

## HL-LHC Cryogenics, Update on alternatives for P4

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TCC#28, Short update 13 Apr 2017

#### Content

#### Introduction

- Cooling requirements and possible upgrades (update)
- News: Capacity tests & status of 2<sup>nd</sup> feasibility study

Summary



### Cryodistribution basic schematics





#### P4-RF:

=> Tests to be made in March'17 (away from critical path) to confirm capacity

- => Decision baseline/alternative by end of 2016 (2017-Q2) for work @LS2
- => Then specification work 2017-Q3, contracts by end' 2017 (early 2018)



### LHC-P4-RF main focus

- Continued efforts to define the global cooling capacity needs to match the existing and future RF needs at P4 (incl possible e-lens)
- Our aim: provide cooling capacity and distribution to match the ۲ needs with efficient solutions, not making it the weakest sector, avoiding unnecessary modifications (Cryo and others)



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=> We can conclude that cooling capacity is independent from beam intensity



# "Cham. 2005 Cooling capacity (1/3)

"LHC Design report", recently completed by AB/RF

Co Ch fro	mplements am'17, with m RF-ABP	since input MV/m	Injection 1 MV 1.3 2.75 3.5	Nominal MV 2 MV 575 <b>5.5</b>	Maximum operation <sup>3 MV</sup> 8.25	Absolute Maximum <sup>4 MV</sup> 11.0
	Static	W		150		
	Margin	W		25		
	Dynamic	W	<b>25</b> 42	W <b>100</b>	225	
	Total	W	200	275	400	950
	LHC Workshop January 2005	CERN,	LF so	IC far HiLumi ?		Conditioning Session 3 Cryo/RF Options



## Cooling capacity for LHC-RF





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### Performance tests done March'17

Combined tests with LHC operation margin limits for beam screens, not as ideal as for initial acceptance tests with a dedicated test box



HiLumi Cryogenics, P4-RF Update

13Apr'17

# Feasibility study

- Technical requirements and deliverables specified (EDMS\_1753614)
  - Request: +2kW@4.5K , and ONLY if not possible
  - Variant 1: with decreased loads for thermal shields
  - Variant 2: maxi possible (<2kW)</li>

Dedicated study purchased from manufacturer Definition of needs and boundary conditions ds - Process study, with identification of major changes required - Budget estimate

- Variant 3: with new 50m cryoline return at 4.5K (would be easy for Refrigerator, not standard for LHC and not yet studied-integrated)
- Preliminary evaluation by industrial contractor (Linde) prior to commercial proposal
  Done with senior expert familiar with this particular 12/18kW@4.5K plant history
- Order being launched this week
- Preliminary report by end of June'17
- Final report in July'17



# HiLumi Cryogenic masterplan

Today



Just-in-time for SPS-BA6, last studies for LHC-P4 before decision, Some more time for us for LHC P1/P5, but interfaces required by others



HL\_PSM Feb'17

# Summary

#### As presented at Chamonix 2017:

- For the upgrade of existing refrigerators at P4, a 1st feasibility study demonstrated the possibility. A 2nd study is being launched.
  Modification of the Cryogenic distribution line (QRL) will only be done on purpose when decision taken where to put new RF cavities (feasible as copy/paste of existing service modules)
- Decision by this summer for work to be done at LS2
- We are now more confident that the 2<sup>nd</sup> feasibility upgrade will provide a positive outcome before this summer (*RF needs to be confirmed*)
- A bit of time left before the Go NoGo limit for work to be done at LS2
- LHC Run 3 does not need extra capacity at LHC-P4, and if really necessary we could install new cryoplant and cryolines at LS3, with resources to be re-profiled



### Complements



#### Dear Philippe

For HLLHC we are assuming 16 MV as nominal voltage.

Any possibility to operate at larger voltage (up to nominal: 16 MV) and larger longitudinal emittance (same bunch length) might be interesting even during Run 2.

I think Elias mentioned that last year and discussed with Elena and you at one of the LBOC meetings

Cheers

Gianluigi

Subject: RE: Chamonix, operation RF LHC

Hello Serge

In 2016 the RF was operated at 1.25 MV/cavity for protons and 1.75 MV/cav for Pb (in physics). In previous years we have operated with 1.5 MV/cavity in p-p. The "nominal" voltage in physics was 2 MV/cavity in the LHC design report (16 MV/beam). We may operate at 2 MV/cavity in HiLumi. So the cryo upgrade must cover operation at 2 MV/cavity "comfortably".

During conditioning in SM18, the RF gradient was pushed to 10 MV/m, resulting in ~3.5 MV (dixit Roberto Losito. I was not present...). So far, in the machine we have conditioned at 2+ MV only as the cavities were operated below that level in physics. If we go for 2 MV/cavity in physics, the conditioning should be pushed somewhat above 2 MV. So the cryo plan must have a margin for RF conditioning above 2 MV.

With the new "Full Detuning" scheme, the limit is not the RF power anymore. So we could use more voltage if needed. The hard limit is what gradient the cavity can live at reliably in physics. Although the HiLumi parameters do not plan to operate above 2 MV/cavity, it would be ideal to dimension the cryo for the maximum voltage possible for the cavities. Karl Shirm (in cc) is on charge of the cavities. I leave it to him to specify the "safe" operational (physics) voltage limit, and how much above 2 MV we expect to condition at.

I also cc Elena and Gianluigi. They may wish to comment on the possible operational voltages in HiLumi physics.

Cheers, Philippe



### Present LHC P4-RF distribution line







to RFs R4

Connection to QRL and distribution along the existing and "future" RF zone (+e-lens!) to be looked at for present baseline and alternative scenario



# Cryodistribution basic schematics (2/3)



# Cryodistribution basic schematics (3/3)





