Adaptercard Ideas

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What comes from SCC?

- Hope this matches Marco's talk before me
- Only looking at digital connection, power/analog should come from somewhere else
- SCC will have
  - 1 DP connector for 4x1.28Gbps
  - 1 DP connector for 1x5Gbps
  - 1 RJ45 connector for HitOr
  - Local monitoring for serial powering scenario? I2C?
- … ?

FMC

- FMC most commonly used standard with FPGA boards
- FMC-LPC = Low Pin Count version
  - 34 LVDS pairs (can also be used single-ended)
  - 1 MGT, 1 I2C, 2 Clks, 12V/3.3V/Vadj (low power)
- FMC-HPC = High Pin Count version
  - 80 LVDS pairs (can also be used single-ended)
  - 10 MGT, 1 I2C, 4 Clks, 12V/3.3V/Vadj (low power)
- LPC and HPC are compatible, but of course only enable their respective connections

Ideas

Adapter card:

- FMC standard gives ~65mm faceplate space
- Fits 3xDP connector or 5-6x Mini DP
- Two connection options:
  - 1 x 5Gbps
  - 4 x 1.28Gbps
- Not possible on the same connector!
- Most likely one transmission will dominate during common usage.

DP vs mDP:

- DP has better locking mechanism
- mDP gives better utilisation of faceplate space
- Adapters from mDP to DP available
- Found a “vertical” mDP, which would allow even more connections

Ideas II

- Initially don’t need very high number of chips to be connected
  - One 5Gbps DP + one 4x1.28Gbps DP enables testing of each interface and should be simple to design
- If 5Gbps transmission is better, adapter card design will get more complex when scaling up to more chips
- 4x1.28 Gbps transmission should still be possible even with a LPC FMC enabling higher compatibility, but might set more requirements in terms of timing in the FPGA

What else?

- RJ45 for HitOr is convenient but connected takes up a lot of space
- Can use chip internal coincidence function and only use a single LVDS pair
- Having an I2C connection to the SCC might come in handy for monitoring, e.g. SCC could have ADC mounted to measure voltage, current or temp.
- DP connector has 5 spare signals we can use, but need to make sure that signal can be AC coupled (serial powering!)
- An extra I2C (or similar com bus) for external devices might come in handy in the future, need lightweight con/cable