

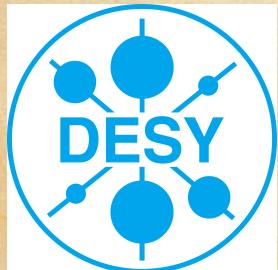
Direct detection of self-interacting dark matter

Sebastian Wild
DESY, Hamburg

mostly based on

1707.XXXX (Kahlhoefer, Kulkarni, SW)

1704.02149 (Kahlhoefer, Schmidt-Hoberg, SW)



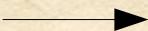
TAUP 2017
Sudbury, Canada



Self-interacting dark matter (SIDM)

Potential “small-scale crisis” within the cold DM paradigm:

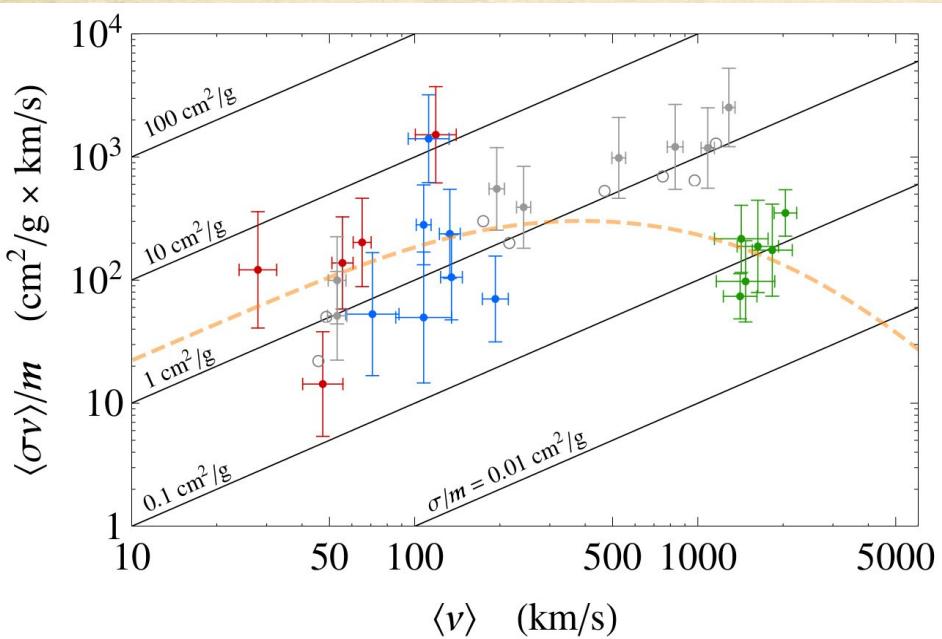
- Too-big-to-fail problem
- Missing-satellites problem
- Cusp-vs-core problem



Observational issue?
Baryonic physics?
Strong DM self-interactions?

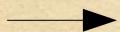
Spergel+ [astro-ph/9909386]

Kaplinghat+ [1508.03339]



- Observational preference for **velocity-dependent SIDM**:
 $\sigma/m \sim 1 - 10 \text{ cm}^2/\text{g}$
at dwarf scales ($v \sim 30 \text{ km}/\text{s}$)

 $\sigma/m \lesssim 0.1 - 1 \text{ cm}^2/\text{g}$
at cluster scales ($v \sim 1000 \text{ km}/\text{s}$)

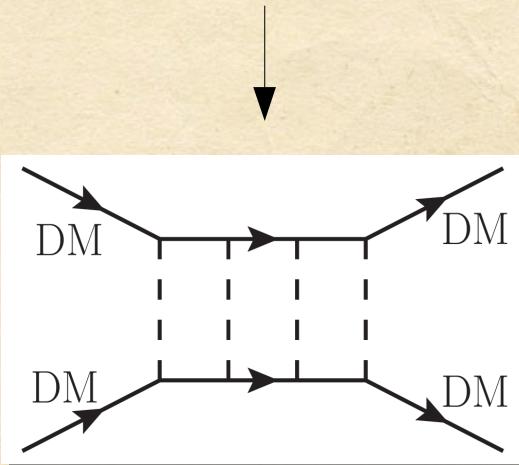


How can this be realized in a
particle physics model?

SIDM via a light scalar mediator

Feng+ [0905.3039]
Buckley+ [0911.3898]

Dirac WIMP ($m_{\text{DM}} \simeq \text{GeV} - \text{TeV}$)
+ light scalar mediator ($m_{\text{med}} \simeq 1 \text{ MeV} - 100 \text{ MeV}$)



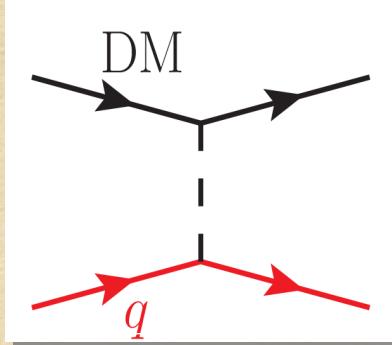
enhanced by
... small m_{med}
... non-perturbative
effects

**Strong DM self-interactions
with weak couplings!**

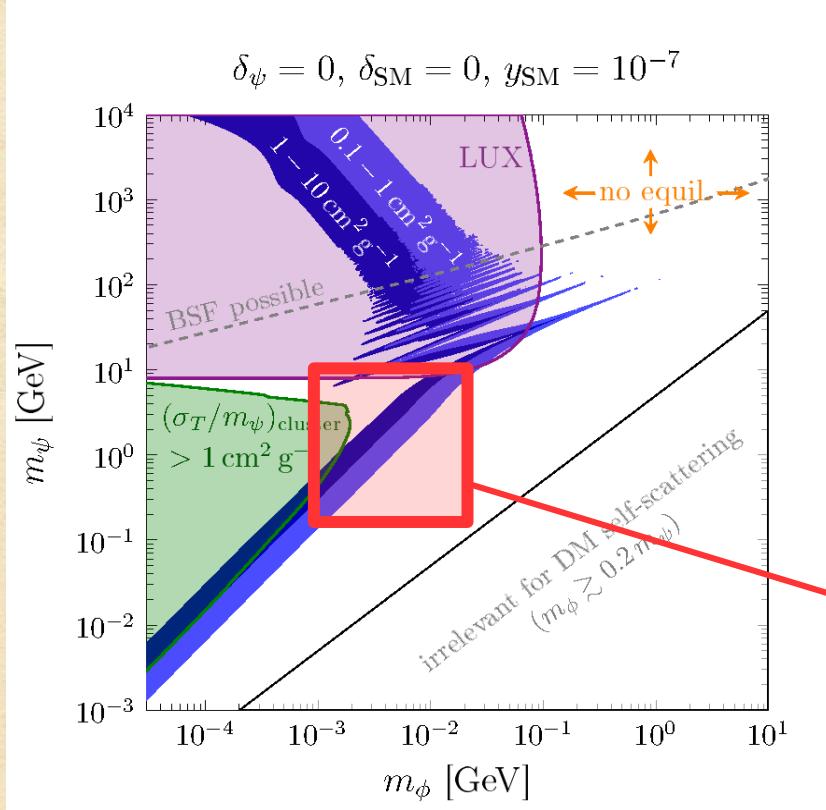
→ Required velocity dependence of self-interaction
cross section comes for free!

SIDM via a light scalar mediator

Direct detection is a powerful probe of this scenario:



... enhanced by
small m_ϕ



SW+ [1704.02149]

Largely excluded by
LUX & Xenon1T
for $m_{\text{DM}} \gtrsim 5 \text{ GeV}$

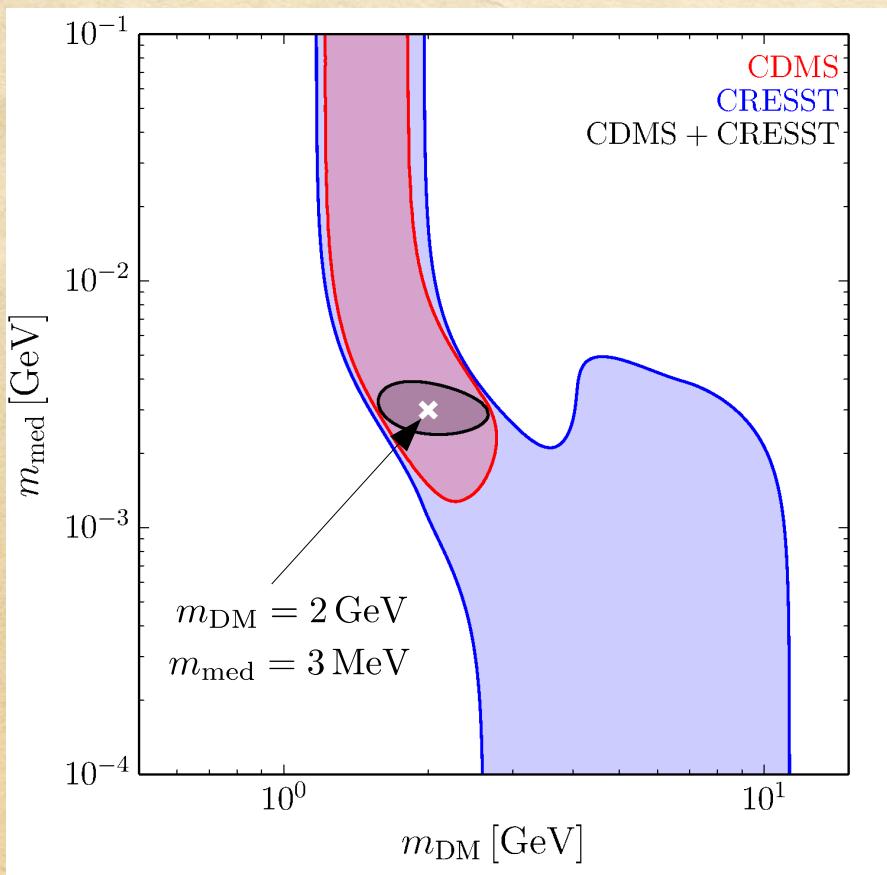
Not excluded by DD:
 $m_{\text{DM}} \sim \text{GeV}$,
 $m_\phi \sim 1 - 10 \text{ MeV}$

- Discovery potential for future realizations of CRESST, CDMS, EDELWEISS, ...
- Non-standard recoil spectrum: Rate $\propto (q^2 + m_\phi^2)^{-2}$ with $m_\phi \sim q \equiv \sqrt{2m_T E_R}$

Measuring mediator masses
with direct detection?

Measuring mediator masses with DD

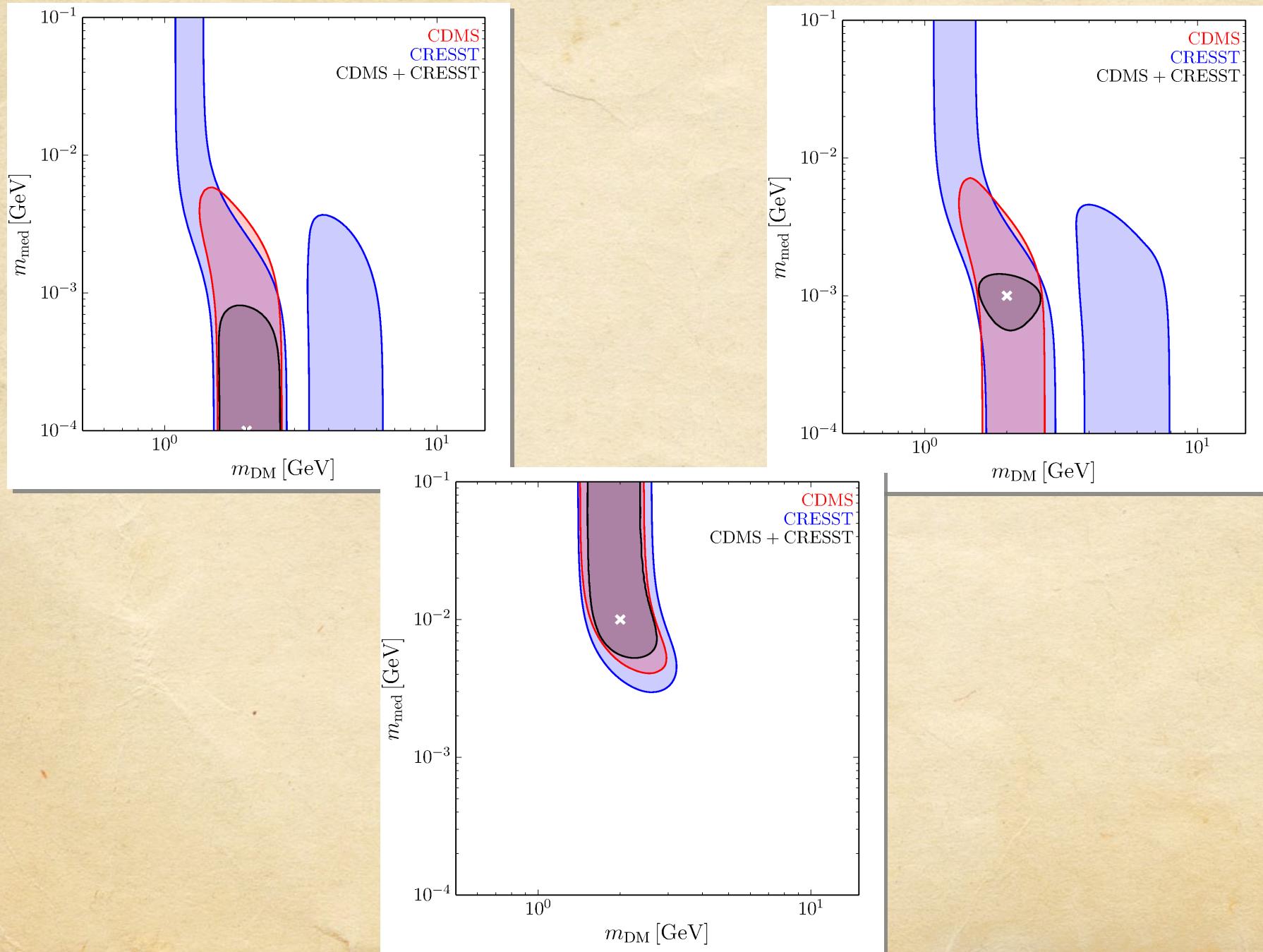
- We conduct the first dedicated **parameter reconstruction study** for CRESST-III + SuperCDMS@SNOLAB in the context of light mediators
- After generating mock data, we perform a **profile likelihood fit** to the energy spectrum.
 - we take into account energy resolution, background uncertainties, astrophysical uncertainties, varying f_n/f_p



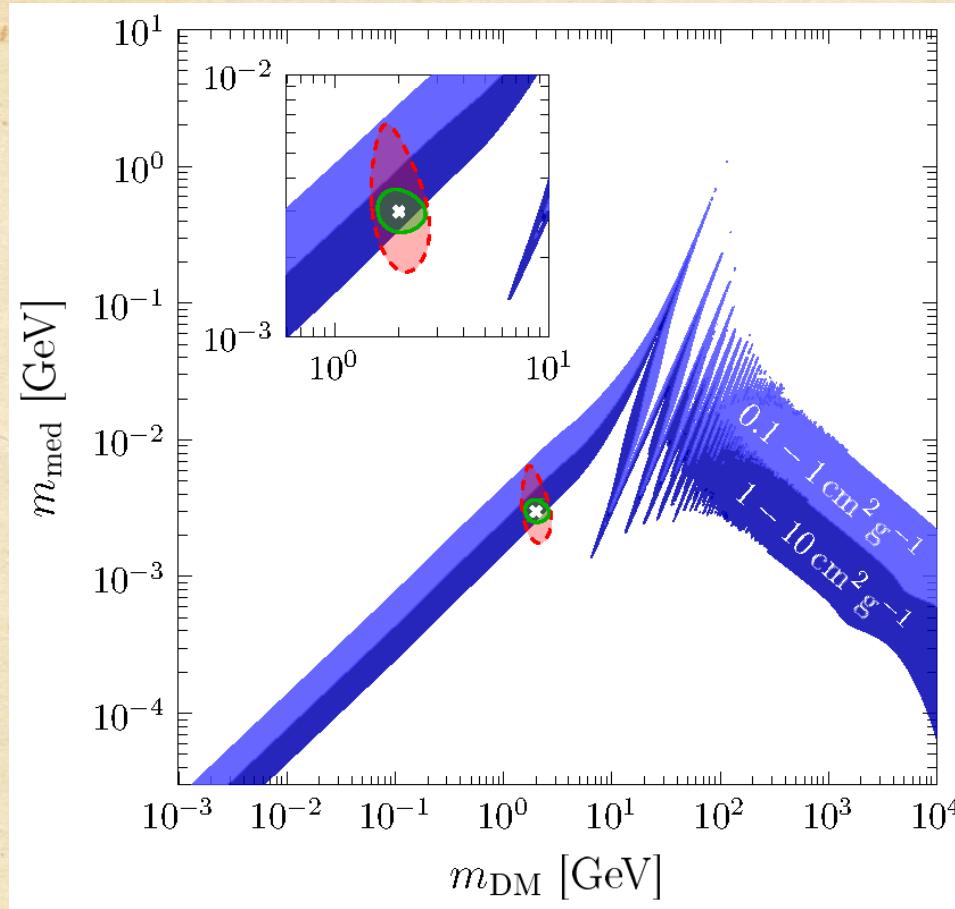
- Strong complementarity of CRESST and CDMS (different targets!)

Exciting possibility:
simultaneous measurement of
dark matter and mediator masses
with low-threshold DD experiments!

Measuring mediator masses with DD



Interplay: SIDM \longleftrightarrow direct detection



SW+ [17XX.XXXXX]

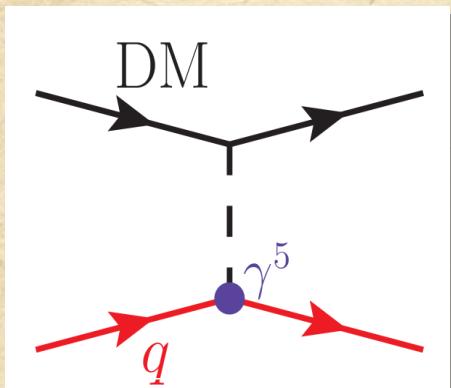
Future low-threshold DD experiments can potentially probe the behaviour of DM on astrophysical scales!

Alternative scenario: CP-violating SIDM

SW+ [1704.02149]

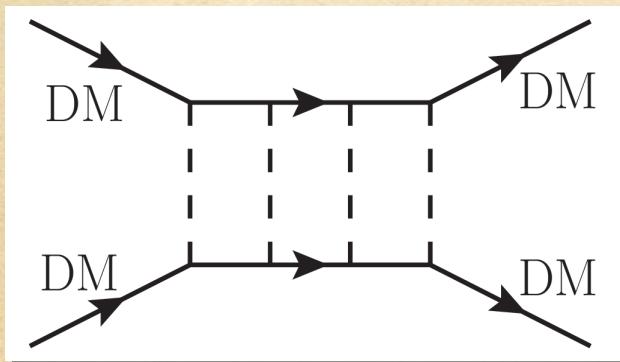
$$\mathcal{L} = -y_\psi \bar{\psi} \psi \phi - i y_{\text{SM}} \sum_f \frac{m_f}{v_{\text{EW}}} \bar{f} \gamma^5 f \phi$$

Direct detection:

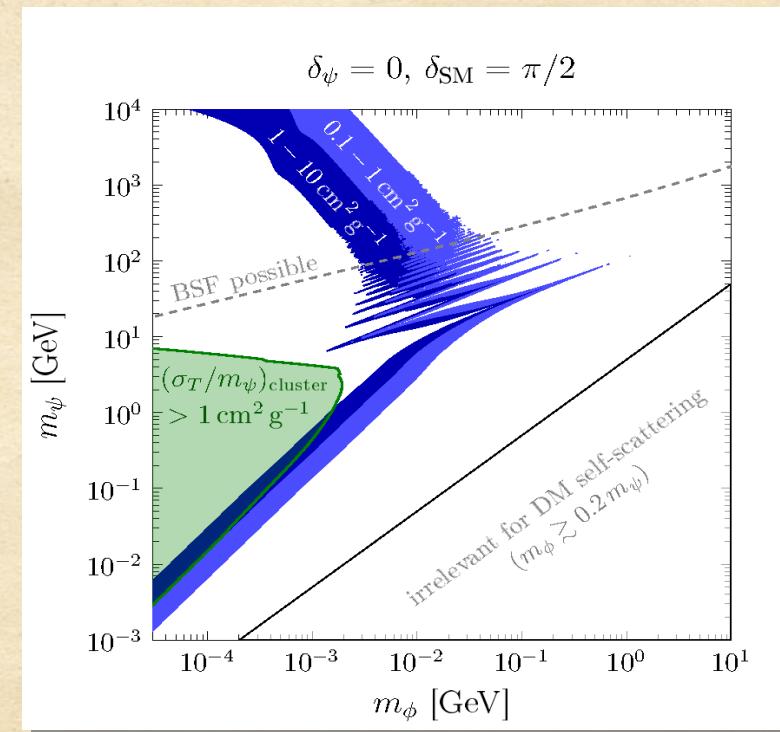


$\propto q^2$ for a mixed scalar/pseudoscalar mediator
 → direct detection constraints are easily evaded

Self-interactions:



$$V(r) \propto \frac{e^{-m_\phi r}}{r}$$



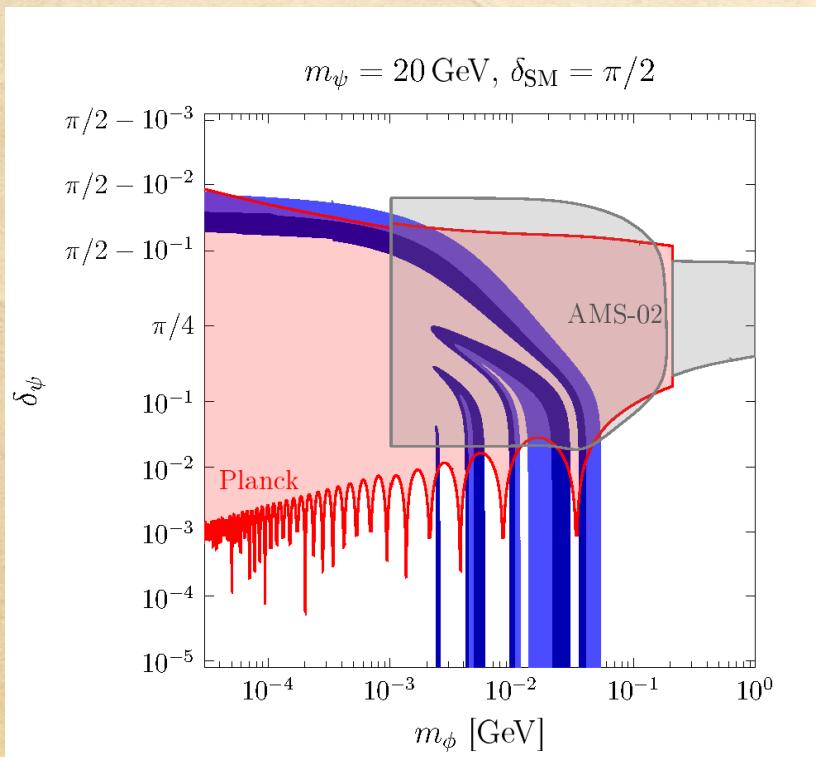
Phenomenologically viable also for large m_{DM} !

CP violating SIDM: general case

- No theoretical reason for maximal CP violation → more general setup:

$$\mathcal{L} = -y_\psi \cos \delta_\psi \bar{\psi} \psi \phi - i y_\psi \sin \delta_\psi \bar{\psi} \gamma^5 \psi \phi$$

$$-y_{\text{SM}} \sum_f \left[\frac{m_f}{v_{\text{EW}}} \cos \delta_{\text{SM}} \bar{f} f \phi + i \frac{m_f}{v_{\text{EW}}} \sin \delta_{\text{SM}} \bar{f} \gamma^5 f \phi \right]$$



- Strong CMB constraints for $\delta_\psi > 0$:

$$(\sigma v)_{\psi \bar{\psi} \rightarrow \phi \phi}^{\text{CMB}} \propto \sin^2(2\delta_\psi)$$

→ CMB requires $\delta_\psi \ll 1$
- For large m_{DM} , direct detection strongly constrains the scalar DM-mediator coupling

→ DD requires $\pi/2 - \delta_{\text{SM}} \ll 1$

Viable parameter space for SIDM!

- Such a setup can appear naturally in models with spontaneous CP violation

Conclusions

- **Self-interacting dark matter** (SIDM) is a potential solution to small-scale problems within the standard cold DM paradigm
- Using **MeV-scale mediators**, this can be realized with “standard” WIMPs

(1) Purely scalar couplings:

- Largely excluded for $m_{\text{DM}} \gtrsim 5 \text{ GeV}$ by direct detection
- **Discovery potential** for future low-threshold experiments!
- Most exciting: direct detection experiments could **simultaneously** probe m_{DM} and m_{med}

(2) CP-violating DM (mixed scalar/pseudoscalar couplings)

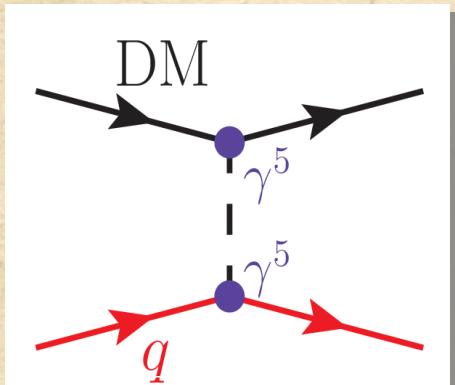
- (Mostly) scalar DM-mediator interactions lead to strong self-interactions
- (Mostly) pseudoscalar SM-mediator interactions suppress direct detection
- Interesting interplay with CMB constraints

Backup material

SIDM with pseudoscalar interactions

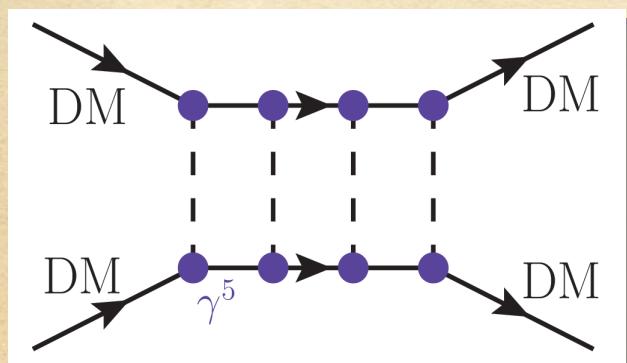
$$\mathcal{L} = -iy_\psi \bar{\psi} \gamma^5 \psi \phi - iy_{\text{SM}} \sum_f \frac{m_f}{v_{\text{EW}}} \bar{f} \gamma^5 f \phi$$

Direct detection:



$\propto q^4$ for a pseudoscalar mediator
→ direct detection constraints are evaded!

BUT:



$$V(r) \propto \frac{m_{\text{med}}^2}{m_{\text{DM}}^2} \frac{e^{-m_\phi r}}{r} + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{r^2}\right)$$

No significant self-interactions
from pseudoscalar exchange

Detailed discussion about this (@tree-
and one-loop level) in SW+ [1704.02149]

Spontaneous CP violation

- Starting point: CP-conserving scenario involving a pseudoscalar P :

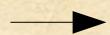
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{DM}} = \bar{\psi}(i\partial - m_0)\psi - iy_\psi P\bar{\psi}\gamma^5\psi - V(P)$$

- P acquires a vev: $P = v_P + \phi$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}_{\text{DM}} = \bar{\psi} [i\partial - (m_0 + iy_\psi v_P \gamma^5)] \psi - iy_\psi \phi \bar{\psi} \gamma^5 \psi - V(\phi)$$

- Chiral rotation $\psi \rightarrow \exp(i\gamma^5 \alpha/2)\psi$ with $\tan \alpha = y_\psi v_P / m_0$ removes the complex mass term:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{DM}} = \bar{\psi}(i\partial - m_\psi)\psi - y_\psi \phi \bar{\psi} (\cos \delta_\psi + i \sin \delta_\psi \gamma^5) \psi \quad (\delta_\psi = \pi/2 - \alpha)$$



- Mixed scalar/pseudoscalar interactions of DM
- $\delta_\psi \ll 1$ corresponds to $y_\psi v_P \gg m_0$

Spontaneous CP violation

- Similar story for the mediator-SM coupling:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{mass}} \supset - \sum_f \bar{f} \frac{y_f}{\sqrt{2}} (v_{\text{EW}} + i \sin \theta v_P \gamma^5) f$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}_{\text{mixing}} = -y_{\text{SM}} \sum_f \frac{y_f}{\sqrt{2}} \phi \bar{f} (\cos \delta_{\text{SM}} + i \sin \delta_{\text{SM}} \gamma^5) f$$

with $y_{\text{SM}} = \sin \theta$ and $\delta_{\text{SM}} = \pi/2 - \alpha_{\text{SM}}$

- Crucial point: $\alpha_{\text{SM}} \propto \sin \theta \ll 1 \Rightarrow \delta_{\text{SM}} \approx 1$

→ Small coupling to SM fermions ensures that the SM-mediator coupling is nearly pseudoscalar after spontaneous CP breaking