

CERN Site Report

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Outline

- Main activities since June 2016
 - Evolution / consolidation
 - Interesting incidents...
- Upcoming work and plans



Main Activities since June 2016

- RFIO write access retirement
 - Announced in November 2016, performed in January 2017
 - Very limited impact complete RFIO retirement expected Q1 2018
- Consolidation, consolidation, ...
 - July 2016: the Public instance now runs on 3 disk pools, following a large hardware retirements campaign
 - 100+ hosts retired (1 Gbps)
 - March 2017: the Stager databases have been regrouped to 3 clusters
 - Now: "only" 154 disk servers in CASTOR
 - ~constant disk-cache size in front of tapes, less larger bricks
 - Increasingly challenging to keep up with the increasing bandwidth requirements
 - By the way: July 2016 was our record month with 11+ PB to tape



Main Activities (cont'd)

- Retirement of remaining D1T0 pools
 - All instances but Public configured with 1 pool for DAQ and 1 small pool for stagein/production activities (LHCb: shared; ALICE: on Ceph, *cf. later*)
 - Public pool for stage-in and user activities is actually default: today's CASTOR largest pool @ 3.5 PB, "EOS mode" = very large number of slots
- Tuning of most disk pools for fast streaming performance, but without sacrificing parallelism
 - Large read-ahead setting (80 MiB) to make the reading:seeking time ratio >= 1:1

 Limit disk thrashing when 10+ streams hit then RAID 6, no striping Don't move too many spindles to access required performance 	<pre>[root@p05798818j78094 ~]# /bin/mount grep castor cut -d ' ' - f 1 xargs blockdevgetra 163840 163840 163840 [root@p05798818j78094 ~]# df -h grep castor /dev/md124 33T 30T 3,4T 90% /srv/castor/01 /dev/md126 33T 30T 3,4T 90% /srv/castor/02 /dev/md127 33T 30T 3,5T 90% /srv/castor/03 /dev/md125 33T 30T 3,4T 90% /srv/castor/04</pre>
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Main Activities (cont'd)

- *Puppexit* (© S. Traylen)
 - Moved configuration management to Puppet 4. Painful and time consuming.
- DAQ2FTS (© Xavi)
 - Smaller CERN experiments don't have an established framework for their Tier0 / DAQ workflow
 - Typically, they relied on legacy scripts, which used **rfcp** to copy data to CASTOR...
 - Leveraging on the RFIO write retirement, we have piloted DAQ2FTS with the NA62 experiment: run a mini-FTS instance + globus-gridftp-server on the pit and write data to CASTOR via SRM
 - The SRM overhead is not significant given their requirements, but nevertheless once the service is established, it is easy to reconfigure it to use e.g. xrootd without SRM



"Interesting" Incidents

- Tape recalls exercise from ATLAS, Dec 2016
 - Unveiled more (to us) or less (to them) known limits when accessing tapes in random order
 - Seek time largely dominating, 30mins 1h
 - RAO (Recommended Access Ordering) will come to help
 - cf. German's presentation tomorrow
- File corruption on recalls (with xrootd)
 - Turned out that the all.export / nolock entry in /etc/xrd.cf.server really meant "multiple parallel writes are allowed, no protection from xrootd"
 - Changing to / lock fixed the problem
- Socket errors in tapeserverd for both recalls and migrations
 - Tapeserverd did not retry on connection losses because of an old xrootd bug (RFIO did...)
 - Network can get busy inside the data center in particular between tape and disk servers
 - Being fixed now...



Ops Plans (from face-to-face June 2016)

- Support for SL6: vanishing...
 - Tape servers are already all CC 7
 - Remaining disk servers will be migrated to CC 7, after retirements are completed
 - Head nodes will be last, expected end of 2016
- Support for CentOS 7 is there
 - Full cert. tests now done in CentOS 7 along with SLC6
 - Ceph stress test is 100% CentOS 7
- As of 2017, SL6 will be unsupported server-side



Dev + Ops Plans 2017 (and not beyond...)

- Dev:
 - Tape: RAO will be implemented in CASTOR
 - General: release 2.1.17 = server-side packages for CentOS 7 only with Ceph support
- DevOps:
 - A c2cgw (CASTOR-to-Ceph gateway) docker container has been developed to make use of the Ceph diskservers
 - Can't directly deploy as CASTOR requires Kraken and Ceph servers run Jewel
 - Added value: limit CASTOR's xrootd memory consumption, shield from Ceph
 - Explore the possibility of a Ceph Luminous pool with Bluestore / 8+3 EC for Public/default
- Ops:
 - Migration to CentOS 7 still to be done + (minimal) extra capacity to be deployed
 - Grafana-based monitoring to be put in place
 - ~ready for the 2017 Run



(More) Questions?



