();
 totalSurfFluxID = SDM->GetCollectionID("myCellScorer/TotalSurfFlux");
 protonSurfFluxID = SDM->GetCollectionID("myCellScorer/ProtonSurfFlux");
 totalDoseID = SDM->GetCollectionID("myCellScorer/TotalDose");
}
```

name of *G4MultiFunctionalDetector* object



name of *G4VPrimitiveSensitivity* object



# Customized run class

```
void MyRun::RecordEvent(const G4Event* evt)
{
 nEvent++;
 G4HCofThisEvent* HCE = evt->GetHCofThisEvent();
 G4THitsMap<G4double>* eventTotalSurfFlux
 = (G4THitsMap<G4double>*)(HCE->GetHC(totalSurfFluxID));
 G4THitsMap<G4double>* eventProtonSurfFlux
 = (G4THitsMap<G4double>*)(HCE->GetHC(protonSurfFluxID));
 G4THitsMap<G4double>* eventTotalDose
 = (G4THitsMap<G4double>*)(HCE->GetHC(totalDose));
 totalSurfFlux += *eventTotalSurfFlux;
 protonSurfFlux += *eventProtonSurfFlux;
 totalDose += *eventTotalDose;
}
```

**No need of loops.  
+= operator is provided !**

# RunAction with customized run

```
G4Run* MyRunAction::GenerateRun()
{ return (new MyRun()); }

void MyRunAction::EndOfRunAction(const G4Run* aRun)
{
 const MyRun* theRun = (const MyRun*)aRun;
 // ... analyze / record / print-out your run summary
 // MyRun object has everything you need ...
}
```

- As you have seen, to accumulate event data, you do **NOT** need
  - Event / tracking / stepping action classes
- All you need are your **Run and RunAction** classes.

 Refer to **exampleN07**