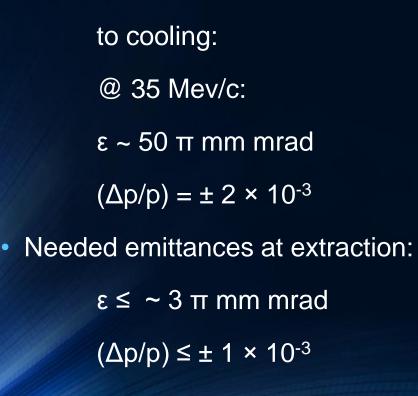
Status of the ELENA Electron Cooler

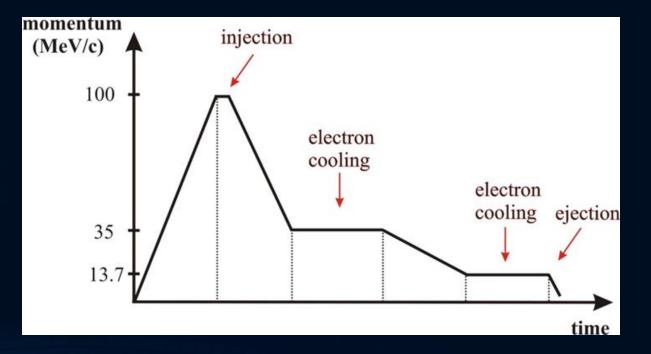
G. TRANQUILLE (ON BEHALF OF ALL THE TEAM)

Status of the ELENA electron cooler

- Cooler parameters
- Design
- Magnetic system
- Vacuum system
- Tentative installation schedule

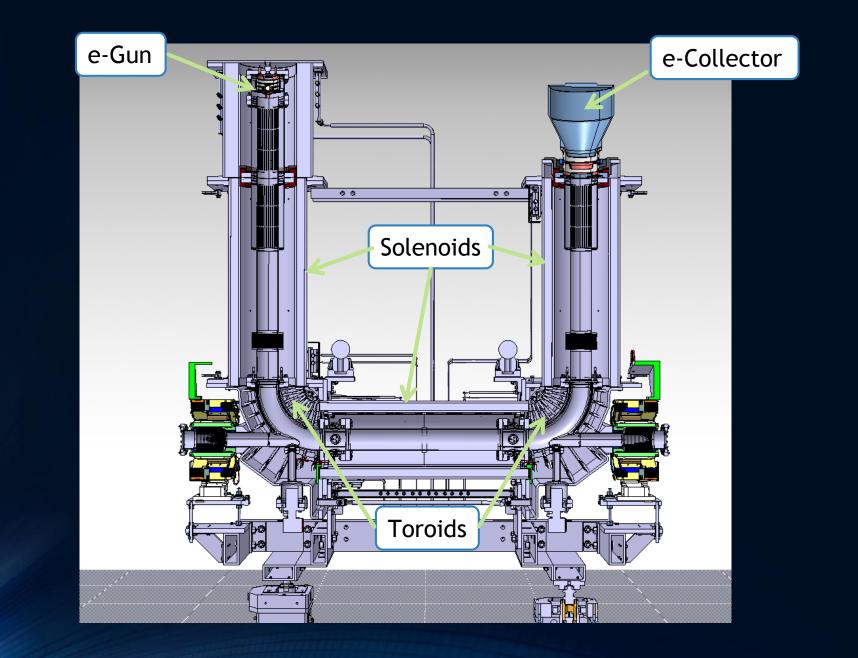
- Electron cooling essential in ELENA to counter emittance blow-up caused by the deceleration process.
- To prepare bunches with sufficiently low emittance for extraction to the experiments via the long electrostatic extraction lines.
- Cooling needed at 2 momenta: 35 MeV/c and 13.7 MeV/c.
- Expected emittances prior



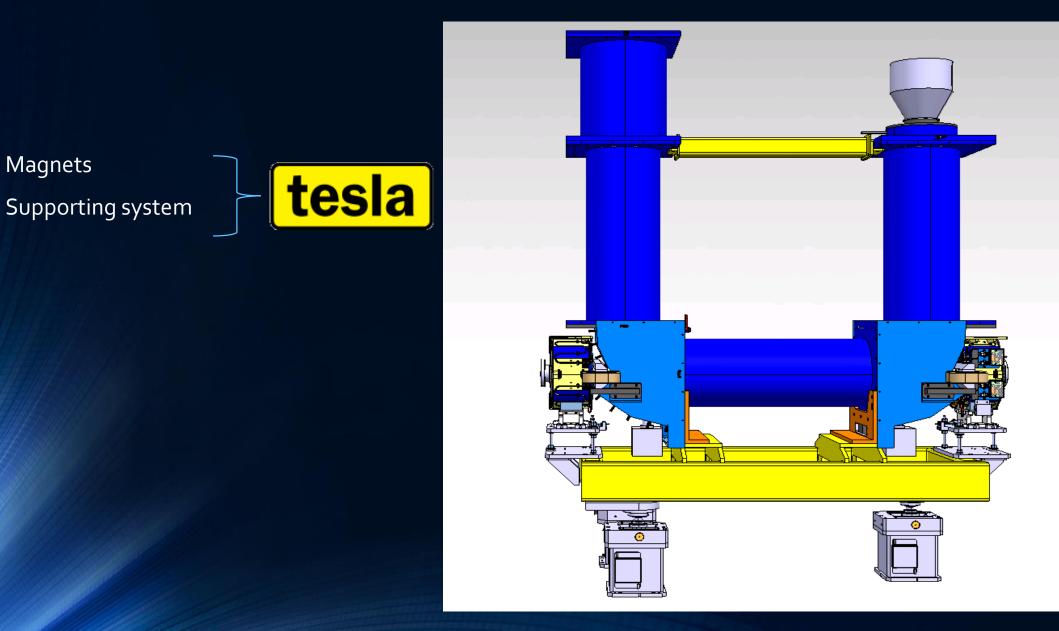


- Operate at very low electron energies (down to 55 eV).
- Operate at very low magnetic field to minimize disturbance to circulating low energy antiprotons – 100 Gauss in the cooler.
- Extremely good vacuum.
- Adiabatic expansion of electron beam to reduce transverse temperatures.
- Very good field quality especially in the cooler solenoid $(B_t/B_{\parallel} < 5 \times 10^{-4})$.
- Orbit correctors and solenoid compensators.

Momentum (MeV/c)	35	13.7	
β	0.037	0.015	
Electron beam energy (eV)	355	55	
Electron current (mA)	5	2	
Electron beam density (m ⁻³)	1.38 x 10 ¹²	1.41 x 10 ¹²	
B _{gun} (G)	1000		
B _{drift} (G)	100		
Expansion factor	10		
Cathode radius (mm)	8		
Electron beam radius (mm)	25		
Twiss parameters (m)	β _h =2.103, β _v =2.186, D=1.498		
Flange-to-flange length (mm)	2330	0	
Drift solenoid length (mm)	1000	0	



Concept overview of Magnets Elements



Magnetic system components

- Main cooler solenoid
- Gun solenoid
- Collector solenoid
- Expansion solenoid
- Squeeze coil at collector
- 2 x Toroid section consisting of 9 racetrack coils each
- Various corrector coils to ensure good field quality
- Orbit correctors
- Solenoid compensators





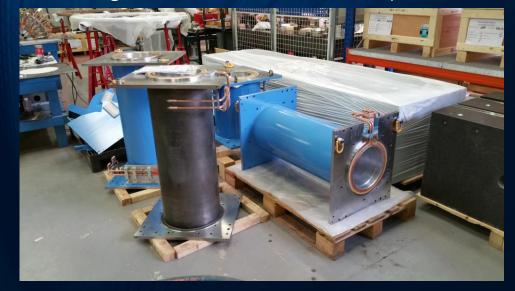
Standard solenoid on measurement bench



Toroid assembly



Shielding, standard solenoids and expansion solenoid

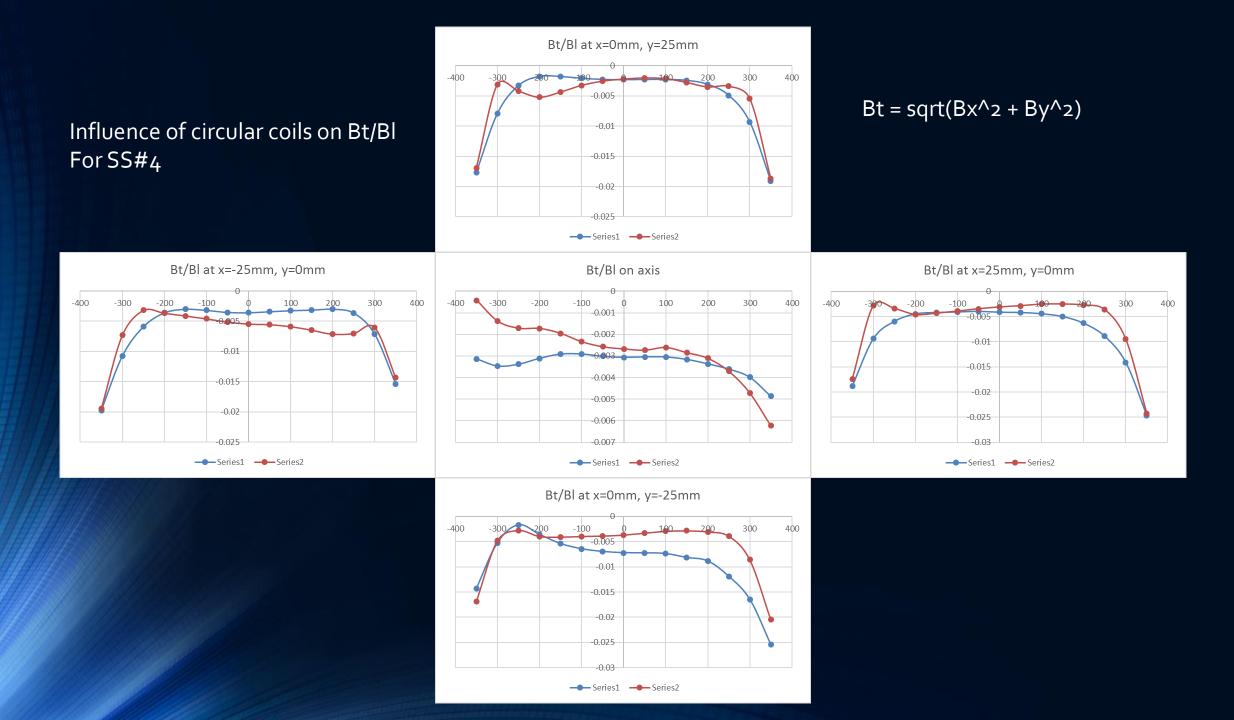


Magnetic measurement the ELENA Electron Cooler

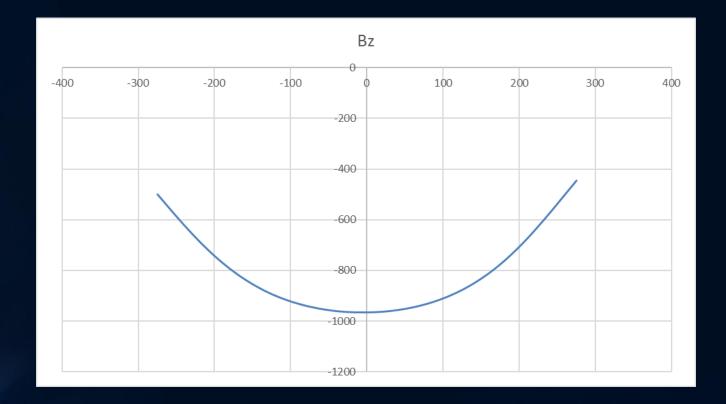
- Lakeshore Model 460 Gaussmeter with 3-axis HSE probe (1 mG resolution in range up to 300 G, accuracy of ±0.1%).
- Probe holder with mirror for precise alignment. Has 4 possible rotational positions with 3 mounting points (0, 10 and 25 mm).
- Counter balanced carbon fibre tube to hold probe holder.
- Probe carrier and tube driven and positioned with a CMM arm with ±0.5 mm accuracy.
- Precise probe alignment made with an autocollimator and spider fixtures.

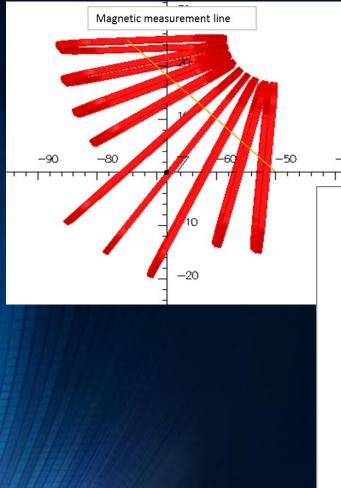


- Measure each standard solenoid to determine how to place the solenoids during assembly $(B_t/B \le 5 \times 10^{-3})$.
- Check the magnetic model proposed by TESLA Engineering (saddle coils, circular coils, fine-tune coils...).
- $B_t/B \le 5 \times 10^{-4}$ in the centre of the drift solenoid (50 mG).
- Field map of the electron cooler.

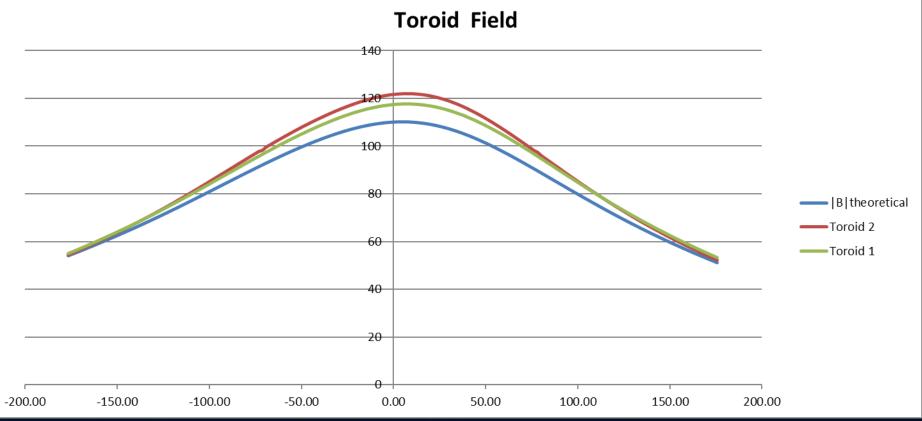


Expansion solenoid





Toroid



Where are we with the magnet measurements?

The green light to go ahead with the magnet construction was only given in June 2015

Three iterations needed before the measurement system was deemed to have the correct performance

All standard solenoids measured with circular coils powered Selection of "drift solenoid"

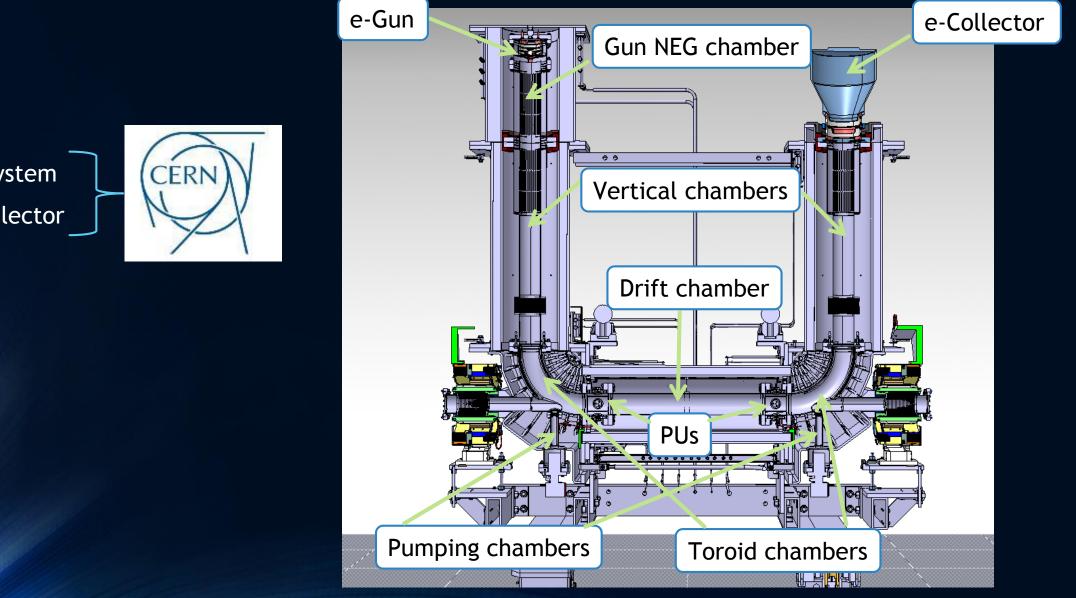
Expansion solenoid measured Has to be re-measured as the shielding end-plate was not in place

Toroids partially measured

Compact correctors measured at CERN High B2 component due to parallelism error – will be corrected

Mounting of the full assembly on-going

Vacuum Elements



Vacuum systemGun & Collector



Gun NEG chamber

Vertical chambers





Toroid chamber



Drift chamber



Pumping chambers

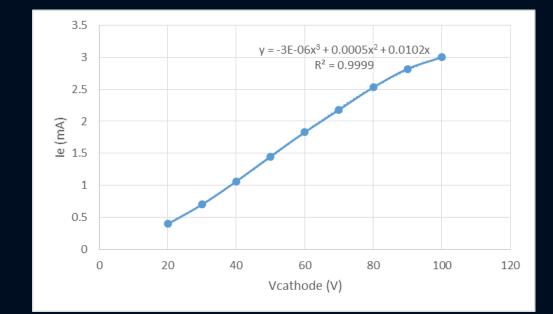


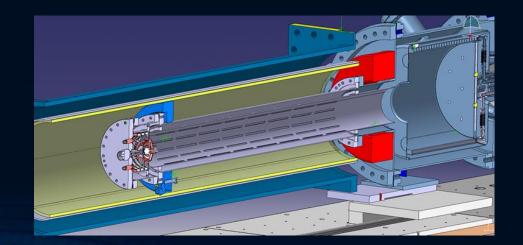
Collector

The electron gun









element	NEG	VSC	
Electron gun	n/a	X	Undergoing test on the ecool test stand
Collector	n/a	\checkmark	Ready
Gun NEG chamber	strips	X	Final acceptance test in March
Vertical chambers	strips	X	Final acceptance test in March
Toroid chambers	X	X	Electrodes to be mounted after NEG coating
+ electrodes	\checkmark	X	Final acceptance test in March
Drift chambers	\checkmark	X	Final acceptance test in March
Pumping chambers	\checkmark	X	Final acceptance test in March
PU	X	X	Mounting and electrical tests still to be done



Tentative schedule

IF ALL GOES WELL

finish all magnetic measurements – end February dismount and ship magnet system and frame to CERN – end March

all vacuum activities can only start after week 10 NEG coat toroid chambers mount electrodes in toroid chambers Pus mounted and tested final vacuum acceptance tests (complete assembly or individual elements?)

At the earliest we will be in a situation to start mounting the cooler in May

- 2 weeks for the assembly
- move into the ring and connect
- bake-out
- connections (wic, water & electrical) tests

1 month

QUESTIONS/COMMENTS?

Influence of transverse temperature on the cooling (BETACOOL)

웶 ECOOL Friction force	$ \Box$ \times	Beam Evolution — — X Beam Evolution Beam Evolution	- 🗆 X
Model Non-magnetized Magnetized Parkhomch	uk Erlangen Electron array	Emittance Momentum Number Bunch Luminosity Beam-beam 3D Diagram Emittance Momentum Number Bunch Luminosity I	Beam-beam 3D Diagram
1 - 1 - 1		0.4423	0.8767
Friction force model Magnetized	•	0.284	0.5673
Electron beam quality <u>Transverse</u> C <u>Emittance</u> 1.748630778E-6	Longitudinal 0.003019255562	Ev [pimm mrad] Ey [pimm mrad] Ey [pimm mrad]	
Temperature [eV] 0.01	0.001		
C Rms velocity [m/s] 41938.10552	13261.99342	0 2 4 6 8 0 2 4 Reference time [sec]	6 8
64			
웶 ECOOL Friction force	$ \Box$ \times	🗯 Beam Evolution — 🗆 🗙 🔛 Beam Evolution	– 🗆 X
Model Non-magnetized Magnetized Parkhomch		Learning Beam Evolution Emiltance Momentum Number Bunch Luminosity Beam-beam 3D Diagram	