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# Full simulation study of $e^+e^-$ pairs and of LumiCal performance

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# Outline

FCCEe detector model

Software

Simulation / reconstruction of  $e^+e^-$  pairs

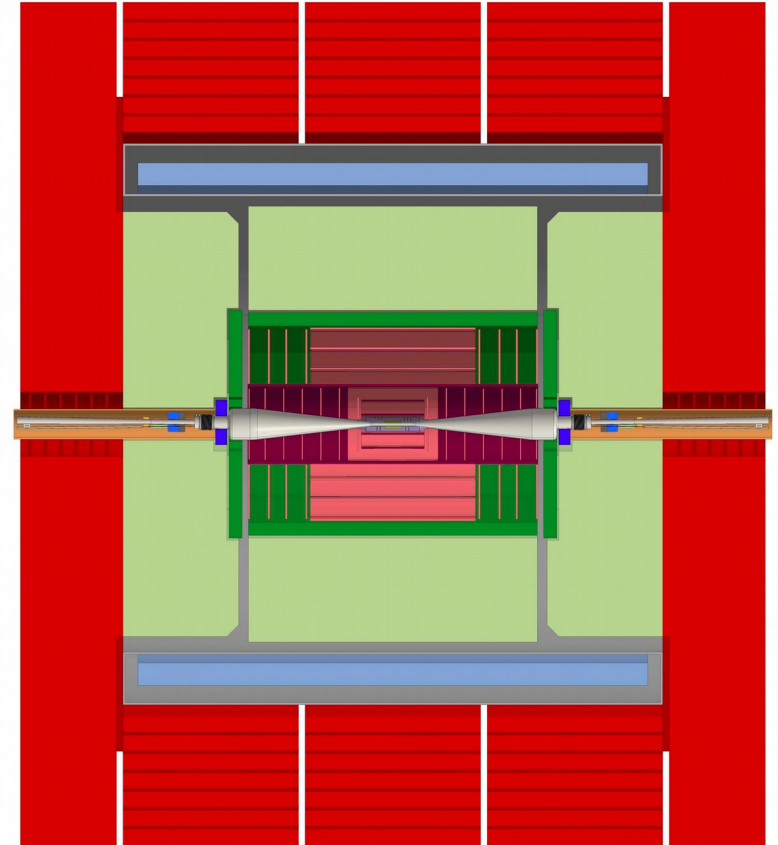
- Estimation of hit density & occupancy

First look at LumiCal performance

# From CLIC detector ...

## The CLIC detector

- Full Silicon tracking
  - Pixel VXD
  - Inner/Outer trackers with elongated pixels (strip-like)
- $B=4T$
- Calorimeters inside the solenoid



# ... to FCCee detector

Adaptation of the CLIC detector

Implementation in DD4hep from Emmanuel

IR

- Following Mike Sullivan design
- $L^* \sim 2.2\text{m}$ , LumiCal closer ( $\sim 1\text{m}$ ) to the IP, no BeamCal
- Beam pipe radius at 2cm made of 0.5 mm Be
- Ta shield of 0.5 mm around BP apart of the central region (  $|Z| < 25\text{ cm}$  )
  - Respective changes to VXD, innermost layer at 2.2cm

Magnetic field

- 2T main field
- + fields from shielding and compensating solenoids

# Software framework

We currently use ILCSOFT

- Mature & validated software tools

Detector description & simulation in dd4hep

- Realistic description
  - Support & services (cabling, cooling etc) are included
- No segmentation in pixels / strips
  - We deal with this only in digitisation level

Marlin processors for digitisation / reconstruction

Digitisation

- Gaussian smearing according to sensor's resolution (technology agnostic)

Various pattern recognition algorithms

- For the time being we use a track cheater

Overlay processor

- Merges “physics event” hit collections with pairs, according to each subdetector readout time

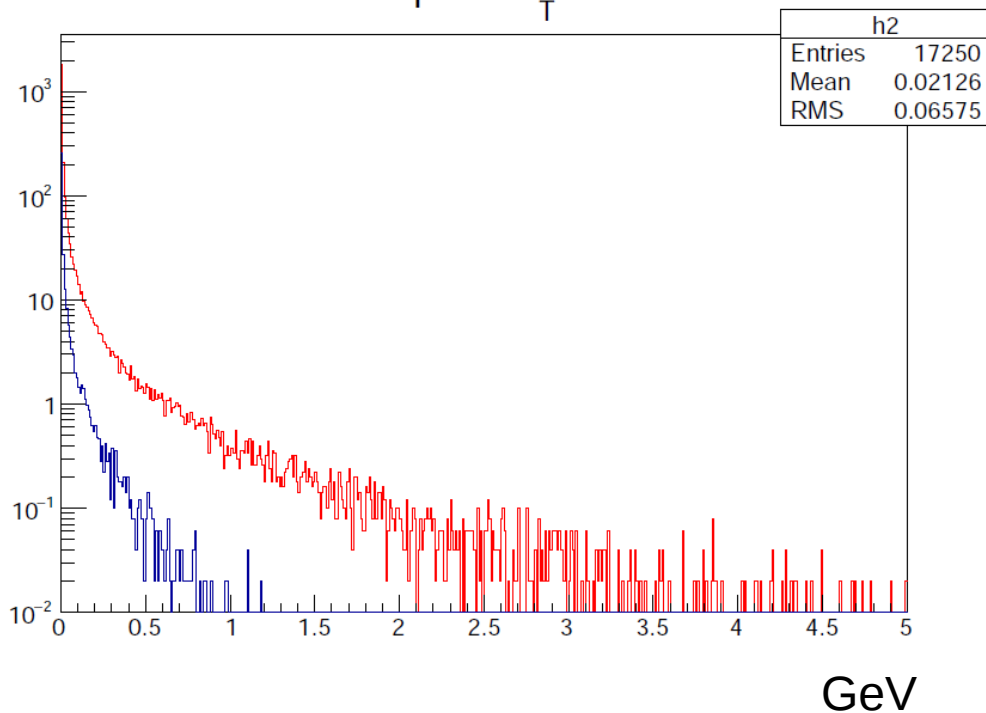
# Pairs generation with Guinea Pig

Guinea Pig is an  $e^+e^-$  beam-beam interaction generator

- Output file with the 4-vectors of the produced pairs
- ~300 BXs at Z peak ( $E_{cm}=91.2\text{GeV}$ ) and 135 BXs at top ( $E_{cm}=350\text{GeV}$ )
- Top: 4000 pairs / BX, ~4 TeV of energy
- Z: ~ 350 pairs / BX, < 500 GeV of energy

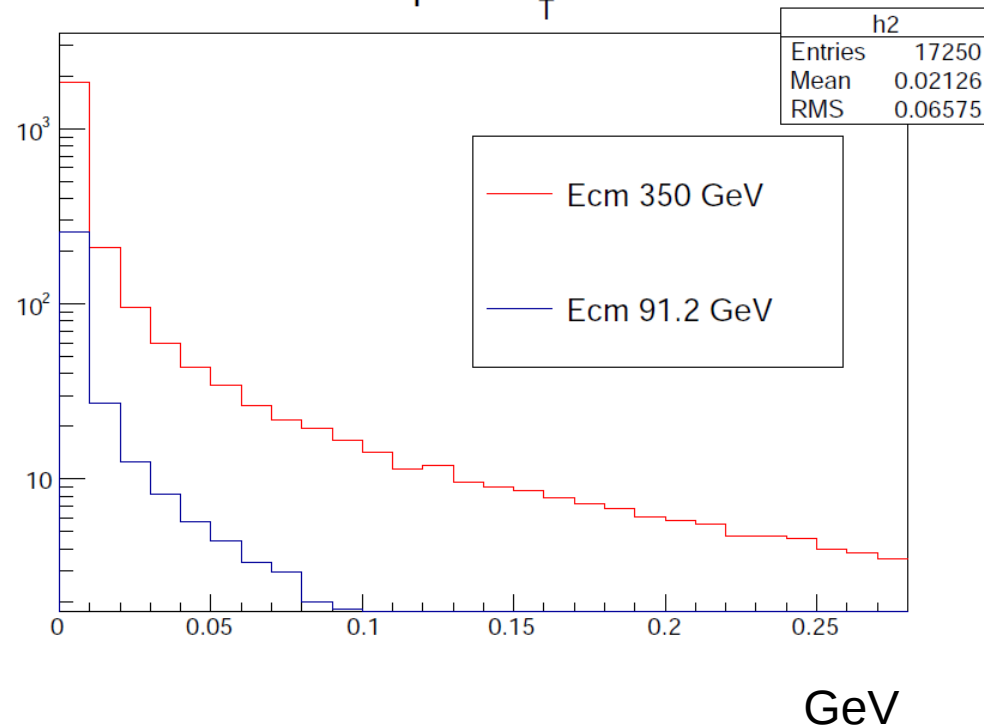
Focus on  $E_{cm} = 350$  GeV in these slides

pairs  $P_T$



Zoomed

pairs  $P_T$

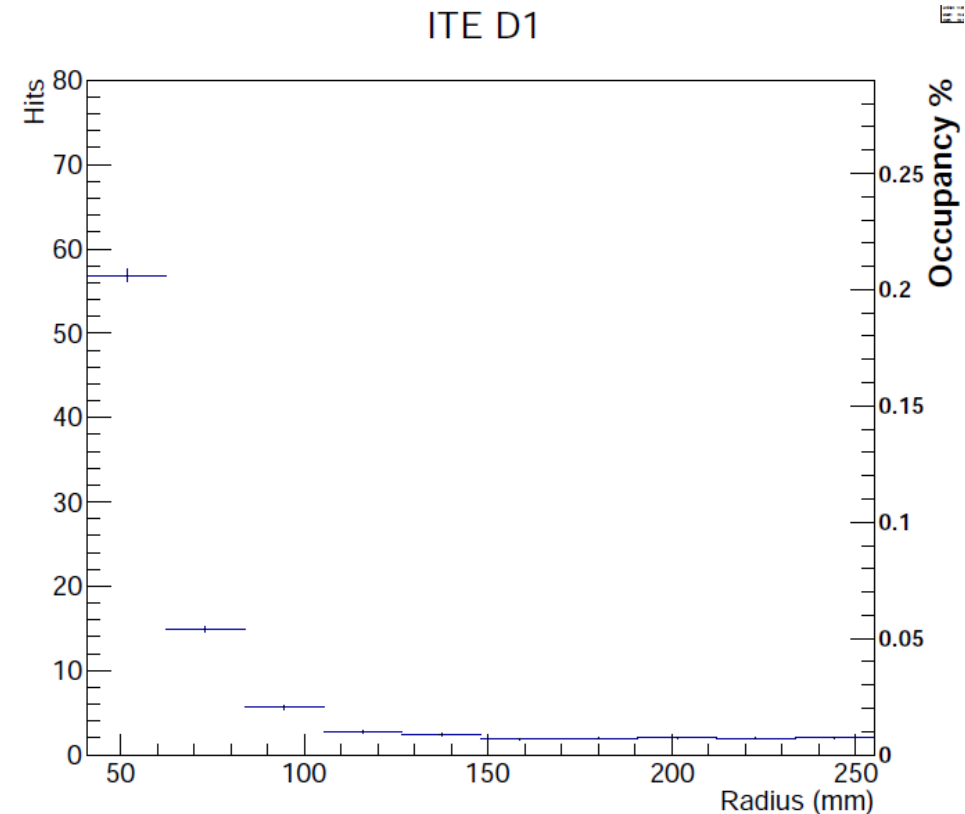
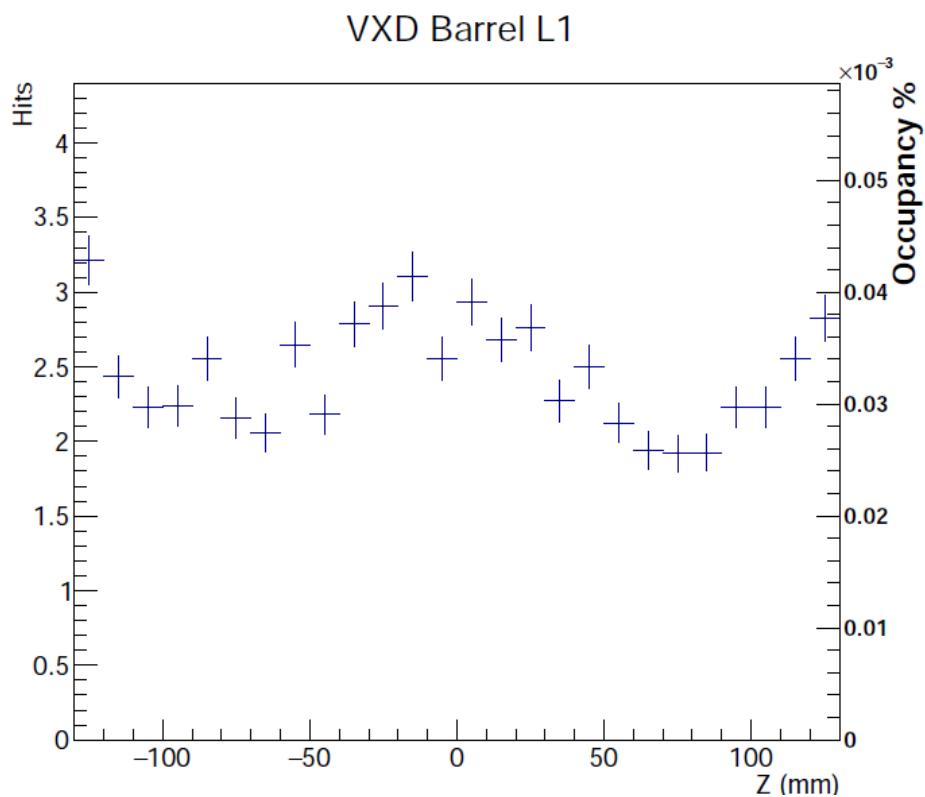


# Pairs induced occupancy for $E_{\text{cm}} = 350 \text{ GeV}$

~ 70 hits / BX at innermost VXD layer

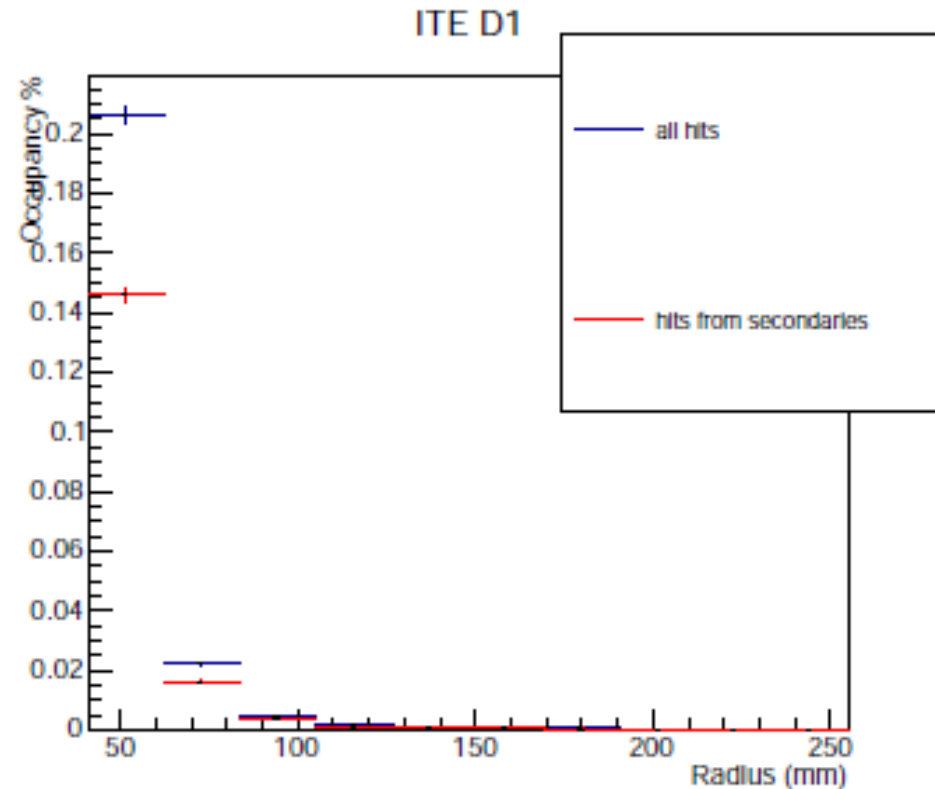
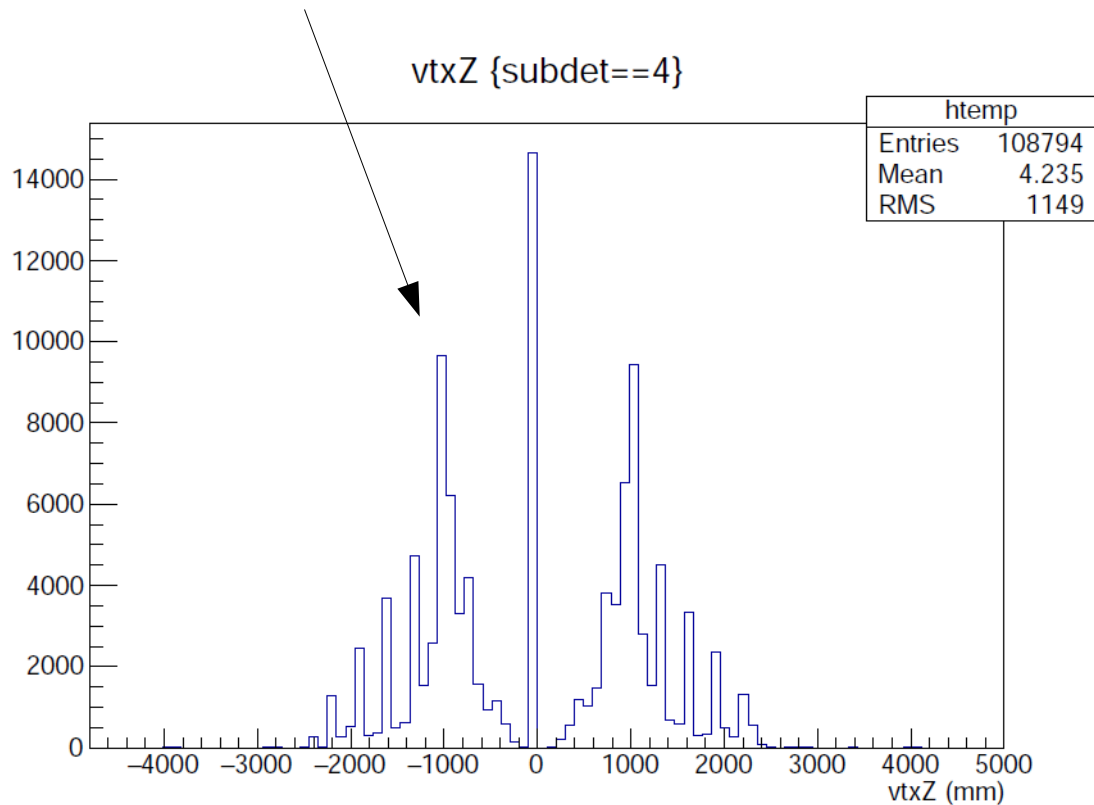
Some remarks on occupancy calculation

- 20x20  $\mu\text{m}^2$  pixels in VXD, 0.024x10  $\text{mm}^2$  in tracker
- Assumed time resolution of 1BX
- Assumed cluster multiplicity of 1
  - Underestimation of occupancy
  - Can reach 0.6 % at ITE D1 for multiplicity ~ 3



# Origin of the pairs – induced hits

Beam pipe splitting ~ 1m along Z



Most of the hits on forward trackers are coming from secondaries

Largest source of secondaries is the beam splitting region, at Z ~ 1m



# Reconstructed tracks from $e^+e^-$ pairs

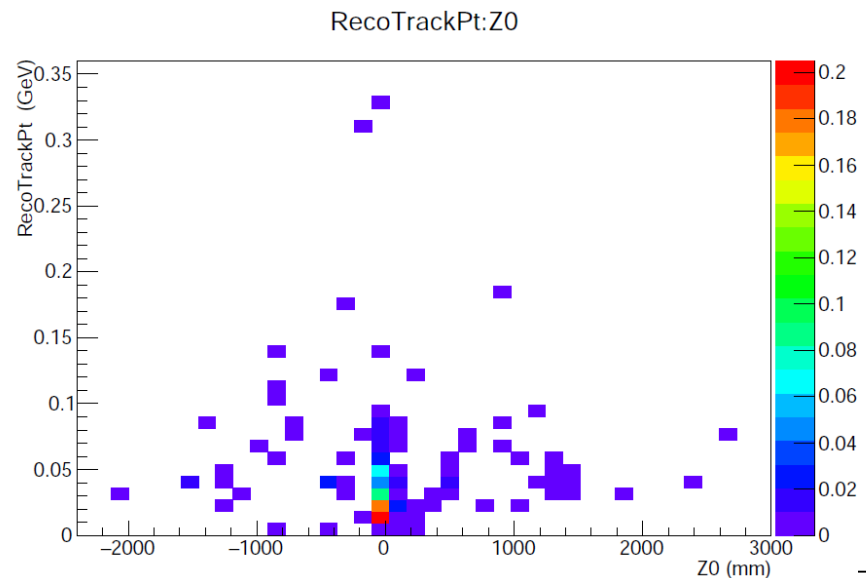
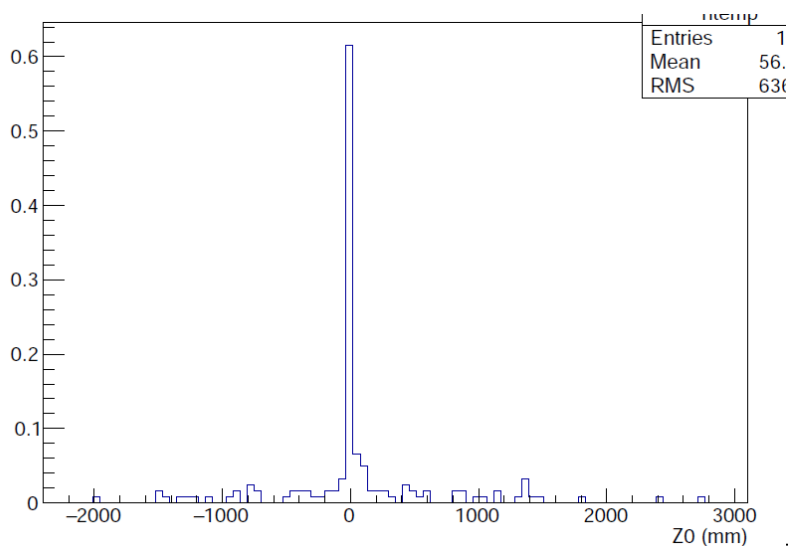
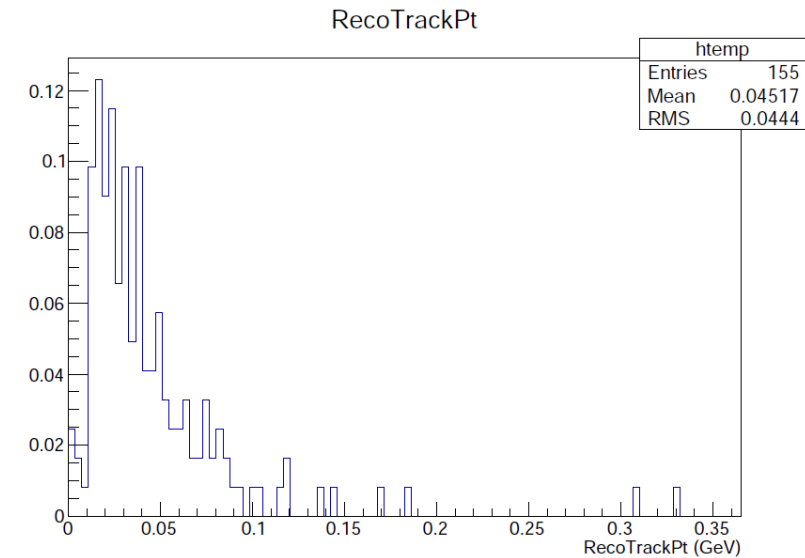
Ideal pattern recognition (uses MC info from hits)

$E_{cm} = 350$  GeV

Time resolution of VXD / trackers 1BX

Tracking can give us an extra handle in understanding the effect of pairs

- Pairs might be an issue if a tracking with high purity and efficiency at very low  $P_T$  ( $< 100$  MeV) is required



# LumiCal study

Generation of bhabha events using BHWIDE

Full simulation with DD4hep (adapted from CLIC det)

Reconstruction using CLIC clusterer

Objectives so far

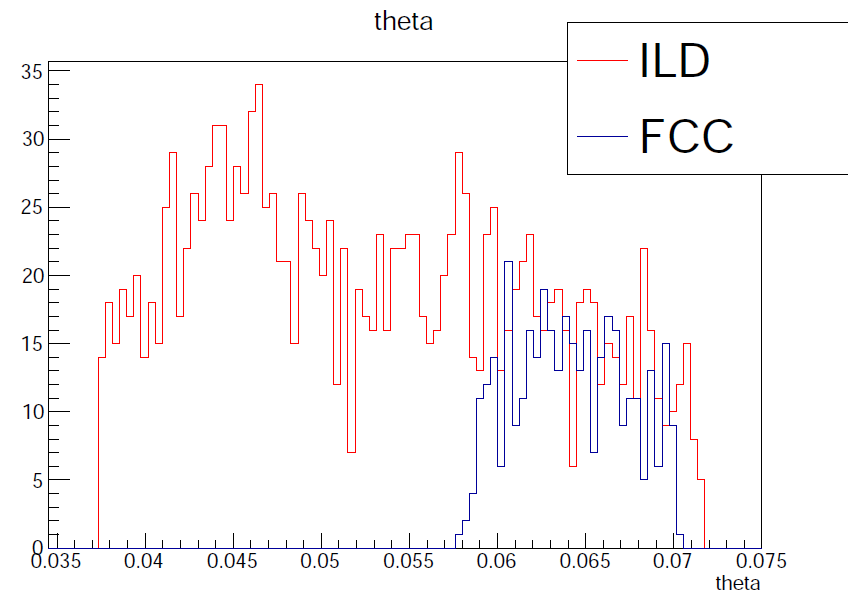
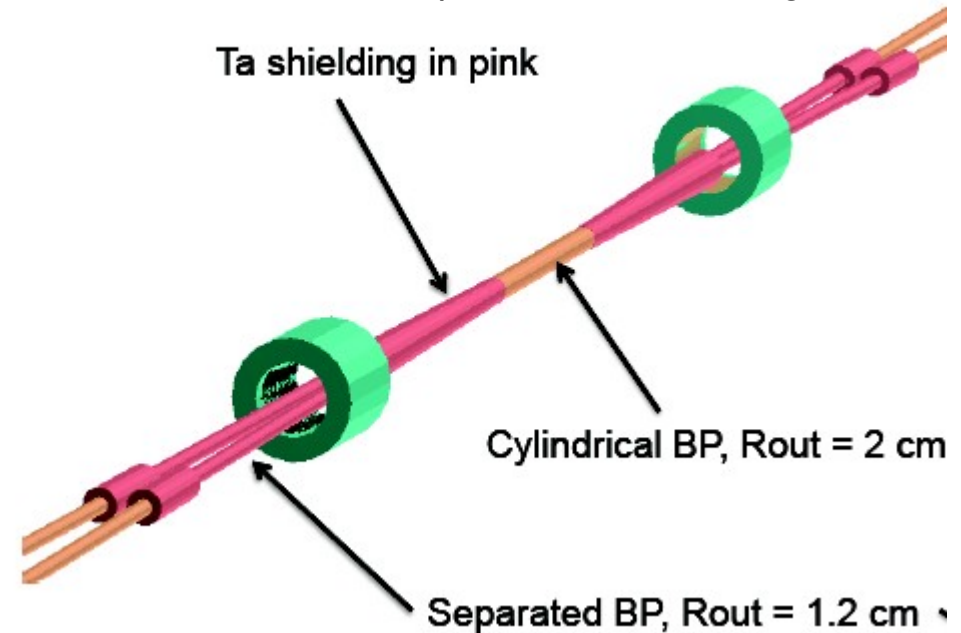
- Impact of small  $L^*$
- Effect of Tantalum shield on resolution
- Effect of pair bkg

Comparison with ILD LumiCal

	ILD	FCC
Inner R	80 mm	55.7 mm
Outer R	195.2	190
Min Z	2500	1090
Max Z	2630	1290



From Emmanuel, from a previous MDI meeting



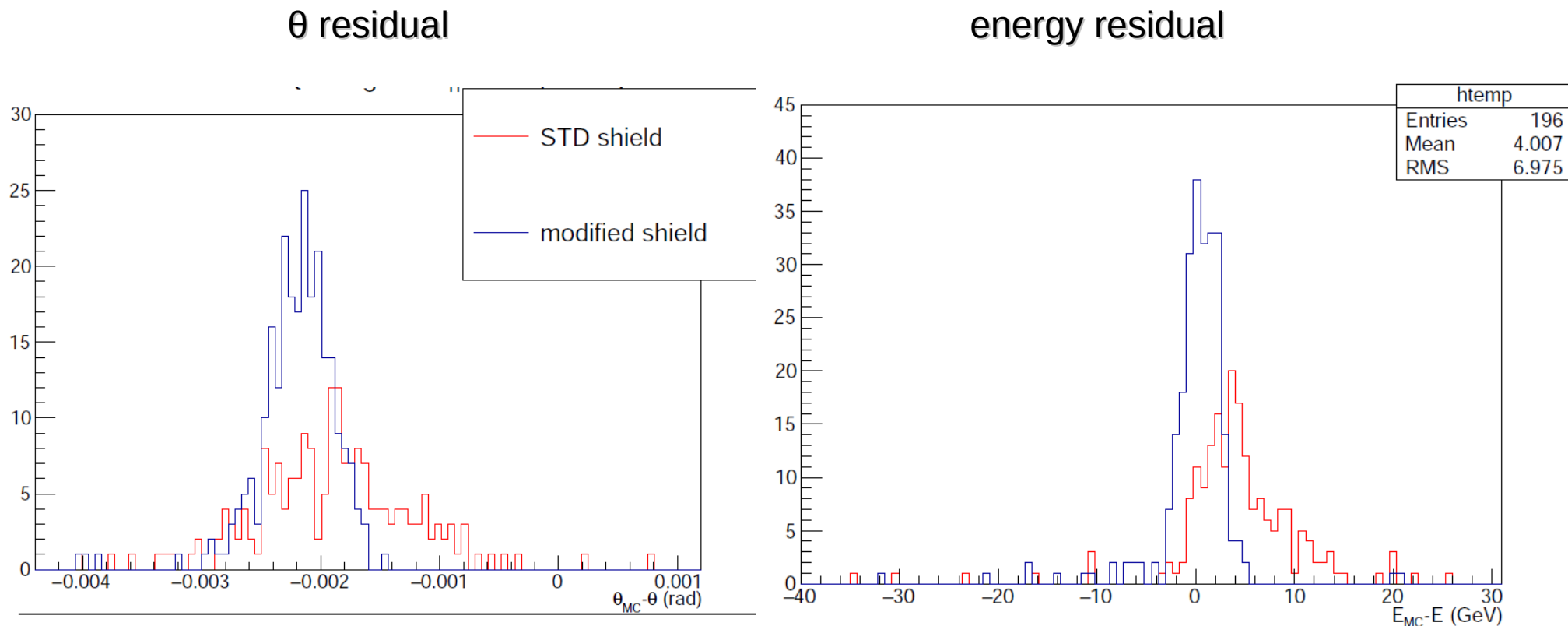
# LumiCal resolution & Ta shield

Ta shield significantly degrades LumiCal resolution

Important improvement if we remove the shield of the largest part of central BP

- Nominal shield at central BP: 25 cm – 100 cm
- Modified one: 81 cm – 100 cm

Preliminary studies, further optimisation could be possible



# Preliminary conclusions

Very low ( $\sim 10^{-5} - 10^{-6}$ ) occupancy for  $\sqrt{s}$  91.2 GeV

For  $\sqrt{s}$  350 GeV, occupancy can go at per mil level at forward trackers

However pairs shouldn't be considered as a negligible bkg

- $\sqrt{s}$  91.2 GeV: 2.5 (7.5) ns BX spacing  $\rightarrow$  very fast detectors
- Cluster multiplicities were not accounted for
- Accumulation of hits from various bkg sources
- Simulation uncertainty
- Etc...

So pairs might be a worry, depending on what physics we want to do

Lumical

- Small  $L^*$   $\rightarrow$  relatively low statistics
- Ta shield has a non – marginal impact on resolution
- Pairs seems to degrade LumiCal's resolution
  - Degradation possibly could be alleviated via the clusterer optimisation

backup

# LumiCal resolution & pair bkg

Very preliminary results

Effect of pairs should be partially alleviated after optimisation of the clusterer

