

DynHo: A New Trap For Dark Matter

We investigate a new method to search for keV-scale sterile neutrinos that could account for Dark Matter. Neutrinos trapped in our galaxy could be captured on stable ^{163}Dy if their mass is greater than 2.83 keV. Two experimental realizations are studied, an integral counting of ^{163}Ho atoms in dysprosium-rich ores and a real-time measurement of the emerging electron spectrum in a dysprosium-based detector. The capture rates are compared to the solar neutrino and radioactive backgrounds. An integral counting experiment using several kilograms of ^{163}Dy could reach a sensitivity for the sterile-to-active mixing angle $\sin(\theta)^2$ of $1e-5$ significantly exceeding current laboratory limits. Smaller mixing angles may be explored with a real-time experiment.

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