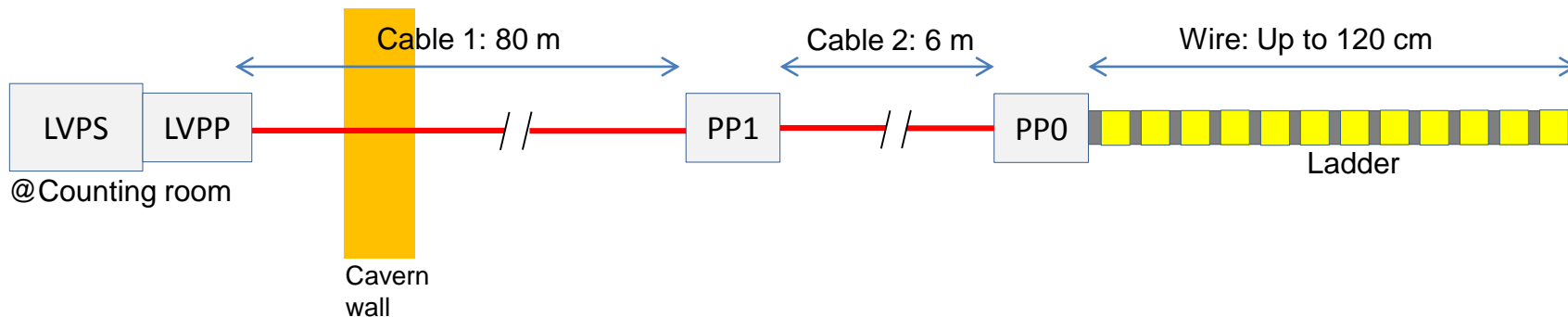


Options for LV production and distribution
From common project study to CMS OT use case

Common Project

Reminder: Originally proposed distribution scheme and demonstration target

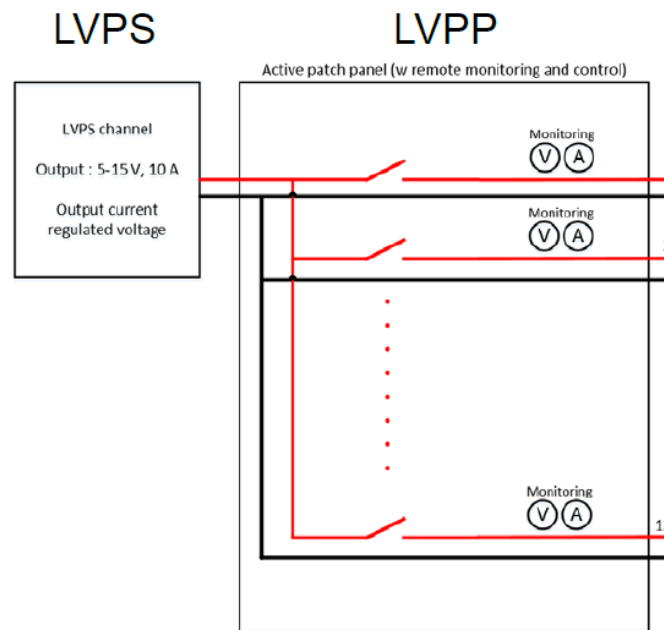


3 distinct building blocks considered

- LVPS
 - In counting house
 - Output range: 15V max, 15-20A max
 - Relaxed noise/ripple characteristics TBC
 - Regulation mode TBD and tested

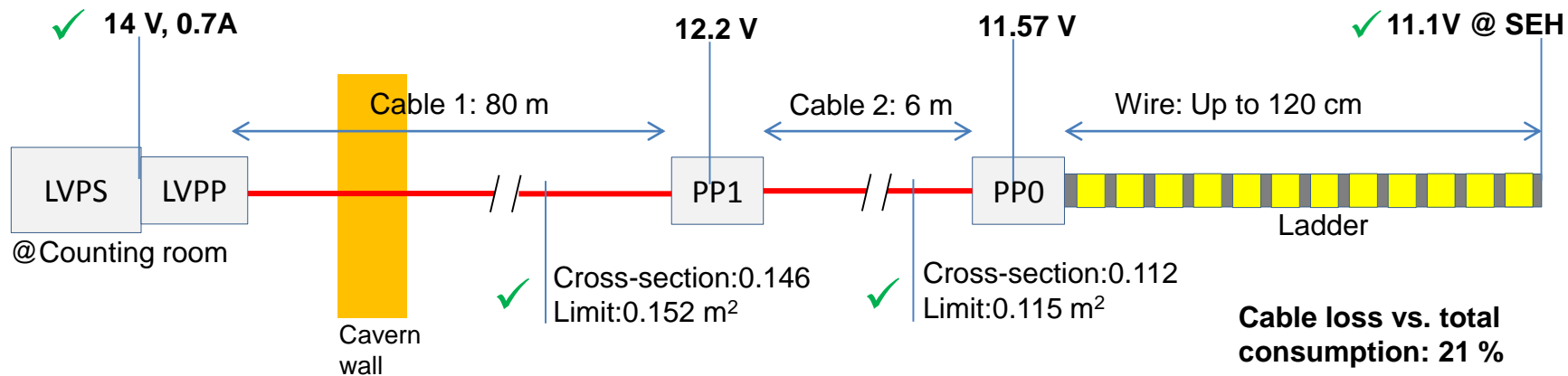
- LVPP
 - 12 out. channels, max: 15V/2A
 - 0.7A per channel
 - Minimum control: Imon. and ON/OFF

- Cabling
 - Overall max Vdrop: 3V
 - Cross section constraints
 - Material budget from PP1 onwards



Design

Based on custom cables designed by and procured from Habia Cables



- ✓ 1 single cable / ladder (from PS to PP0) including LV, HV and returns
- ✓ Cross section limits respected
- ✓ Cabling extended from PP1 to CR
- ✓ Voltage drop from LVPS to POL DC/DC converter limited to 3V
- ✓ Aluminum wires between PP1 and modules
- ✓ Shielding: Al film with drain wire (PS to PP0)
- ✓ 2 multi-purpose pairs included

See poster by V. Bobillier
<https://indico.cern.ch/event/608587/contributions/2614651/contribution.pdf>

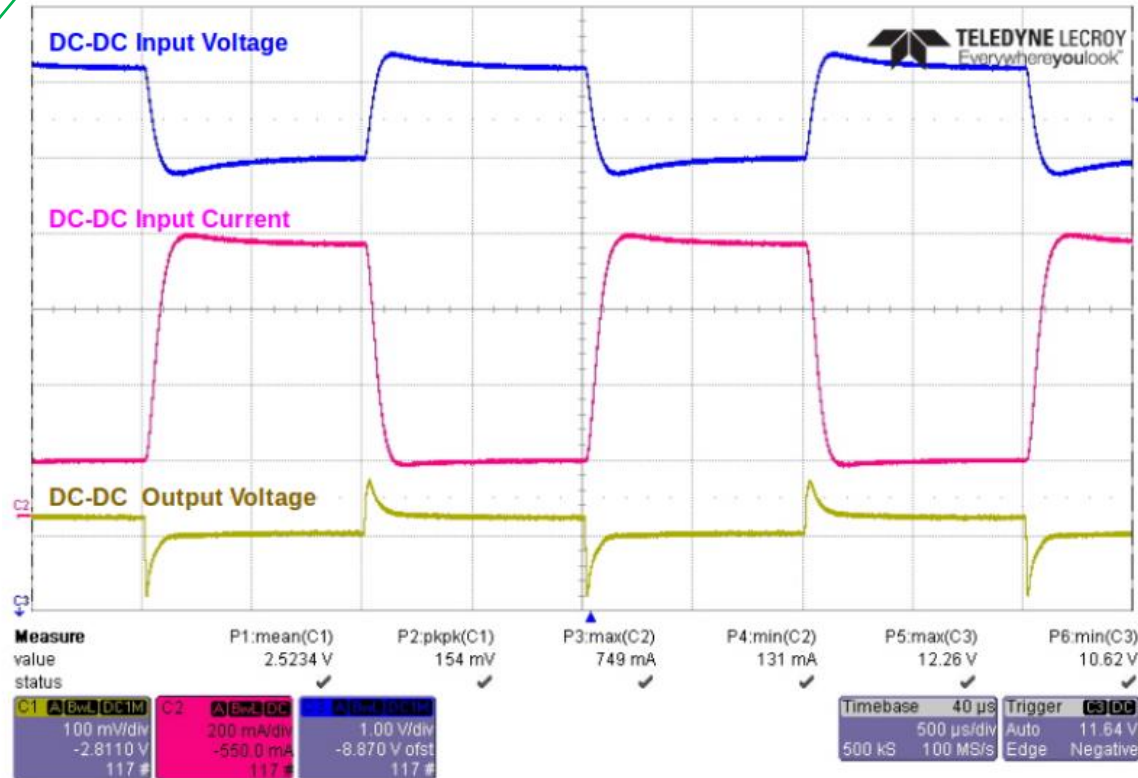
Feasibility Demonstration (1)

Based on custom Habia Cables and COTS LVPS

- Power supply output voltage: 12.37V
- Load in transient mode
- Current settings at load: 0.5A - 2.5A
- Frequency : 500Hz
- Slew Rate : 5A/ μ Sec

Max input voltage well within DC/DC converter operating range, cable mostly resistive

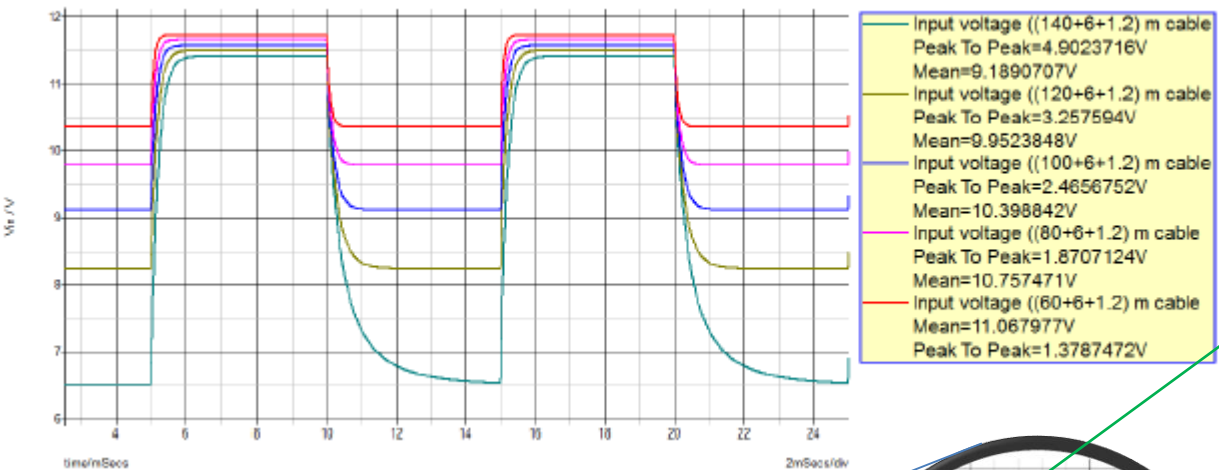
Input Voltage (Max.)	12.26 V
Input Voltage (Min.)	10.62 V
Input Voltage Mean	11.44 V
Input voltage Peak to Peak	1.64 V
Input Current (Max.)	749 mA
Input Current (Min.)	131 mA
Output Voltage Mean	2.52 V
Output Voltage Peak to Peak	154 mV



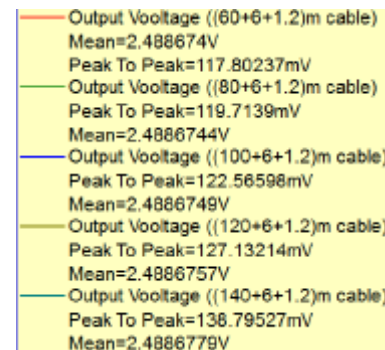
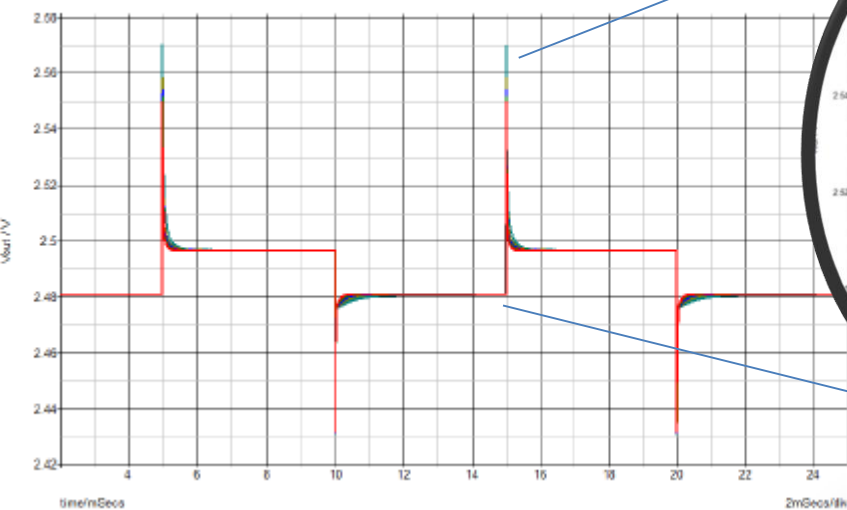
Despite large input swing, DC/DC converter performs well

Feasibility Demonstration (2)

Simulation of longer cable lengths: is inductive behavior observed?

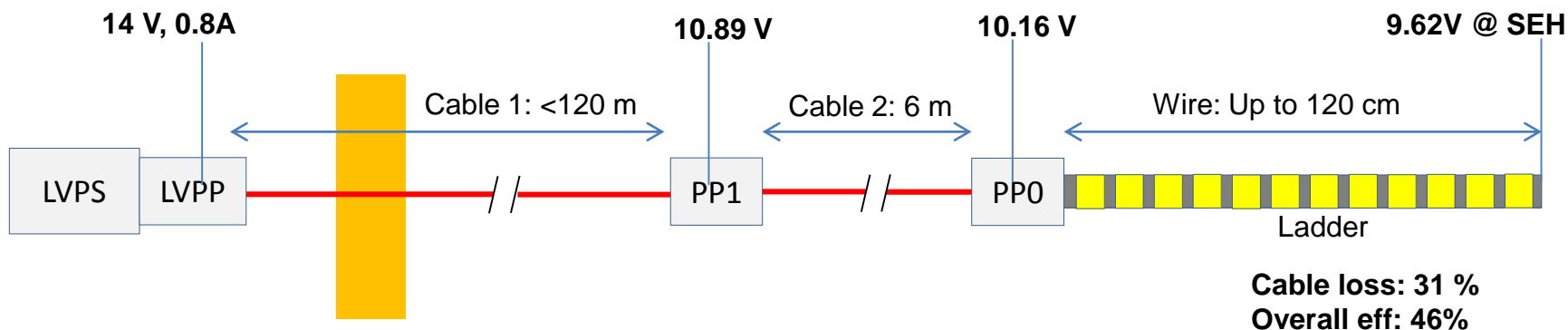


No inductive behaviour observed at DC/DC input up to 140m.
DC/DC converter output overshoots by ~70mV



Use case in CMS outer tracker

Implementation Options in CMS OT



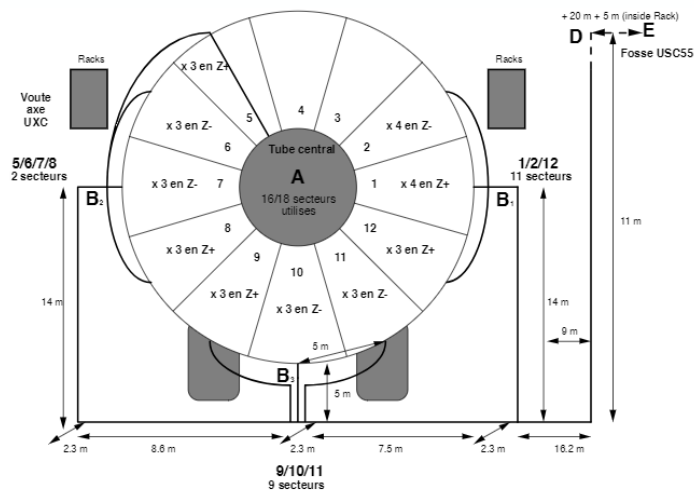
- **Option 1:** As originally proposed, $L_{\text{cable1}} < 120\text{m}$ (was 80m)
 - the cable length, the space in USC and the cable channel availability seem to be problematic, especially considering the emerging needs of other detectors
 - **NB:** has not been confirmed by dedicated analysis

Length from USC much dependent on the actual location in USC
FAR side more distant (~ 20 m) than NEAR side

2.3. Récapitulatif des longueurs de câbles pour les deux solutions

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1												
2	85.5 m	90.4 m										
3	86.0 m	90.4 m										
4	86.7 m	90.7 m										
5	87.6 m	91.3 m										
6					120.5 m	116.3 m						
7					120.3 m	115.7 m						
8					120.5 m	115.4 m						
9							110.5 m	116.3 m				
10							110.5 m	115.4 m				
11							111.0 m	115.4 m				
12												
13									90.3 m	90.7 m		
14									90.5 m	90.4 m		
15									91.0 m	90.4 m		
16										90.3 m	90.7 m	
17										90.5 m	90.4 m	
18										91.0 m	90.4 m	

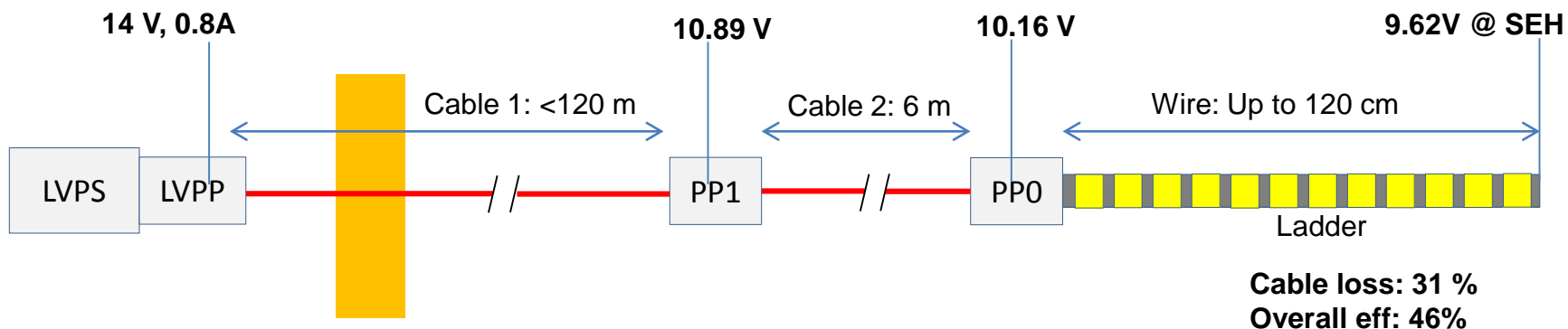
Tableau 6 : longueurs des câbles avec alimentations dans la salle de comptage



UXC

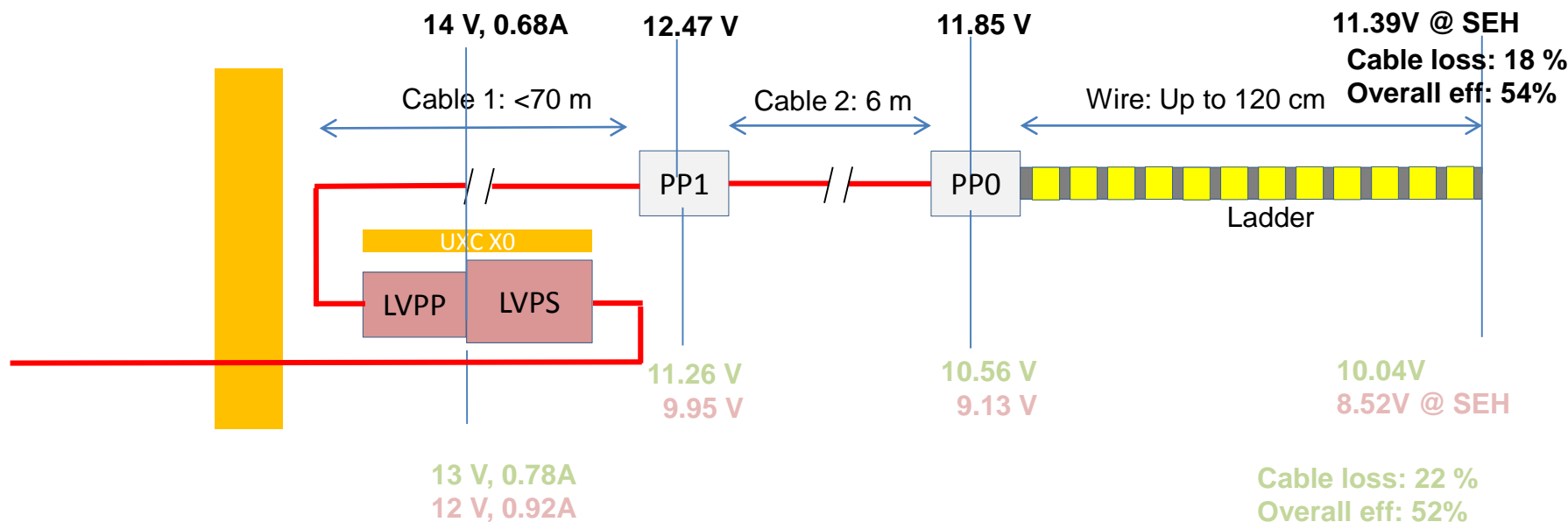
Implementation Options in CMS OT

- **Option 1: As originally proposed**



- **Option 2: Shortening Cable 1 length (assume -50m length reduction)**

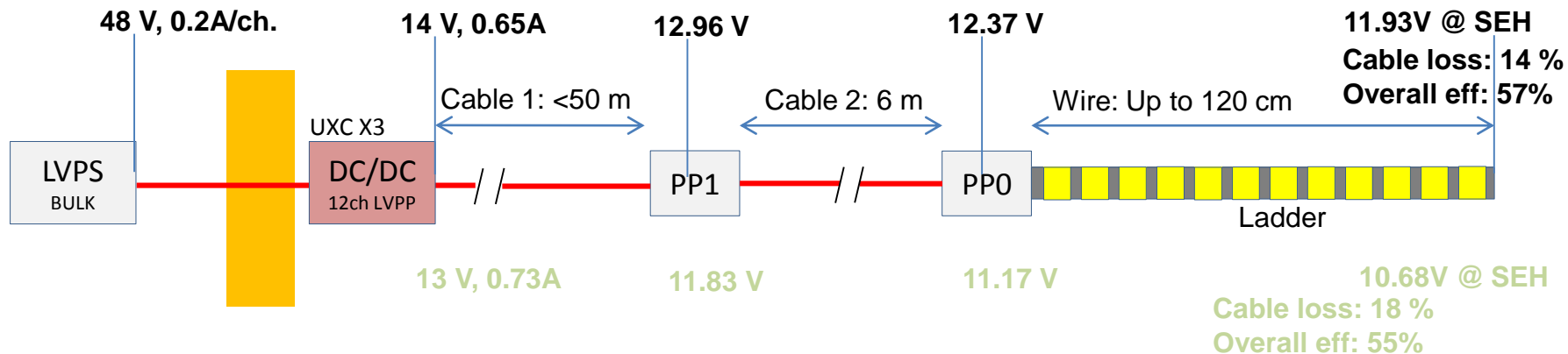
- *Room UXC-X0 provides shielding from radiation but the stray field is <500G*



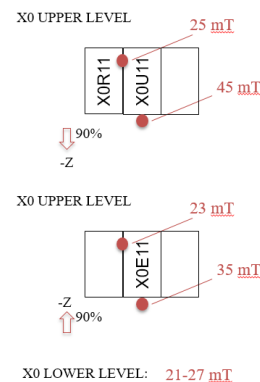
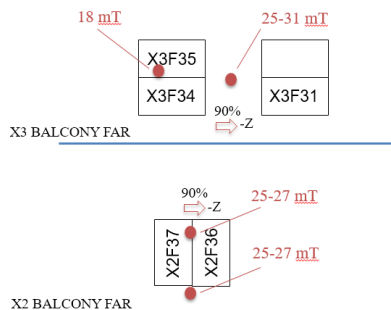
Cable loss: 29 %
Overall eff: 47%

Implementation Options in CMS OT

- **Option 3: Introducing an intermediate DC/DC converter stage**
 - Improves supply efficiency and reduces footprint on USC floor space
 - Development of rad and magnetic field tolerant power supply module is required
 - $TID < 10\text{Gy}$, $B < 500\text{G}$

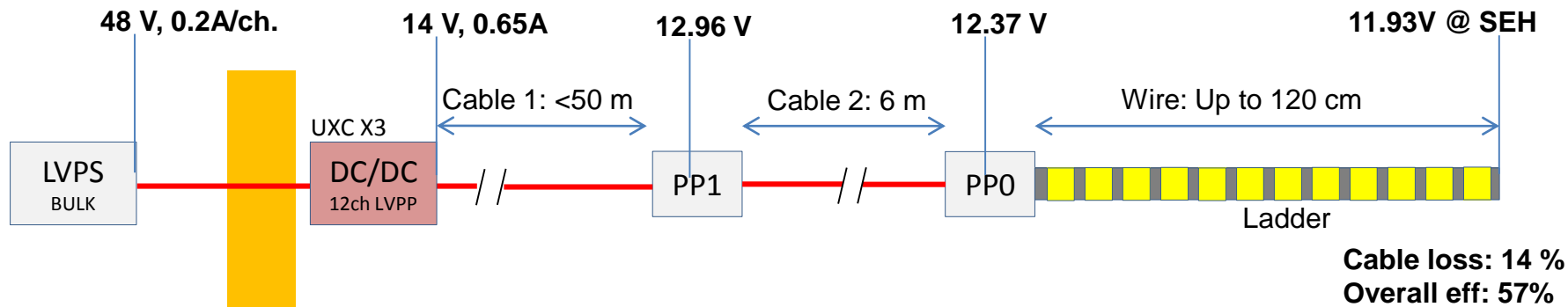


Measurement of the fringe magnetic field (@3.8T)

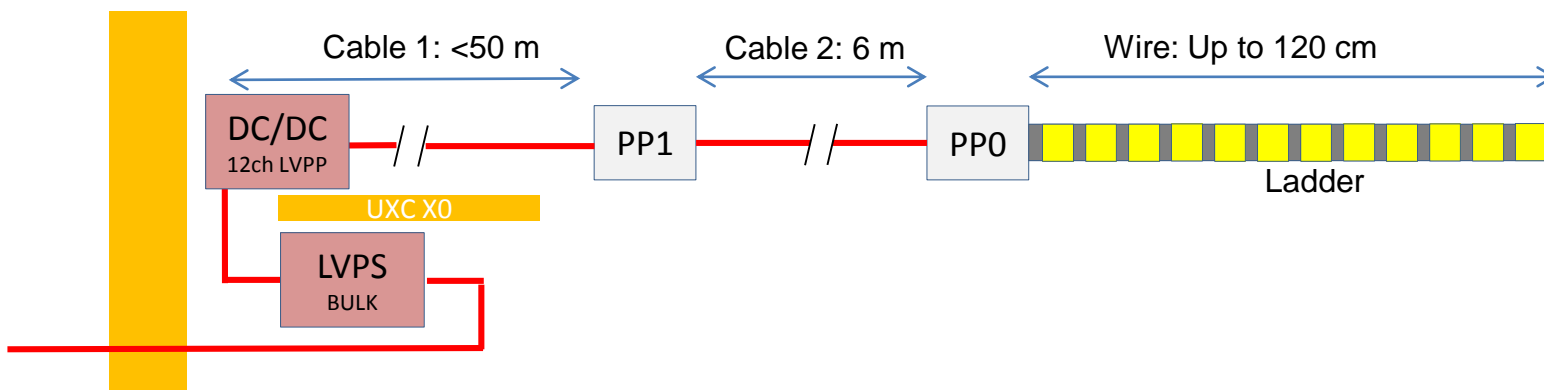


Implementation Options in CMS OT

- **Option 3:** Introducing an intermediate DC/DC converter stage
 - Improves supply efficiency and reduces footprint on USC
 - Development of rad and magnetic field tolerant power supply module is required
 - $TID < 10\text{Gy}$, $B < 500\text{G}$

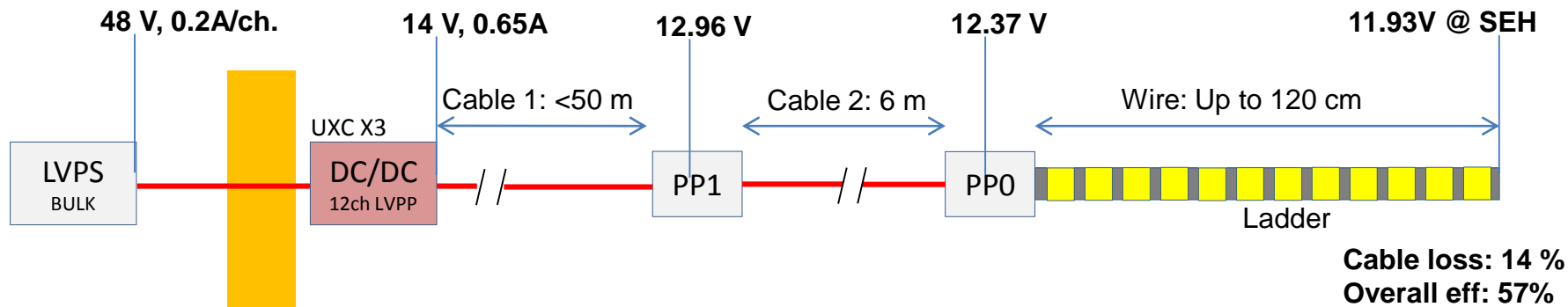


- **Option 3b:** Completely relaxes impact on USC
 - not much different from option 2 (cable 1 is shorter) while more complex

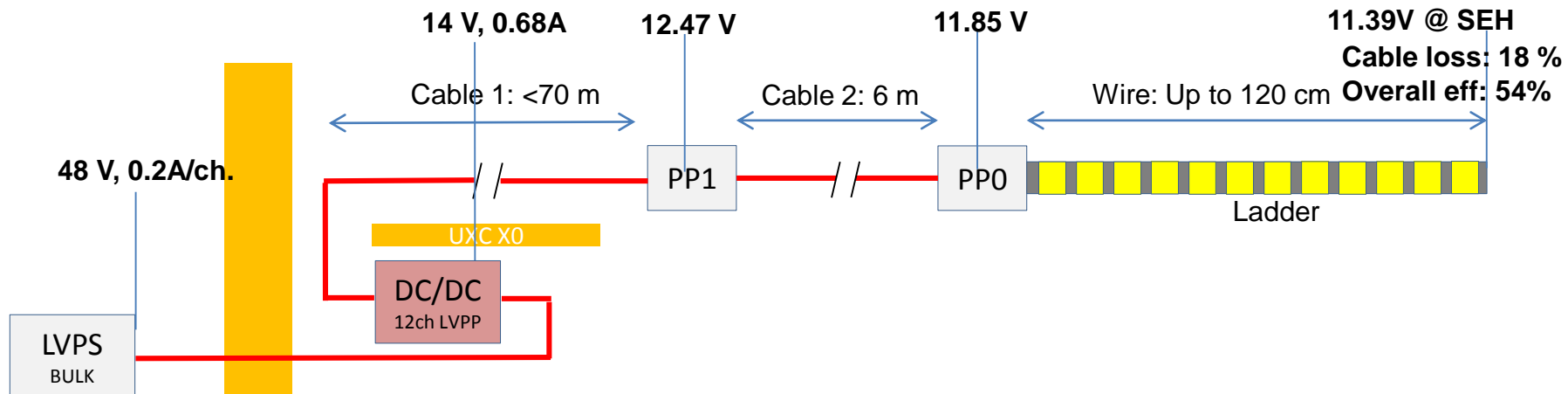


Implementation Options in CMS OT

- **Option 3:** Introducing an intermediate DC/DC converter stage
 - Improves supply efficiency and reduces footprint on USC
 - Development of rad and magnetic field tolerant power supply module is required
 - $TID < 10\text{Gy}$, $B < 500\text{G}$



- **Option 3c:** Shielding DC/DC module
 - Relaxes radiation tolerance constraint, but stray field is still $< 500\text{G}$



Tentative Requirements (1):

- **Bulk LVPS**
 - **12-14V (options 1 or 2)**
 - **$P_{max}=300W$ ($P=150W_{max}$ in operation, i.e. 50% nominal loading)**
 - **I_{out} max 20A**
 - **+/- 50V floating range**
 - **Remote on/off and thresholds control (OPC, SNMP or equivalent)**
 - **Adjustable OVV and OVC thresholds**
 - **<200mVpp ripple&noise**
 - **1% line and load regulation**
 - **$B_{field} < 500G$ (if installed in UXC-X0, option 2)**
 - **Connects to distribution LVPP**
 - **14 channels**
 - **I_{out} max 1.5A per channel ($I_{max}=0.8A$ in operation)**
 - **Per channel on/off control and current monitoring**
 - **OVV (?) and OVC protection**
 - **48V (options 3, 3b or 3c)**
 - **$P=300W$**
 - **Excluding possible HVPS need**
 - **I_{out} max 6A**
 - **<600mVpp ripple&noise**
 - **1% line and load regulation**
 - **Remote on/off and thresholds control (OPC, SNMP or equivalent)**
 - **Adjustable OVV and OVC thresholds**
 - **$B_{field} < 500G$ (if installed in UXC-X0, option 3b)**

Tentative Requirements (2):

- **DC/DC Converter**
 - **V_{in} : 48V**
 - **V_{out} : 10-14V**
 - **$P_{max}=300W$ ($P=150W_{max}$ in operation, 50% nominal loading)**
 - **I_{out} max 1.5A per channel ($I_{max}=0.8A$ in operation)**
 - **+/- 50V floating range**
 - **Remote on/off and thresholds control (OPC, SNMP or equivalent)**
 - **Adjustable OVV and OVC thresholds**
 - **14 channels**
 - **<200mVpp ripple&noise**
 - **1% line and load regulation**
 - **OVV (?) and OVC protection**
 - **V_{mon} , I_{mon} , on/off control**
 - **Interlock with HVPS to be discussed**
 - **$B_{field} < 500G$ (if installed in UXC-X0, option 3 or 4)**
 - **$TID < 10Gy$ (if installed in UXC-X3, option 3)**