Some examples of projects that contain different WMS solutions. Clockwise from top: Airflow, Lightflow, Makeflow, DIRAC, and Luigi.

Apache Airflow

- Originally developed for Airbnb, currently moved to the Apache Software Foundation as an Apache Incubator project.
- Python scripting to define Directed Acyclic Graphs (DAGs) as collections of tasks (Operators) with dependencies between them.

Makeflow

- Different operator types e.g. Python, Bash, SQL
- Operator that periodically executes a query Won't complete until conditions are met
- Defines the interface to some external system
- Retrieves authentication stored in Airflow DB

Workflow Management Systems (WMS)

- Ability to define dependencies between different tasks and scheduling them is key.
- Gaining popularity as businesses increasingly have many complex Extract, Transform, Load (ETL) operations to schedule e.g. search indexing/ranking, monitoring statistics creation.
- Several projects have gained prominence in HEP and commercial sector for different use cases, see below.

The b2cal Package

- Uses Airflow's plugin features to add Operators, Sensors, and Hooks for connecting to KEKCC and the Belle II DIRAC servers.
- Forked Airflow to alter the main Flask app and add role based access.
- Developing a new Flask blueprint to create a user interface for data managers.
- SQLAlchemy models for Datasets, LFNs, Calibration Requests, etc.
- Developing the various DAGs to run CAF processes.
- Easy to install with pip and get the webserver running locally in minutes!

Belle II Calibration and Alignment Framework (CAF)

- Configure and run multiple calibrations
- Define dependencies between calibrations
- Parallelise over input files by submitting to batch system backends
- Configure exactly how an algorithm runs over data using plugin classes
- Restart from last successful point after a crash
- Tell you which data files to use in your processes
- Provide a monitoring UI
- Run validation jobs
- Extend to run other data production jobs prior to calibration
- Co-ordinate a central production environment

Belle II aims collect a data sample 50 times larger than the previous generation of B-Factories taking advantage of the SuperKEKB design luminosity of $8 \times 10^{34}$ cm$^{-2}$ s$^{-1}$. As Belle II moves forwards, the new data will need to be calibrated promptly before first reconstruction can proceed. Collation of valid calibration data, submission of calibration jobs, validation, and upload to the conditions database will all require automation and monitoring. The b2cal package is under development to achieve this automation, using the Apache Airflow project as a base.

Workflow Management Systems (WMS) vs. Apache Airflow

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>What it can do*</th>
<th>What it can’t do</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Configure and run multiple calibrations</td>
<td>Tell you which data files to use in your processes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Define dependencies between calibrations</td>
<td>Provide a monitoring UI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parallelise over input files by submitting to batch system backends</td>
<td>Run validation jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configure exactly how an algorithm runs over data using plugin classes</td>
<td>Extend to run other data production jobs prior to calibration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restart from last successful point after a crash</td>
<td>Co-ordinate a central production environment</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For more information on the CAF, see Tadeas Bilka's presentation (#467) in online computing, Track 1

We require software to organise and monitor CAF processes. And to connect with the rest of the Belle II data production.