

WLCG Update

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Agenda

- Background
- Implementation
- Barriers
- Summary

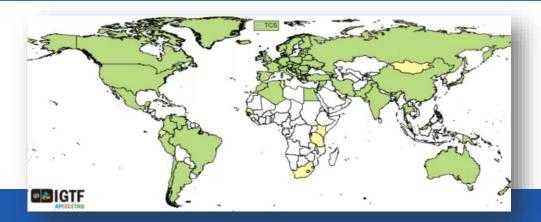


Current Solution – x509

The Interoperable Global Trust Federation (IGTF) controls a list of Certificate Authorities (CAs) able to issue certificates

Users approach their local CA to obtain a personal certificate and undergo identity vetting via a Registration Authority

Users register their new certificate in VOMS



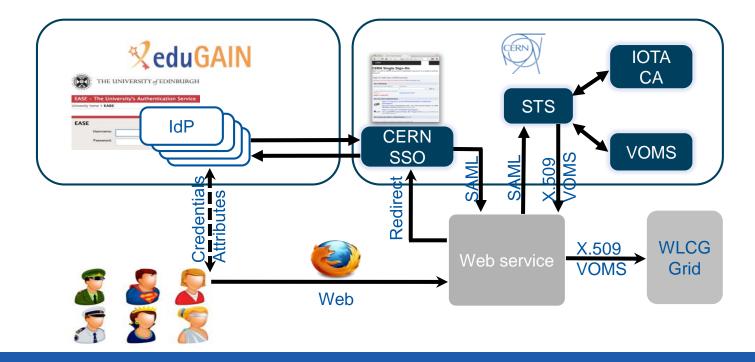


Past 5 years at WLCG

- 2012 Contributed to FIM4Rv1
- 2012/13 Token translation service integrated with VOMS, STS, developed under EMI Project
- 2015 STS integrated with WebFTS as a pilot
- 2015 Joined AARC project as security task leader
- 2016 Packaged STS for puppet installation and produced documentation
- 2016 ATLAS's monitoring service starting development work to enable SAML authentication and access control



Implementation





What does WLCG need from Federated Access?

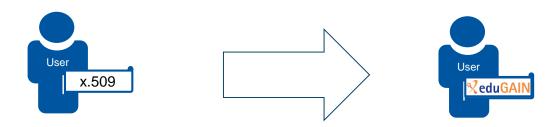
Trustworthy eduGAIN users

Web and Command Line access





1. Trustworthy eduGAIN Users



How can eduGAIN tokens be as trustworthy as x.509 certificates?

- Restrict eduGAIN to trusted partners
 - Sirtfi
 - Research & Scholarship
- Restrict access to known users
 - Create token translation layer to convert SAML 2.0 token from eduGAIN to required x.509
 - EduGAIN token transformed into x.509 ONLY if the user is registered in VOMS for the relevant experiment

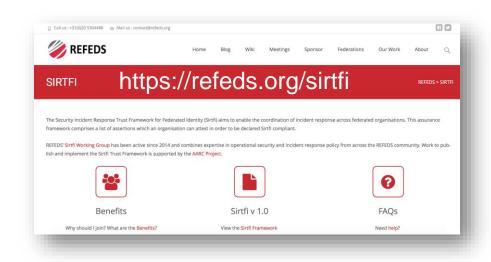


Sirtfi

The Security Incident Response
Trust Framework for Federated
Identity is a flag for organisations that:

- Have a good baseline in operational security
- Provide a security contact point for emergencies
- Are able and willing to participate in incident response

These are organisations we want to work with!





Research & Scholarship

A flag for organisations that

- Serve the Research & Education community
- Agree to release the attributes
 - Name
 - Email
 - Unique Identifier

CERN SSO requires this set of attributes, users from these organisations should be able to log in without a problem

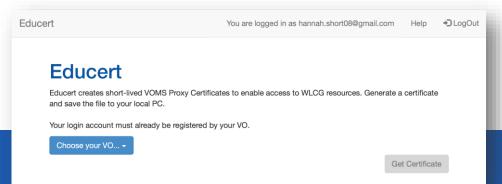






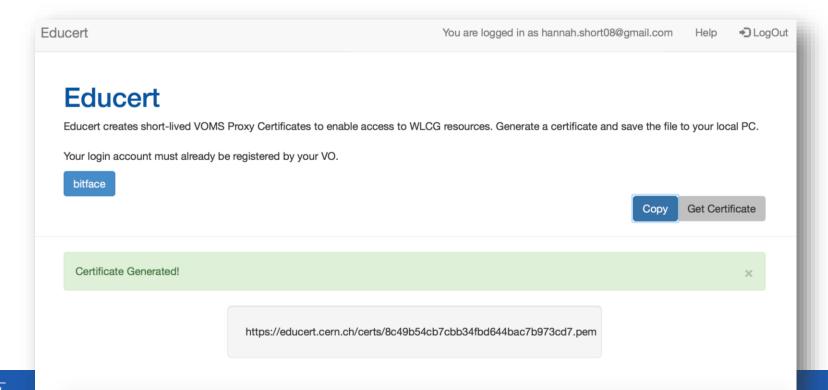
2. Web and Command Line Access

- The primary use case for SAML (the protocol used for Federated Login) is Web-Based Authentication whereas our users spend their life on the command line
- Several Command Line solutions exist (ECP, CiLogon, Moonshot) but
 - Require configuration at home organisations (takes time and resources), or,
 - Are not yet available for Europe
- A prototype service, Educert, developed for generating GridProxy certificates for download





2. Web and Command Line Access





2. Web and Command Line Access

```
Downloads — -bash — 171×48
Last login: Thu Aug 4 09:17:00 on ttys000
[lxminus-32:~ rwartel$ cd Downloads/
[lxminus-32:Downloads rwartel$ curl -0 https://educert.cern.ch/certs/ddea125a139558c7bba46b3453dd6611.pem
 % Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time Current
                               Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed
100 9832 100 9832 0 0 109k
                                        0 --:--:- 110k
lxminus-32:Downloads rwartel$ opens
lxminus-32:Downloads rwartel$ openssl x509 -in ddea125a139558c7bba46b3453dd6611.pem -noout -text
Certificate:
        Version: 3 (0x2)
        Serial Number: 1258255408 (0x4aff7430)
   Signature Algorithm: sha512WithRSAEncryption
       Issuer: DC=ch, DC=cern, DC=sts, O=Organization, CN=rwartel
           Not Before: Aug 4 14:31:54 2016 GMT
           Not After: Aug 5 14:31:54 2016 GMT
       Subject: DC=ch, DC=cern, DC=sts, O=Organization, CN=rwartel, CN=1258255408
       Subject Public Key Info:
           Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption
               Public-Key: (2048 bit)
               Modulus:
                   00:83:3a:99:fd:35:22:66:8d:7b:65:5e:c1:29:a2:
                   02:77:6f:75:55:40:80:ac:fb:b5:14:2b:9f:34:7b:
                   fc:a5:34:72:43:2d:ae:2d:52:3b:6c:33:71:e5:49:
                   ea:2f:07:03:93:10:d0:b5:8e:1e:f1:a5:b7:2c:27:
                   e7:52:93:2d:ad:32:b0:61:12:60:ef:ae:6c:14:f8:
                   c6:8e:4d:fe:c7:e2:b0:58:0c:9c:f2:2a:f2:9a:2d:
                   1c:d2:f7:a8:fa:14:54:3c:80:81:ab:1f:ac:b6:e4:
                   ce:5a:49:e7:64:ac:7b:54:13:38:f7:d7:29:cc:a3:
                   12:00:d6:ca:39:c5:8f:17:ce:99:c5:a9:18:e0:92:
                   63:f4:3c:0d:3f:c9:c1:4c:3f:b3:5e:5b:61:9a:3e:
                   bd:8e:f1:f4:b4:94:11:7e:0b:47:64:91:51:7c:45:
                   17:d9:27:53:84:fe:d4:0e:b0:66:37:3d:1e:88:57:
                   1e:9a:a8:00:b0:c3:52:f0:f6:2f:88:df:ad:78:9c:
                   51:bf:4a:c1:4f:bf:87:ed:01:56:c4:28:2f:25:40:
                   31:41:d0:5b:4a:2e:56:34:3d:14:5b:f0:68:eb:fc:
                   ed:2c:65:95:02:be:d9:d9:77:12:f5:fb:05:03:86:
                   d9:08:74:1b:57:52:8c:43:ca:5e:8d:00:7f:52:41:
                   42:af
               Exponent: 65537 (0x10001)
       X509v3 extensions:
            X509v3 Key Usage: critical
               Digital Signature, Key Encipherment, Data Encipherment
            Proxy Certificate Information: critical
               Path Length Constraint: 0A
               Policy Language: Inherit all
```



3. VOMS Integration

Transparent access to WLCG resources (controlled via x.509) only granted when the incoming token matches with a VOMS record. STS then adds the IOTA DN to the VOMS record on the first time it is used.

```
<a href="mailed-color: blue-"></a href="mailed-color: blue-"></a></a> href="mailed-color: blue-"></a> href="mailed-color: blue-"></a href="mailed-color: blue-"></a href="mailed-color: blue-"></a href="mailed-color: blue-"></a href="mailed-color: blue-"></a> href="mailed-color: blue-"></a href="mailed-color: blue-"></a> href="mailed-color: blue-"></a href="mailed-color:
```

```
<Record>
<Personal information />
<Certificates />
<Groups and Roles />
<Attributes >
<Attribute Name="eduGAINID">
<Attribute Value>jsmith</AttributeValue>
</Attribute>
</Attribute>
</Attribute>
</Record>
```



HNSciCloud

- Helix Nebula Science Cloud pre-commercial procurement project to find a cloud provider to satisfy computing demands of multiple research communities (including WLCG)
- SAML2.0 consumption part of tender specification
- In practice this requires the cloud provider to do significant development work (including proxies, token translation, etc)
- Considering policy aspect, Sirtfi, CoCo, MFA, LoA?



How is it all going?

- Experiments want a browser independent, command-line access mechanism
- One STS instance is required per web service, per VO... this is not an easy conversion! Providing a central service would help
- Little trust in operational capability of eduGAIN so far (fingers crossed that this
 is improving as we speak!)





