

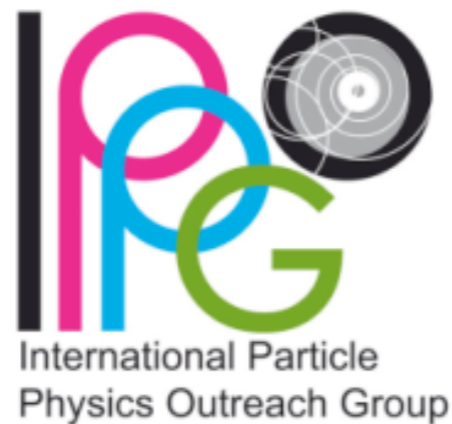
IPPOG International Masterclasses

Katharine Loney
18th April 2017

What is IPPOG?

IPPOG: International Particle Physics Outreach Group

- Network of scientists, educators and communicators.
- Purpose is to raise standards of public outreach and science education efforts.
- Contribute to global efforts in:
 - ▶ Strengthening cultural awareness.
 - ▶ Understanding and support of particle physics and related sciences.
 - ▶ Inspiring the next generation of researchers.



- Organise and support the International Masterclasses programme.
- Are a source of resources for all particle physics outreach.

IPPOG Resources

<http://ippog.org/resources>

Resources

Activities
Programs & Events
Media
Professional Development & Coaching
Exhibits
Souvenir / Novelty Item

FAQs

Welcome !

What is this?
Who is this for?
How to upload your resource?

Want to share items, leave comments and rate stuff too? [Learn more](#) about joining the collection's user group.

Learning Topics

- ▶ Physics
- ▶ Technology
- ▶ International Collaboration
- ▶ Broader Impacts

Search by

Learning Topic
- Any -

Audience
- Any -

Item Type
- Any -

Availability
- Any -

Duration
- Any -

Language
- Any -

Key Words

GO

Resources in your language

Arabic	Catalan	Chinese
Czech	Danish	Dutch
English	Finnish	French
German	Greek	Hungarian
Italian	Japanese	Norwegian
Polish	Portuguese	Romanian
Russian	Serbian	Slovak
Slovenian	Spanish	Swedish
Turkish		

Filter by audience

6 to 9 years
9 to 12 years
12 to 15 years
15 to 18 years
18 to 25 years
25 years+

Science Educator / Science Explainer

Which particle is the mediator of the strong force?

STOP

1

A. Neutralino B. Z boson
C. Gluon D. Quark

Classroom Activity

Quiz for IMC17

This multiple-choice quiz is designed for high school students and will be used in the videoconferences of International Masterclasses 2017. Moderators will show the animated English version, we recommend to show a version in local language in parallel.


Filter by topic, audience, type of resource (movie, exhibit, factsheet etc), duration, language

IPPOG Resources

e.g. Show me “games” about “Physics” in “English”

Results

● THE LHC AND THE HIGGS BOSON: COMMUNICATING SCIENCE use [To download](#)




steven.goldfarb@cern.ch

Buried about 100m below the French / Swiss countryside, between the Alps and the Jura Mountains, is a 27km tunnel housing the Large Hadron Collider at CERN. This chain of superconducting magnets accelerates protons to very high energies and then collides them at four different places....

Presentation, Game
[English](#)

● QUARK-TZEE DICE GAME




Helio Takai

Quark-Tzee is a dice game that plays following Yahtzee rules. The idea is that you start with 6 dies, and you can roll three times. On each roll you keep the dies that you consider the best to make certain particles. First roll - all dies, keep as many you want to create mesons and baryons; ...

Game
[English](#)

● THE QUARK CARD GAME use [To buy](#)




Helio Takai

The Quark Card Game was created to convey students the concept of the Standard Model - the existence of quarks, substructure of mesons and baryons, particle decay, and the concept of color charge. It addresses the population of students in Junior and Senior years, in the US Educational...

Game
[English](#)

● CARD GAMES WITH PARTICLES use [To buy](#)



Judit Csörgo, Tamás Csörgo, Csaba Török

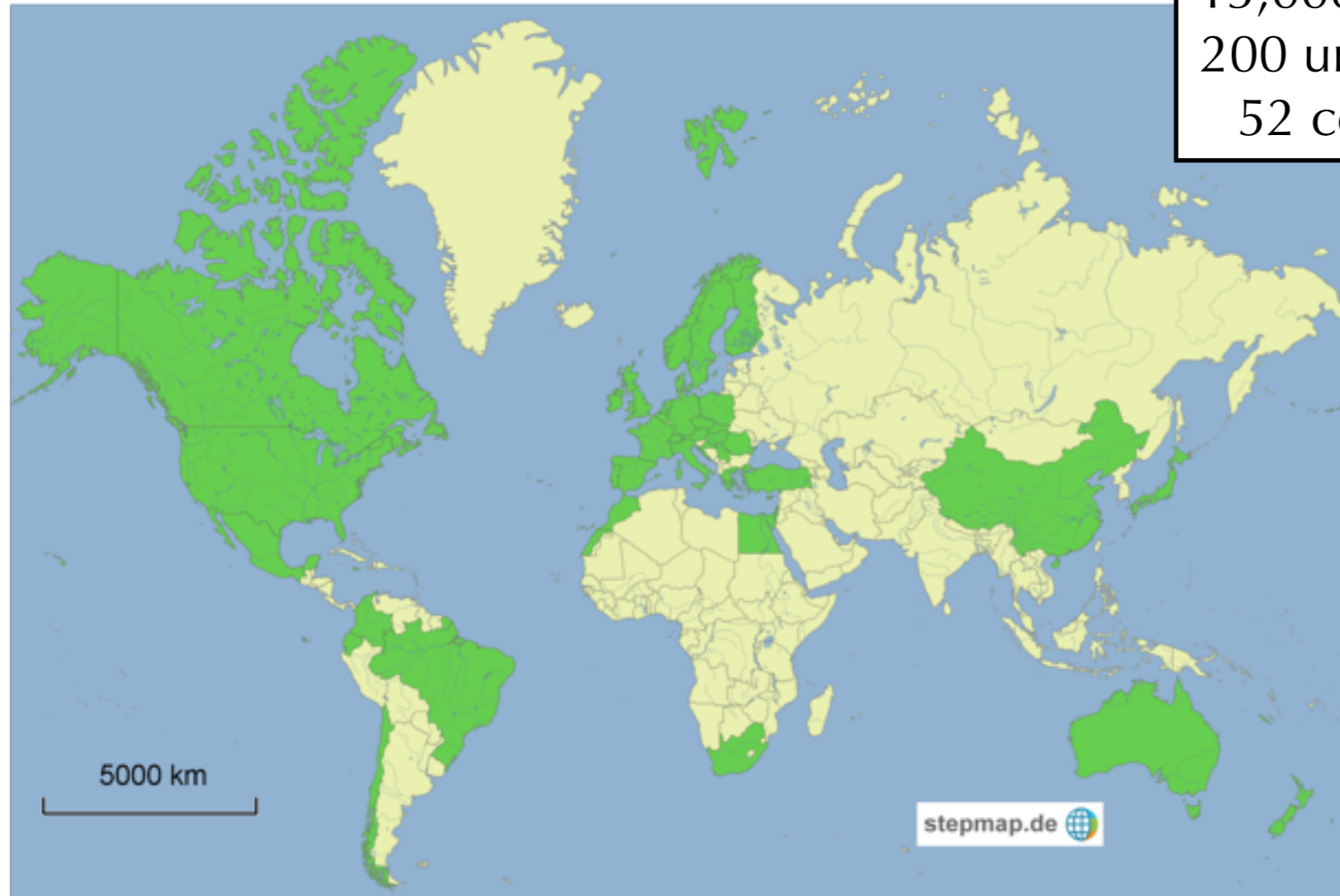
An award winning card game to learn about particles from the standard model. The set includes a book of games with playing cards included. The book explains rules to several different games that can be played of different complexity and for different age groups. Rules of the games follow the...

Game
[English, Hungarian](#)

+20 other results

International Masterclasses Programme

2017:
13,000 students
200 universities
52 countries



- Organised by IPPOG (International Particle Physics Outreach Group)
- Runs for 6 weeks every year in March/April.
- High school students (15-19) get to be “Researchers for one day” at their local university or research institute.



Why Masterclasses?



- Hands-on activity using the same tools and data as real scientists.
- Gives students an insight into what research actually involves.
- Teaches students something *beyond* what they would learn in the classroom
- Helps cement their understanding of more basic concepts.

- Learn about collaboration and teamwork.
- Students get to meet other students from local schools.
- Fosters links between schools and universities

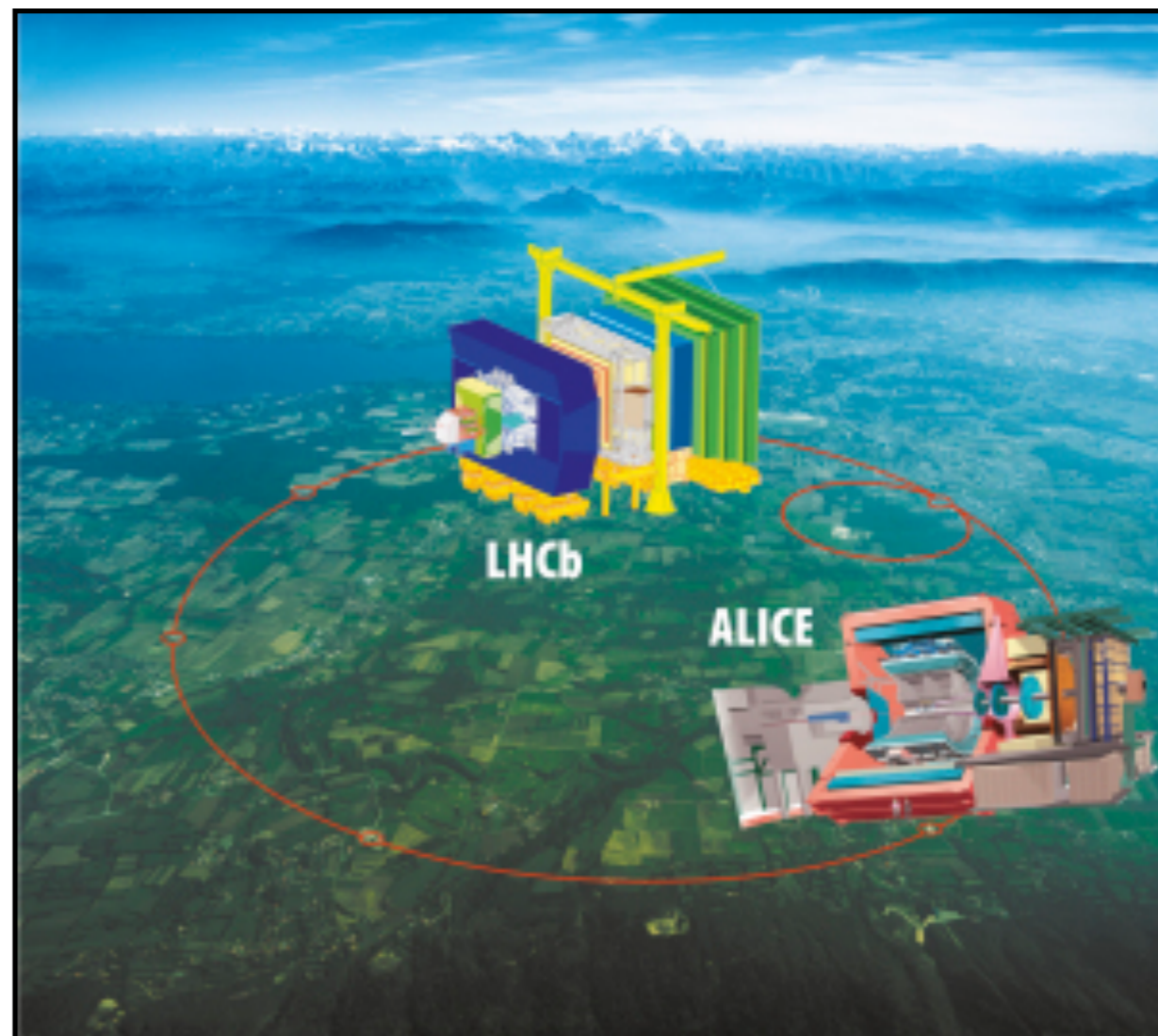
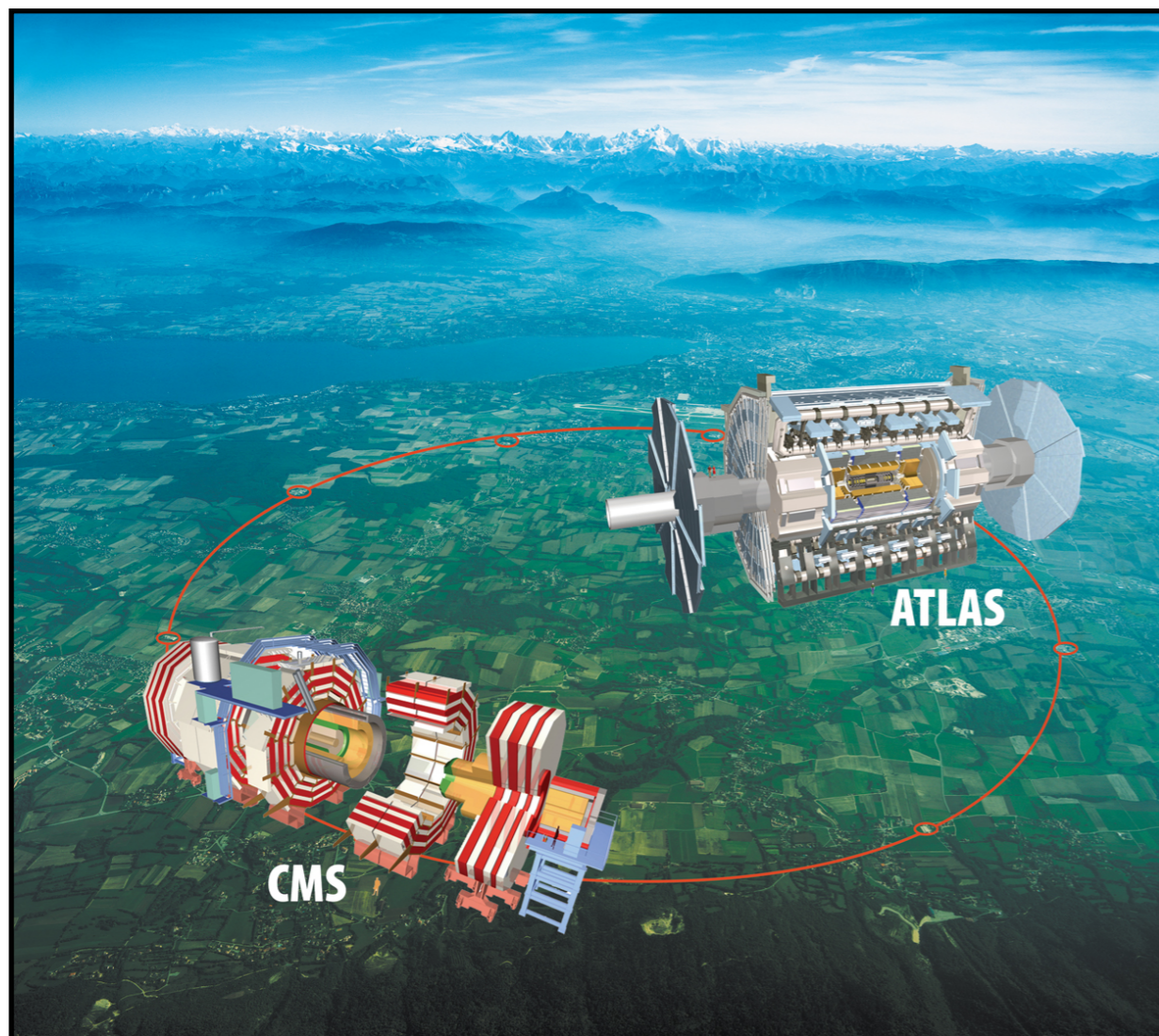


Typical Masterclass Programme

- Lectures to introduce particle physics, experiments and detectors.
- Sometimes includes a guided tour of local labs (if available/time allows).
- Lunch with lecturers, staff, PhD students.
- Hands-on session where students work in pairs to make measurements on data.
- Discussion and combination of results, together with other institutes from around the world, via video conference.



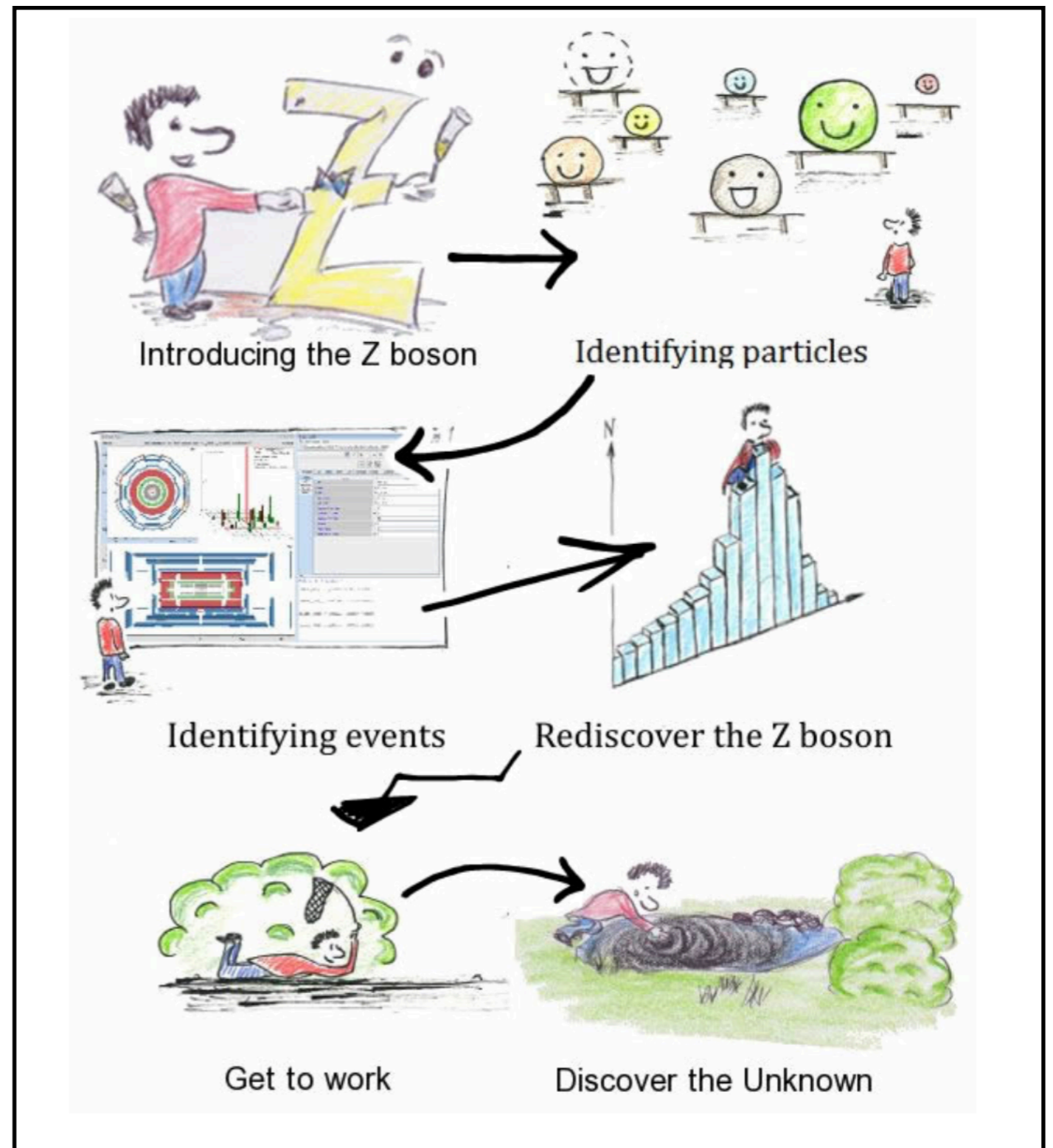
Hands On Session



Students analyse data and do a measurement using real data from one of the four main experiments at the LHC.

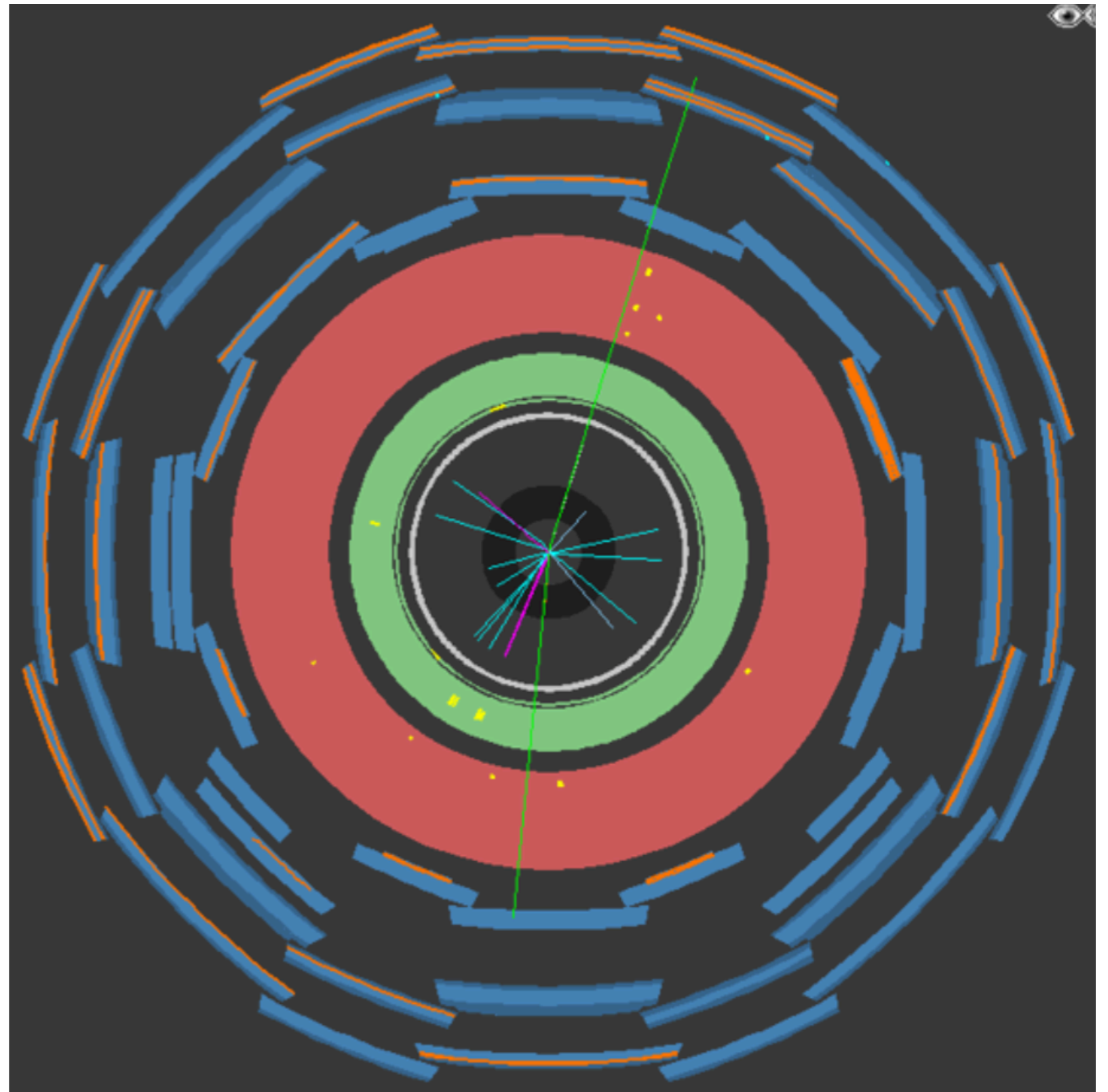
Example: ATLAS Z Boson Measurement

- Search for pairs of leptons (e/μ) or photons, and events with 4 leptons.
- Use di-lepton invariant mass spectrum and identify J/Ψ , Υ , Z-boson, and simulated Z' events.
- Search for Higgs bosons in $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell\ell\ell$ events.



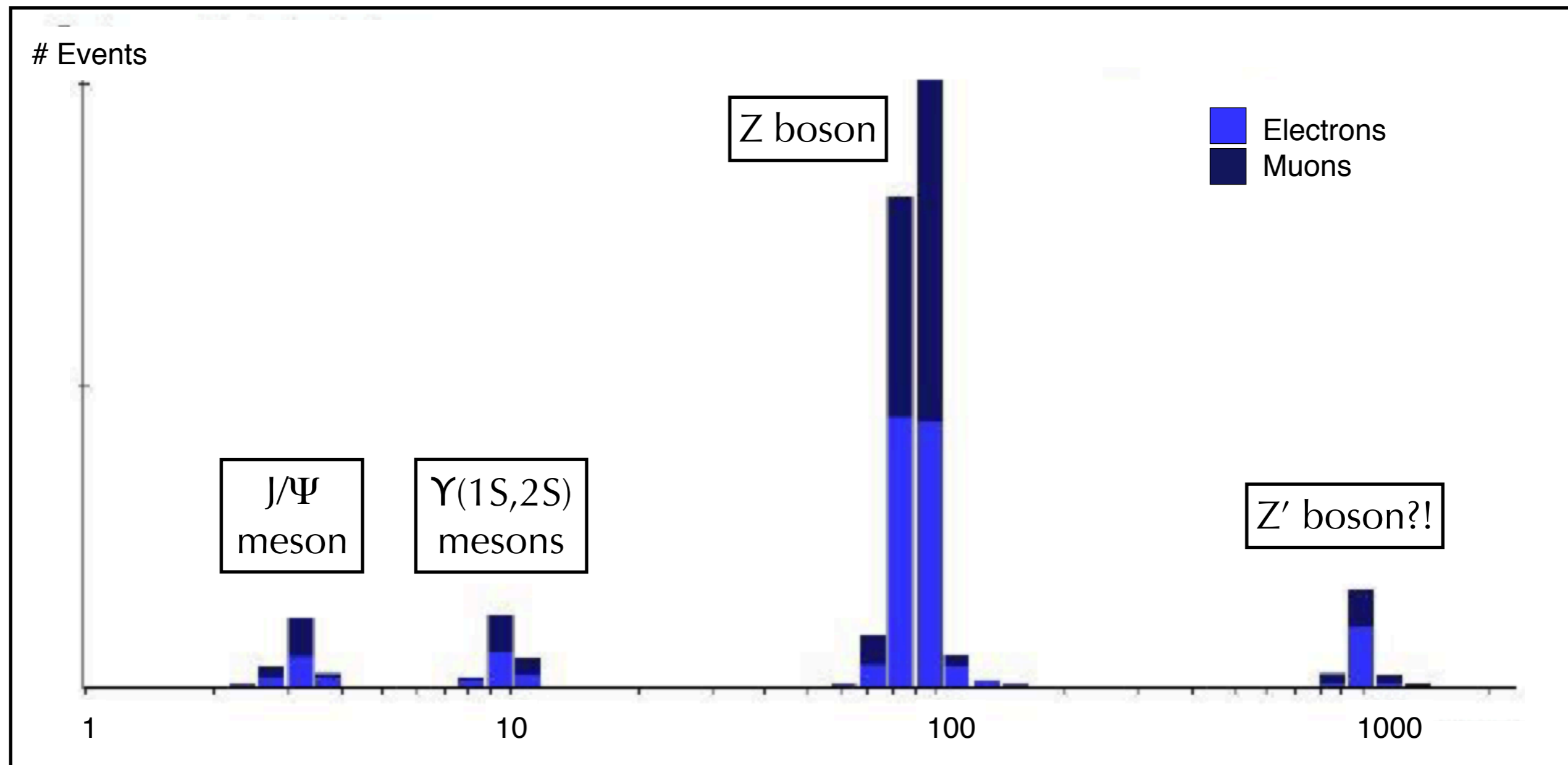
ATLAS Z Boson: Identifying Events

- Learn what signatures different particles leave in the detector.
- Use visualisations of events to identify different processes.
- Calculate the invariant mass of the two “interesting” particles.



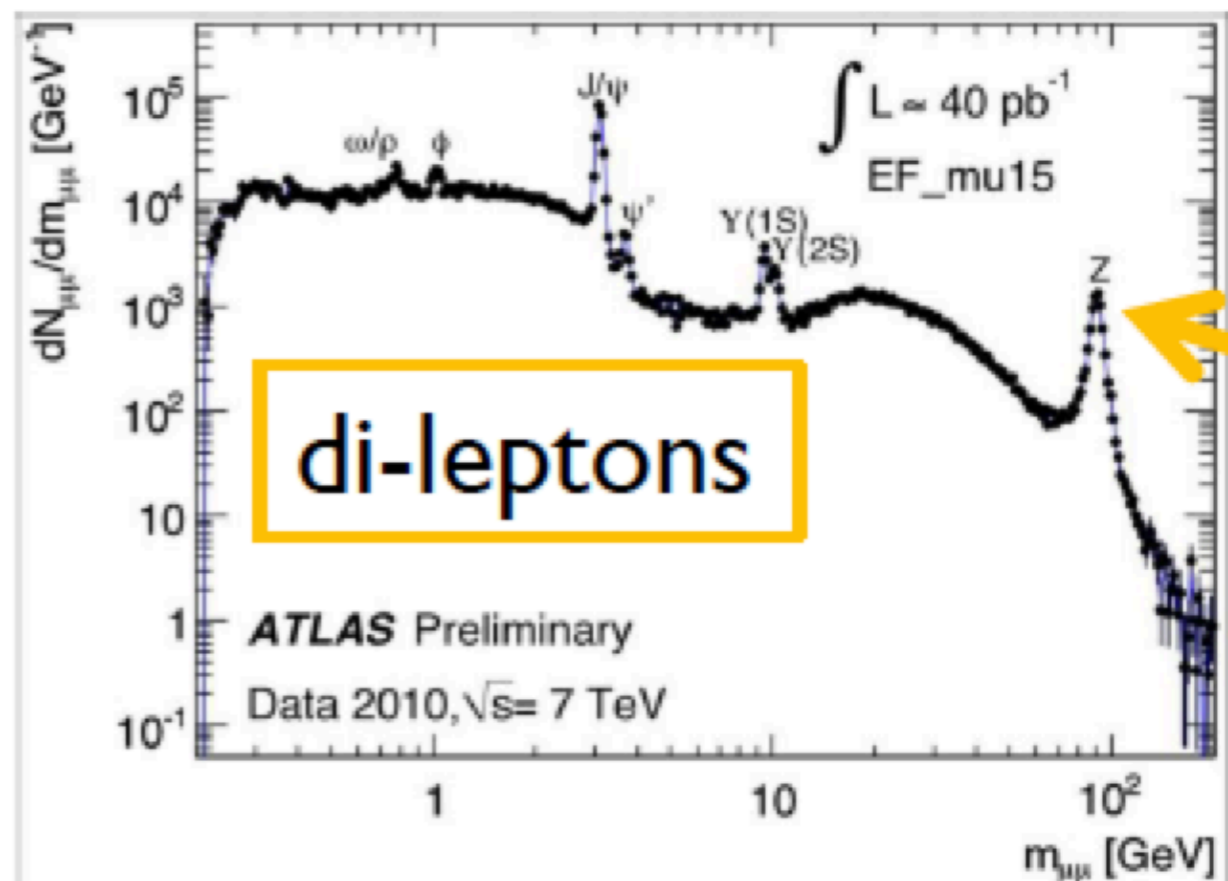
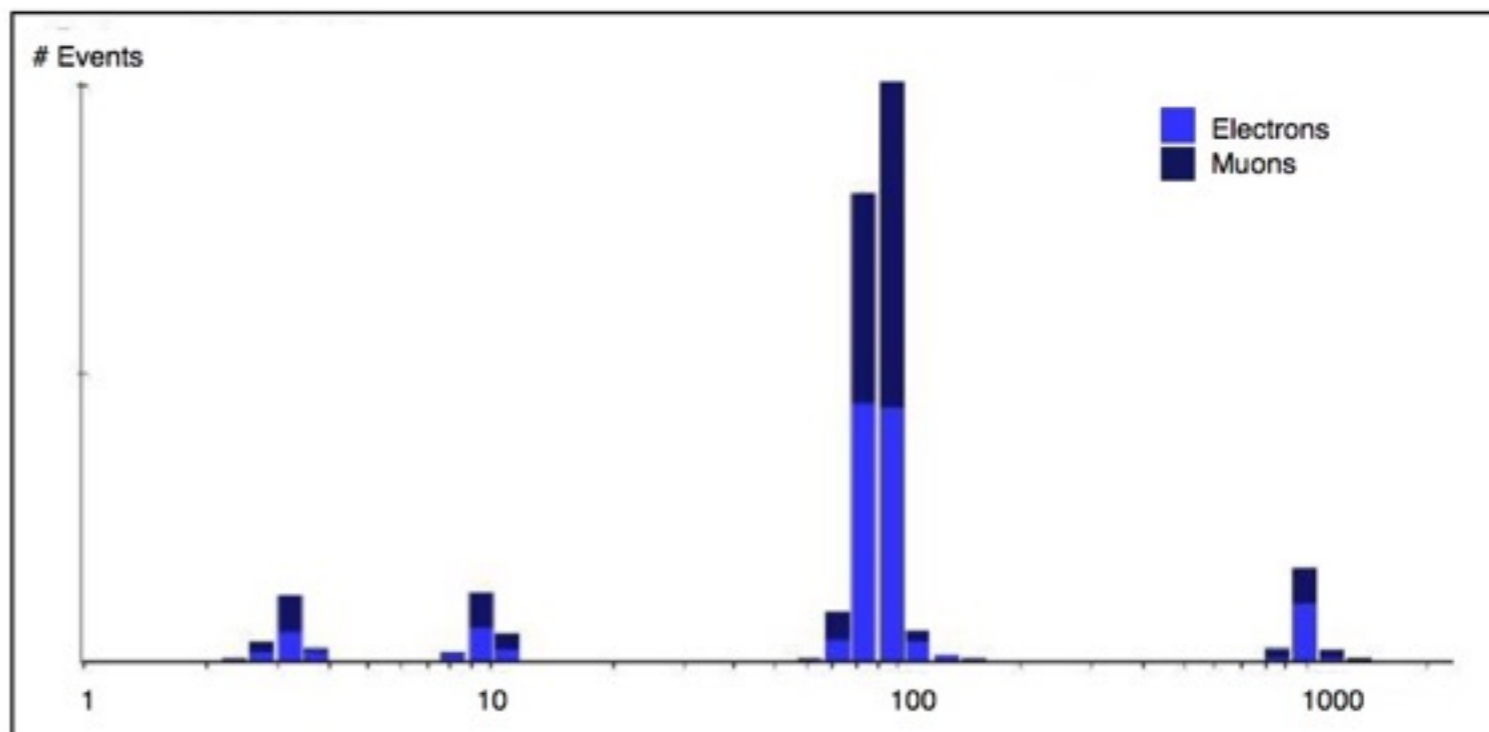
ATLAS Z Boson: Analysing Results

- Create a histogram of invariant masses of all $e^+e^-/\mu^+\mu^-$ pairs.
- Identify the different resonances/particles.

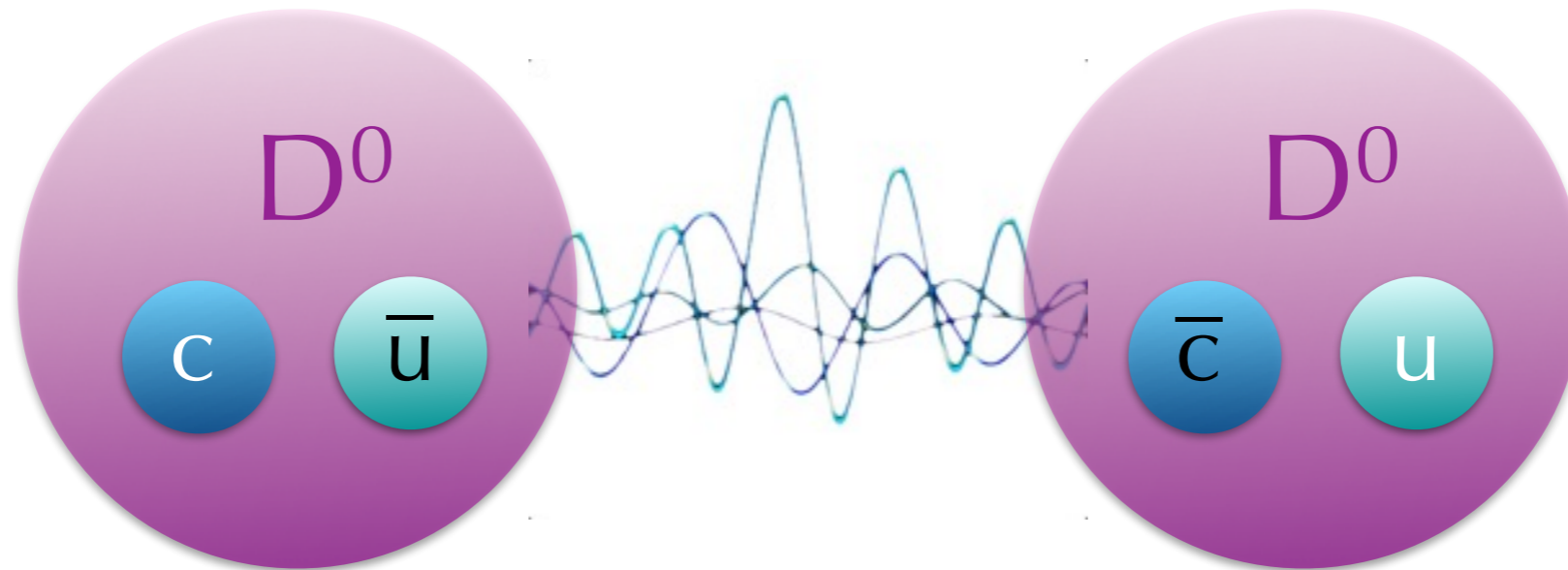


ATLAS Z Boson: Analysing Results

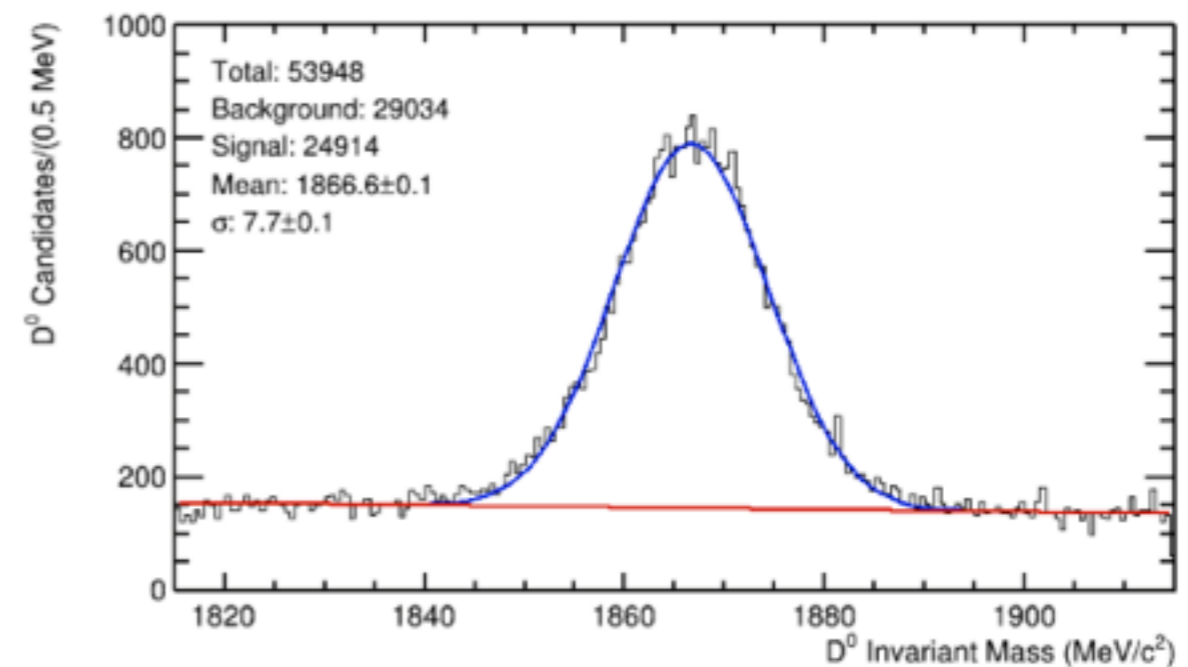
- Compare to ATLAS collaboration results.
- Discuss how with more data (and time and resources!) we can reduce the uncertainties to make more precise measurements.



Example: LHCb D^0 Lifetime Measurement



Measurement uses real $D^0 \rightarrow K\pi$ events collected by LHCb during 2012 data-taking ($\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV)

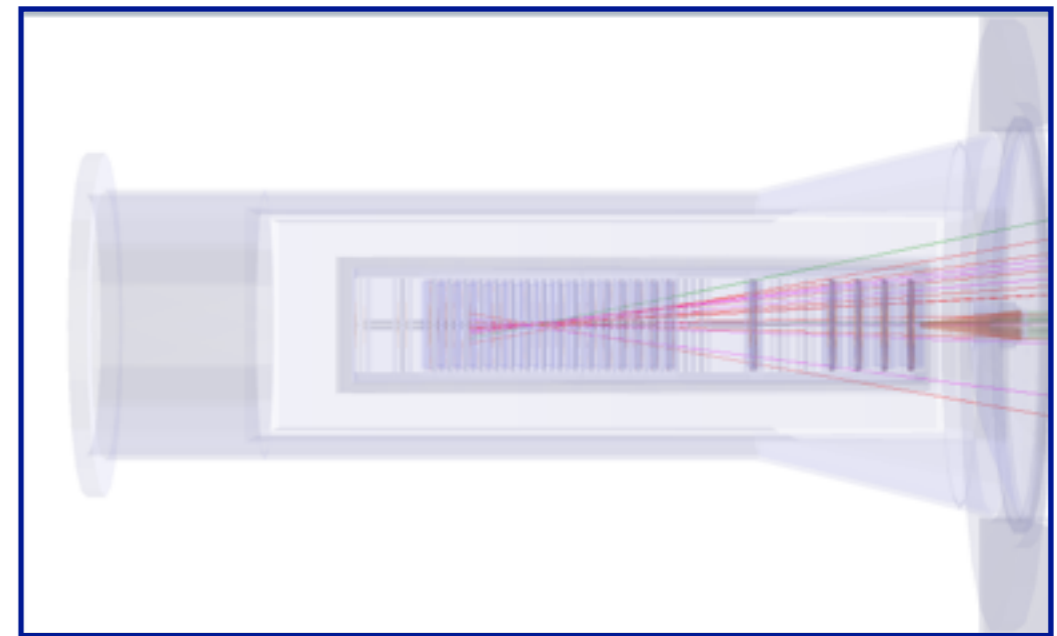
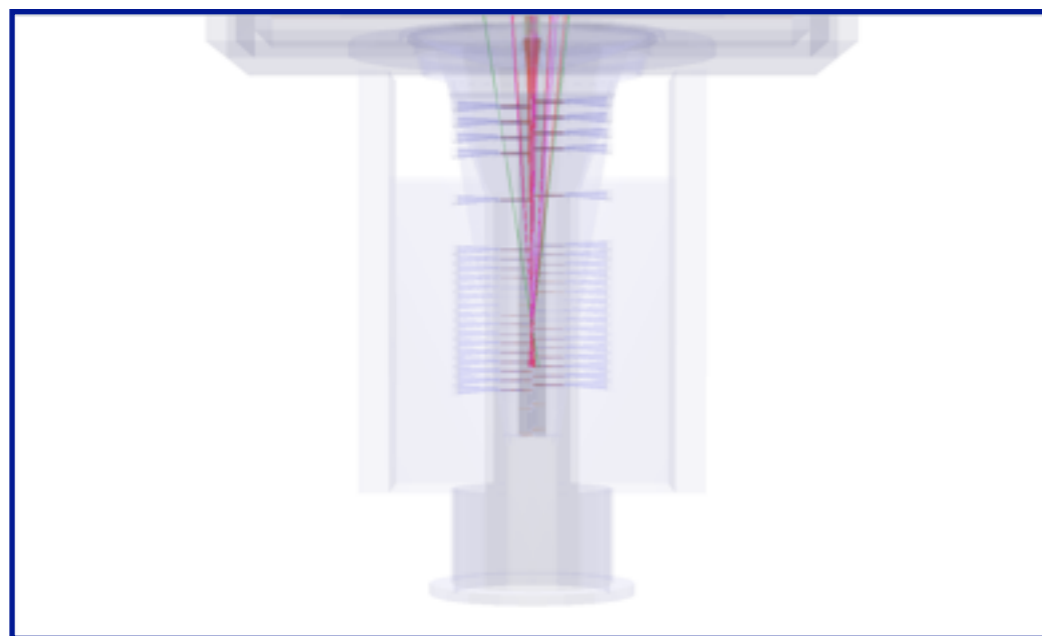
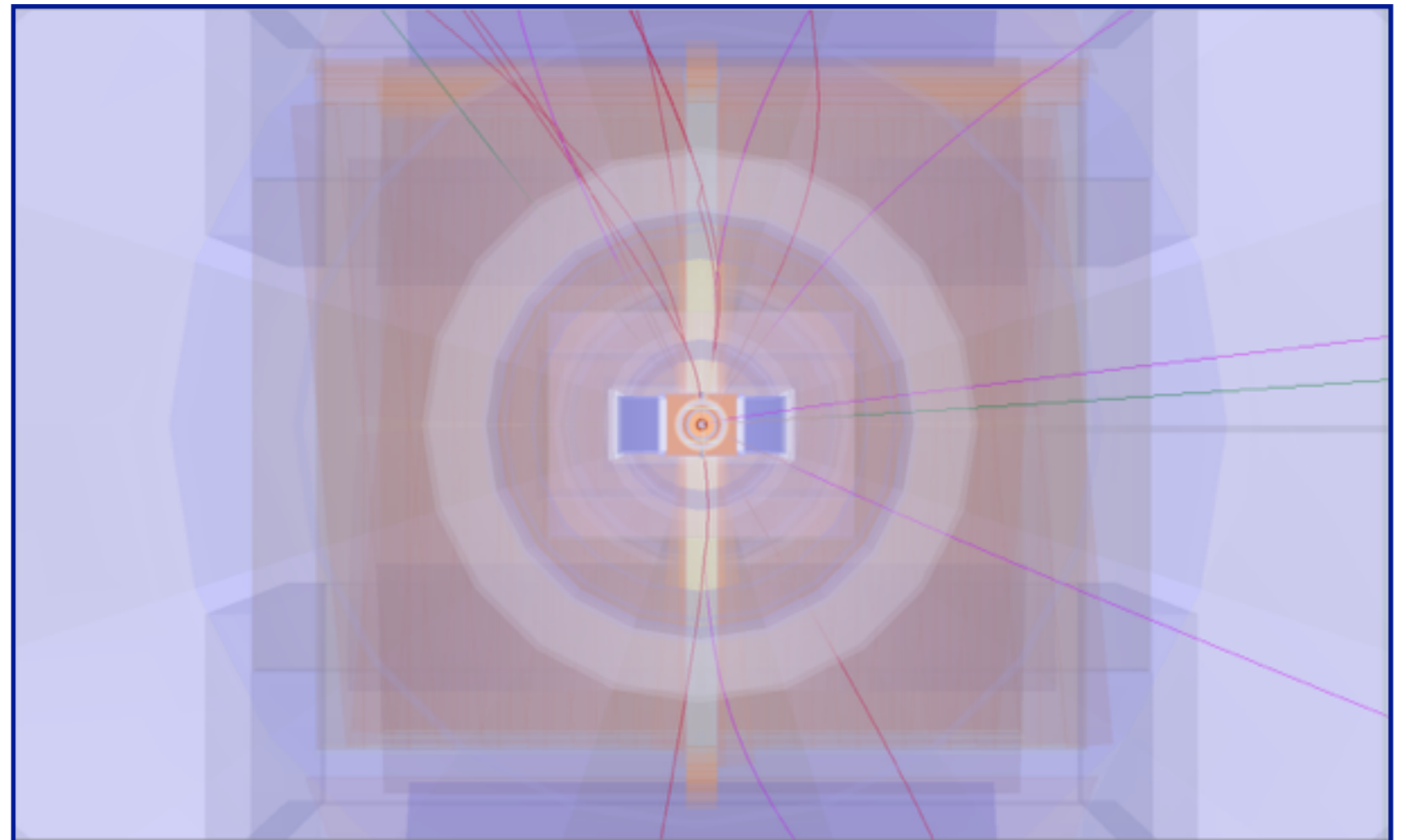


Students are introduced to the concepts of:

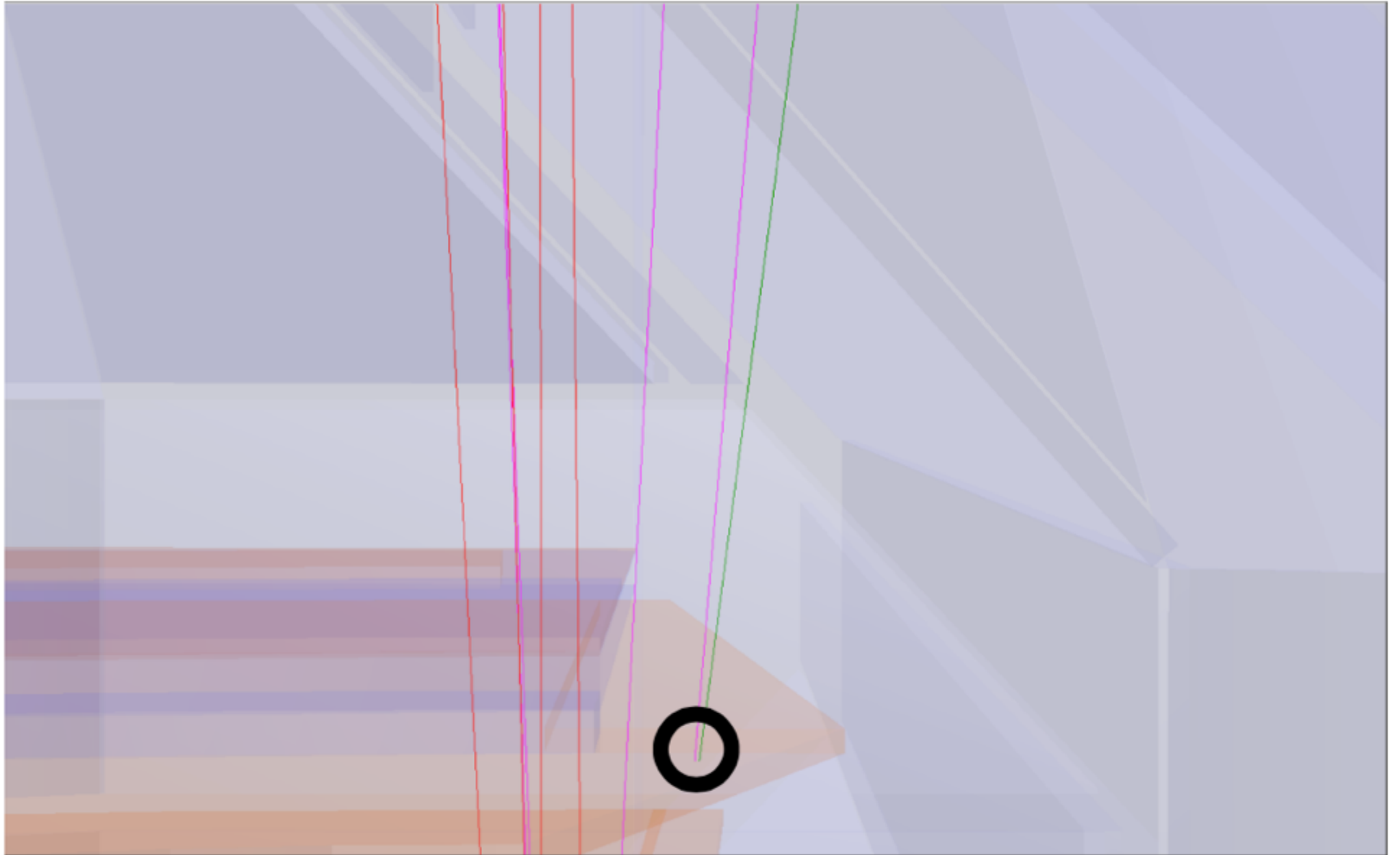
- Particle lifetimes:
 - ▶ Ranges, e.g. Z boson has lifetime of 10^{-25} seconds, proton has lifetime $> 10^{29}$ years)
 - ▶ How to measure these experimentally (lifetime \Leftrightarrow decay length in the detector)
- Particle oscillations (e.g. D^0 oscillations between charm/anti-up and anti-charm/up states)
- Anti-matter; why it's important and what we can learn from it

LHCb D^0 Lifetime: Identifying Events

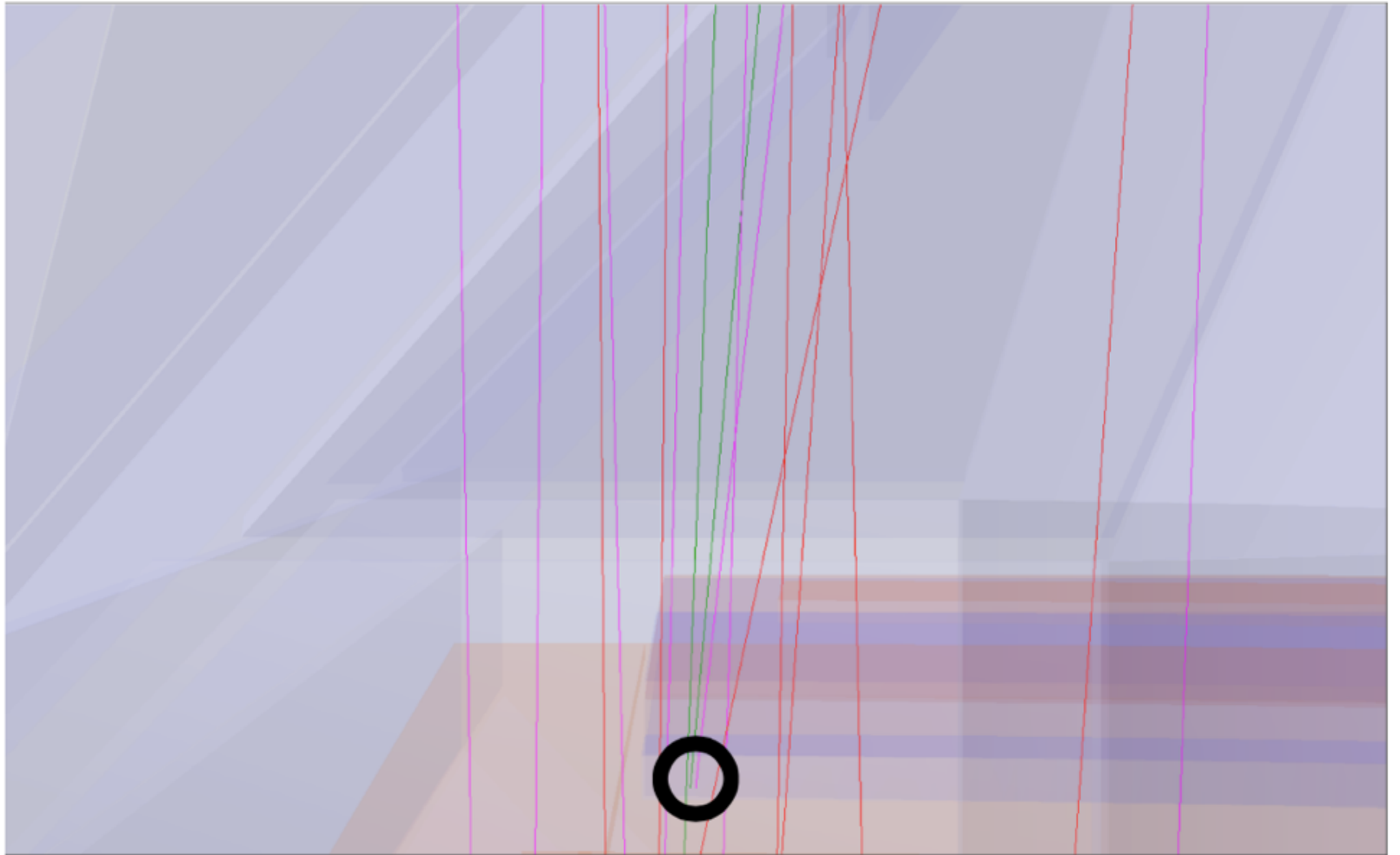
- Students use event displays to identify D^0 decays.
- Tools are provided so that they can zoom in around the interaction region to look for displaced vertices.
- Tracks are colour-coded to aid with identification.



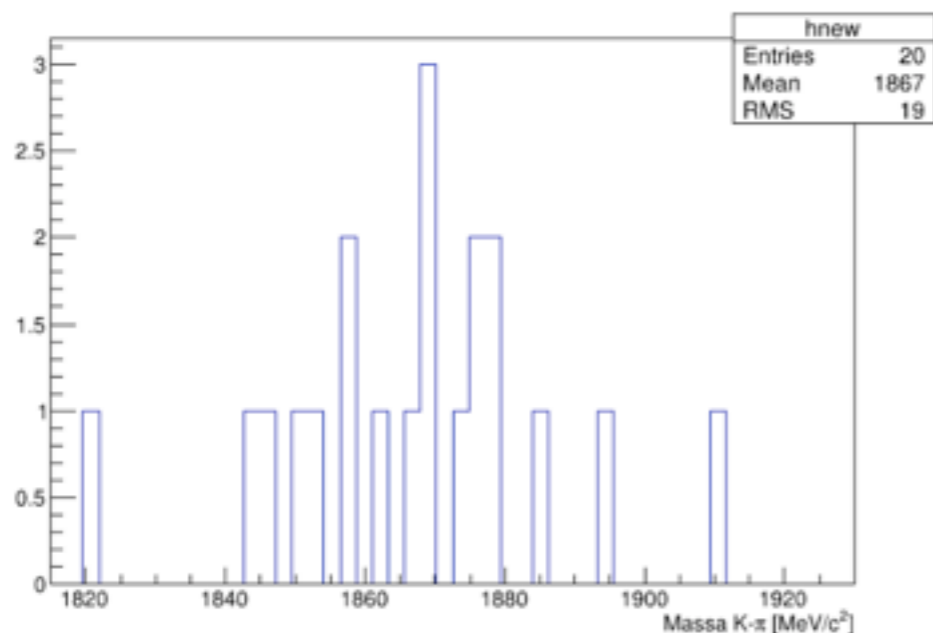
LHCb D^0 Lifetime: 'Easy' Event



LHCb D^0 Lifetime: 'Hard' Event



LHCb D^0 Lifetime: Fitting



- Students create their own plot of the D^0 mass distribution.
- Then given more data to do fits to mass, and lifetime distributions.

- Can apply cuts on D^0 p_T , mass etc to select data-sample

Analysis tools

Plot D^0 mass
Fit mass distribution

Background subtraction

Sig range: 1845.0 1885.0

Plot distributions

Time fit

Fit signal decay time

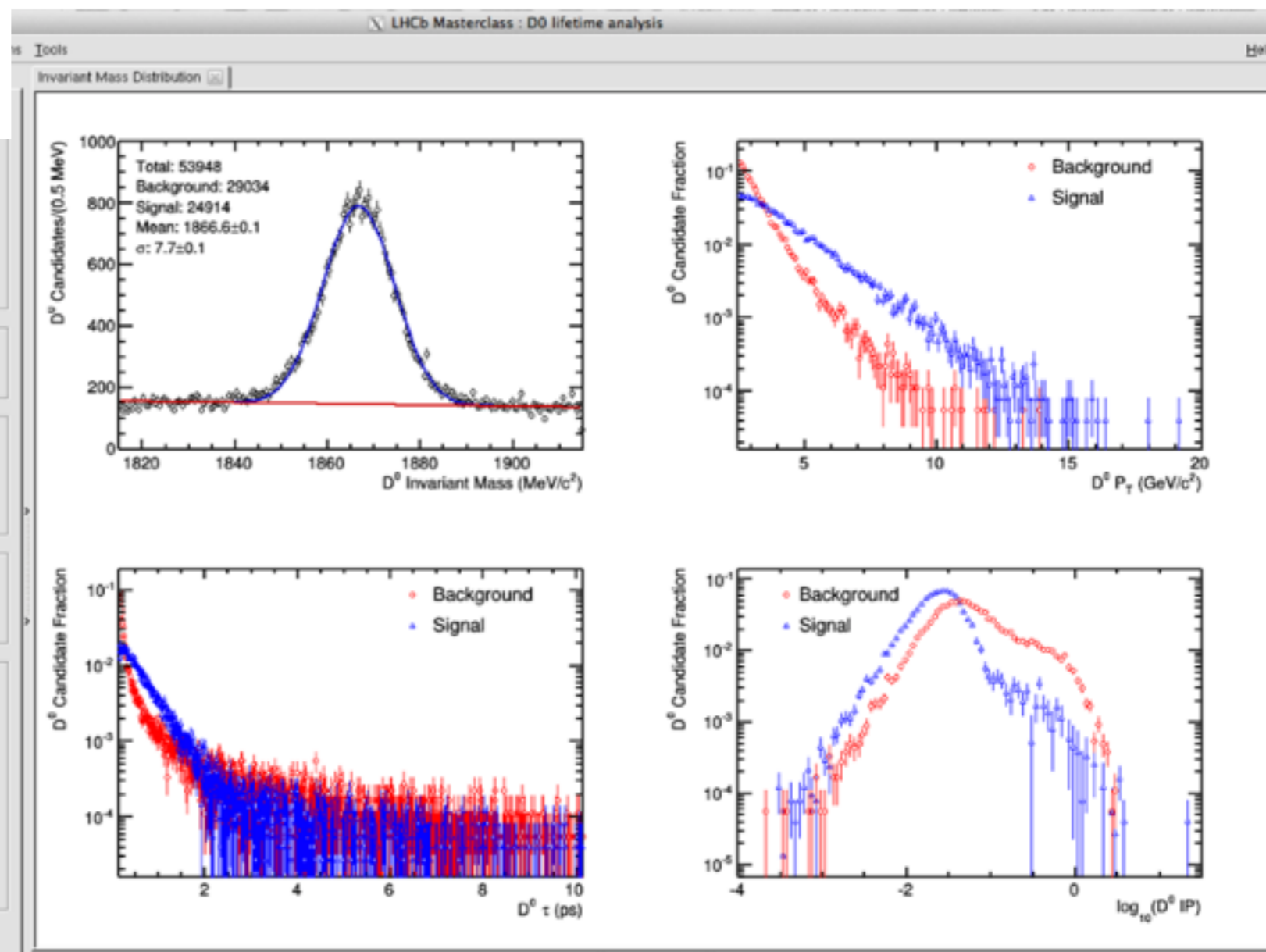
Fit Result	Fit Error
0.0000	0.0000

Save results

Trend vs. max IP

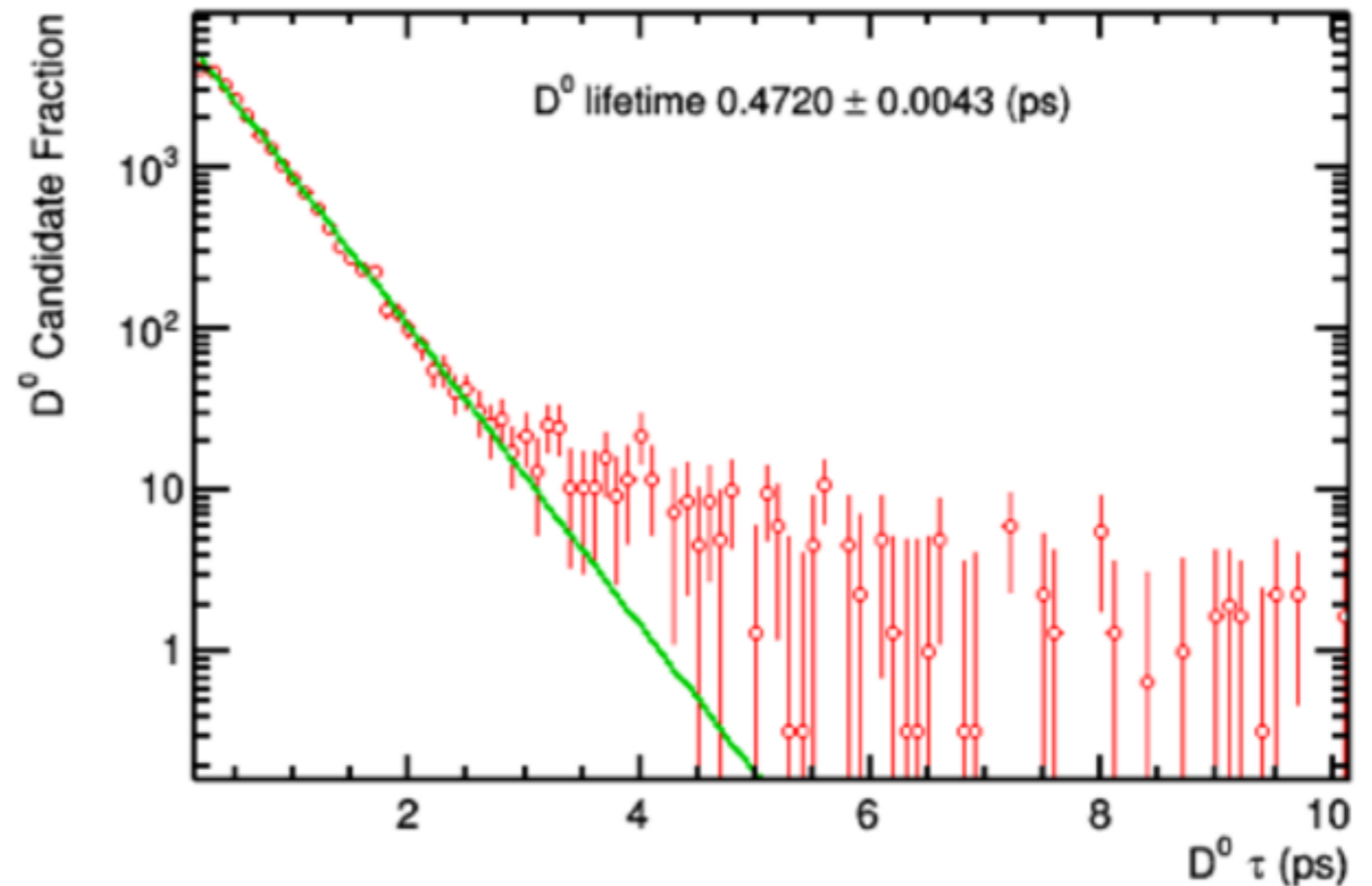
Save result and fit

Plot trend Clear Trend



LHCb D^0 Lifetime: Results

- Students compare their lifetime measurement with those measured by LHCb, and the world average.
- Discussions about systematic uncertainties, and changing signal selection criteria.



Other Masterclass Measurements

CMS: W and Z boson measurements

- Distinguish W from Z boson candidates from event displays.
- Look at ratio of number of W^+ and W^- events
- Make invariant mass plot and identify J/Ψ , Υ , and Z-boson.
- Find Higgs candidates from 4-lepton and di-photon events.

ALICE: Strange particle

- Identify strange particles (K_s , Λ , anti- Λ) from their decay patterns and calculation of invariant mass.
- Count numbers of strange particles in different centrality regions (Pb-Pb data).
- Calculate strangeness enhancement factors by comparing to p-p data.

ATLAS: W boson measurements

- Look at ratio of number of W^+ and W^- events to explore the structure of the proton.
- Search for Higgs events in $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell \nu \ell \nu$ decay channel by measuring the opening angle (ϕ) between the charged leptons.

Video Conference with CERN

Aims of the video conference:

- Convey the internationality of the event.
- Demonstrate how particle physicists work together internationally.
- Encourage students to share their experiences with each other
- Demonstrate how combining datasets improves accuracy.
- Be a fun end to a long day!

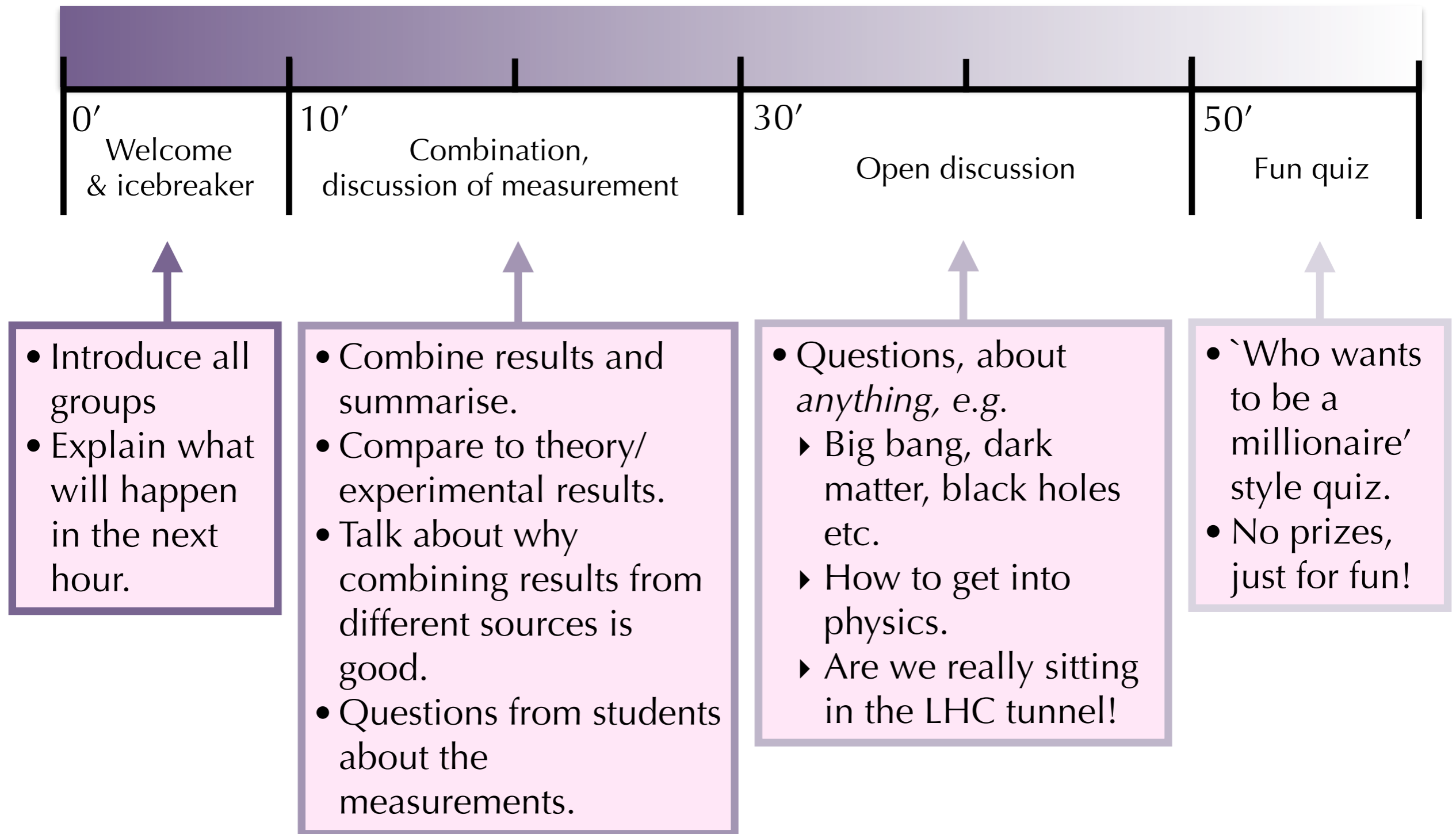
4-6 institutes participating in each session

The screenshot shows a video conference window titled "VidyoDesktop™ - Masterclasses_2015_VC1@vidyoportal.cern.ch". The interface is divided into several sections:

- Top Left:** A web browser window displaying a plot for "Masterclasses 2015 For Educational Use Only". The plot shows a distribution of data points across bins. Below the plot is a table with columns for "bin 1" through "bin 10" and rows for "N", "S", and "Z".
- Top Middle:** A video feed of a man in a blue hoodie, labeled "MC-IFIC-Valencia-ES".
- Top Right:** A video feed of a group of students in a lecture hall, labeled "MC-Weizmann-Rehovot-IL".
- Bottom Left:** A video feed of a group of students in a lecture hall, labeled "MC-INFN-Perugia-IT".
- Bottom Middle:** A video feed of a group of students in a lecture hall, labeled "MC-IFIC-Valencia-ES".
- Bottom Right:** A video feed of two people, a woman and a man, with a background image of a particle detector, labeled "EDU 33-R-016".

At the bottom of the window, there is a control bar with icons for chat, screen sharing, and other functions. The system tray at the very bottom shows the date and time: "16:29 10.03.2015".

Video Conference with CERN/Fermilab



Masterclasses in Lebanon

- NEW for Lebanon!!
- Lebanese University have recently joined CMS and we hope will join the International Masterclasses programme for the Spring 2018 round.
 - ▶ From our side we will be doing everything we can to help set this up.
 - ▶ Feel free to get in contact yourselves to express enthusiasm for participating in the programme!



Address book:

- National contacts:
 - ▶ Ahmad Zein-Assi (ahmad.zein-assi@cern.ch)
 - ▶ Kate Shaw (kate.shaw@cern.ch)
 - ▶ Haitham Zaraket (haitham.zaraket@cern.ch)
- International Masterclasses Programme Coordinator:
 - ▶ Uta Bilow (uta.bilow@tu-dresden.de)



Summary

- Masterclasses are an excellent way to engage students and inspire them to study Physics at a higher level.
- Very rewarding experience, both for students and teachers.
- Evaluations show that events have a relatively strong influence on the students' long-term interest development in particle physics.
 - ▶ Independent of gender and level of education.

