
Super B Factories



“Super KEKB” (Japan)



SuperB (Italy)

FPCP09 29-May-2009

Y.Sakai KEK

Now: ~10 years of B-factories

Scenario when we started ...

Step1

Discovery of CPV in B decay

2001 summer !

Step2

Precise test of KM(CPV) and SM

2008



This conference

Hints for NP ?



Step3

Search/Evidence for New Physics

Need $>50(75) \text{ ab}^{-1}$ data

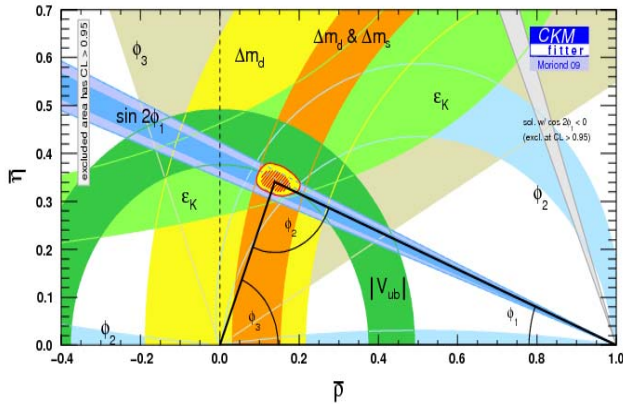
SuperB-factory

($L \sim 10^{36} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$)

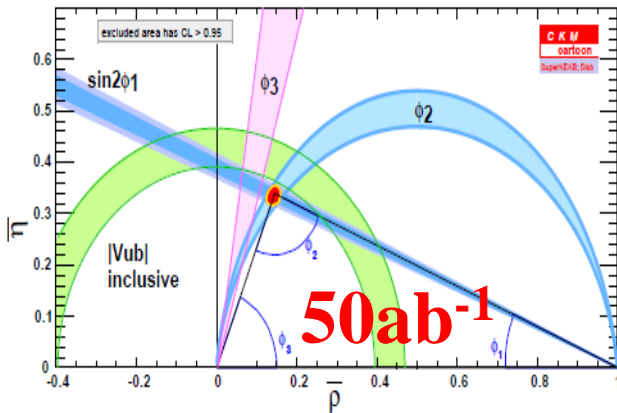
Physics Prospects

(example)

CKM UT triangle Now



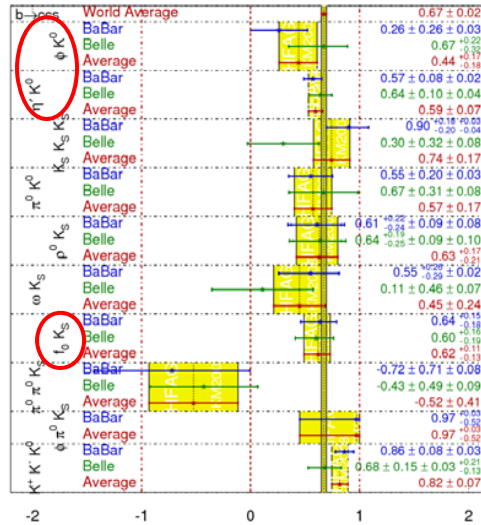
NP effect



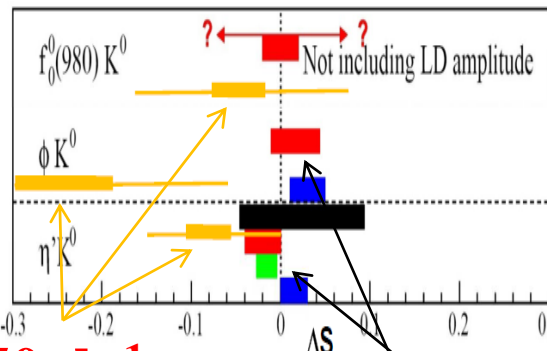
50ab⁻¹

$$\sin(2\beta^{\text{eff}}) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1^{\text{eff}})$$

HFAG
CKM2008
PRELIMINARY



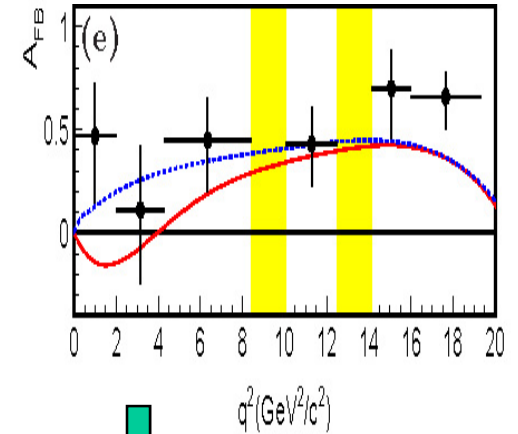
New CP phase



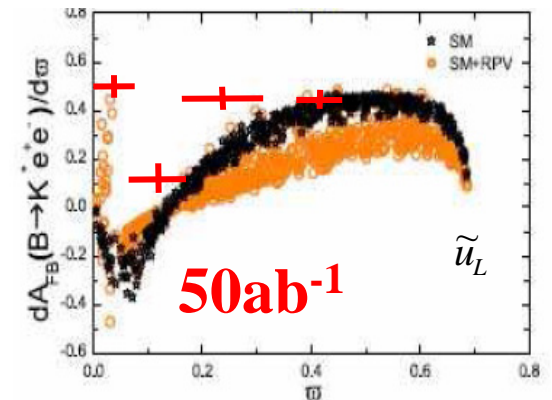
50ab⁻¹

Theory errors

$B \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^-: A_{FB}$



NP on $C_{7,9,10}$



50ab⁻¹

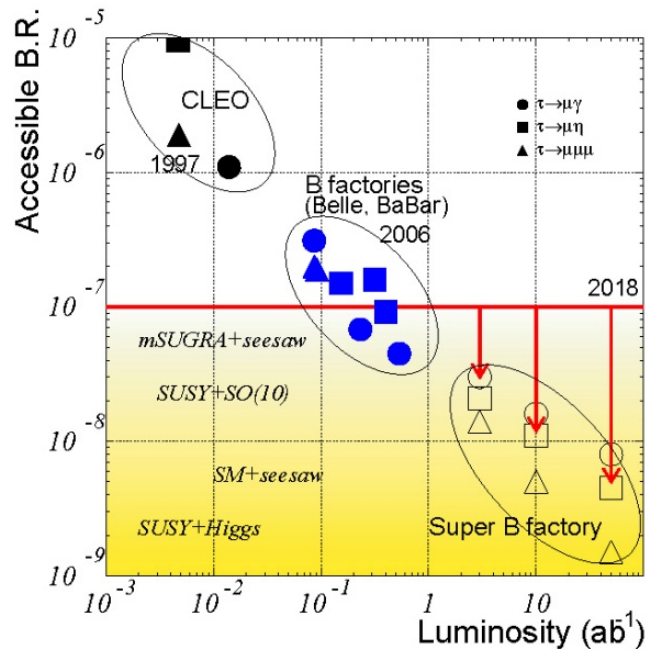
Y.-G. Xu et al., PRD74, 114019 (2006)

Physics Prospects

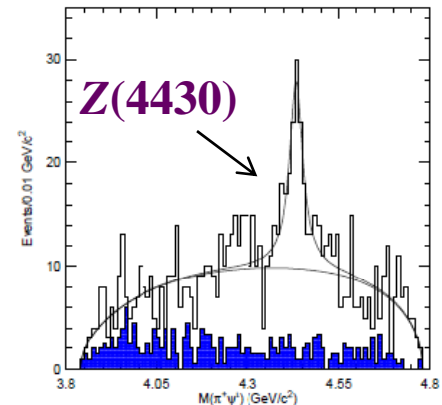
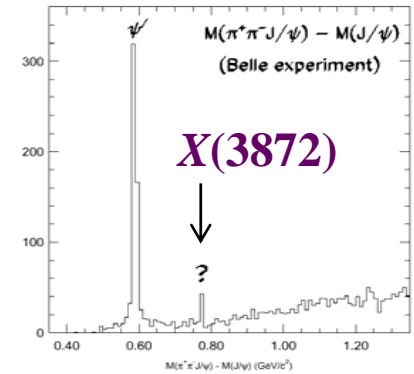
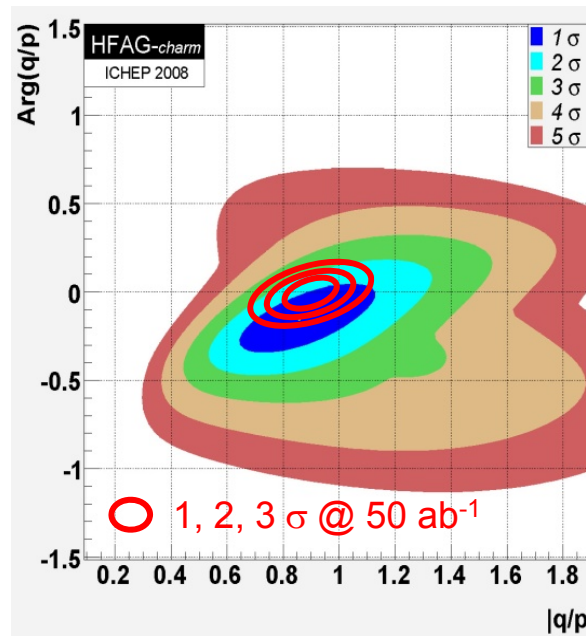
(2)

Also, Super-Factory for τ /charm and Spectroscopy !

τ LFV decays



D^0 -mixing



LFV, CPV in D/ τ : Clear New Physics !

(Polarization, τ /charm threshold energy: benefit)



?

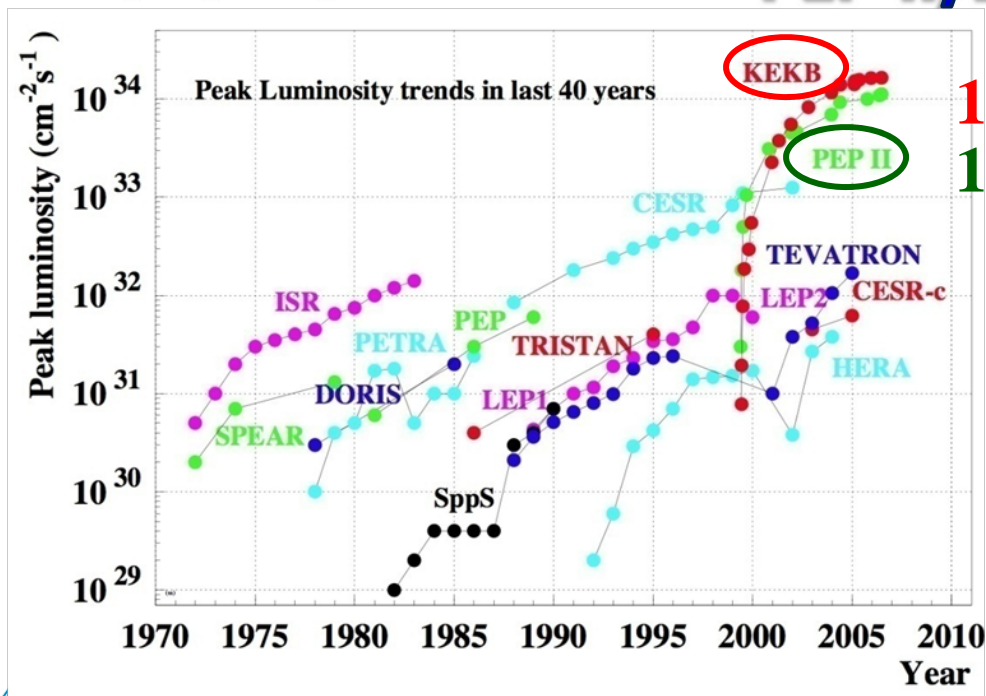


BABAR

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KEKB/Belle (Japan)

PEP-II/BaBar (US)



1.96×10^{34}
 1.2×10^{34}



"Super KEKB" (Japan)

SuperB (Italy)



Two Strategies

Lorentz factor

$$L = \frac{\gamma_{\pm}}{2er_e} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*} \right) \frac{I_{\pm} \xi_{\pm y}}{\beta_y^*} \left(\frac{R_L}{R_y} \right)$$

Classical electron radius

Beam size ratio

Geometrical reduction factors
due to crossing angle and
hour-glass effect

x ~5

~5

~0.5

~50 (short bunch)

- Increase beam current, I
- Larger beam-beam par, ξ_y
- Smaller β_y^*

<1/20
+low emittance
(long bunch)

High Current approach

Nano-beam approach

Brute force
Realizable

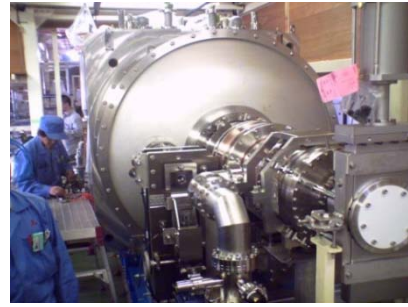
New scheme
Risk ?



baseline **"Super KEKB" (Japan)**

SuperB (Italy)

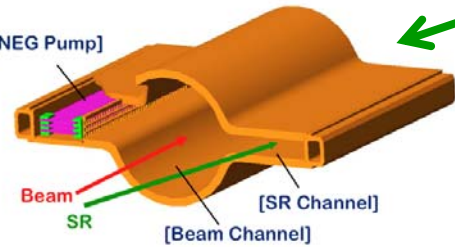




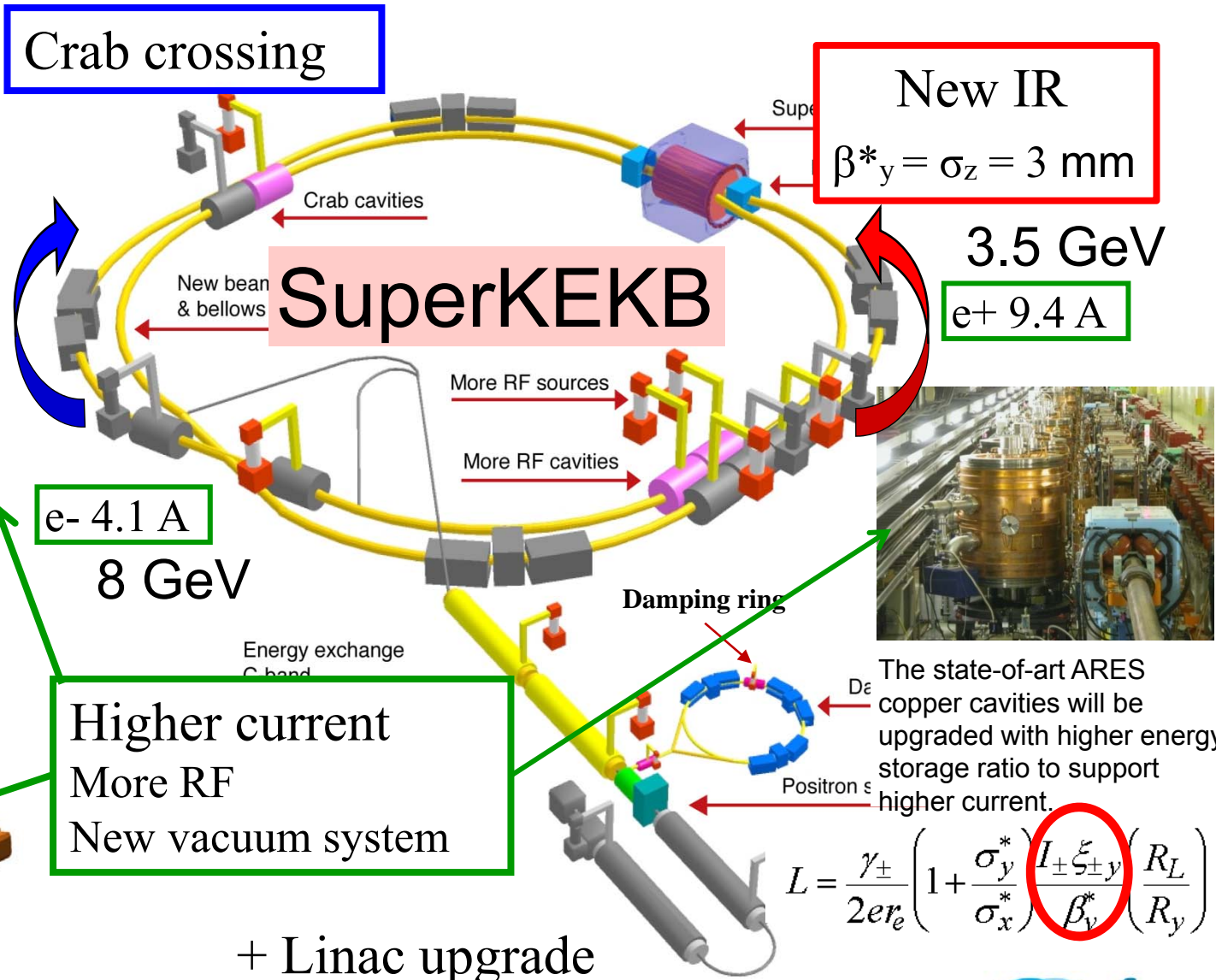
Crab cavities installed and undergoing testing in beam



The superconducting cavities will be upgraded to absorb more higher-order mode power up to 50 kW.



The beam pipes and all vacuum components will be replaced with higher-current design.

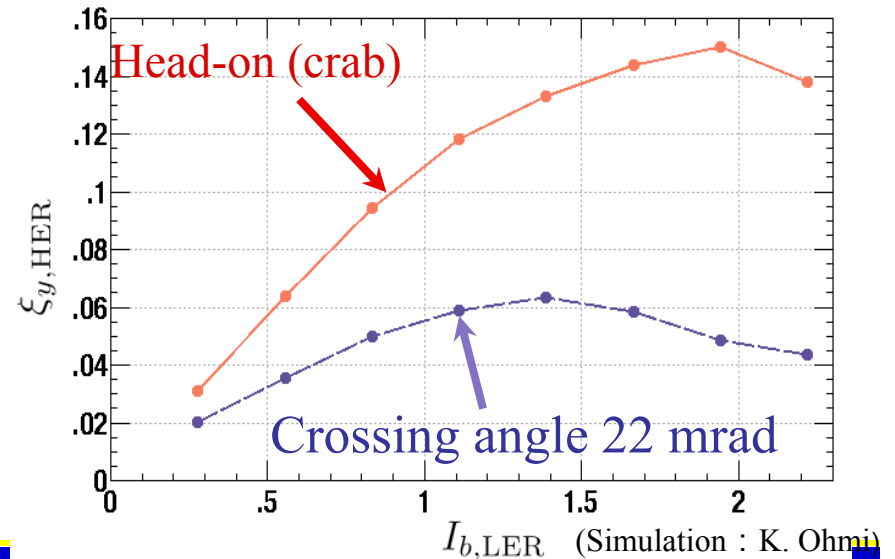
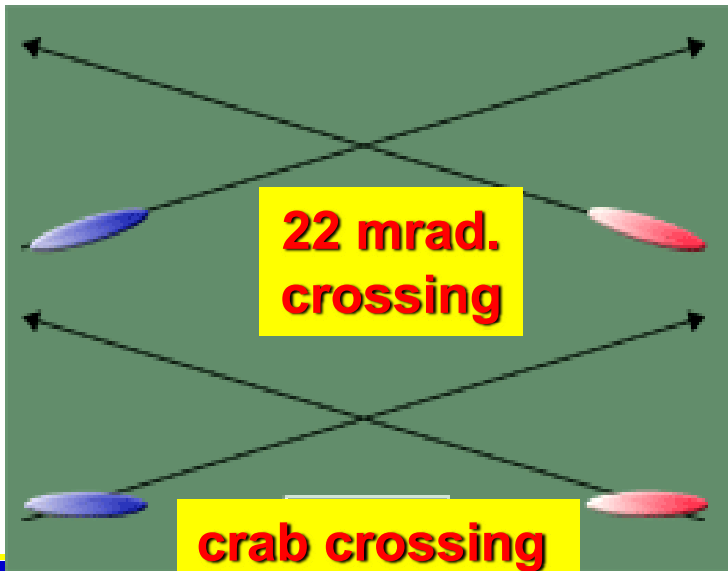
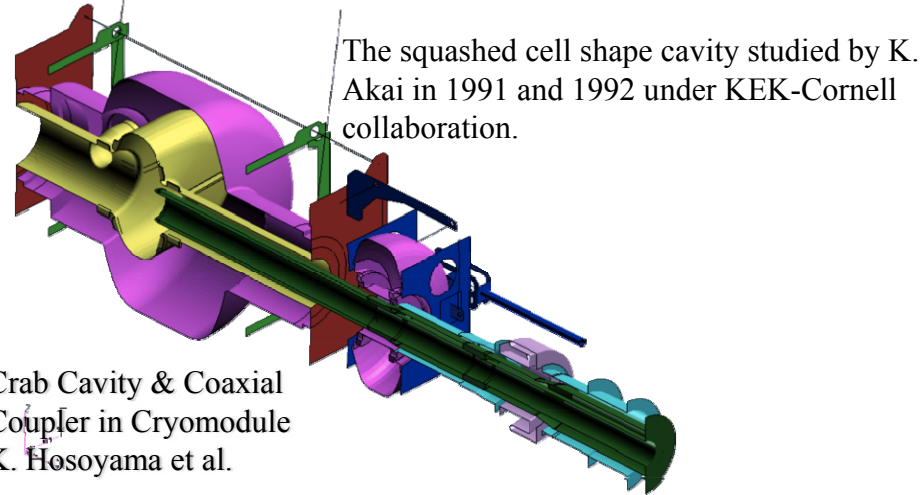
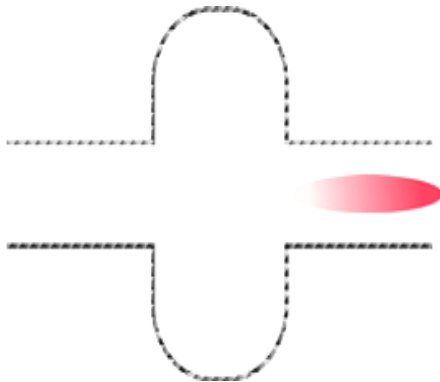


$$L = \frac{\gamma_{\pm}}{2e r_e} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*} \frac{I_{\pm} \xi_{\pm y}}{\beta_y^*} \left(\frac{R_L}{R_y} \right) \right)$$

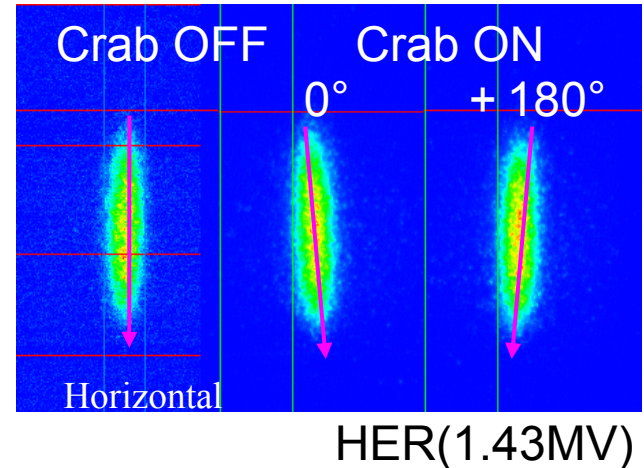
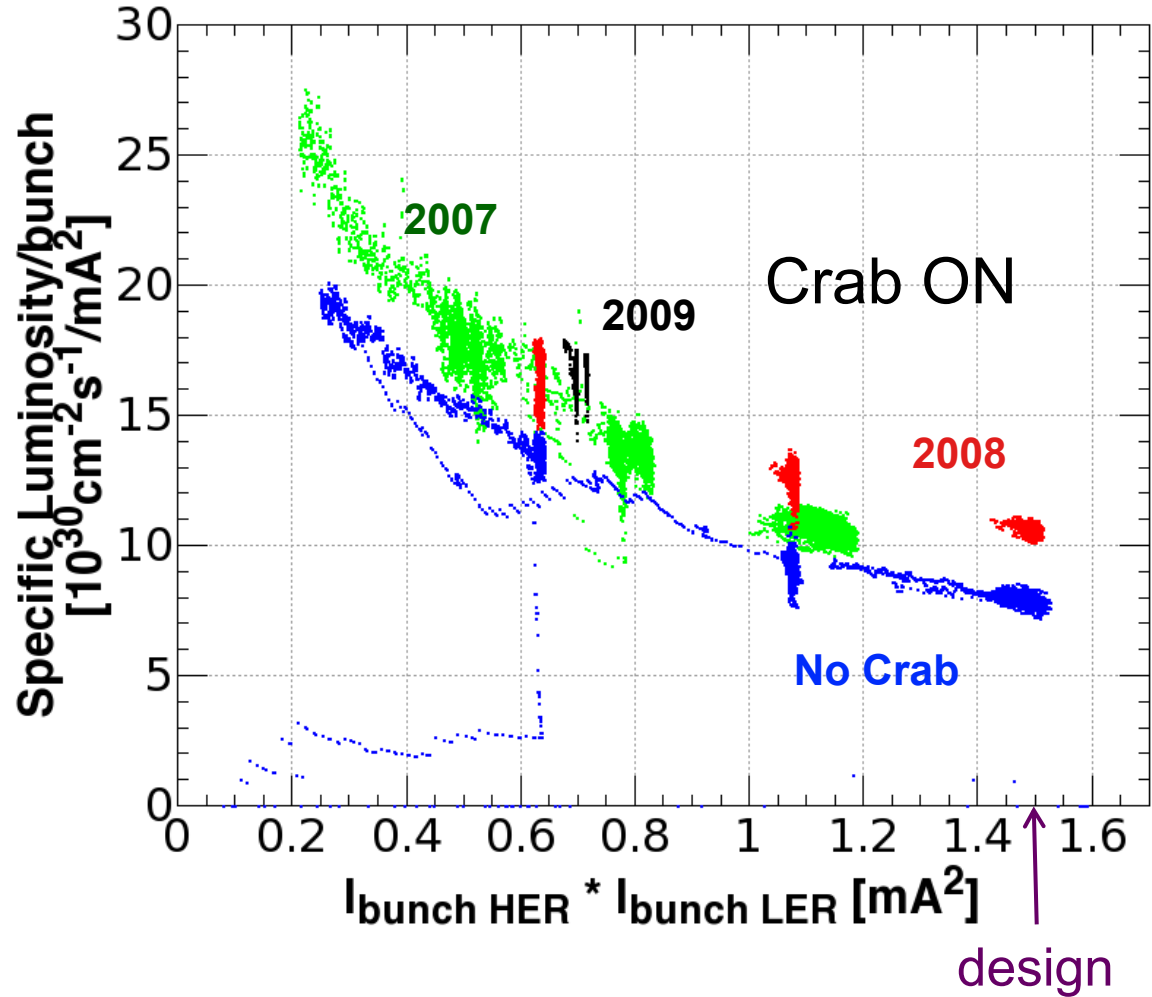


Crab Crossing / Cavity

- Boost the beam-beam parameter > 0.15 .



Lum. with Crab Crossing



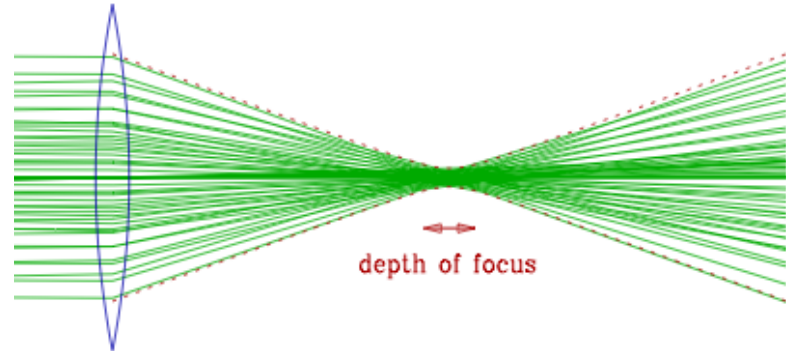
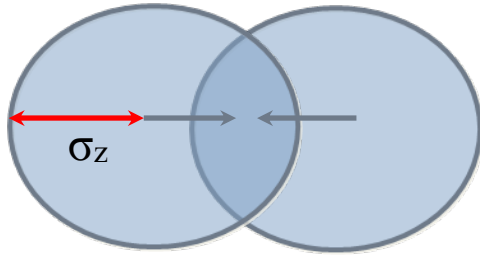
Crabbing: successful !

$L = 1.96 \times 10^{34}$ (6-May)
higher than w/o Crab
(new skew sextupoles)

Specific Lum:
increased ~30%

Still study going on

CSR (Coherent Synchrotron Rad.)



Hourglass condition: $\beta_y^* > \sim \sigma_z$

Beam size changes along Z

Recent simulation study

Short bunch: SR ~coherent

→ increase energy spread, bunch size

Traveling waist(focus) can recover

β_x^* 40cm → 20cm

LER(σ_z) Lum(10^{35})

3mm

5



5mm

2



5mm

4

5mm

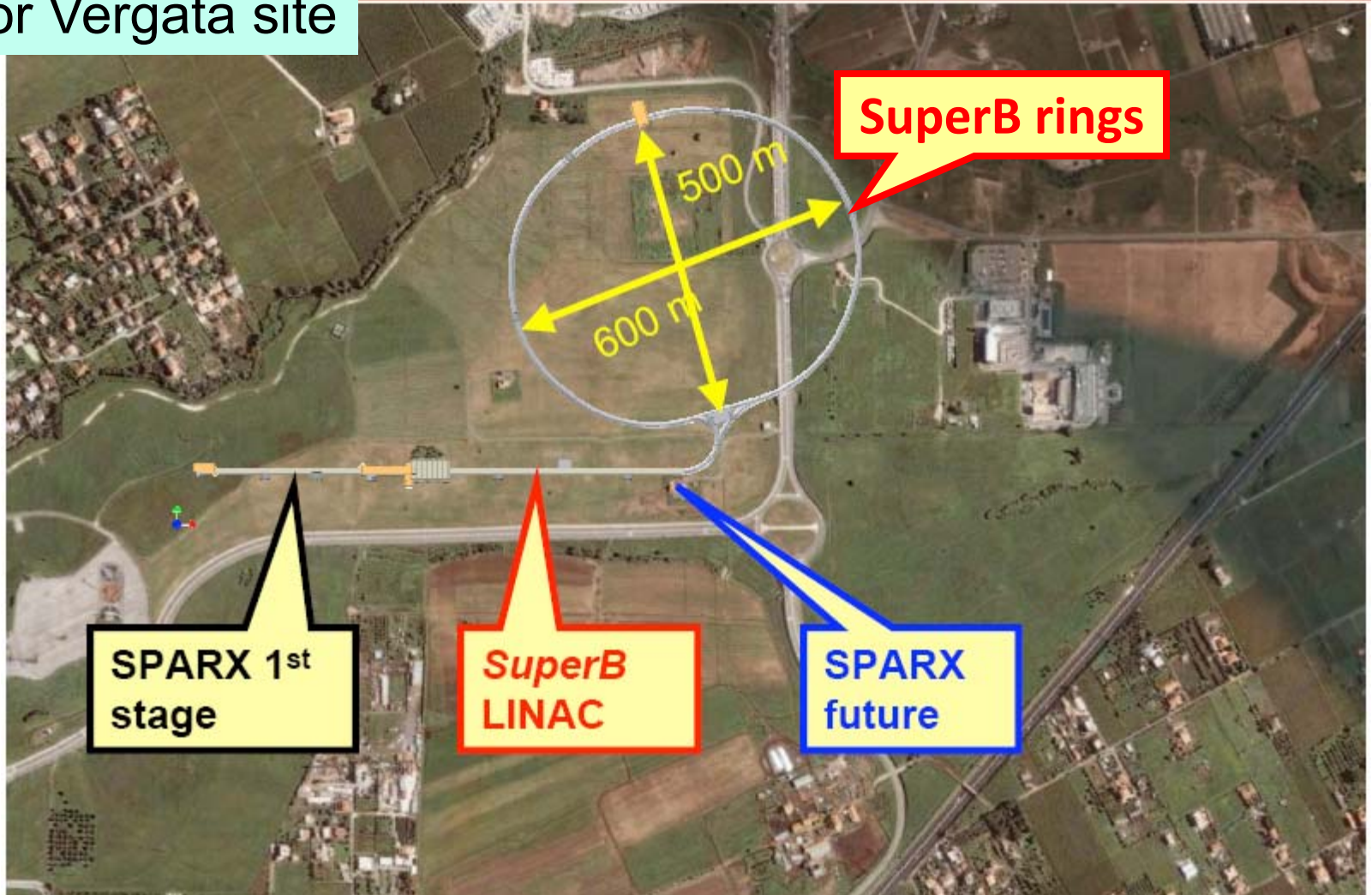
~6

“Realistic” baseline design done: $\sim 5 \times 10^{35}$

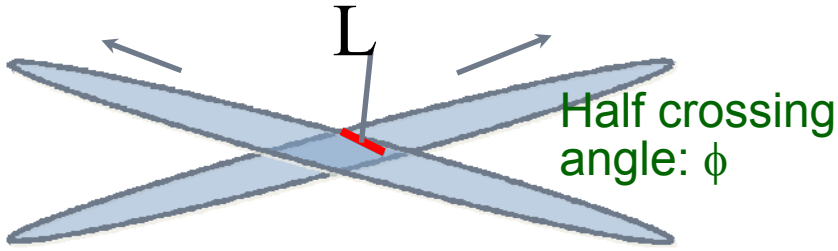
(KEKB, PEP-II exceeded design Lum. x 2~4 !)

SuperB (Italy)

Tor Vergata site



Nano-Beam Scheme

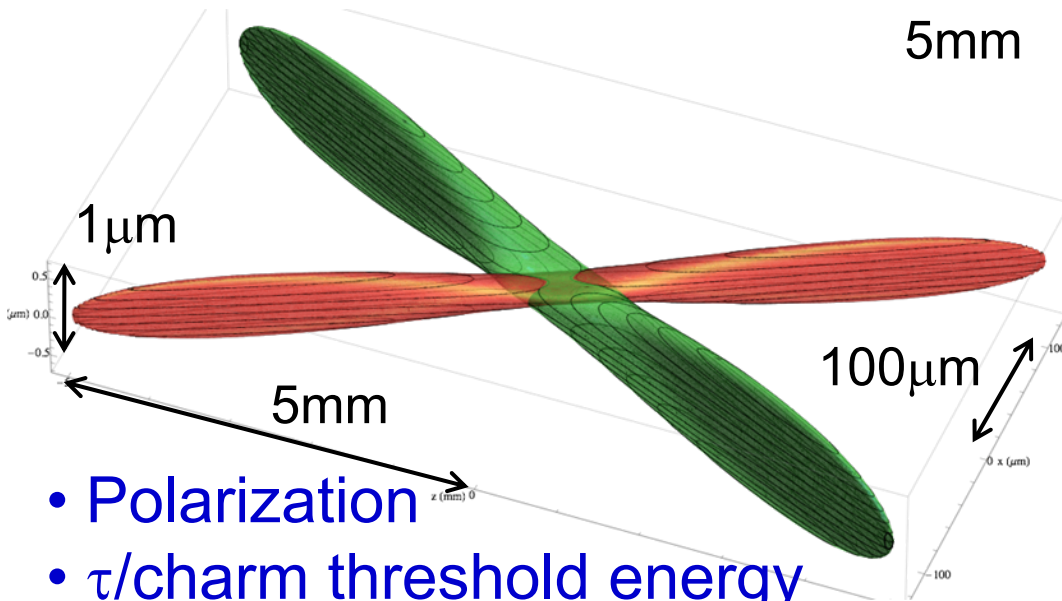
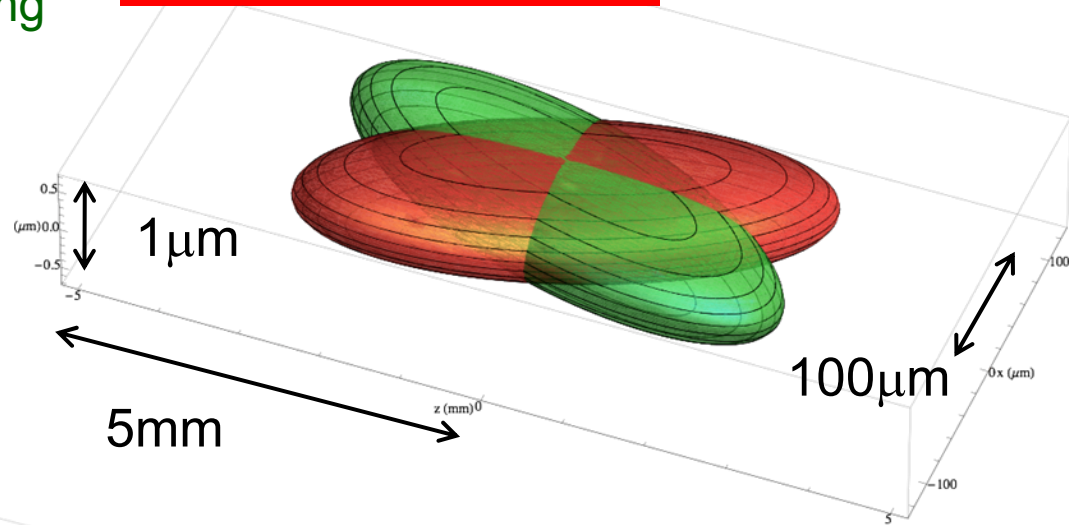


Hourglass condition:

$$\beta_y^* > \sim L = \sigma_x / \phi$$

SuperB

present KEKB (w/o crab)



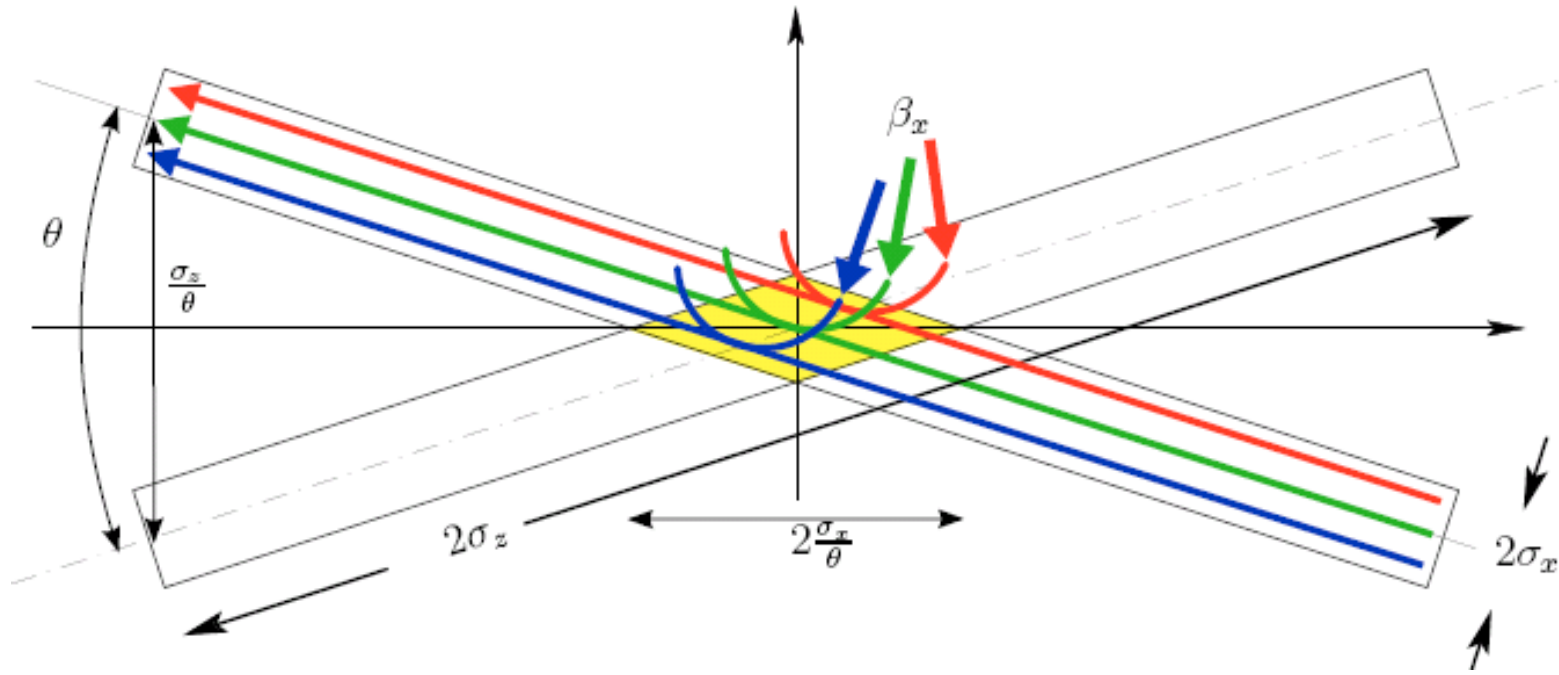
- Polarization
- τ /charm threshold energy

$$L = \frac{\gamma_{\pm}}{2er_e} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*} \right) \frac{I_{\pm} \xi_{\pm y}}{\beta_y^*} \left(\frac{R_L}{R_y} \right)$$

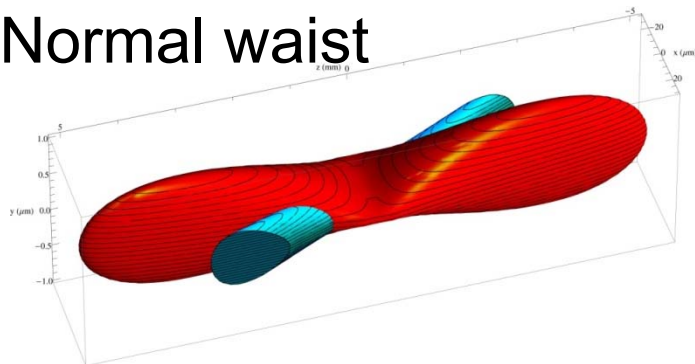


$$L = \frac{N_+ N_- f}{4\pi\sigma_x^* \sigma_y^*} R_L$$

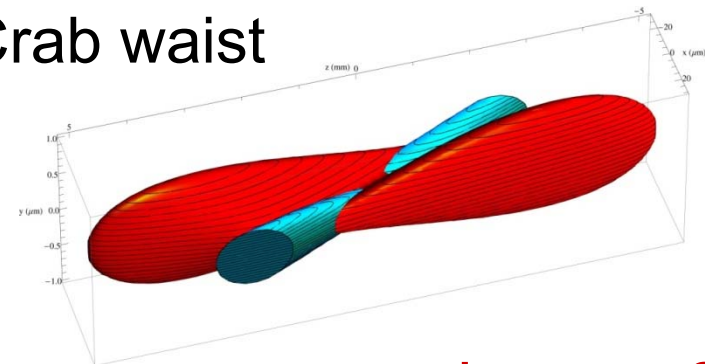
Crab Waist (P.Raimondi)



Normal waist



Crab waist



All particles from both beams collide in the minimum β_y region : $L_{um} \sim x^2$

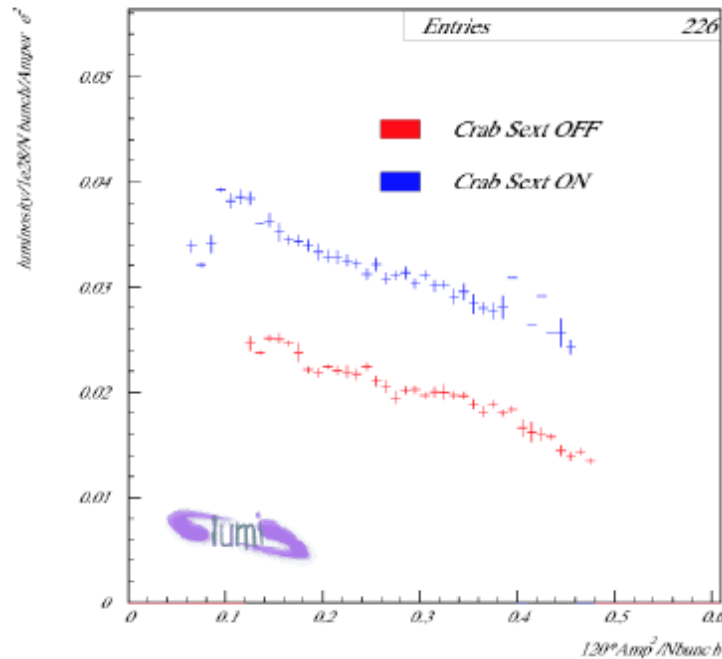
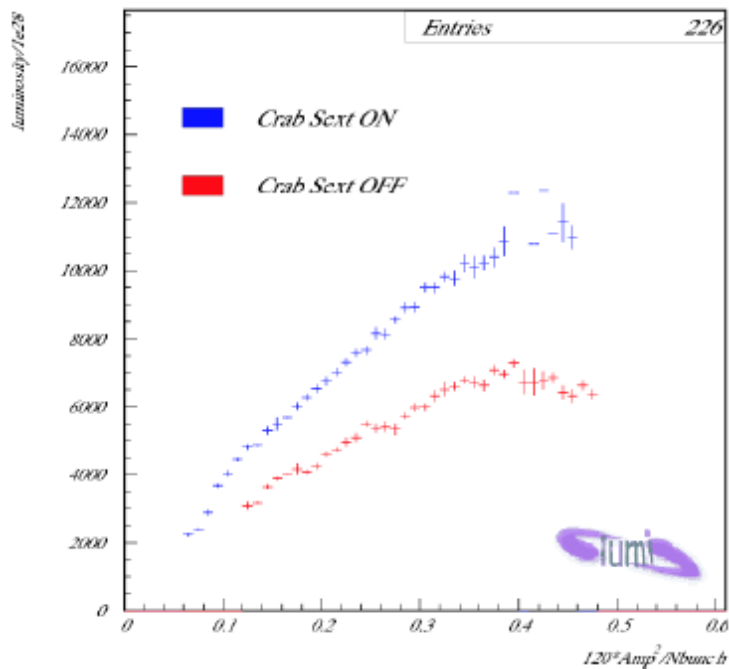
DAFNE Crab Waist Test

Luminosity, crab ON/OFF

Luminosity

95 Bunches

Specific Luminosity



$$L_{sp} = \frac{N_b L_{peak}}{I^+ I^-} [cm^{-2} s^{-1} / A^2]$$

SuperB: design updates



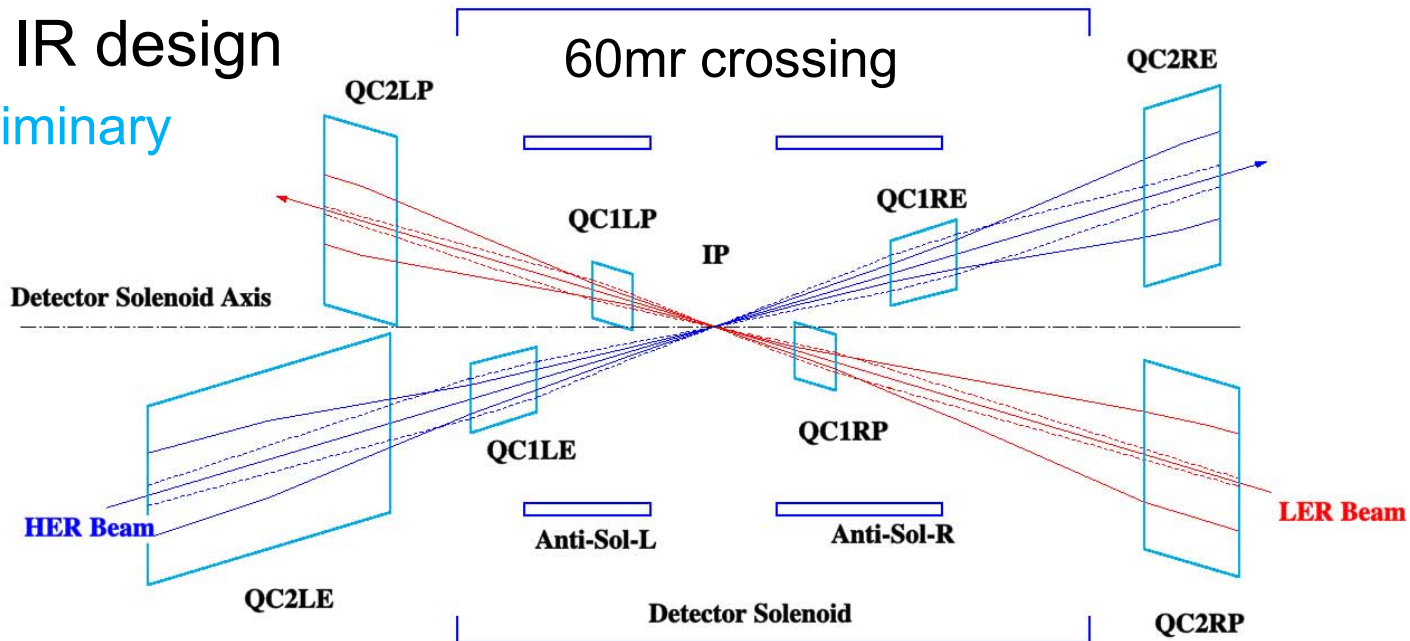
LER/HER	Unit	June 2008	Jan. 2009	$2N_b, I_b/\sqrt{2}$	$4\epsilon_y, 2N_b$
E+/E-	GeV	4/7	4/7	4/7	4/7
L	$\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$	1×10^{36}	1×10^{36}	1×10^{36}	1×10^{36}
I+/I-	Amp	1.85 /1.85	2.00/2.00	2.82/2.82	4.00/4.00
N_{part}	$\times 10^{10}$	5.55 /5.55	6/6	4.23/4.23	6/6
N_{bun}		1250	1250	2500	2500
I_{bunch}	mA	1.48	1.6	1.13	1.6
$\theta/2$	mrاد	25	30	30	30
β_x^*	mm	35/20	35/20	35/20	35/20
β_y^*	mm	0.22 /0.39	0.21 /0.37	0.21 /0.37	0.21 /0.37
ϵ_x	nm	2.8/1.6	2.8/1.6	2.8/1.6	2.8/1.6
ϵ_y	pm	7/4	7/4	7/4	28/16
σ_x	μm	9.9/5.7	9.9/5.7	9.9/5.7	9.9/5.7
σ_y	nm	39/39	38/38	38/38	77/77
σ_z	mm	5/5	5/5	5/5	5/5
ξ_x	X tune shift	0.007/0.002	0.005/0.0017	0.005/0.0017	0.005/0.0017
ξ_y	Y tune shift	0.14 /0.14	0.125/0.126	0.125/0.126	0.062/0.063
RF stations	LER/HER	5/6	5/6	5/8	7/11
RF wall plug power	MW	16.2	18	25.5	39.3

Biagini

SuperKEKB: Nano-Beam Opt.

Started design study : Major components are common
Change: IR components, Bending magnets

New IR design
preliminary



Decision in 2009 fall

Low ε is already achieved
in LC R&D (KEK ATF)

Comparison of Parameters

	KEKB Design	KEKB Achieved ((): with crab)	SuperKEKB High-Current Option	SuperKEKB Nano-Beam Option
β_y^* (mm)(LER/HER)	10/10	6.5/5.9 (5.9/5.9)	3/6	0.21/0.37
ε_x (nm)	18/18	18/24	24/18	2.8/1.6
σ_y (μm)	1.9	1.1 (0.84)	0.85/0.73	0.070/0.052
ξ_y	0.052	0.108/0.056 (0.120/0.089)	0.3/0.51	0.07/0.07
σ_z (mm)	4	~ 7	5(LER)/3(HER)	6
I_{beam} (A)	2.6/1.1	1.8/1.45 (1.60/1.13)	9.4/4.1	3.70/2.13
N_{bunches}	5000	1387 (1585)	5000	2778
Luminosity ($10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$)	1	1.76 (1.96)	53	80

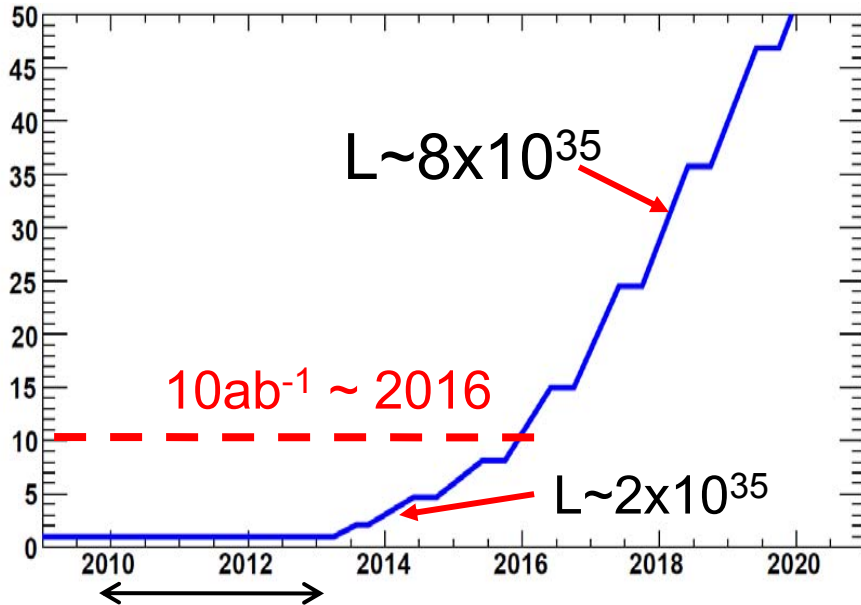
High Current Option includes crab crossing and travelling focus.
Nano-Beam Option does not include crab waist.

under study

Luminosity Prospect



50ab⁻¹ by ~2020

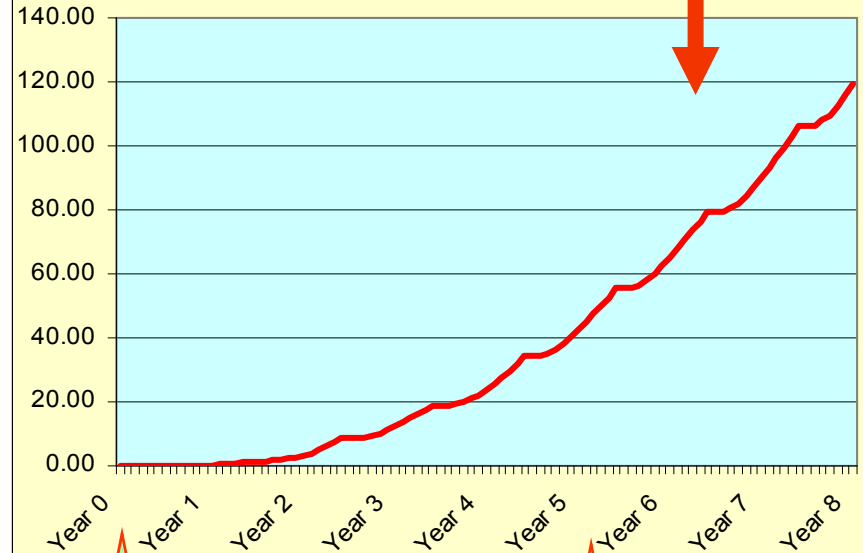


3year shutdown
for upgrade



>80ab⁻¹ after 6 years

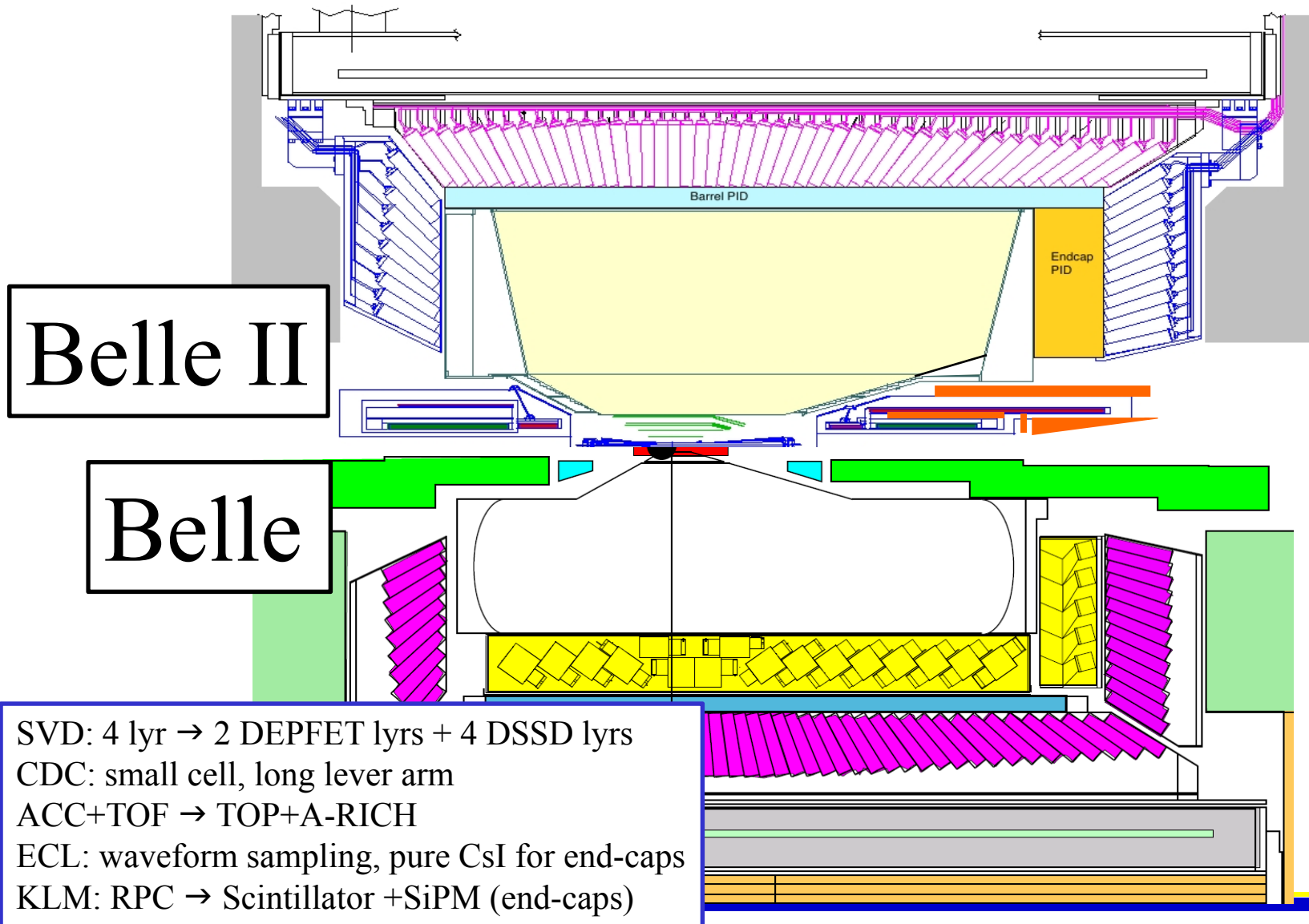
Integrated Luminosity(1/ab)



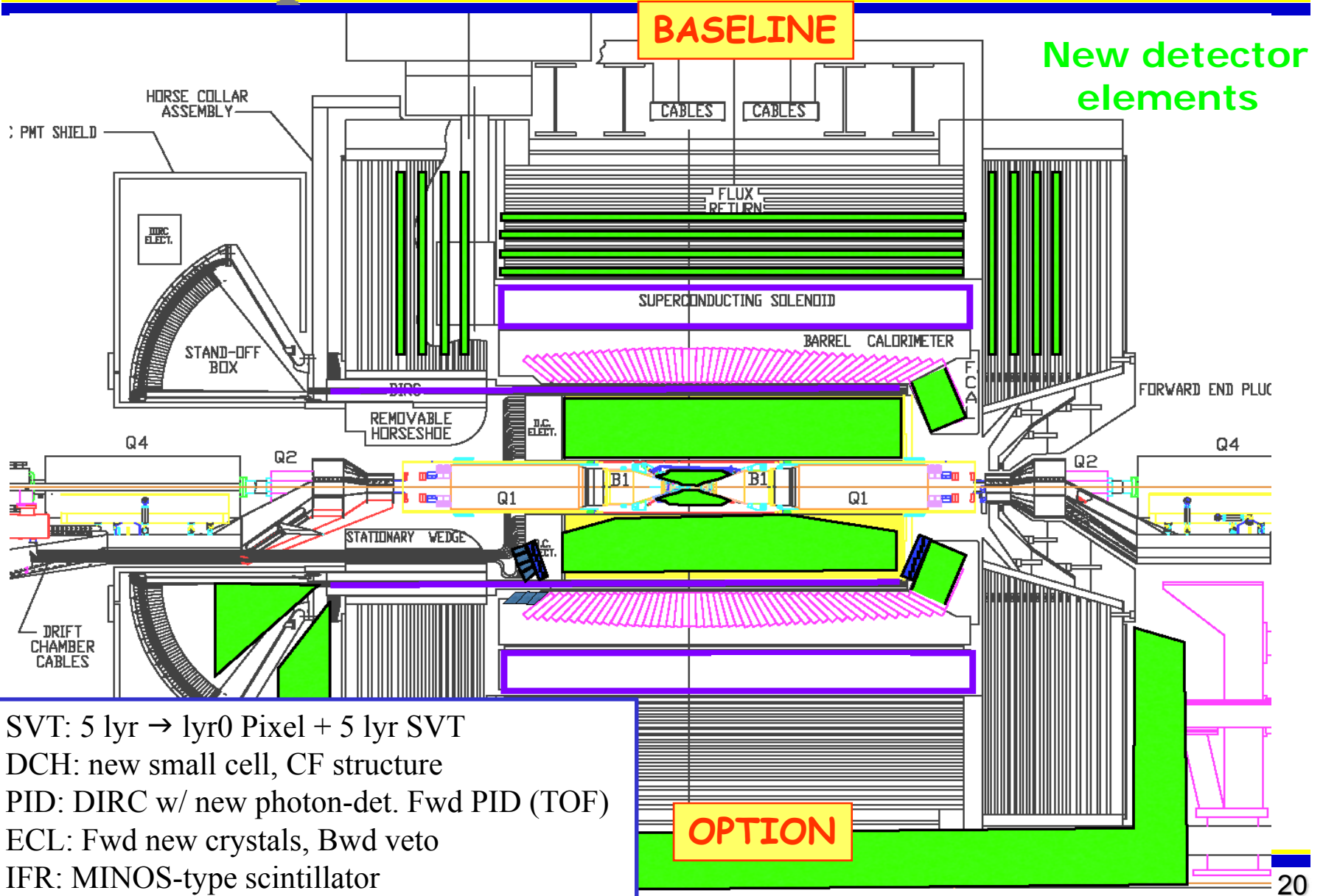
2015?

2020?

SuperKEKB Baseline Detector



SuperB: Baseline Detector



SVT: 5 yr → 1yr0 Pixel + 5 yr SVT
 DCH: new small cell, CF structure
 PID: DIRC w/ new photon-det. Fwd PID (TOF)
 ECL: Fwd new crystals, Bwd veto
 IFR: MINOS-type scintillator



Progress / Plan

2007.09: CDR; 320 signatures, ~85 institutes

2008.06: Mini MAC formed (Chair: J.Dorfan)

↓ recommendation

2008.12: TDR phase was approved by INFN
15M € /3 years (2009-2011)

Management structure formed

Director: M.Georgi

Deputies: D.Hitlin, D.Leith, G.Wormser

Accelerator: J.Seeman

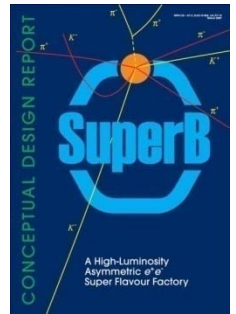
Detector: F.Forti, B.Ratcliff

TDR ready by end of 2010

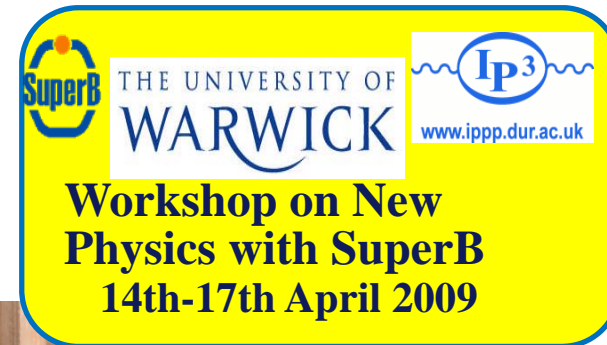
2009.04: 2nd MAC:

further endorsement

2009.06: General Meetnig



arXiv:0709.0451



Progress / Plan

2004.06: Lol for SuperKEKB

2008.01: KEK Roadmap

SuperKEKB is identified as high priority

2008.12: **New collaboration (Belle II) formed officially**

13 countries, 43 institutes

Spokesperson selection in progress

2009.03: BPAC (Chair: T.Nakada) **endorsement**

2009.03: **FY2008/9 supplemental budget:**

~5M\$ for Belle II upgrade

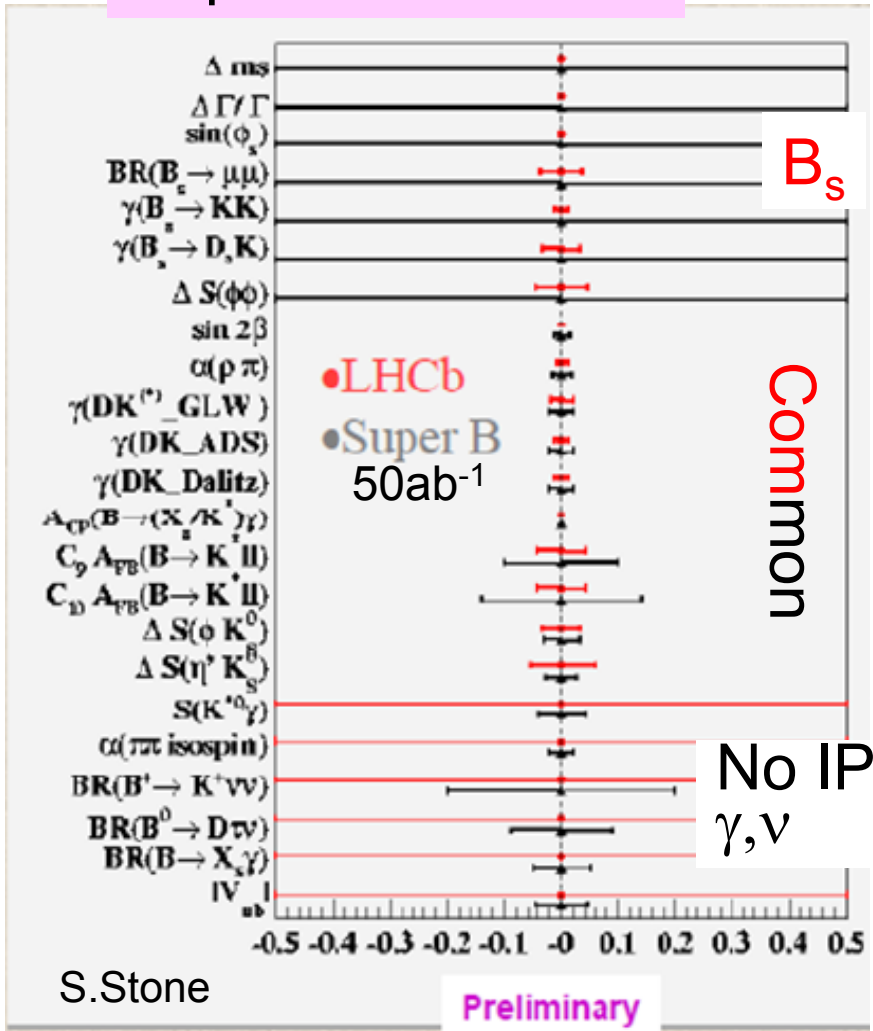
2009.05: ~27M\$ for KEKB upgrade R&D

2009.07: 3rd Open Belle II
collab. meetnig



Complementary with LHC

Super BF vs LHCb



NP Flavor couplings

$$(m_q^2)_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} m_{11}^2 & m_{12}^2 & m_{13}^2 \\ m_{21}^2 & m_{22}^2 & m_{23}^2 \\ m_{31}^2 & m_{32}^2 & m_{33}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

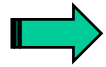
Diagonal: Energy frontier
(LHC, ILC)

Off-diagonal: Lum. Frontier
(Super BF, LHCb)

- Settle NP models
- Search higher scale NP

Summary

- Excellent performances of B-factories
- Successful Physics Results + Need/Hints of NP



Super B-factories: $L \sim 10^{36}$, $>50 \text{ ab}^{-1}$ data
Complementary to LHC(b)

Two Super B-factory projects are going on

SuperB(Italy): Nano-beam (low emittance)
Crab-waist tested at DAFNE
INFN fund for TRD phase → management structure

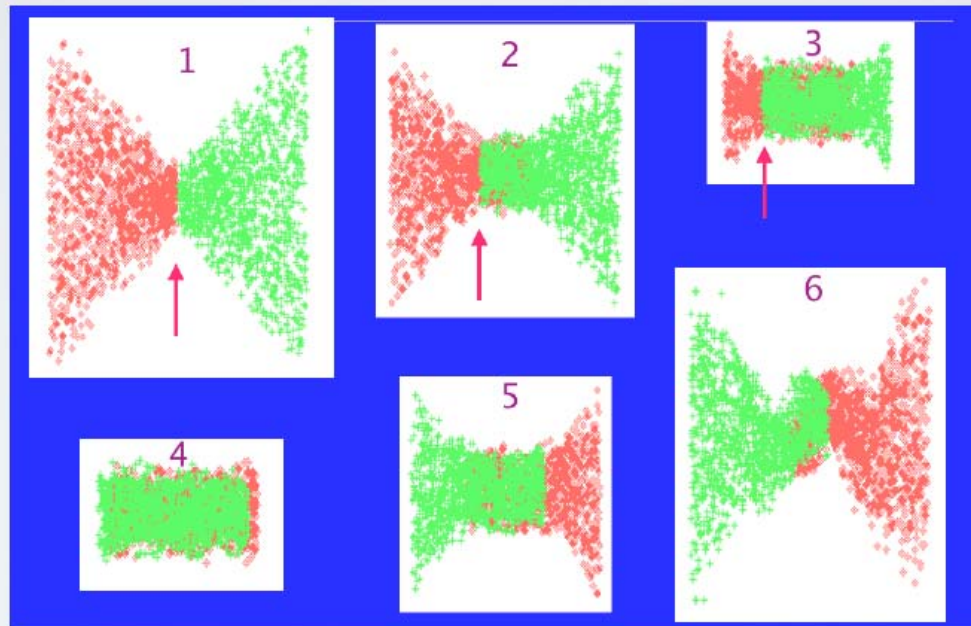
SuperKEKB(Japan): High current (baseline ~done)
→ Nano-beam option design: decision in Fall
“Belle II” collaboration formed
Upgrade construction partially funded

Welcome to join !

Backup

Traveling waist(focus) scheme

- Known technique for a linear collider (Balakin, et al).
- Move vertical waist backward along z.



N.Walker

- Two crab cavities, each sits in the middle of -1 pair of sextupoles, are necessary for a ring.
- Very hard to accommodate them in the HER.

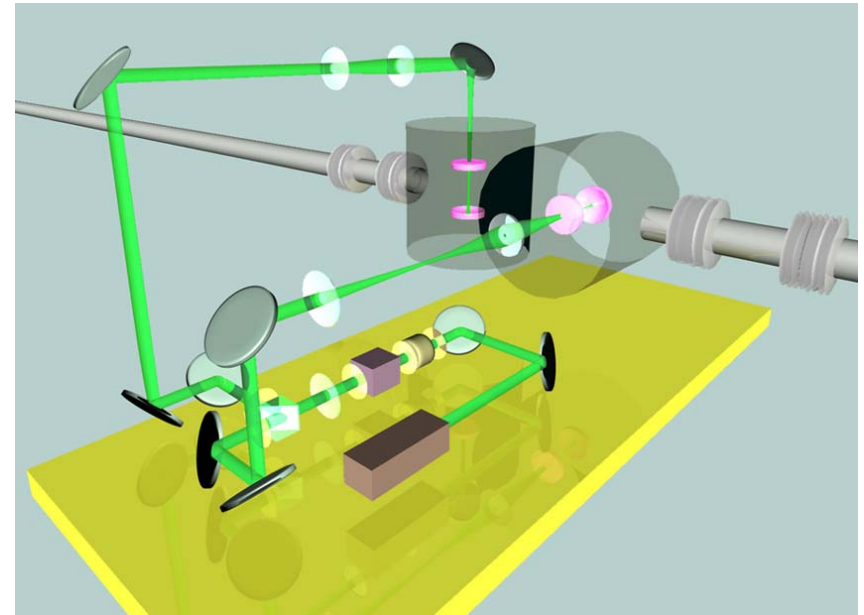
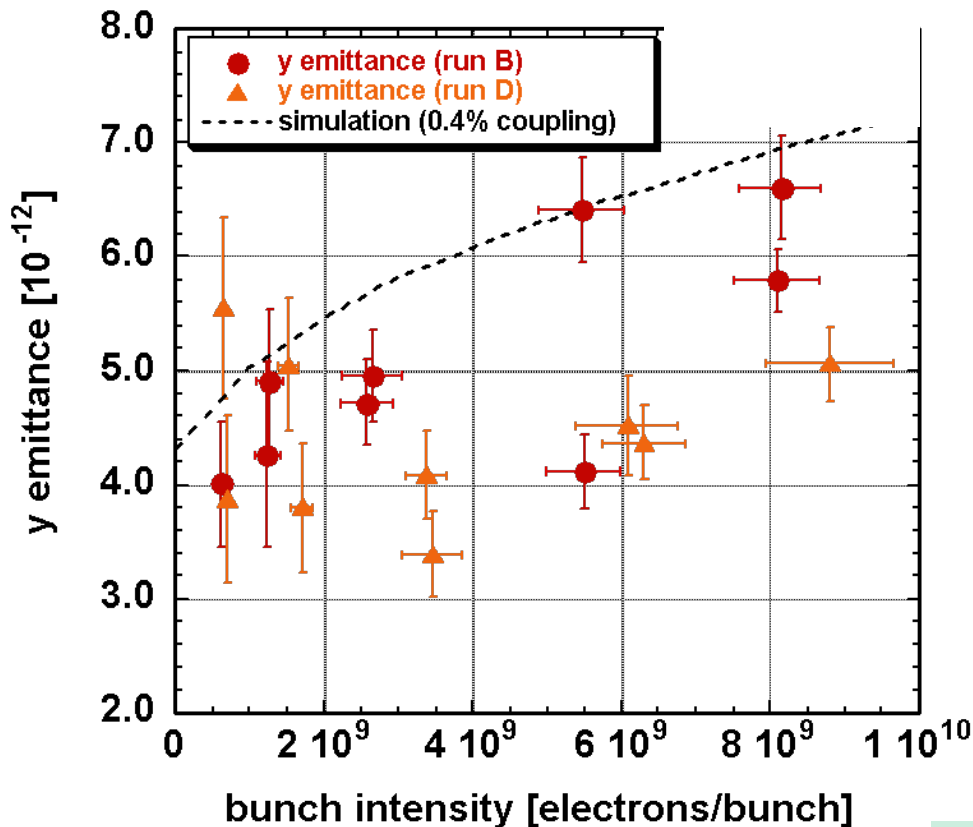
KEK ATF: Low ϵ achievement

Linear collider R&D

$\epsilon_y \sim 4 \text{ pm}$

Laser wire beam size monitor

Vertical Emittance



**300mW 532nm Solid-state Laser
Fed into optical cavity**

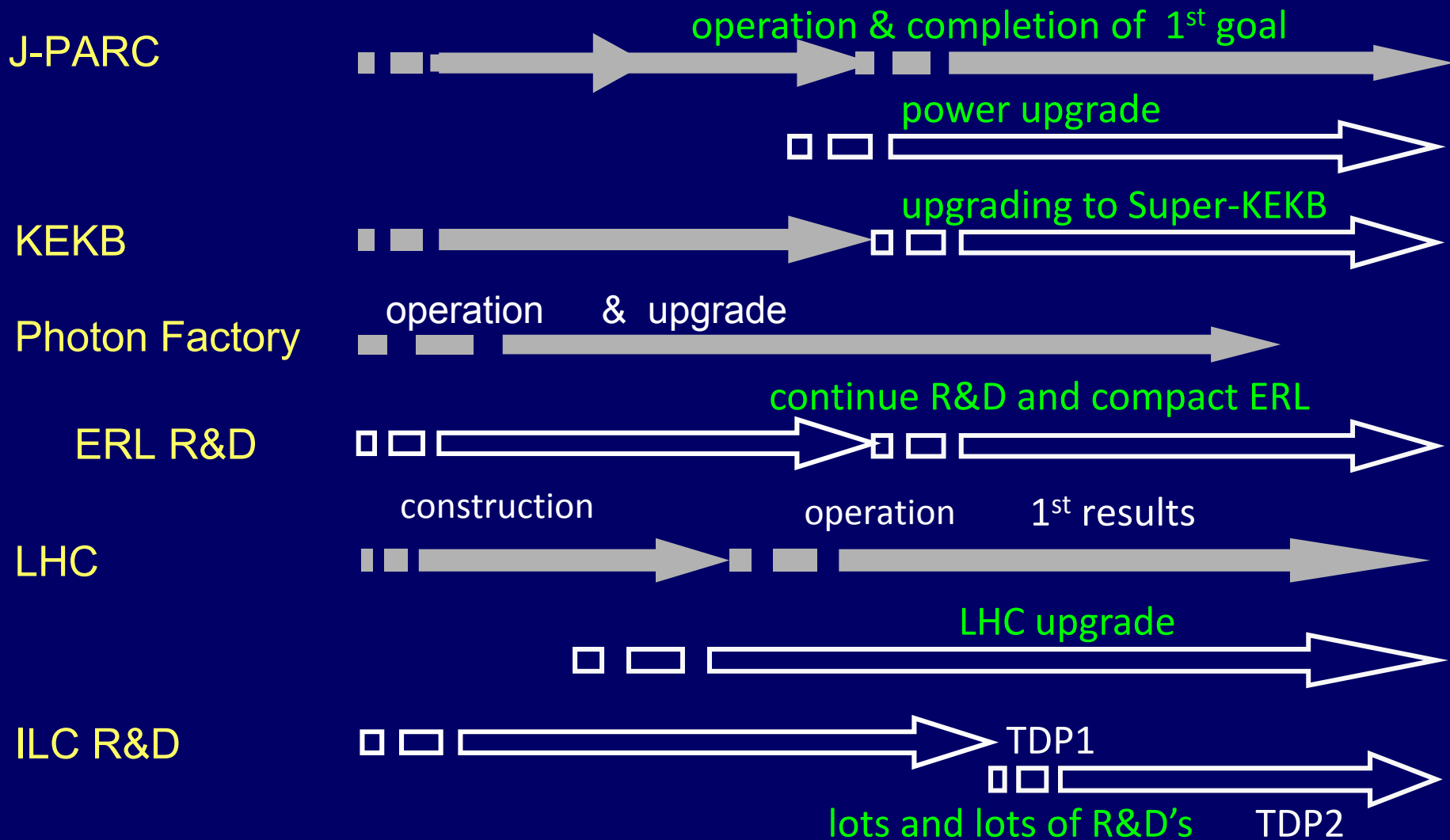
Position resolution: $2\mu\text{m}$

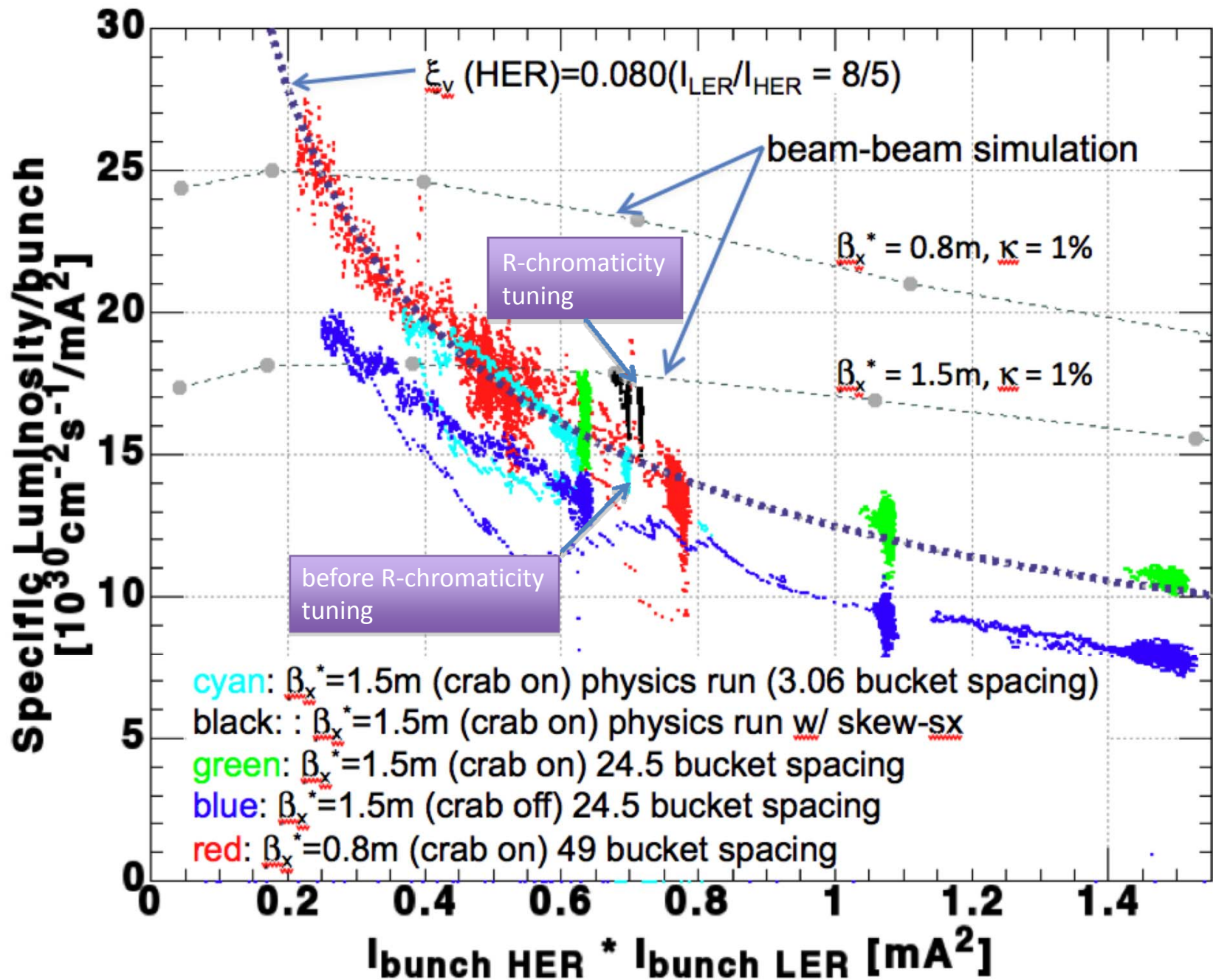
PRL 92, 054082 (2004)

Summary of KEK Roadmap

(A.Suzuki)

2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012

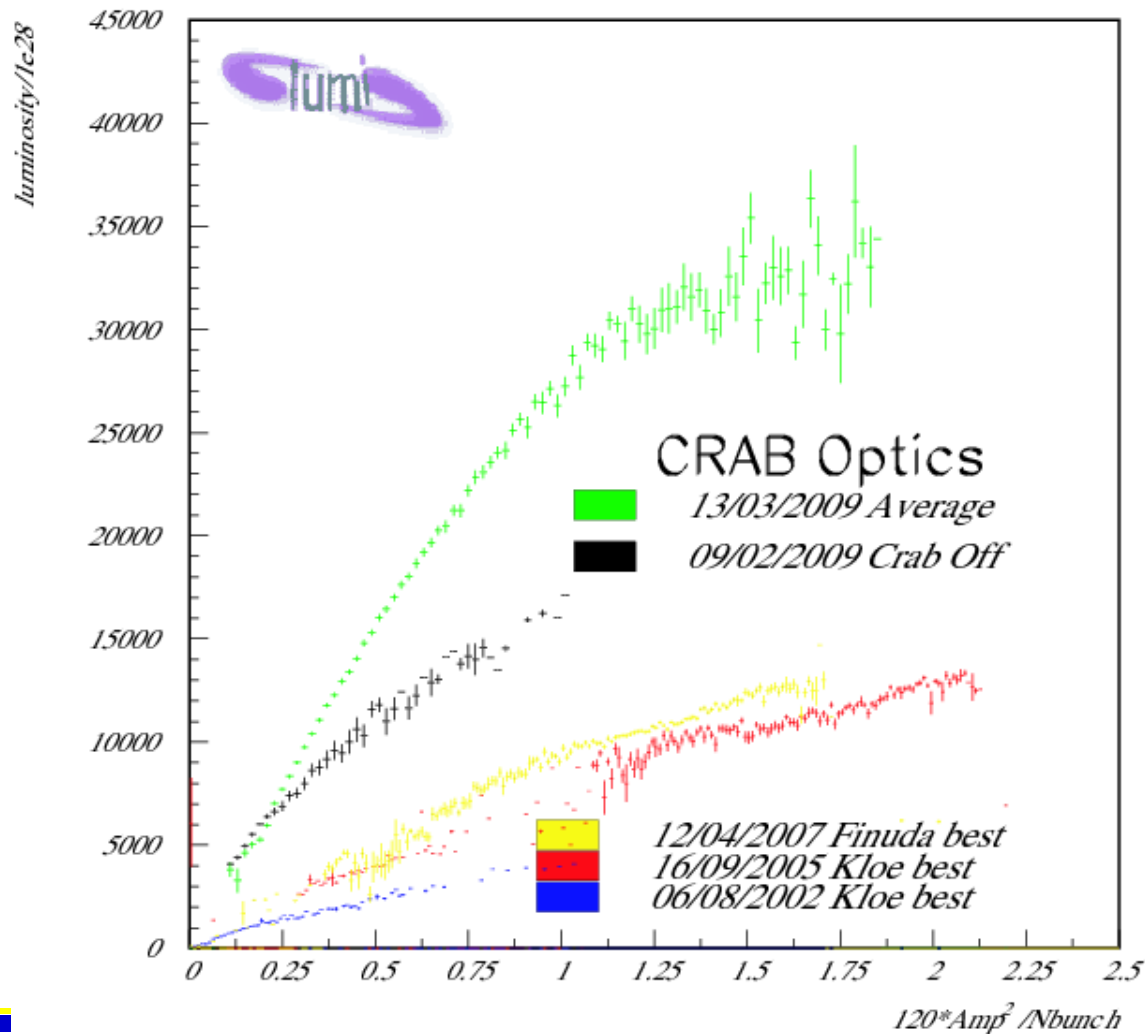


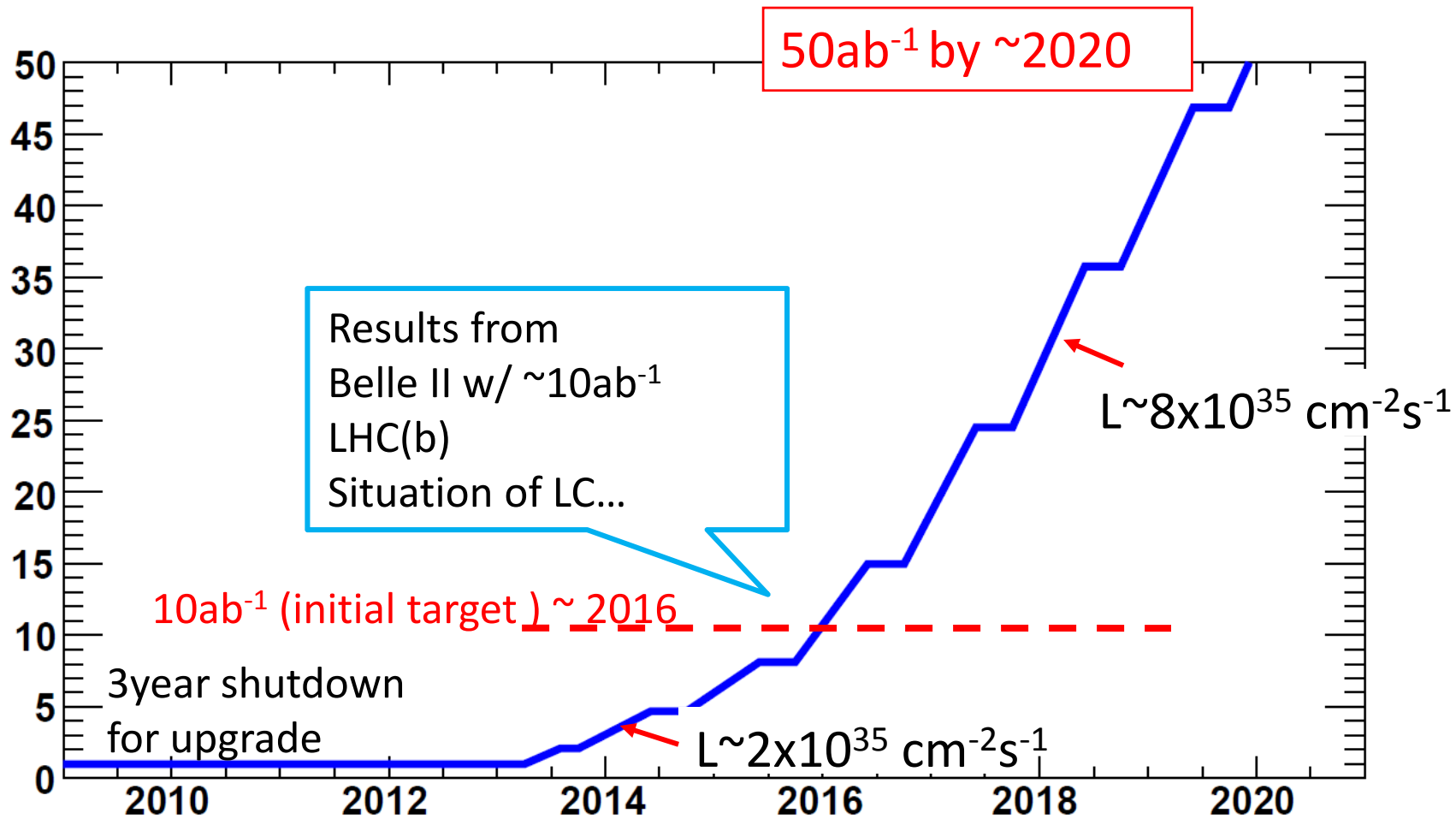


Proof of Crab Waist principle in Dafne



Luminosity vs Current Product





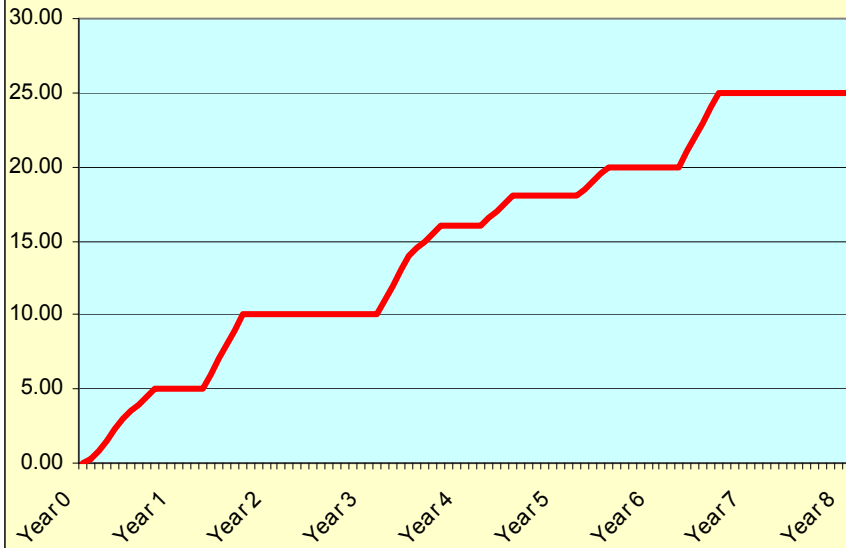
With 7th year integrated Luminosity can grow at rate of $\sim 40 \div 60 \text{ ab}^{-1}/\text{year}$



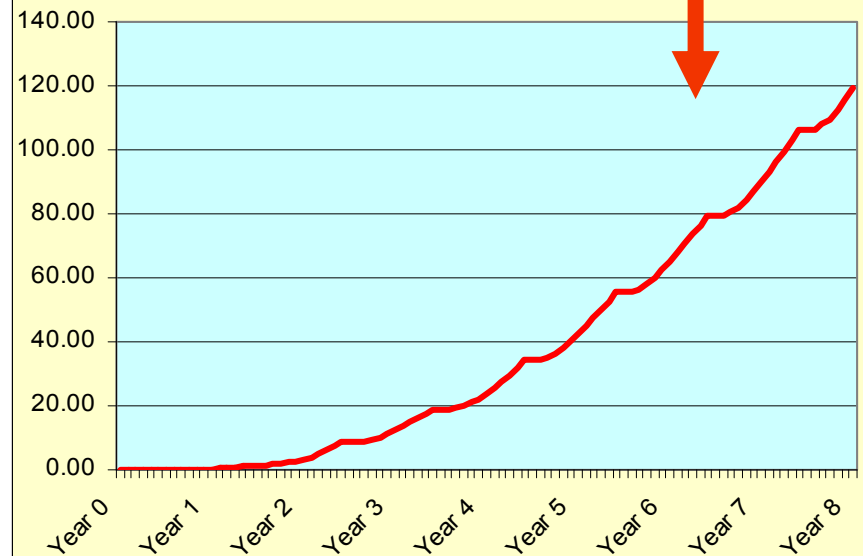
expectation

>80ab⁻¹ after 6 years

Peak Luminosity (10^{35})



Integrated Luminosity ($1/\text{ab}$)



With more money a second interaction can be included in SuperB, without compromising on Luminosity!

2015?

April 23rd-24th :second meeting of the SuperB Machine Advisory Committee in Frascati

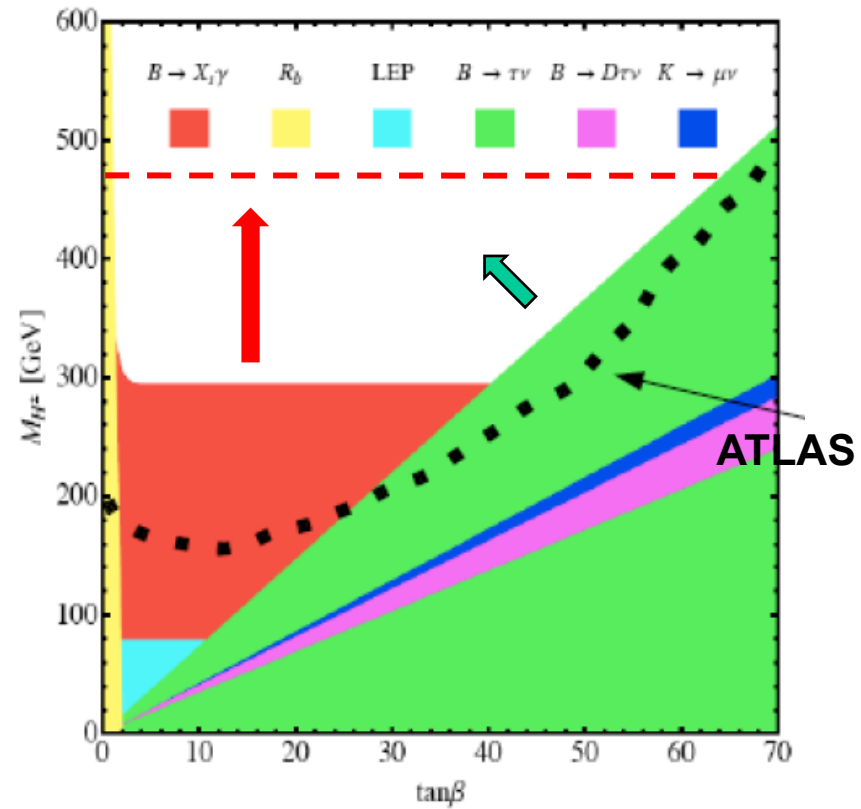
(chaired by J. Dorfan) composed by well known international machine experts.

Outcome of the meeting :

“MAC now feels secure in enthusiastically encouraging the SuperB design team to proceed to the TDR phase, with confidence that the design parameters are achievable”.

This result recognizes the validity of the novel beam-beam technology called “crab-waist” developed in the INFN Frascati National Lab and successfully tested by an international team at the Dafne collider during 2008.

H^\pm Even current constraints are competitive



U. Haisch arXiv:0805.2141 [hep-ph]
(presented at FPCP 2008)

KEK Roadmap

