MADMAX: A new road to axion dark matter detection

Béla Majorovits MPI für Physik, München, Germany

for the MADMAX interest group



OUTLINE:

•Axions as dark matter: The post inflationary scenario

•Experimental idea



•First proof of prinicple measurements

•Outlook







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CEA IRFU, Saclay

DESY Hamburg





UΗ

MPI für Radioastronomie, Bonn

MPI für Physik, München

University of Hamburg

University of Zaragoza









Axion DM: Scenario PQ – Inflation



MADMAX

MAgnetized Disc and Mirror Axion eXperiment



Experimental idea

Chose dielectric material:

- High dielectric constant ε (for large boost & conversion)
 - Low loss \rightarrow low tan δ (reduce photon losses)

StableCheap

 \rightarrow Sapphire (Al₂O₃) @ 300K, 10 GHz:

 $\epsilon \sim 10;$ tan $\delta \sim few \cdot 10^{-5}$



→ Titanium dioxide – Rutil (TiO₂) $\epsilon \sim 100;$ tan $\delta \sim 0.001(?)$







- (3 samplers)
- 2. local oscillator
- 1. local oscillator

Rubidium time standard (oscillator and sampler synchronization)

> 1. Amplifier + high pass







First measurements:

Low noise preamp:



- Inject fake 18GHz axion signal with 1.10⁻²² W power
 - Measurement for 28 hours (integrate signal): Receiver at LHe temp.
 - → Cross correlation analysis (8kHz Lorentz shaped) → found > 6 σ signal succesfully

→ For 1 week measurement: expect Sensitivity at the level of ~ few 10⁻²³ W (t.b.c.)

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Transmissivity measurement:



Excellence Cluster Universe



p. Ag≥±t

First prototype booster setup:

Transmissivity measurement:







Removable copper mirror

First prototype booster setup:

Reflectivity measurement:



Dielectric discs"WaveHorn(Saphire)guide"antennaTAUP 2017, Laurentian University, Sudbury, 2017, Jul. 24-28

Mirror

Excellence Cluster Universe



Reflectivity measurement:





TAUP 2017, Laurentian University, Sudbury, 2017, Jul. 24-28

Excellence Cluster Universe

Reflectivity measurement:







Position reproducibility:



TAUP 2017, Laurentian University, Sudbury, 2017, Jul. 24-28

Prototype booster Upgrade:

20 disc setup:







Prototype booster Upgrade:

20 disc setup:





Prototype booster Upgrade:

20 disc setup:







OUTLOOK:

Sensitivty for QCD dark matter axions with A=1m², B_{||}=10T, T_{sys}= 8K, β^2 =5.10⁴



OUTLOOK:

Sensitivty for hidden photons with A=1m², T_{sys} = 8K, β^2 =5·10⁴





OUTLOOK:

- •Sign MoU → officially establish collaboration
- •Magnet innovation partnership with (2018) Bilfinger Bacock Noell CEA IRFU
- •Desin study for booster realization (2018)
- Build prototype 3-4 T magnet &
 20 discs 30cm diameter booster (2021?)
 → First QCD axions results 2021
- •Build full scale experiment (>2022) Considering DESY as site









Axion DM: Scenario PQ – Inflation (Pre Inflationary PQ breaking)

Scenario II: PQ symmetry breaking first:

- θ_i has a single random value which determines the dark matter density
- No "topological defects"

QCD dark matter axions can have any mass ≲1meV!





Axion DM: Scenario Inflation – PQ

(Post Inflationary PQ breaking)

Scenario Inflation first:

- PQ broken after inflation
- θ_i has random values in every casual region, with the dark matter density determined by the average
- Topological defects such as strings and domain walls exist in the early universe
 - \rightarrow decay leads to axion production
 - \rightarrow influence axion density



Predicted axion mass ~ 100 µeV



B. Majorovits

First measurements:

Low noise preamp:



InP HEMT preamplifier from LowNoiseFactory Frequency range: 6-20 GHz detector noise: T~7K (measured, quick and dirty) T_{ds}~ 6K (data sheet)

