#### UNIVERZITA KARLOVA V PRAZE

# matematicko-fyzikální fakulta





# **Tests of Semiconductor Detectors for ATLAS Upgrade**

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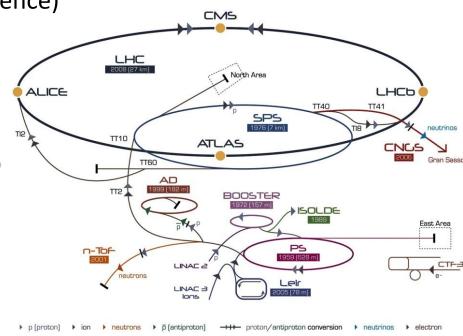
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#### **CERN**

- the European Organization for Nuclear Research
- world's largest system of accelerators

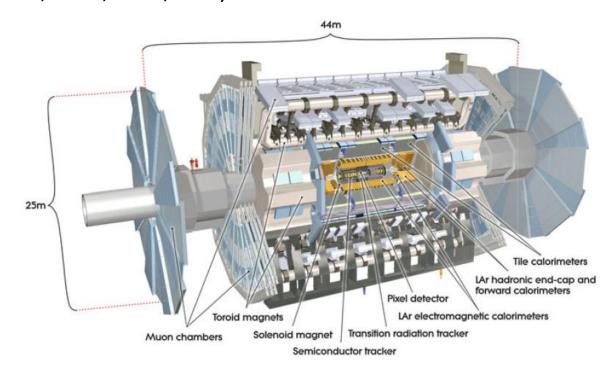
Large Hadron Collider (27 km circumference)

- p-p, Pb-Pb, p-Pb collisions
- Long Shutdown 1 (LS1), 2013 2015
  - CMS energy increase (8 TeV -> 13 TeV)
- 7 LHC detector complexes
- leading LHC experiments
  - ATLAS, CMS, ALICE, LHCb

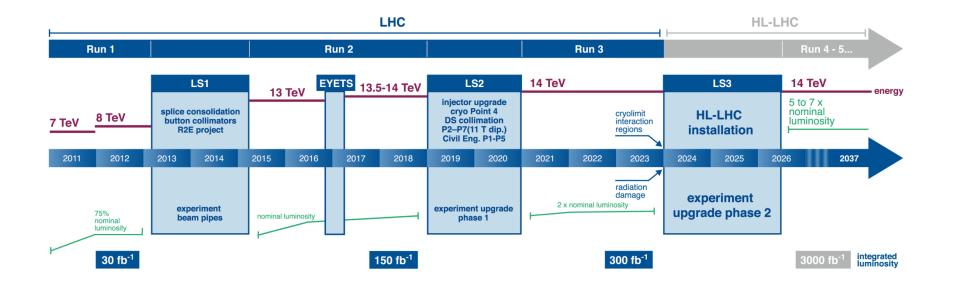


## **ATLAS Experiment**

- general-purpose experiment at the LHC, interaction point
- cylindrical symmetry, several detection subsystems
  - inner detector (ID) track, vertex, momentum and charge reconstuction
  - calorimeter (LAr, TileCal) energy reconstruction
  - muon spectrometer (CSC, MDT, RPC, TGC) muon detection
- magnet system
  - central solenoid (2 T)
  - outer toroid (4 T)



# **HL-LHC** and ATLAS Upgrade Project

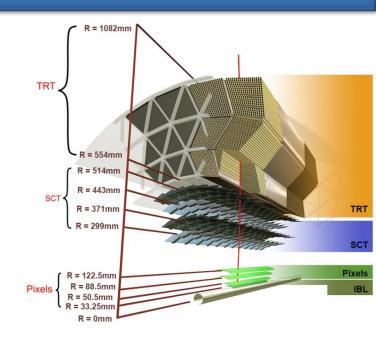


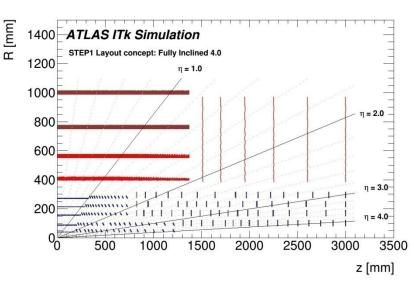
- first beams in 2017 in early May
- LS2: injector upgrade Linac 2 -> Linac 4 twice higher luminosity
- LS3: new SPL and PS2, upgraded SPS
- ATLAS ID replacement for Inner Tracker (ITk)

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# ITk Upgrade

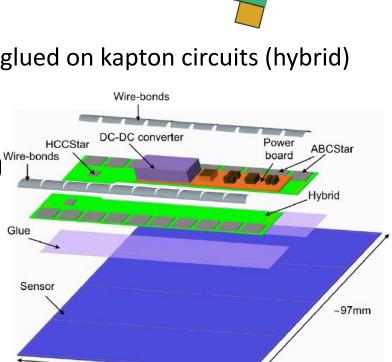
- current ID coverage IηI = 2.5
  - 4 barrel layers and 6 endcap discs of pixels
  - 4 barrel layers and 18 endcap discs of strips
  - TRT layer with straw tubes
- future ITk all-silicon tracker, coverage IηI = 4
  - 5 barrel layers of pixels in inclined layout
  - 32-38 endcap discs in each of 4 pixel layers
  - 4 barrel layers and 12 endcap discs of strips
- motivation radiation resistance
  - the most resistant layer IBL up to 850 fb<sup>-1</sup>





# ITk Strip Modules

- barrel modules organised in staves and endcap modules in petals
- 6 rings (R0-R5) in petal with different design
- module design:
  - ABC130 readout chips and control chip (HCC) glued on kapton circuits (hybrid)
  - hybrid glued direcly on silicon sensor
  - wire bonding (chips on hybrid, strips on chips) wire-bonds
  - End of Stucture for powering and readout



~97mm

Si sensors

← EOS

hybrids

ABC130

## Microstrip Sensors

- n<sup>+</sup> strips in p silicon bulk in case of ITk
  - larger signal after irradiation than p-in-n (SCT)
- particle

  P SUBSTRATE

  fully depleted

  front-end
  electronics

  ionising
  particle

  Cip

  Note in Strips deposited form

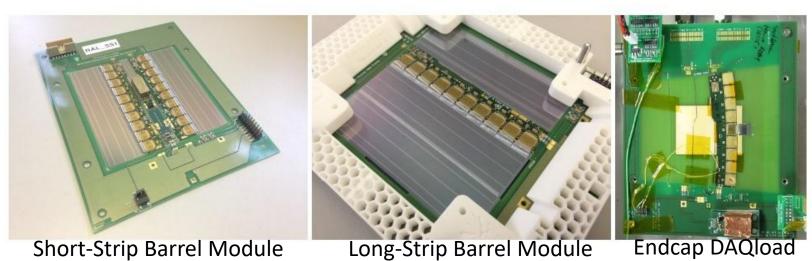
  on thing capacitors

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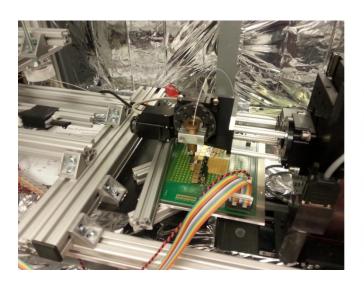
  coupling capacitors

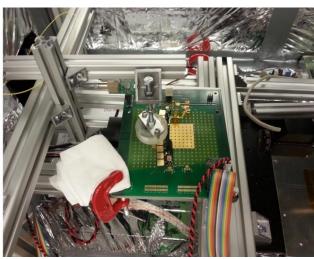
- width 320 μm, depletion voltage 350 V
- strip pitch 75.5 μm (barrel) and 70-80 μm (endcap discs)
- pre-production prototypes in tests



## **Testing of Modules**

- test beam accelarated particle beam, expensive, less available, tracking
  - CERN (120 GeV pions), DESY (4 4.8 GeV electrons)



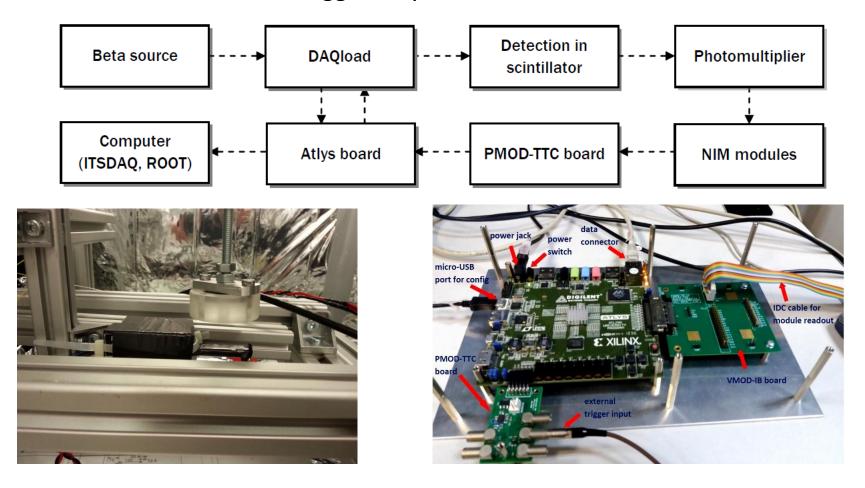


- laser tests available, cheap, good spatial resolution, adjustable intensity
- beta source tests electrons from beta source, available, cheap, no tracking

- both setups in operation at IPNP, newcomers welcome

#### Beta Source Test Setup

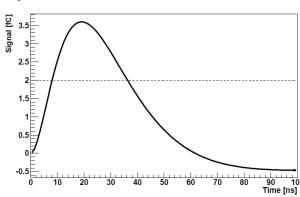
- beta source <sup>90</sup>Sr, electrons collimated in plastic collimator, mini sensor (1 x 1 cm<sup>2</sup>)
- scintillator as an external trigger, Atlys board for readout, software ITSDAQ, ROOT

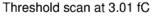


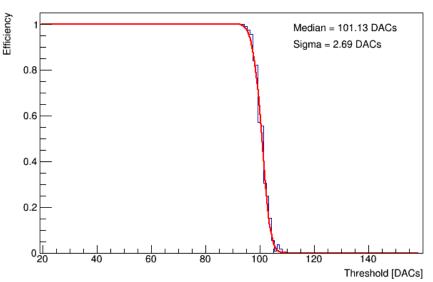
#### Threshold Scan

- basic ITSDAQ scan, amplitude reconstruction using binary readout
- integral form of convolution of noise and signal distrib.
  - skewed complementary error function (4 parameters)

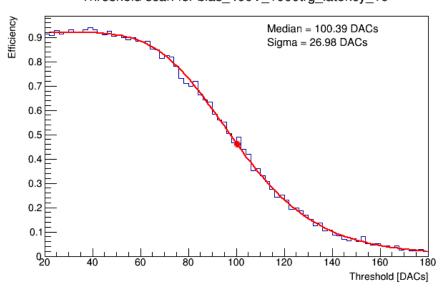
$$f(x) = \epsilon_{max} Erfc \left[ x \left( 1 + 0.6 \frac{e^{-\xi x} - e^{\xi x}}{e^{-\xi x} + e^{\xi x}} \right) \right]$$





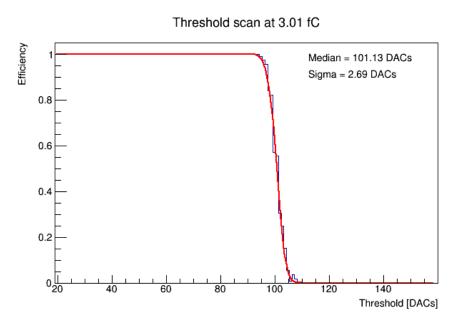


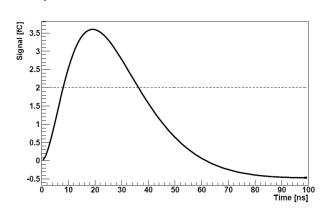
#### Threshold scan for bias 400V 1000trg latency 10



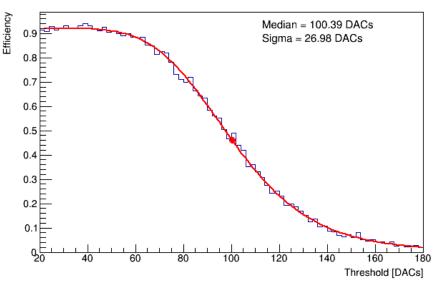
#### Threshold Scan

- basic ITSDAQ scan, amplitude reconstruction using binary readout
- critical parameters
  - collected charge, noise, hit efficiency, gain, S/N
- calibration scan (gain, ENC)
- beta source scan (50% point = Vt50)



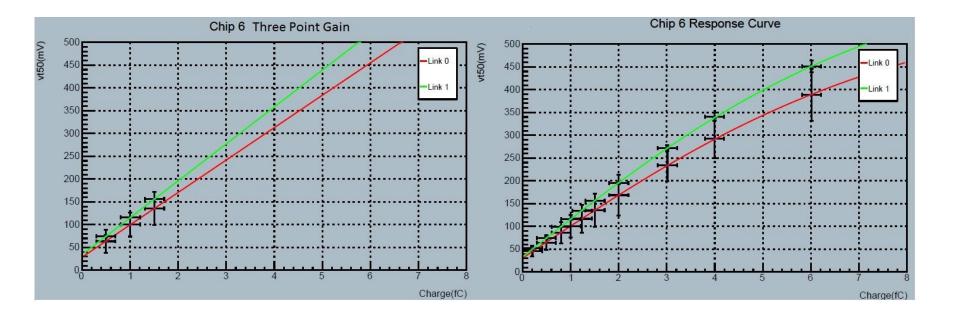






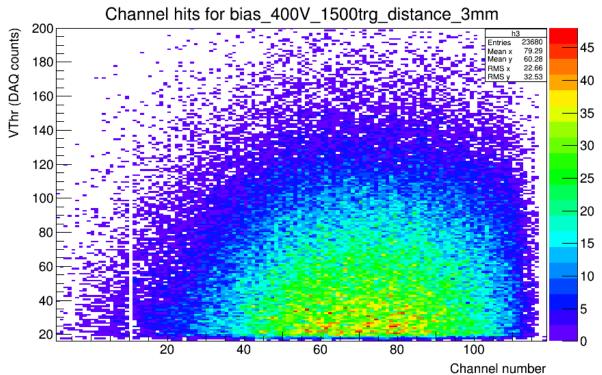
#### Calibration

- internal ITSDAQ units DACs, conversion to fC required
- DACs-to-mV conversion using ABC130 chip simulation
- mV-to-fC conversion using injected charge through calibration circuit
- Three Point Gain (linear, gain + offset), Response Curve (non-linear, 3 parameters)



#### **Beta Source Tests**

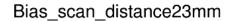
- bias scan, angular scan, temperature scan, FE parameters scan, latency scan
- hit map for 128 bonded channels (Link 1)
- U<sub>bias</sub> = 400 V (fully depleted), 1500 triggers (events) per threshold
- cut-off rules for analysis: 1 cluster/event, cluster size < 6</li>

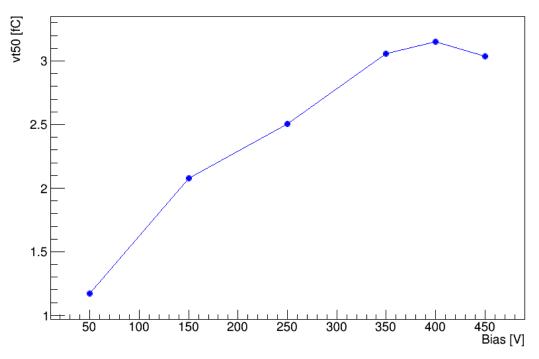


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#### Bias Scan

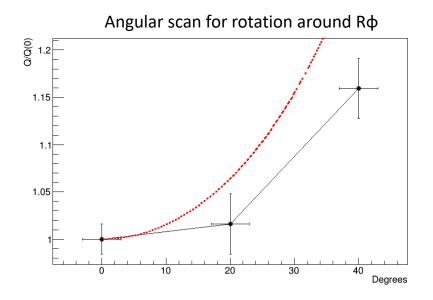
- idea: decrease of collected charge (Vt50), when sensor is not fully depleted
- specification 320-380 V, source tests around 350 V
- collected charge  $(3.1 \pm 0.1)$  fC, noise (ENC)  $550 e^{-}$ , S/N 35

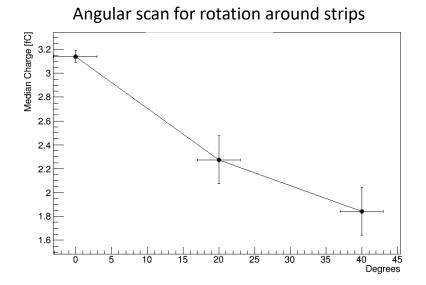




# **Angular Scan**

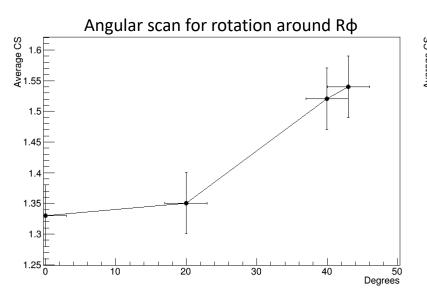
- source rotation around axis perpendicular to strips in the sensor plane
  - decrease of Vt50 and increase of cluster size
  - comparison with geometric relation  $1/\cos(\alpha)$  (red doted line)
- source rotation around axis parallel to strips
  - increase of Vt50 and cluster size

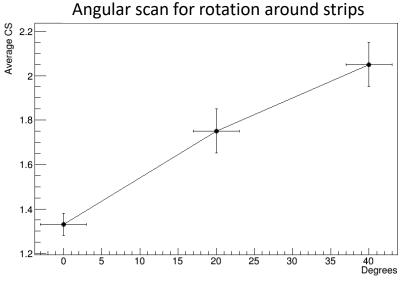




# **Angular Scan**

- source rotation around axis perpendicular to strips in the sensor plane
  - decrease of Vt50 and increase of cluster size
- source rotation around axis parallel to strips
  - increase of Vt50 and cluster size
- cluster size = number of neighboring strips with hit





# Temperature Scan

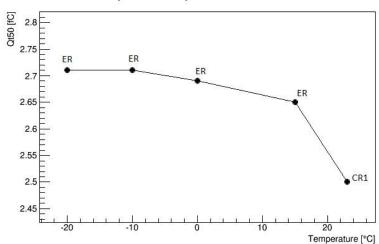
measurement at 250 V, setup moved to the freezer in Electronic Room (ER)





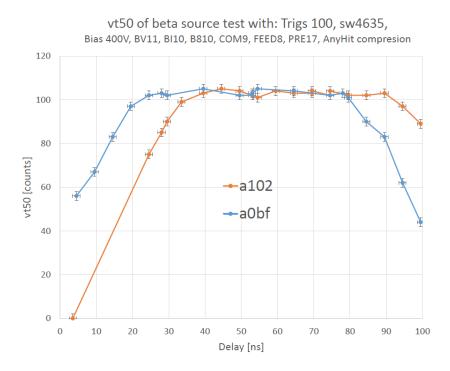
up to -20°C, small discrepancy between ER and CR1 in collected charge





# Latency Scan

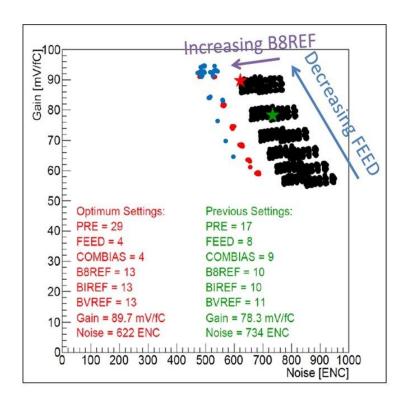
- possible explanation: shorter cabling in CR1
  - => larger delay between external trigger signal and readout signal
- integer ITSDAQ variable latency (step 25 ns), finer latency scan with delay unit
- Atlys firmware version problem, preset latency value 10 changed to 11



#### **FE Parameters Scan**

- 6 internal parameters of front-end electronics of ABC130 chip
- to adjust control currents and voltages, possible change of pulse shape
- search for best setting (high gain, low noise)

- new recommended setting
- collected charge 3.1 fC -> 2.8 fC
- noise 550 e<sup>-</sup> -> 500 e<sup>-</sup>



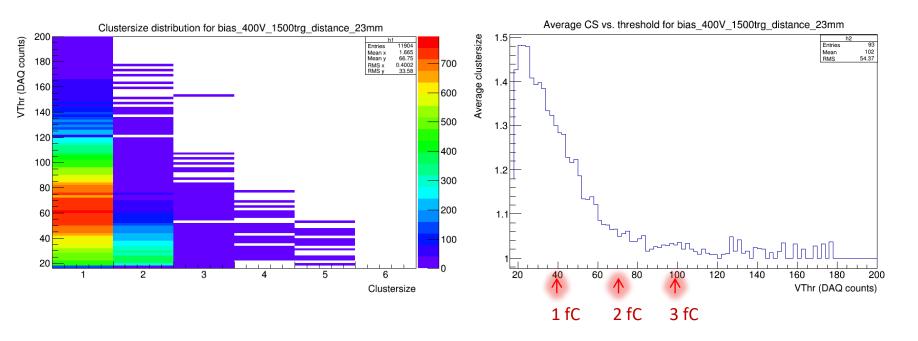
## Summary

- experimental setup of beta source test built
- testing and analysis macros in C prepared and ready for further use
- fully automated readout and analysis from ROOT framework
- several specialized scans performed (bias, angular, temperature, latency, FE par.)
- total collected charge 3.1 fC (2.8 fC), ENC 550 e<sup>-</sup> (500 e<sup>-</sup>), S/N 35
- updated results continously presented at regular meetings

# **BACKUPS**

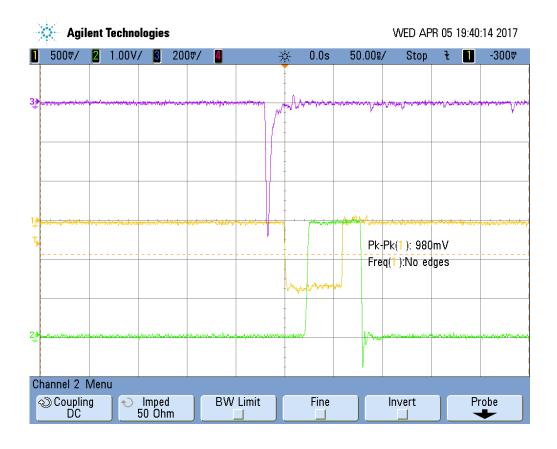
# **Cluster Analysis**

- cluster reconstruction from event lists
- sum of clusters for every cluster size gives S-curve
- average CS at 1 fC: 1.33 (fully depleted, perpendicular scan)

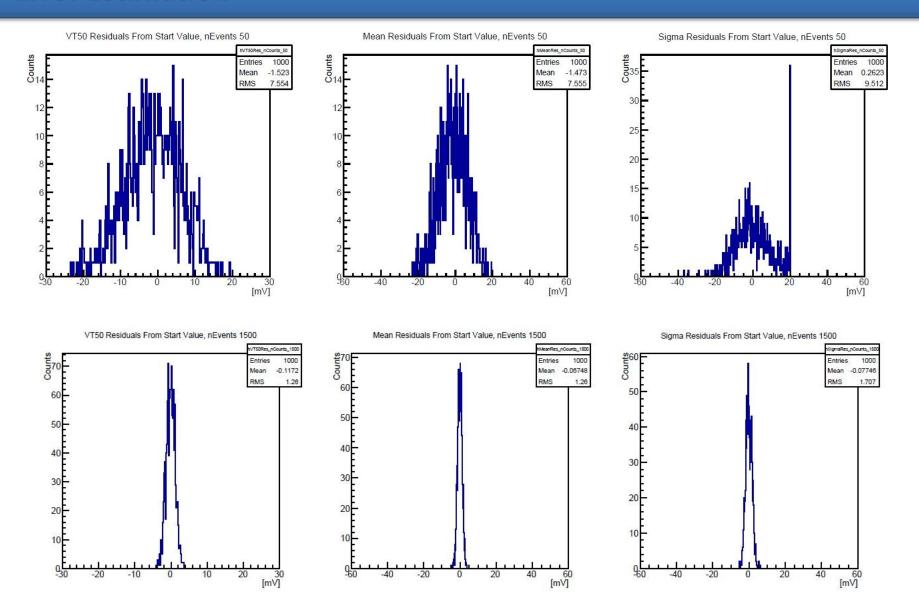


## **Signal Modulation**

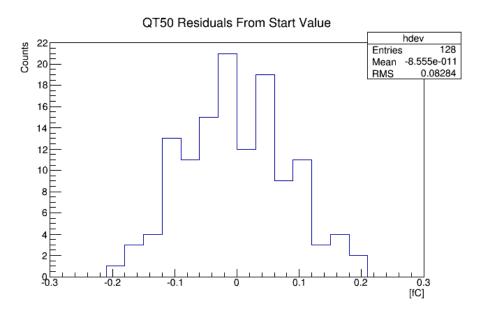
negative analogue signal from scintillator does not meet Atlys requirements
 => signal modulation using NIM crate (Discriminator, Level Adapter modules)



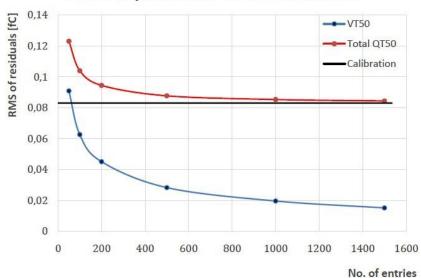
#### **Error Estimation**



#### **Error Estimation**

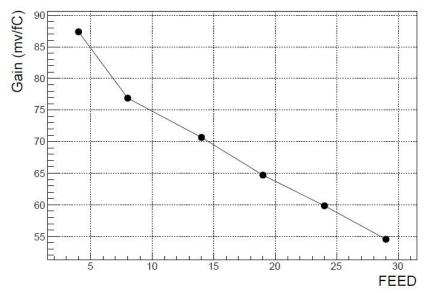


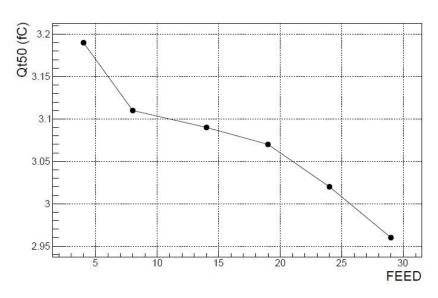
#### Error dependence on No. of entries

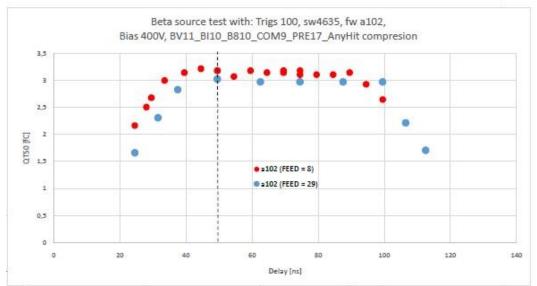


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#### **FE Parameters**







Module Type	$\begin{array}{c} Fluence \\ 10^{14} n_{eq} cm^{-2} \end{array}$	Charge ke <sup>-</sup> 500 V	Charge ke <sup>-</sup> 700 V	Noise e	S/N 500 V	S/N 700 V
SS	8.1	13.7	16.1	630	21.8	25.6
LS	4.1	17.3	19.5	750	23.1	26.0
R0	12.3	11.5	14.0	650	17.7	21.5
R1	10.1	12.5	15.0	640	19.6	23.4
R2	8.7	13.3	15.7	660	20.3	23.9
R3	8.0	13.8	16.2	640	21.4	25.1
R4	6.8	14.6	17.0	800	18.4	21.3
R5	6.0	15.3	17.6	840	18.3	21.1

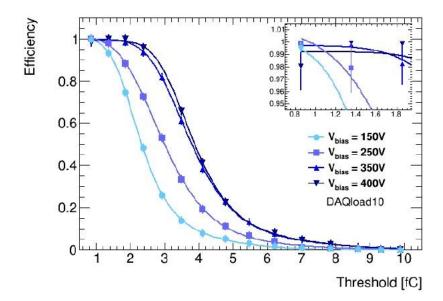


Figure 8.12: Efficiency versus threshold for one sensor on DAQload10, at four different bias voltages.