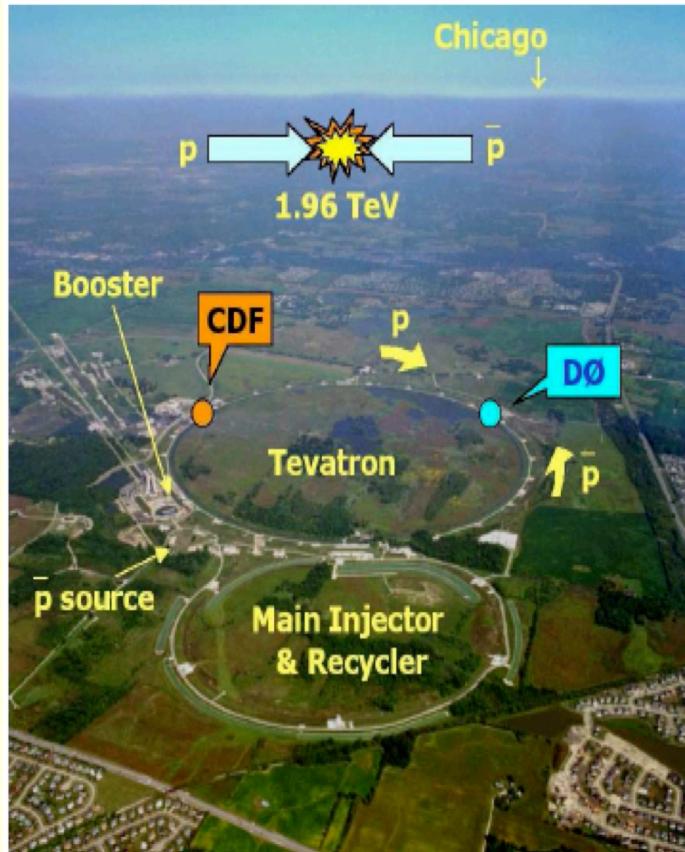




Hot topics at DØ



Ralf Bernhard

University of Freiburg

FPCP 2007

Focus on:

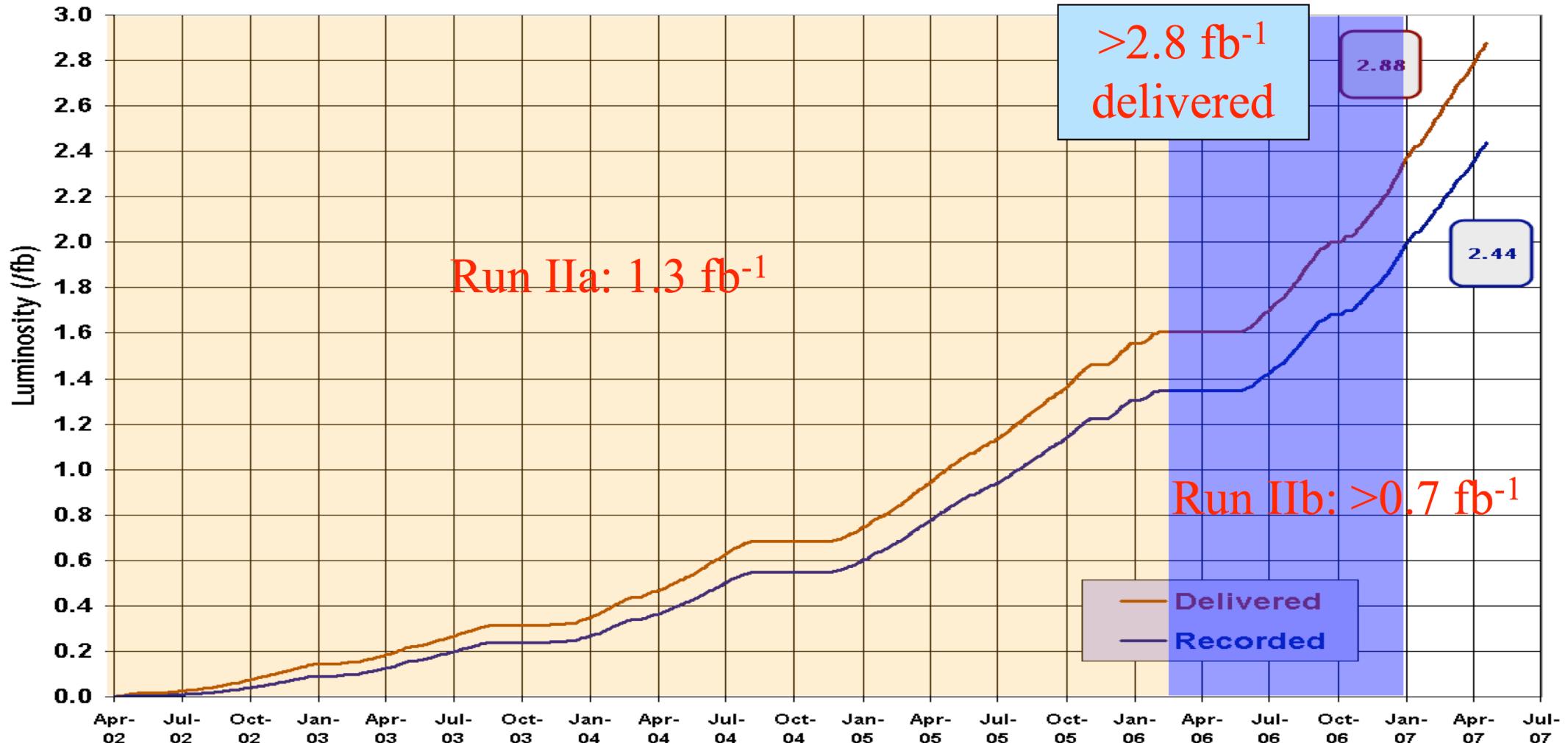
- ✖ CP Violation in B_s Mixing
- ✖ Measurement of $\Delta\Gamma$
- ✖ Measurement ϕ_s
- ✖ Measurement of charge asymmetry
- ✖ Rare decay $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

Dataset



Run II Integrated Luminosity

19 April 2002 - 6 May 2007





Measurement of $\Delta\Gamma$

- ✗ $B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}$
 - ✗ Three channels
 - ✗ $[D_s D_s \text{ (PP)}, D_s^* D_s \text{ (VP)}, D_s^* D_s^* \text{ (VV)}]$
 - ✗ Heavy quark limit + factorization
 - ✗ $B_s^{\text{odd}} \rightarrow D_s^* D_s$ is forbidden
 - ✗ $D_s^* D_s^*$ in S-wave
 - ✗ $\Rightarrow Ds^{(*)} Ds^{(*)}$ pure CP even

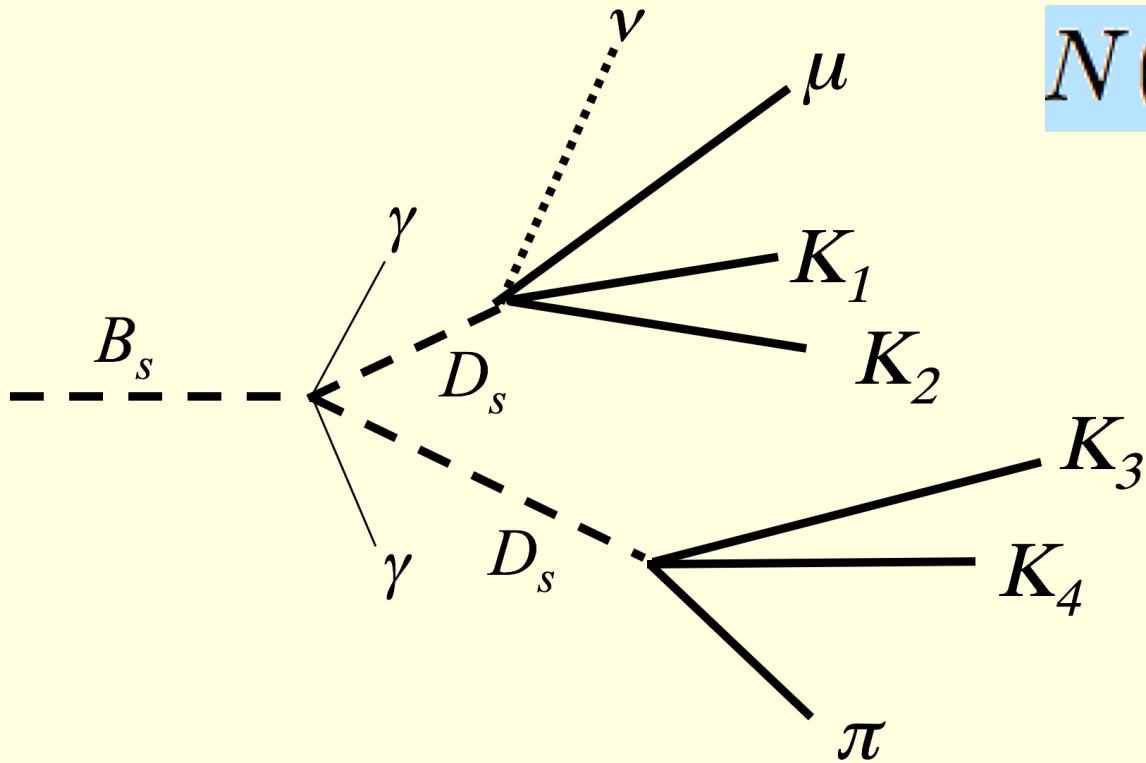
$$BF(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}) = \left(\frac{\Delta\Gamma_{CP}}{2\Gamma} \right) \left(1 + O\left(\frac{\Delta\Gamma}{\Gamma}\right) \right)$$

- ✗ Flavor specific B_s lifetime
 - ✗ Flavor specific decays carry equal amounts of B_H and B_L
 - ✗ Get flavor specific lifetime if FS data with is fit w/ single exponential

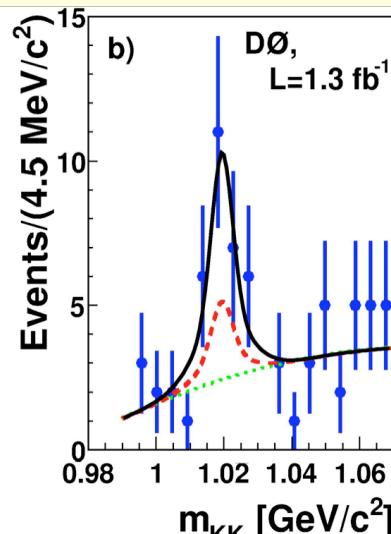
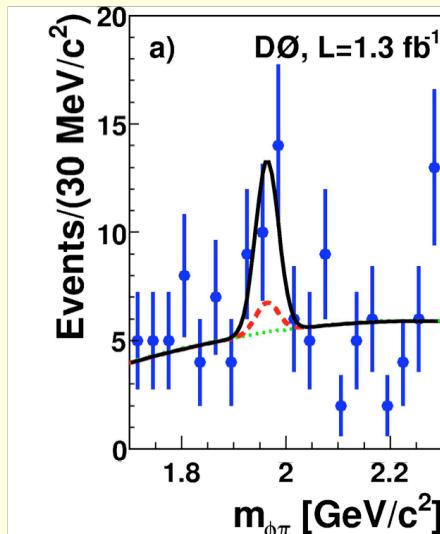
$$e^{-t/\tau_{FS}} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(e^{-t/\tau_H} + e^{-t/\tau_L} \right)$$

- ✗ $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi: P \rightarrow VV$
 - ✗ Even and odd paths distinguishable with angular analysis of final state particles

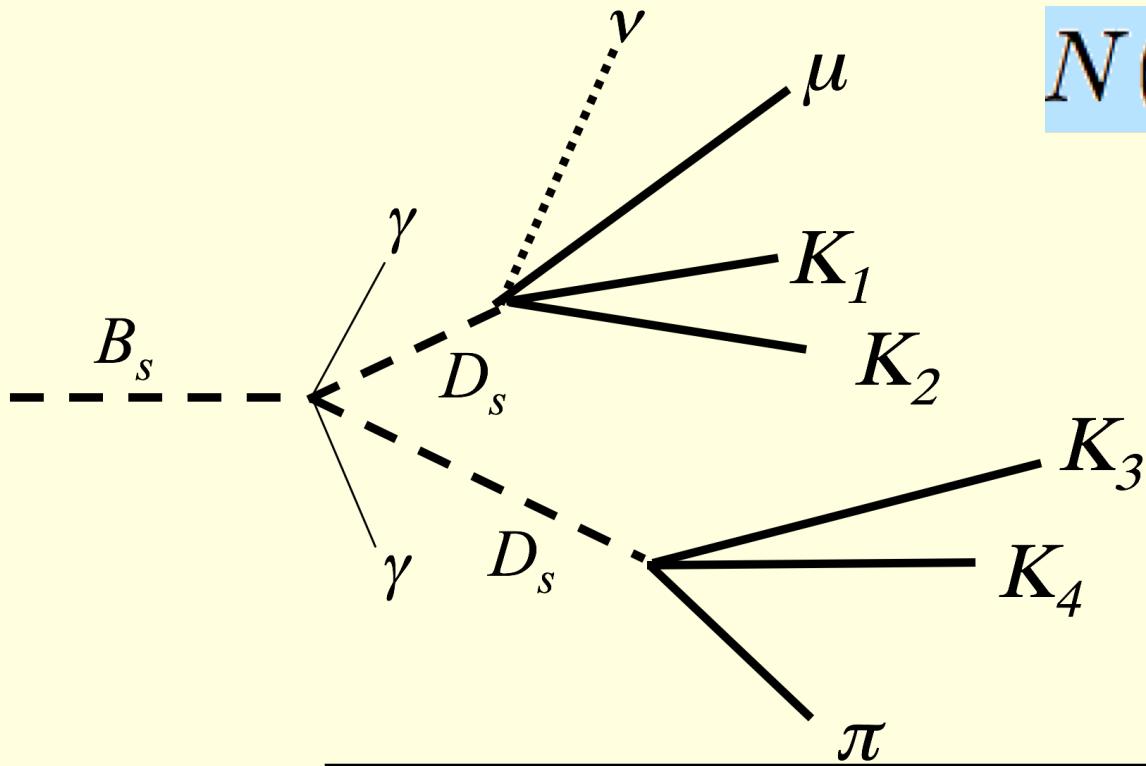
$\Delta\Gamma$ from $B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}$



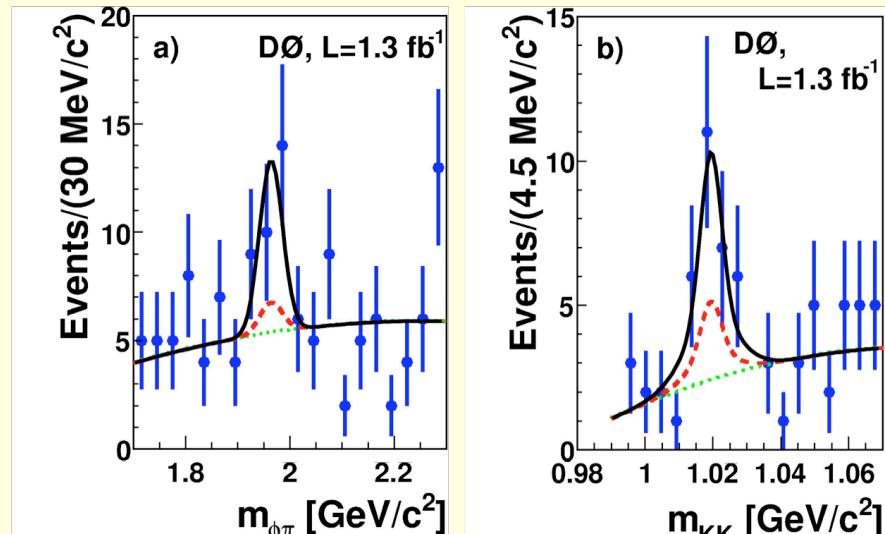
$$N(D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}) = 13.4 \begin{array}{l} +6.6 \\ -6.0 \end{array}$$



$\Delta\Gamma$ from $B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}$



$$N(D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}) = 13.4 \begin{array}{l} +6.6 \\ -6.0 \end{array}$$



$$BF(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)}) = 0.039 \begin{array}{l} +0.019 \\ -0.017 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} +0.016 \\ -0.015 \end{array}$$

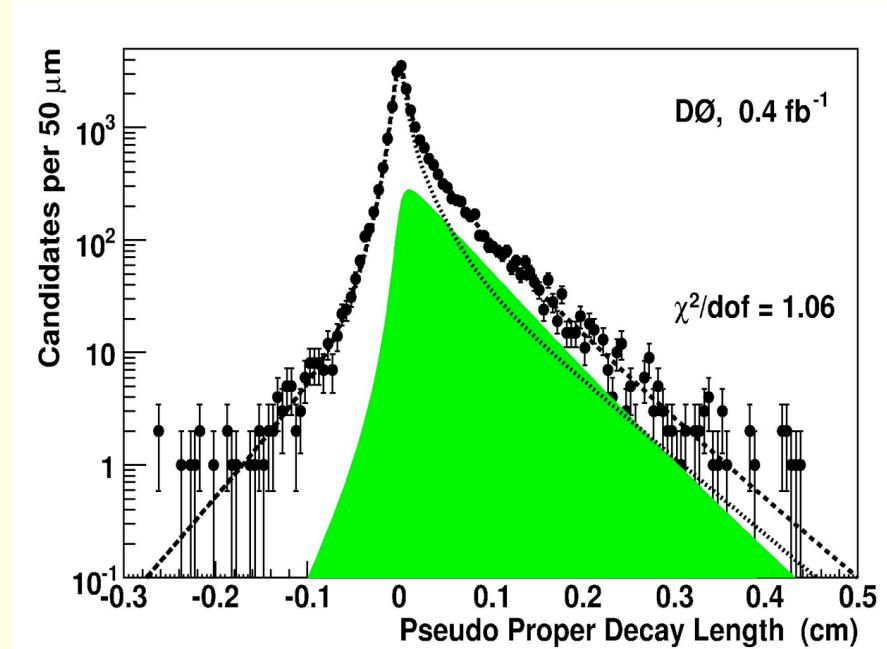
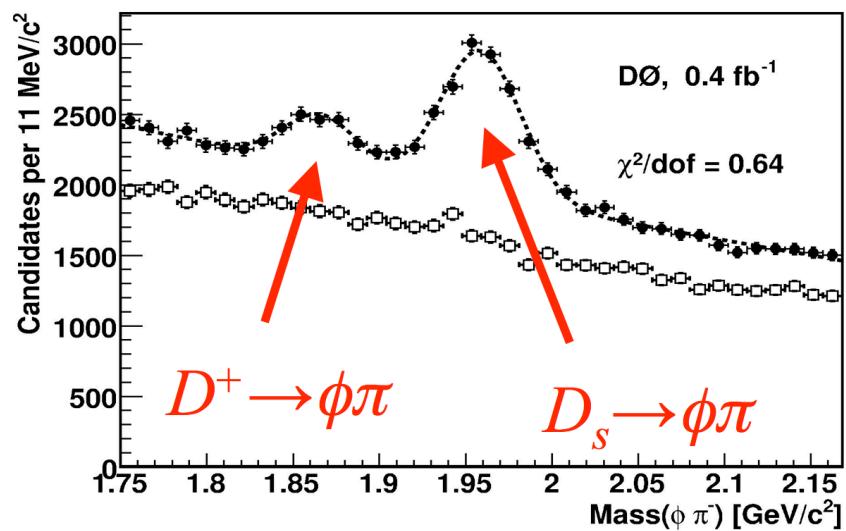
$$\frac{\Delta\Gamma_{CP}}{\Gamma} = 0.079 \begin{array}{l} +0.038 \\ -0.035 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} +0.031 \\ -0.030 \end{array}$$

B_s Flavor Specific Lifetime



$$|B_s \rightarrow D_s \mu\nu\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|B_H\rangle + |B_L\rangle)$$

$$\tau_{FS} = \frac{1}{\bar{\Gamma}_s} \frac{1+y^2}{1-y^2} \text{ with } y = \frac{\Delta\Gamma}{2\Gamma}$$



$$\tau_{FS}(B_s) = 1.381 \pm 0.055^{+0.052}_{-0.046} \text{ ps}$$

$$\tau_{FS}(B_s, WA) = 1.440 \pm 0.036 \text{ ps}$$

$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$



Time evolution: pure even case

$$\Gamma(t) \approx |A_{even}(\theta, \psi, \varphi, t)|^2$$

$$f(t, even) \approx e^{-\Gamma_L t}$$

Time evolution: even plus odd components

$$\Gamma(t) \approx |A_{even}(\theta, \psi, \varphi, t)|^2 + |A_{odd}(\theta, \psi, \varphi, t)|^2$$

$$+ A^* A(CPC)$$

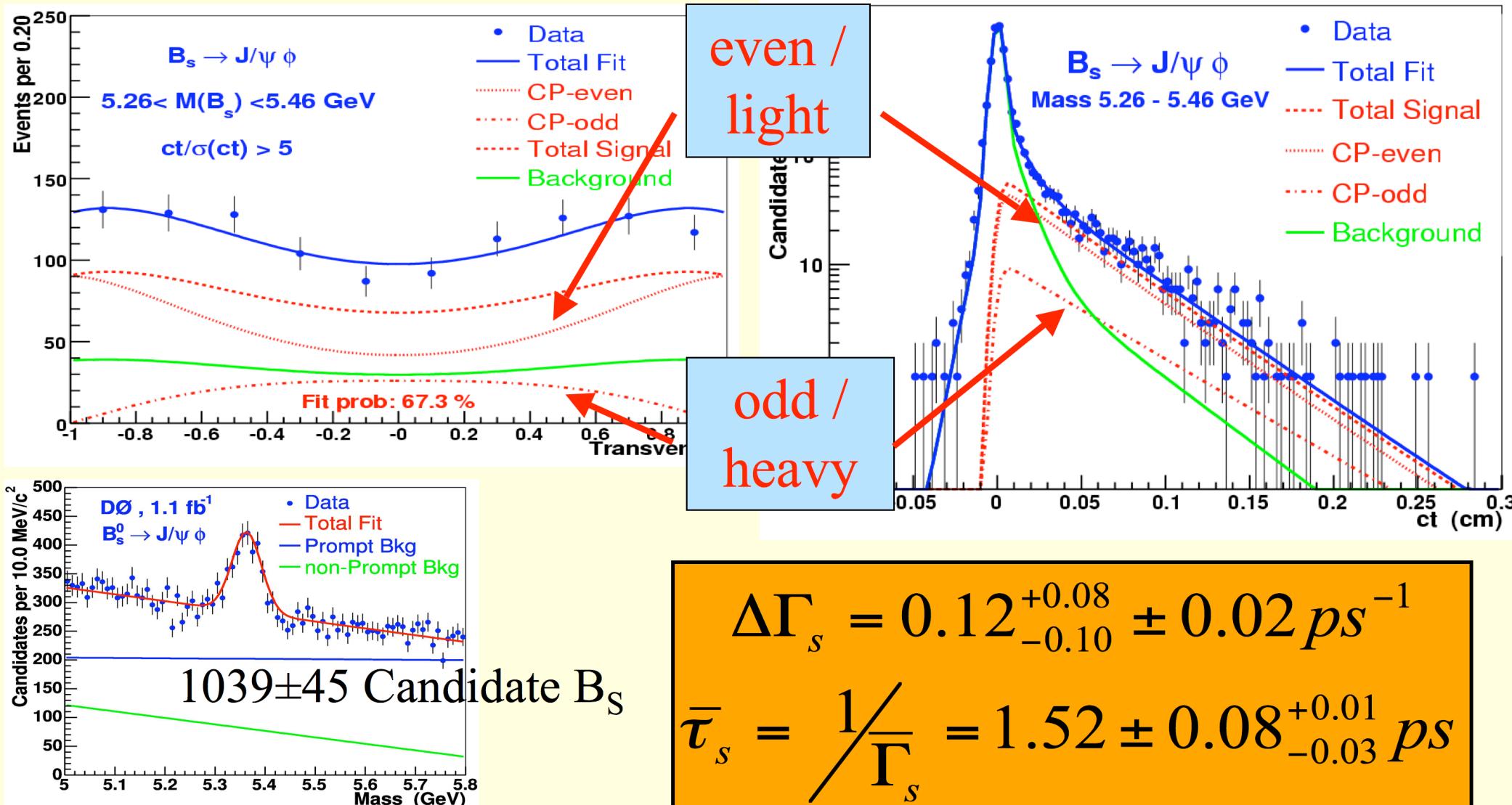
CP conserving interference

$$f(t, even) \approx e^{-\Gamma_L t}$$

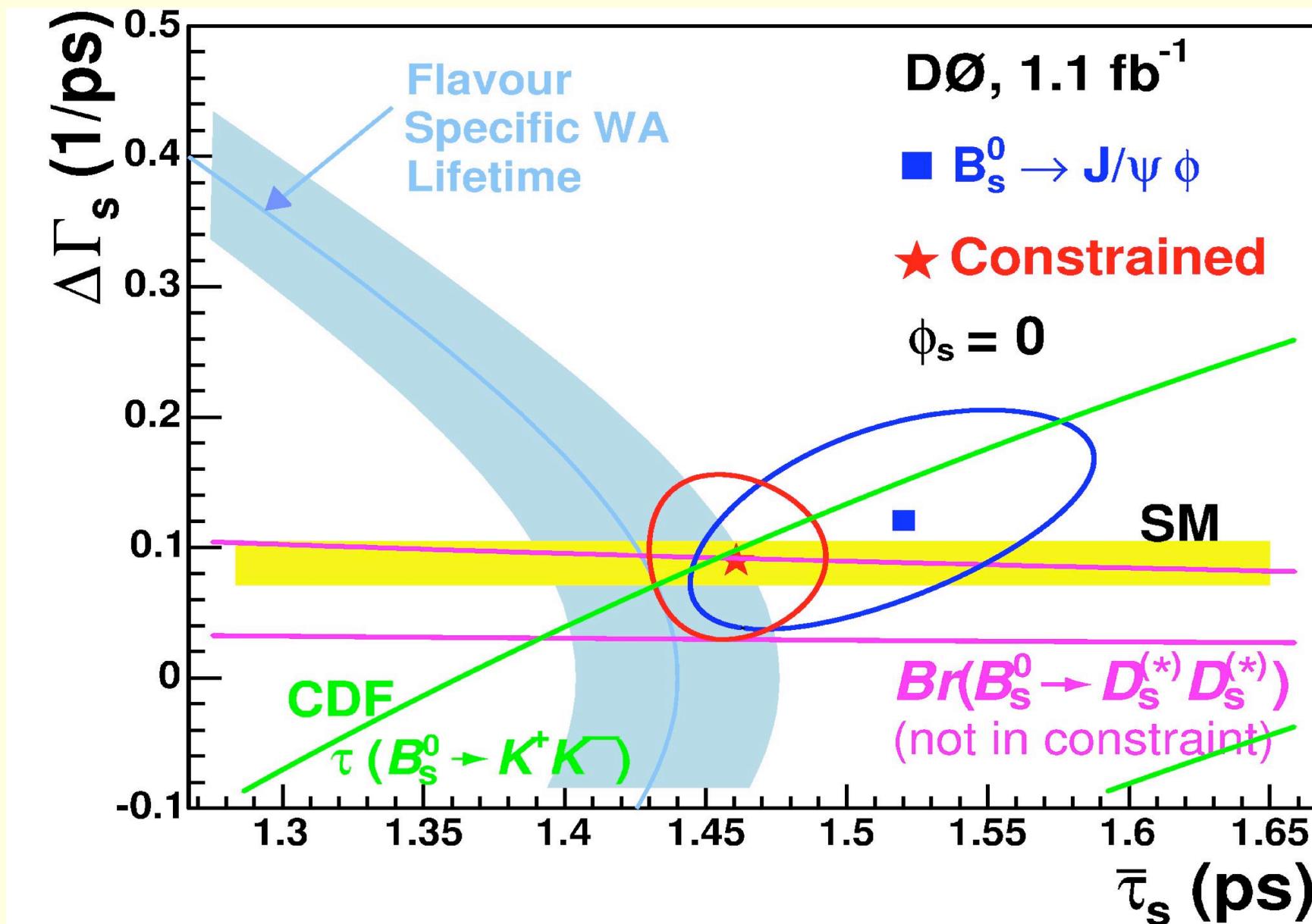
CP states = heavy, light states

$$f(t, odd) \approx e^{-\Gamma_H t}$$

$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$



Combined $\Delta\Gamma$ ($\cos\phi_s \equiv 1$)



ϕ_s Measurement

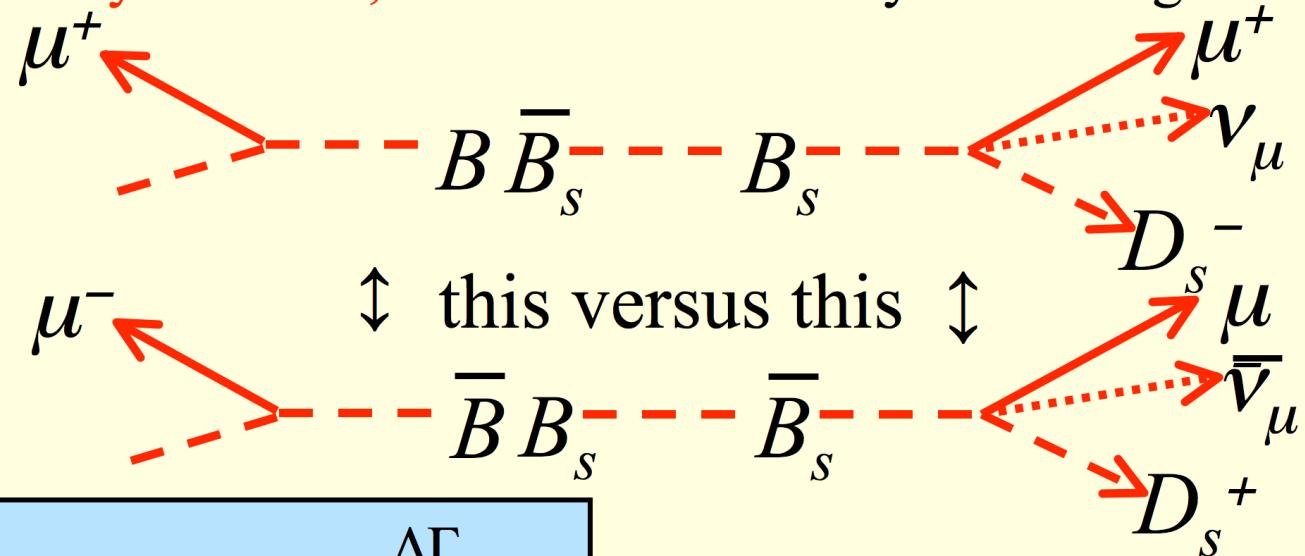
In Standard Model: $\phi_s \approx \arg(-V_{ts}) \approx 0.004$ rad.

Observables: **Semileptonic asymmetries**, interference in decays to CP eigenstates

Two samples

Exclusive untagged $D_s \mu$

Inclusive like-sign $\mu\mu$



$$\frac{N(D_s \mu^+) - N(D_s \mu^-)}{N(D_s \mu^+) + N(D_s \mu^-)} = A_{SL}(\text{untagged}) \approx \frac{\Delta \Gamma}{\Delta m} \tan \phi$$

$$\frac{N(\mu^+ \mu^+) - N(\mu^- \mu^-)}{N(\mu^+ \mu^+) + N(\mu^- \mu^-)} = A_{SL}(\text>tagged) = 2 A_{SL}(\text{untagged})$$



Same sign Dimuons

$$\frac{N(\mu^+ \mu^+) - N(\mu^- \mu^-)}{N(\mu^+ \mu^+) + N(\mu^- \mu^-)} = A_{SL}(\text{tagged}) = 2A_{SL}(\text{un>tagged})$$

N(same sign) $\approx 310\text{K}$

$$A_{SL} = -0.0092 \pm 0.0044 \pm 0.0032$$

$\sim 60/40$ mix of B_d and B_s $A_{SL} = A_{SL}(B_d) + \frac{f_s Z_s}{f_d Z_d} A_{SL}(B_s)$ $Z \sim 2\chi$

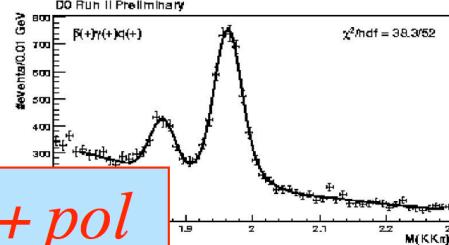
$$A_{SL}(B_d) = -0.0047 \pm 0.0046 \text{ (HFAG, B-factories)}$$

$$A_{SL}(B_s, \mu\mu) = -0.0064 \pm 0.0101$$

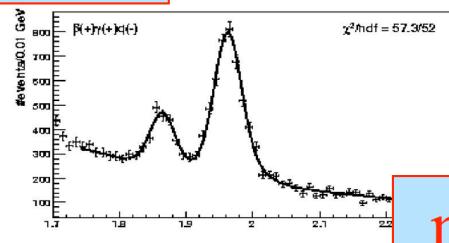
Exclusive $B_s \rightarrow D_s^\pm \mu \nu$ Results



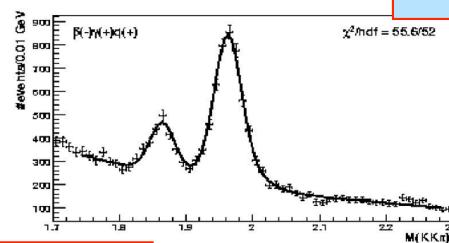
Exclusive $D_s \mu$



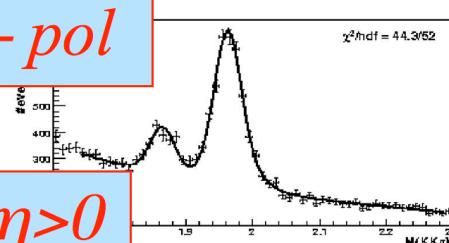
+ pol



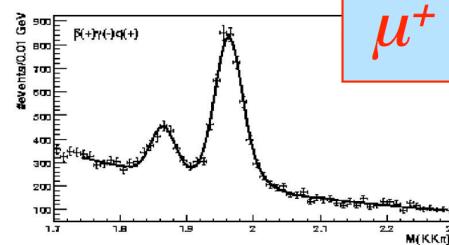
$m(\phi\pi)$



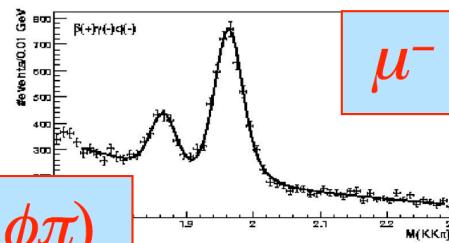
- pol



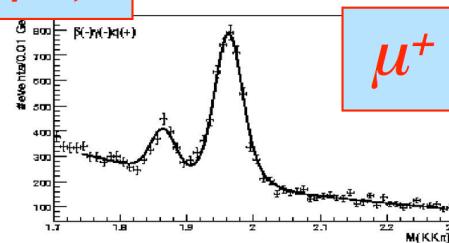
$\eta > 0$



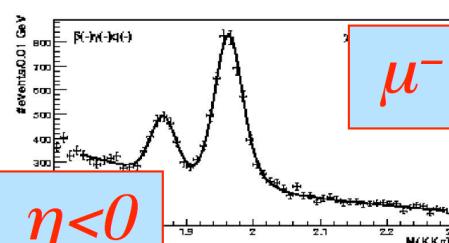
μ^+



μ^-



μ^+



$\eta < 0$

$$\frac{N(D_s \mu^+) - N(D_s \mu^-)}{N(D_s \mu^+) + N(D_s \mu^-)} = A_{SL}(\text{untagged}) \approx \frac{\Delta \Gamma}{\Delta m} \tan \phi$$

$$A_{SL}(B_s, D_s \mu) = \\ 0.0245 \pm 0.0193 \pm 0.0035$$

DØ Combined:

$$A_{SL}(B_s, \mu \mu + D_s \mu) = \\ 0.0001 \pm 0.0090$$

Using Δm_s from CDF:

$$\Delta \Gamma_s \cdot \tan \phi_s = 0.02 \pm 0.16 \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$



Time dependent angular analysis of untagged sample

Time evolution: even plus odd plus CPV

$$\Gamma(t) \approx |A_{even}(\theta, \psi, \varphi, t)|^2 + |A_{odd}(\theta, \psi, \varphi, t)|^2$$

$$+ A^* A(CPC)$$

CP conserving interference

$$+ A^* A(CPV)(e^{-\Gamma_L t} - e^{-\Gamma_H t}) \sin \phi_s$$

CP violating interference
between two paths

$$f(t, even) \approx (1 + \cos \phi_s) e^{-\Gamma_L t} + (1 - \cos \phi_s) e^{-\Gamma_H t}$$

$$f(t, odd) \approx (1 + \cos \phi_s) e^{-\Gamma_H t} + (1 - \cos \phi_s) e^{-\Gamma_L t}$$

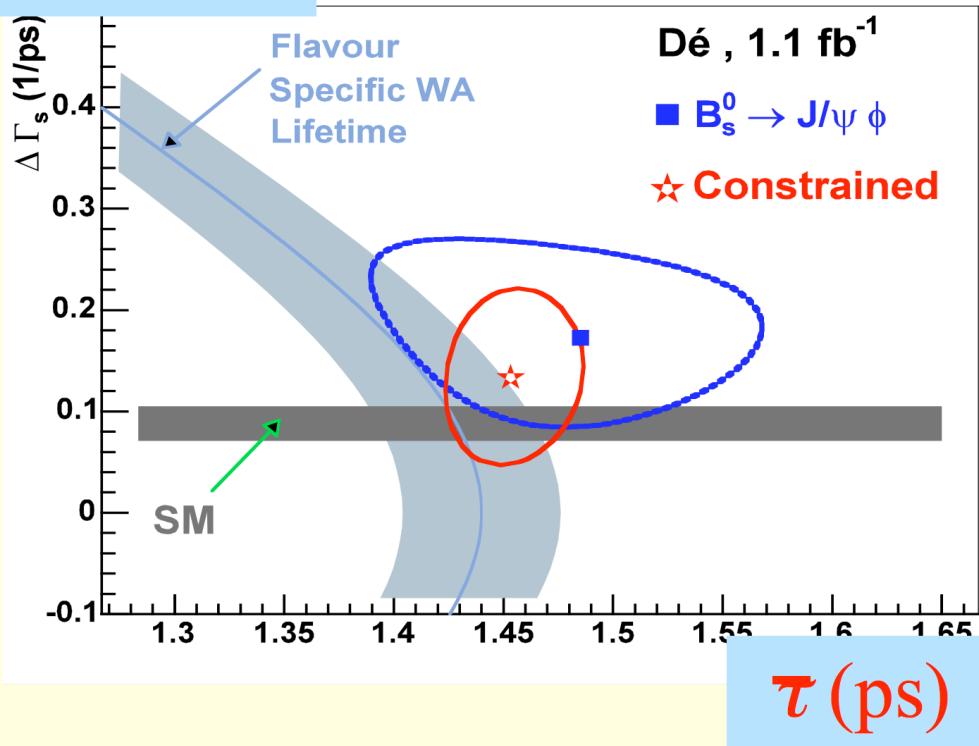


Heavy and light states are
mixed CP

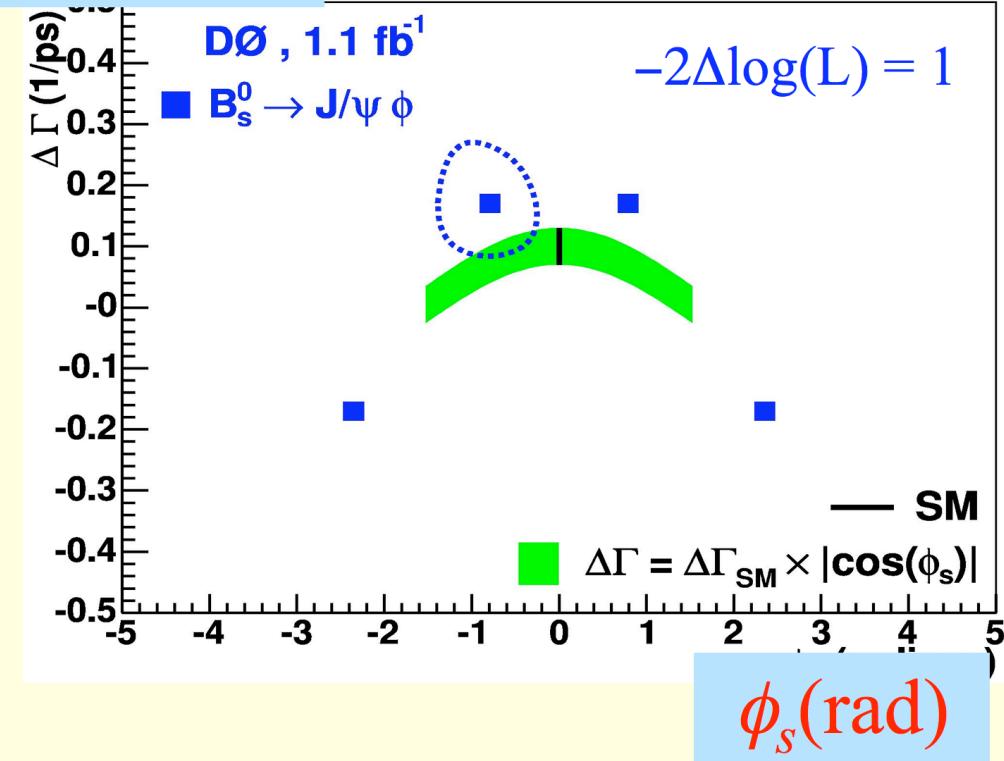
$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$ Results



$\Delta\Gamma(\text{ps}^{-1})$



$\Delta\Gamma(\text{ps}^{-1})$

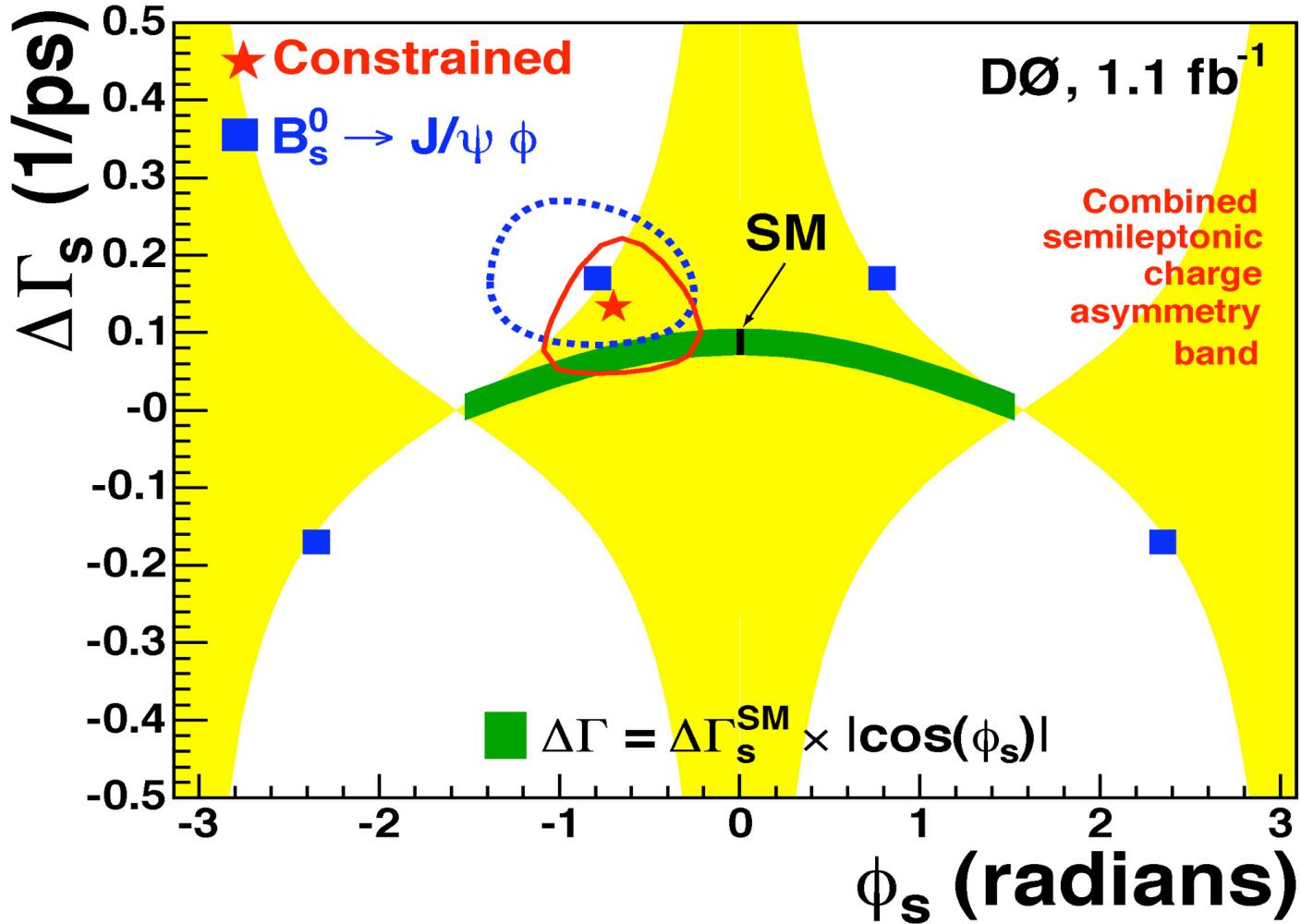


Likelihood invariant to simultaneous flip of sign of $\Delta\Gamma$ and even-odd strong phase difference \Rightarrow 4-fold ambiguity

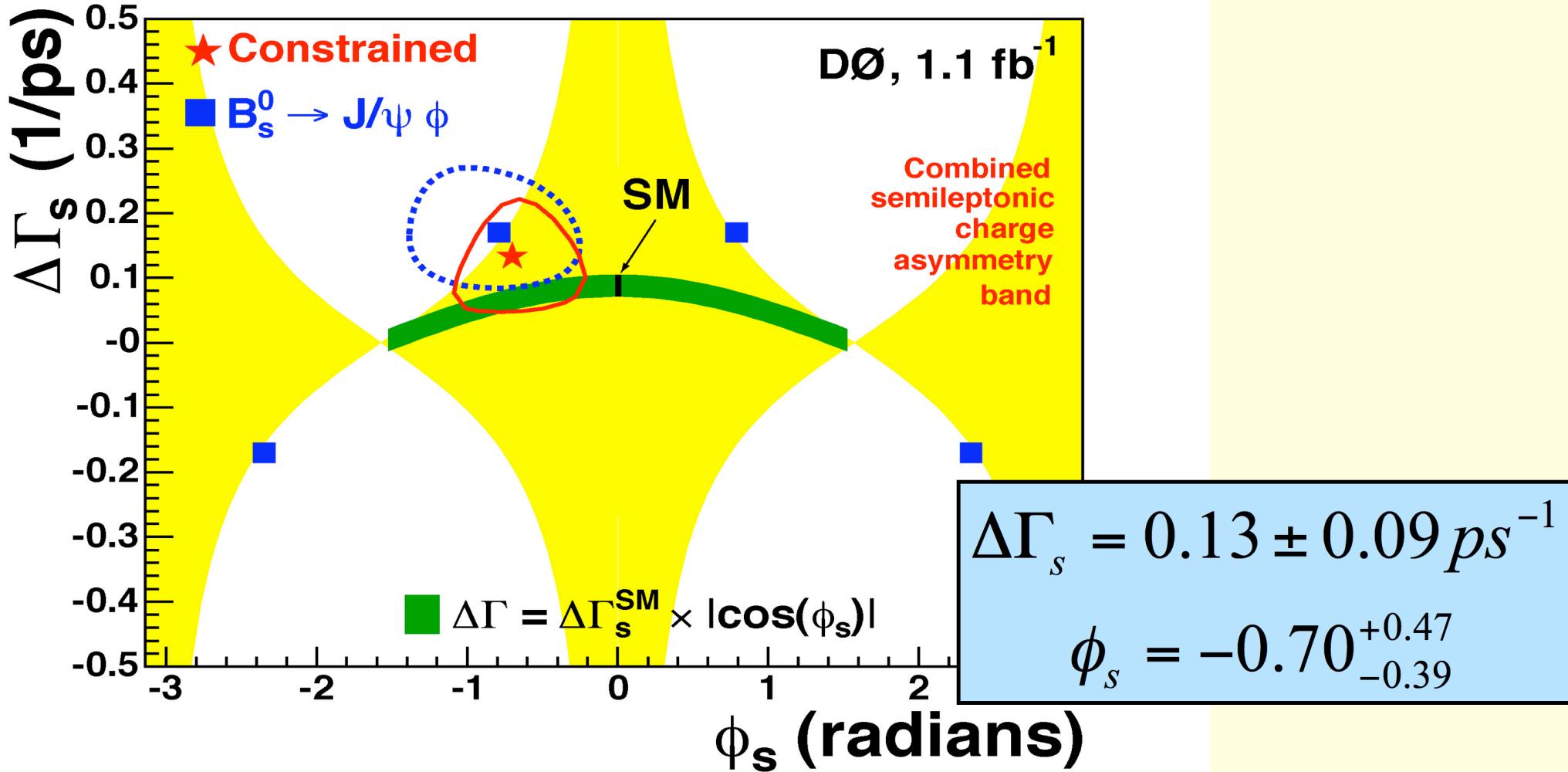
$$\Delta\Gamma_s = 0.17 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.02 \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

$$\phi_s = -0.79 \pm 0.56^{+0.14}_{-0.01}$$

ϕ_s Results



ϕ_s Results

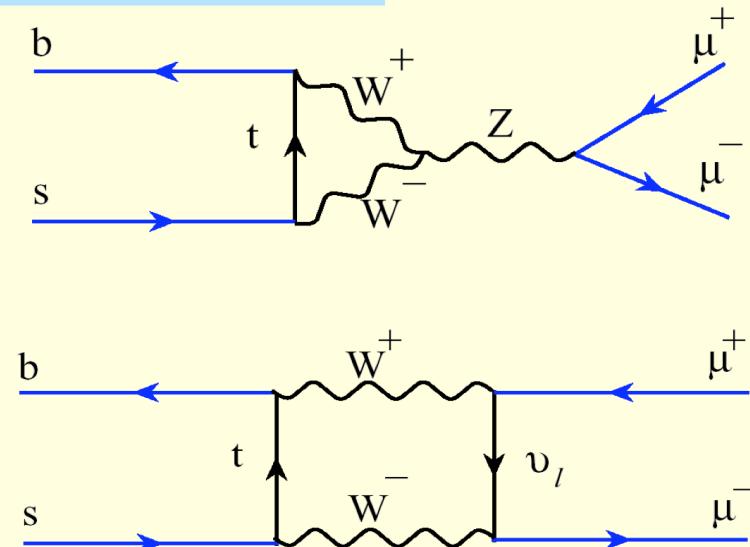


Purely leptonic B decay

- $B \rightarrow l^+ l^-$ decay is helicity suppressed FCNC
- SM: $\text{BR}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \sim 3.4 \times 10^{-9}$
- depends only on one SM operator in effective Hamiltonian, hadronic uncertainties small
- B_d relative to B_s suppressed by $|V_{td}/V_{ts}|^2 \sim 0.04$ if no additional sources of flavor violation
- reaching SM sensitivity: present limit for $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ comes closest to SM value

SM expectations:

	$\text{Br}(B_d \rightarrow l^+ l^-)$	$\text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow l^+ l^-)$
$l = e$	3.4×10^{-15}	8.0×10^{-14}
$l = \mu$	1.0×10^{-10}	3.4×10^{-9}
$l = \tau$	3.1×10^{-8}	7.4×10^{-7}



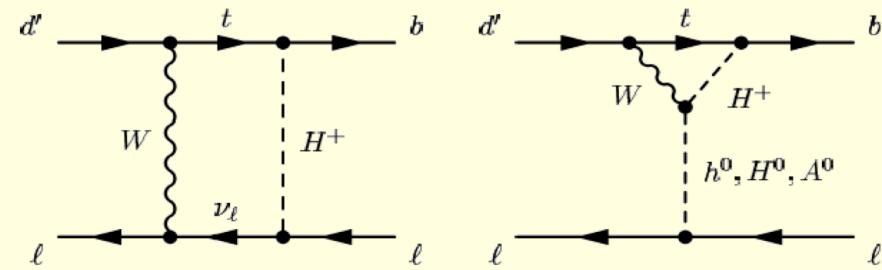
Current published limits:

	$\text{Br}(B_d \rightarrow l^+ l^-)$	$\text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow l^+ l^-)$
$l = e$	$< 6.1 \cdot 10^{-8}$	$< 5.4 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$l = \mu$	$< 8.3 \cdot 10^{-8}$	$< 1.5 \times 10^{-7}$
$l = \tau$	$< 2.5\%$	$< 5.0\%$

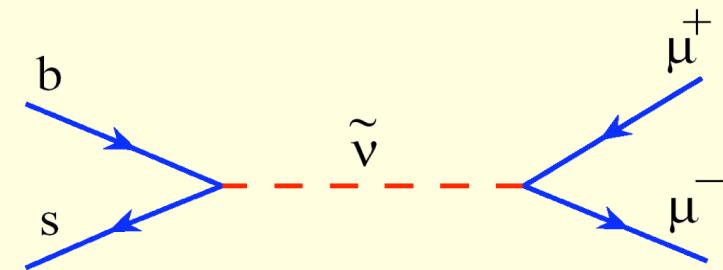
Purely leptonic B decay

- * excellent probe for many new physics models
- * particularly sensitive to models w/ extended Higgs sector
 - * BR grows $\sim \tan^6 \beta$ in MSSM
 - * 2HDM models $\sim \tan^4 \beta$
 - * mSUGRA: BR enhancement correlated with shift of $(g-2)_\mu$
- * also, testing ground for
 - * minimal SO(10) GUT models
 - * R_p violating models, contributions at tree level
 - * (neutralino) dark matter ...

Two-Higgs Doublet models:



R_p violating:

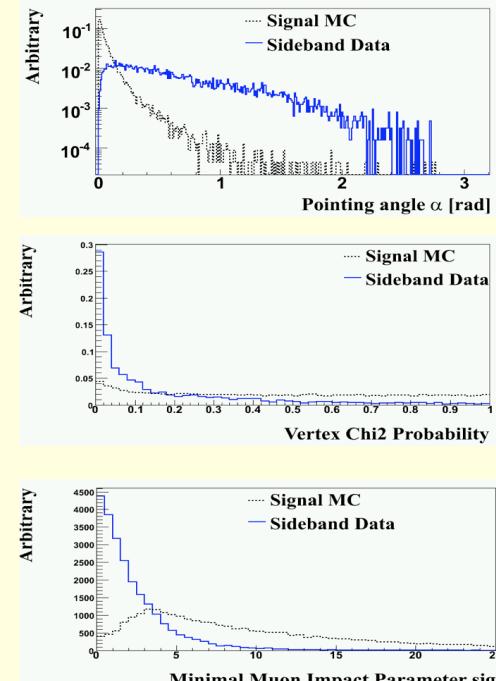
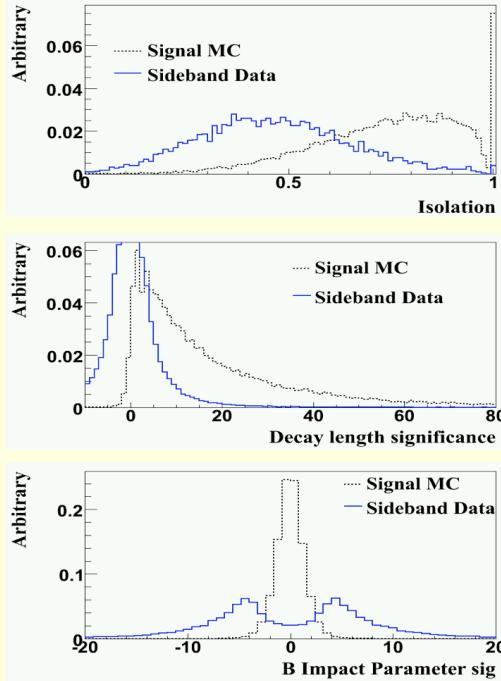




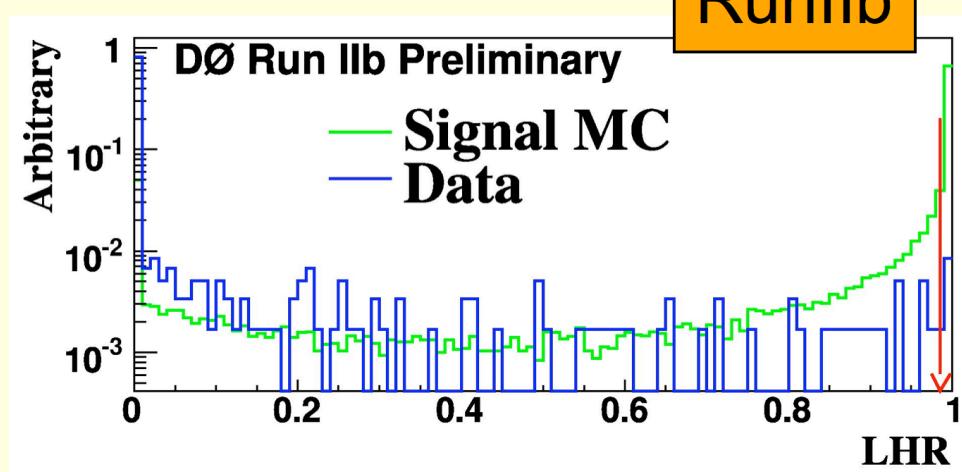
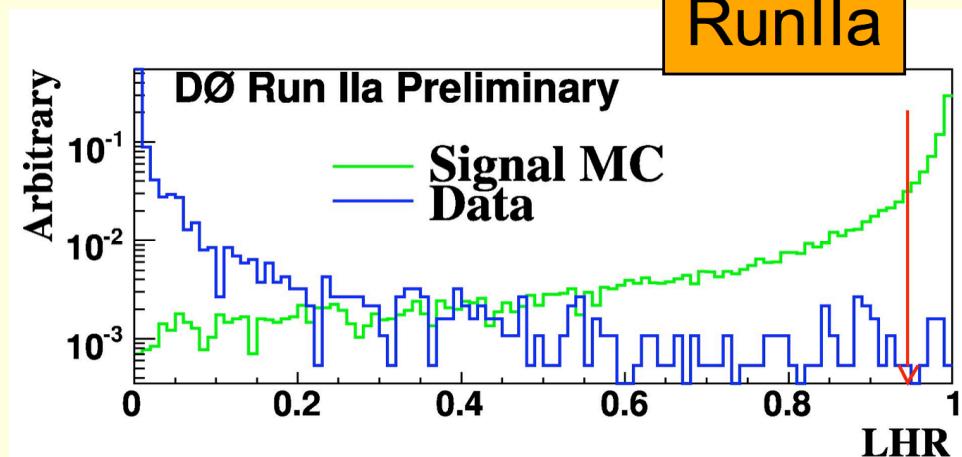
Strategy

- ✖ Preselection of Di Muon events
- ✖ Normalization channel $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$
 - ✖ Advantage of efficiency normalization
- ✖ Background estimation using sidebands
 - ✖ Blind analysis to avoid bias
- ✖ Background reduction using a LHR

Likelihood

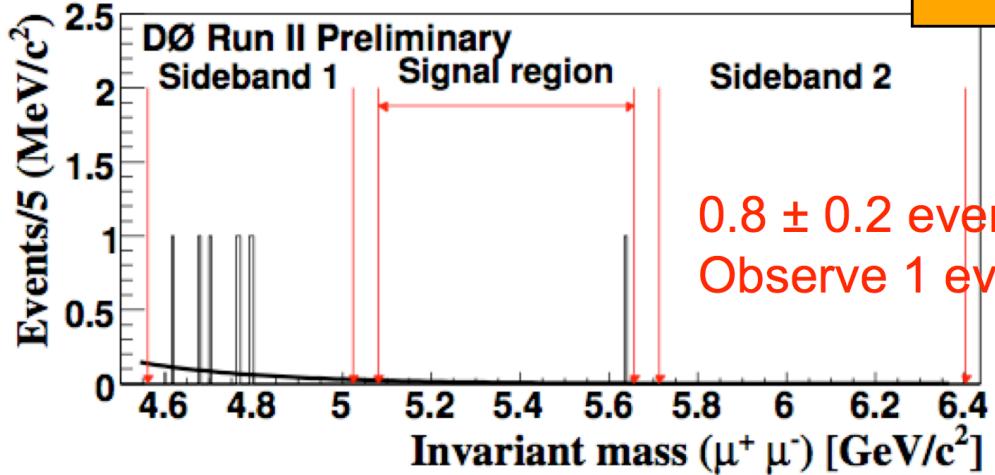


$$LHR = \frac{\prod_{i=0}^6 s_i(x)}{\prod_{i=0}^6 s_i(x) + \prod_{i=0}^6 b_i(x)}$$

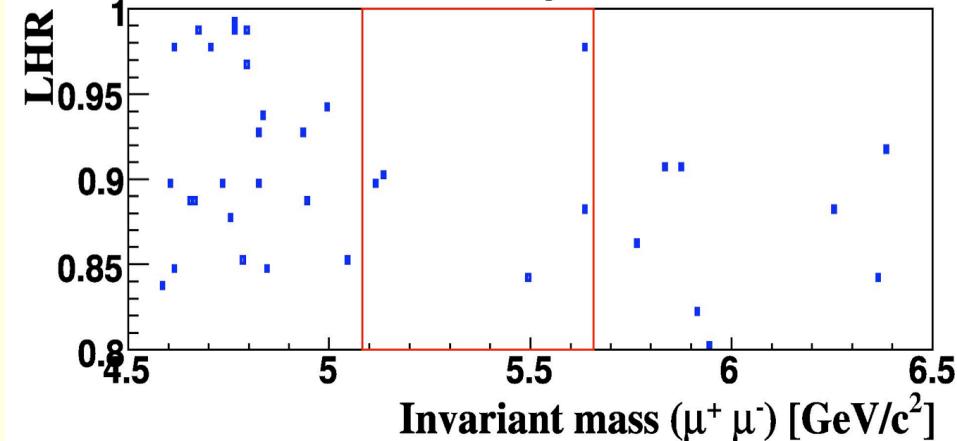


Mass Distributions

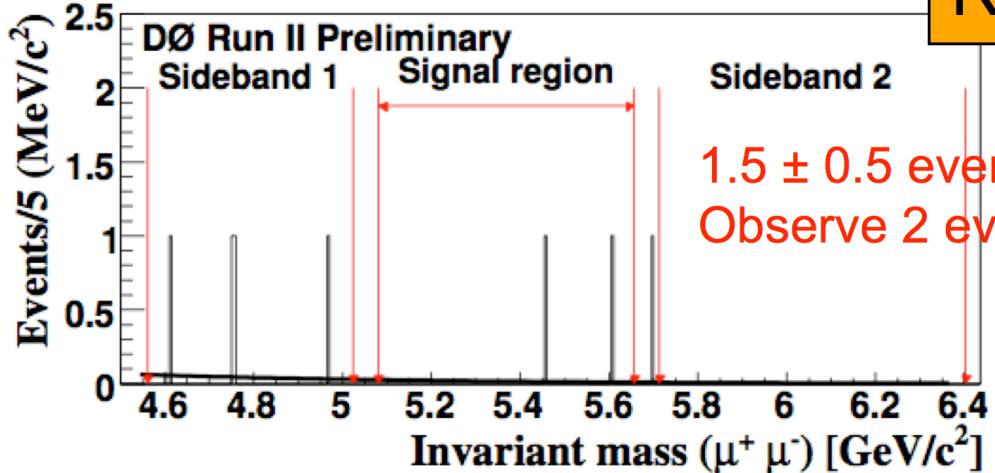
Run Ila



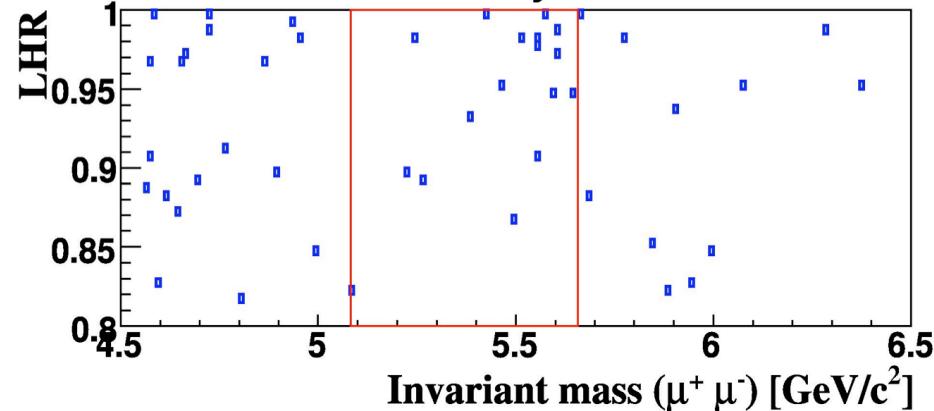
DØ Run Ila Preliminary



Run IIb

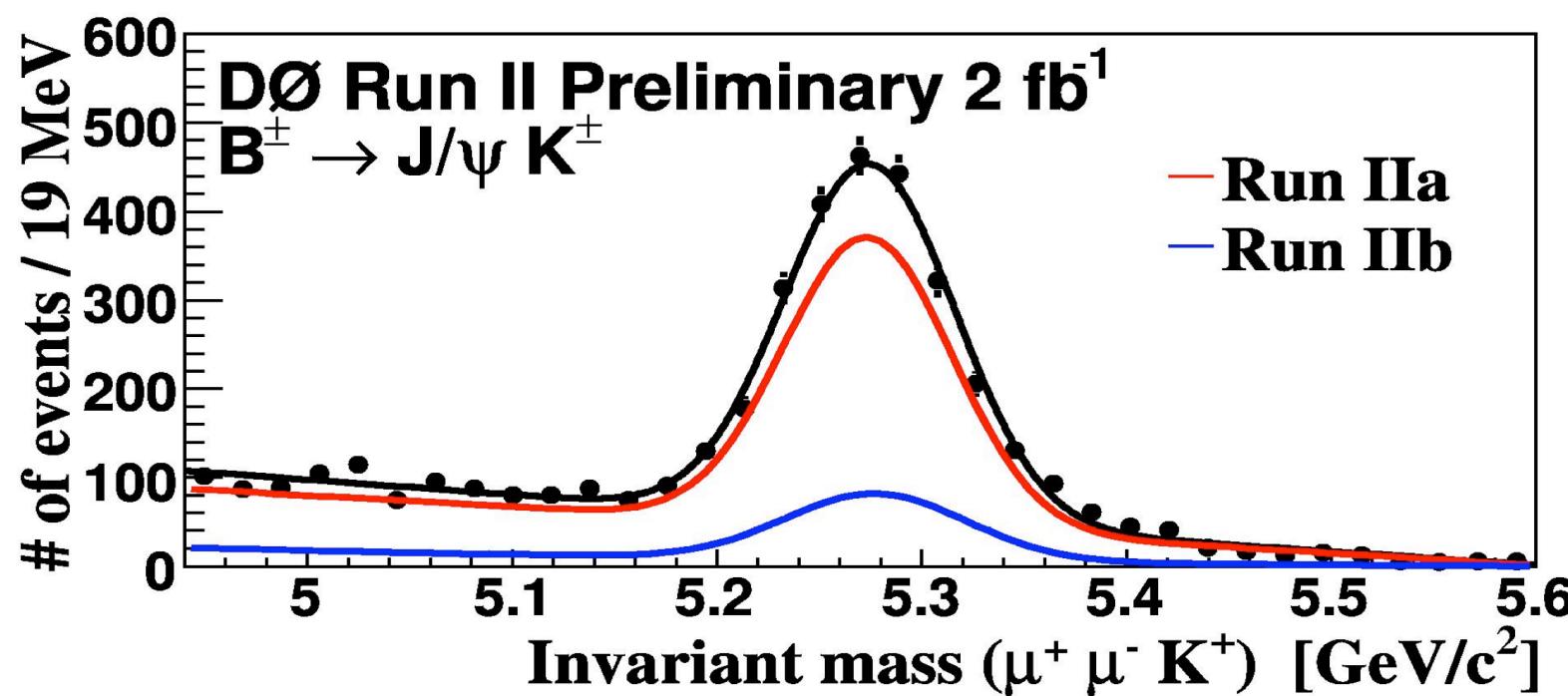


DØ Run IIb Preliminary



Normalization

- ✗ Additional cuts on the Kaon and B candidate are:
 - ✗ Kaon $p_T > 0.9 \text{ GeV}/c$
 - ✗ Collinearity of > 0.9 is required
 - ✗ χ^2 of the vertex fit contribution not more than 10, together < 20
 - ✗ Also cut on the LHR cut like the $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ signal





Limit Calculation

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) < \frac{N_{UL}}{N_{B^+}} \cdot \frac{\varepsilon_{\mu^+ \mu^- K}^{B^+}}{\varepsilon_{\mu^+ \mu^-}^{B_s^0}} \cdot \frac{\mathcal{B}(B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+ \mu^-) K^\pm)}{\frac{f_{b \rightarrow B_s}}{f_{b \rightarrow B_{u,d}}} + R \cdot \frac{\varepsilon_{\mu^+ \mu^-}^{B_d^0}}{\varepsilon_{\mu^+ \mu^-}^{B_s^0}}}$$

- × Relative Normalization
- × $\varepsilon_{B^+}/\varepsilon_{B_s}$ relative efficiency of normalization to signal channel
- × f_s/f_u fragmentation ratio - use world average (3.71) with 15% uncertainty
- × $\varepsilon_{B_d}/\varepsilon_{B_s}$ relative efficiency for $B_d \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ versus $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ events in B_s search channel (~ 0.95) $R = BR(B_d)/BR(B_s)$ is small due to $|V_{td}/V_{ts}|^2$

$Br(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu)$	1.3 fb^{-1}	9.5×10^{-8}	Prelim. Run IIa
$Br(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu)$	0.6 fb^{-1}	3.9×10^{-7}	Prelim. Run IIb
$Br(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu)$	combined	9.3×10^{-8}	Prelim. Run II

at 95% CL



Wrap up

- ✖ Now have information on all B_s mixing parameters from DØ.
 - ✖ $\Delta\Gamma$ consistent with SM calculations
 - ✖ First attempt to measure ϕ_s parameter using angular analysis of $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$ and semileptonic asymmetries
- ✖ Limit on rare decay $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ is getting more and more stringent, help constrain BSM physics
- ✖ Update on these analysis are expected this summer with even more statistics ($2+fb^{-1}$)



Back up slides



Pre-Selection

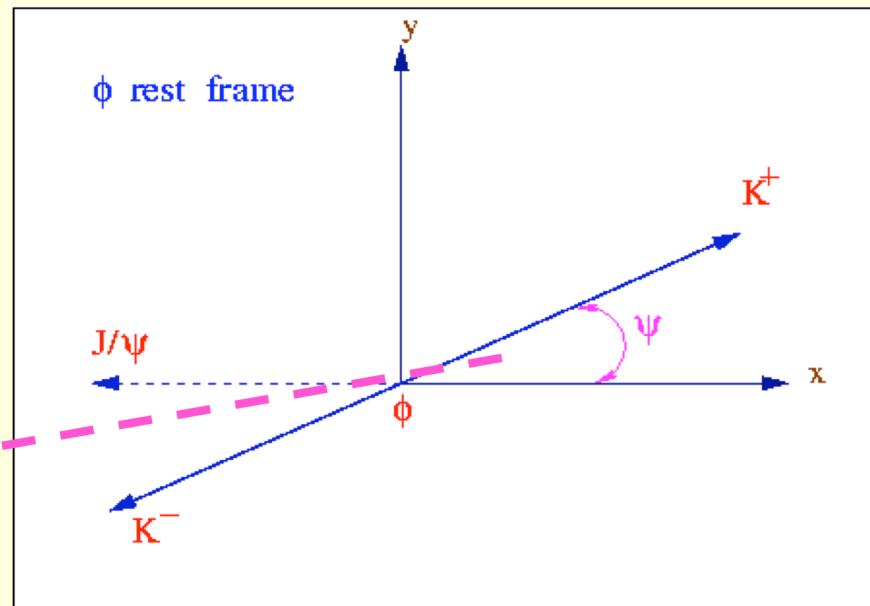
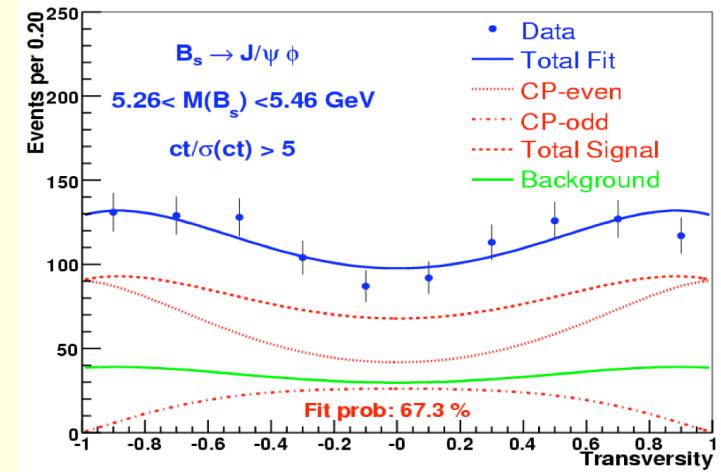
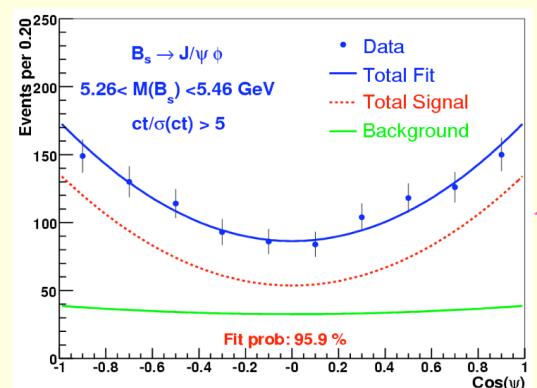
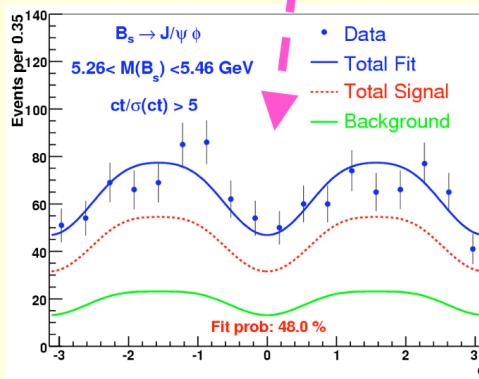
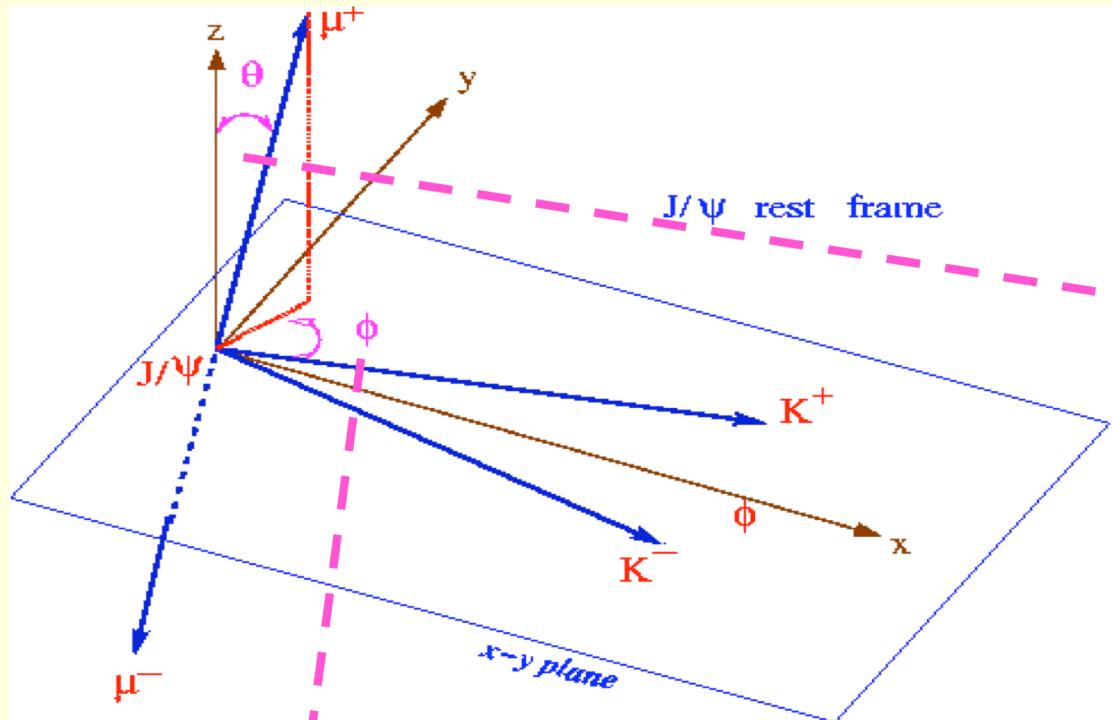
- ✖ Cut on Mass region of di-muon sample $4.5 < m_{\mu\mu} < 7$ GeV/c²
- ✖ Two medium muons with a net charge of zero and a p_T greater than 2.5 GeV
- ✖ The triggered muons have reconstructed tracks in the tracker with
 - ✖ at least 3 hits in the Silicon tracker
 - ✖ at least 4 hits in the Fiber tracker
- ✖ Good reconstructed vertex (χ^2 cut)
- ✖ Cut on the uncertainty of the transverse decay length $\sigma(Lxy) < 150 \mu\text{m}$
- ✖ A minimum pT of the Bs candidate of 5 GeV is required

Systematic Uncertainties



Source	Relative Uncertainty [%]	
	RunIIa	RunIIb
$\epsilon_{\mu\mu K}^{B^\pm}/\epsilon_{\mu\mu}^{B_s^0}$	6.7	9.0
# of $B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi K^\pm$	3.2	5.7
$\mathcal{B}(B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi K^\pm)$	4.0	4.0
$\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu)$	1.7	1.7
$f_{b \rightarrow B_s^0}/f_{b \rightarrow B^\pm}$	12.7	12.7
background uncertainty	25	33

$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$ angles





Flavor Specific B_s Lifetime

Flavor specific decays carry equal amounts of B_H and B_L

$$|B_s \rightarrow D_s \mu\nu\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|B_H\rangle + |B_L\rangle)$$

$$e^{-t/\tau_{FS}} \equiv \frac{1}{2} (e^{-t/\tau_H} + e^{-t/\tau_L})$$

Get the flavor specific lifetime when you fit FS data with single exponential

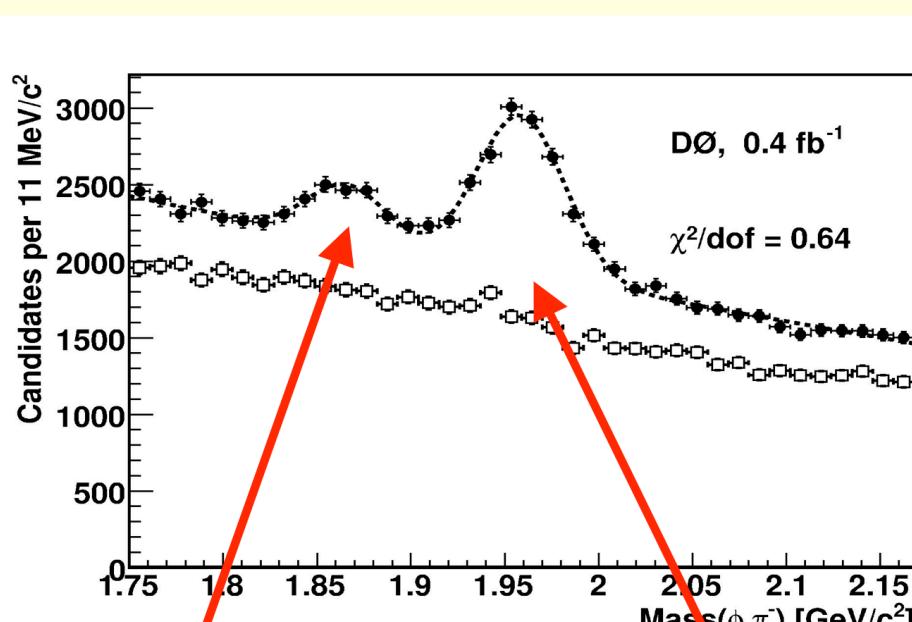
$$\tau_{FS} = \frac{1}{\bar{\Gamma}_s} \left(\frac{1+y^2}{1-y^2} \right)$$

$$y = \frac{\Delta\Gamma}{2\Gamma}$$

Maps out a 2-D constraint on the average width and the width difference

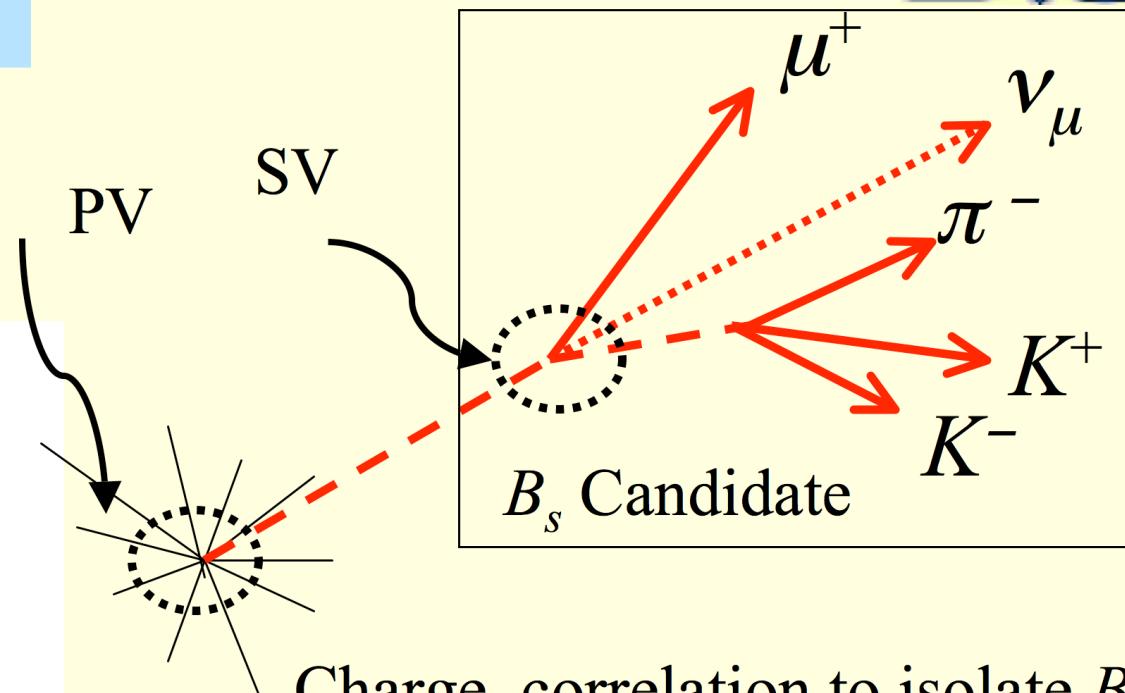
hep-ph/0201071

B_s Semileptonic Sample



$D^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi$

$D_s^- \rightarrow \phi\pi$



Charge correlation to isolate B_s sample

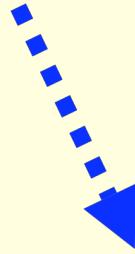
Transverse decay length
determined in lab frame

Boost back using MC to
estimate neutrino momentum

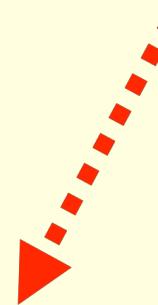
Even and odd paths distinguishable with angular analysis of final state particles

 $A_0 \ A_{||}$

Even waves

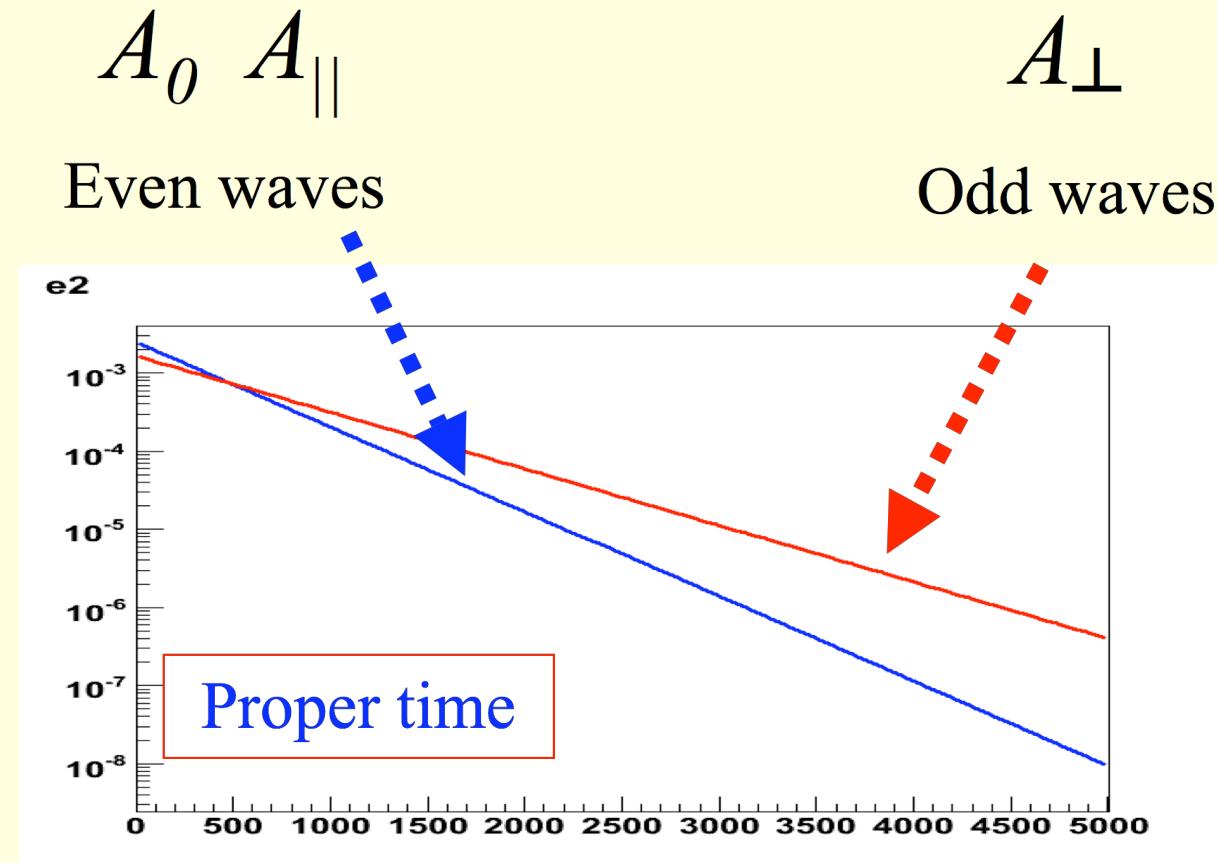
 A_{\perp}

Odd waves

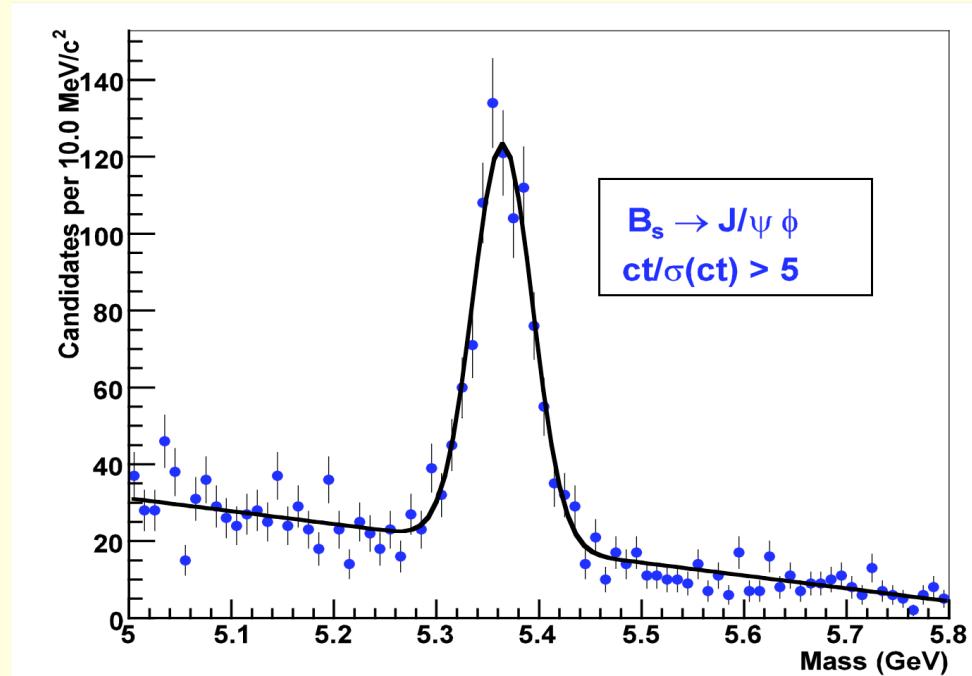
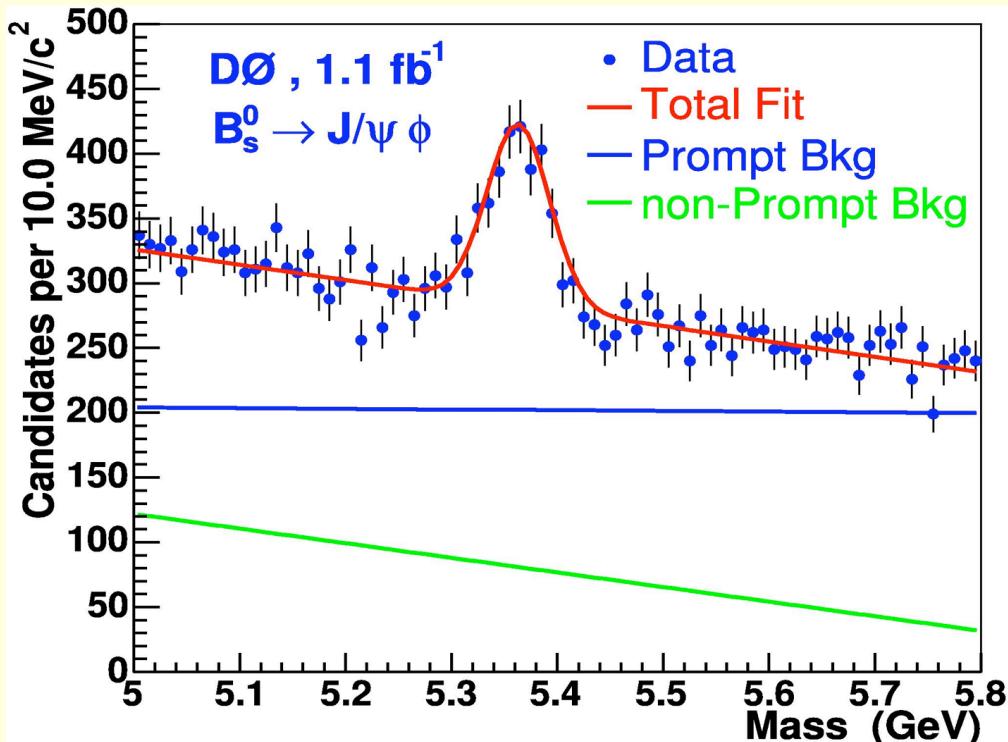


Proper time

Even and odd paths distinguishable with angular analysis of final state particles



$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$



1039 ± 45 B_s
 Candidates

Flight length
 significance > 5