

The Electron Capture in ^{163}Ho Experiment

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The Electron Capture in ^{163}Ho (**ECHO**) experiment is designed to investigate the electron neutrino mass m_{ν_e} with sub- eV sensitivity by the analysis of the electron capture (**EC**) energy spectrum of ^{163}Ho .

The sensitivity on the electron neutrino mass is crucially related to the energy available for the decay $Q_{EC} = 2833(30\text{stat})(15\text{sys}) eV$, which has been precisely determined by the ECHO collaboration.

Accordingly, a sensitivity below $10 eV$ is expected to be attained at the end of the present phase of the experiment, ECHO-1k.

In this phase, about $1 kBq$ of high purity ^{163}Ho is going to be implanted in multiplexed arrays of low temperature metallic magnetic calorimeters which are operated in a reduced background environment.

The goals of ECHO-1k are the precise characterization of the parameters describing the spectrum, optimizing the implantation process of ^{163}Ho into the detector arrays, optimization of detector production and identification and reduction of the background in the experimental setup.

The results will pave the way to a future phase of the experiment, where activities of the order of MBq ^{163}Ho will be used.

This second phase aims to approach sub- eV sensitivity on the electron neutrino mass.

Furthermore, the high statistics and high resolution measurement of the ^{163}Ho electron capture spectrum will allow the investigation of the existence of eV and keV-scale sterile neutrinos.

In this contribution, a general overview of the ECHO experiment is presented and the current status as well as the future perspectives are discussed.

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