Precision QCD and electroweak physics at the LheC

LHeC workshop 2009, 3 Sep 2009, Divonne Les Bains

Olaf Behnke, Claire Gwenlan, Paolo Gambino, Thomas Gehrmann

Need for LHeC

27.5 GeV x 920 GeV ep HERA

with integrated L~0.5 fb⁻¹ was a

- high precision machine for QCD
- > modest precision machine for electroweak physics

Where could we go with a 20-150 GeV x 7 TeV ep LHeC with integrated L~1-10 fb⁻¹?

Precision QCD & electroweak physics at LHeC

Observables: Targets: Talks:

Incl. NC and CC u_v, d_v, Sea, gluon Max Klein

Elweak: a₁₁, v₁₁, a_d, v_d, M_w Claire Gwenlan, Paolo Gambino

O.B.

Soumitra Nandi

Effect of LHeC pdfs on LHC Higgs Alessandro Vicini

 α_{s} Thomas Kluge

Jet production gluon; γ structure, α, Joerg Behr, Claudia Glasman

Charm production gluon, intrinsic charm Goekhan Uenel

Beauty production effective b density in p

 $sW \rightarrow c$ strange density in p

bW ->t Single top production

Theory development: SHERA Programme (e.g. bW->t) Stefan Hoeche

+ other final state topics not yet covered, e.g. prompt photons

Simulated Default Scenarios, April 2009

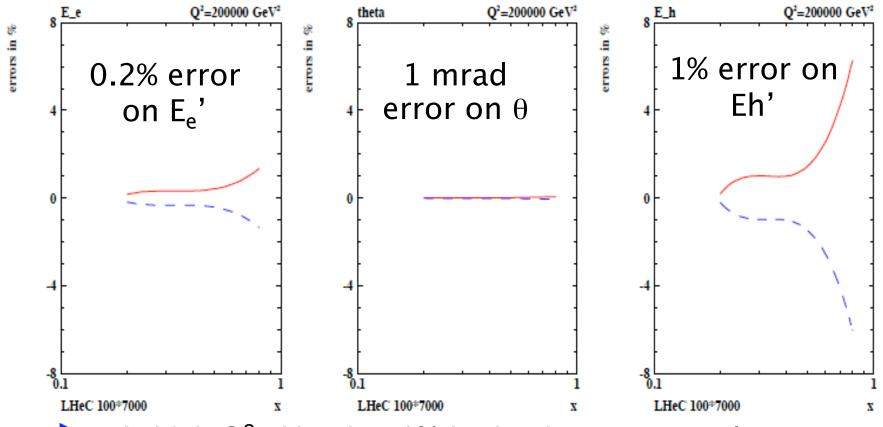
http://hep.ph.liv.ac.uk/~mklein/simdis09/Ihecsim.Dmp.CC, readfirst

Max Klein, LHeC

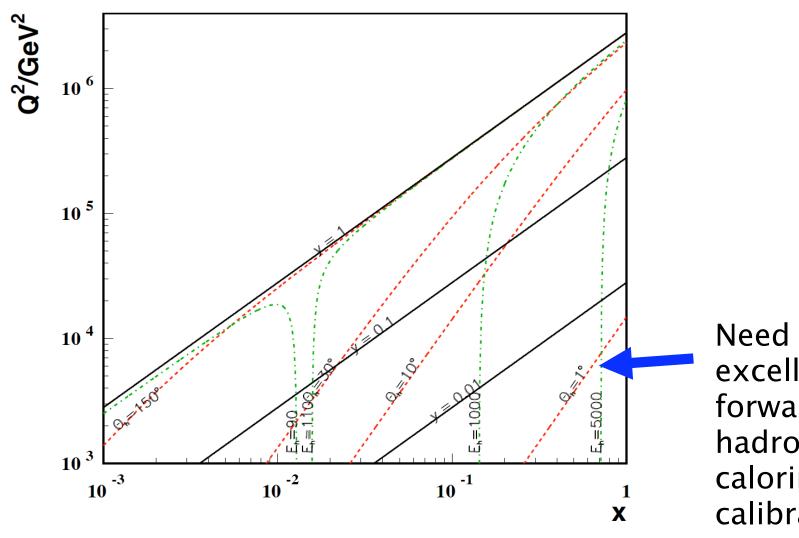
| config. | E(e) | E(N) | N | $\int L(e^+)$ | ∫L(e) | Pol | L/10 ³²] | P/MW | yea | rs type |
|---------|------|------|----|---------------|--------|-----|----------------------|------|-----|---------------------|
| A | 20 | 7 | p | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 10 | 1 | SPL |
| В | 50 | 7 | p | 50 | 50 | 0.4 | 25 | 30 | 2 | RR hiQ ² |
| C | 50 | 7 | p | 1 | 1 | 0.4 | 1 | 30 | 1 | RR lo x |
| D | 100 | 7 | p | 5 | 10 | 0.9 | 2.5 | 40 | 2 | LR |
| E | 150 | 7 | p | 3 | 6 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 40 | 2 | LR |
| F | 50 | 3.5 | D | 1 | 1 | | 0.5 | 30 | 1 | eD |
| G | 50 | 2.7 | Pb | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 30 | 1 | ePb |
| Н | 50 | 1 | p | | 1 | | 25 | 5 30 | 1 | lowEp |



Systematic error calculation for inclusive NC & CC pseudodata: assumed uncertainties and effects on xsecs

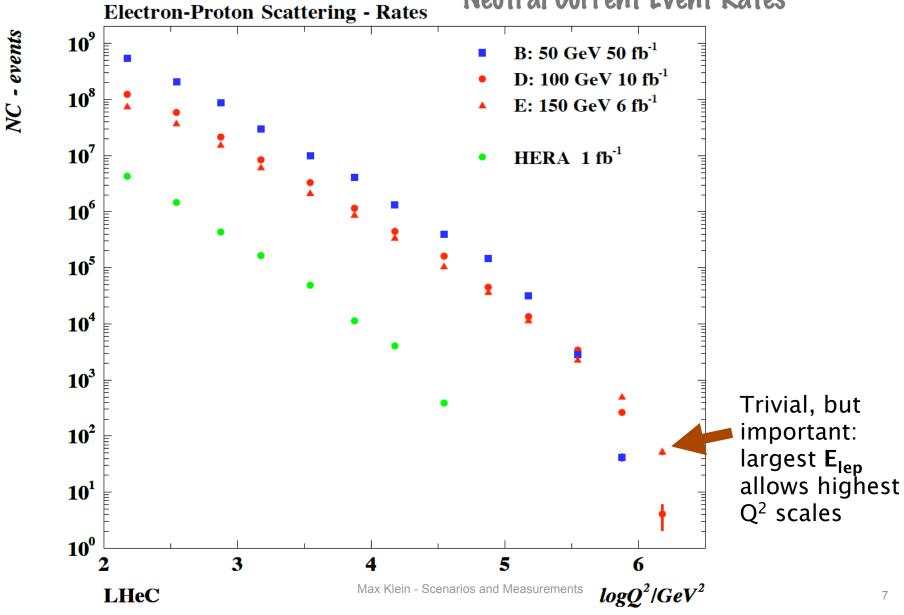


At high Q²: Need <=1% hadronic energy scale uncertainty at very large E_h

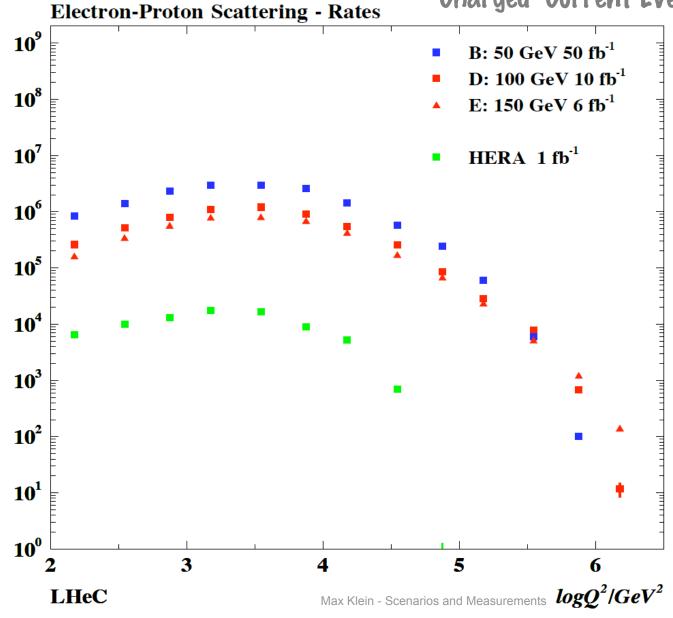


Need excellent forward hadron calorimetry & calibration

Neutral Current Event Rates



Charged Current Event Rates



CC - events

LHeC: expect ~ two orders of magnitude **more events** + better coverage for x>0.5

NLO QCD and electroweak fit

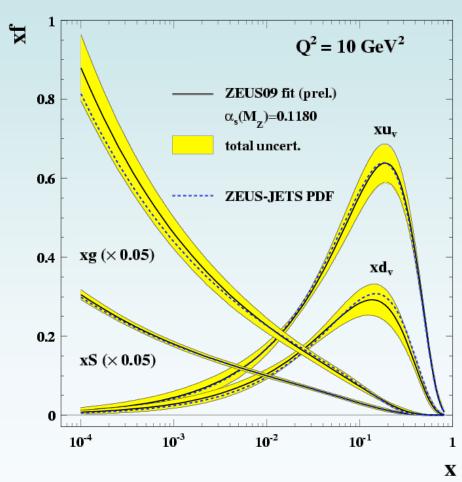
Claire Gwenlan

Study presented here is based on new **ZEUS NLO QCD** fit to HERA-I and HERA-II data

LHeC NC/CC simulated data added to this in a **combined fit** for the PDFs and electroweak parameters

Making use of Max pseudodata

ZEUS09 fit (c.f. central values of HERA-I fit)



Proton PDFs

Claire Gwenlan

 $Q^2 = 100 \text{ GeV}^2$

scenario D

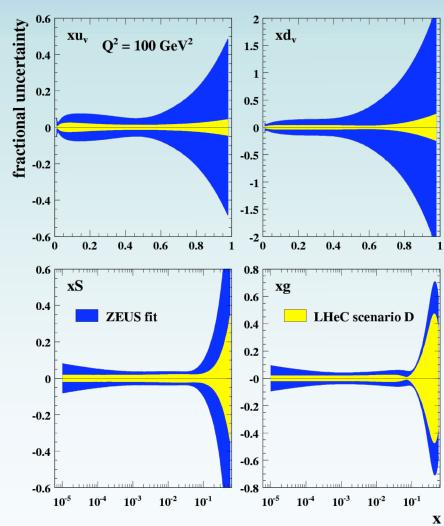
» only PDF parameters free (LHeC NC and CC e[±]p included)

Looks very promising, model and parameterisation uncertainties to be studied



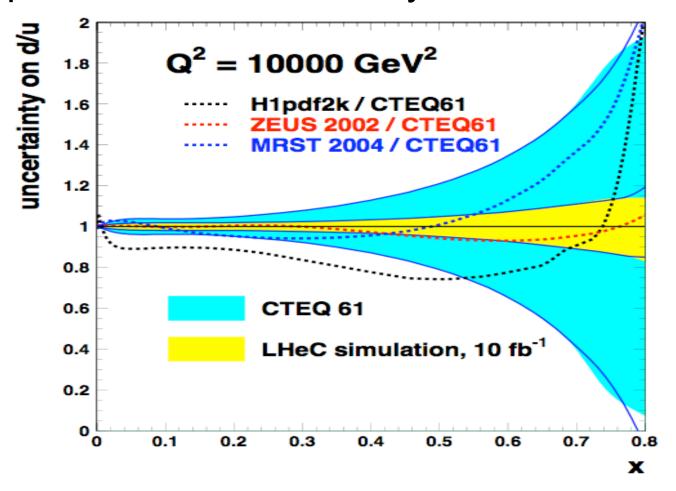






PDF fits to expected LHeC data

previous assessment by Emmanuelle Perez



Example: u/d ratio

In general reasonable agreement between Claire's & Emmanuelle's PDF fits

Claire Gwenlan

electroweak parameters

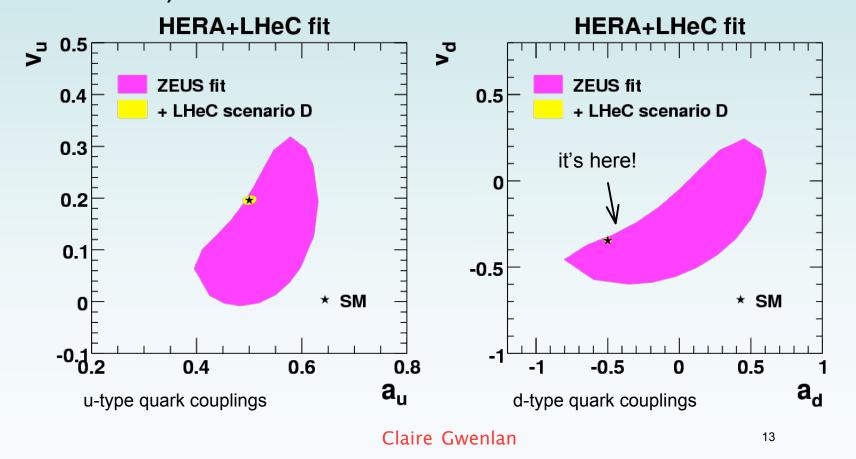
- » fit with PDF and electroweak parameters simultaneously free
- neutral current axial and vector quark couplings (a_u, v_u, a_d, v_d)
- mass of the W boson

neutral current quark couplings

scenario D:

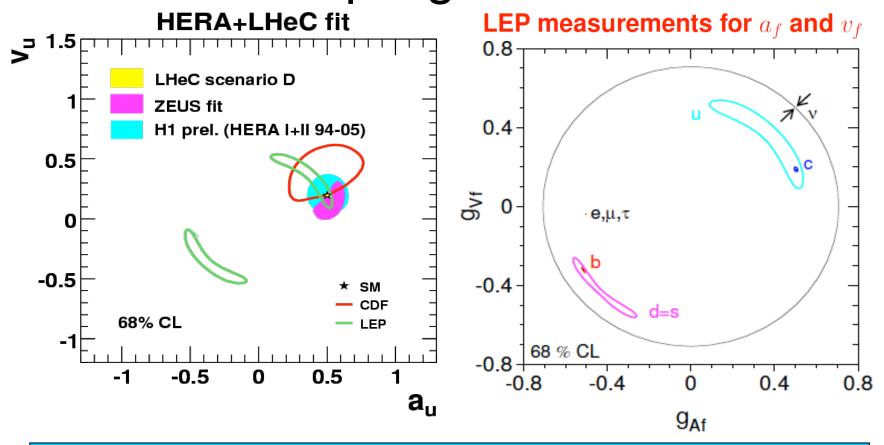
$$P_{\rm e} = \pm 0.9$$

comparison with **ZEUS fit** (base to which LHeC pseudodata added)



Fermion couplings to Z boson

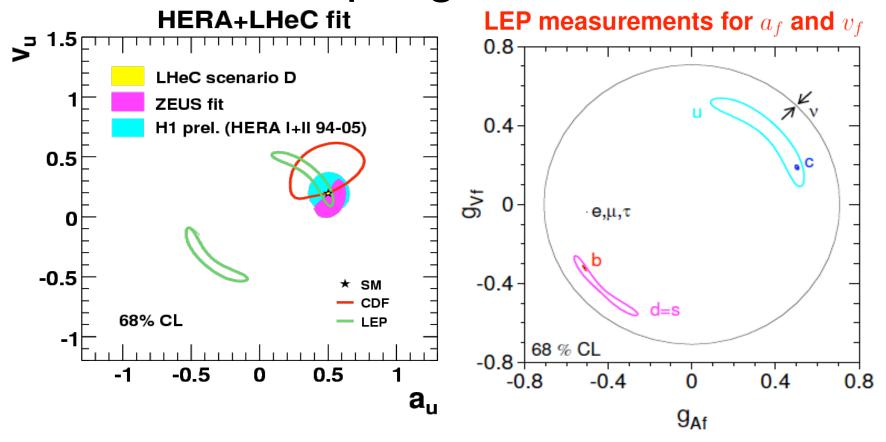
Soumitra Nandi.



LHeC (and HERA) especially sensitive to u and d couplings: expect deviations from SM for these couplings e.g in Leptophobic Z' models

Fermion couplings to Z boson

Soumitra Nandi.



General suggestion (Paolo Gambino) for LHeC electroweak studies: Try fit with $\sin^2(\theta_w)$ as only free parameter; determination as function of hard scale also interesting

W boson mass

M_W enters the fit through the **propagator** in the CC cross sections:

$$\frac{G_{F}^{2}M_{W}^{4}}{(Q^{2}+M_{W}^{2})^{2}}$$

→ also performed fit including LHeC CC, with M_w free, together with the PDFs (NC quark couplings fixed to SM)

 $M_W (= 80.4 SM)$

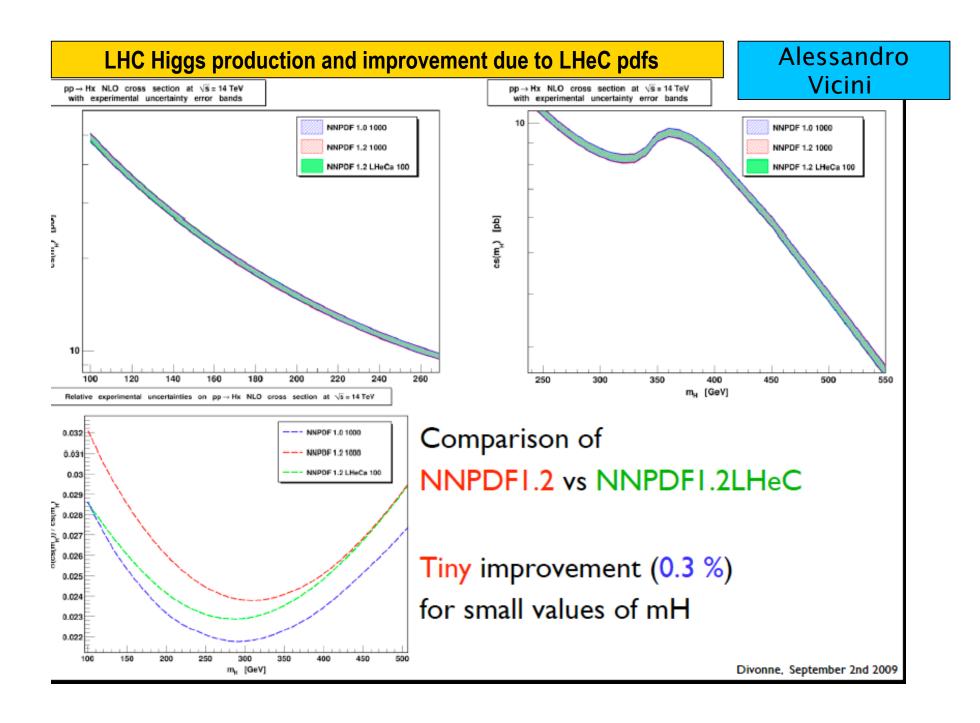
Scenario D

$$M_W = 80.40 \pm 0.04$$
 (uncorr.) ± 0.15 (corr.) GeV (total exp. 0.2%)

Improved (wrt HERA) but not competitive

(although still interesting as a cross-check; space-like regime)

current world average (PDG 2008): $M_W = 80.398 \pm 0.025 \text{ GeV}$ (0.03% total)



Conclusions



- Tiny sensitivity of the inclusive gluon-fusion Higgs cross-section to the LHeC pdfs improvement in the small-x region
- → the inclusion of all the LHeC pseudo-data (DIS-jets, F2c) reducing the uncertainty of the gluon density for medium-large x might lead to a more significant reduction of the cross-section uncertainty
- Lepton distributions in the charged-current Drell-Yan are sensitive to a larger range of x values
- → they might benefit of the small-x LHeC improvement because of the important role of the sea quarks

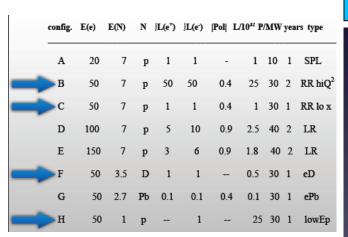
To do:

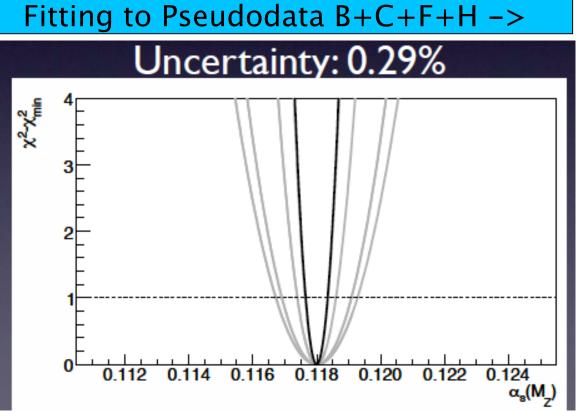
- Include all the available LHeC pseudodata to repeat in a more complete form this exercise
- Study more exclusive Higgs distributions and/or include Higgs decay products
- Repeat the Drell-Yan analyses including QCD corrections consider e.g. the impact on the W mass measurement
- Repeat the analyses when NNPDF2.0 will become available

Thomas Kluge

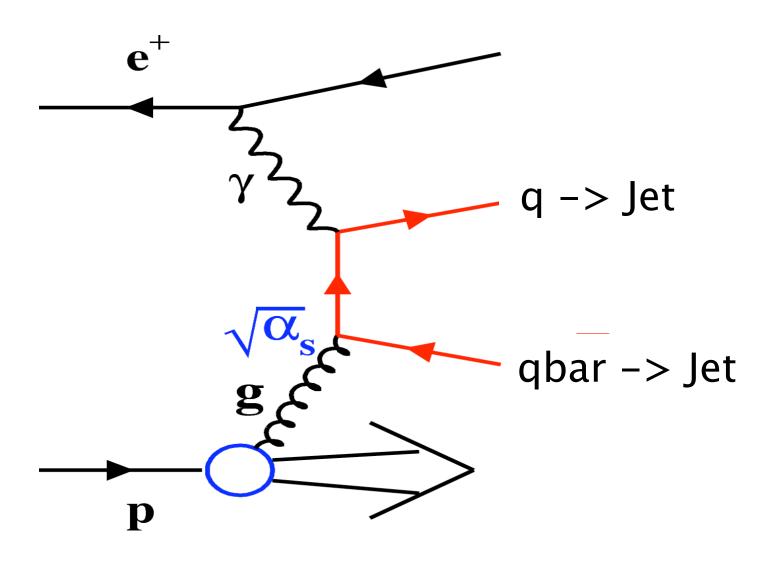
α_s from inclusive NC+CC

Sensitivity mainly from scaling violations of F2

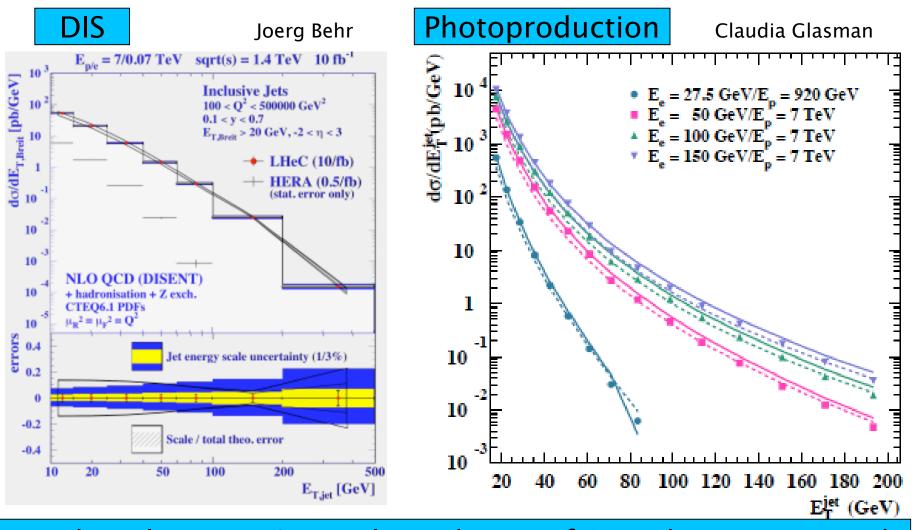




$O(\alpha_s)$ processes

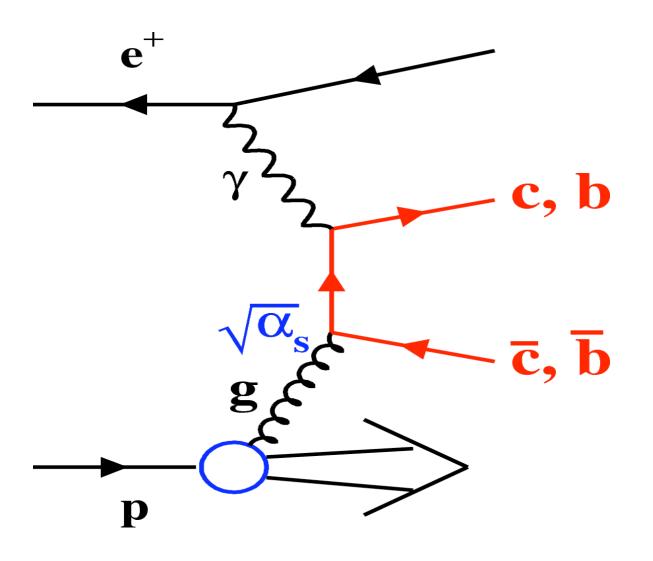


Jet production



Reach scales up to 2m_t where change of $1/\alpha_s$ slope is expected

$O(\alpha_s)$ processes



Charm eg-> ecc vs γ g->cc

Gökhan Ünel

• Comphep 4.5.1/ Calchep 2.5.4

x(g) with Heavy Flavours in ep & xp collisions at LHeC

x(g) cc reach

PDF=CTEQ 6L1 mc=1.65GeV → eg->ecc γg->c<u>c</u> ~x700 gain in σ for the χ mode qq (m) do/d (nb) 450 450 HERA 30e 920p HERA 30γ 920p LHeC 50e 7000p -HeC 50γ 7000p 400 LHeC 150e 7000p LHeC 150γ 7000p 350 350 300 300 250 250 200 200 150 150 100 100 50 50 -2 -1

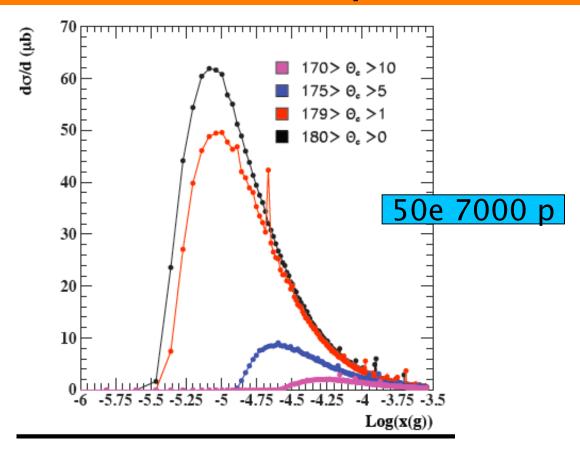
Log(x(g))

Cross sections much higher for photon proton collider

Log(x(g))

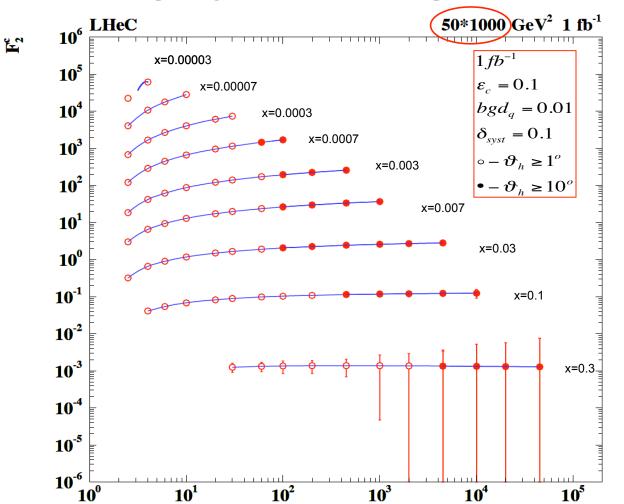
Charm γp cross sections vs detector acceptance

Gökhan Ünel



Detector polar angular coverage from 10-1790 highly desirable

Charm in DIS



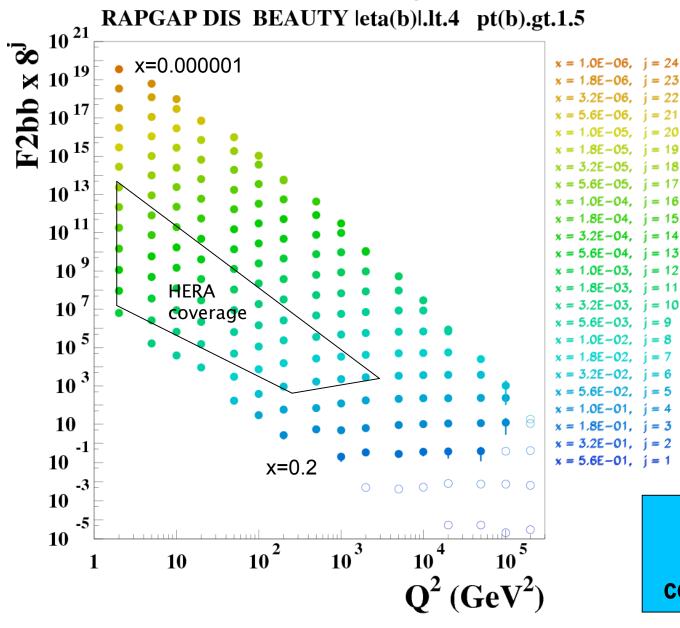
Max Klein

Charm at at large x will be an interesting challenge

 ε_c =0.1, bgd_q=0.01

Q²/GeV²

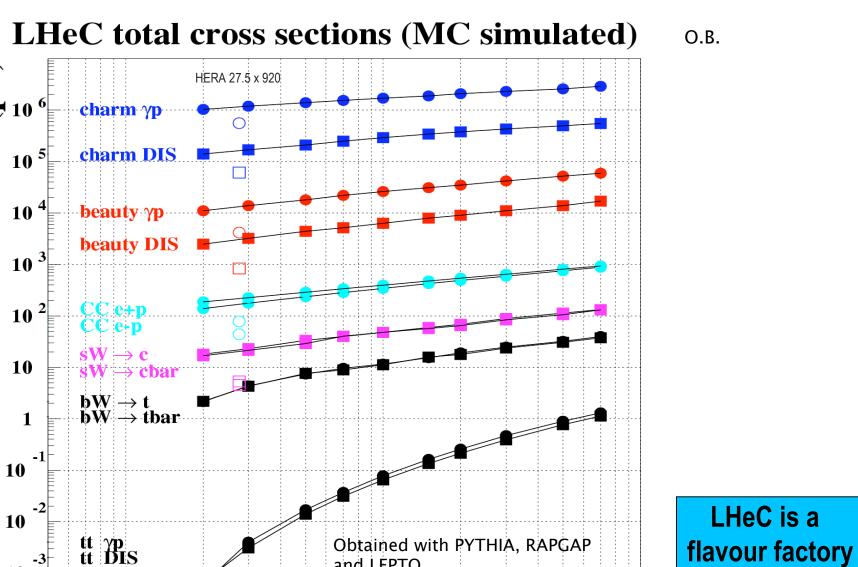
LHeC 7000x100, 10 fb⁻¹, b-tageff. 0.1



Beauty in DIS

O.B.

Largely extended phasespace compared to HERA



and LEPTO

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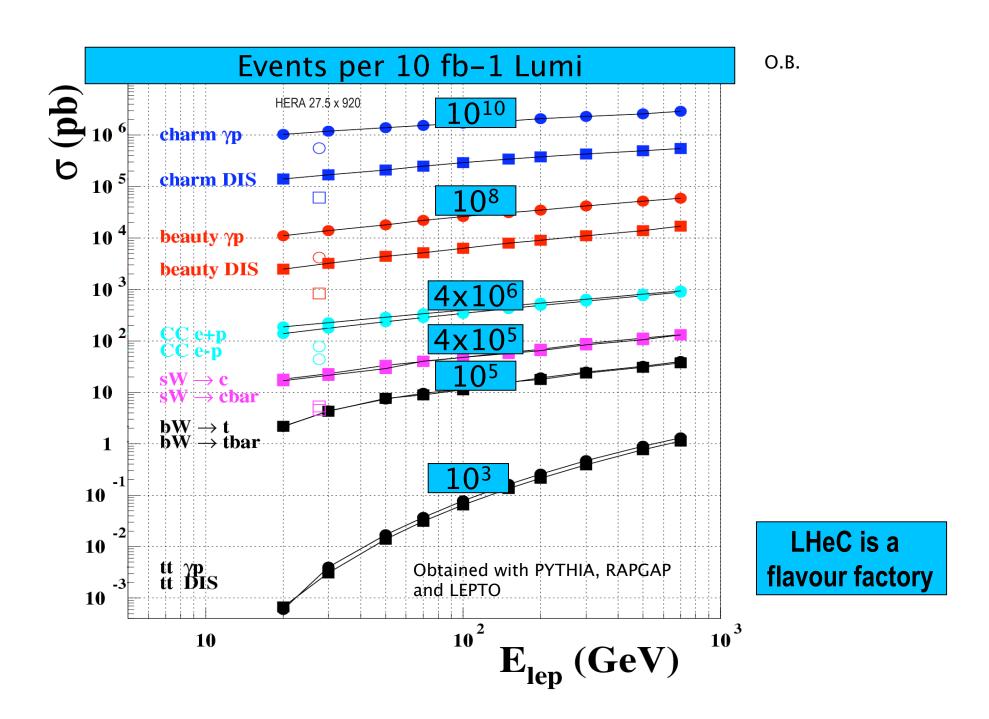
 E_{lep} (GeV)

10

10

flavour factory

10³



Stefan Hoeche

SHERPA

Sherpa's event generation framework JHEP02(2009)007

Things that are currently in the box (v1.2.0)

- Two multi-purpose Matrix Element (ME) generators AMEGIC++ JHEP02(2002)044 and Comix JHEP12(2008)039
- A standard Parton Shower (PS)
 APACIC++ CPC174(2006)876 and the
 dipole-like PS CSS JHEP03(2008)038
- A multiple interaction simulation
 à la Pythia AMISIC++ hep-ph/0601012
- A cluster fragmentation module AHADIC
- ullet A hadron and au decay package HADRONS
- A photon radiation generator
 à la YFS PHOTONS JHEP12(2008)018

Sherpa's traditional strength is the perturbative part of the event

NLO real ME's consistently combined with PS à la JHEP05(2009)053

Summary

Things already done ...

- SHERPA including ME

 PS set up for DIS framework stable, promising first results
- HZTool steering included in SHERPA
 - \rightarrow "any" existing HZTool analysis can be dope

Things to be done ...

- More tests and validations forward jets, 4-jets, ...
- Resolved photons
- Multiparton events

Looking forward to meet the challenge!

Lets make use of it for LHeC predictions, e.g. for bW-> t

Summary

The LHeC has potential to completely unfold the partonic content of the proton: u,d, c,s, t,b for the first time and in an unprecedent kinematic range. This is based on inclusive NC, CC cross sections complemented by heavy quark identification.

Puzzles as u/d at large x or a strange-antistrange asymmetry will be solved.

Precision measurements are possible of xg (up to large x) and the beauty density which are of particular relevance for the LHC. The (almost) whole p structure which the LHC assumes to know will become accurately known.

Large x>0.1 programme necessiates excellent forward hadronic calorimetry and control of hadronic energy scale to <= 1 %.

First fits to LHeC pseudodata: demonstrate a high precision potential for electroweak physics, e.g. for the light quark couplings to the Z boson and for the W propagator mass, Should be continued, e.g. fits of $sin(\theta w)$

The working group made substantial progess on the way towards the conceptional design report; several new simulated predictions have been obtained for the agreed machine scenarios; try to complete the studies and add some (most important) missing pieces....

Backup slides

Proton PDFs

Claire Gwenlan

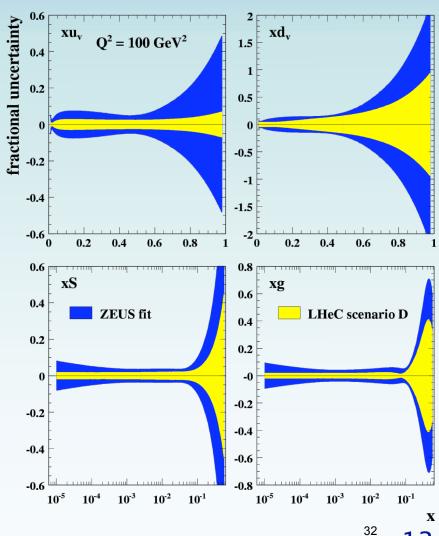
 $Q^2 = 100 \text{ GeV}^2$

scenario D

only PDF parameters free (LHeC NC e*p included)

PDF uncertainties:

NC e*p: direct constraints on quark densities; indirect on gluon via scaling violations



Proton PDFs

Claire Gwenlan

 $Q^2 = 100 \text{ GeV}^2$

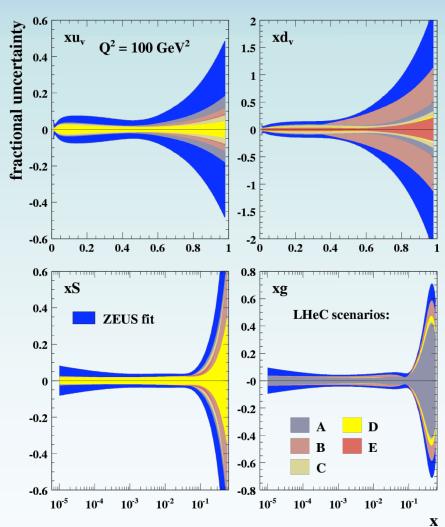
scenario D

» only PDF parameters free (LHeC NC and CC e^{*}p included)

scenarios: A, B, C, D and E

| | E _e (GeV) | Р | L (e-:e+) |
|---|----------------------|-----|-----------|
| А | 20 | 0 | 2 (1:1) |
| В | 50 | 0.4 | 200 (1:1) |
| С | 50 | 0.4 | 4 (1:1) |
| D | 100 | 0.9 | 30 (2:1) |
| E | 150 | 0.9 | 18 (2:1) |

(examples with several different Q² values are shown in backups)



^{*} acceptance for scenario B has been taken to be: $10 < \theta < 170^{\circ}$

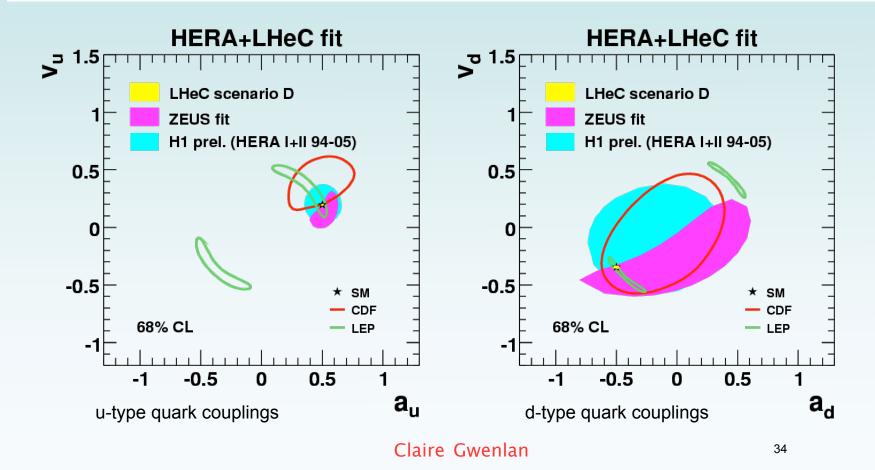
neutral current quark couplings

scenario D:

 $P_{e} = \pm 0.9$

comparison with other experiments

» still to come: HERA-II NC e⁺p data in ZEUS fit; H1+ZEUS combined HERA-II results



neutral current quark couplings

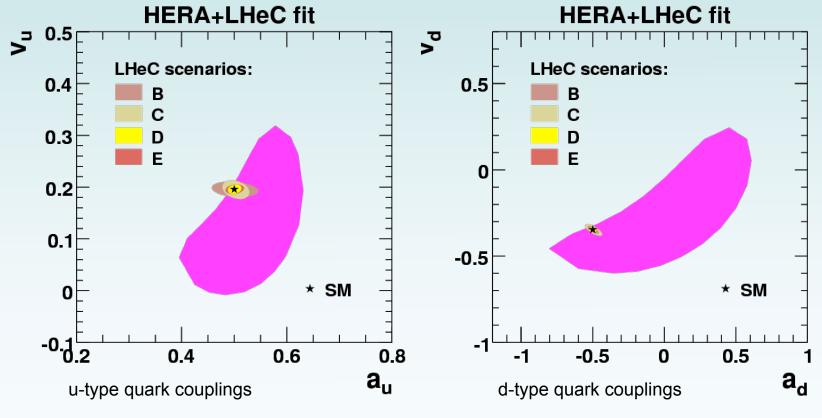
polarisations:

 $P_e = \pm 0.4 \, (B,C)$

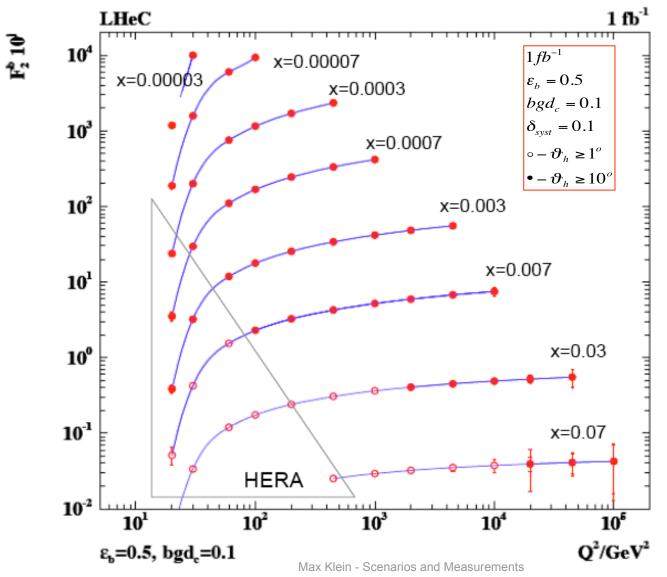
 $P_e = \pm 0.9 (D,E)$

other scenarios: **B**, **C**, **(D)** and **E** (versus ZEUS base fit)

→ factors of ×10-40 improvement (depending on exact coupling and scenario)



70 GeV x 7 TeV: F2bb in bins of x vs Q2 at the LHeC



M. Klein, A. Mehta