

Top Physics @FCC-ee

Freya Blekman – IIHE, Vrije Universiteit Brussel (BE)

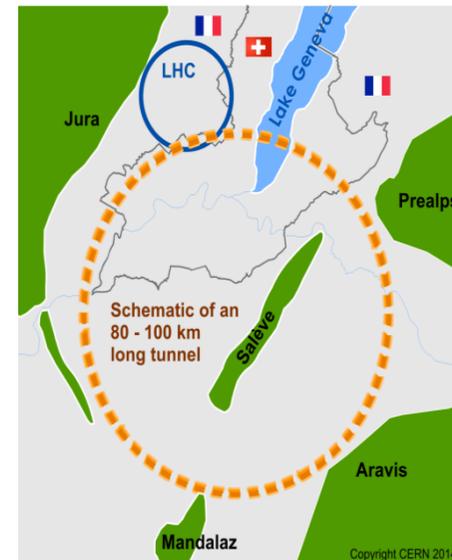
and

Patrizia Azzi - INFN Padova (IT)



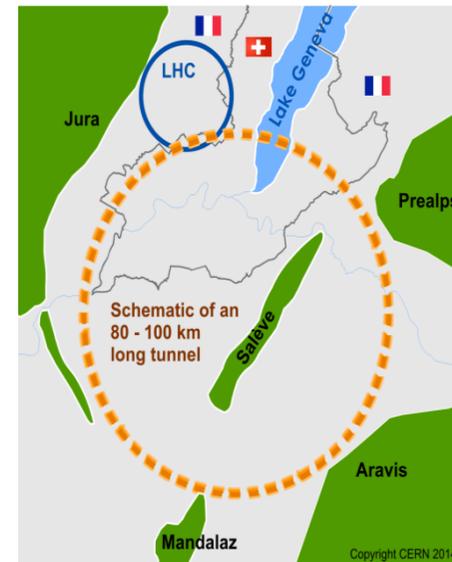
FCC-ee: Introduction

- High-luminosity **ee circular collider** proposed in new 80-100 km tunnel near CERN
- **Flexible** centre-of-mass-energy from **90 to 400 GeV**
- Schedule (and physics) **complementary** and in synergy with FCC-hh (pp @ 100 TeV)



FCC-ee: Introduction

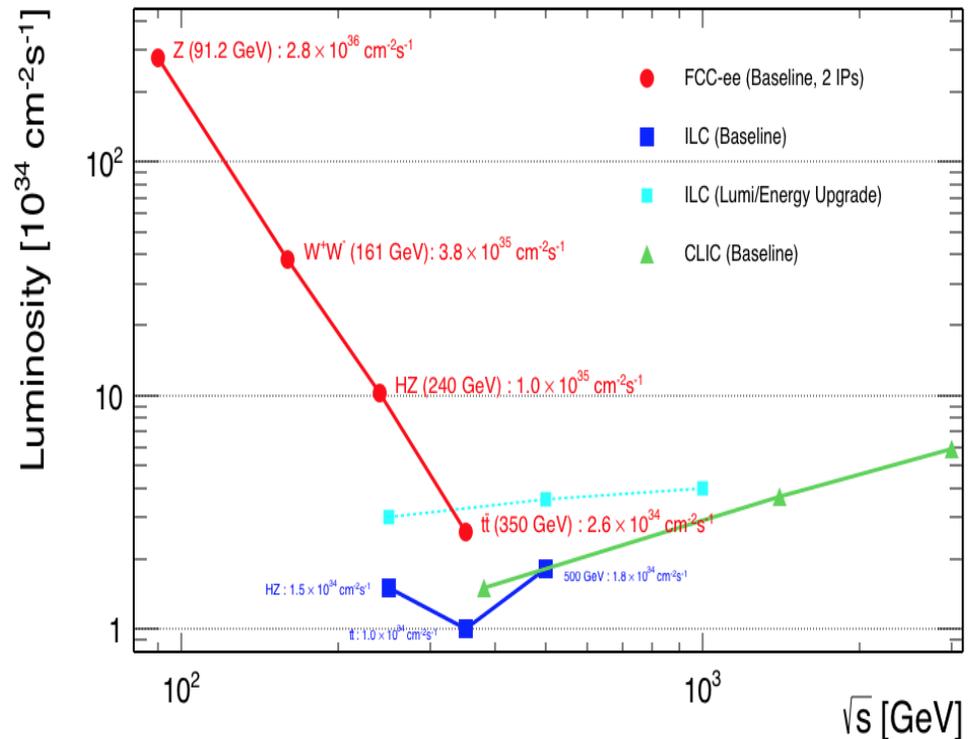
- Explore energy scales to at **least 10 TeV**
 - With precision measurements, 20-50 fold improvement on many SM parameters such as
 - m_Z m_W m_{top} $\sin^2\theta_W^{\text{eff}}$ R_B , α_{QED} α_s , top and Higgs couplings
- Potential to directly or indirectly **discover** BSM physics
 - Understand BSM through quantum effects in loops
 - DM as invisible decay of H as Higgs factory
 - FCNC in Z and $t\bar{t}$, flavour physics
 - Very diverse exotica programme



Disclaimer for ee-collider audience:
Obviously, the majority of these arguments hold for any ee-machine

Top physics at the FCC-ee

- The strength of the FCC-ee program:
 - span several centre-of-mass energies: **from Tera-Z to 350 GeV**
 - Using separate e+ and e- storage rings and target $\beta^*\gamma \sim 1-2$ mm means high luminosity at all energies
- Where/when does **top** physics come in the program?



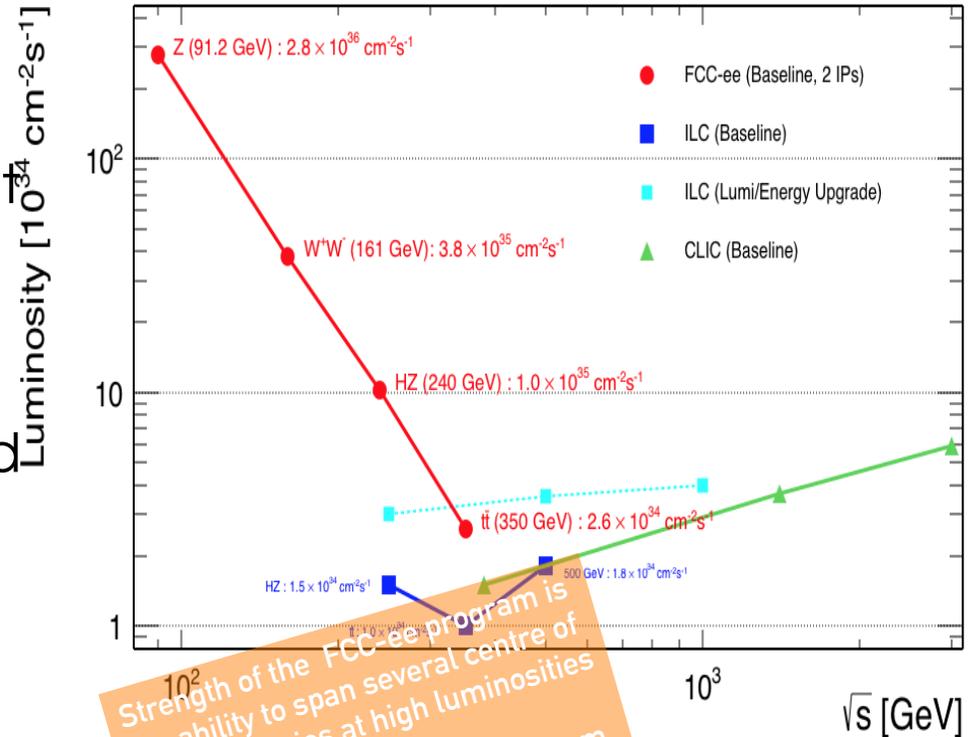
See: arXiv:1308.6176

Physics meetings public:

<https://indico.cern.ch/category/5259>

Top physics at the FCC-ee

- @350 GeV & just above threshold @370 GeV:
- Dedicated run of $\sim 1.5 \text{ ab}^{-1}$ at and around $t\bar{t}$ threshold @350 GeV « Mega-Top »
- 0.2 ab^{-1} for mass measurement from threshold scan
- higher energy runs for top coupling measurement ($t\bar{t}Z, t\bar{t}\gamma, t\bar{t}H$)
- **Single top quark** sample: by product of 240 GeV run (5 ab^{-1})
 - at H+Z mass



Strength of the FCC-ee program is the ability to span several centre of mass energies at high luminosities
 Top physics comes in the program in several places

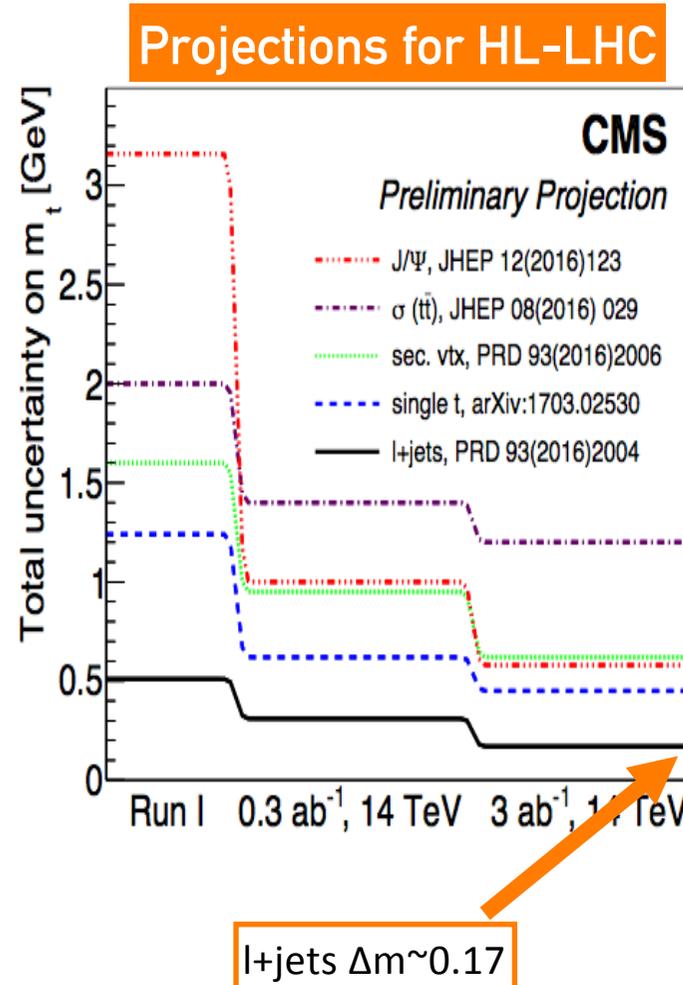
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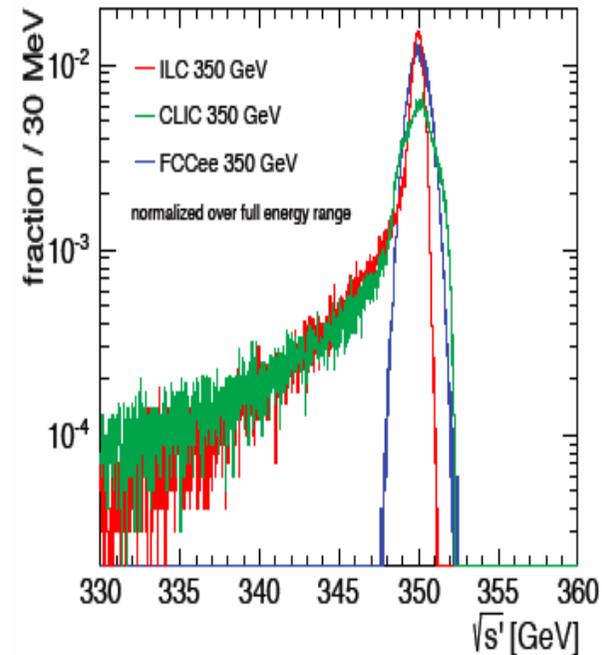
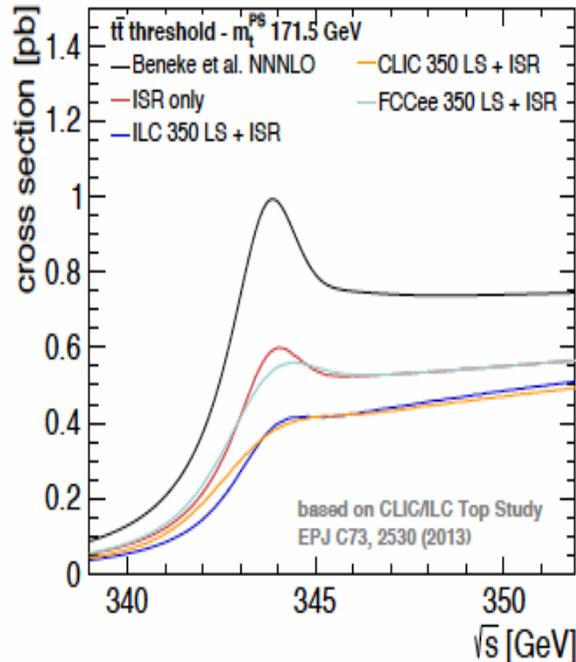
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Top Mass measurement

- Methods for top mass reconstruction are characterized by different experimental and theoretical issues and uncertainties:
 - Reconstructed mass: fit to the decay products
 - Most precise way (for now) at hadron colliders. Well defined experimentally, not so well theoretically.
 - New HL-LHC extrapolation ~ 0.17 in $l+jets$
 - at lepton collider could obtain precision of $\sim 80\text{MeV}$ (CLIC study)
 - other methods considered for HL-LHC could reach $\sim 500\text{MeV}$ with different systematics.



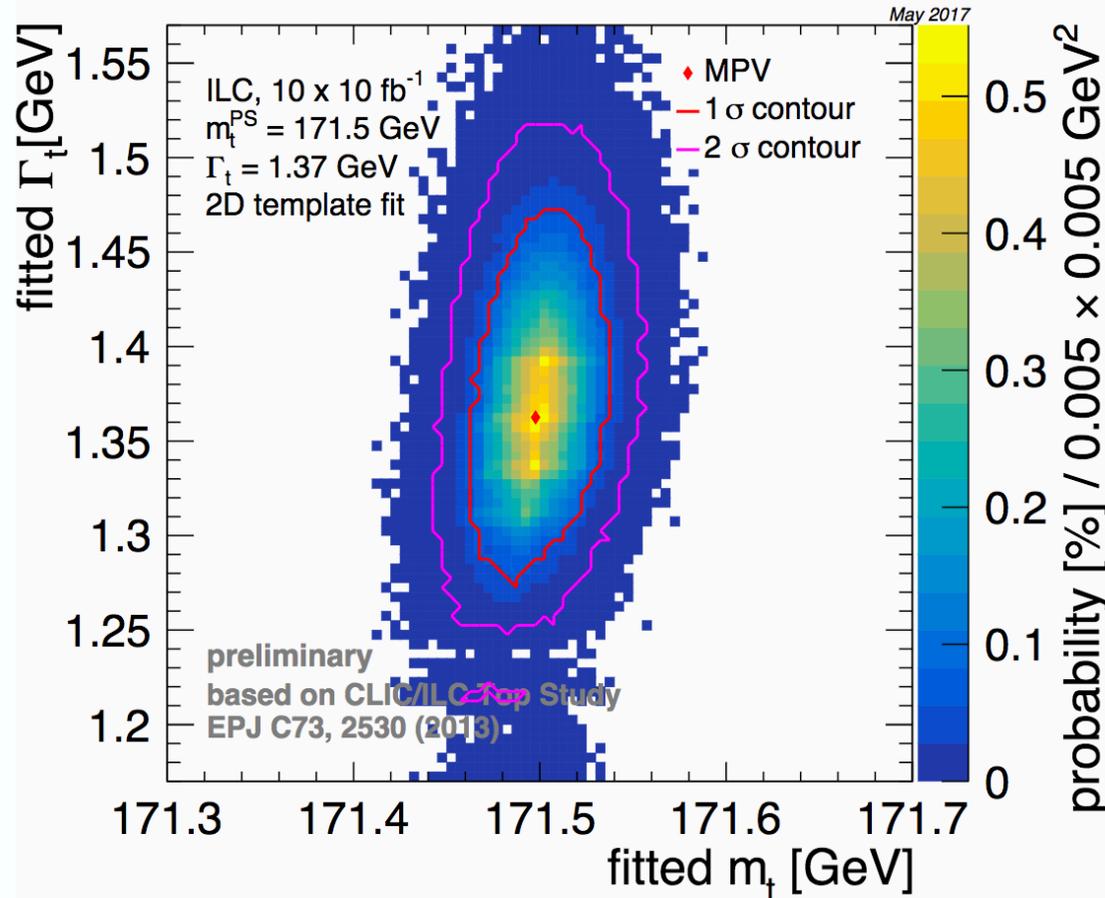
Top Mass measurement



- Cross section shape depends strongly on top quark mass, width, α_s and Y_t
 - Top mass can then be extracted directly with a threshold scan
- The threshold shape is affected by ISR and machine beam energy spread
 - The FCC-ee has very steep luminosity profile, enhancing size of top sample
 - **corresponds to about a 20% improvement in statistics compared to ILC**

From F. Simon's excellent talk on Wednesday

Mass & Width: 2D Template Fit ILC, CLIC, FCCee

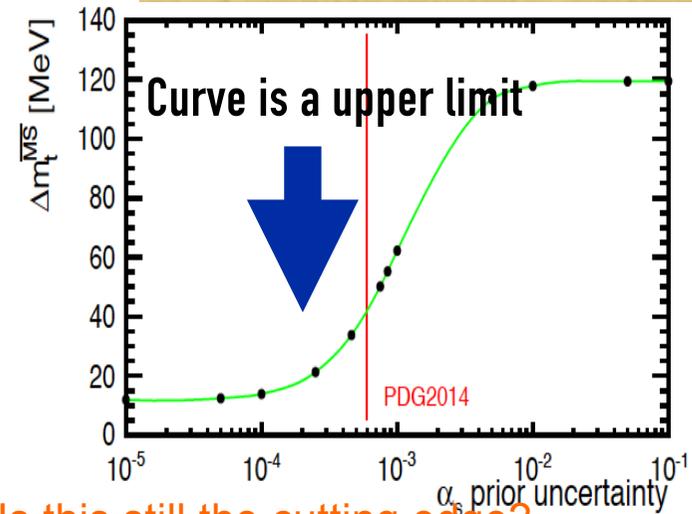


- 1D mass resolution (assuming def. Γ_t)
18 MeV (ILC)
21 MeV (CLIC)
16 MeV (FCCee)
- 1D width resolution (assuming def. m_t)
43 MeV (ILC)
51 MeV (CLIC)
37 MeV (FCCee)
- Extension of 1σ contour:
 $m_t +39 -35 \text{ MeV}$ (ILC)
 $\Gamma_t +90 -45 \text{ MeV}$ (ILC)
 $m_t +40 -45 \text{ MeV}$ (CLIC)
 $\Gamma_t +130 -95 \text{ MeV}$ (CLIC)
 $m_t +35 -30 \text{ MeV}$ (FCCee)
 $\Gamma_t +95 -65 \text{ MeV}$ (FCCee)

Mass measurement from threshold: α_s

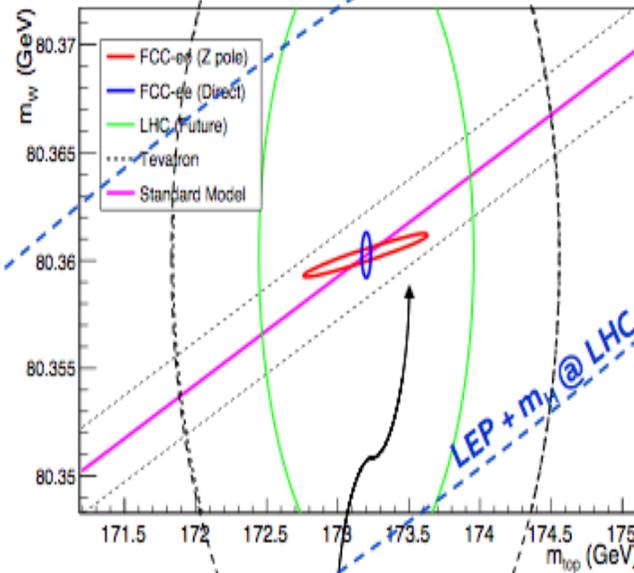
- Experimental Uncertainties:
 - Beam energy uncertainty of few MeV & beam energy spread: $\Delta m < 5 \text{ MeV}$
 - α_s : $\Delta \alpha_s (@\text{FCC}) \sim 0.0002 \rightarrow \Delta m < 20 \text{ MeV}$
- Theory uncertainties:
 - 1S/PS \rightarrow $\overline{\text{MS}}$ @ 4th loop: $\Delta m \sim 10 \text{ MeV}$
 - other scale uncertainties under study
- FCC-ee will measure α_s with unprecedented precision at Z pole and WW threshold runs: $\Delta \alpha_s < 0.0002$
 - **Improved α_s drastically improves correlations m_t , Γ_t and Y_t**

M. Perello', M. Vos (2015)



With 200 fb⁻¹ and a CLIC-style detector FCC-ee can measure the top quark mass with $\sim 10 \text{ MeV}$ statistical accuracy

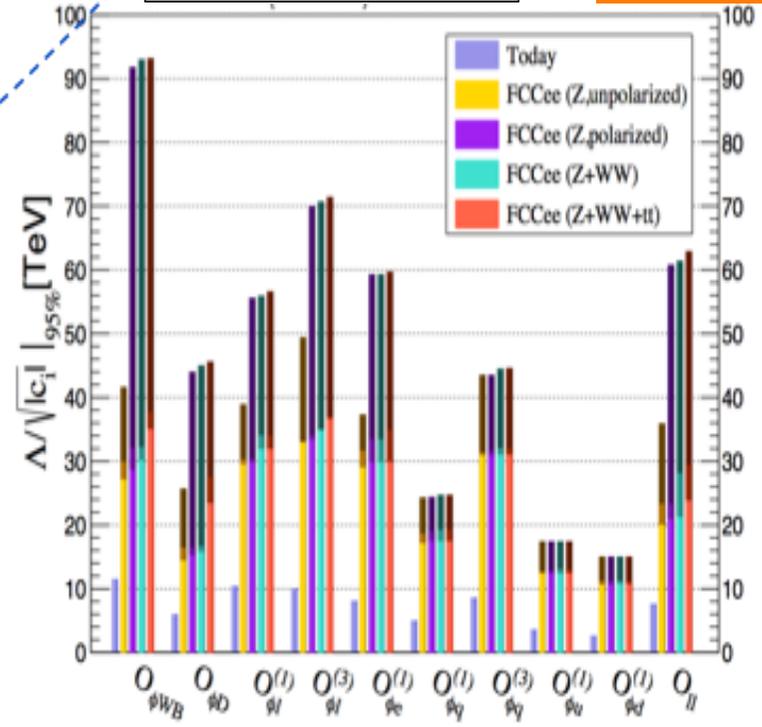
The electroweak fit in the top sector



Without $m_Z(\alpha_{QED})$ @ FCC-ee, the SM line would have a 2.6 (1.8) MeV width
FCC-ee sensitivity severely drops without POLARIZATION + STATISTICS (and improved theory calculations)

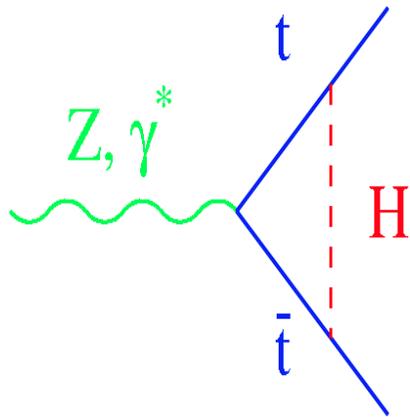
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i$$

de Blas



- Improvements in m_{top} , α_s , M_W at FCC-ee will improve understanding consistency SM in top-W-H radiative corrections
- Sensitivity for NP scale extended up to 100 TeV

Top yukawa coupling

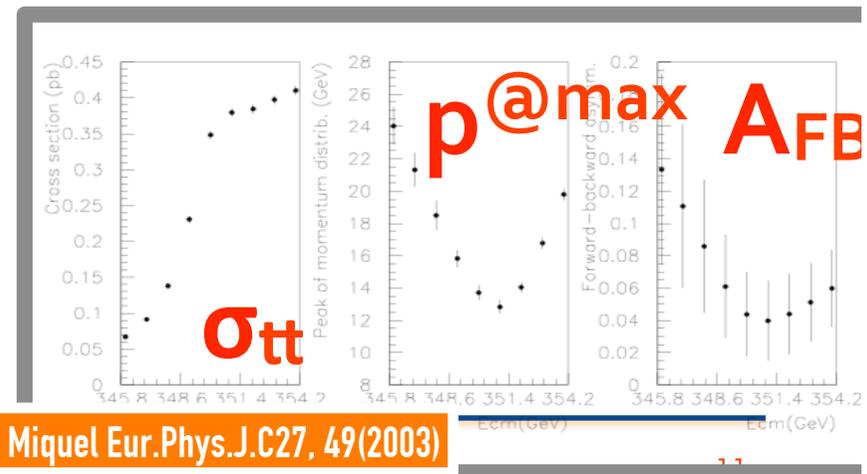


- The coupling between the top and Higgs is important SM test and only precision measurements will allow full understanding
- **The HL-LHC is expected to reach a precision of ~7-10%. Reaching the sub-% will be a job for FCChh!**
- At the FCC-ee the λ_{top} is accessible only indirectly: at threshold the virtual Higgs boson exchange that can give an effect up to 9% on the cross section
- **A new ILC study @350 GeV with $220\text{fb}^{-1}(\text{pol})$ finds $\Delta y/y \sim 4.2\%$ (stat)**
- optimistic, maybe, but it reopens the case for the indirect measurement
- **and the challenge to theory (now around 30%)**

Horiguchi, et al. arXiv:1310.0563

Fitting several variables such as σ , p_T , A_{fb} can be used to extract the top mass, the width and the Yukawa at the same time.

Expected reach of $\Delta\Gamma \sim 20$ MeV for FCC-ee, will need to be reevaluated.

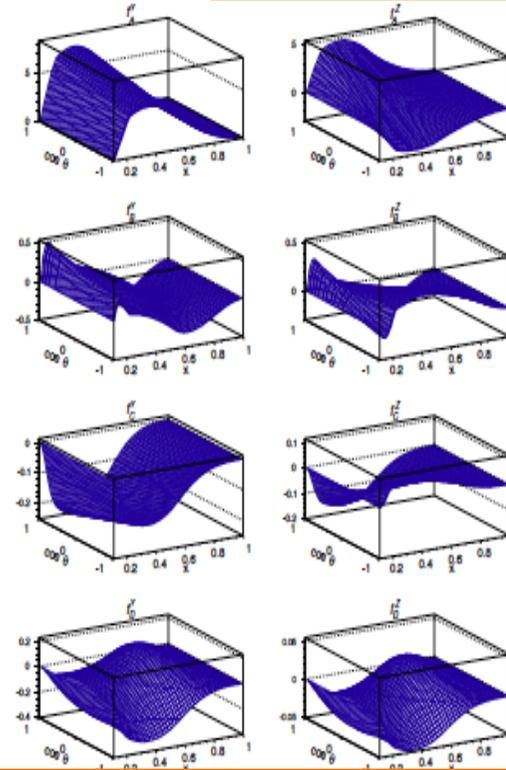


Martinez, Miquel Eur.Phys.J.C27, 49(2003)

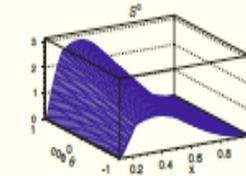
Electroweak couplings of the top quark (1)

- $t\bar{t}Z$, $t\bar{t}\gamma$ couplings can be enhanced in extra dimensions and (particularly) composite Higgs models
 - Directly probed in the $t\bar{t}$ production process at FCC-ee
- Profit of the fact that top polarization information is maximally transferred to its final state particles via the weak decay
- Use lepton energy and angular distributions in top decay to disentangle $t\bar{t}Z$ from $t\bar{t}\gamma$ in $l+jets$
 - Sensitivity investigated in optimal observable analysis (confirmed by full simulation analysis)

P. Janot arXiv: 1503.01325

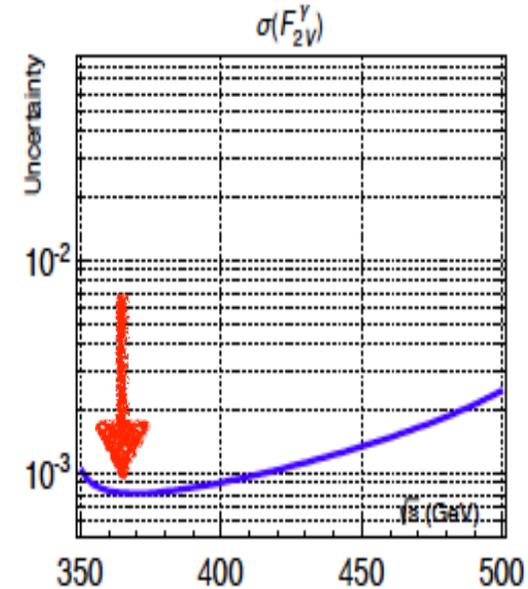
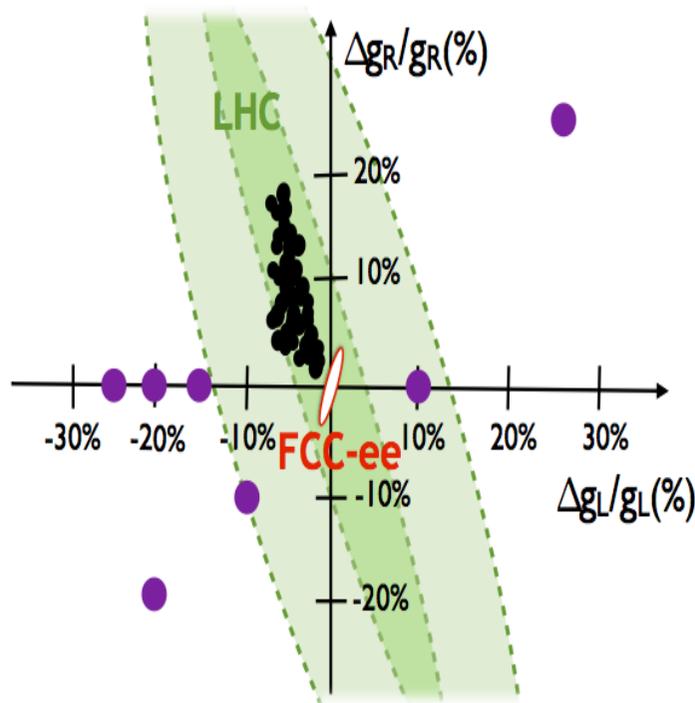


Standard
Model



Electroweak couplings of the top quark(2)

- Large statistics and final state polarization allow a full separation of the $t\bar{t}Z/\gamma$ couplings with **NO need for polarization in the initial state.**
- Optimal $\sqrt{s} = 365\text{-}370$ GeV



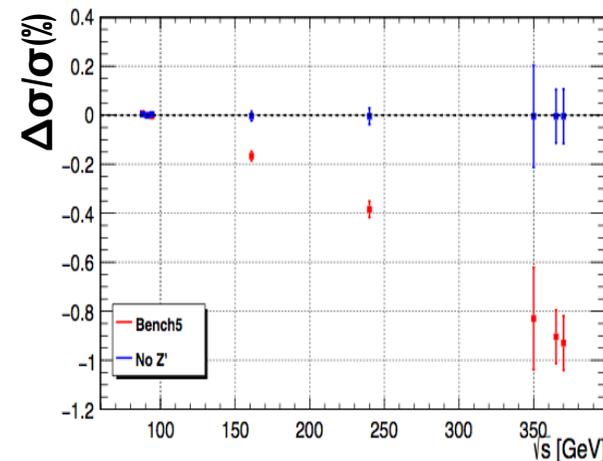
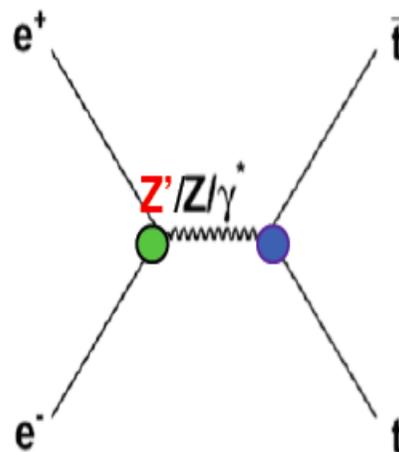
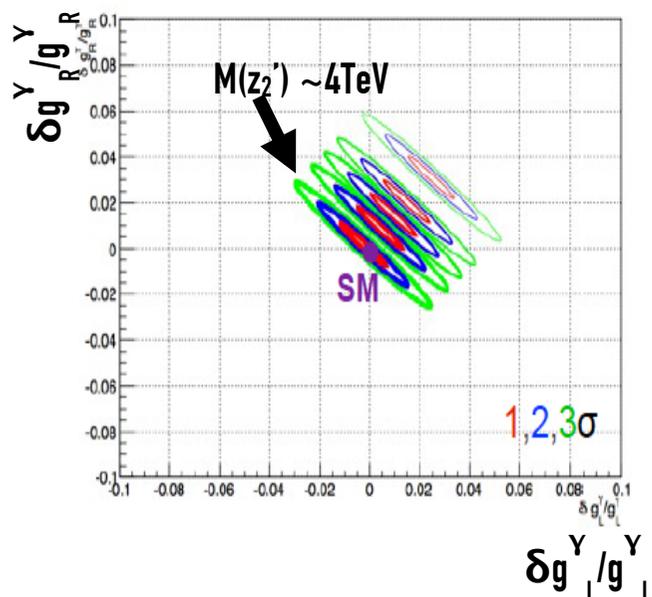
- Fit includes conservative assumptions detector performance
- Theory uncertainty on production mechanism dominates

Constraining Composite Higgs

Barducci, De Curtis, Moretti, Pruna
1311.3305

- The CHM modification of the process arise via 3 effects:
 - modification of the Zee coupling (negligible)
 - modification of the Ztt coupling from mixing between top and extra fermions, mixing between Z and Z's
 - s-channel exchange of the Z's (interference)

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma, Z, Z' \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$$



One more step!
By combining muon cross-sections and A_{FB} with the top optimal observables **the model can be fully characterized @FCCee**

With FCC-ee precision sensitivity up to ~ 4 TeV Z' mass

Flavour Changing Neutral Currents

- **FCNC** are one of the best handles on constraining SM/indirectly discovering BSM in the top sector
- Almost all popular BSM extensions predict **increased** rare decays of the top quark

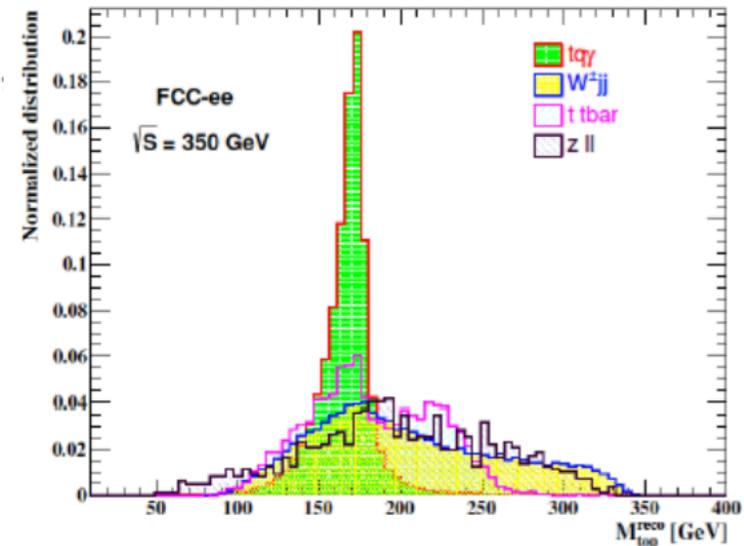
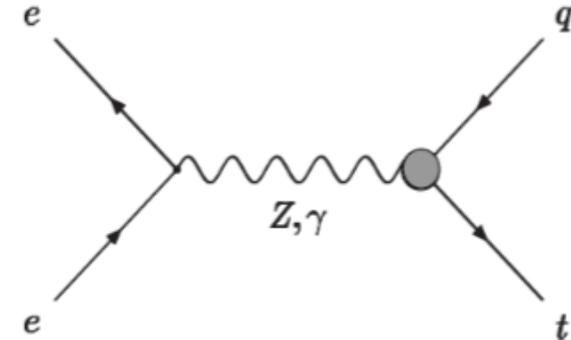
| Process | SM | 2HDM(FV) | 2HDM(FC) | MSSM | RPV | RS |
|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| $t \rightarrow Zu$ | 7×10^{-17} | – | – | $\leq 10^{-7}$ | $\leq 10^{-6}$ | – |
| $t \rightarrow Zc$ | 1×10^{-14} | $\leq 10^{-6}$ | $\leq 10^{-10}$ | $\leq 10^{-7}$ | $\leq 10^{-6}$ | $\leq 10^{-5}$ |
| $t \rightarrow gu$ | 4×10^{-14} | – | – | $\leq 10^{-7}$ | $\leq 10^{-6}$ | – |
| $t \rightarrow gc$ | 5×10^{-12} | $\leq 10^{-4}$ | $\leq 10^{-8}$ | $\leq 10^{-7}$ | $\leq 10^{-6}$ | $\leq 10^{-10}$ |
| $t \rightarrow \gamma u$ | 4×10^{-16} | – | – | $\leq 10^{-8}$ | $\leq 10^{-9}$ | – |
| $t \rightarrow \gamma c$ | 5×10^{-14} | $\leq 10^{-7}$ | $\leq 10^{-9}$ | $\leq 10^{-8}$ | $\leq 10^{-9}$ | $\leq 10^{-9}$ |
| $t \rightarrow hu$ | 2×10^{-17} | 6×10^{-6} | – | $\leq 10^{-5}$ | $\leq 10^{-9}$ | – |
| $t \rightarrow hc$ | 3×10^{-15} | 2×10^{-3} | $\leq 10^{-5}$ | $\leq 10^{-5}$ | $\leq 10^{-9}$ | $\leq 10^{-4}$ |

Large and pure 'MegaTop' sample good for FCNC

- As usual in FCNC analyses, taking an **effective Lagrangean** approach

$$\mathcal{L}_{eff} = \sum_{q=u,c} \left[e\lambda_{tq}\bar{t}(\lambda^v - \lambda^a\gamma^5)\frac{i\sigma_{\mu\nu}q^\nu}{m_t}qA^\mu + \frac{g_W}{2c_W}\kappa_{tq}\bar{t}(\kappa^v - \kappa^a\gamma^5)\frac{i\sigma_{\mu\nu}q^\nu}{m_t}qZ^{\mu\nu} + \frac{g_W}{2c_W}X_{tq}\bar{t}\gamma_\mu(x^L P_L + x^R P_R)qZ^\mu \right] + \text{h.c.}$$

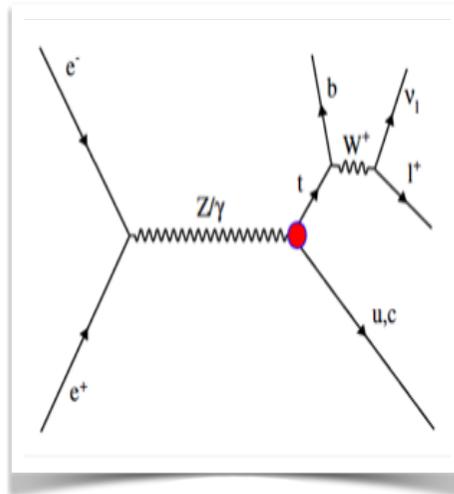
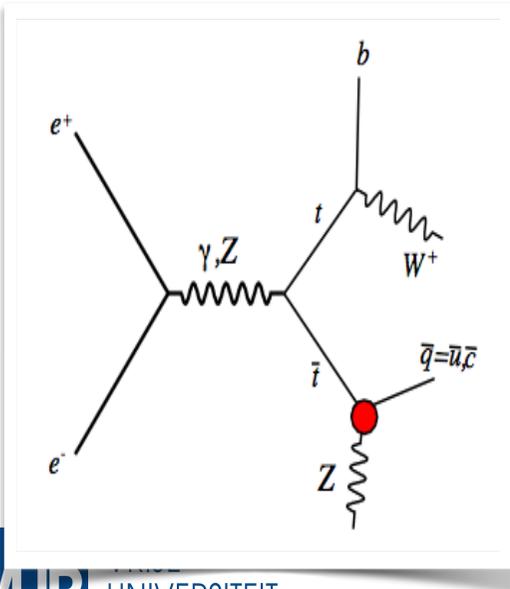
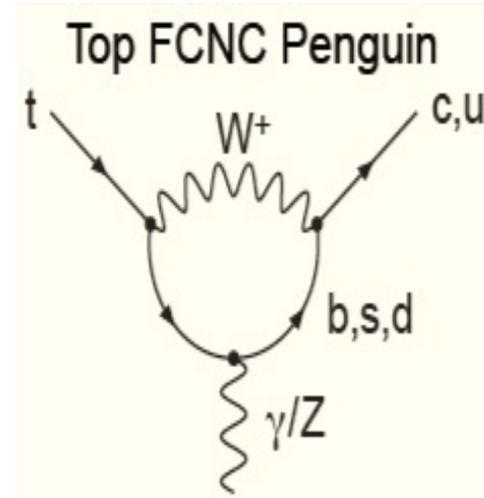
- FCNC tqZ and tqγ: top quark+light quark jet final states
 - Due to lower total mass, already **sensitivity at 240 GeV** FCC-ee run (ee → HZ)
 - Can be analysed in **full hadronic** and **semileptonic** top decays



Clear distinction between tqγ and t t-bar in semileptonic final state

FCNC also sensitivity in single top @ 240 GeV

- FCNC in the SM are forbidden at tree level and only allowed via higher order corrections: strongly suppressed.
 - Can be strongly enhanced in BSM models
- At the FCC-ee they can be studied:
 - at decay vertex in pair production at $\sqrt{s}=350$ GeV
 - at production vertex in single top events at $\sqrt{s}=240$ GeV and $\sqrt{s}=350$ GeV

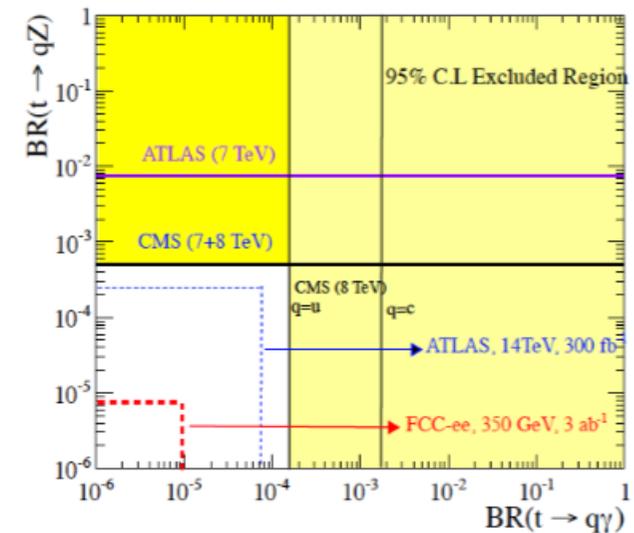


| Process | SM |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| $t \rightarrow Zu$ | 7×10^{-17} |
| $t \rightarrow Zc$ | 1×10^{-14} |
| $t \rightarrow gu$ | 4×10^{-14} |
| $t \rightarrow gc$ | 5×10^{-12} |
| $t \rightarrow \gamma u$ | 4×10^{-16} |
| $t \rightarrow \gamma c$ | 5×10^{-14} |
| $t \rightarrow hu$ | 2×10^{-17} |
| $t \rightarrow hc$ | 3×10^{-15} |

Sensitivity FCNC: 95% CL exclusion limits

- Limits in all-hadronic and lepton+jets channel compatible, as are 240-350 GeV runs

| Sqrt(s) and lumi | Single top | Pair of tops |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | 240 GeV 5 ab ⁻¹ | 350 GeV 5 ab ⁻¹ |
| BR(t→qγ) all hadronic | 1.5 x 10 ⁻⁴ | |
| BR(t→qγ) semileptonic | 2.84 x 10 ⁻⁵ | 1.39 x 10 ⁻⁵ |
| BR(t→qZ) (σ _{μν}) All hadronic | 3.9 x 10 ⁻⁴ | |
| BR(t→qZ) (σ _{μν}) semileptonic | 3.45 x 10 ⁻⁵ | 1.99 x 10 ⁻⁵ |
| BR(t→qZ) (γ _{μν}) All hadronic | 1.9 x 10 ⁻⁴ | |
| BR(t→qZ) (γ _{μν}) semileptonic | 7.09 x 10 ⁻⁵ | 7.45 x 10 ⁻⁵ |



FCC-ee expected to substantially improve beyond HL-LHC

H. Khanpour, S. Khatibi, M. Khatiri, M. M. Najafabadi arXiv:1408:2090
(these new preliminary results from same group)

B. Mele, S. Biswas

Conclusions

- the top physics program at FCCee is extremely rich due to:
 - the very high luminosity that can be collected
 - the possibility of runs at different(optimal) \sqrt{s}
- the measurement of the main parameters of the SM with unprecedented precision is a priority:

top mass precision at 10MeV

ttZ/tt γ couplings at ~%

indirect ttH coupling

- the opportunities offered for indirect effect of new physics in rare/forbidden/FCNC processes are extremely interesting

sensitivity to CHM $m(Z') \sim 4$ TeV

FCNC limits on tq(c)Z $\sim 10^{-4}/10^{-5}$

- These preliminary studies show that FCC-ee is able to achieve excellent precision on fundamental Top related measurements while:
 - **Many other opportunities for top quark physics at FCCee**
 - **beam polarizatio advantage can be compensated with optimal variables**

Actively writing CDR this summer – if you want to redo your analysis at 350 or 240 GeV: let Patrizia or me know, we love to help you get the most of your analysis effort