

Disappearing Charged Tracks, revisited

Rakhi Mahbubani, EPFL

with Pedro Schwaller and Jose Zurita, arXiv:1703.05327

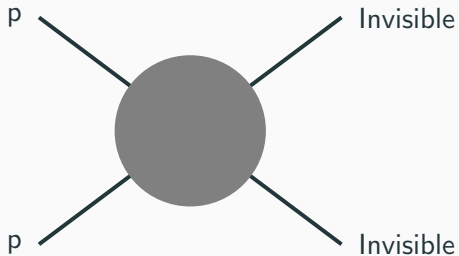
12th June 2017

Invisibles 2017

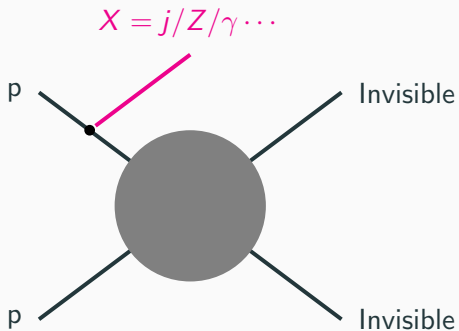
What Invisibles?

- Pair-produced
- Collider-stable
- May comprise a significant component of dark matter

Invisibles at hadron colliders



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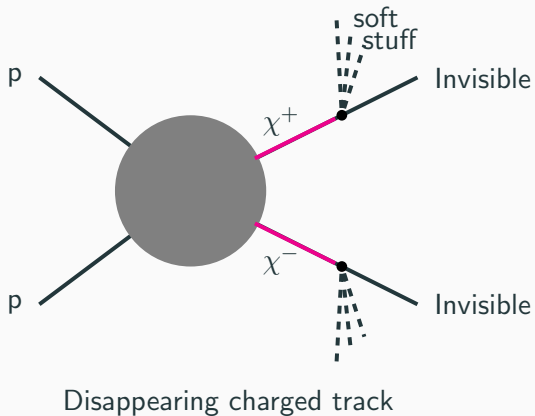


Hard emission of visible particle X

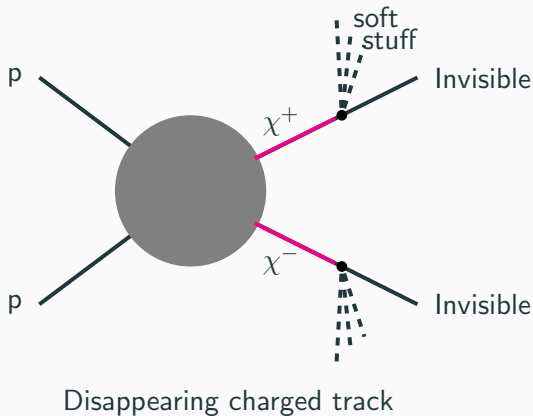
What Invisibles?

- Pair-produced
- Collider-stable
- May comprise a significant component of dark matter
- Contains a nearby charged state that decays to it invisibly

Invisibles at hadron colliders



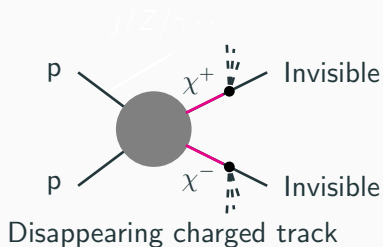
Invisibles at hadron colliders



Traditional searches sensitive to charged particles with lab-frame lifetime $\sim 1\text{-}2$ ns.*

**How can we increase the sensitivity to
disappearing tracks at (current and future)
hadron colliders?**

Disappearing tracks 101



Charged state has:

- 'nominal decay length' $c\tau$
- lab frame decay length
 $d_0 = \beta\gamma c\tau$
- number of particles
travelling a distance d ,
 $\mathcal{N} = \mathcal{N}_0 \exp\left(-\frac{d}{d_0}\right)$

The setup

We simulate pair-production of a weak doublet fermion χ with hypercharge $-1/2$ and dirac mass m_χ at a proton-proton collider, at 14 and 100 TeV .

$$\mathcal{L} \supset i\bar{\chi} \left(\not{\partial} - ig\not{W} - ig'\frac{1}{2}Y\not{B} \right) \chi + m_\chi\bar{\chi}\chi, \quad (1)$$

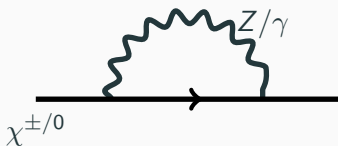
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$$\begin{array}{l} \chi^\pm \text{ --- } m_\chi + \Delta_+ \\ \chi^0 \text{ --- } m_\chi \end{array}$$

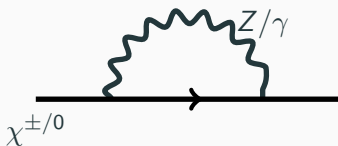
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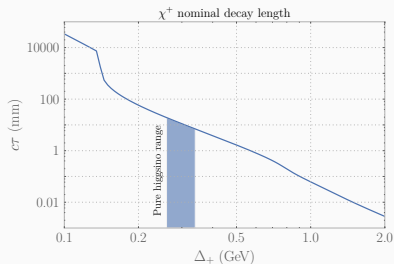
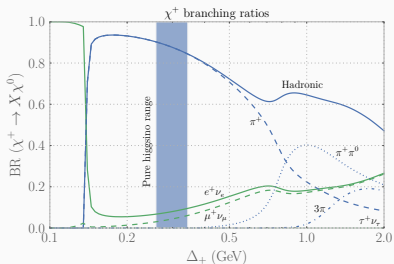


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*Corresponds to pure higgsino limit of MSSM

Decays



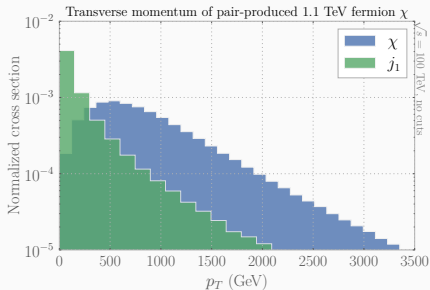
Decay width of doublet strongly dependent on splitting.

For electroweak splitting, decays mainly to soft pion with p_T below threshold for detection, with nominal decay length $<$ cm.

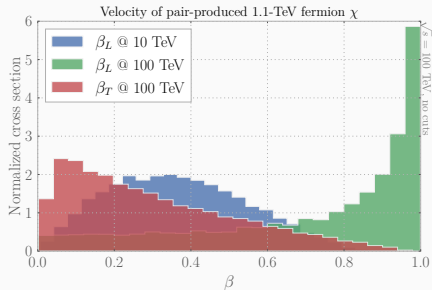
Analysis is insensitive to the identity of the daughter.

Will use $m_\chi = 1.1$ TeV, $c\tau = 6.6$ mm as reference throughout.

Disappearing Charged Track



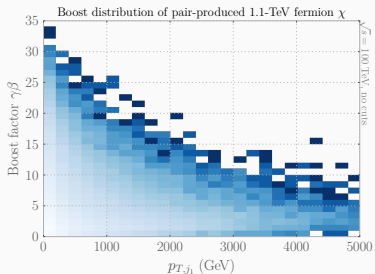
Transverse momentum set by mass scale.



Relevant scale for longitudinal momentum \sqrt{s}

Disappearing Charged Track

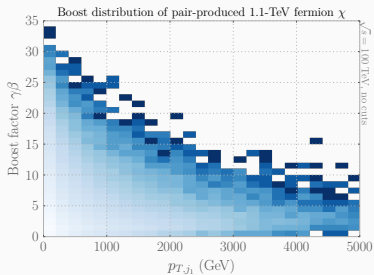
Conventional analyses trigger on p_T of radiated jet.



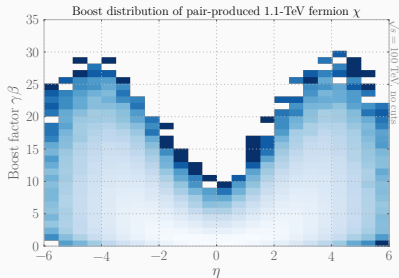
Lose particles with largest boost.

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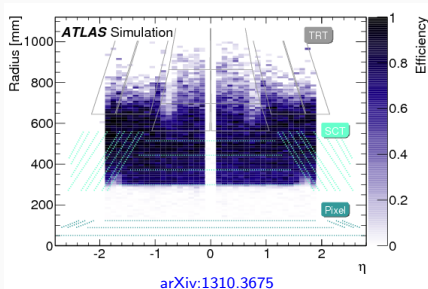
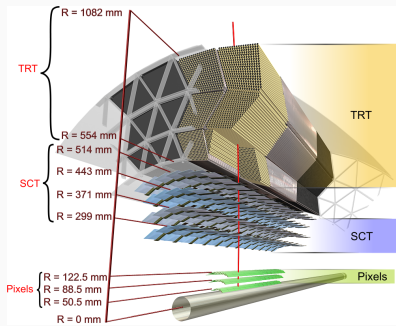


Lose particles with largest boost.



Spoiler: η range of large-boost particles not covered.

Disappearing Charged Track: the problem



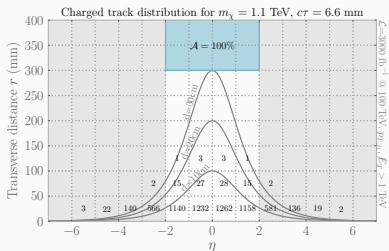
ATLAS required*:

5 hits in Pixel and SCT for reco.

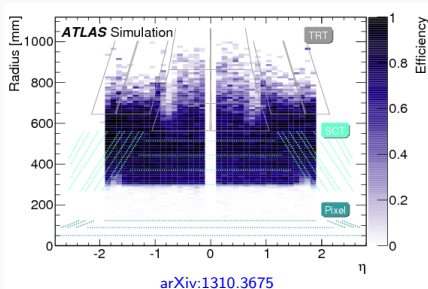
Veto on tracks with many TRT hits.

100% acceptance @ $r > 30$ cm.

Disappearing Charged Track: the problem



For hard p_{T,j_1} , \cancel{E}_T cut on chargino with $c\tau \sim \mathcal{O}(\text{mm})$, nothing gets out to large r .



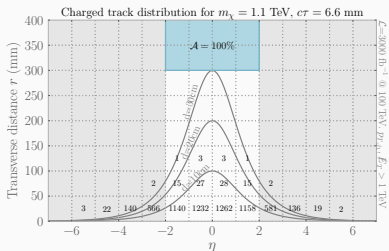
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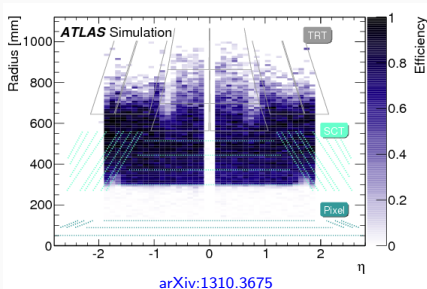
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*Recent LHC13 update uses IBL and pixel tracklets to reach $r > 12$ cm (ATLAS-CONF-2017-017)

Disappearing Charged Track: MET alternative

Need to move away from conventional recoil p_T /MET-based search.

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Can trigger on high-momentum charged track (combine charged-track p_T with pseudorapidity) and/or $\frac{dE}{dx}$?

BUT... feasibility? Backgrounds?

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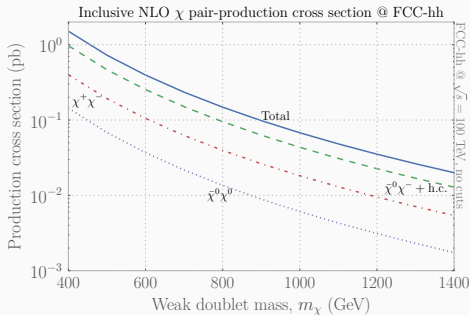
'Conventional' analysis

Modeled on existing ATLAS analysis with rescaled cuts

'Track-based' (TB) analysis

Assume triggering on $p_{\text{track}} \gtrsim$ a few TeV and dE/dx is sufficient.

Disappearing Charged Track: 'Conventional' analysis



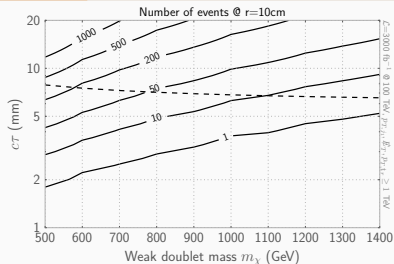
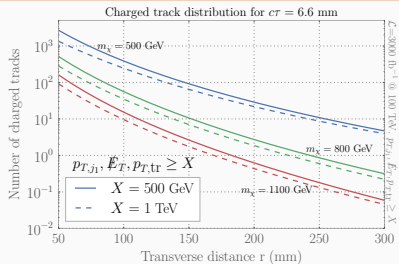
Pre-selection

- lepton veto
- $p_{T,j1}, \cancel{E}_T > 1$ TeV
- $\Delta\phi_{\min}^j, \cancel{E}_T > 1.5$

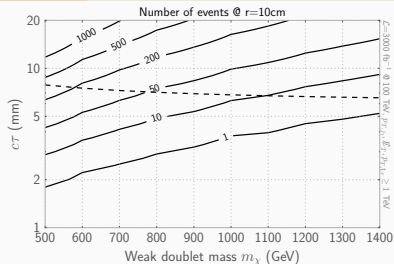
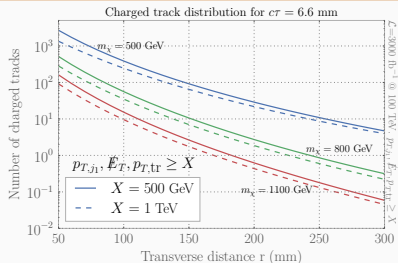
Charged-track selection

- $p_{T,\text{track}} > 1$ TeV
- $r_{\min} \leq r_{\text{track}} \leq 65$ cm
- $0.1 < |\eta_{\text{track}}| < 2$

Disappearing Charged Track: Results



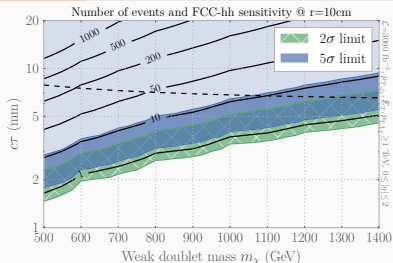
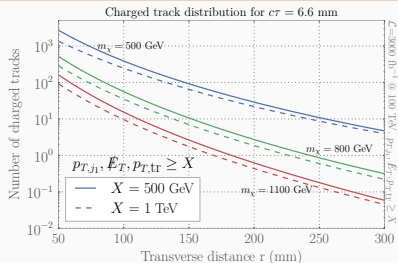
Disappearing Charged Track: Results



Backgrounds

- Subtracted using data-driven fit at LHC8.
- Dominated by mismeasured p_T due to “high density of silicon hits, hadronic interactions & scattering”.
- Dependent on detector properties.
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Disappearing charged track: Track-based analysis

Two non-overlapping signal regions:

Central

- $p_{T,\text{tr}} \geq 3 \text{ TeV}$
- $0 \leq |\eta| \leq 2$
- $10 \text{ cm} \leq r_{\text{tr}} \leq 65 \text{ cm}$

Forward

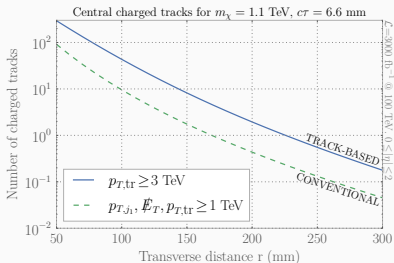
- $p_{\text{tr}} > 8 \text{ TeV}$
- $2 \leq |\eta| \leq \eta_{\text{max}}$

Disappearing charged track: Track-based analysis

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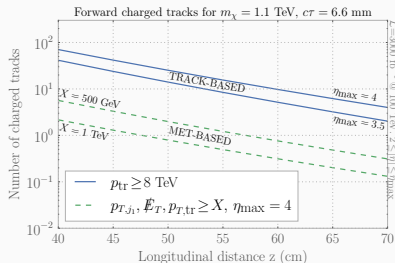
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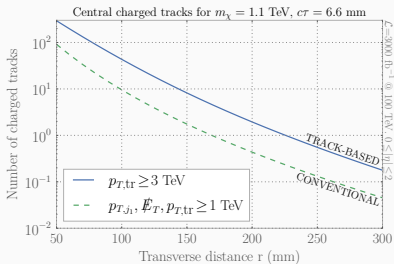


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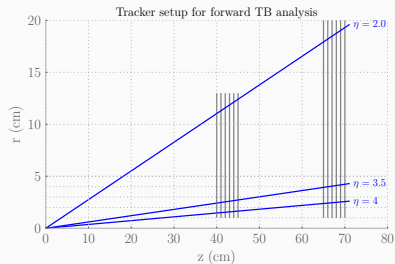
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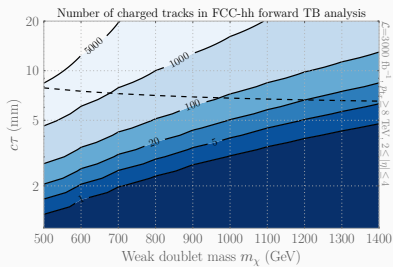
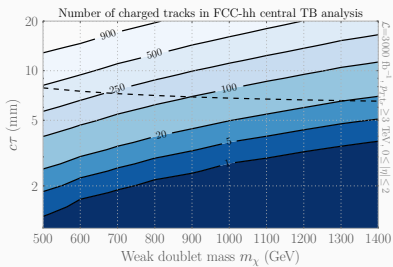


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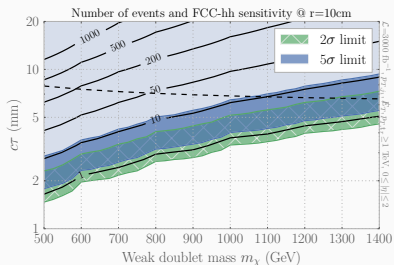
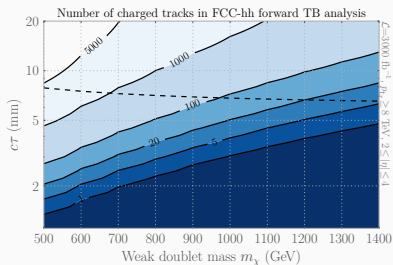
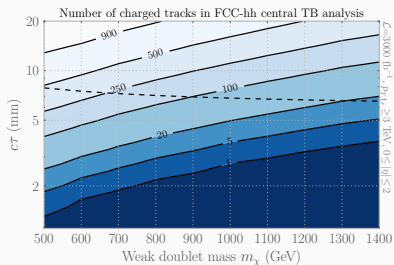
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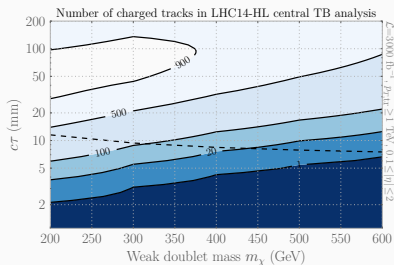
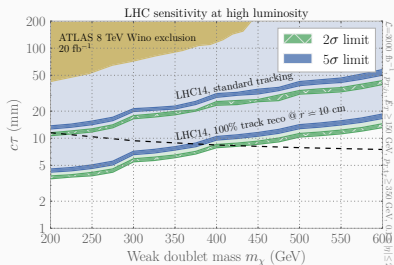
Disappearing charged track: Results II



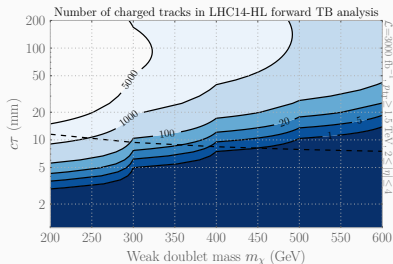
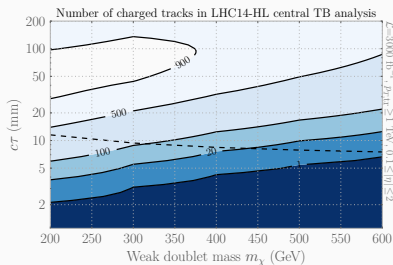
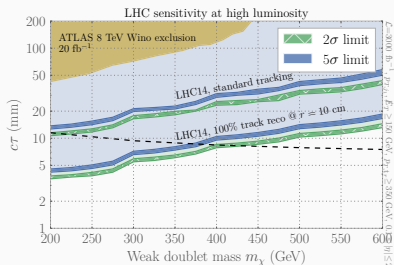
Disappearing charged track: Results II



Each track-based analysis yields
 \sim **4-fold increase** in number of
 events over conventional analysis



Central TB analysis gives **2-fold** enhancement in number of signal events



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Forward TB not as powerful, due to smaller overall boost

Summary

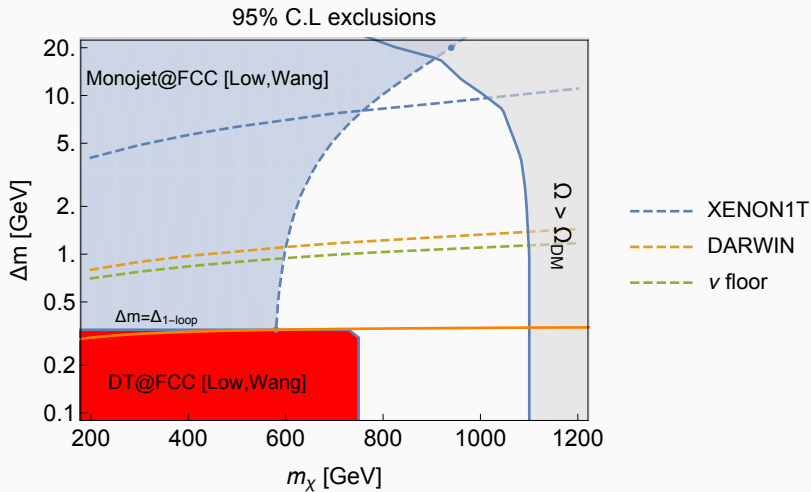
Number and boost of charginos crucial in disappearing track searches; traditional p_T /MET-based analyses limit both.

Switch to track-based searches could yield significant increase in sensitivity.

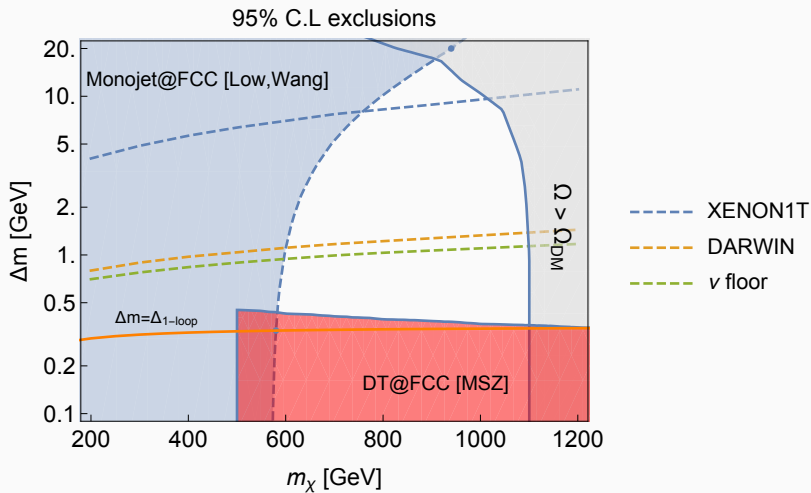
Could be rephrased as ratio of 'track-MET' to 'calo-MET'

Calo information could also be used for track isolation, to suppress SM backgrounds

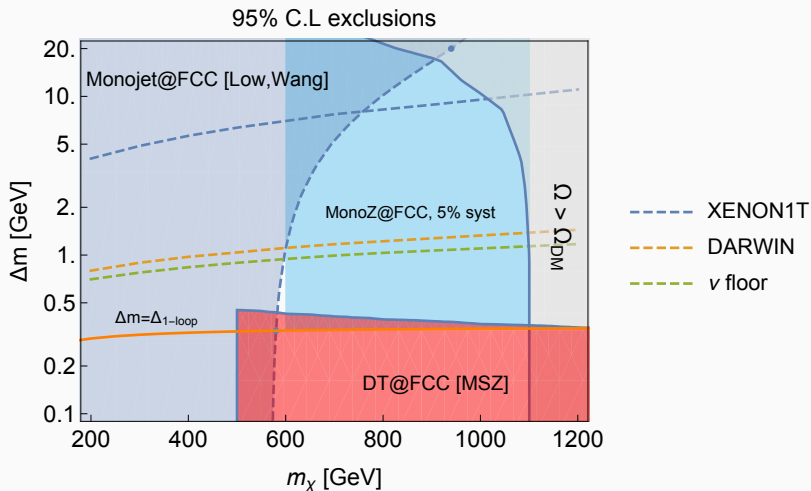
Summary II



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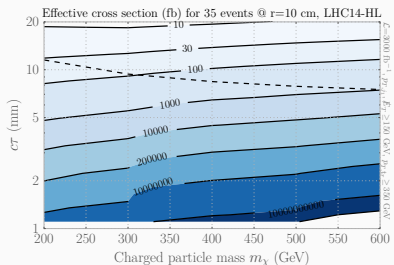
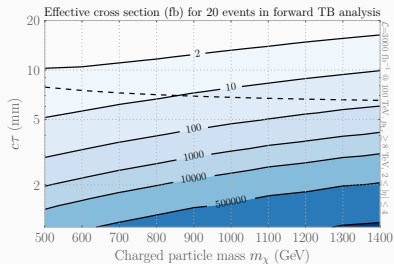
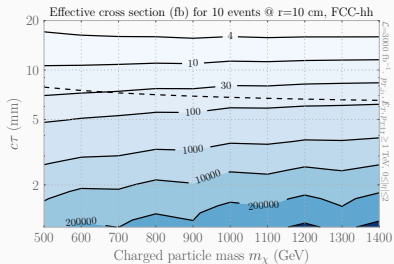
Summary II



Coming soon!

Backup Slides

Cross Section Required

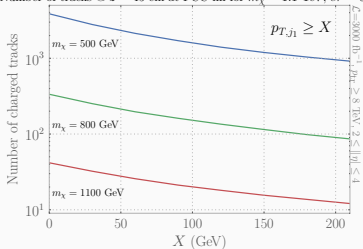


Summary of Cuts

	LHC14-HL		FCC-hh		
	Conventional	TB Central	Conventional	TB Central	TB Forward
lepton veto	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
p_{T,j_1} (GeV)	150		1000		
\cancel{E}_T (GeV)	150		1000		
$\Delta\phi_{\min}^{j, \cancel{E}_T}$	1.5		1.5		
$p_{T,\text{tr}}$ (GeV)	350	1000	1000	3000	
p_{tr} (GeV)					8000
$ \eta_{\text{tr}} $	(0.1, 2)	(0.1, 2)	(0, 2)	(0, 2)	(2, 4)
l_{tr} (cm)	$r=(10, 65)$	$r=(10, 65)$	$r=(10, 65)$	$r=(10, 65)$	$z=(45, 70)$

Effect of p_T /MET cuts

Number of tracks @ $z = 45$ cm at FCC-hh for $m_\chi = 1.1$ TeV, $c\tau = 6.6$ mm



Number of tracks @ $z = 45$ cm at LHC-HL, $m_\chi = 1.1$ TeV, $c\tau = 6.6$ mm

