

# Module and Stave Assembly at BNL for the HL-LHC ATLAS tracker

Or how to build half of the silicon strip tracker barrel in 3 years



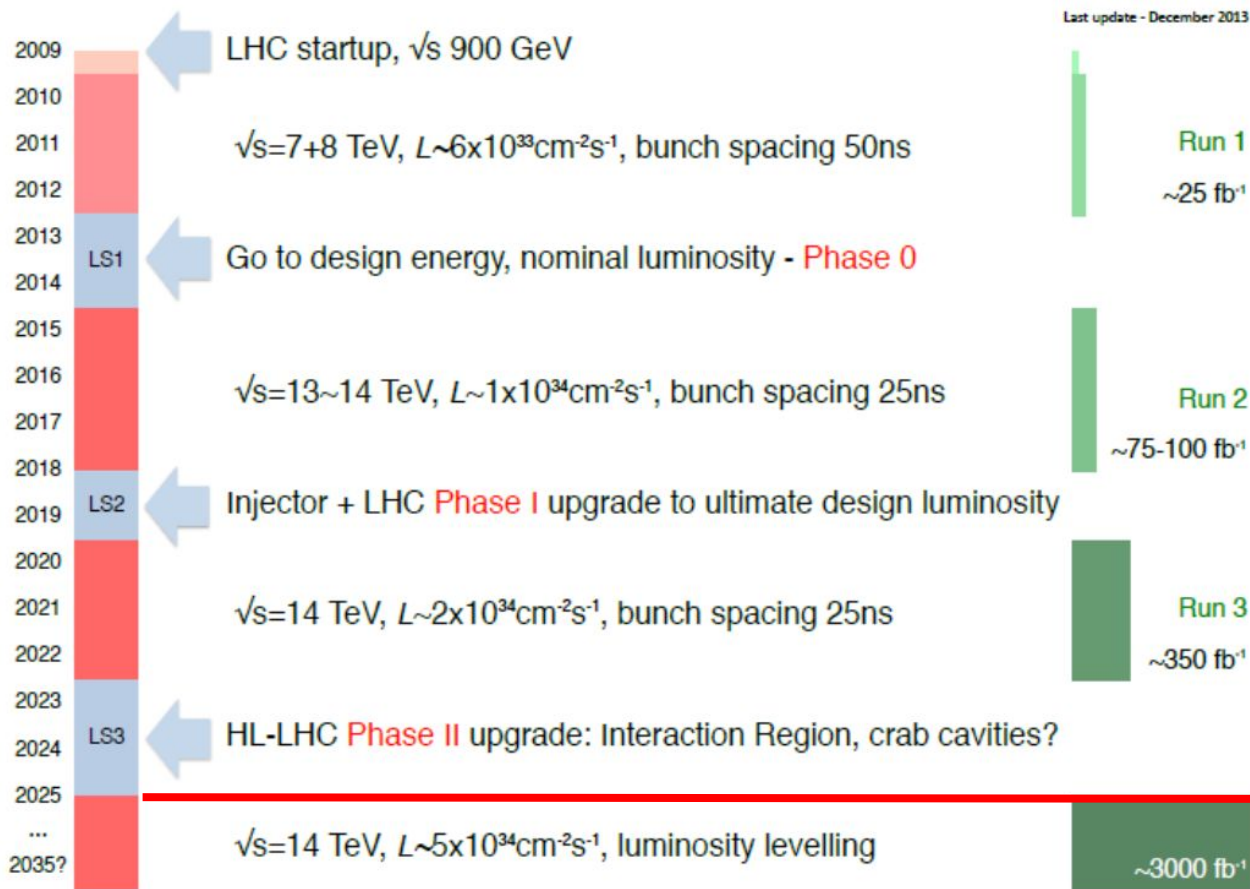
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**

Office of  
Science



**Gerrit van Nieuwenhuizen**  
**Brookhaven National Lab**  
**Topical Workshop on Novel Radiation Detectors**  
**Stony Brook University**  
**2017/02/06**

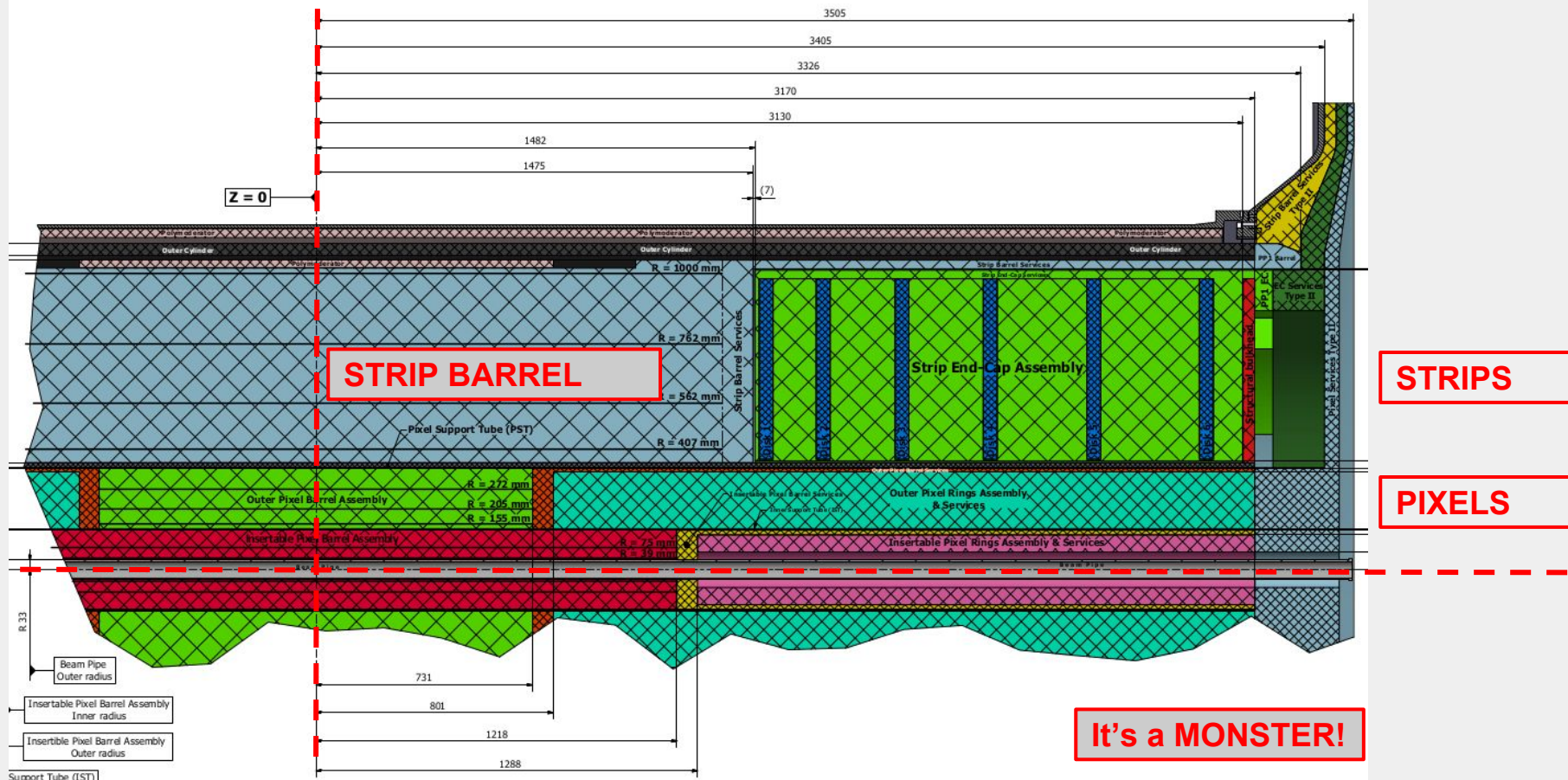
# The LHC roadmap



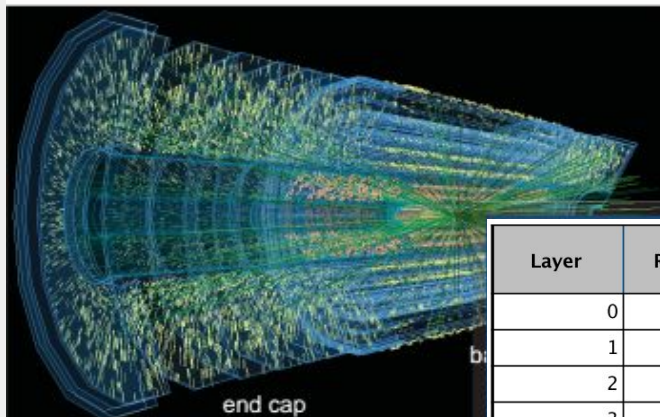
**Need  
New Tracker  
that is  
Radiation hard  
High speed**



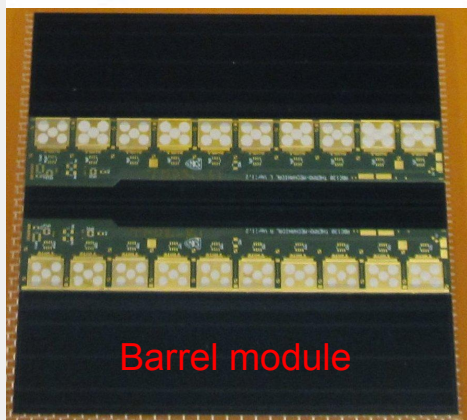
# The ATLAS Inner Tracker Upgrade



# The ITk strips upgrade

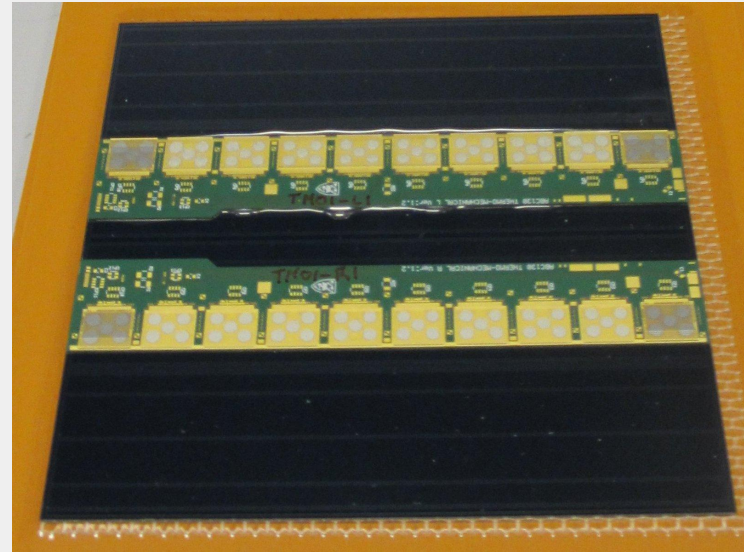
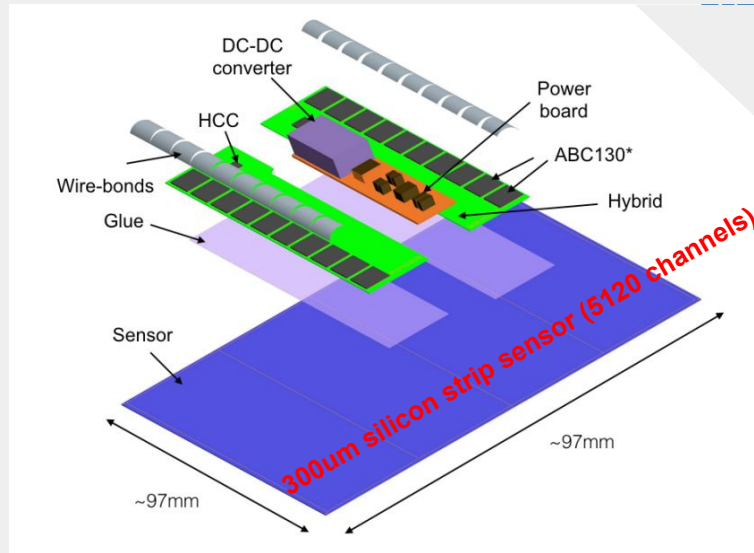


~200 by



Layer	Radius	staves per layer	# of modules	# of hybrids	# of ABC130	# of channels	m <sup>2</sup>
0	405	28	784	1568	15680	4,01	7,45
1	562	40	1120	2240	22400	5,73	10,53
2	762	56	1568	1568	15680	4,01	14,75
3	1000	72	2016	2016	20160	5,16	18,96
<b>Total full barrel</b>		<b>392</b>	<b>10976</b>	<b>14784</b>	147840	37,85	103,43
Disk	z-position	petals per disk	#modules	# of hybrids	# of ABC130	# of channels	m <sup>2</sup>
0	1512	32	576	832	7168	1,83	5,03
1	1702	32	576	832	7168	1,83	5,03
2	1952	32	576	832	7168	1,83	5,03
3	2252	32	576	832	7168	1,83	5,03
4	2602	32	576	832	7168	1,83	5,03
5	3000	32	576	832	7168	1,83	5,03
<b>Total end-caps</b>		<b>384</b>	<b>6912</b>	<b>9984</b>	86016	11 Mio	60,39
<b>Total total</b>			<b>17888</b>	<b>24768</b>	<b>233856</b>	<b>48,9 Mio</b>	<b>163,82</b>

# Strip barrel modules



3 sites assembling about 2000 modules each

→ includes producing about 3000 hybrids

Each module needs ~6000 (3000) Al wire bonds

→ this is currently the bottle neck

→ requires dedicated, fast and automated machines





## Hesse Mechatronic BondJet 820

Theoretically can do 7 Al wedge wire bonds per second  
→ in our case we expect 3 wire bonds per second  
→ translates to roughly 1 to 2 hours per module  
(= wire bonding + setup time + ...)

Has production software installed

- machine will stop in case of a bad bond!
- All bonds will be logged in a central server DB

In principle can operate automatically after setup

- frees up operator for other tasks

There will be 2, one for modules and one for staves



2 global sites for stave production



Science & Technology Facilities Council  
Rutherford Appleton Laboratory



A stave will have 14 modules on each side

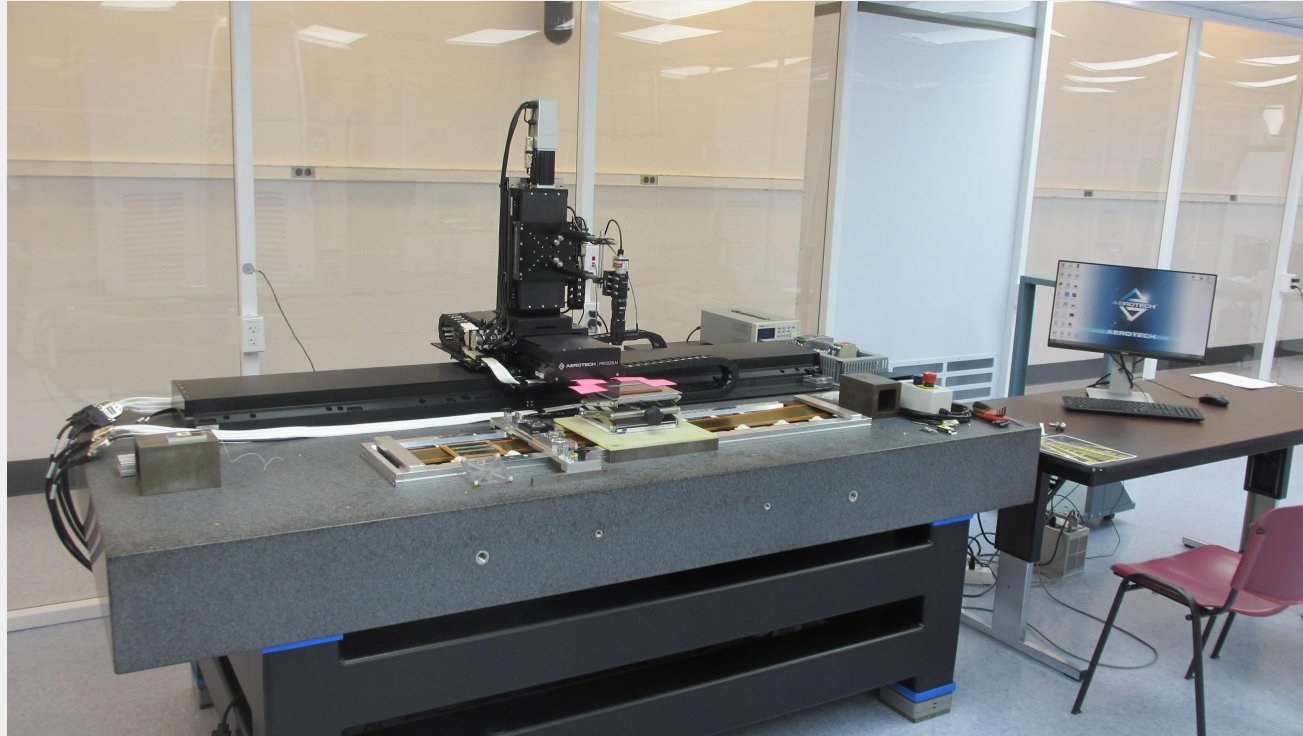
In full production close to 2 staves per week!

→ over a 3 to 4 year period

Assembled on dedicated machines

Metrology on the same machines

# The stave assembly machine



Aerotech custom  
made XYZ stage

Resolution ~ microns

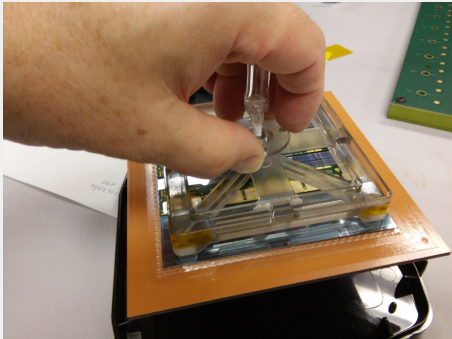
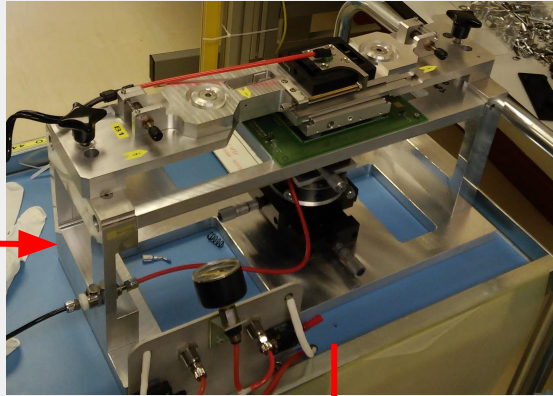
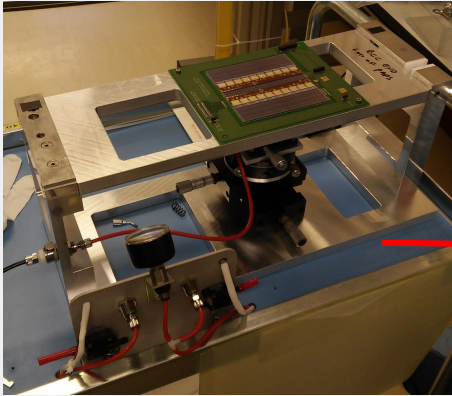
LabView operated

Vision system for  
placing modules and  
metrology

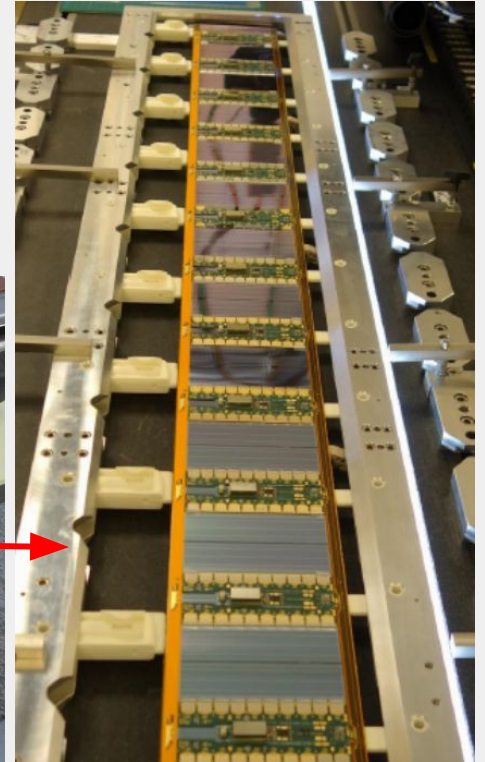
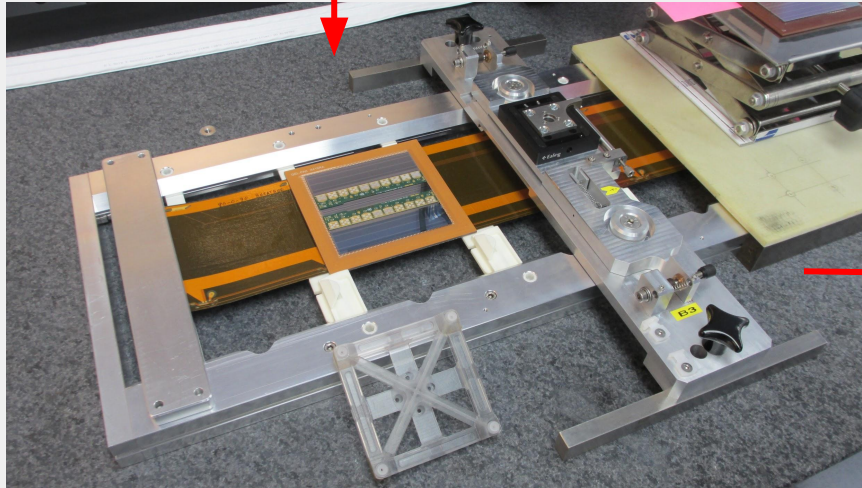
**Currently being set up to assemble thermo-mechanical stave at end of Feb.**



# The module mounting process



3d printed suction pickup tool



# The ATLAS HL upgrade clean room at .....



800 sqft

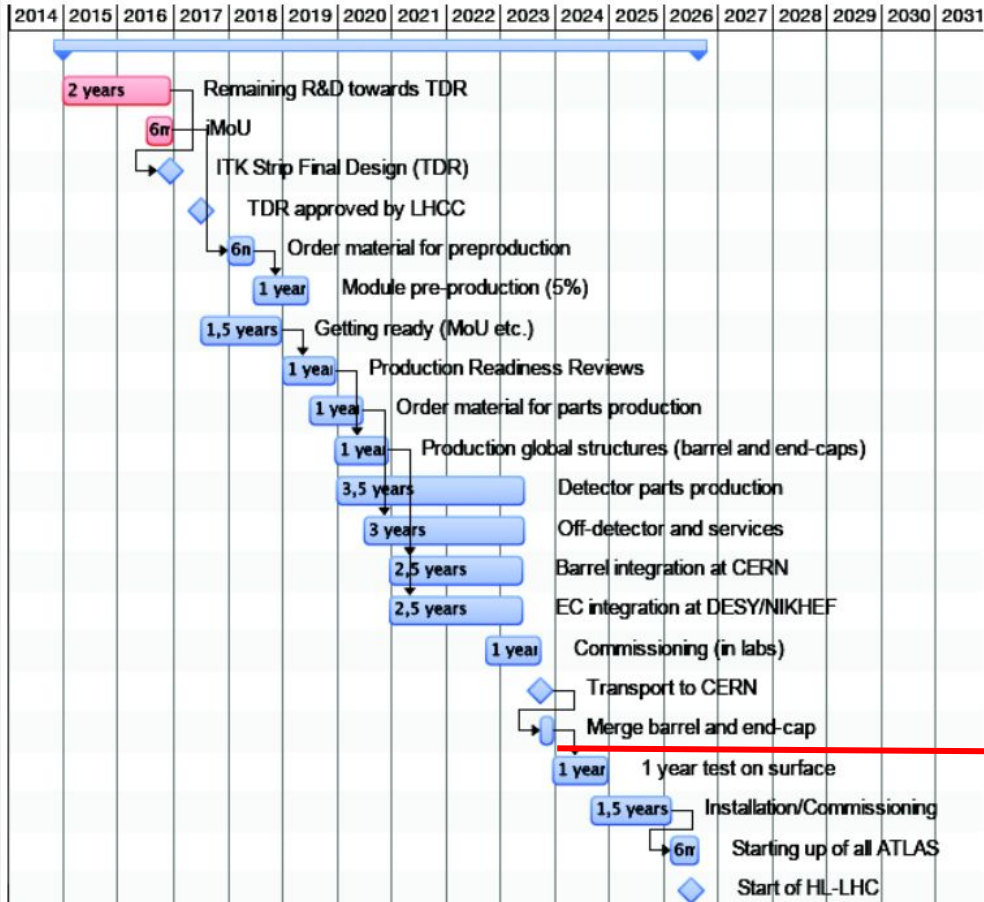
Class 10,000  
(ISO 7)

3 standalone ACs  
→ independent  
→ 1 cold room

Reliable vacuum  
→ lots of tools

**Close to operations, but this took a ...long...time.....regulations!**

# The ITk strip schedule



And we are done!



# Why is this important for novel rad detectors?

There will be a lot of silicon expertise at BNL

→ most of the upgrade people are involved with silicon detector R&D too

There will be a state of the art facility at BNL

→ 2 wire bonding machines

→ 1 stave assembly machine

→ high end glue jet dispensing system

→ test equipment

→ inspection equipment

→ Class 10k clean room

After completion we hope to keep the facility alive.....

