



Experimental overview of collective flow with identified particles at RHIC and the LHC

ZIMÁNYI SCHOOL'16



Magdolna Zimányi (1934 - 2016)

16. Zimányi

WINTER SCHOOL ON HEAVY ION PHYSICS

> Dec. 5. - Dec. 9., Budapest, Hungary



József Zimányi (1931 - 2006)

Panos Christakoglou

Nikhef and Utrecht University





Experimental overview of collective flow with identified particles at RHIC and the LHC







CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN Data recorded: Wed Nov 25 12:21:51 2015 Run/Event: 262548 / 14582169 Lumi section: 309



Panos Christakoglou

Nikhef and Utrecht University

Many thanks to the (flow) groups from PHENIX, STAR, CMS, ALICE





(NA49 Collaboration): Phys.Rev.Lett. 80 (1998) 4136

(NA49 Collaboration): Nucl.Phys. A661 (1999) 341-344











(STAR Collaboration) Phys. Rev. Lett. 86 (2001) 402













Ş	Mass ordering at low p_{T}
Ş	Good description by blast-wave parametrisation







- Mass ordering at low p_{T}
- Good description by blast-wave parametrisation
- Agreement with (ideal) hydrodynamical calculations







- Good description by blast-wave parametrisation
- Agreement with (ideal) hydrodynamical calculations
- Apparent NCQ scaling at intermediate p_{T}



The "perfect liquid" at RHIC









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RHIC Scientists Serve Up "Perfect" Liquid

New state of matter more remarkable than predicted -- raising many new questions

Monday, April 18, 2005

TAMPA, FL -- The four detector groups conducting research at the <u>Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider</u> (RHIC) -- a giant atom "smasher" located at the U.S. Department of Energy's Brookhaven National Laboratory -- say they've created a new state of hot, dense matter out of the quarks and gluons that are the basic particles of atomic nuclei, but it is a state quite different and even more remarkable than had been predicted. In <u>peer-reviewed papers</u> summarizing the first three years of RHIC findings, the scientists say that instead of behaving like a gas of free quarks and gluons, as was expected, the matter created in RHIC's heavy ion collisions appears to be more like a *liquid*. First Indirect Evidence of So-Far

Other RHIC News

Undetected Strange Baryons RHIC Featured in 'How The Universe

Works' on the Science Channel

A New Look for RHIC & Sharper View of QCD: Looking Back at the 2014 RHIC-AGS Users' Meeting

RHIC Run 14: A Flawless 'Run of Firsts'



The "perfect liquid" at RHIC and LHC

He

-1.0

0.08

0.06

0.04

0.02

0

-0.08

1

▼

Meson

-0.5

10

RHIC

0.0

 $(T-T_0)/T_0$

₽

 10^{2}



OGP

• ALICE

☆ STAR

PHOBOS

□ PHENIX

NA49

+ E877

★ EOS

▲ E895

FOPI

 10^{3}

 $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)

O CERES

1.0

0.5





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Undetected Strange Baryons

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A New Look for RHIC & Sharper View of QCD: Looking Back at the 2014 RHIC-AGS Users' Meeting

RHIC Run 14: A Flawless 'Run of Firsts'

 10^{4}



The sQGP paradigm















- Mass ordering observed at low p_T at RHIC energies
 - ★ expected by hydrodynamic calculations







B. Abelev et al. (ALICE Collaboration), JHEP 06 (2015) 190



Low p_T ($p_T < 3 \text{ GeV}/c$): mass ordering \rightarrow elliptic/radial flow interplay









- Radial flow pushes particles to higher $p_T \rightarrow$ depletion at lower p_T
 - ★ heavier particles "feel" more the boost → the higher the mass the larger the low p_T depletion









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Toy model



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B. Abelev et al. (ALICE Collaboration), Phys. Rev. C88, (2013) 044910



- Radial flow pushes particles to higher $p_T \rightarrow$ depletion at lower p_T
 - ★ heavier particles "feel" more the boost → the higher the mass the larger the low p_T depletion

Qualitative similar to experimental observations







- Larger "push" in-plane than outof-plane as a function of mass
 - ★ larger low-p_T depletion inplane than out-of-plane → lower v₂ in a mass dependent way



$$v_2 \sim \frac{N_{in-plane} - N_{out-of-plane}}{N_{in-plane} + N_{out-of-plane}}$$





Azimuthally asymmetric system



- Larger "push" in-plane than outof-plane as a function of mass
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Toy model

Heavy particles have lower v_2 at a fixed p_T than light particles







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B. Abelev et al. (ALICE Collaboration), JHEP 06 (2015) 190



At low p_T ($p_T < 3$ GeV/c): mass ordering \rightarrow elliptic/radial flow interplay

★ First bins could hint to a different ordering? Still inconclusive...

L. Adamczyk et al. (STAR Collaboration), Phys. Rev. Lett. 116, (2016) 062301

Mass ordering preserved at RHIC?

Probably also for cascades!!!

T. Hirano *et al*., Phys.Rev. C77 (2008) 044909

FIG. 9: (Color online) Transverse momentum dependence of the elliptic flow parameters for pions (dotted blue), protons (dashed green), and ϕ mesons (solid red), for Au+Au collisions at b = 7.2 fm. (a) Before hadronic rescattering. (b) After hadronic rescattering. (c) Ideal hydrodynamics with $T_{\rm th} = 100$ MeV. The results for pions and protons are the same as shown in Fig. 5.

(b)

(d)

Mass ordering not preserved!!!

Particles with large hadronic x-section are "pushed" to higher p_T (e.g. p)

Particles with small hadronic x-section are affected less (e.g. φ , Ξ)

Mass ordering preserved

n

A. Adare et al. (PHENIX Collaboration), Phys.Rev. C93 (2016) 051902

Mass ordering at low p_T observed also for higher harmonics at RHIC

Higher harmonics @ LHC

B. Abelev et al. (ALICE Collaboration), JHEP 09 (2016) 164

B. Abelev et al. (ALICE Collaboration), JHEP 09 (2016) 164

Same features for different v_n (up to v_5 !) even for ultra-central collisions

- Number of constituent quark (NCQ) scaling holding with good accuracy at RHIC
 - quarks coalesce forming hadrons?
 - NCQ scaling was considered as "evidence" of partonic degrees of freedom

J. Adams *et al.*, (STAR Collaboration), Nucl.Phys. **A757** (2005) 102 K. Adcox *et al.*, (PHENIX Collaboration), Nucl. Phys. **A757**, (2005) 184




A. Adare et al. (PHENIX Collaboration), Phys. Rev. C85, (2012) 064914







A. Adare et al. (PHENIX Collaboration), Phys. Rev. C85, (2012) 064914



Deviations for $p_T/n_q > 1$ GeV/c depend on centrality



NCQ scaling @ RHIC



L. Adamczyk et al. (STAR Collaboration), Phys.Rev.Lett. 116 (2016) 062301



Scaling seems to hold at an approximate level of 10-15% Good enough???



Scaling properties @ LHC





Intermediate p_T (3 < p_T < 6 GeV/c): ~grouping based on type (mesons/baryons)







ALI-PUB-82622

Qualitative similar deviations between LHC and RHIC, but the trend is different for different particle species

A. Adare et al., [PHENIX Collaboration], Phys. Rev. C85, (2012) 064914













ALI-PUB-85251







- Intermediate p_T (3 < p_T < 6 GeV/*c*) the ϕ -meson follows
 - \star the meson band for peripheral events







Intermediate p_T (3 < p_T < 6 GeV/c) the φ -meson follows

- \star the meson band for peripheral events
- \star the baryon band for central events





Mass effect also at the intermediate p_T range! Challenges the coalescence picture???



Intermediate p_T (3 < p_T < 6 GeV/*c*) the φ -meson follows

- \star the meson band for peripheral events
- \star the baryon band for central events



Scaling of higher harmonics @ LHC



B. Abelev et al. (ALICE Collaboration), JHEP 09 (2016) 164

















- Probing the path length dependence
 - particles flying in- (out-of)plane have to travel through less (more) medium
 - ★ expect to see an azimuthal dependence of jets and high p_{\top} particles





High p_T pions, kaons, protons @ LHC: v_2





NIKHEF High *p*_T pions, kaons, protons @ LHC: nuclear modification factor



B. Abelev et al. (ALICE Collaboration), PLB 736 (2014) 196





- Large suppression of high p_{T} particles
- Suppression does not depend on particle species for $p_T > 10 \text{ GeV}/c$





Ηράκλειτος (Heraclitus) ~535 - 475 BC









Ηράκλειτος (Heraclitus) ~535 - 475 BC





Not only in A-A it seems but also for smaller systems!





(CMS Collaboration) arXiv:1606.06198 [nucl-ex]



Ηράκλειτος (Heraclitus) ~535 - 475 BC



Not only in A-A it seems but also for smaller systems!































More to come...



EoS











Personal wish-list: Connection to a much bigger picture









Backup



































Looking at the details...: central events





- Systematic deviations for the majority of particle species (with the exception of K)
- Proton v₂ underestimated (i.e. extra push expected in hydro) but Λ v₂ overestimated (i.e. less push expected in hydro)
- Mass ordering not preserved in VISHNU due to the hadronic cascade
 - not supported by ALICE data







H. Song et al., arXiv:1311.0157 [nucl-th]



VISH2+1: comparison to spectra









Elliptic flow







Elliptic flow












Superposition of independent pp collisions



















Development as a bulk system



high density and pressure at the center of the fireball









Asymmetric pressure gradients (larger in-plane than out-ofplane) push bulk out → flow



high density and pressure at the center of the fireball

 $\varepsilon = \frac{\langle y^2 - x^2 \rangle}{\langle y^2 + x^2 \rangle}$









More and faster particles inplane than out-of-plane



high density and pressure at the center of the fireball

 $\varepsilon = \frac{\langle y^2 - x^2 \rangle}{\langle y^2 + x^2 \rangle}$





Superposition of independent pp collisions









Superposition of independent pp collisions









Superposition of independent pp collisions



N -0 π/4 π/2 3π/4 π $φ-Ψ_2 (rad)$

Ν 0 π/4 π/2 3π/4 π φ-Ψ₂ (rad)

Development as a bulk system







Π

Π







0

π/4

$$v_2(p_T,\eta) = \langle cos[2(\varphi - \Psi_2)] \rangle$$

π/2

3π/4

 $\pmb{\varphi} \textbf{-} \Psi_2 \, (\text{rad})$















Searching for the critical point









L. Adamczyk et al. (STAR Collaboration), Phys. Rev. C88, (2013) 014902



Similar mass ordering at low p_T as the one reported for higher energies

 $\frac{1}{2}$ The ϕ seems to deviate from the ordering at lower energies



BES: v₂ of particles



L. Adamczyk et al. (STAR Collaboration), Phys. Rev. C88, (2013) 014902



- Similar mass ordering at low p_T as the one reported for higher energies
- Spread of $v_2(p_T)$ narrows with energy (not for antiparticles!)



BES: v₂ difference between particles and antiparticles



L. Adamczyk et al. (STAR Collaboration), Phys. Rev. C88, (2013) 014902



- Particle composition, baryon stopping change with energy
 - Is the difference a "trivial" effect or does it signal the transition to hadronic degrees of freedom?
- Models that couple hydro to baryon stopping seem to be getting similar differences with energy
- Situation is still quite unclear \rightarrow need for further input from theorists



BES: Baryon/meson grouping (particles)







BES: Baryon/meson grouping (antiparticles)



