

Top modelling systematics in Run 2 for the ATLAS and CMS experiments

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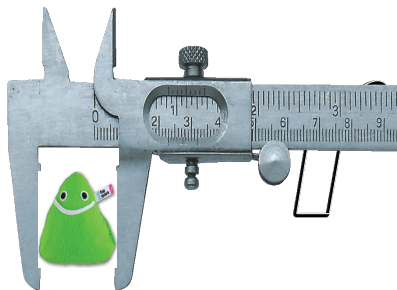


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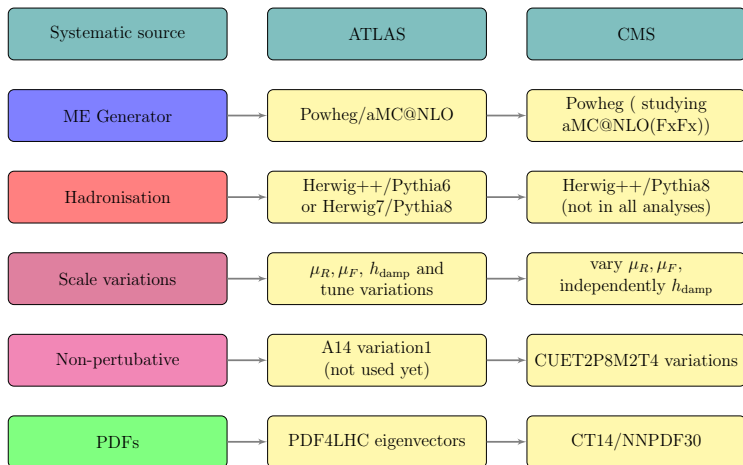


Introduction

- live in era of top-quark precision measurements:
 - ↔ often limited by top quark modelling systematics
- want to be able to combine measurements between experiments
 - ↔ need a common approach for Run II
 - ↔ need to discuss how to define systematics in the future

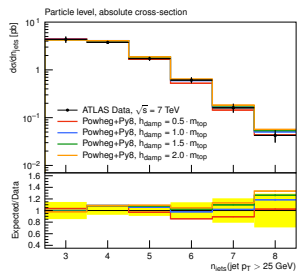
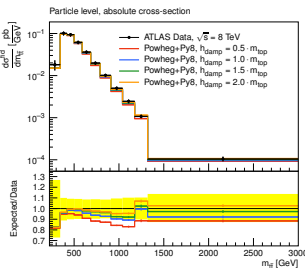
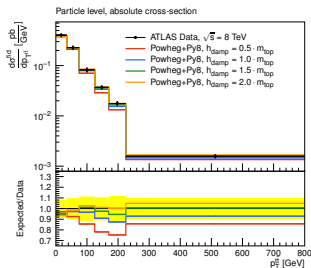


Current status



ATLAS: “By-eye tuning” of h_{damp} parameter

► ATL-PHYS-PUB-2016-020



→ after switch from Powheg+Pythia6 to Powheg+Pythia8 setup

↪ re-did variation studies of h_{damp} parameters

↪ data allows to exclude extreme h_{damp} values

→ found that $h_{\text{damp}} = 1.5 \cdot m_{\text{top}}$ describes data best → current ATLAS baseline

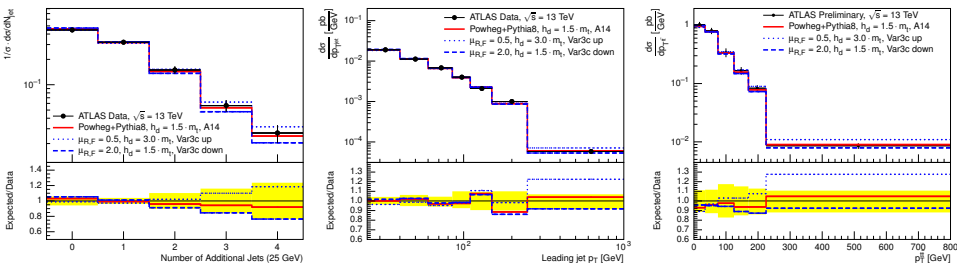
→ need to establish systematic uncertainties that take into account h_{damp} variation

ATLAS: Current setup for radiation systematics

- established new nominal setup with Powheg+Pythia8
 - now need proper radiation systematics along with it
 - approach here again: “by-eye”:
 - ↔ vary several parameters, find setup that brackets the data uncertainties
 - a) vary the h_{damp} parameter
 - b) vary the factorisation and renormalisation scale in the ME
 - c) use A14 parton shower tune variations [▶ ATL-PHYS-PUB-2014-021](#)
- after [▶ MC workshop](#): should we use this approach in the future?

ATLAS: Current setup for radiation systematics

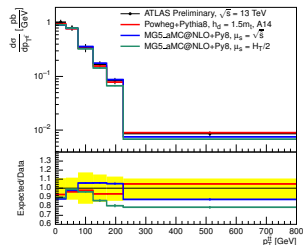
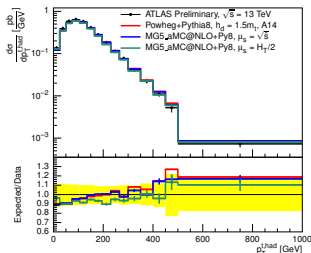
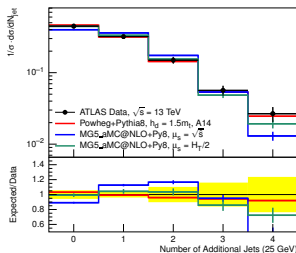
▶ ATL-COM-PHYS-2017-391



- nominal: A14 tune, $h_{\text{damp}} = 1.5 \cdot m_{\text{top}}$
- high radiation: A14 tune Var 3c up, $h_{\text{damp}} = 3.0 \cdot m_{\text{top}}$, $\mu = 0.5$
- low radiation: A14 tune Var 3c down, $h_{\text{damp}} = 1.5 \cdot m_{\text{top}}$, $\mu = 2.0$

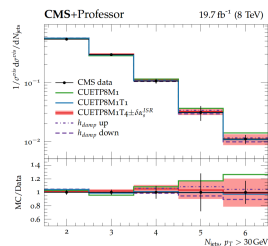
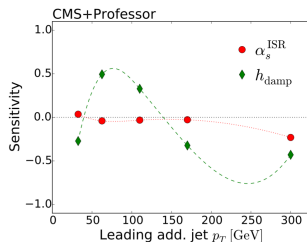
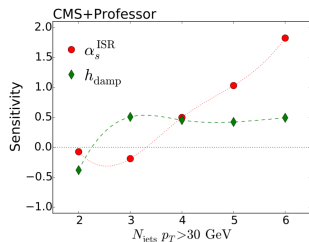
→ after **MC workshop**: should we use this approach in the future?

ATLAS: Matrix-element generator uncertainties



- ongoing work to improve aMC@NLO+Pythia8 setup: [▶ ATL-COM-PHYS-2017-391](#)
- larger sensitivity to functional form of the shower scale
- take full difference between Powheg and aMC@NLO setups as systematic uncertainty

CMS new CUETP8M1T4 tune ▶ TOP-16-021-PAS



Tune h_{damp} and $\alpha_S(\text{ISR})$ to N_{jet} and jet p_T distributions

- best values^a: $h_{\text{damp}} = 1.581_{-0.585}^{+0.658} \cdot m_{\text{top}}$, $\alpha_S^{\text{ISR}} = 0.1108_{-0.0142}^{+0.0145}$

↪ in good agreement with ATLAS settings

↪ h_{damp} variation includes the previous default m_{top} and is compatible with $2 \cdot m_{\text{top}}$

↪ α_S variation compatible with QCD scale variation of 0.5,2.0

- much improved data/MC agreement for N_{jets} with new tune

^aSensitivity = $\frac{dMC(p)}{dp} \frac{p_c}{MC(p_c)} \rightarrow MC(p) = \text{bin-entry for parameter } p$

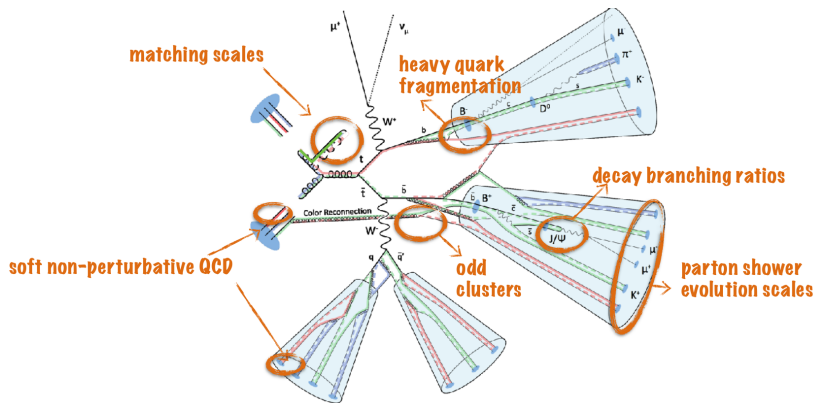
CMS new CUETP8M2T4 tune [▶ TOP-16-021-PAS](#)

- with results from CUETP8M1T4:
 - ↔ tune parameters sensitive to MPI and CR (CUETP8M2T4)
- new tune was applied to MG5_aMC@NLO (FxFx) + Pythia8:
 - ↔ gives good data description as well
- no big improvement for aMC@NLO (MLM) and aMC@NLO+Pythia8
- agreement checked with many particle and parton level distributions

From summary of CMS tuning:

Tuning a parameter in the parton shower **can potentially bias particular new physics searches**, in particular if the tune is based on the dataset where the search is performed. [...] In particular, the fact that global event variables such as missing E_T and H_T are not changed by the new tune gives us confidence that searches involving missing E_T will not be biased. However, **one should pay particular attention if the new physics search relies on $N_{\text{jets}}, \rho_T(t\bar{t})$ or ρ_T of leading additional jets in $t\bar{t}$ -like processes.**

CMS: Modelling uncertainties

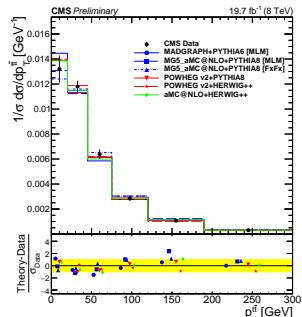
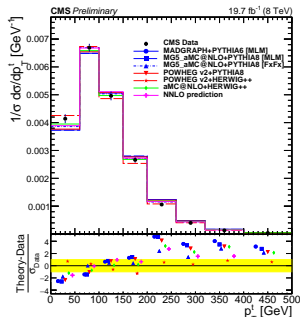
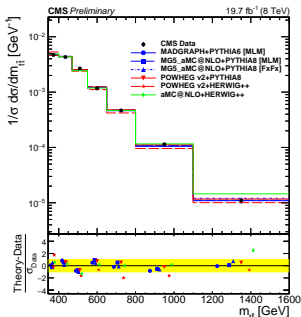


→ is there a relevant effect not yet thought of that needs implementation in the MCs?

CMS: Proposal for parton shower modelling uncertainties (Run II)

Source	Handle	Weights	Variation	Comment
Shower scales	ISR scale (SpaceShower:renormMultFac)	no	0.5–2.0	see TOP-16-021
	FSR scale (TimeShower:renormMultFac)	no	0.5–2.0	or $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$, $\sqrt{2}$ from LEP
Matching	h_{damp}	no	$1.581^{+0.658}_{-0.585} \cdot m_{\text{top}}$	see TOP-16-021
Soft QCD	Underlying event (MultipartonInteractions:pT0Ref MultipartonInteractions:expPow MultipartonInteractions:range)	no	up/down	MPI and CR strength (does not affect resonance decays)
Odd clusters	Colour reconnection (MPI-based + QCD inspired + gluon move)	no	different simulations	affects resonance decays
Fragmentation	$x_b = \rho_{\Gamma(B)}/\rho_{\Gamma(bjet)}$	yes	Bowler-Lund + Peterson parameter unc. based on LEP fits	see TOP-16-022
Flavour response/hadronisation	Pythia vs. Herwig	no	JES flavour group for light,g,b,c	
Decay tables	semi-leptonic BR	yes	vary BR by 0.77/-0.45% or scale Pythia8 up to PDG BR where needed	see PDG

CMS: Matrix-element generator uncertainties



- ME uncertainties from comparison of Powheg+Pythia8 with aMC@NLO+Pythia8 (FxFx): [▶ TOP-15-011](#)
- better agreement for the transverse momentum of $t\bar{t}$ system with FxFx
- additional uncertainty on top p_T mismodelling

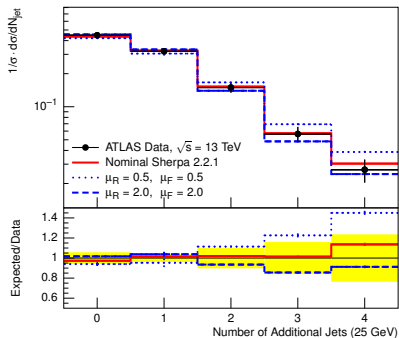
What will we do in the future?

- a lot of discussion at the Monte Carlo workshop in May
- both experiments are using the “factorisation approach”, but:
 - ↔ changing e.g. the generator can have bigger effects than changing parameters within a single generator
- What to do if no generator describes a specific distribution well?
 - ↔ e.g. CMS: top p_T uncertainty
 - ↔ have we included all sources of uncertainty?

Two main questions:

- ① Should we tune parameters like h_{damp} , and what would be an appropriate uncertainty? (new CMS tune: [▶ TOP-16-021-PAS](#))
- ② Or should we take uncertainty variations suggested by theorists, and include them in a profile likelihood fit which will constrain the uncertainties?

To be discussed: ▶ ATL-COM-PHYS-2017-391



→ left: Sherpa out of the box, only ME scale variations

→ right: Powheg+Py8, tuned so that data is described well

↔ scale, h_{damp} and tune variations such that bracket data

→ be careful not to “overtune”: can lead to loss of predictivity

Do most variations within one generator: Herwig7

- fully automated NLO calculations, have ME+PS+Matching all in Herwig7
- parton shower options:
 - ↔ angular-ordered and dipole parton shower (when available for $t\bar{t}$)
- matching algorithms:
 - ↔ MC@NLO-like and Powheg-like matching
- long-term: can study and define systematic uncertainties using Herwig7

Do most variations within one generator: Sherpa

- default: MEPS@NLO with 0,1 jets @NLO, CSShower
- vary ME matching scale (CKKW)
- parton shower: different model (DIRE), vary parton shower recoil scheme, heavy baryon enhancement parameter
- variation: can vary several parameters:
 - ↔ vary μ_R, μ_F , resummation scale
 - ↔ vary scale in parton shower
 - ↔ vary α_S scale factor in initial state evolution

Technical issues/ongoing work

→ large CPU time/event for some generators
(e.g. Sherpa) ▶ Talk Josh McFayden HF@LHC, Durham

→ negative event weights in aMC@NLO:

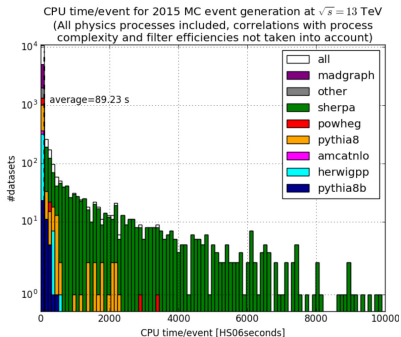
↪ need to generate **2-3 times more statistics** than for generators without (or little) negative weights (e.g. Powheg)

Efforts just started in ATLAS:

→ try to use Pythia8 shower weights to improve ISR/FSR prescription

↪ works for Powheg, but for MG5_aMC@NLO it works only with MLM matching

→ use DIRE with Pythia8



Summary

- ATLAS and CMS have same baseline setup using Powheg+Pythia8
 - ↔ similar parameters for α_s and h_{damp}
- changing the generator can have bigger effects than changing parameters within one generator:
 - ↔ would be better to have more variations in one generator setup
- discussion: how much tuning do we need/is reasonable?
- need also underlying event measurement in $t\bar{t}$ at 13 TeV
 - ↔ first steps in [TOP-15-017](#)
- need measurement of b -fragmentation (b -jet shapes)
 - ↔ first steps in [TOP-12-030](#)