

LHC BSM searches

Jim Hirschauer
✚ Fermilab

on behalf of ATLAS and CMS

Pheno 2017 May 8 2017

Run: 282712
Event: 474587238
2015-10-21 06:26:57 CEST

$H_T=4.4\text{TeV}$, 10 jets

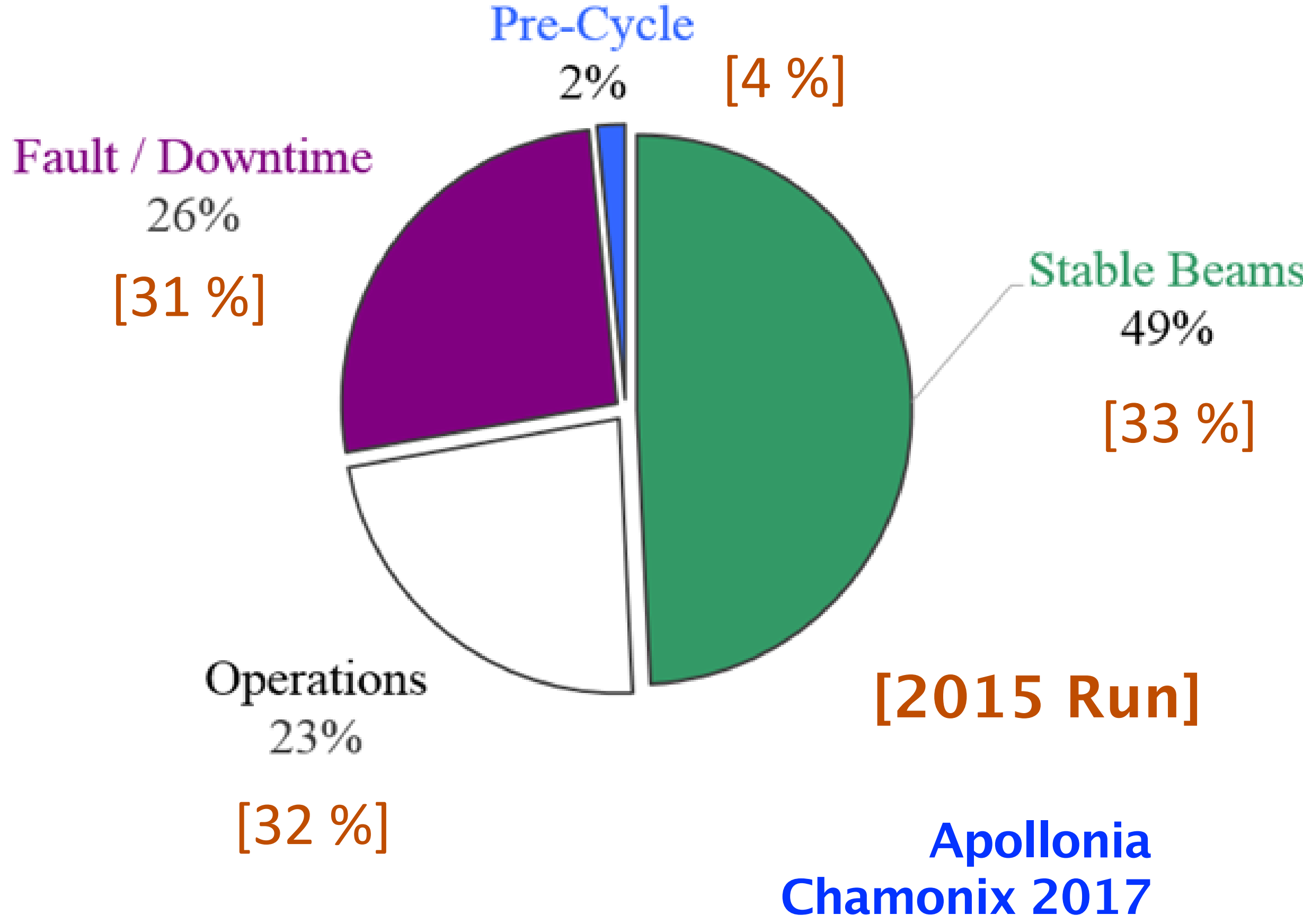
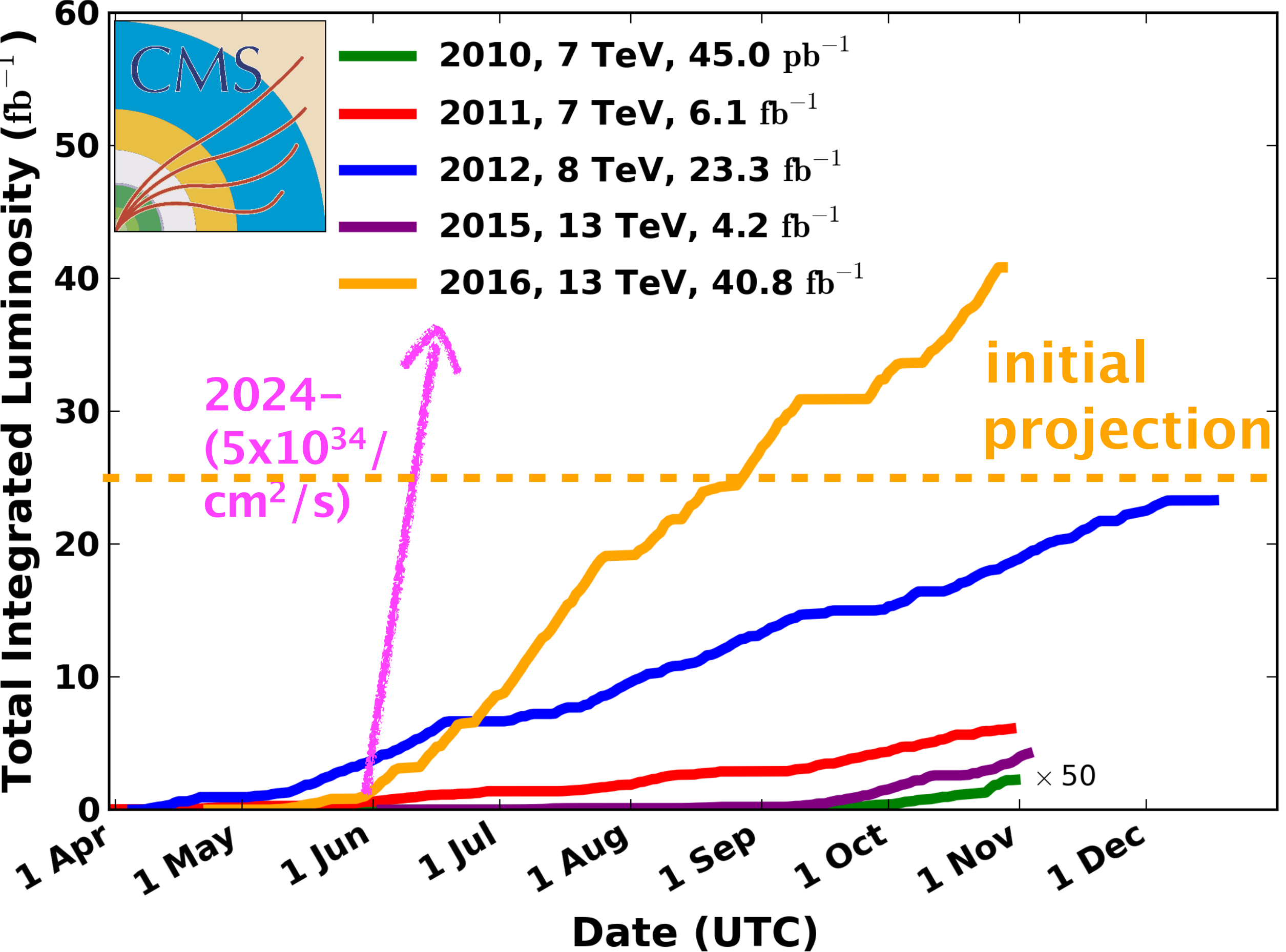


ATLAS
EXPERIMENT

Incredible LHC!

CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp

Data included from 2010-03-30 11:22 to 2016-10-27 14:12 UTC



Outline

- Focus on new BSM results from **full 36 fb⁻¹ 13 TeV** dataset
 - >50 results from ATLAS and CMS!
 - Focus on **tools** and **techniques** for **challenging signatures**
 - No roadmap, so we need to look everywhere combining:
 - **signature-based generic searches**
 - **model-driven targeted searches**
 - Topics for today:
 - Resonances
 - Dark matter
 - Supersymmetry
- Hiding new phenomena:
- R-parity violating supersymmetry
 - Long-lived particles

Will not discuss these general categories

- Vector-like quarks

Alice Bean: Search for VLQ (CMS)

Erich Ward Varnes: Search for VLQ (ATLAS)

- Inclusive searches

Deborah Duchardt: Model Unspecific Search (CMS)

- BSM Higgs

Sven Dildick: Light BSM Higgs (CMS)

Roberto Rossin: HH (CMS)

Koji Sato: Neutral/charged BSM Higgs (ATLAS)

Jason Robert Veatch: Exotic Higgs decays and HH (ATLAS)

Note on references

- Results can be found here:

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic>

<http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/publications/>

- ATLAS preliminary results: **CONF-20YY-XXX**
- CMS preliminary results: **EXO-YY-XXX, SUS-YY-XXX, etc.**

Resonances

- Results from full 36/fb 13 TeV dataset

Dijet resonances

- EXO-16-056
- arXiv:1703.09127

New gauge bosons

- CONF-2017-027 : $Z' \rightarrow \ell^\pm \ell^\pm$
- CONF-2017-016 : $W' \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu$

Dibosons

- B2G-17-001 : $X \rightarrow VV \rightarrow JJ$

$X \rightarrow VH$

- B2G-17-002 : $X \rightarrow VH \rightarrow qqbb$
- CONF-2017-018 : $X \rightarrow VH \rightarrow qqbb$

$X \rightarrow HH$

- HIG-17-006 : $X \rightarrow HH \rightarrow bbWW$
- HIG-17-002 : $X \rightarrow HH \rightarrow bb\tau\tau$

Parallel talks (CMS/ATLAS):

Jan-Frederik Schulte: Resonances with ℓ , γ , and jets CMS

Sung Won Lee: Resonances with W, Z and H bosons CMS

Petar Maksimovic: Resonances coupling to 3rd gen quarks CMS

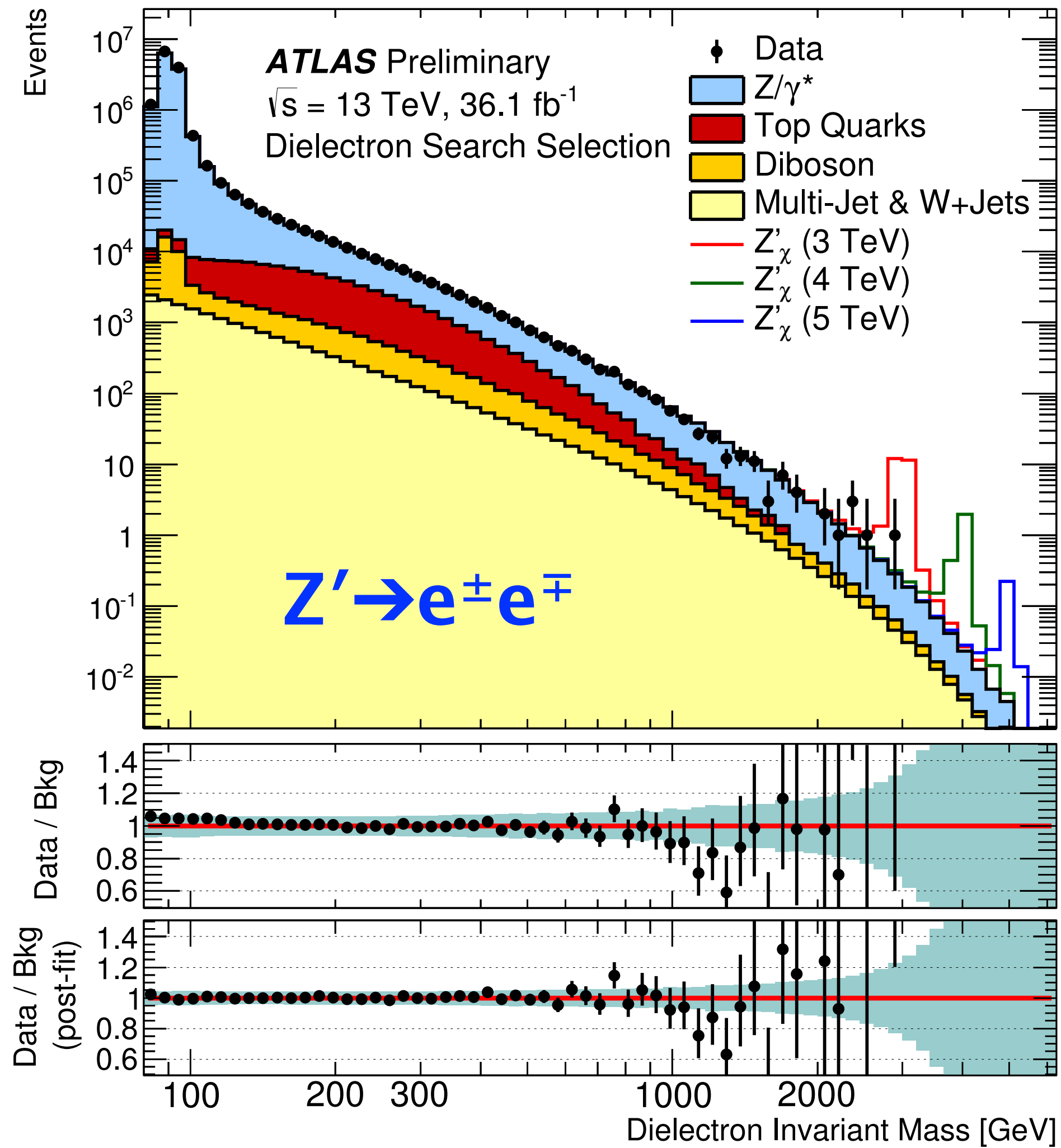
Maurice Becker: Multi boson final states ATLAS

Mark Oreglia: VH and HH Resonances ATLAS

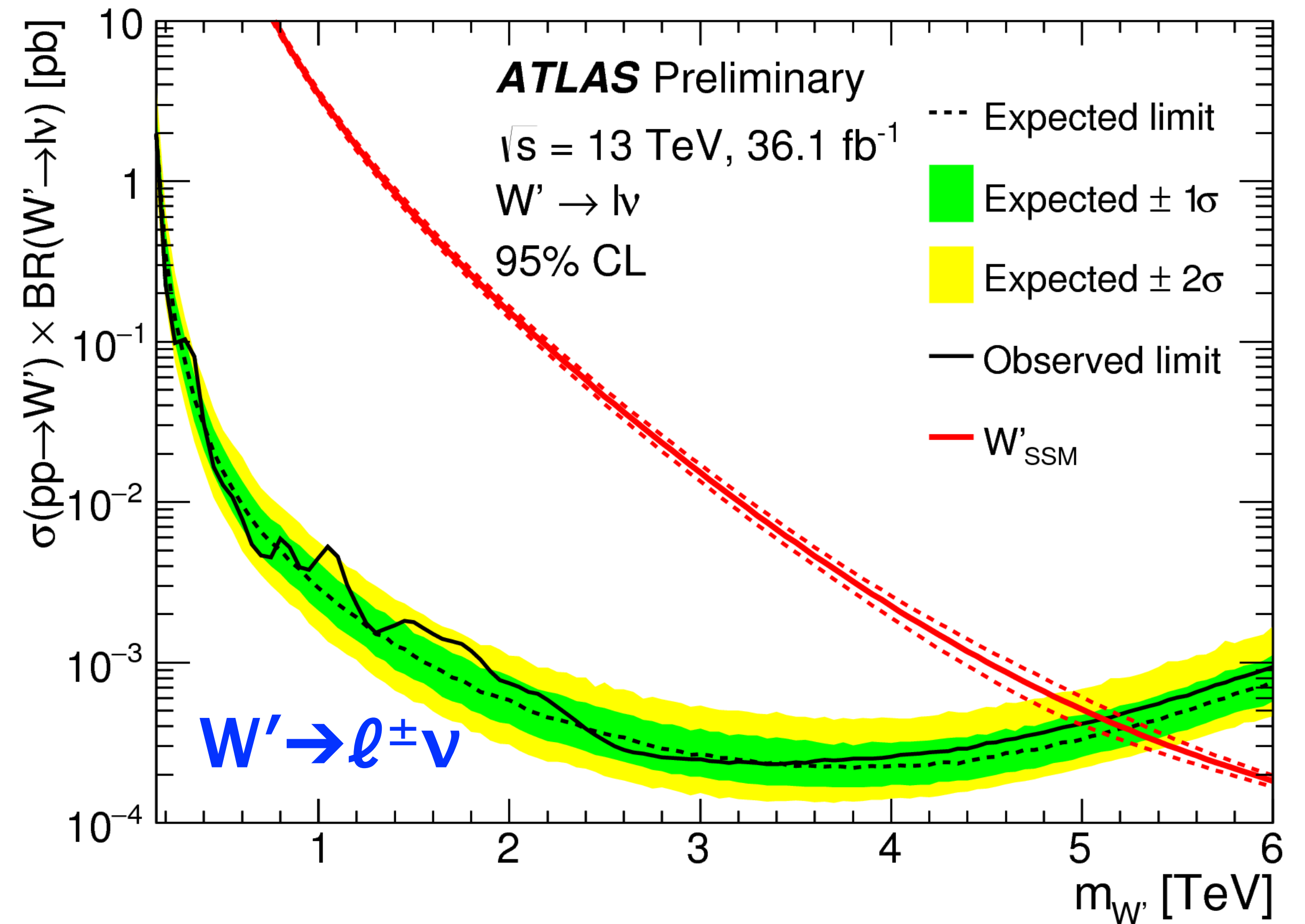
Chris Malena Delitzsch: VV/V+gamma Resonances ATLAS

New gauge bosons: $X' \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu$ or $\ell^\pm \ell^\mp$

CONF-2017-027



CONF-2017-016



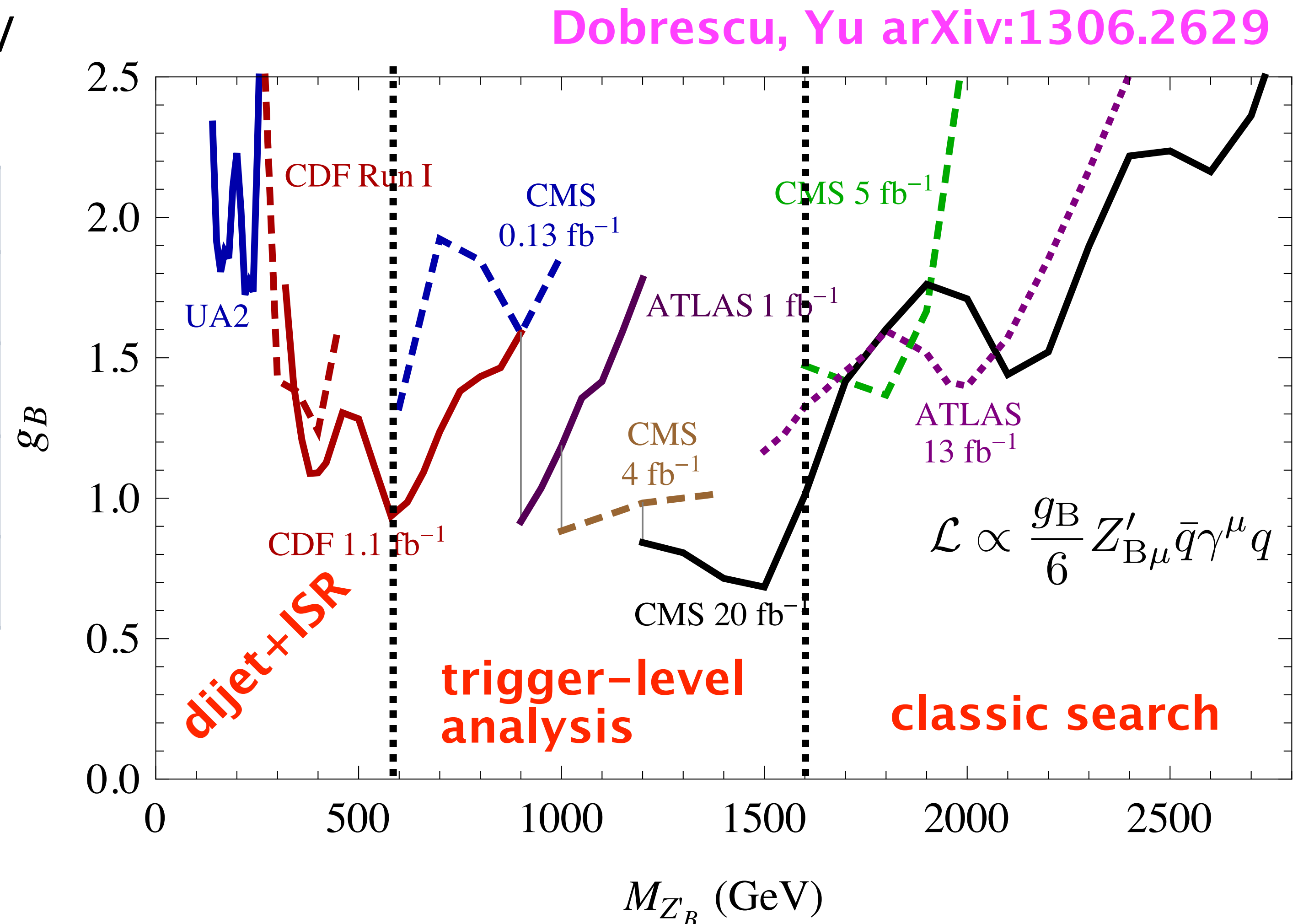
Dijet resonances

- Leptophobic Z' with couplings to quarks:
- Unexplored couplings at all Z' masses
- Challenging to trigger for $M_{Z'} < 1.5$ TeV

$$\mathcal{L} \propto \frac{g_B}{6} Z'_{B\mu} \bar{q} \gamma^\mu q$$

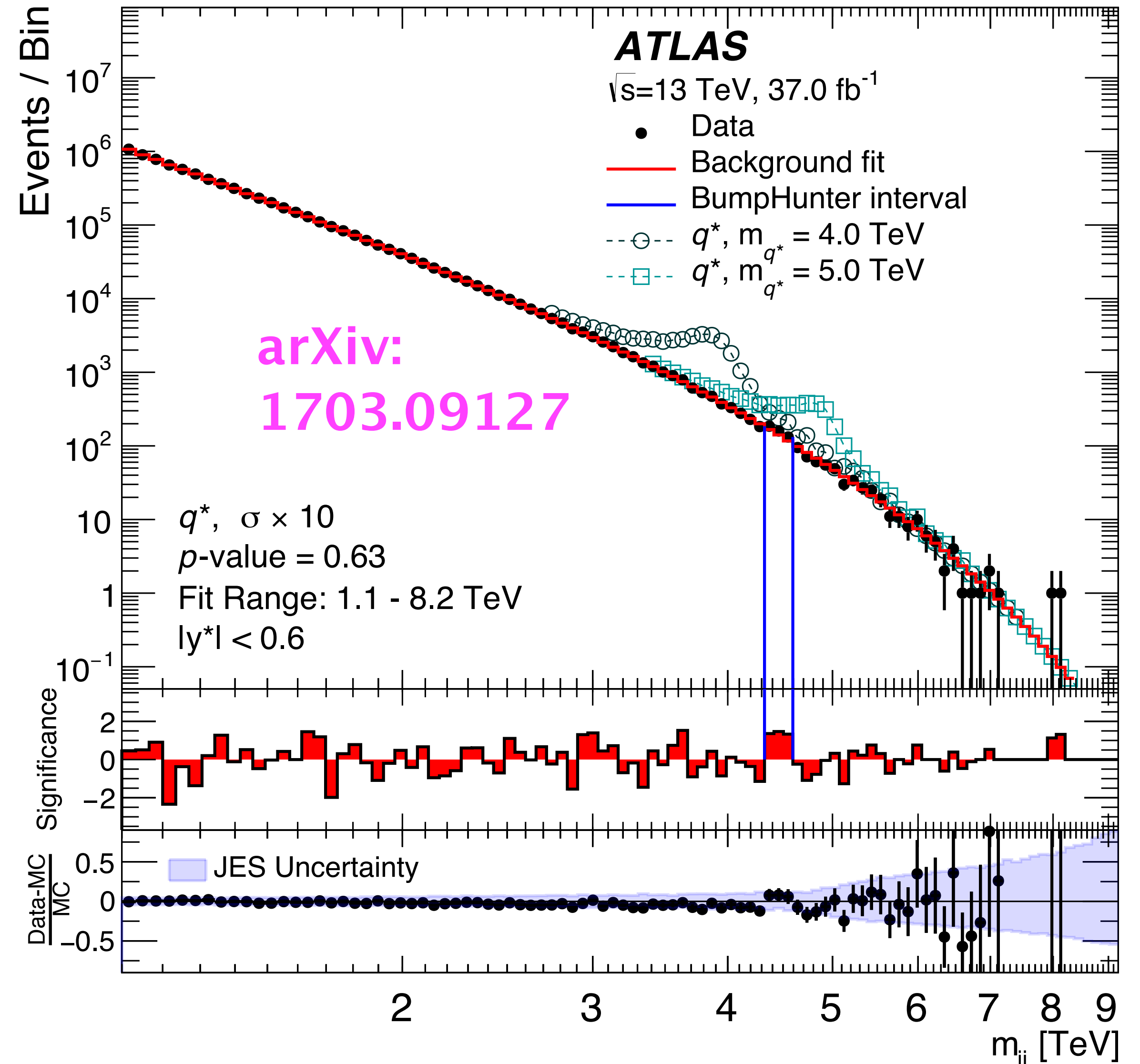
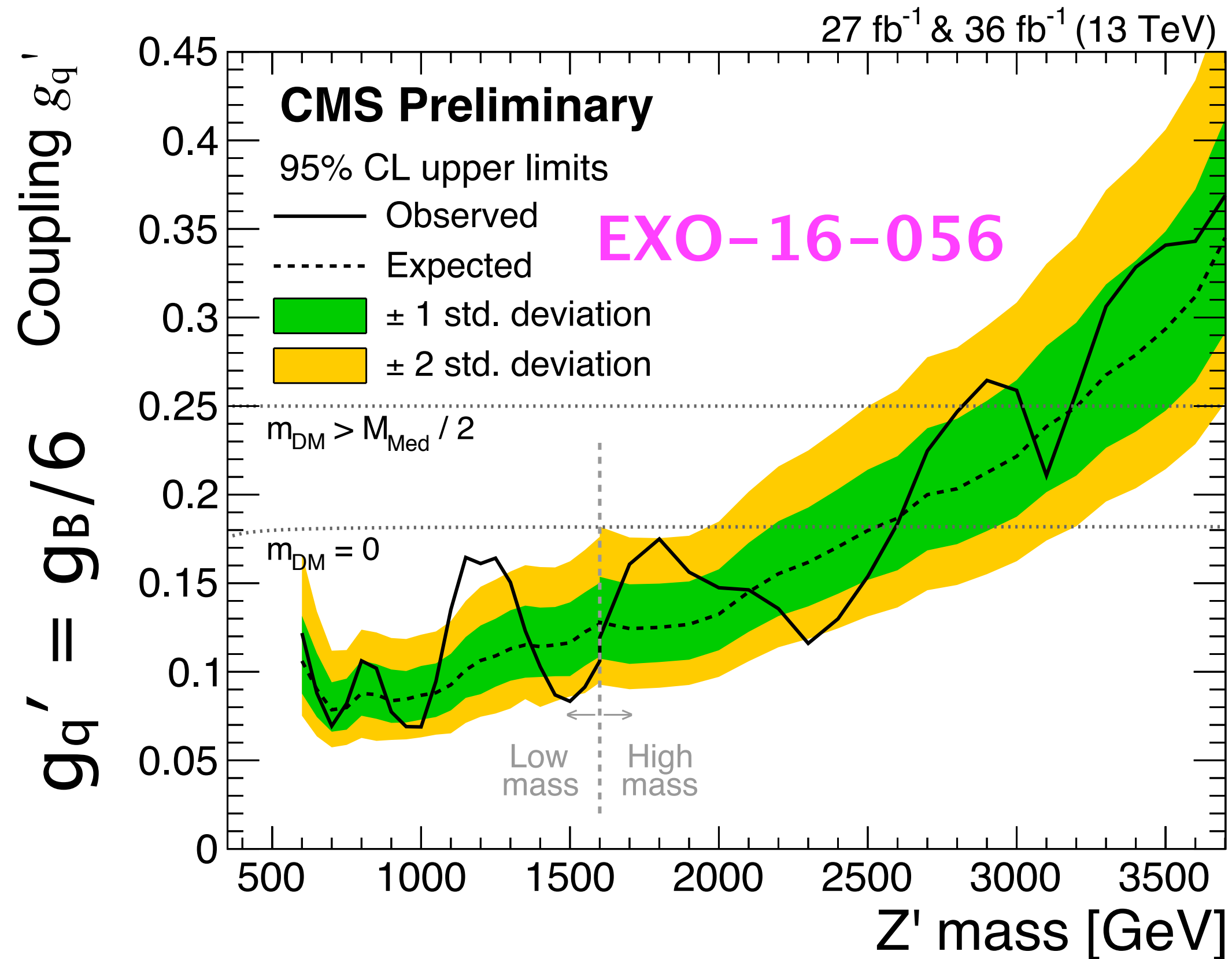
Techiques:

mass range	method
> 1500 GeV	classic
600–1500 GeV	trigger-level analysis
250–600 GeV	ISR + resolved dijet
< 250 GeV	ISR + merged dijet



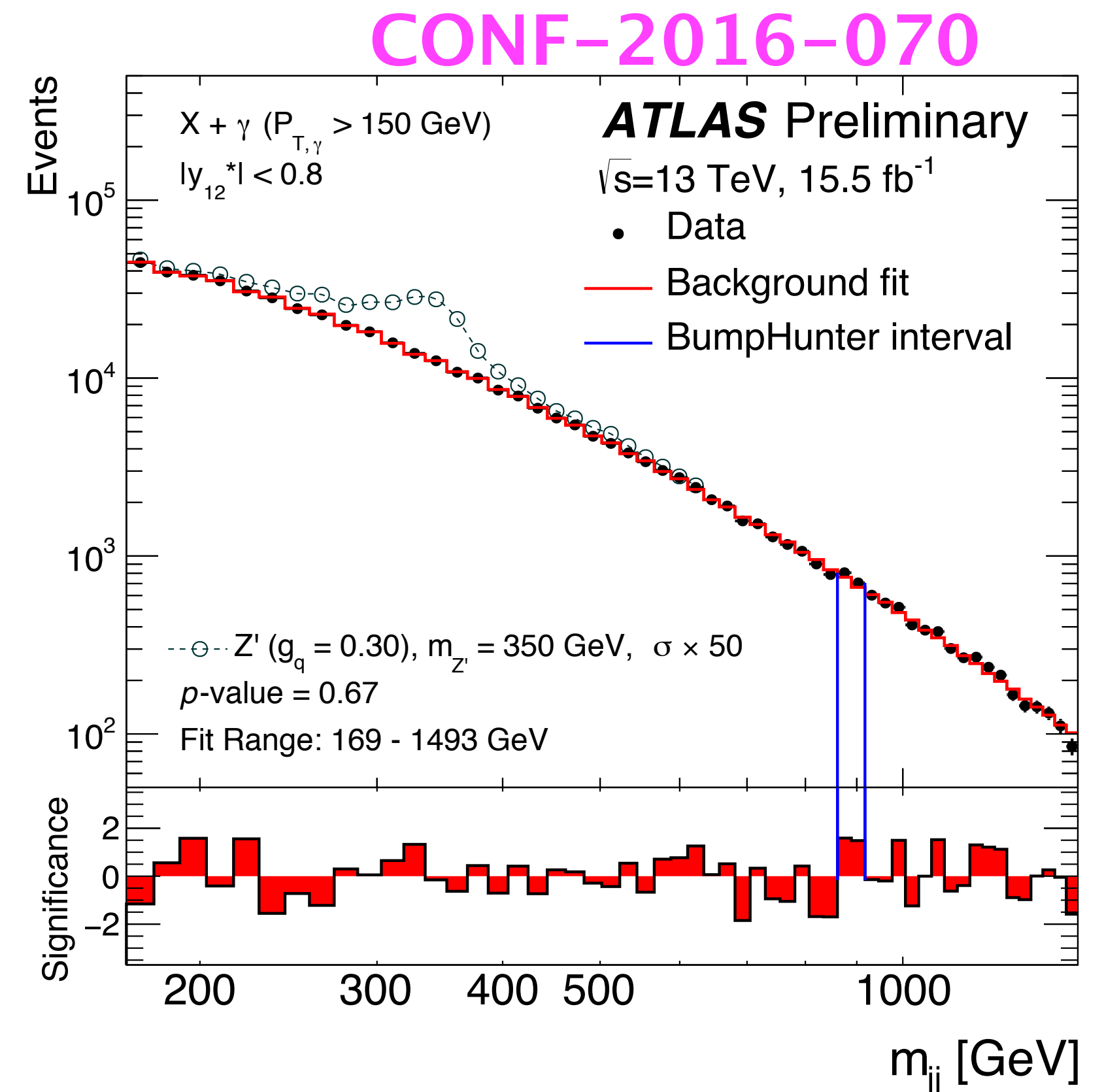
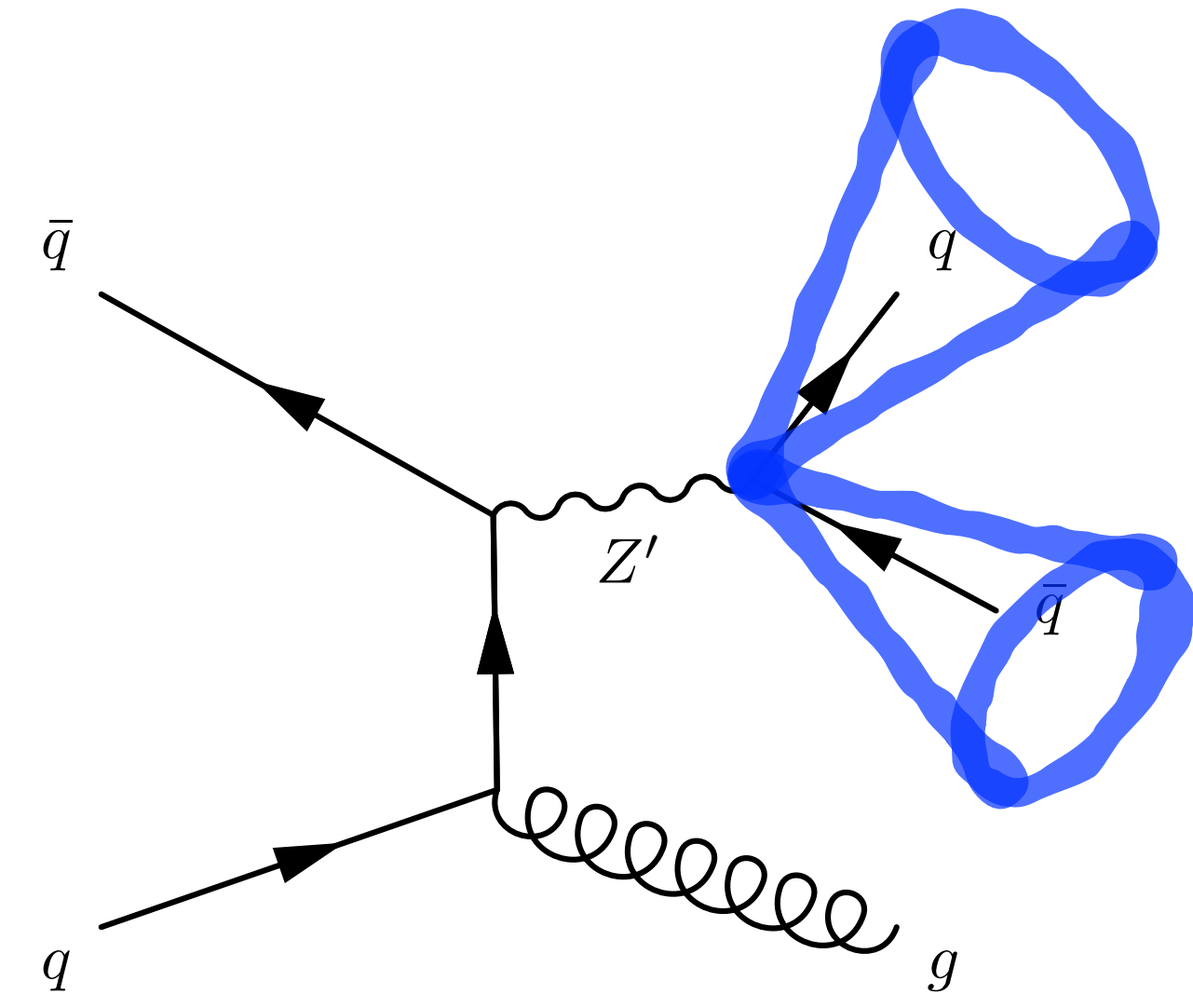
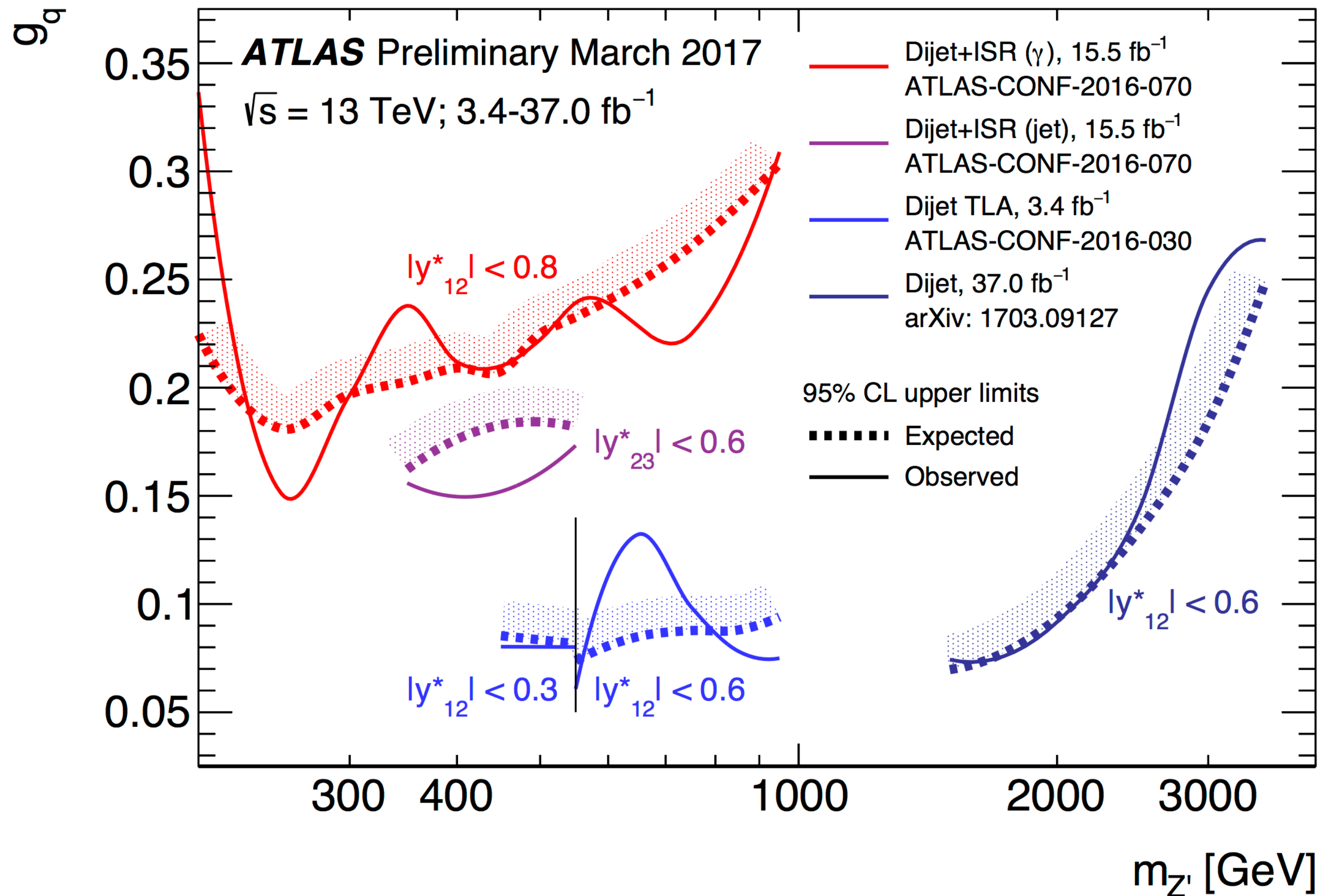
Dijets with $M_{jj} > 500$ GeV

- Classic resonance search for $M_{jj} > 1.5$ TeV
- Trigger-level analyses for $500 < M_{jj} < 1500$ GeV
 - Entire L1 trigger: **1 kHz** @ 1 MB/evt
 - Dijet trigger: **3 kHz** @ 1.5 kB/evt



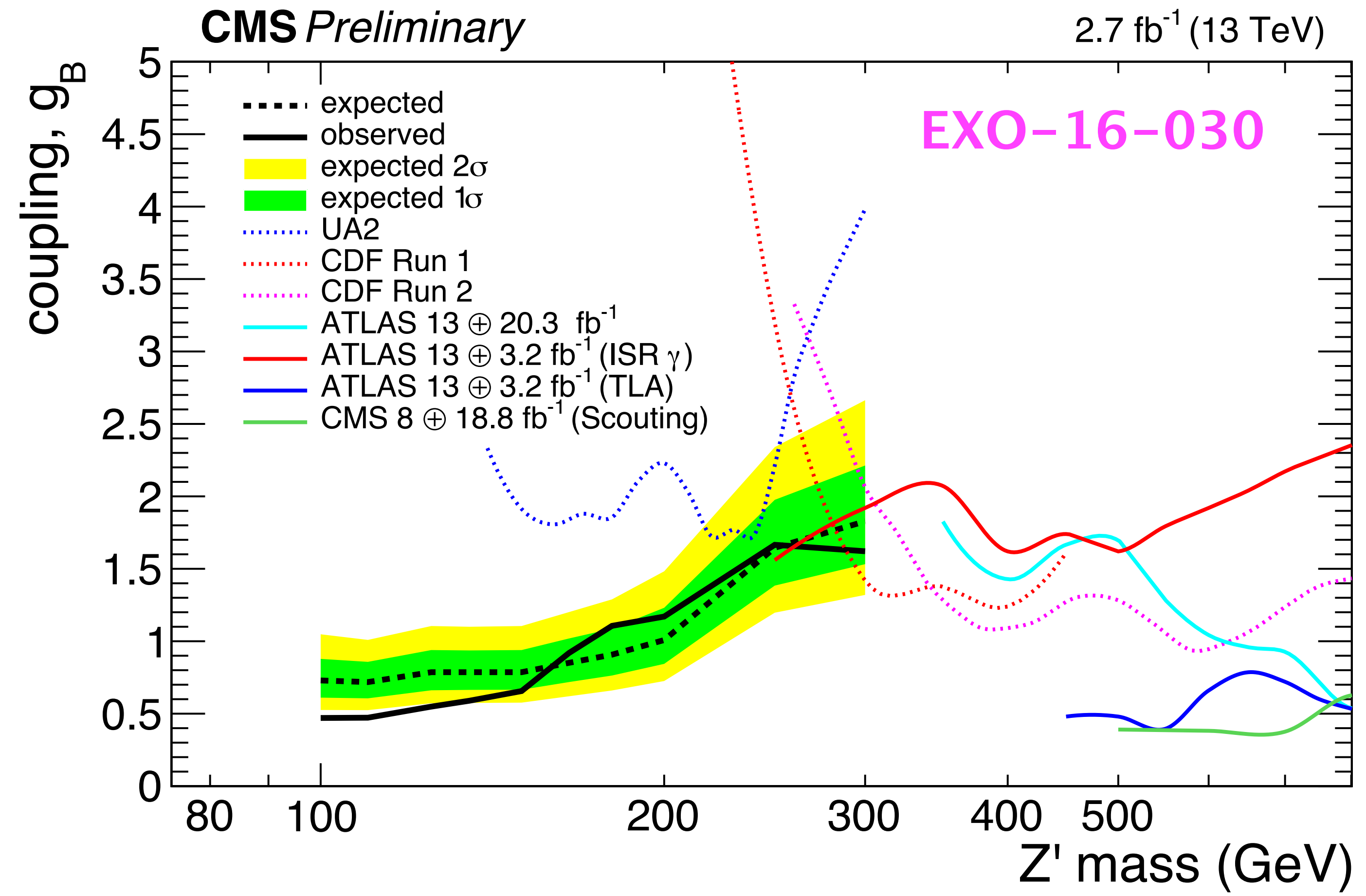
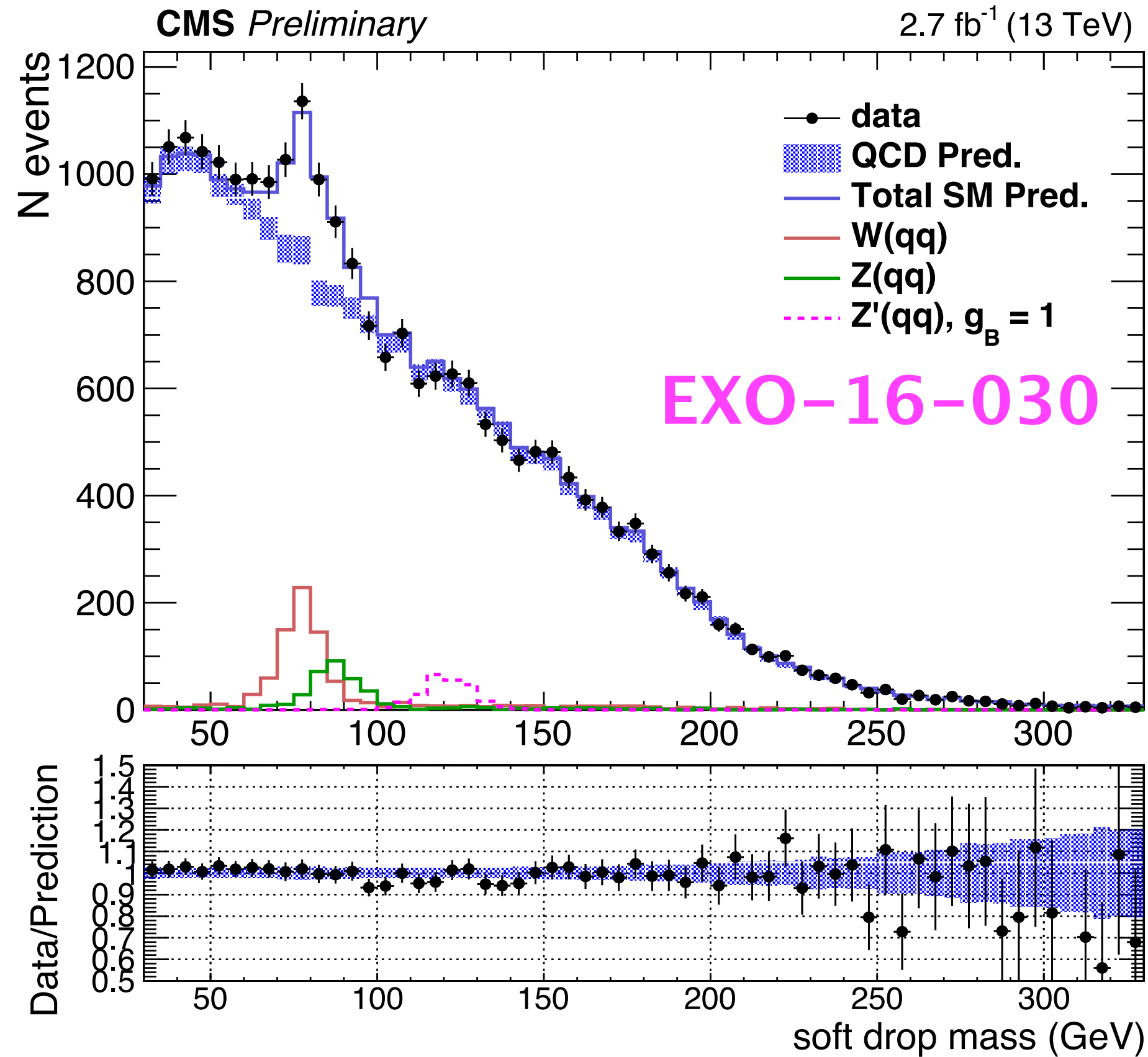
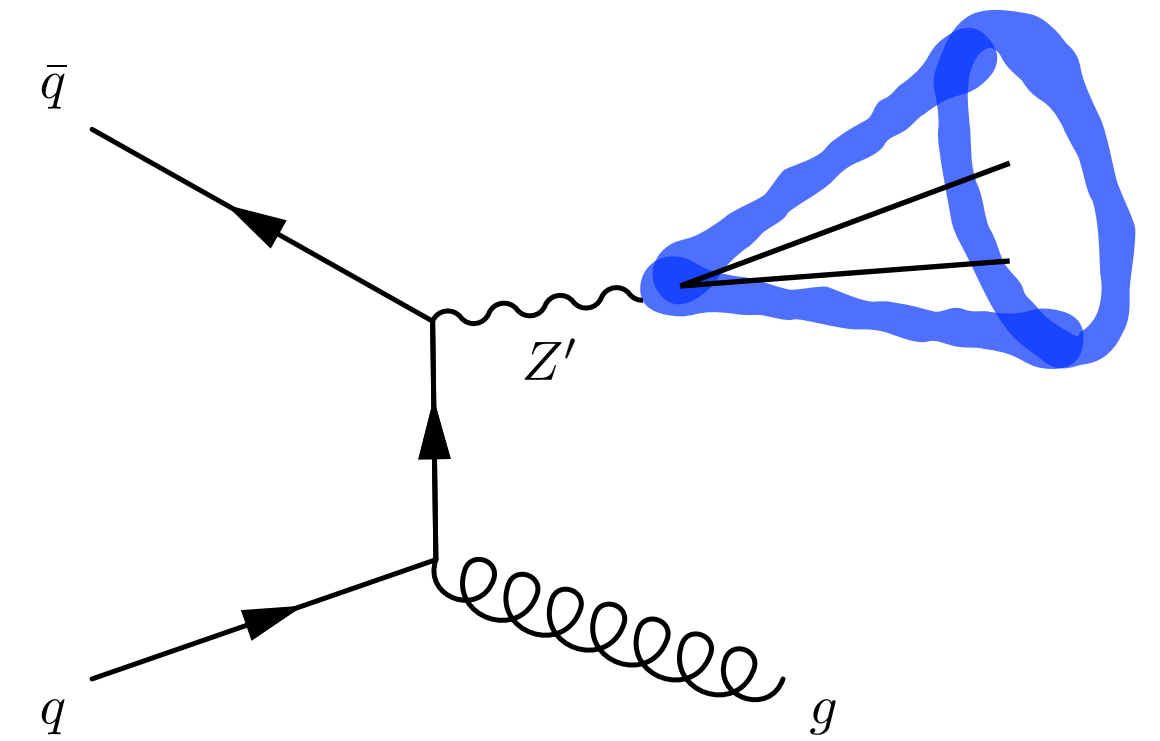
Dijets with $250 < M_{jj} < 500$ GeV

- **ISR jet + resolved dijet** benefits from high ISR rate
- **ISR γ + resolved dijet** benefits from low threshold and no combinatorial concerns.



$M_{jj} < 250$ GeV

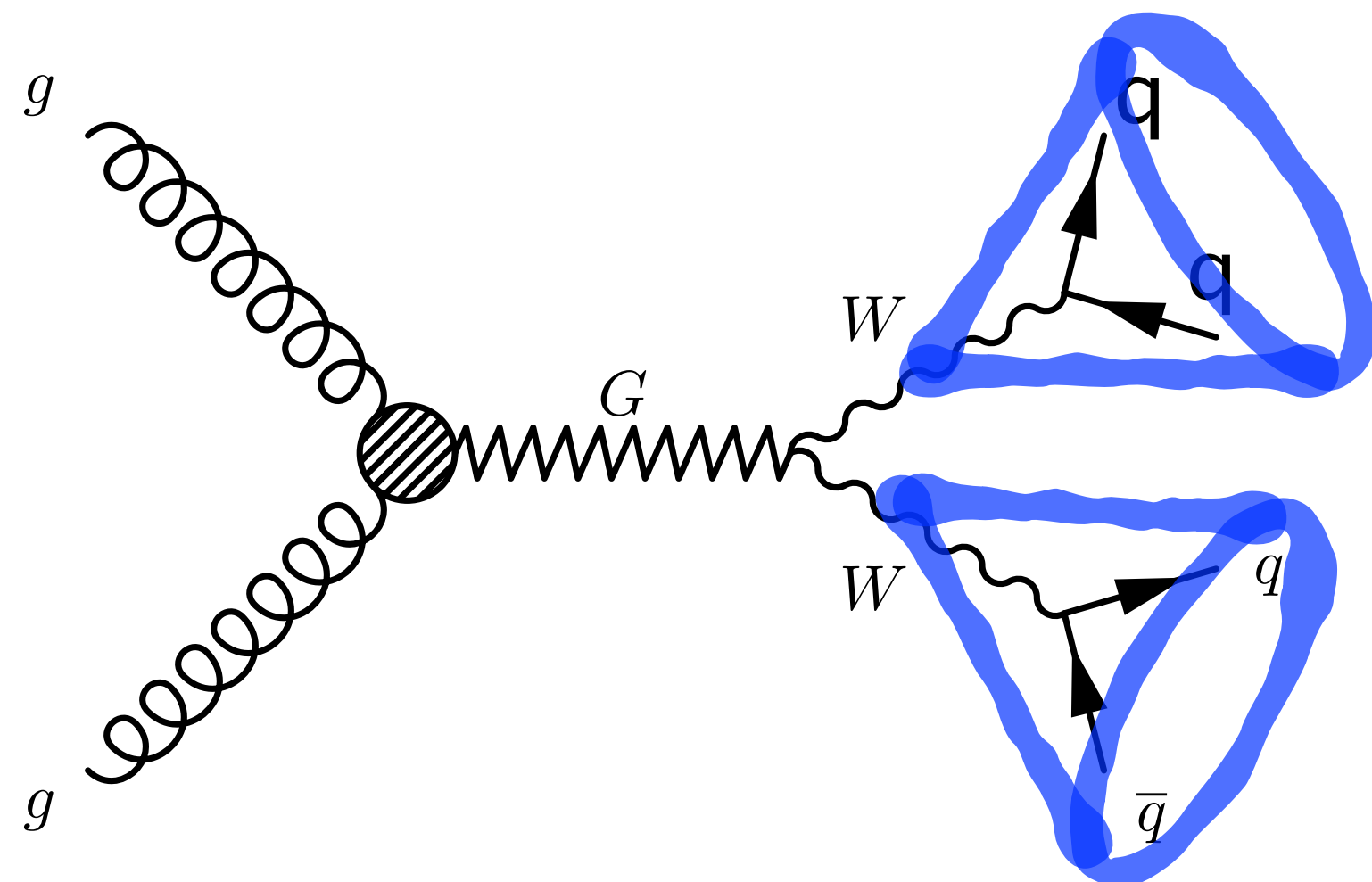
- **ISR jet + merged** dijet
- **Challenge:** **substructure** requirements for merged dijet modify mass shape at low mass.
- **Tool:** **Decorrelated substructure and mass** allows prediction of background shape at low mass



$X \rightarrow VV$ or VH or HH

Many BSM models predict $X \rightarrow VV$: **RS warped extra dimensions with bulk SM** explain Planck/weak hierarchy and flavor and predict spin-2 graviton $\rightarrow VV$. [hep-ph/0701186]

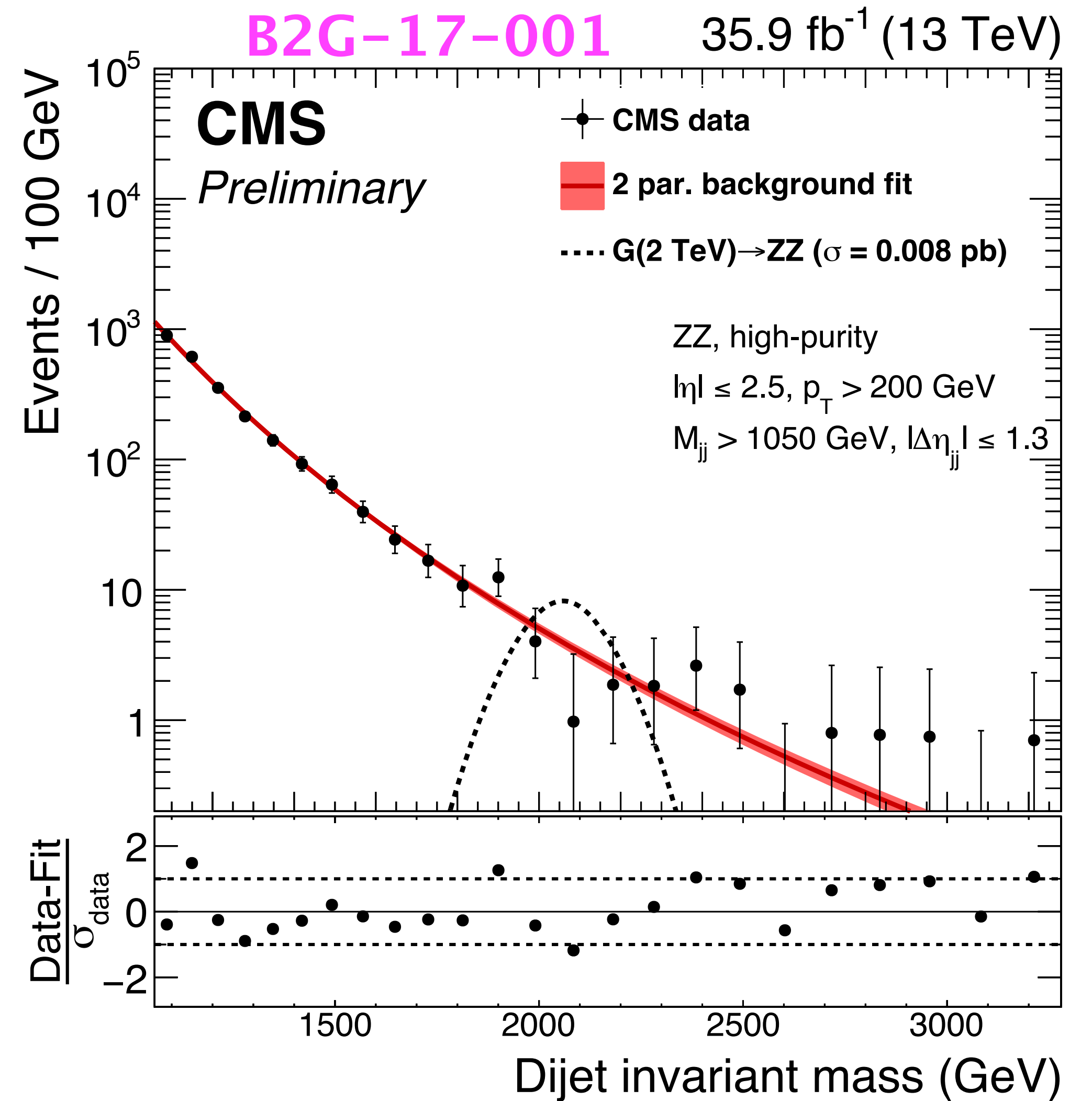
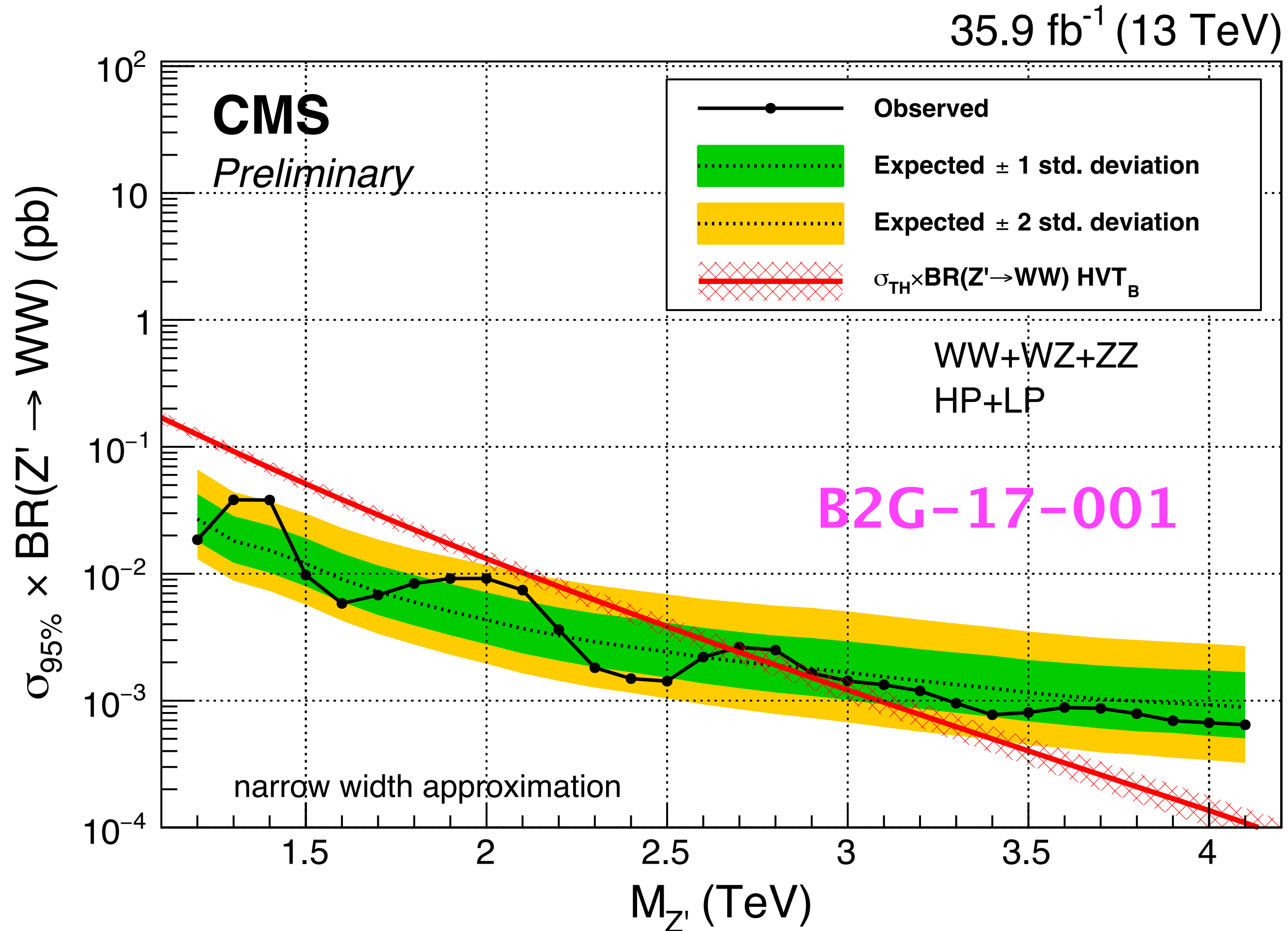
- High mass $X \rightarrow WW/WZ/ZZ/VH/HH$
 - $V \rightarrow$ **single jet for $M_X > 1$ TeV.**
 - Hadronic final state most sensitive at high mass.
- ATLAS/CMS: same challenges, different **tools and techniques**



Challenge	ATLAS	CMS
mass measurement	track-assisted mass CONF-2012-065	particle flow PFT-10-001
pileup removal	jet trimming, track-vertex association arXiv:0912.1342 , CONF-2012-065	PUPPI arXiv:1407.6013
ISR, UE removal	jet trimming arXiv:0912.1342 , CONF-2012-065	soft drop arXiv:1402.2657
substructure identification	D_2 arXiv:1507.03018	N-subjettiness arXiv:1108.2701
merged $X \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ identification	subject b-tagging CONF-2016-039	global MVA BTV-15-002

$$X \rightarrow VV \rightarrow JJ$$

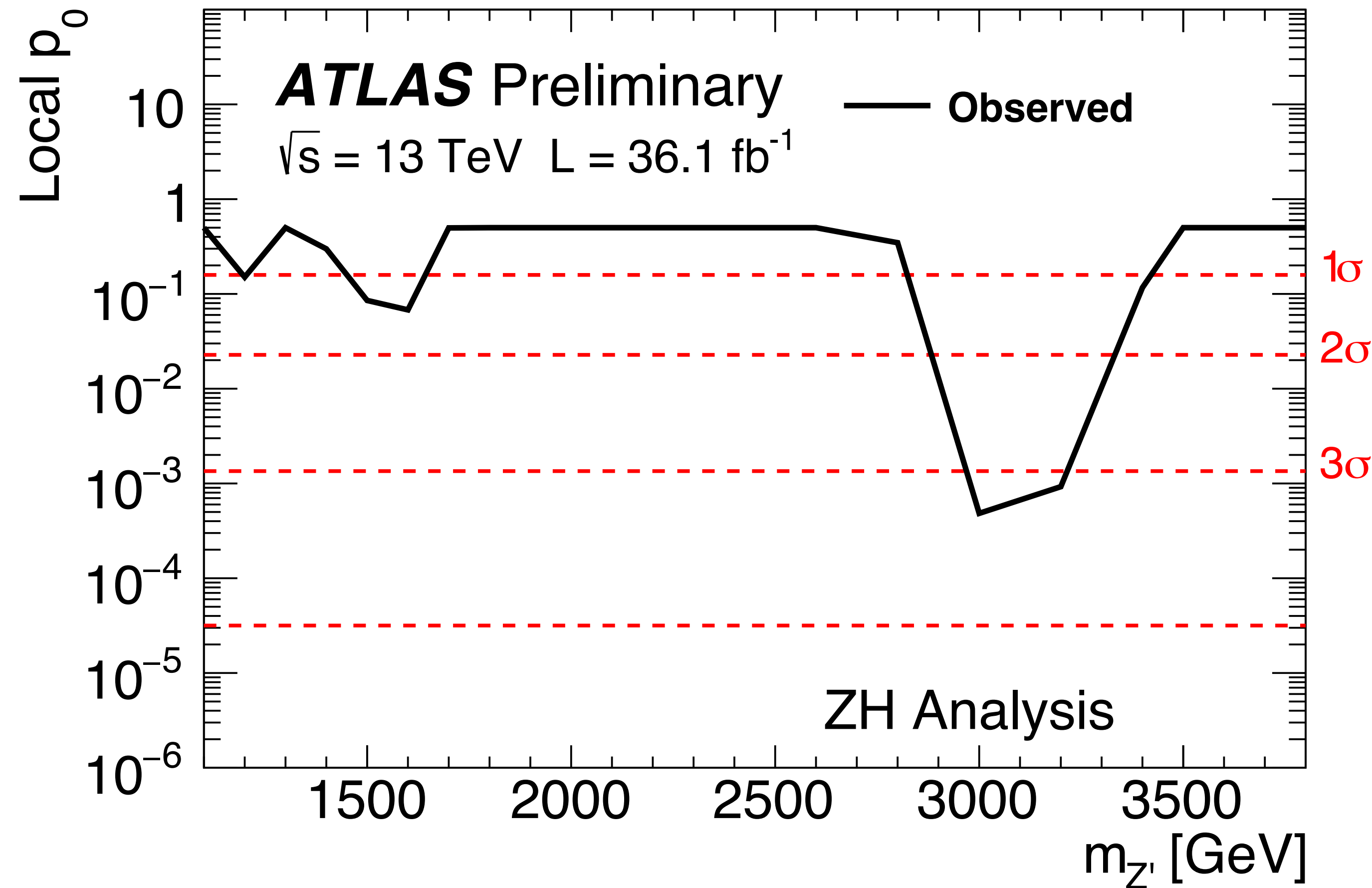
- Heavy vector triplet model with couplings representative of composite Higgs.



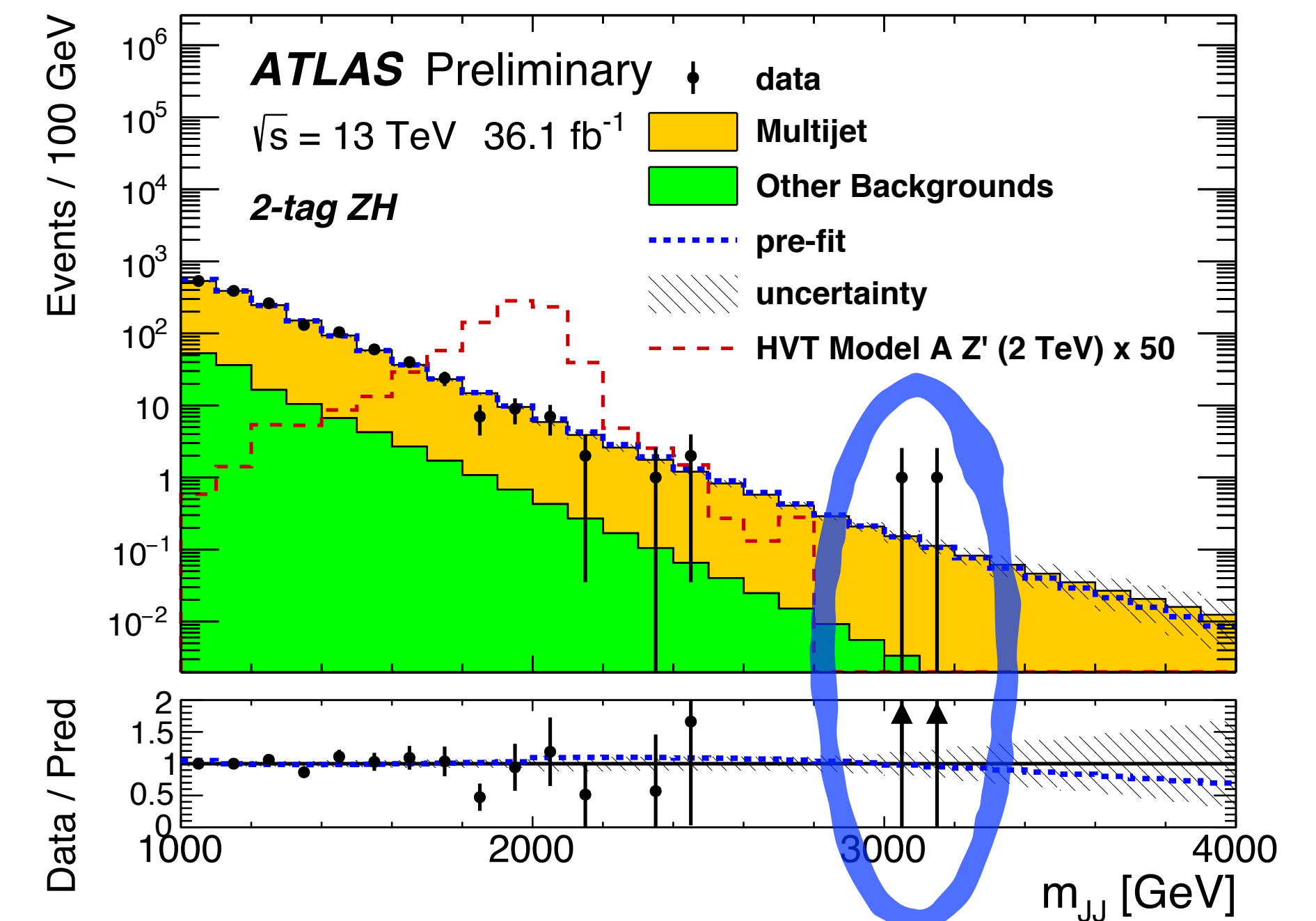
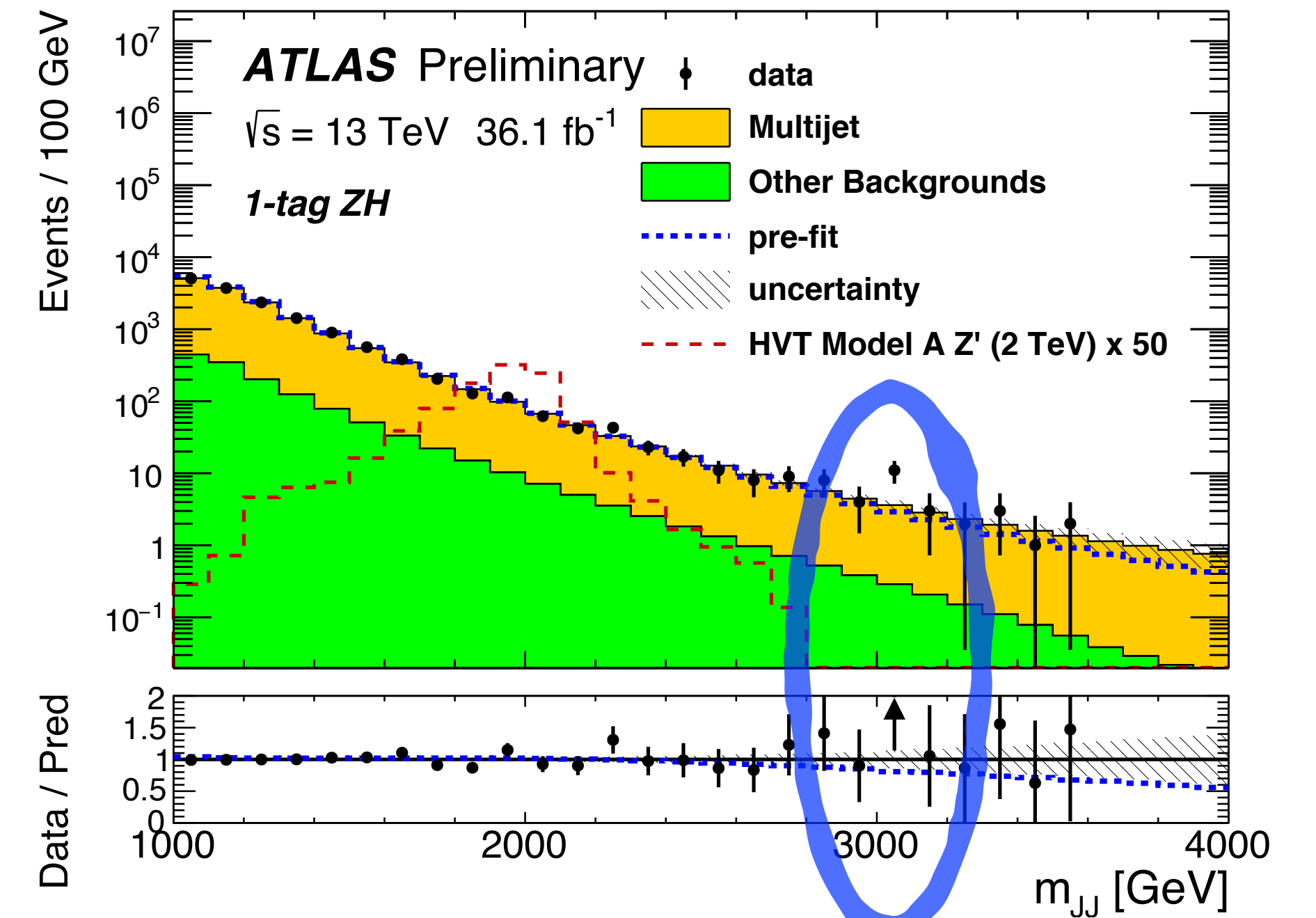
ATLAS $X \rightarrow VH \rightarrow JJ_{bb}$

CONF-2017-018

- Coinciding excesses in 1-tag and 2-tags categories.



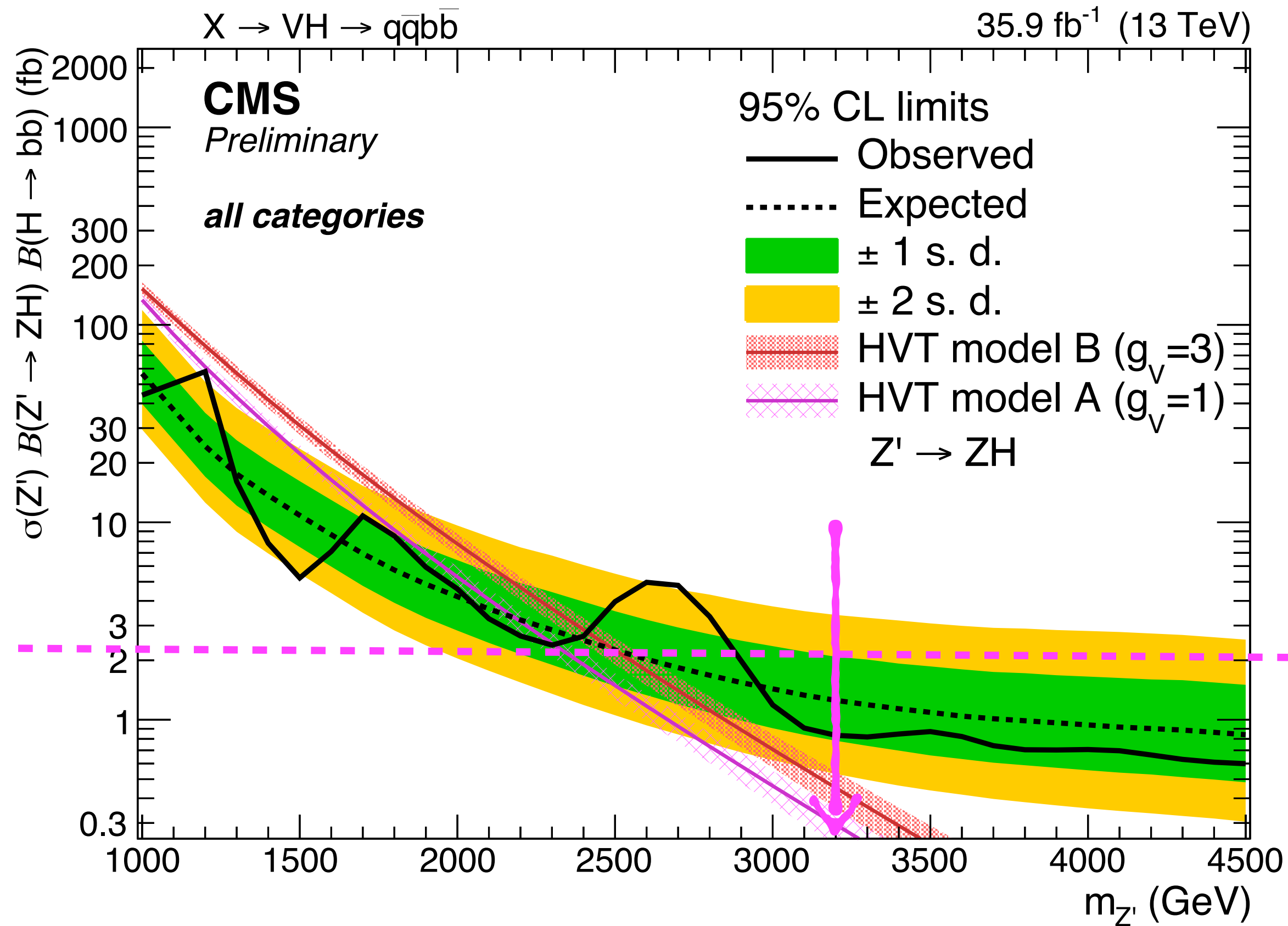
13



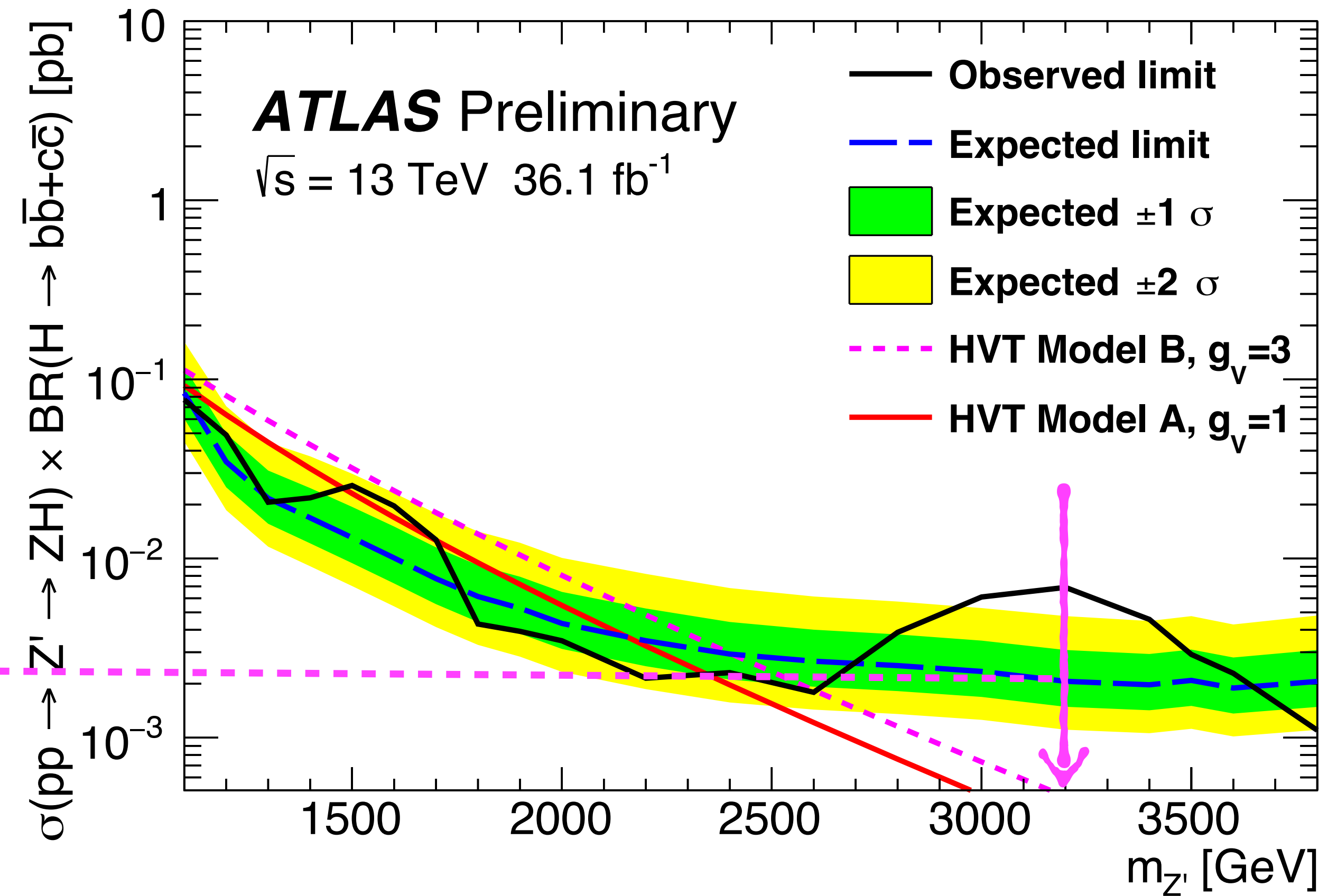
CMS $X \rightarrow VH \rightarrow JJ_{bb}$

- No excess at 3 TeV

B2G-17-002



CONF-2017-018

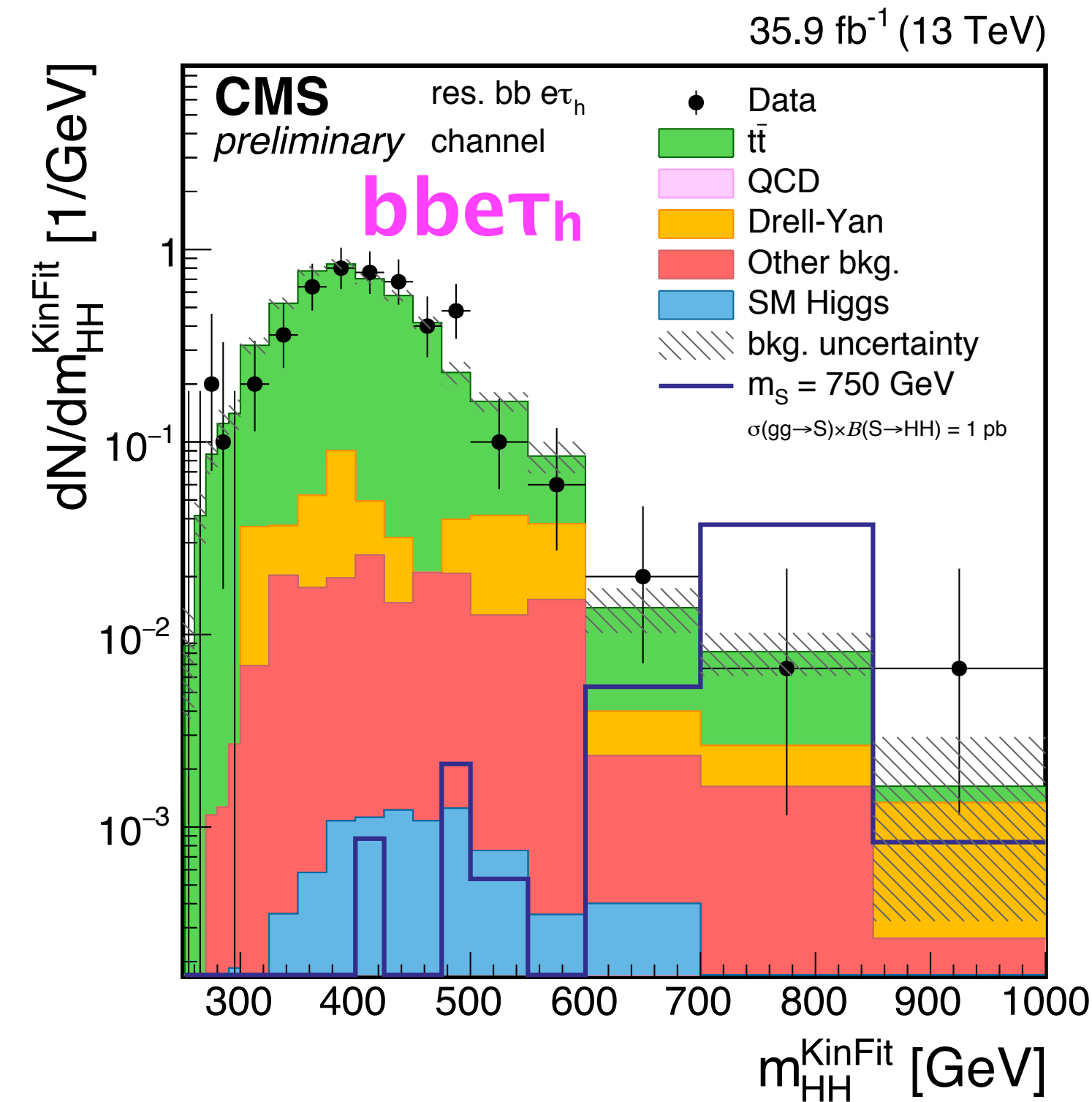


$X \rightarrow HH \rightarrow bbWW$ and $bb\tau\tau$

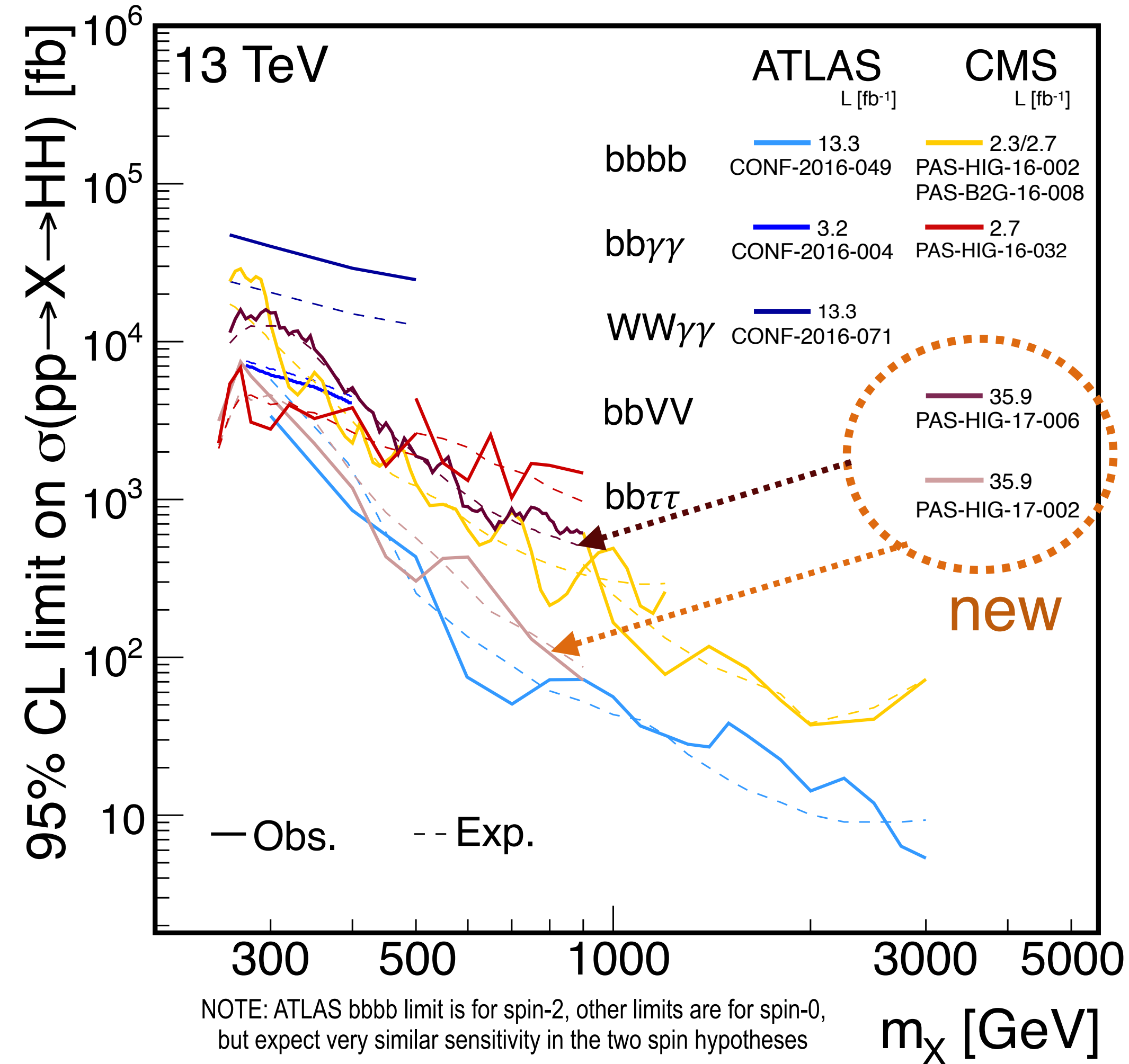
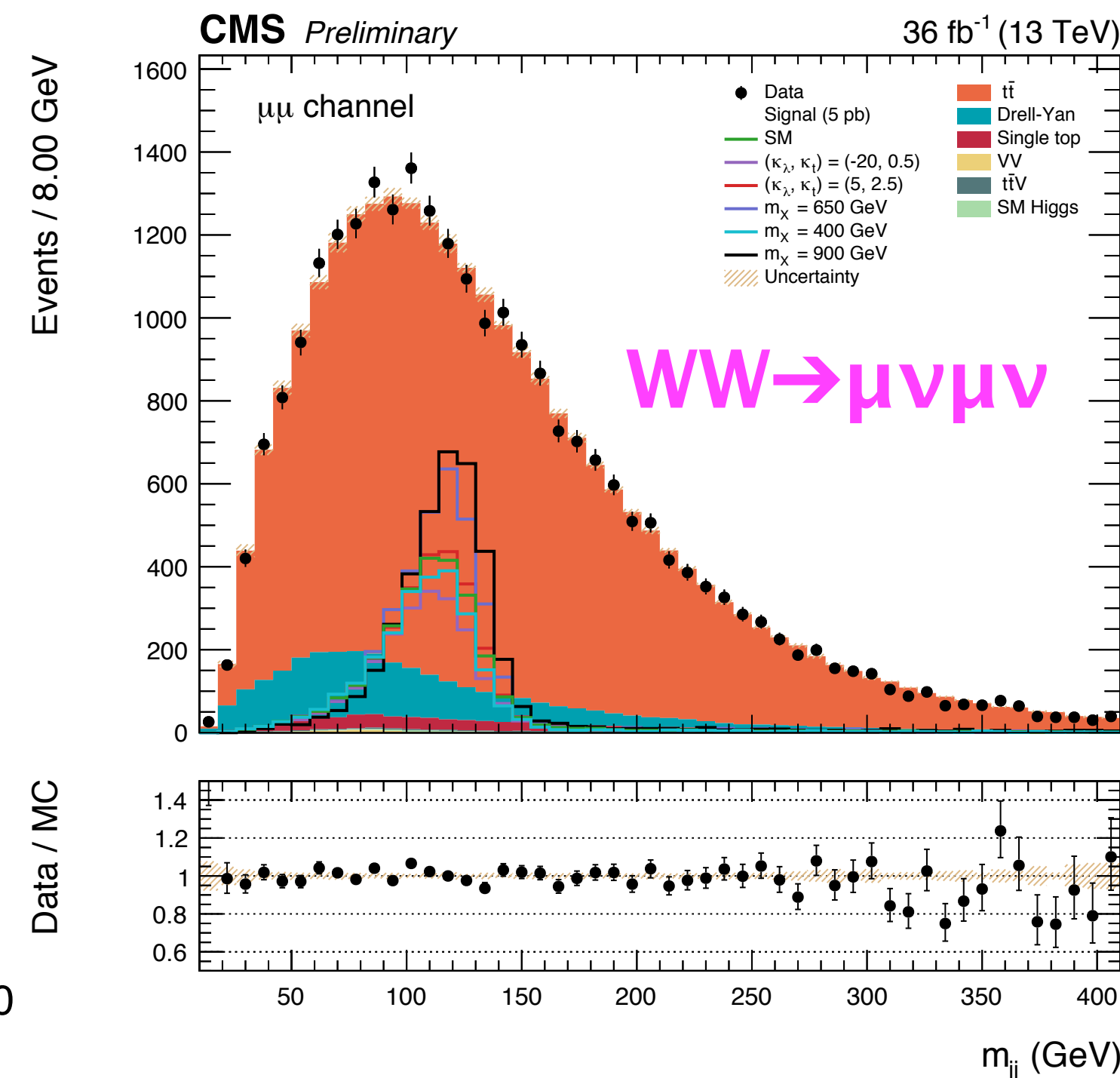
- $bbWW \rightarrow bb + \ell\nu\ell\nu$
- $bb\tau\tau \rightarrow bb\mu\tau_h, bbe\tau_h, bb\tau_h\tau_h$

Luca Cadamuro, Moriond EW

HIG-17-002: $bb\tau\tau$



HIG-17-006 : $bbWW$

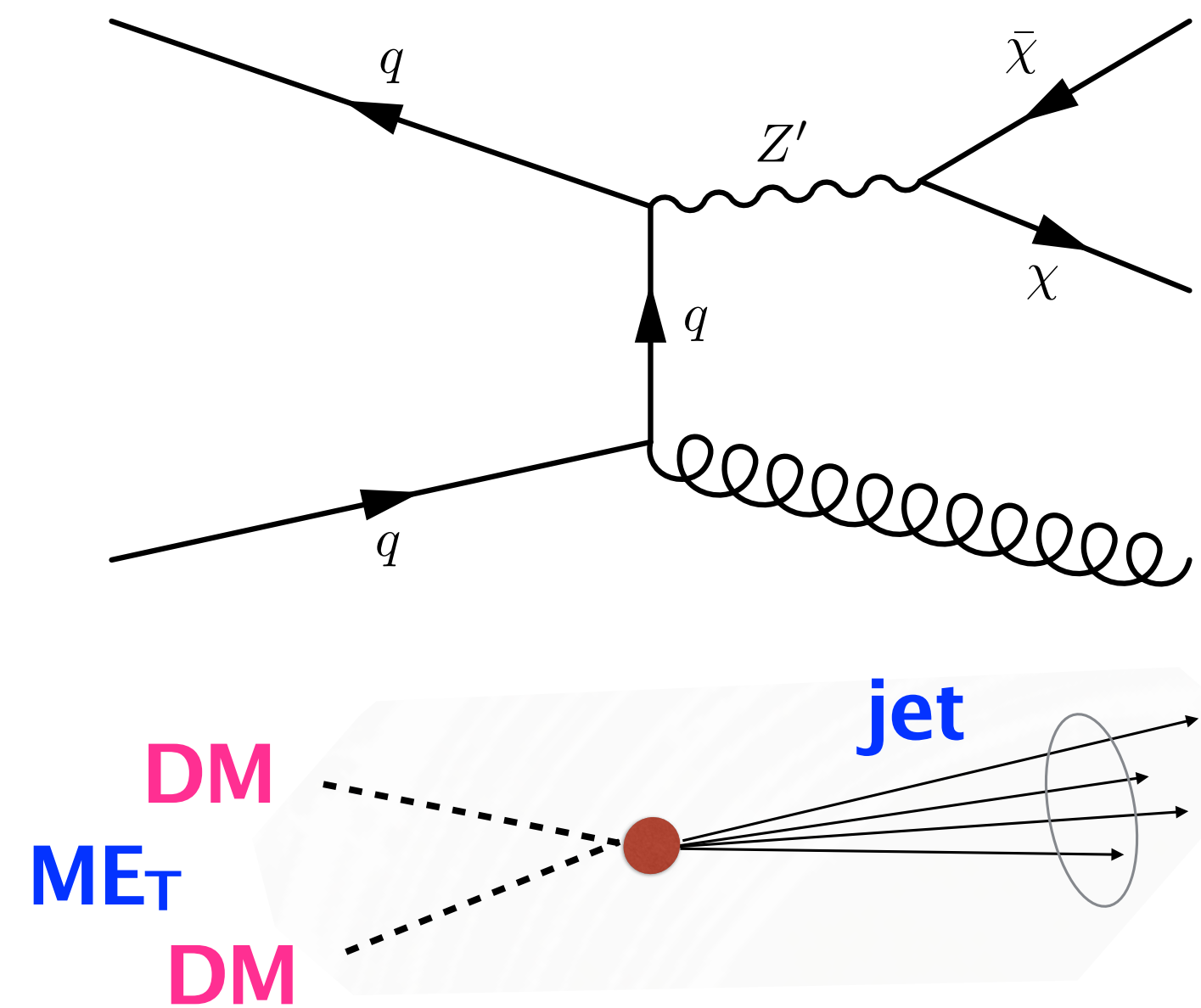


NOTE: ATLAS bbbb limit is for spin-2, other limits are for spin-0, but expect very similar sensitivity in the two spin hypotheses

Dark matter

- What if non-interacting dark matter is produced alone in our detectors?
- Trigger on recoil.

Coincidental recoil with generic DM mono-jet, mono-Z, mono-photon



Parallel talk

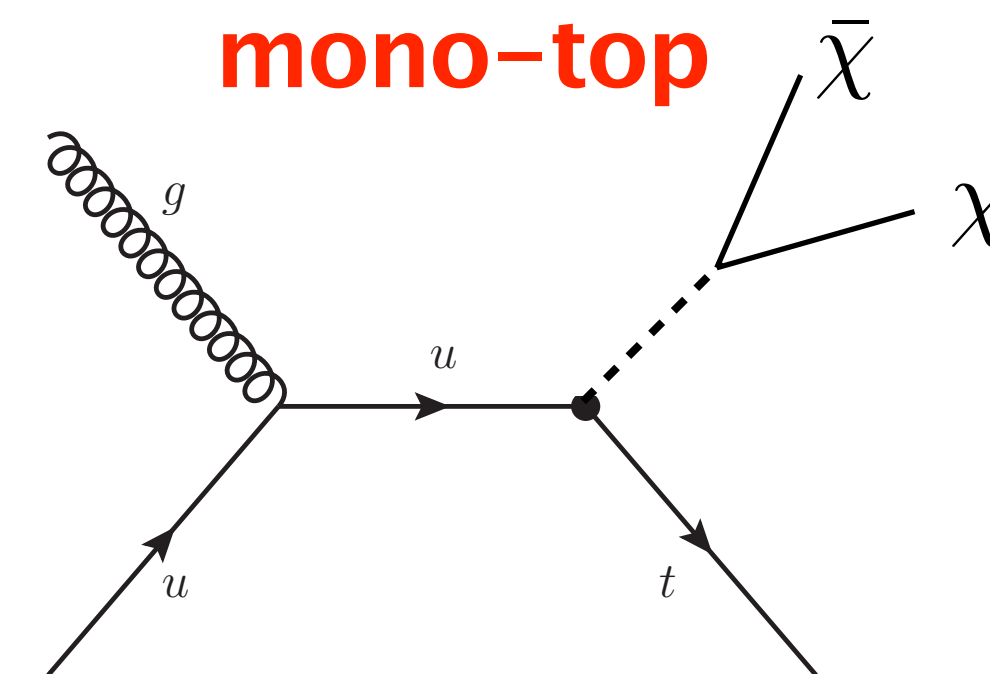
Marco Cipriani: Searches for dark matter at CMS

New DM results

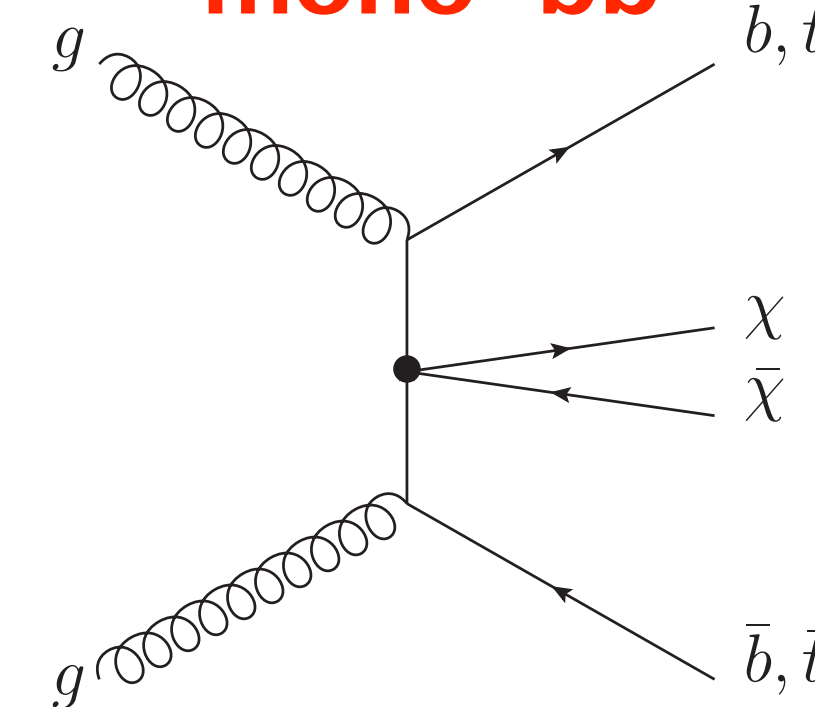
- arXiv:1705.03848 : DM + ISR γ
- CONF-2017-024 : DM + $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
- CONF-2017-028 : DM + $H \rightarrow bb$

Model-specific recoil

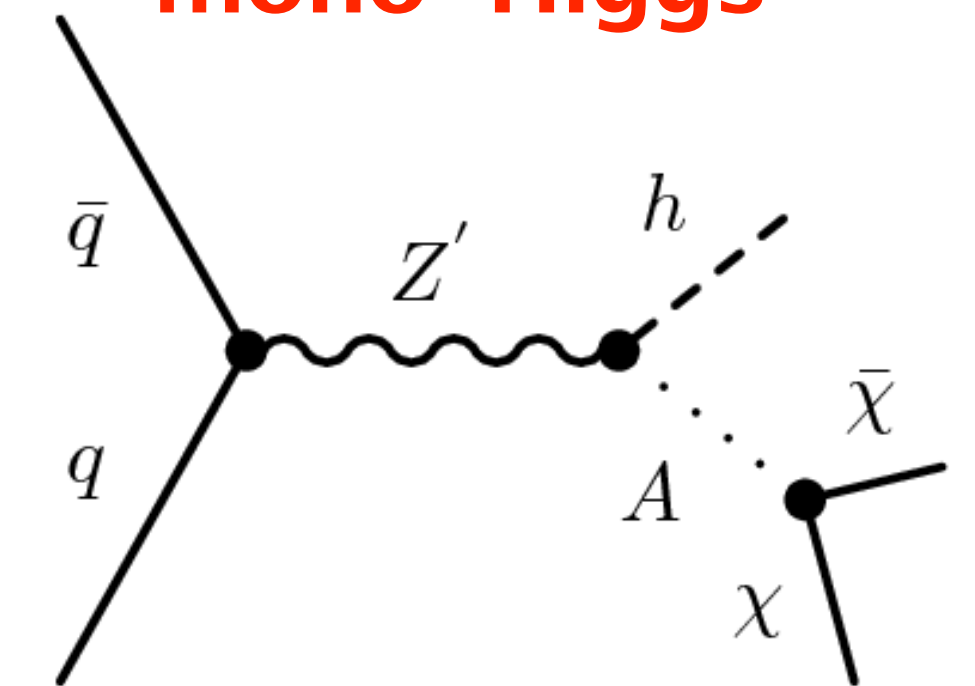
mono-top



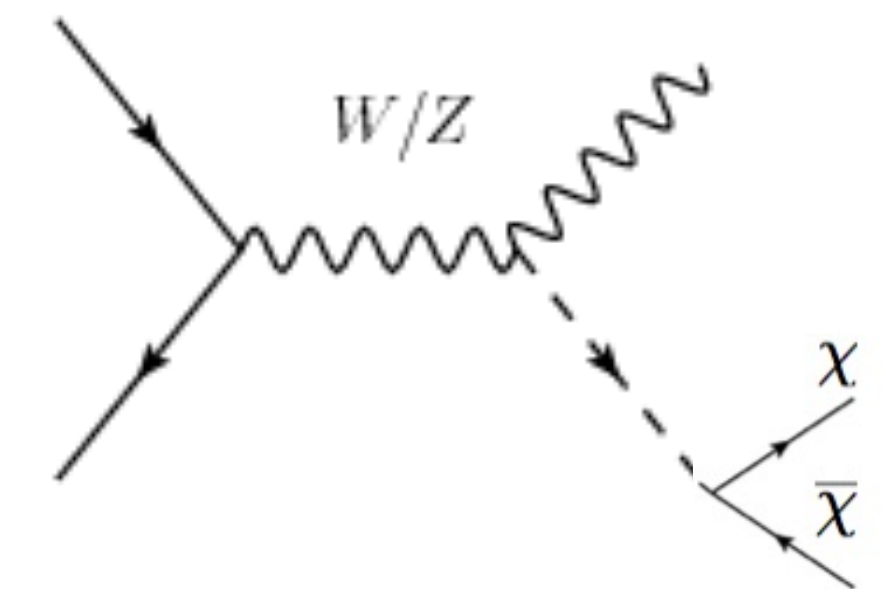
mono-tt, mono-bb



mono-Higgs



$H^0 \rightarrow$ invisible

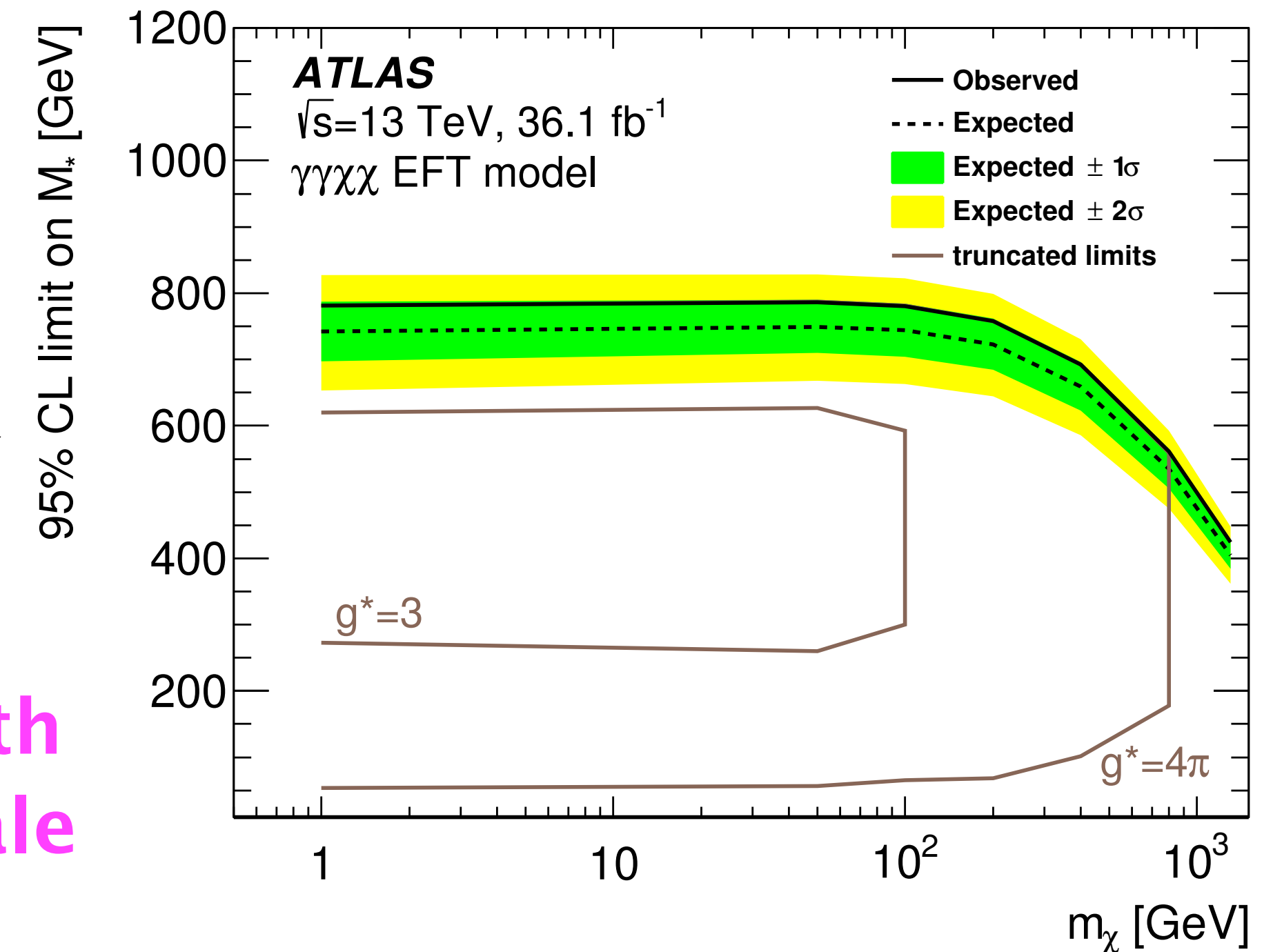
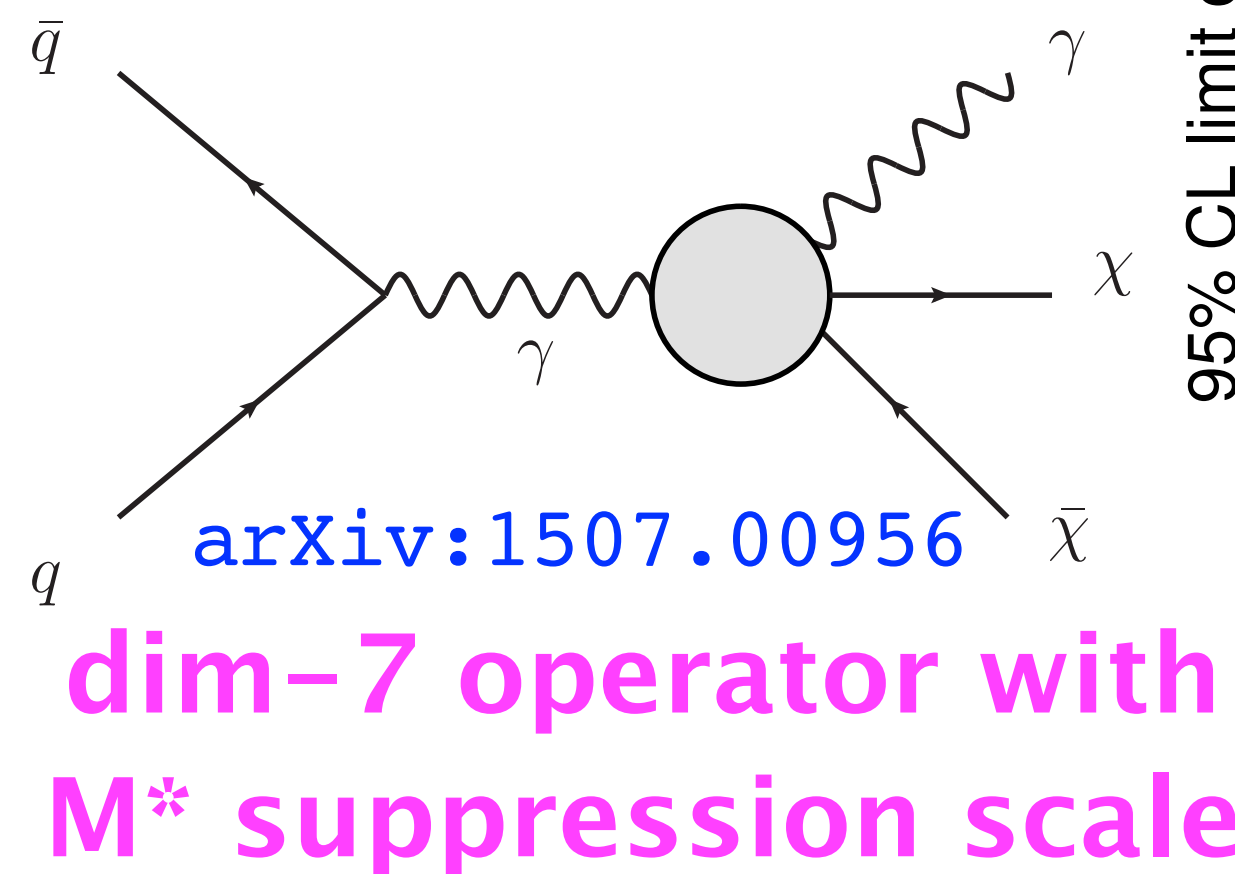
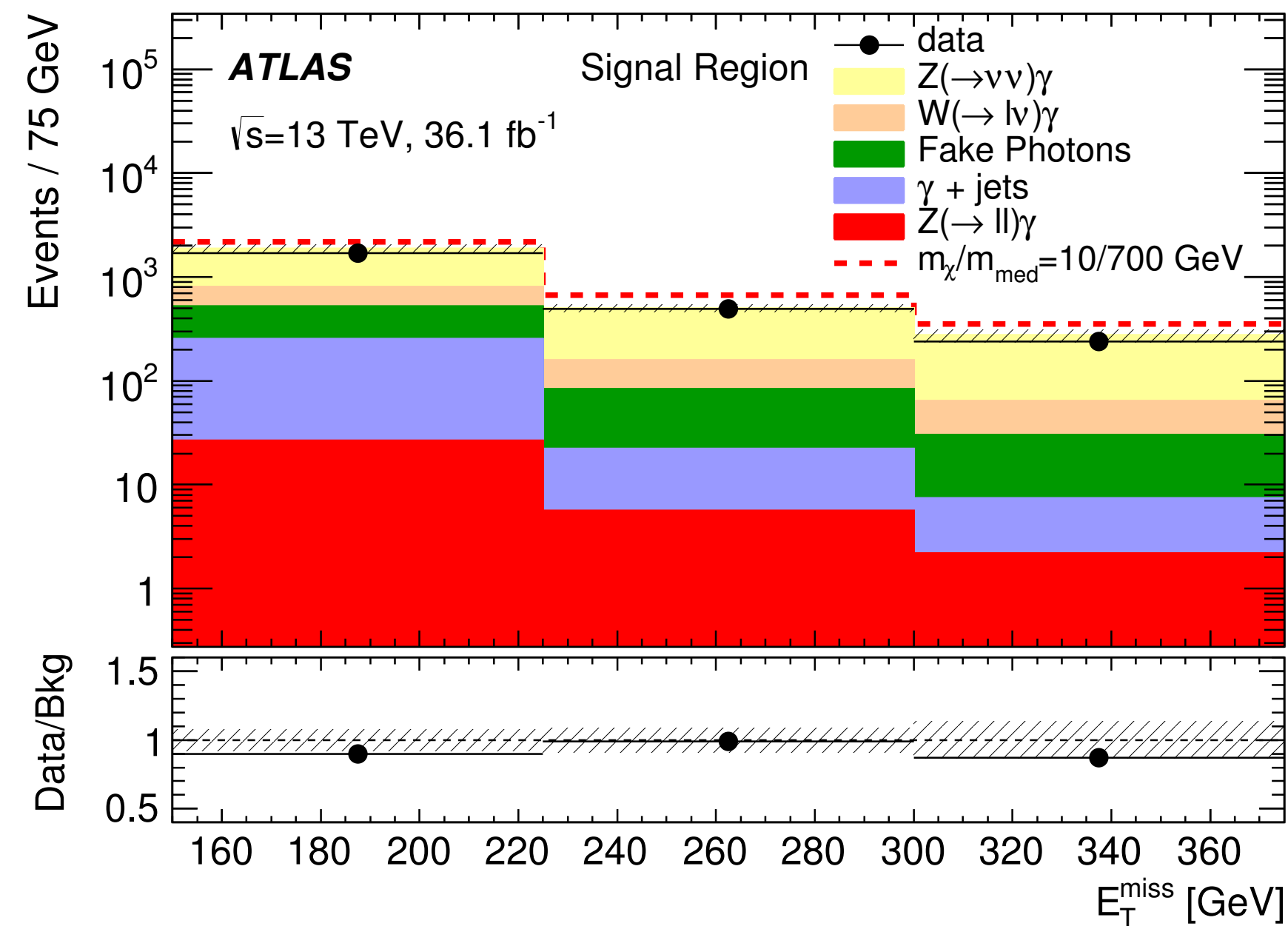
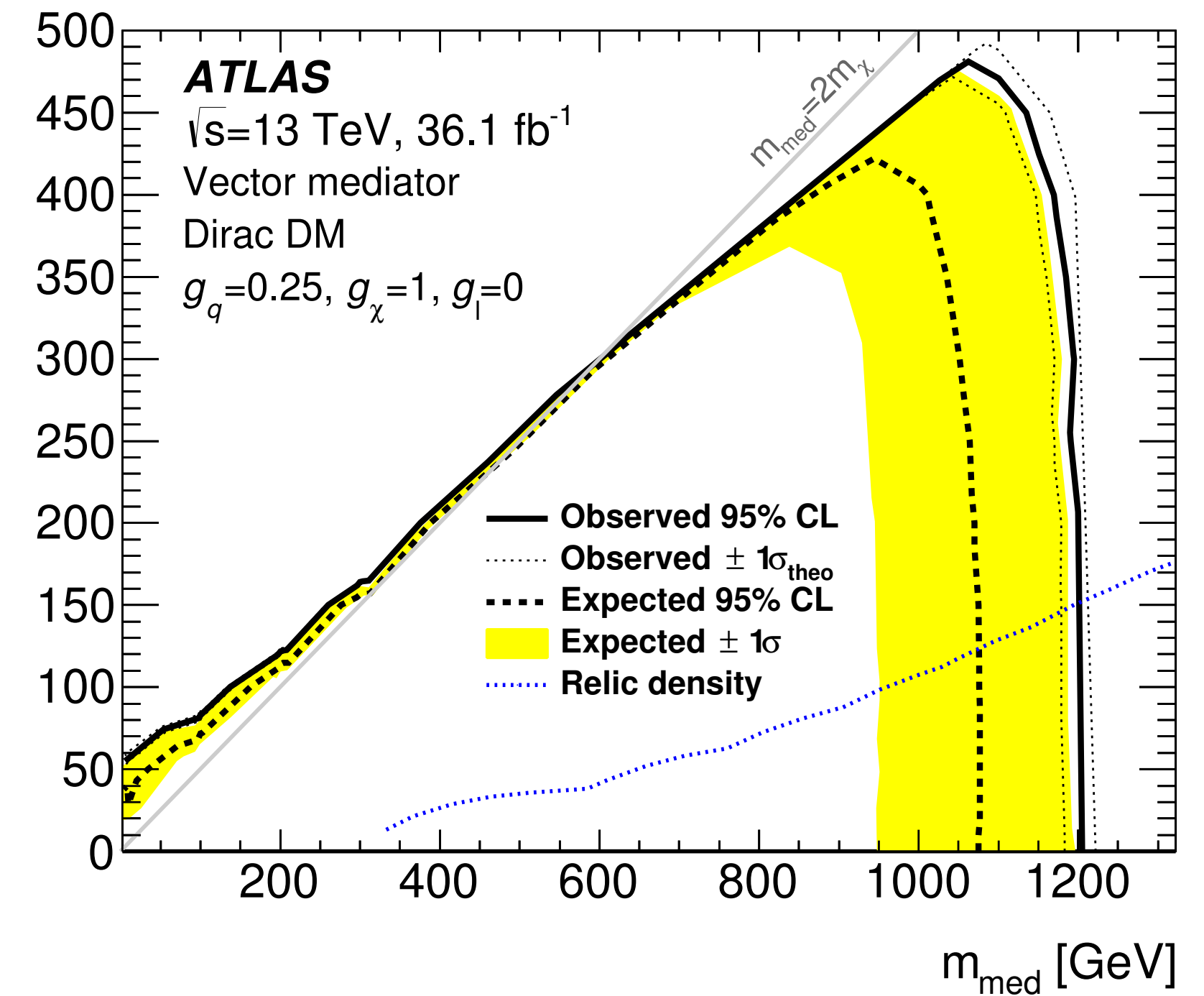
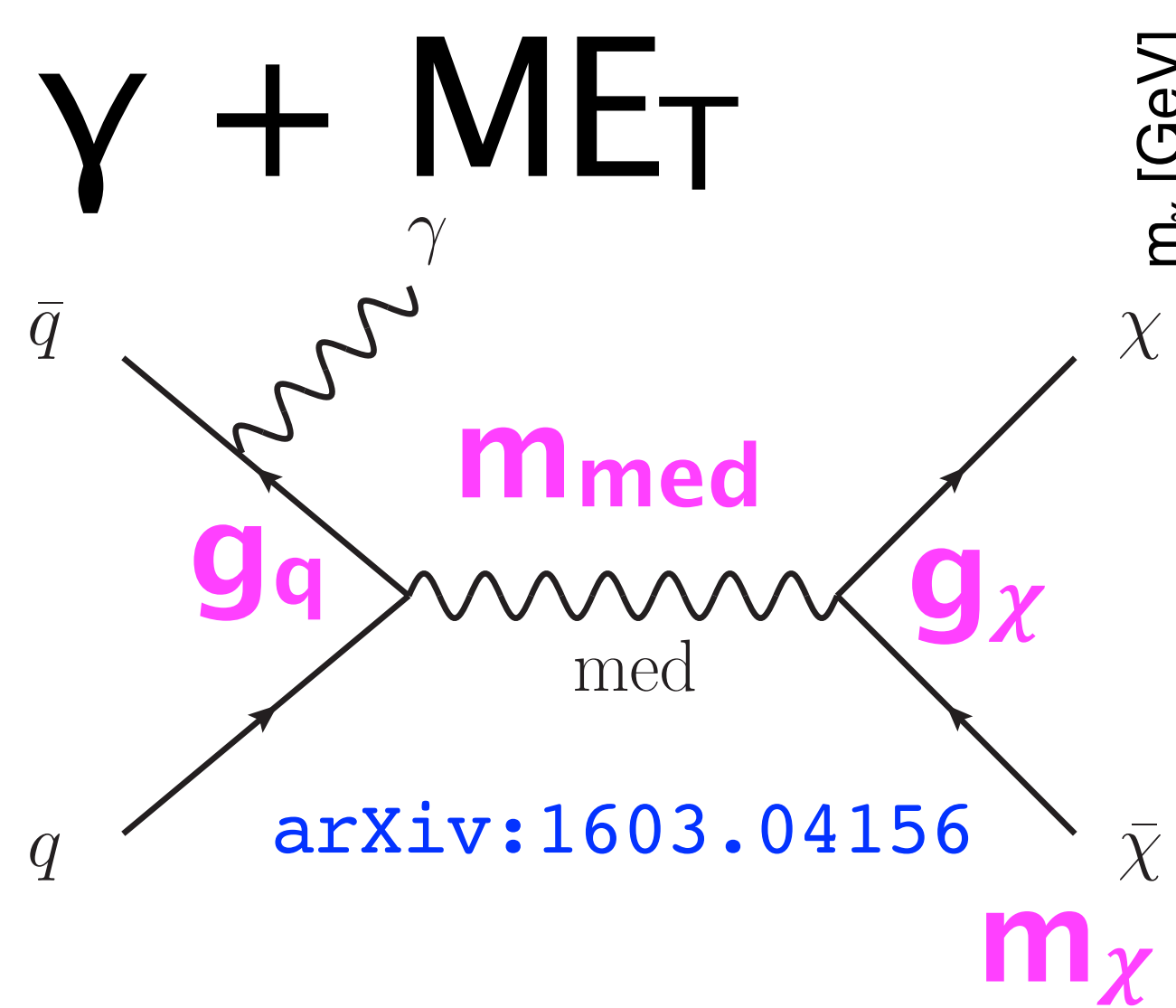


Monophoton: ISR $\gamma + \cancel{E}_T$

arXiv:1705.03848

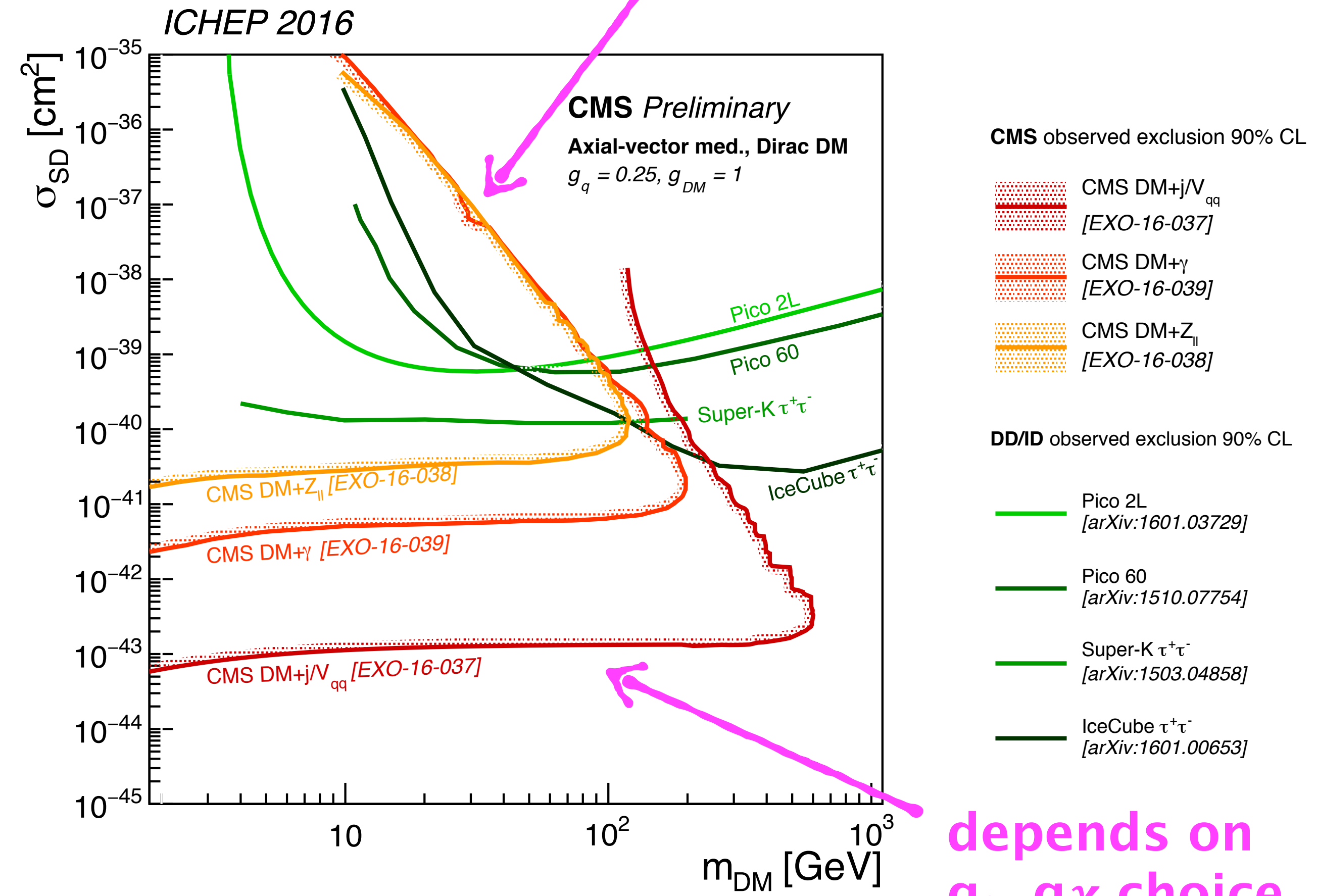
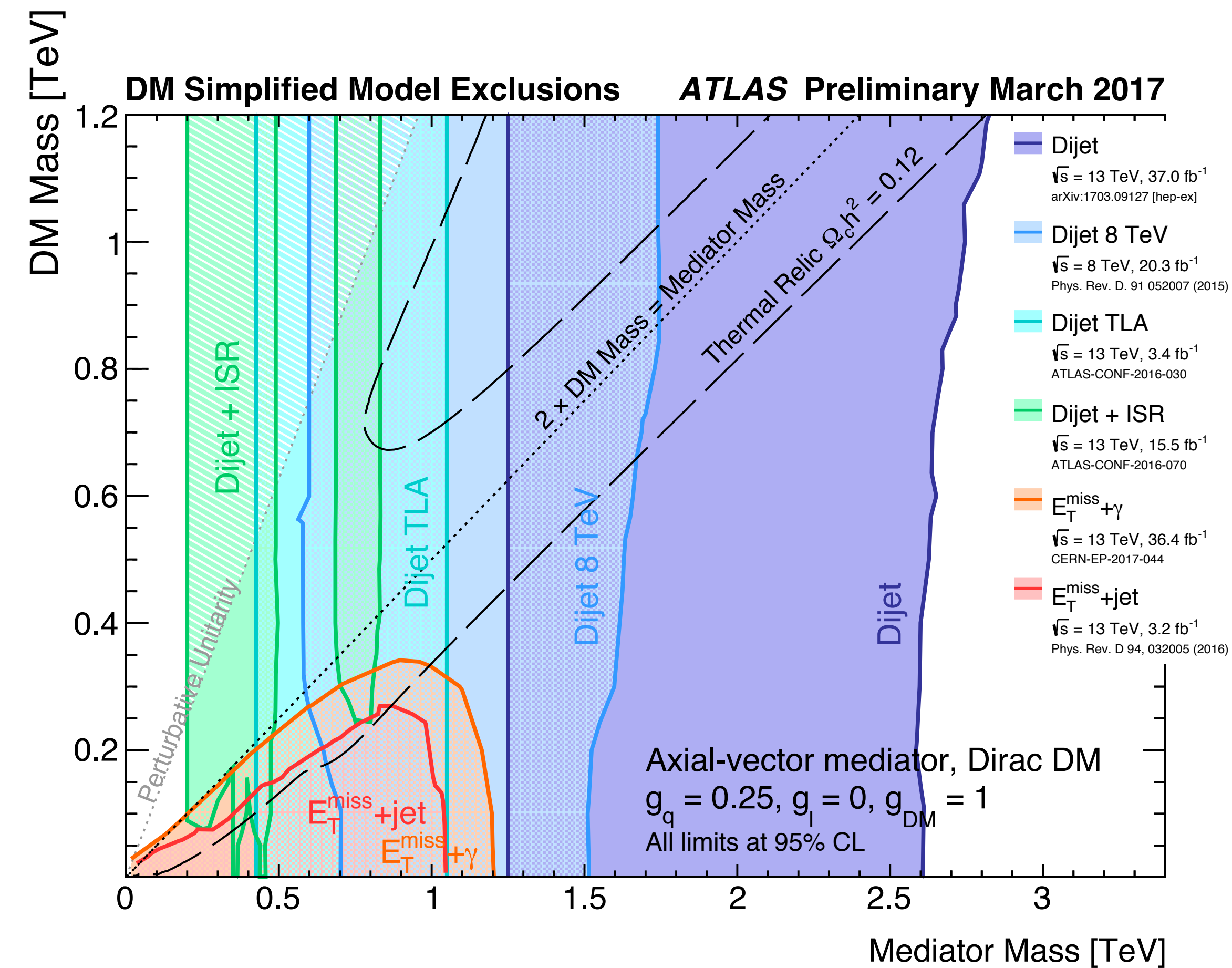
Require

- 1 high- p_T γ
- large \cancel{E}_T
- $N_j \leq 1$



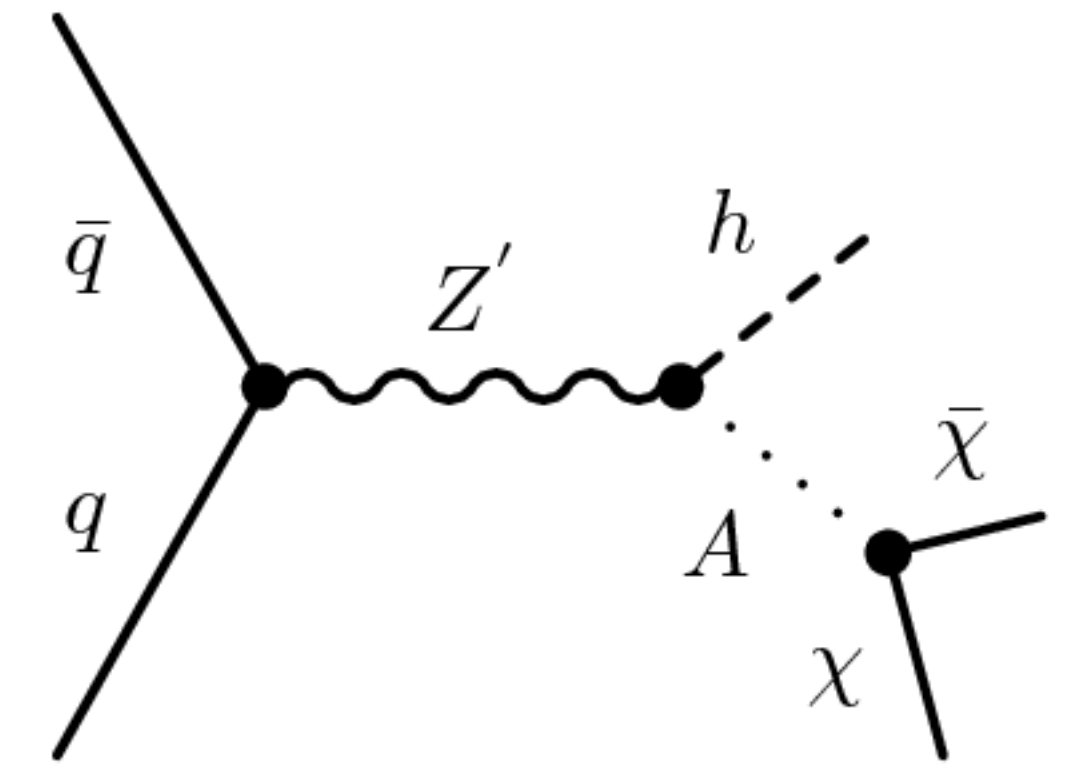
Generic dark matter summary

- Dijet resonance search : **sensitivity to direct mediator production**
- **Complementary with direct detection**: collider searches have good sensitivity at low mass and for spin-dependent χ -N coupling. **Mono-X not sensitive where $M_{\text{med}} < 2M_\chi$**

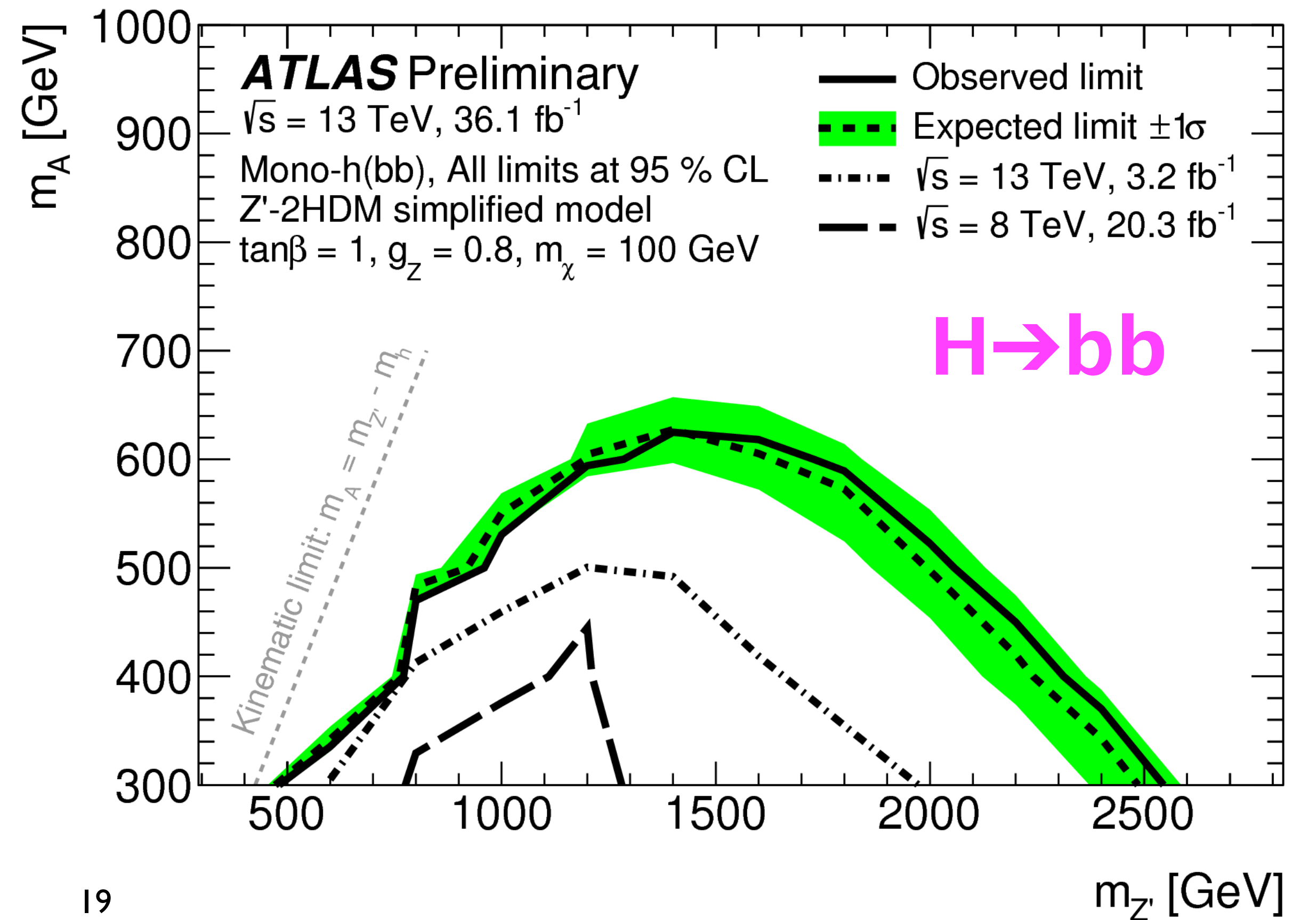
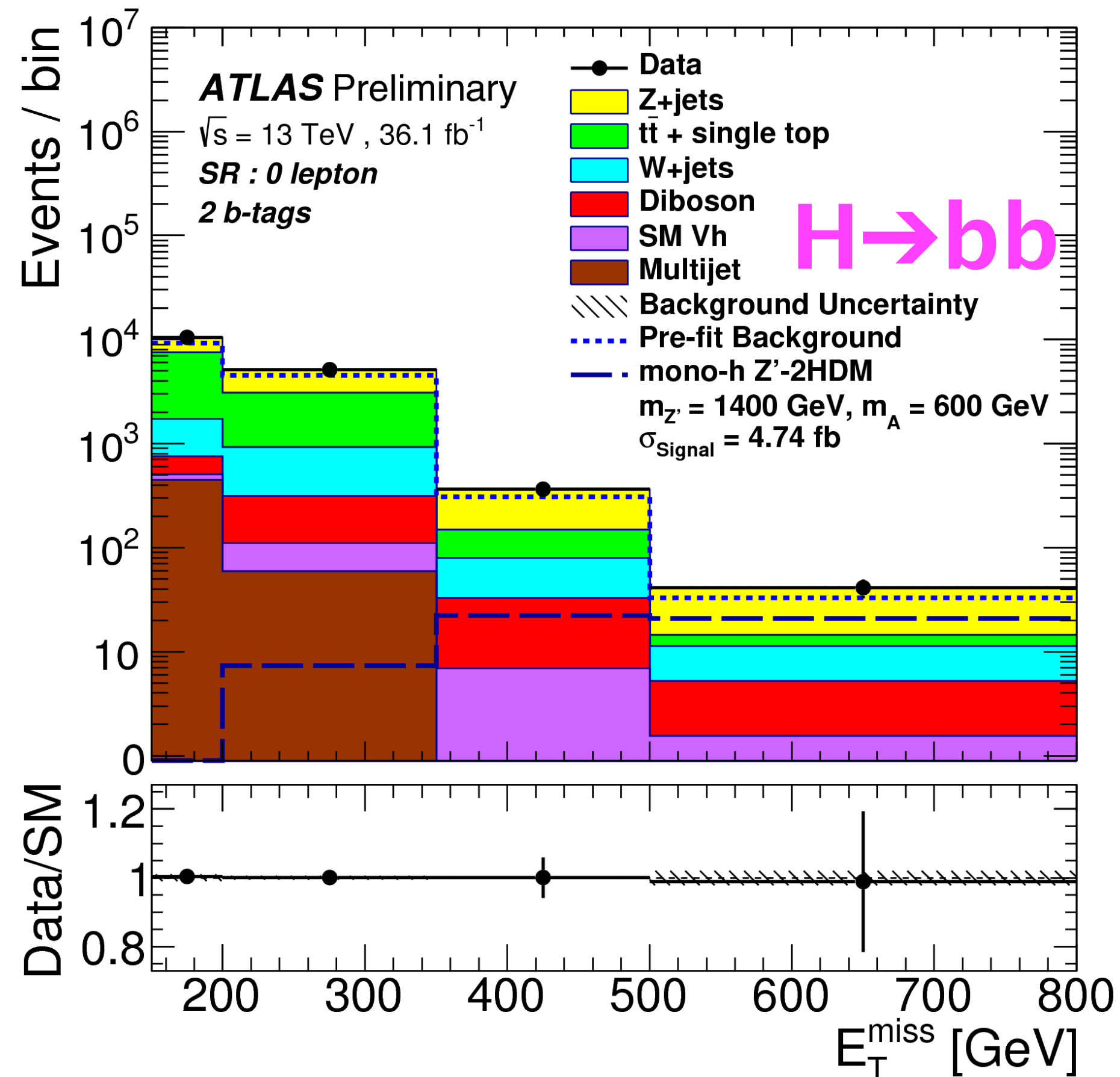


Higgs + MET

$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: CONF-2017-024
 $H \rightarrow bb$: CONF-2017-028



- Important for testing Z' -2HDM
- $H \rightarrow bb$: sensitivity in the bulk of $m(A)$ vs $m(Z')$ space in Z' -2HDM
- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: sensitivity for $m(A) < 300$ GeV.



Many new 36 fb⁻¹ SUSY results

Glauino / Inclusive

- SUS-16-033 (arXiv:1704.07781) : 0 ℓ MH $_T$
- SUS-16-036 : 0 ℓ M $_{T2}$
- SUS-16-037 : 1 ℓ ΣM_J
- SUS-16-042 : 1 ℓ $\Delta\varphi$
- CONF-2017-021 : 0 ℓ +1 ℓ b-jets+ME $_T$
- CONF-2017-022 : 0 ℓ 2-6 jets (recursive jigsaw)

Stop/sbottom

- SUS-16-049 : 0 ℓ
- CONF-2017-020 : 0 ℓ
- SUS-16-051 : 1 ℓ
- SUS-16-032 : sbottom and compressed stop
- CONF-2017-019 : 3 ℓ 1b+1 ℓ 4b for stop \rightarrow tt+ZH+MET

Electroweakino

- SUS-16-034 : $\ell^\pm\ell^\mp$ +jets+ME $_T$
- SUS-16-039 : 3 ℓ + ME $_T$
- SUS-16-048 : 2 soft ℓ

R-parity violating SUSY

- CONF-2017-025 : stop \rightarrow jj
- CONF-2017-013 : 1 ℓ +jets
- EXO-16-029 : stop \rightarrow jj (low mass)

Long-lived particles

- EXO-16-003 displaced jets
- CONF-2017-026 : displaced vertices
- CONF-2017-017 : disappearing tracks

Parallel talks:

Nadja Strobbe: Fully hadronic final states with CMS

Zhenbin Wu: 3rd gen squarks with CMS

Minsuk Kim: EWKinos with CMS

Basil Schneider: Dilepton final states with CMS

Menglei Sun: SUSY with photons in CMS

Othmane Rifki: Squarks and gluinos with ATLAS

Fabrizio Miano: 3rd gen squarks with ATLAS

Zara Jane Grout: EWK SUSY with ATLAS

Supersymmetry (SUSY)

	SM particles				SUSY partners			
SM fermions	u	d	e	ν_e	\tilde{u}	\tilde{d}	\tilde{e}	$\tilde{\nu}_e$
	c	s	μ	ν_μ	\tilde{c}	\tilde{s}	$\tilde{\mu}$	$\tilde{\nu}_\mu$
	t	b	τ	ν_τ	\tilde{t}	\tilde{b}	$\tilde{\tau}$	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$
SM bosons	h	A	H^0	H^\pm	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	$\tilde{\chi}_2^0$	$\tilde{\chi}_3^0$	$\tilde{\chi}_4^0$
	γ	Z^0	W^\pm	g	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	$\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm$		\tilde{g}

Why SUSY?

- Explains dark matter
Lightest SUSY particle = LSP
- Explains hierarchy problem : shields Higgs mass from radiative corrections
- Helps unify forces

For explaining Higgs mass:

- gluino mass < 2 TeV
- stop mass < 1 TeV
- higgsinos < 300 GeV

Higgs and gauge boson superpartners mix forming “electroweakinos”

Glauino searches

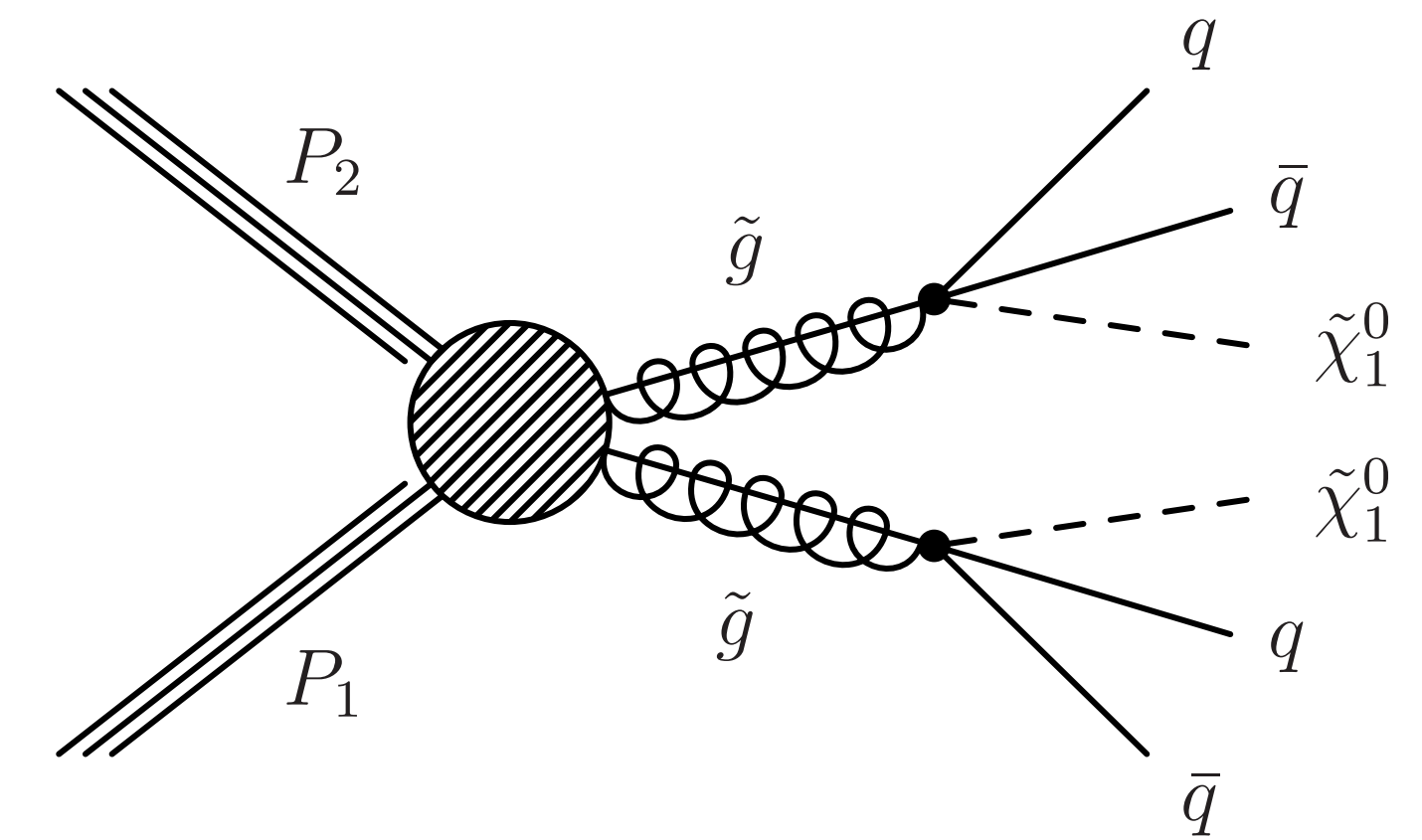
- presence of ℓ^\pm , b-jets depends on quark flavor
- Hadronic final state most sensitive

ATLAS: optimized for discovery at edge of existing limits

CMS : General search; probe full phase space by combining many bins.

All analyses choose one variable of each type (**CMS**, **ATLAS**):

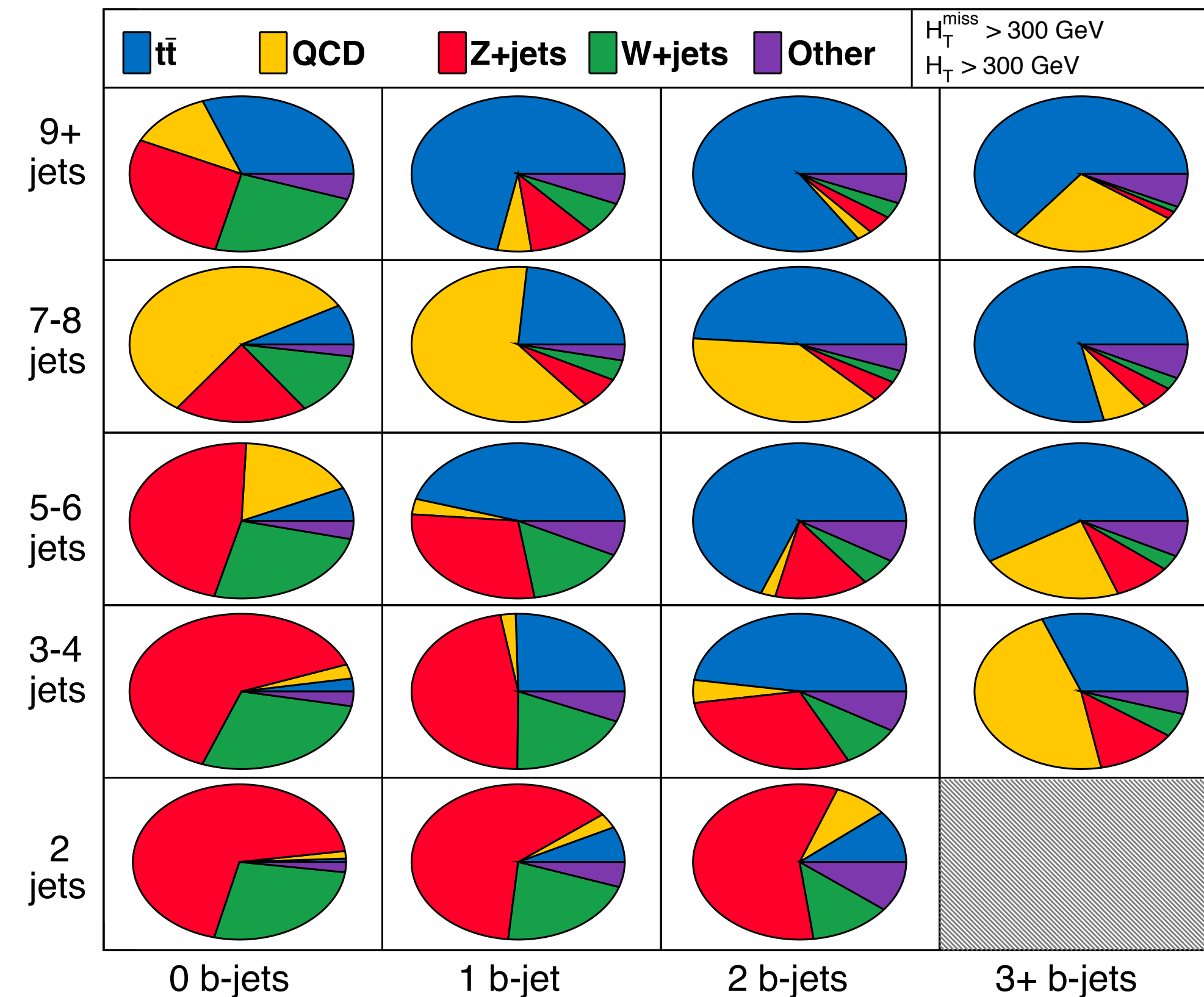
Type	Variables
Energy scale	H_T , M_{T2} , Razor M_R , MHT + Σp_{Tj} , RJR H_{11}^{PP}
Missing energy	ME_T , MH_T , M_{T2}^{CMS} , RJR H_{Tn1}^{PP}
E structure	N_{jets}
Flavor	N_{bjets}
Hybrid	$MH_T/\sqrt{H_T}$ [missing/scale] ΣM_j [scale/structure], Razor R^2 [missing/scale]



SUS-16-033

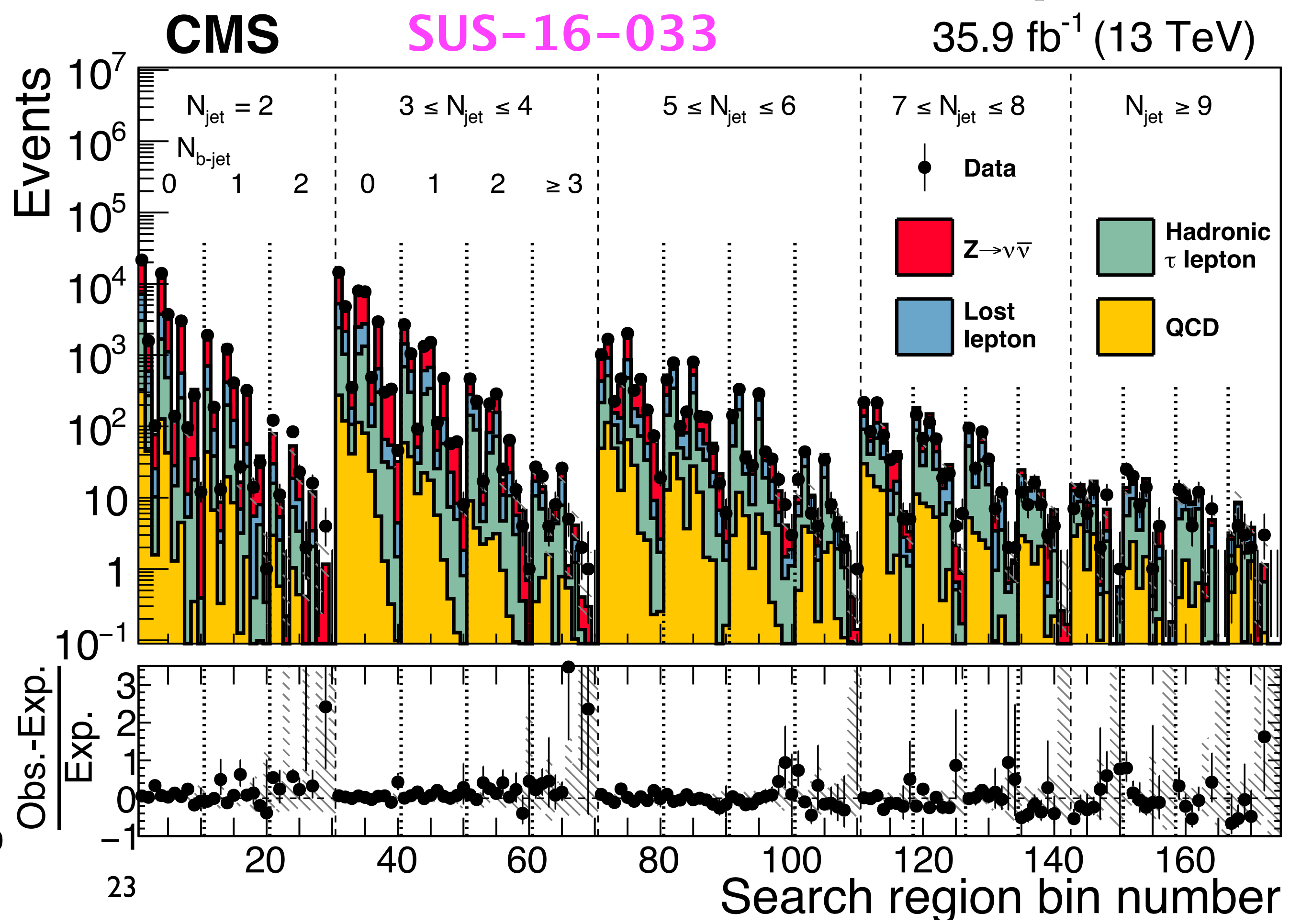
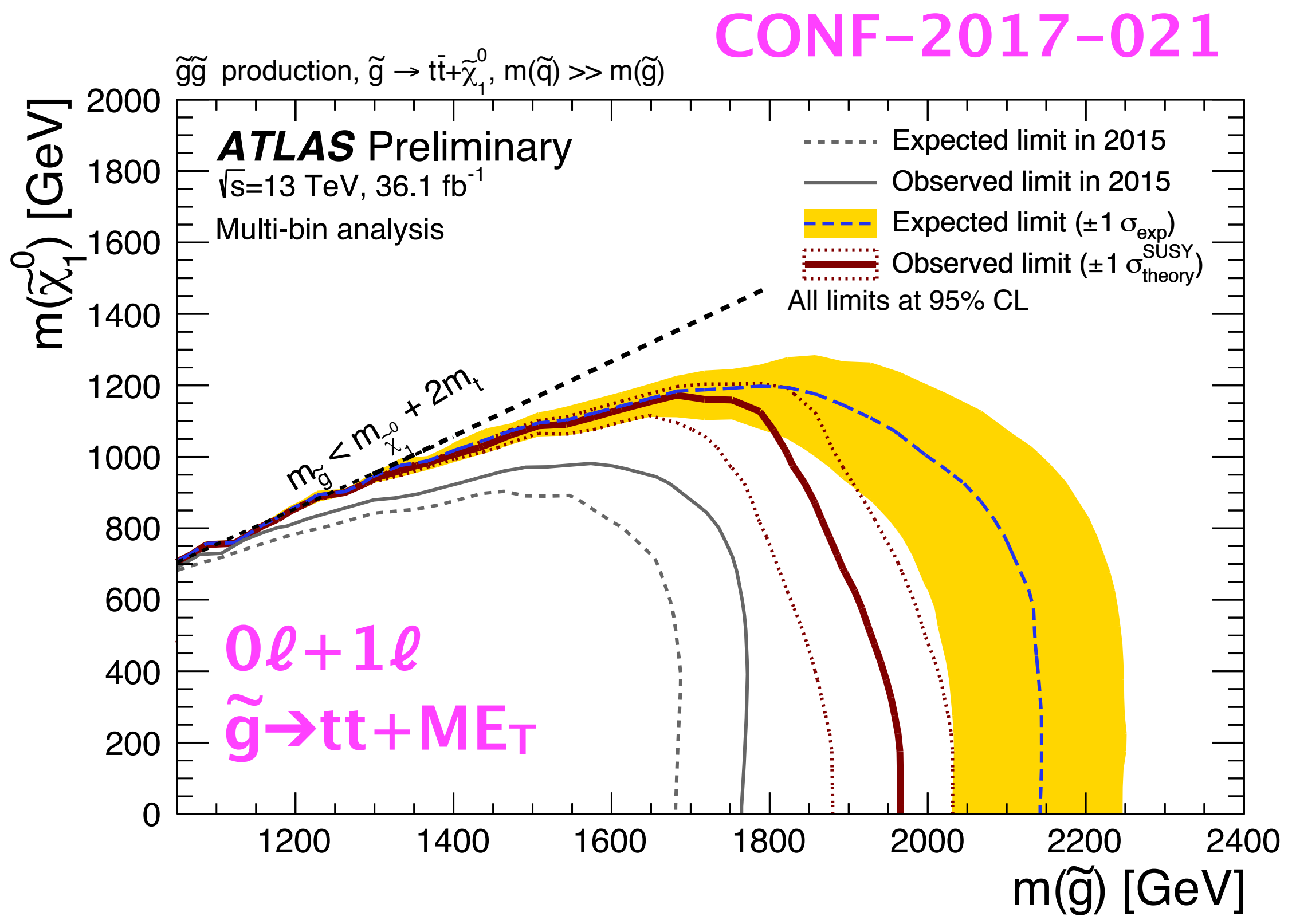
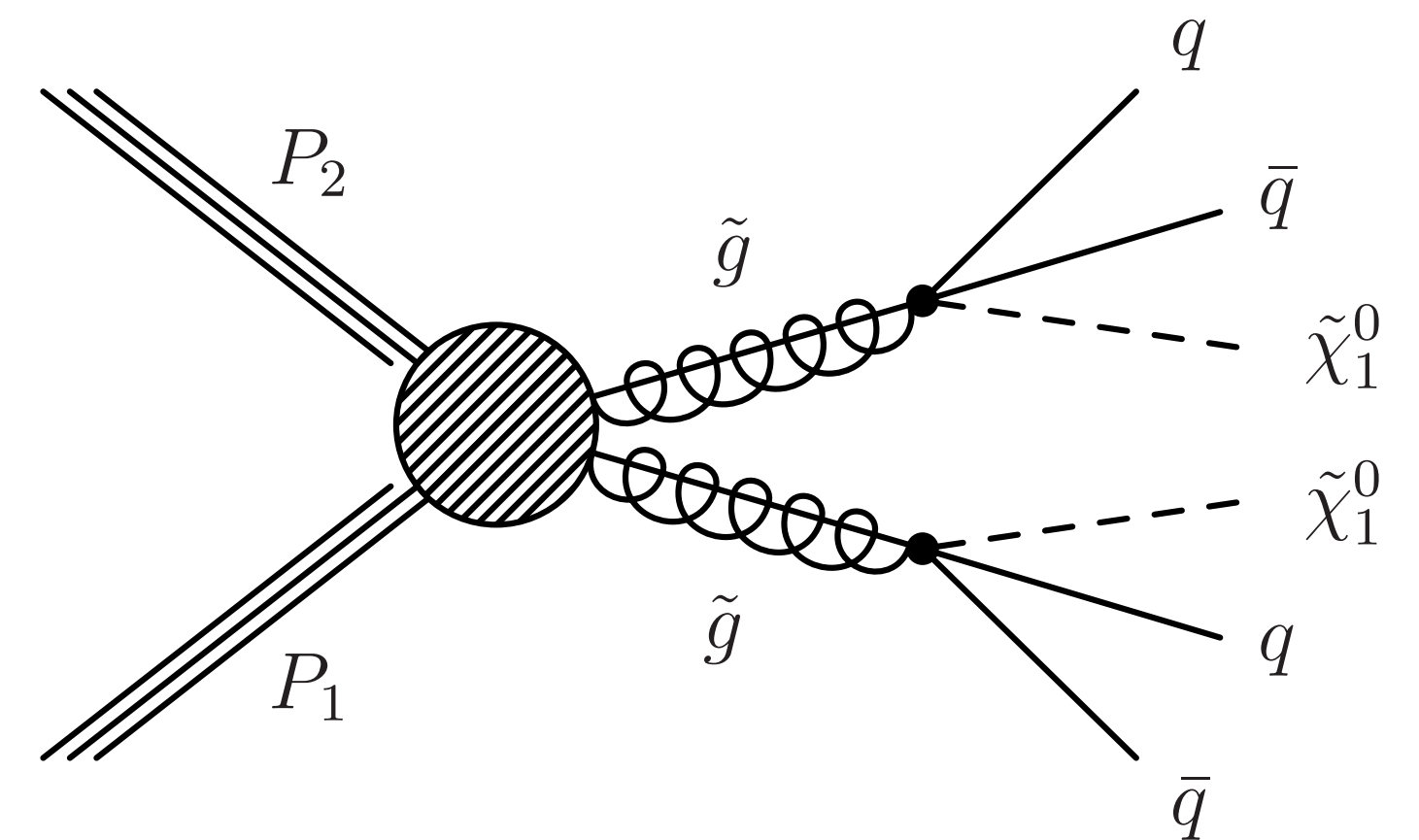
CMS Supplementary (Simulation)

(13 TeV)



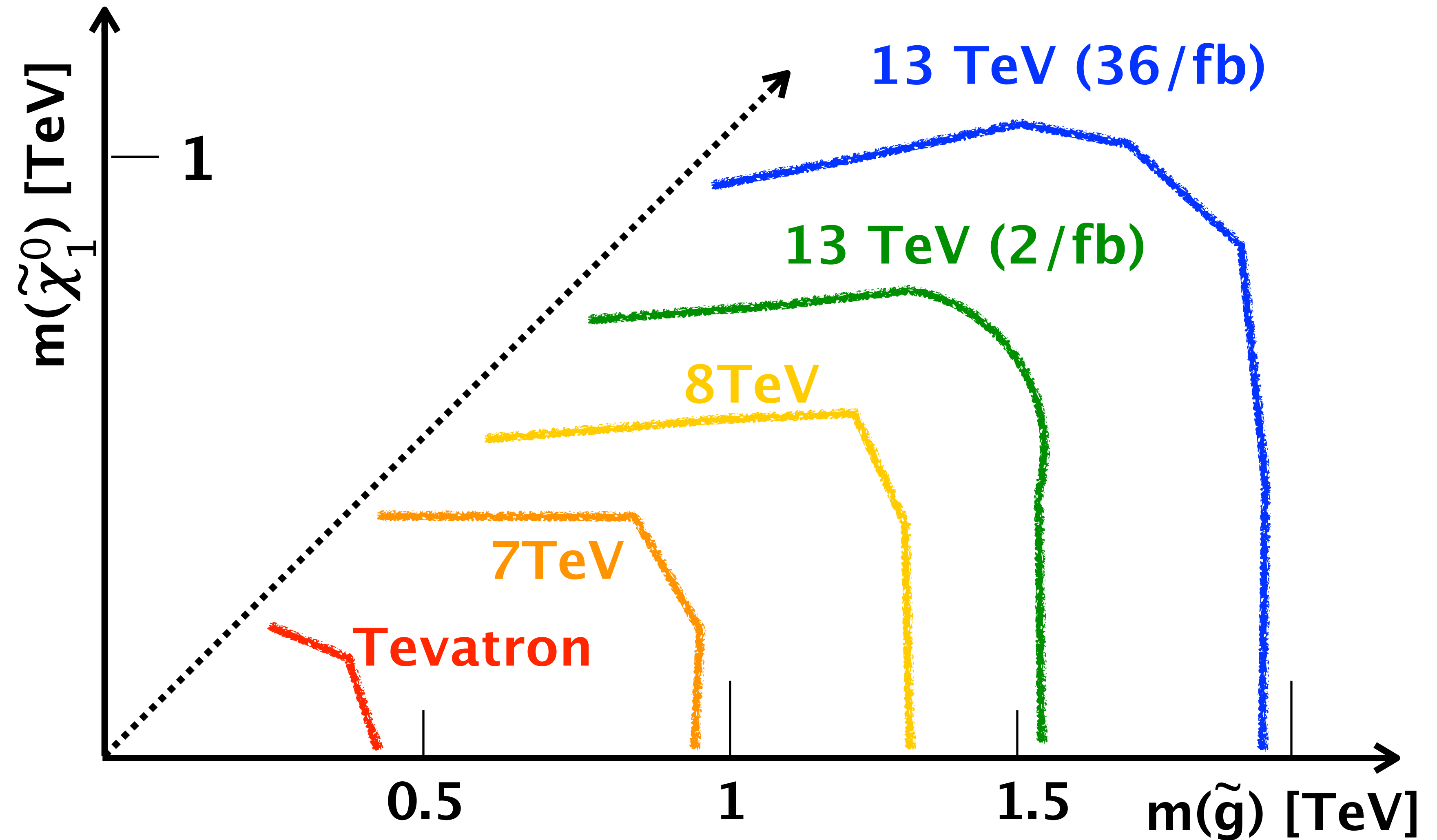
Gluino search results

- simplified model captures kinematic variation in $\Delta m = m(\tilde{g}) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$
- sensitivity degrades at small Δm where M_{E_T} and H_T are low

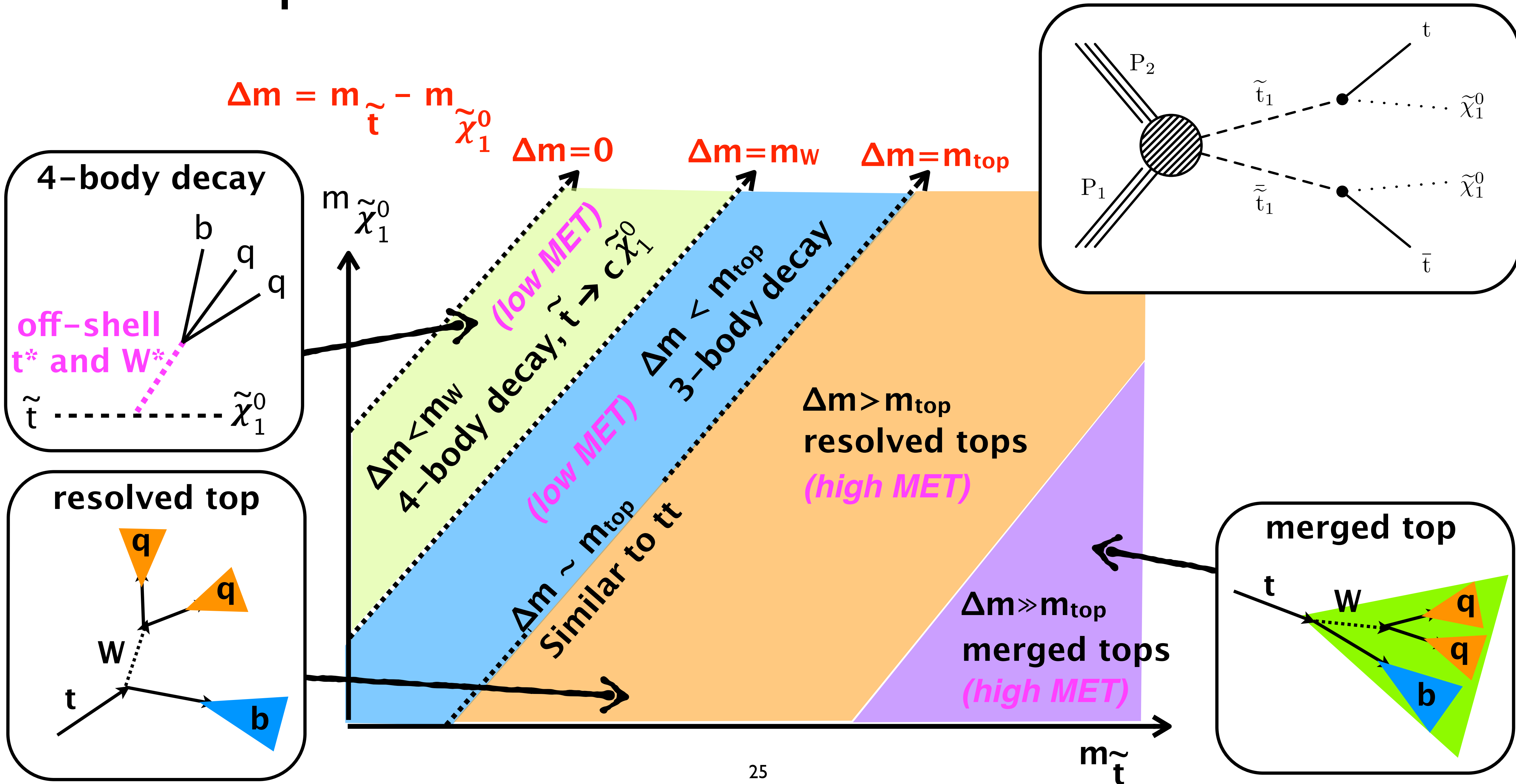


Evolution of gluino sensitivity since 2010

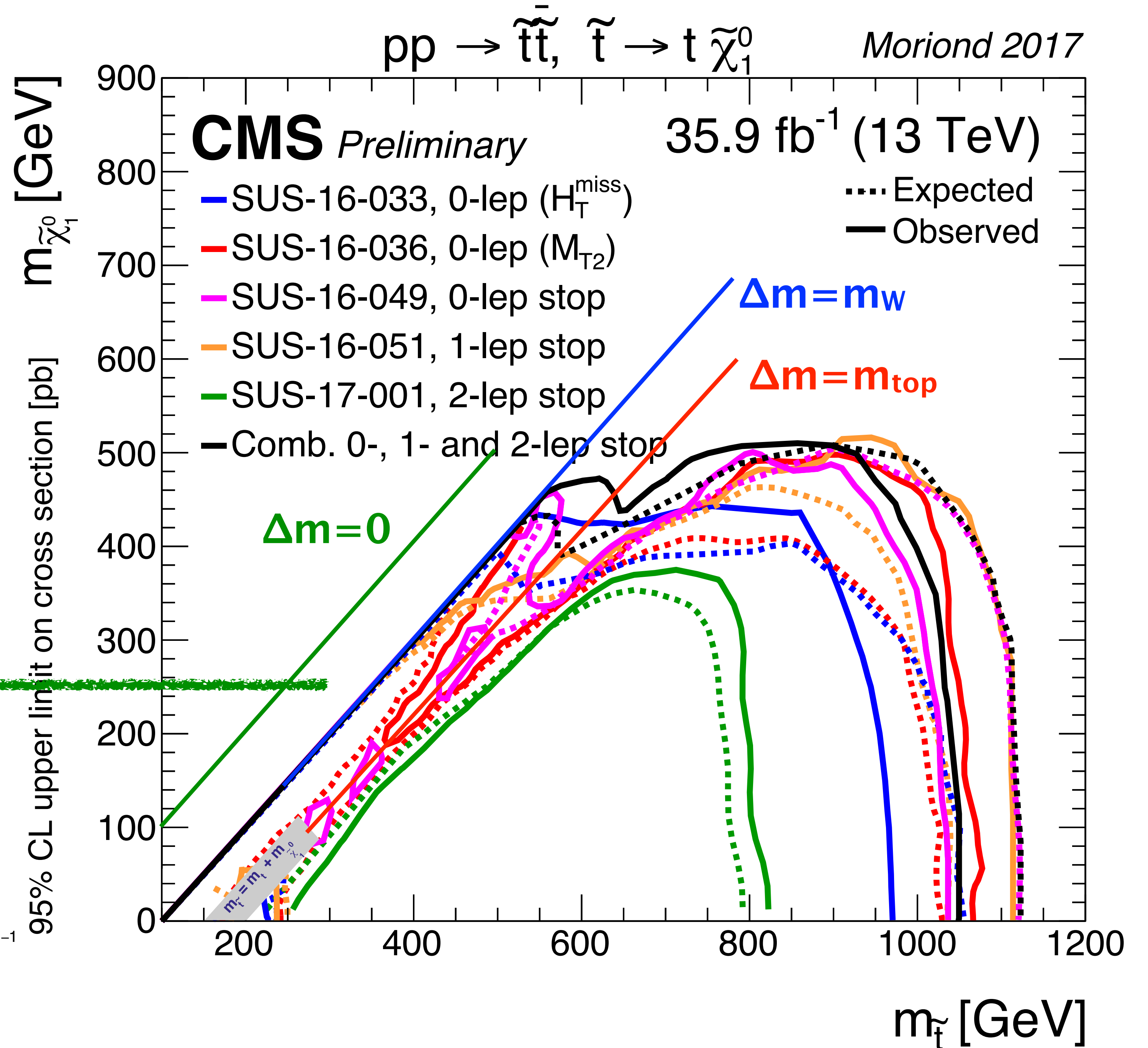
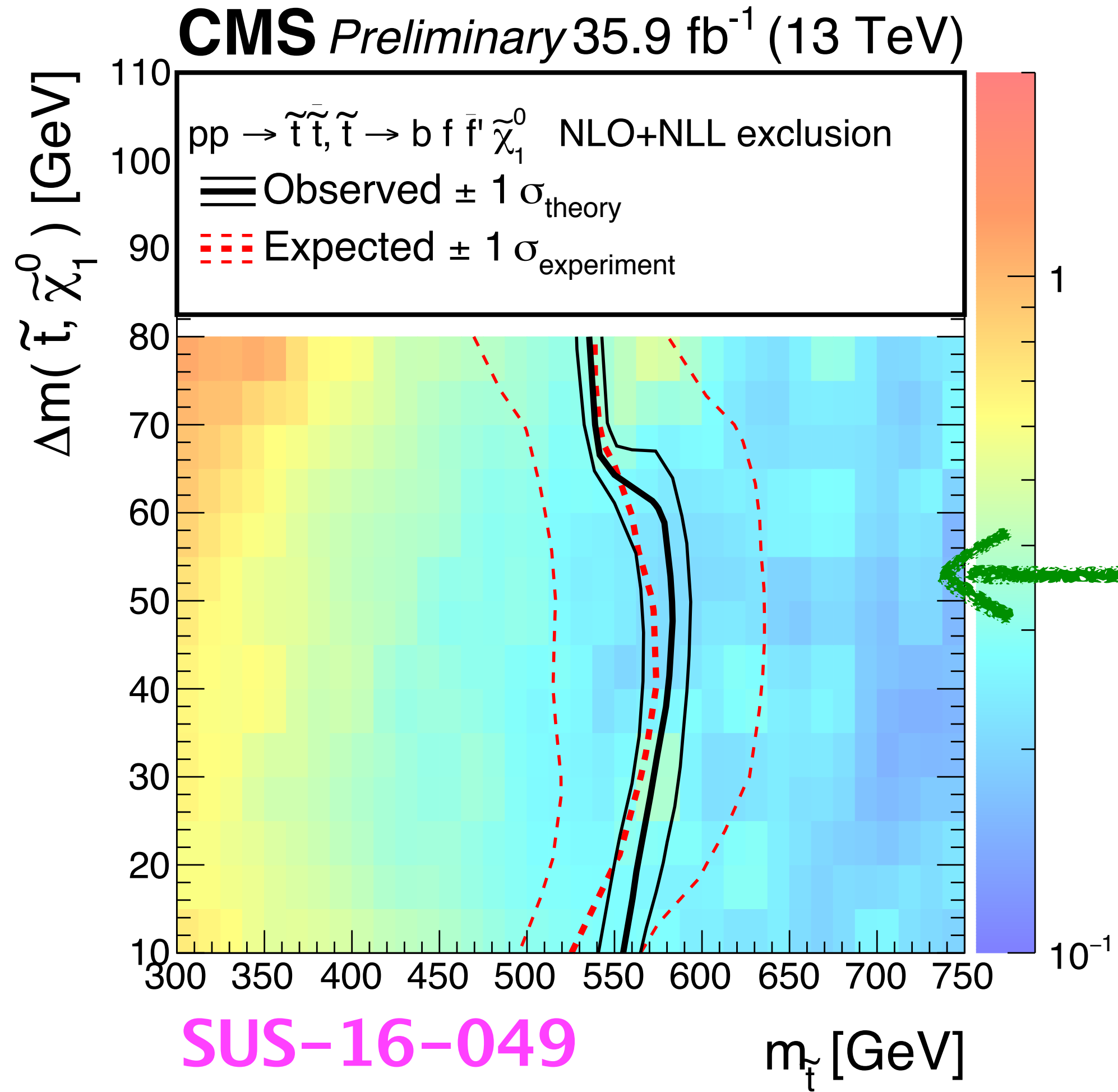
Vast reach of the LHC has taught us much about nature!!



Stop search kinematics

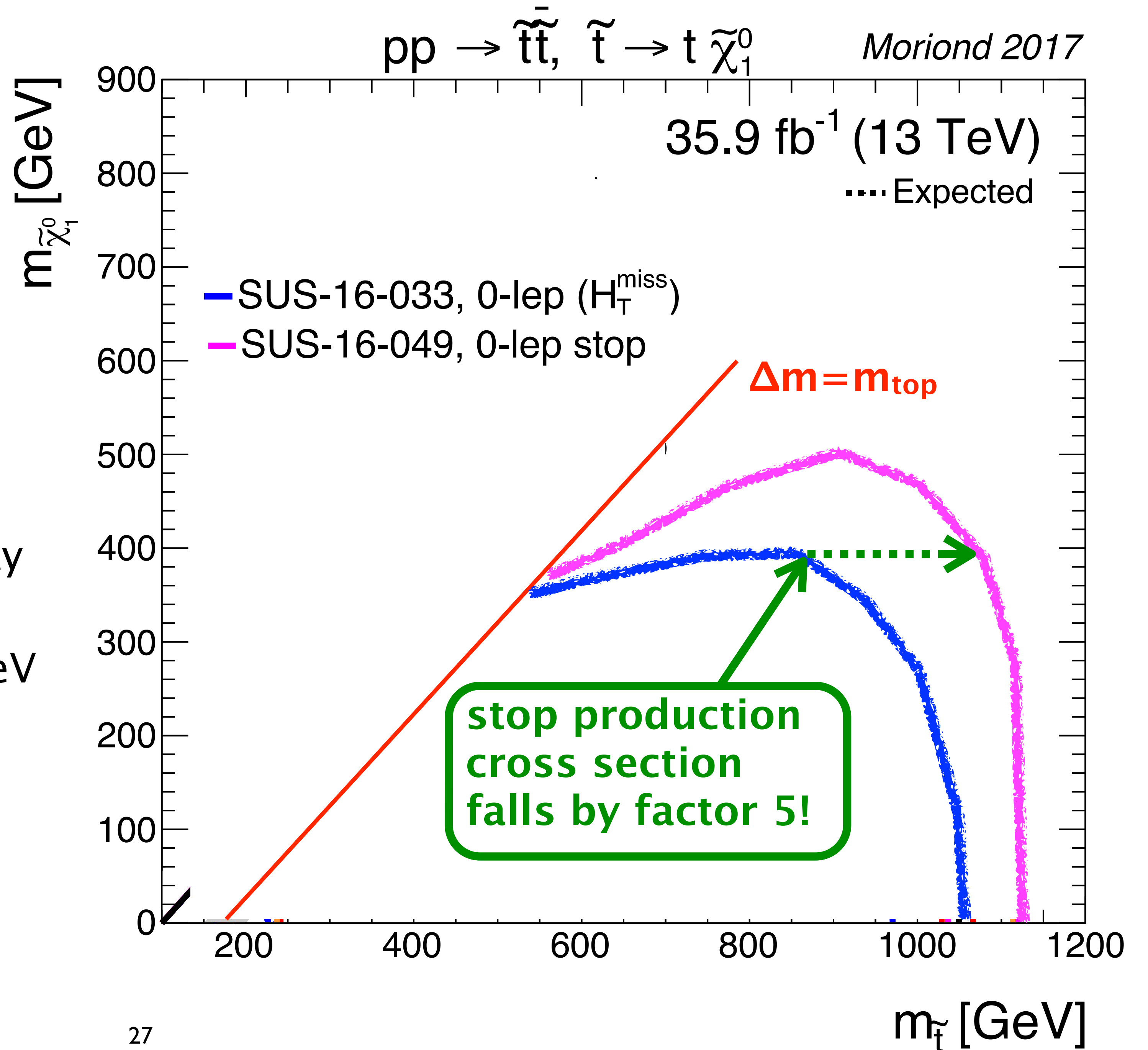


Stop sensitivity



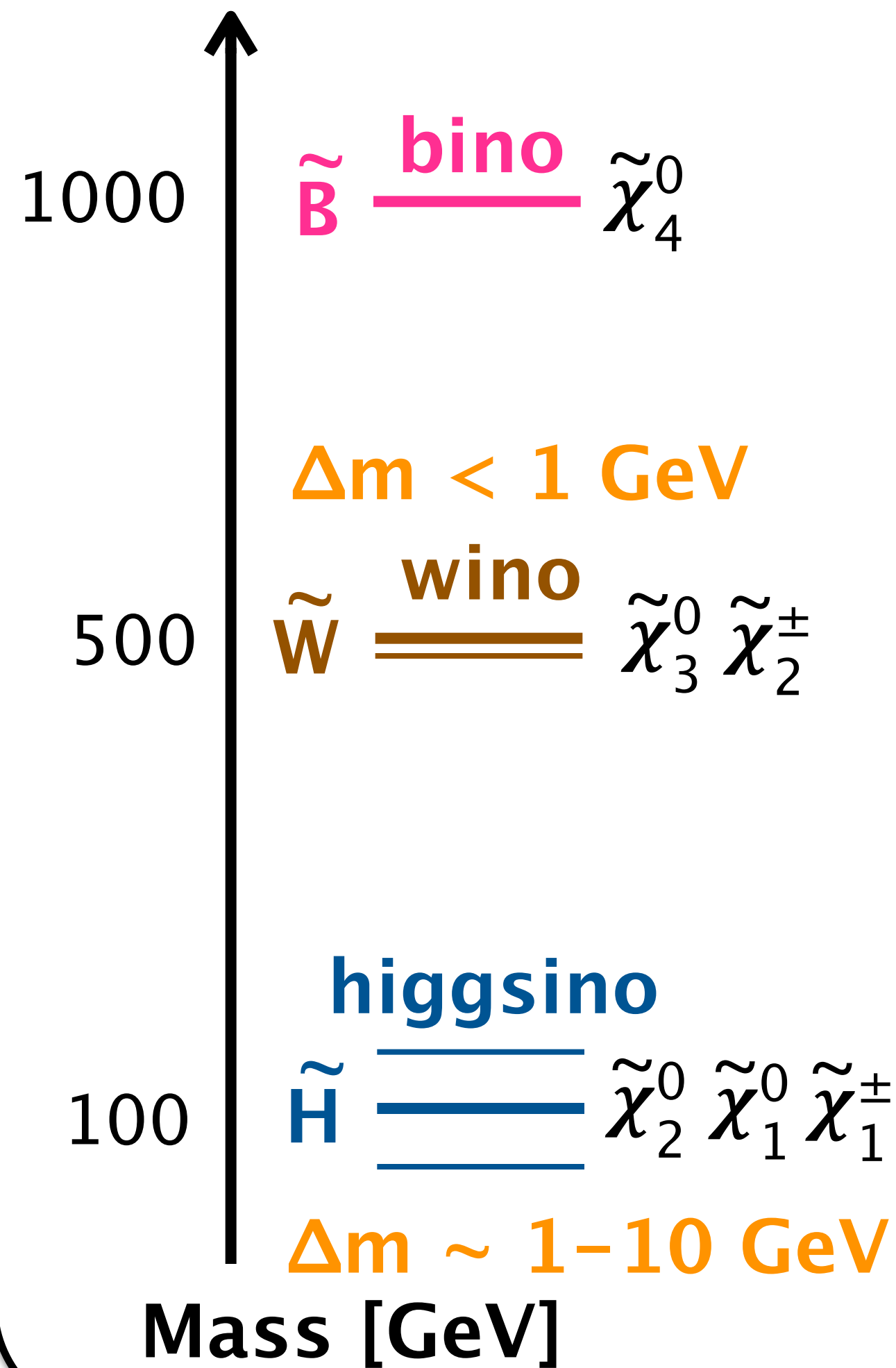
Stop sensitivity

- **General searches** have good sensitivity to top squarks.
- **Targeted searches** use full decay kinematics
 - improve mass reach by 150 GeV
 - critical for potential discovery



Search for EWKino

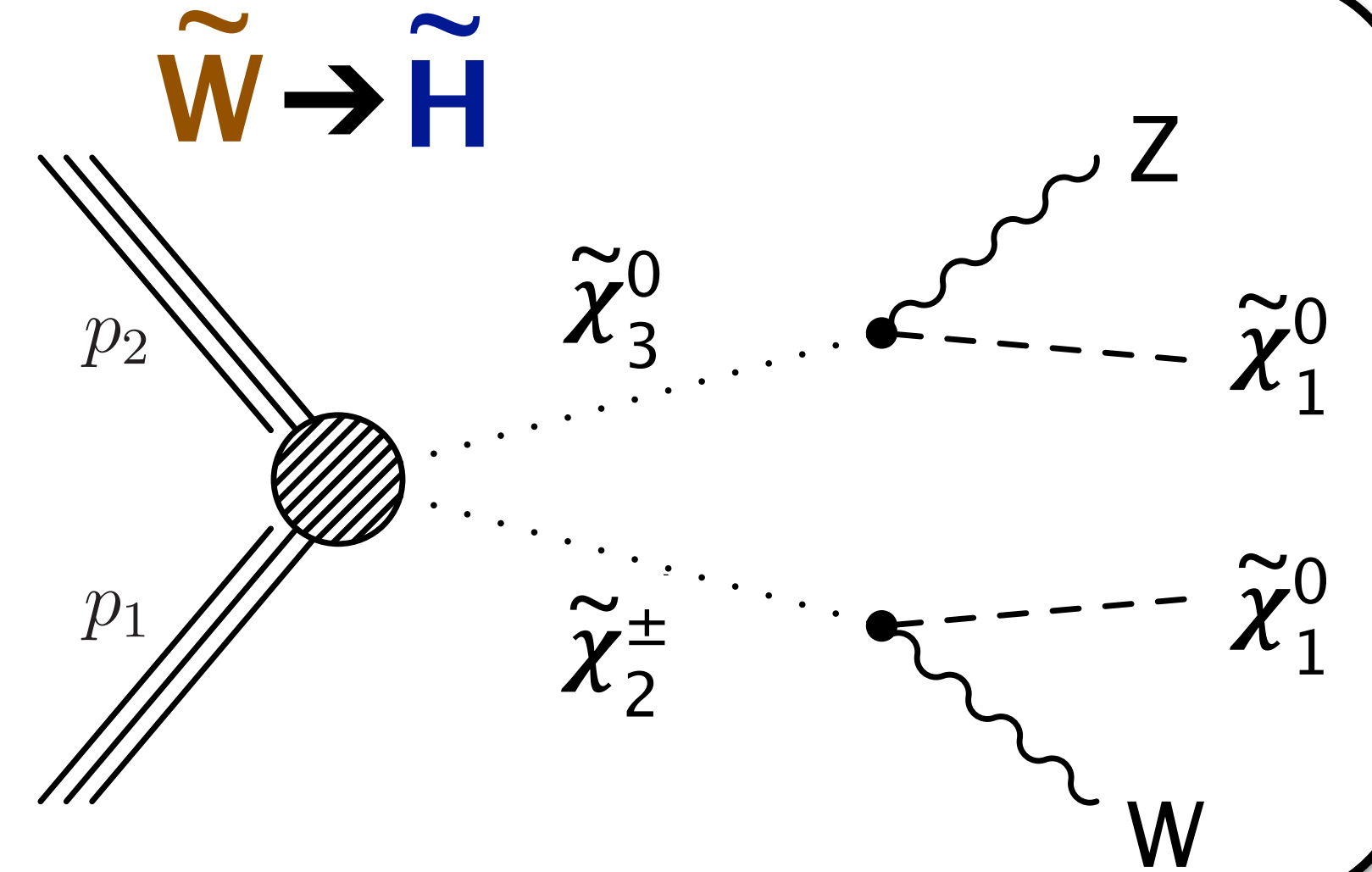
Example spectrum



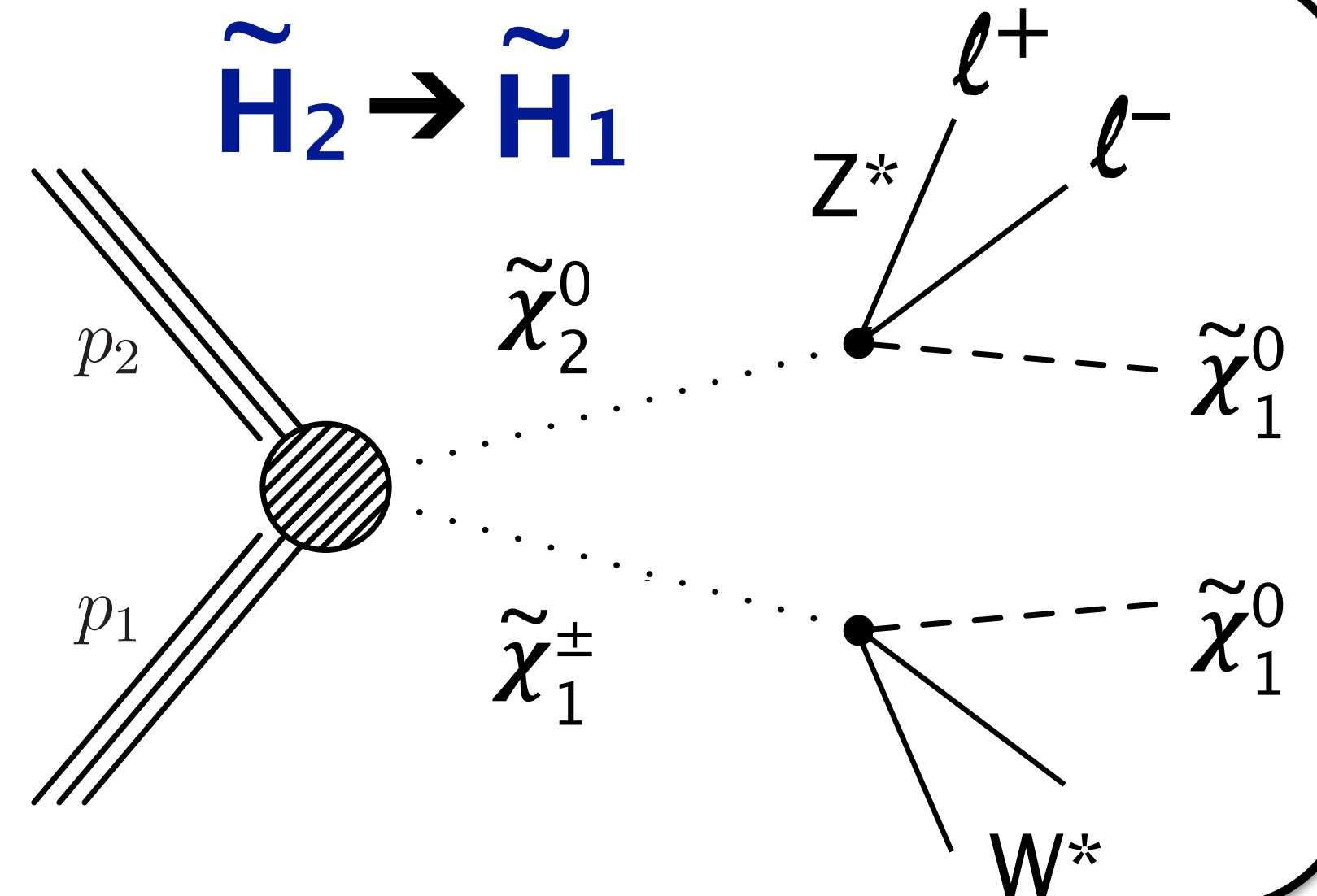
Decays to $VV+ME_T$ expected for all scenarios.

$$\Delta m = m_{\tilde{\chi}_{2,3}^0} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$$

any Δm possible for $\tilde{W} \rightarrow \tilde{H}$



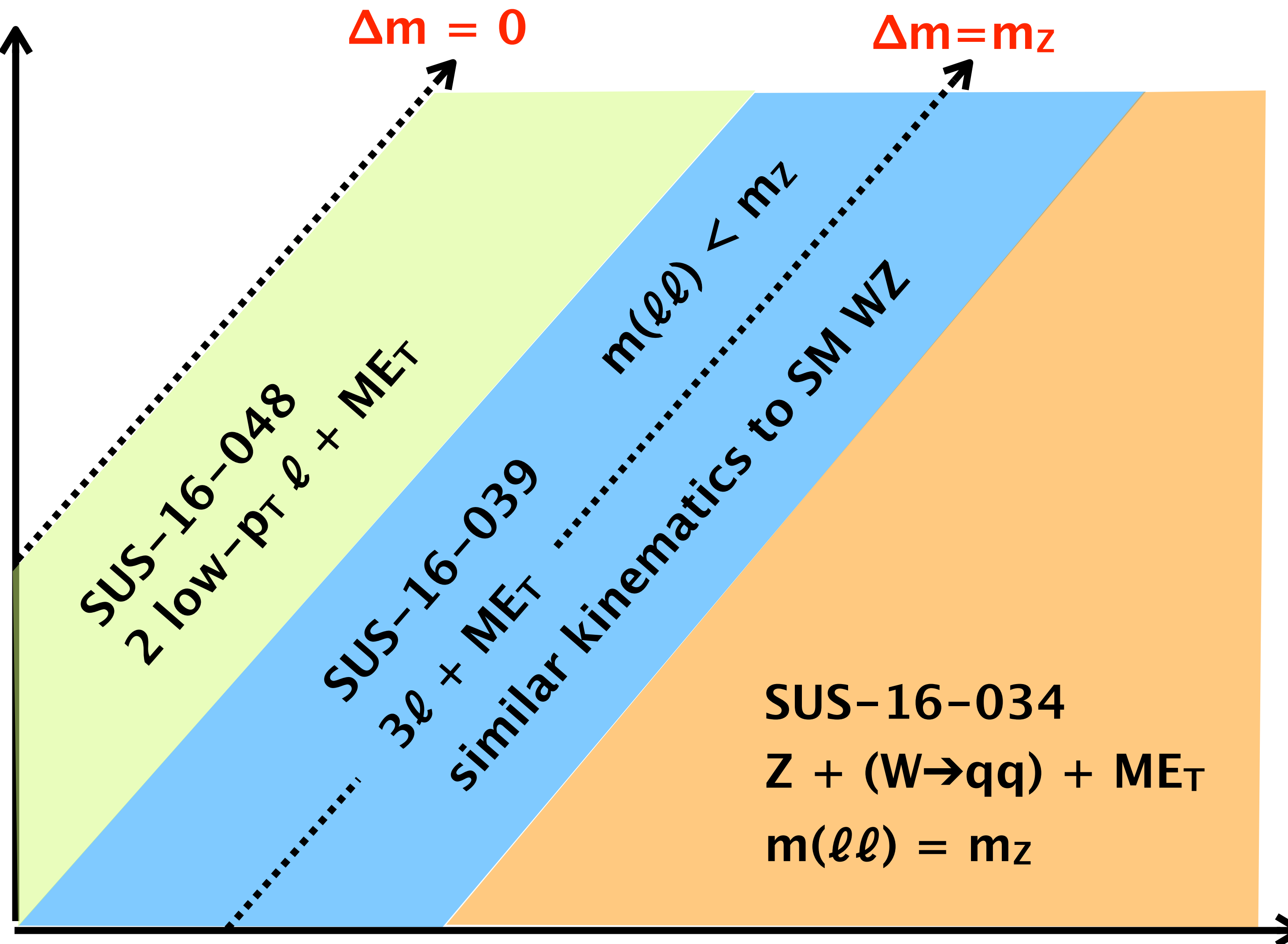
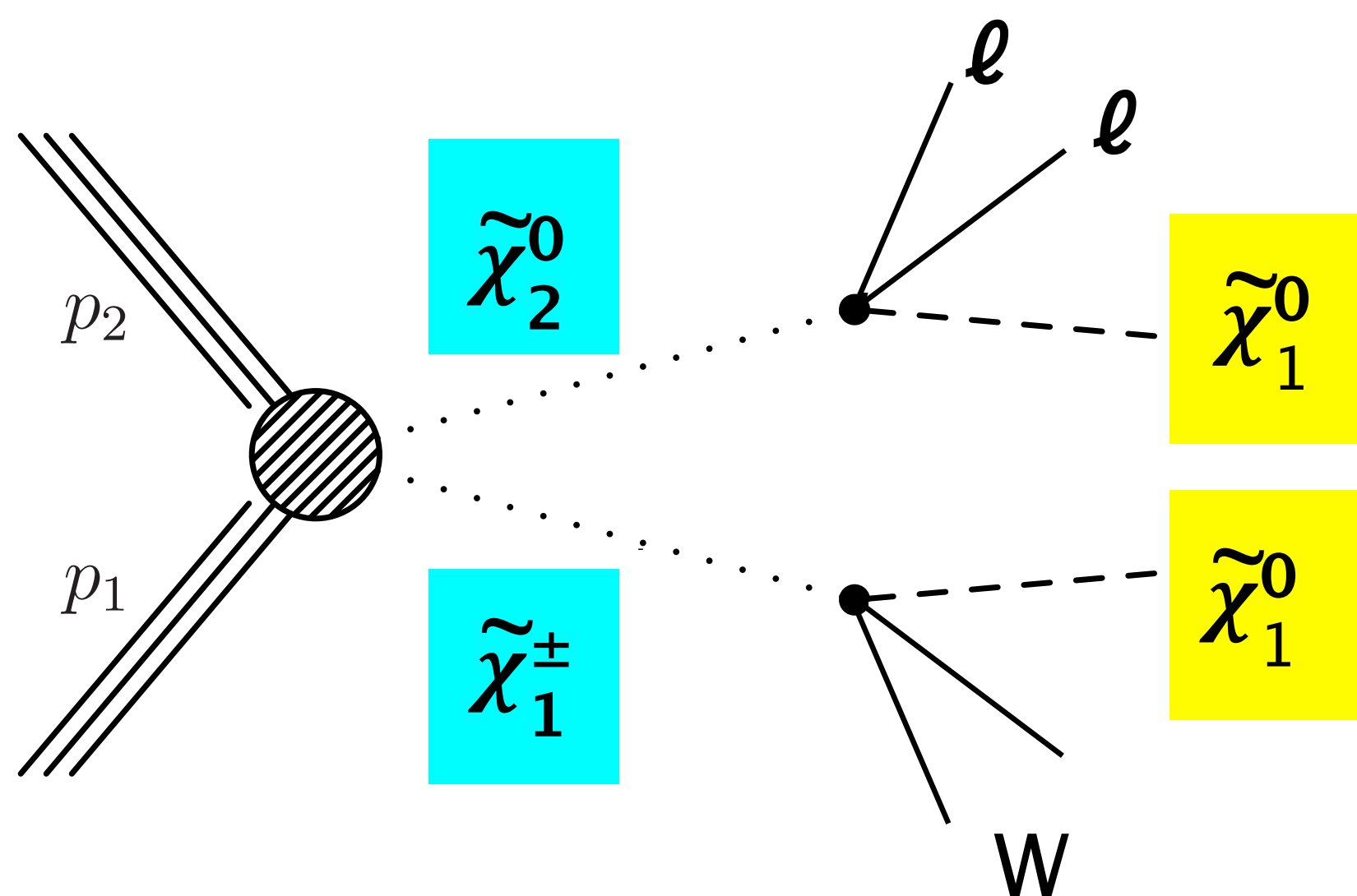
small Δm likely for decays between \tilde{H}



EWKino kinematics

$$\Delta m = m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$$

1. $\tilde{W} \rightarrow \tilde{H}$ with large Δm
2. $\tilde{W} \rightarrow \tilde{H}$ with moderate Δm
3. $\tilde{H}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{H}_1$ with small Δm

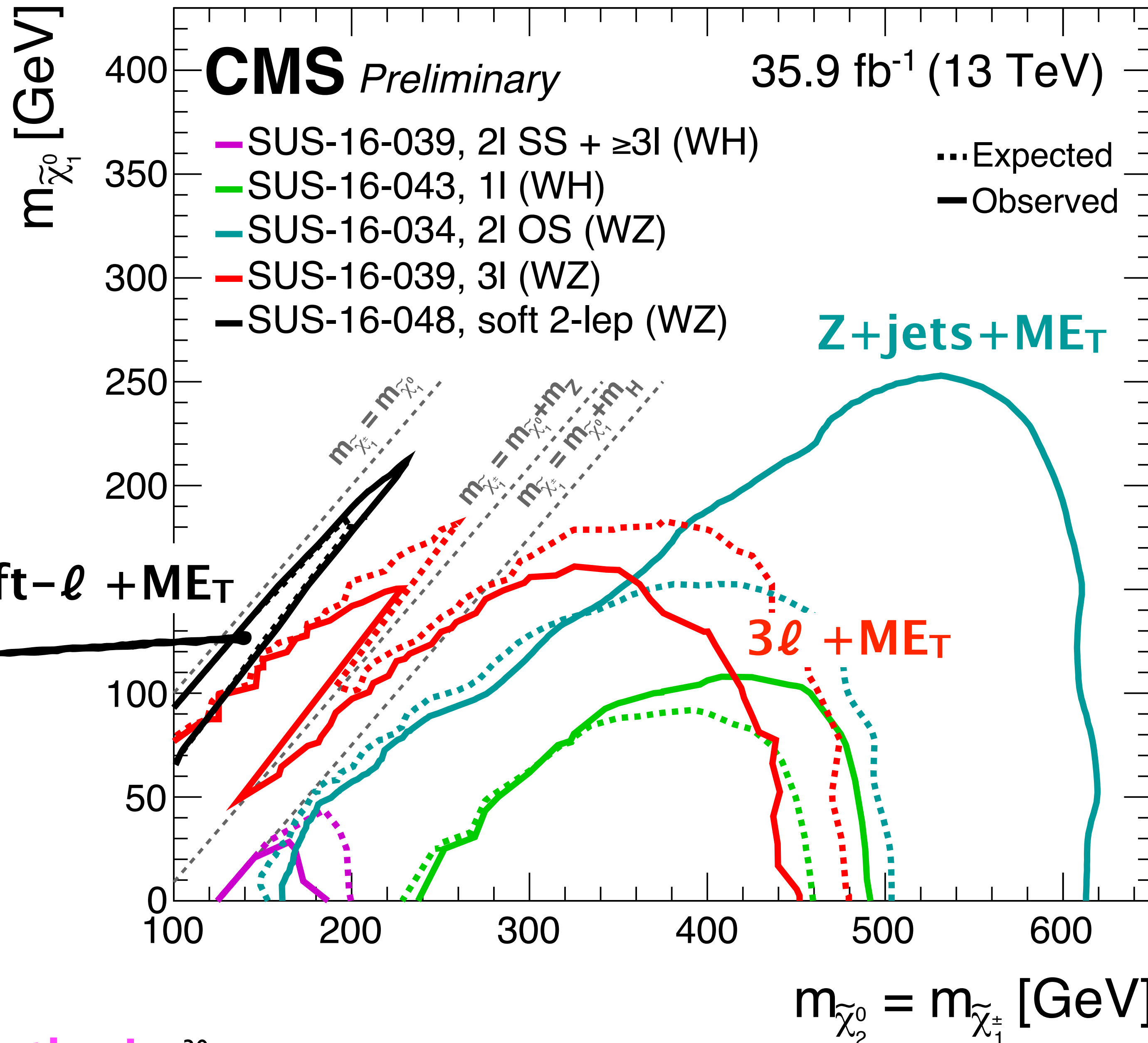
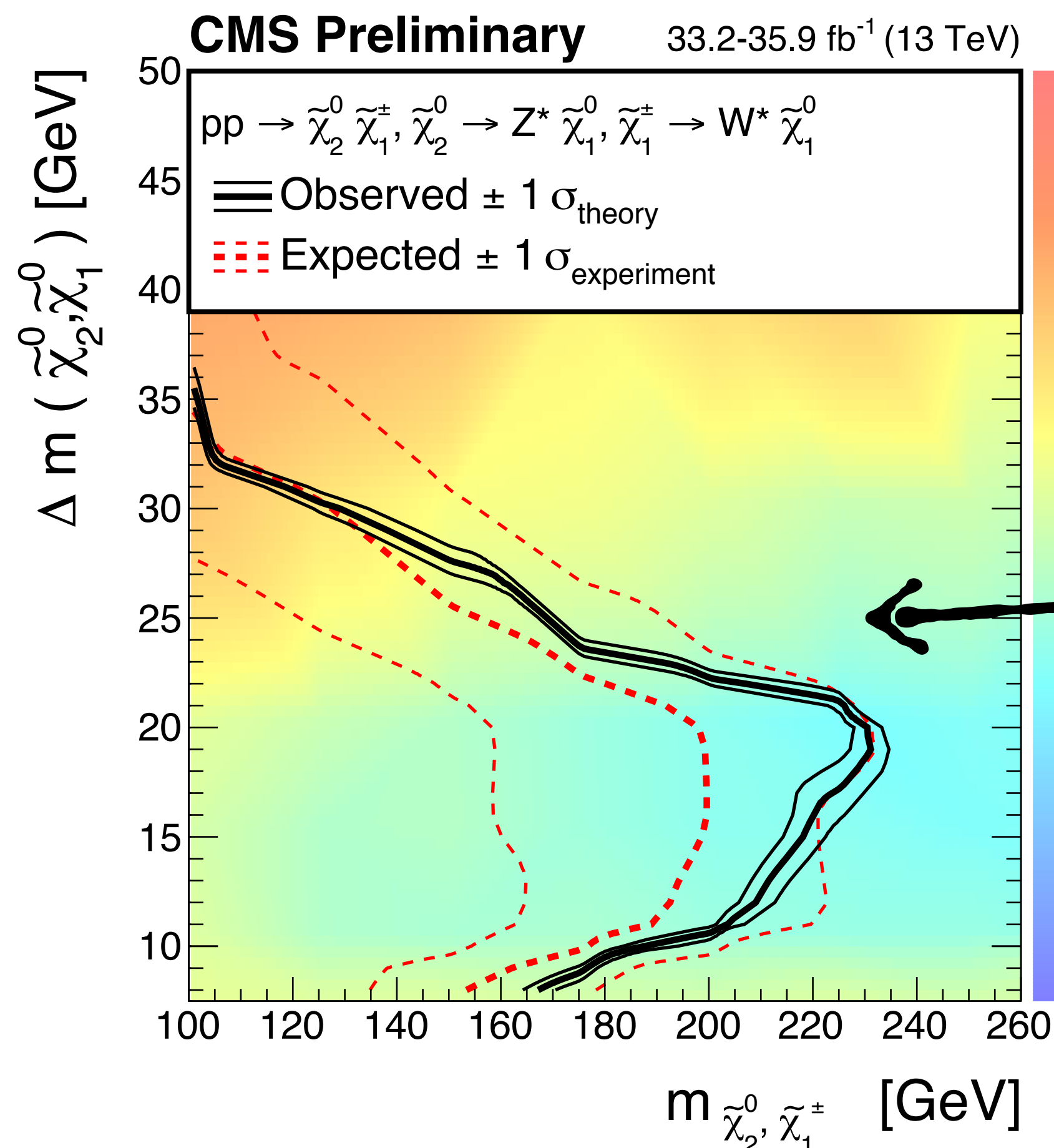


$$m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}$$

EWKino sensitivity

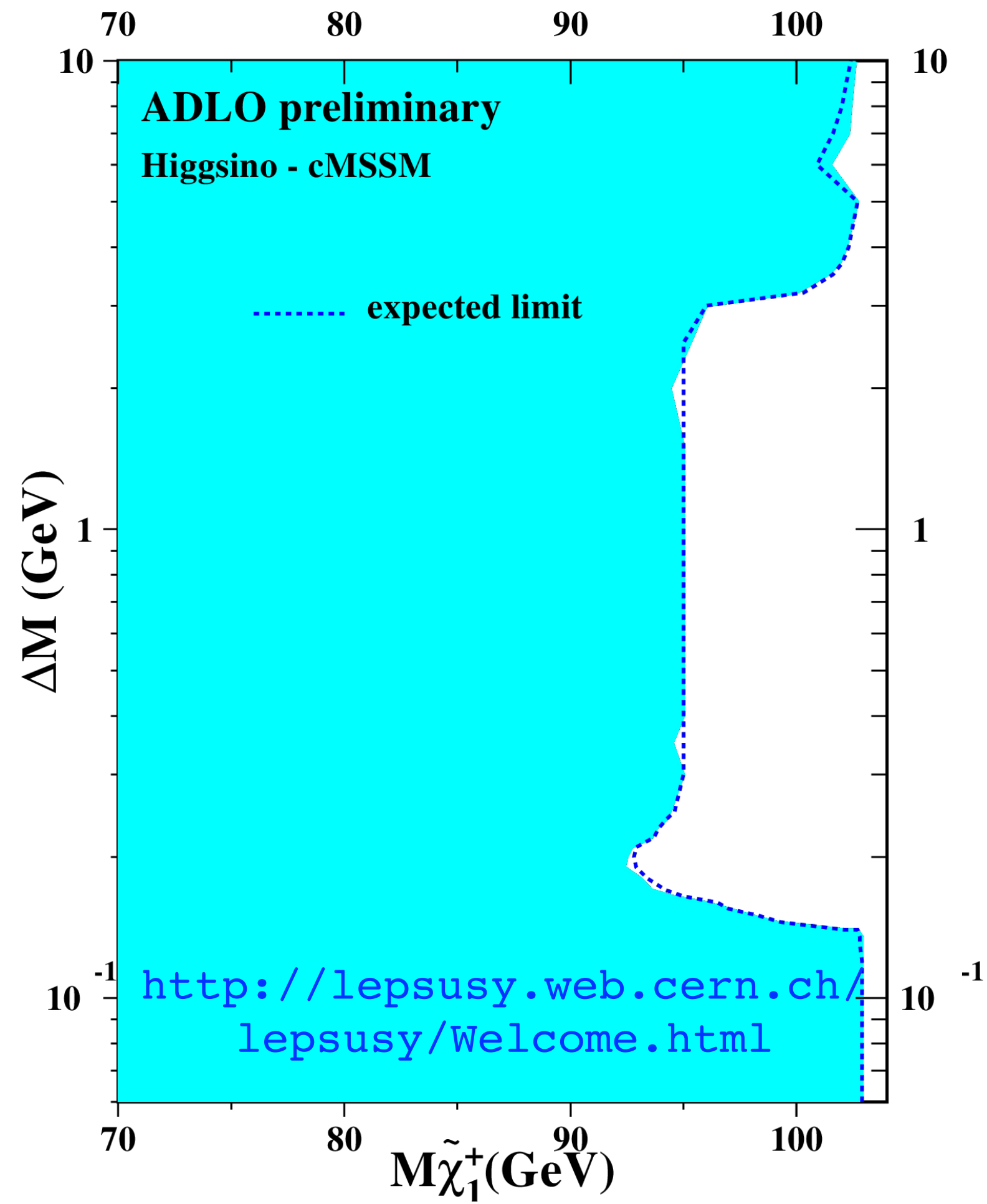
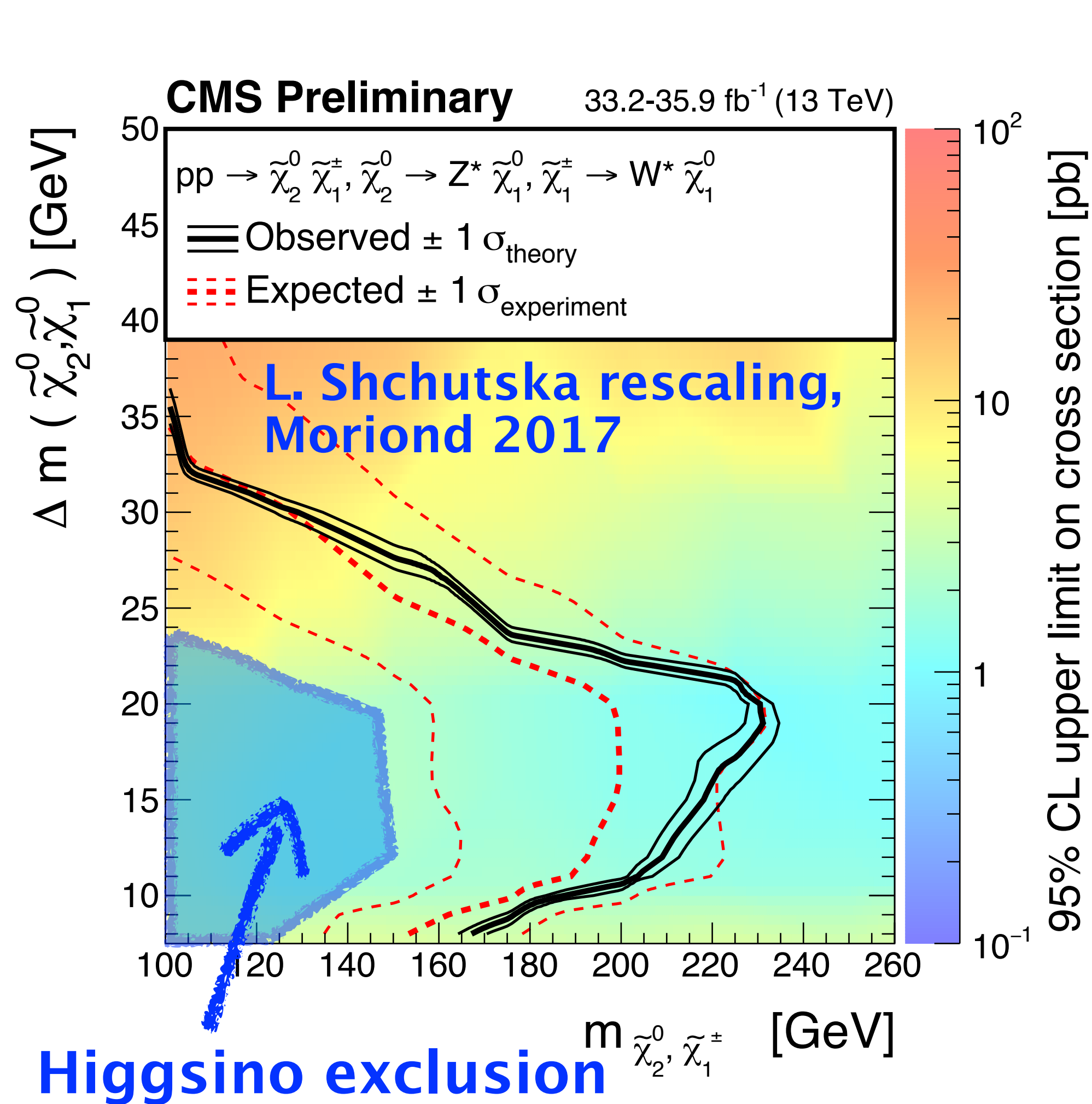
$$pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$$

Moriond 2017



NB: assumes wino-like cross section!

Higgsino sensitivity



- At $\Delta m = 10$ GeV:
- LEP limit is 100 GeV.
 - CMS wino limit rescaled to higgsino xsec is 130 GeV.

LHC only now pushing beyond LEP limits!

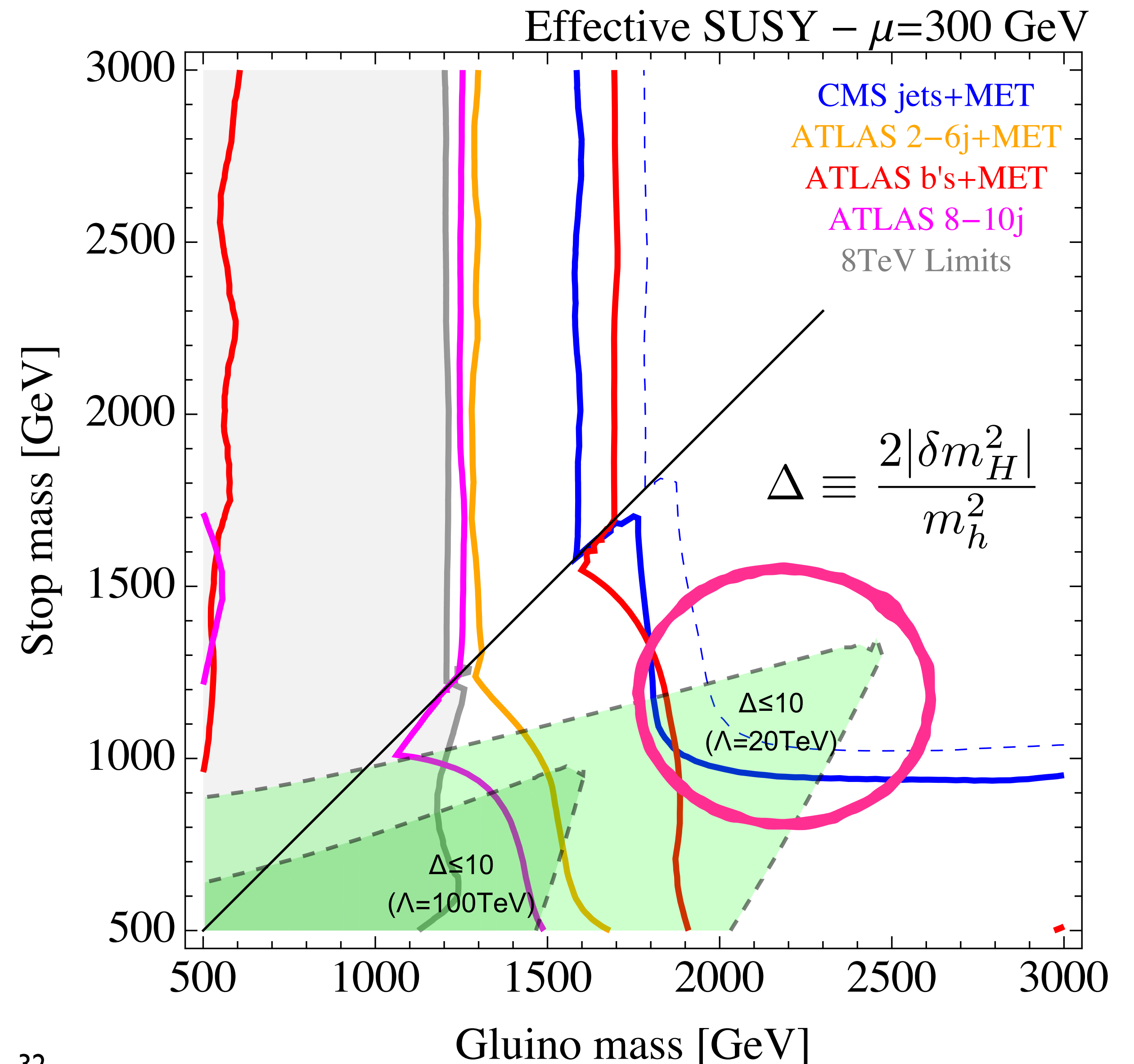
Implication for natural SUSY

Buckley, Feld, Macaluso, Monteux, Shih; arXiv:1610.08059

- Allowed phase space for **10% fine tuning with low $\Lambda=20\text{TeV}$** .
- $\Lambda=\text{GUT}$ scale implies 0.5% fine tuning.

Options:

- **Denial:** new naturalness metric?
H.Baer et al. [arXiv:1611.08511](https://arxiv.org/abs/1611.08511)
- **Guilt/anger:** Are we sure we are looking in the right places?
- **Depression:** Naturalness mechanism without accessible particles? Twin Higgs?
- **Acceptance:** 0.1% tuning better than 10^{-30}
- **Hope:** Hide SUSY with stealth SUSY, R-parity violation?



R-parity violating SUSY

$$W_{\text{RPV}} = \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{ijk} L_i L_j \bar{E}_k + \lambda'_{ijk} L_i Q_j \bar{D}_k + \frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} \bar{U}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k$$

$(\Delta L, \Delta B) = (1, 0)$ $(\Delta L, \Delta B) = (1, 0)$ $(\Delta L, \Delta B) = (0, 1)$

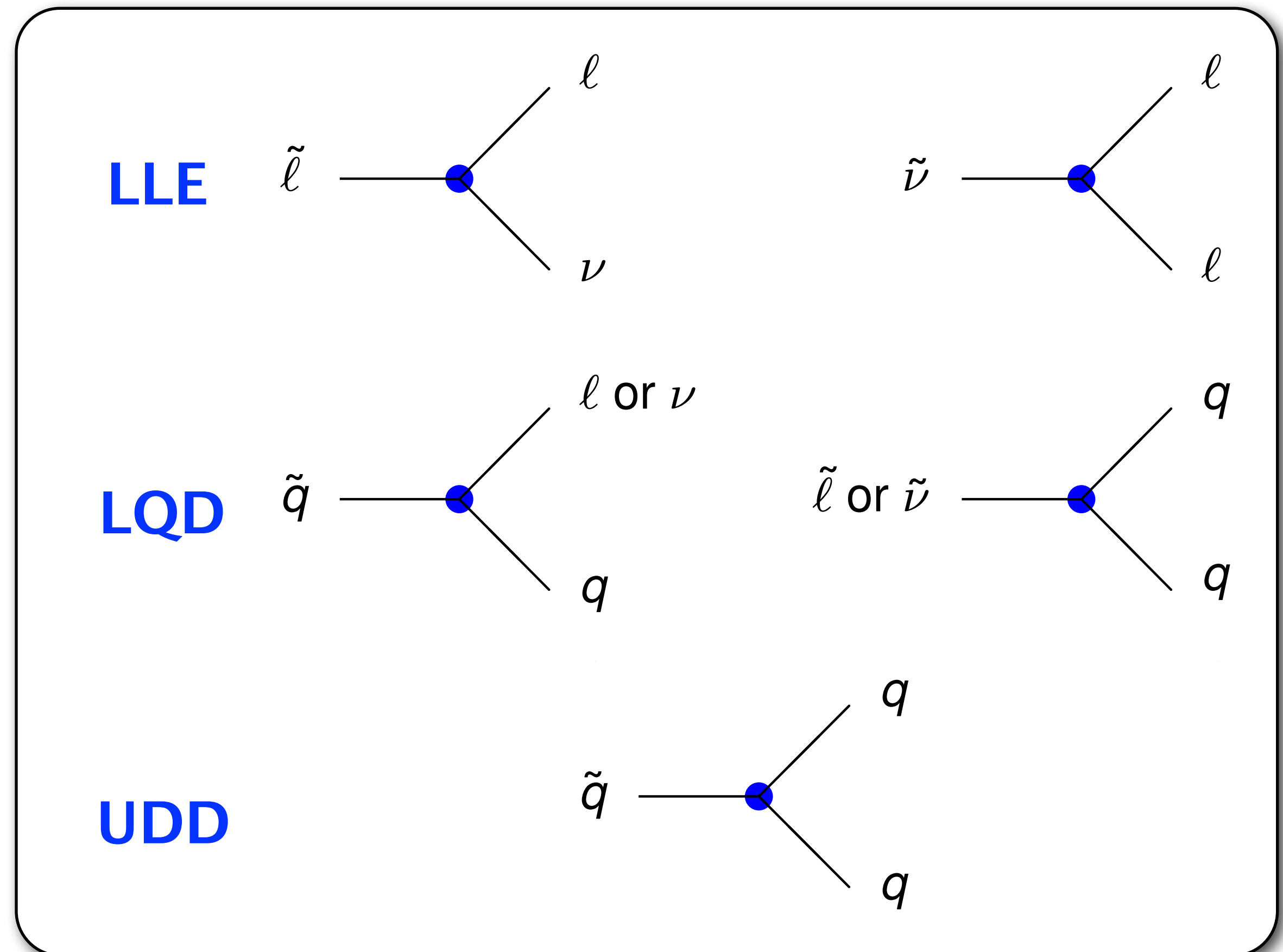
RPV allows decay of LSP → instead of searching with MET use

- leptons
- high jet multiplicity

New results

- CONF-2017-025 : stop → jj
- EXO-16-029 : stop → merged jj
- CONF-2017-013 : 1ℓ + many jets

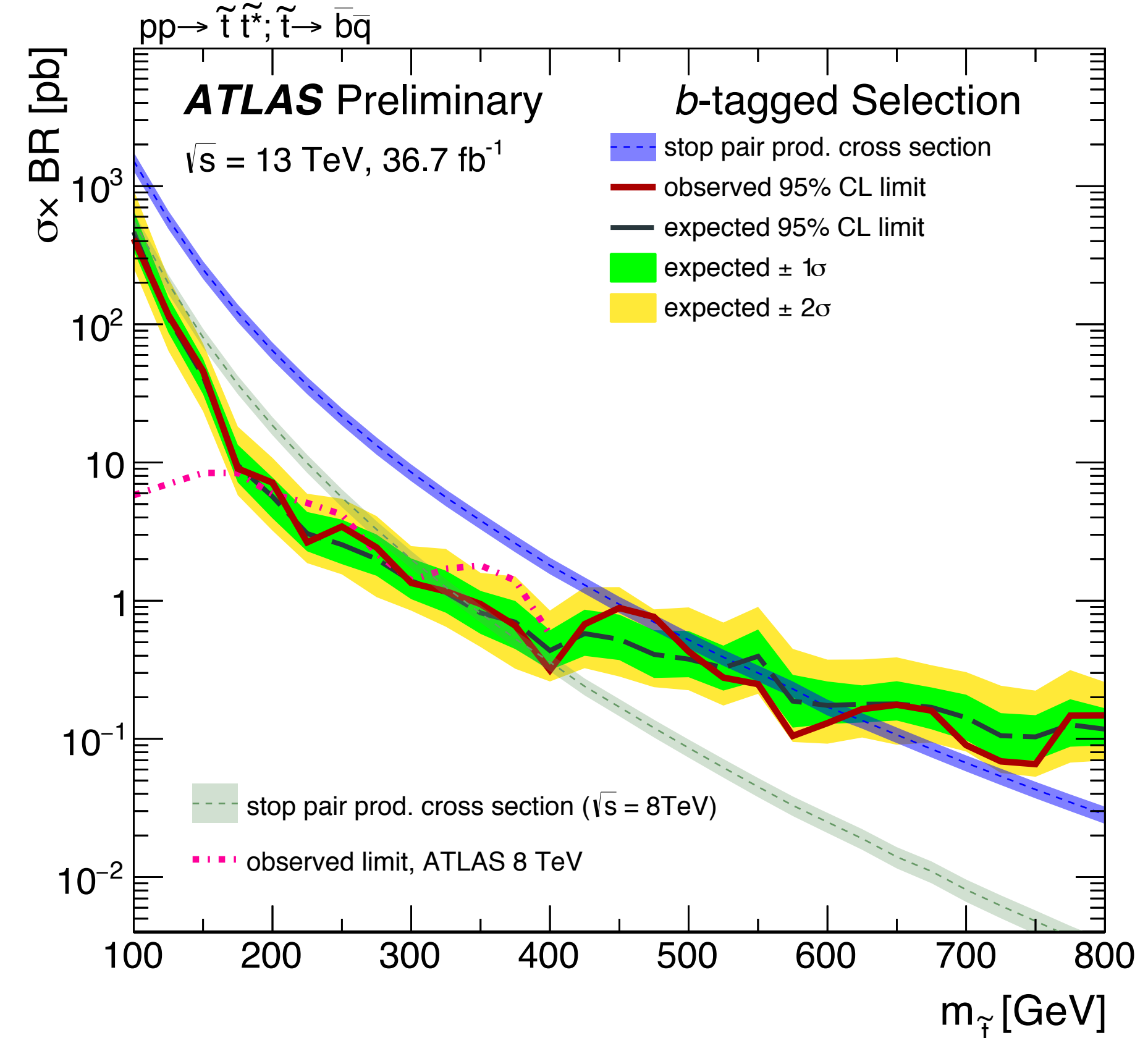
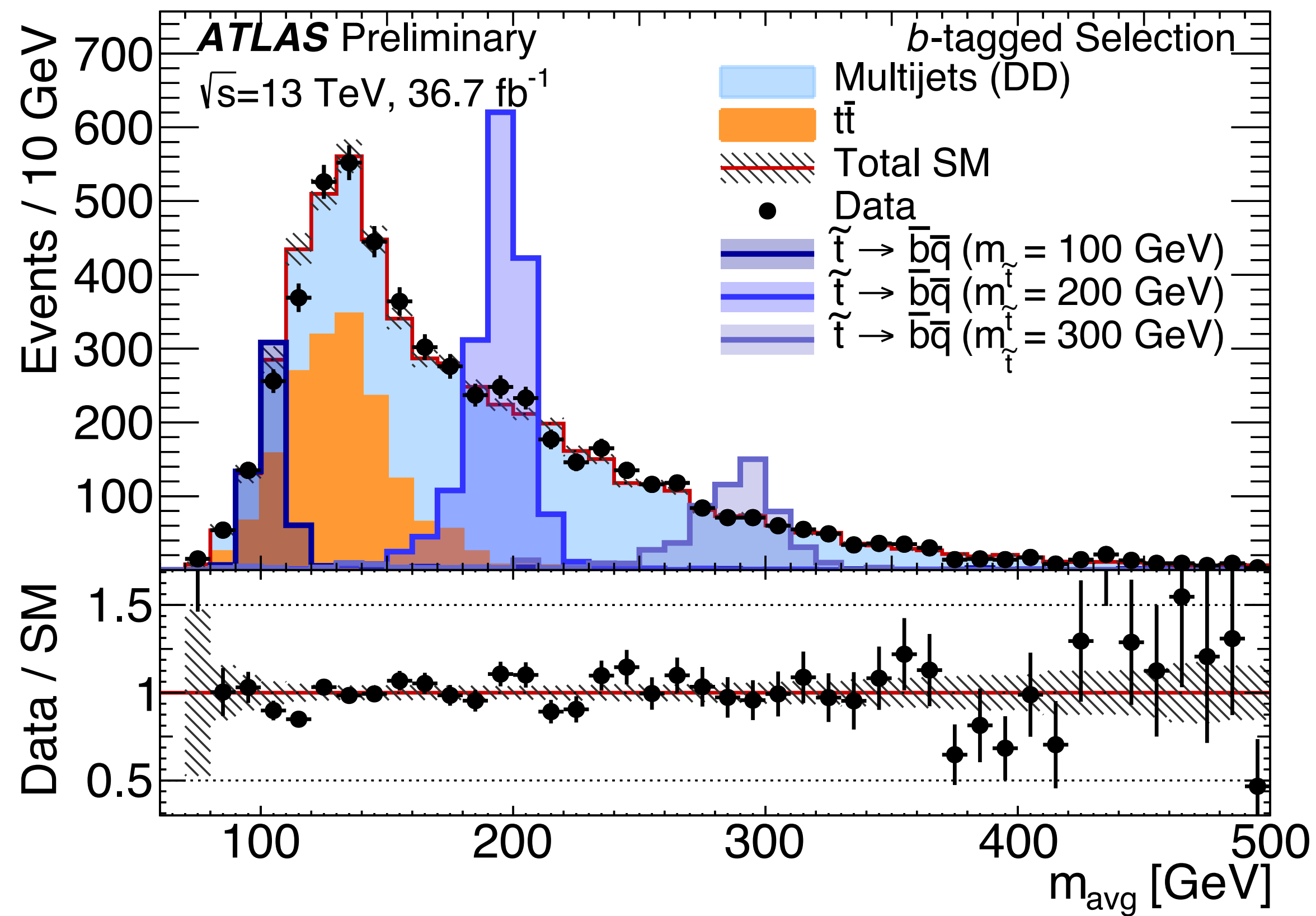
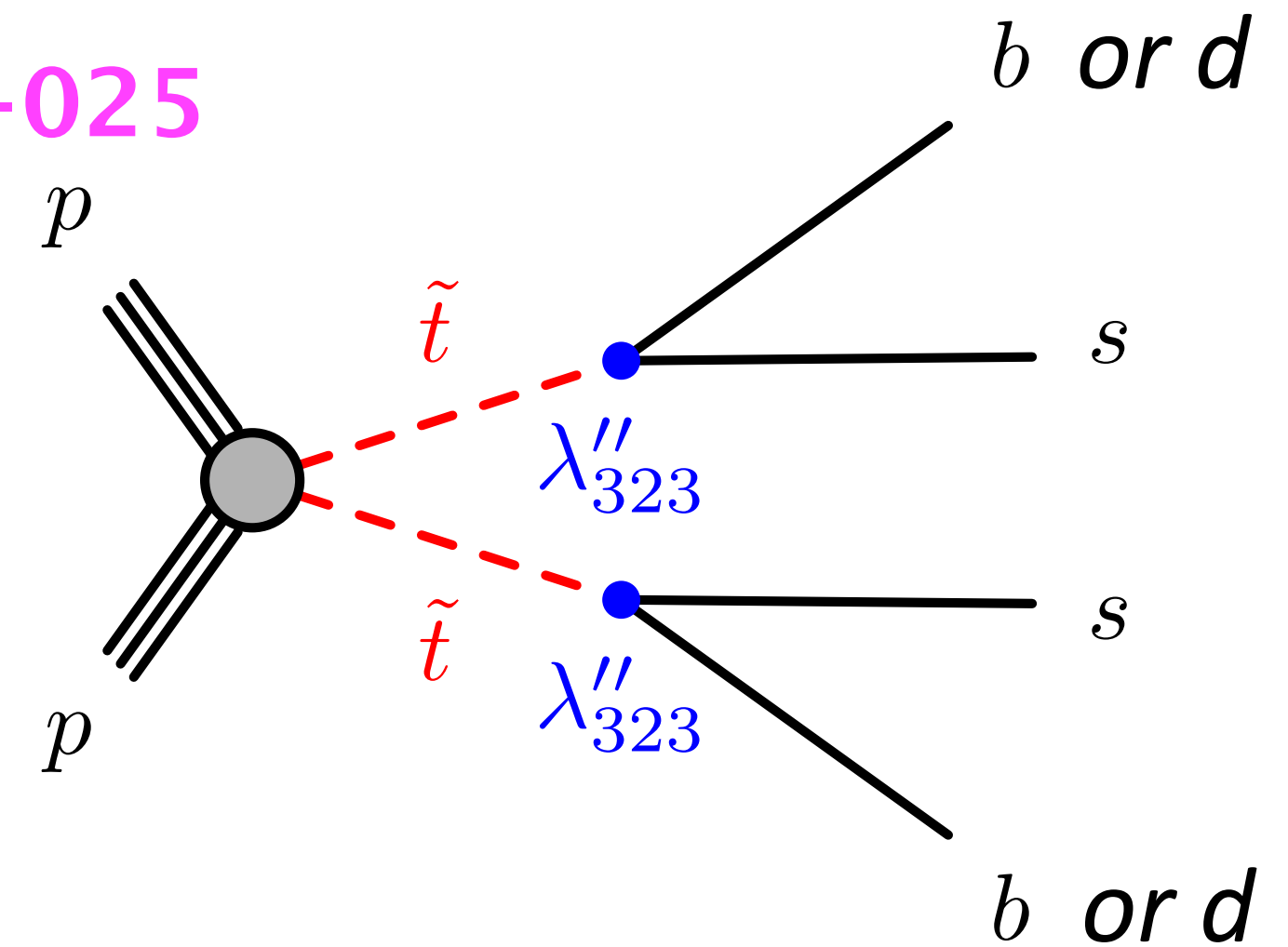
Chihiro Kozakai: Searches for RPV SUSY and long-lived particles with ATLAS



RPV $\tilde{t}\tilde{t} \rightarrow (jj)(jj)$ or $(bj)(bj)$

CONF-2017-025

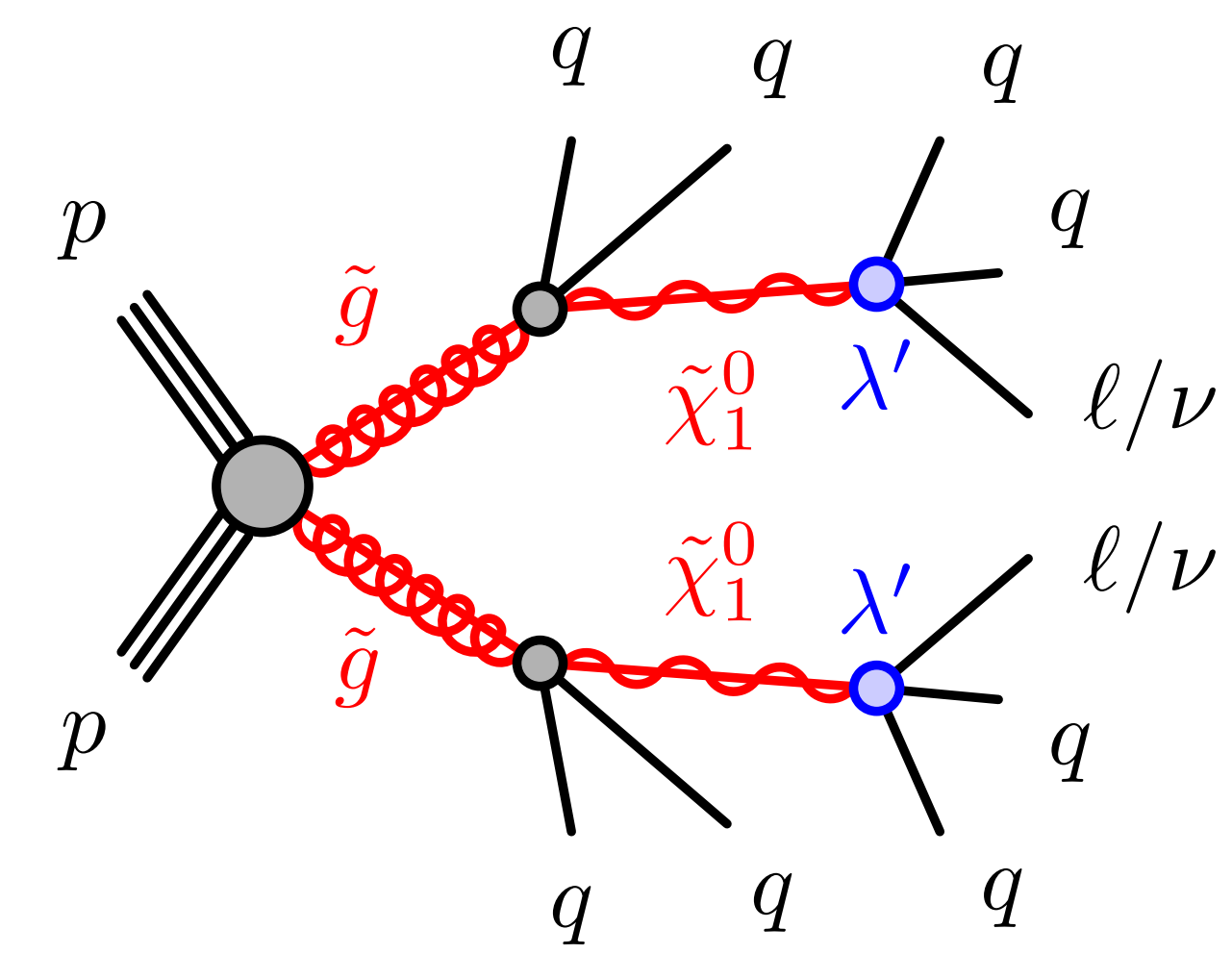
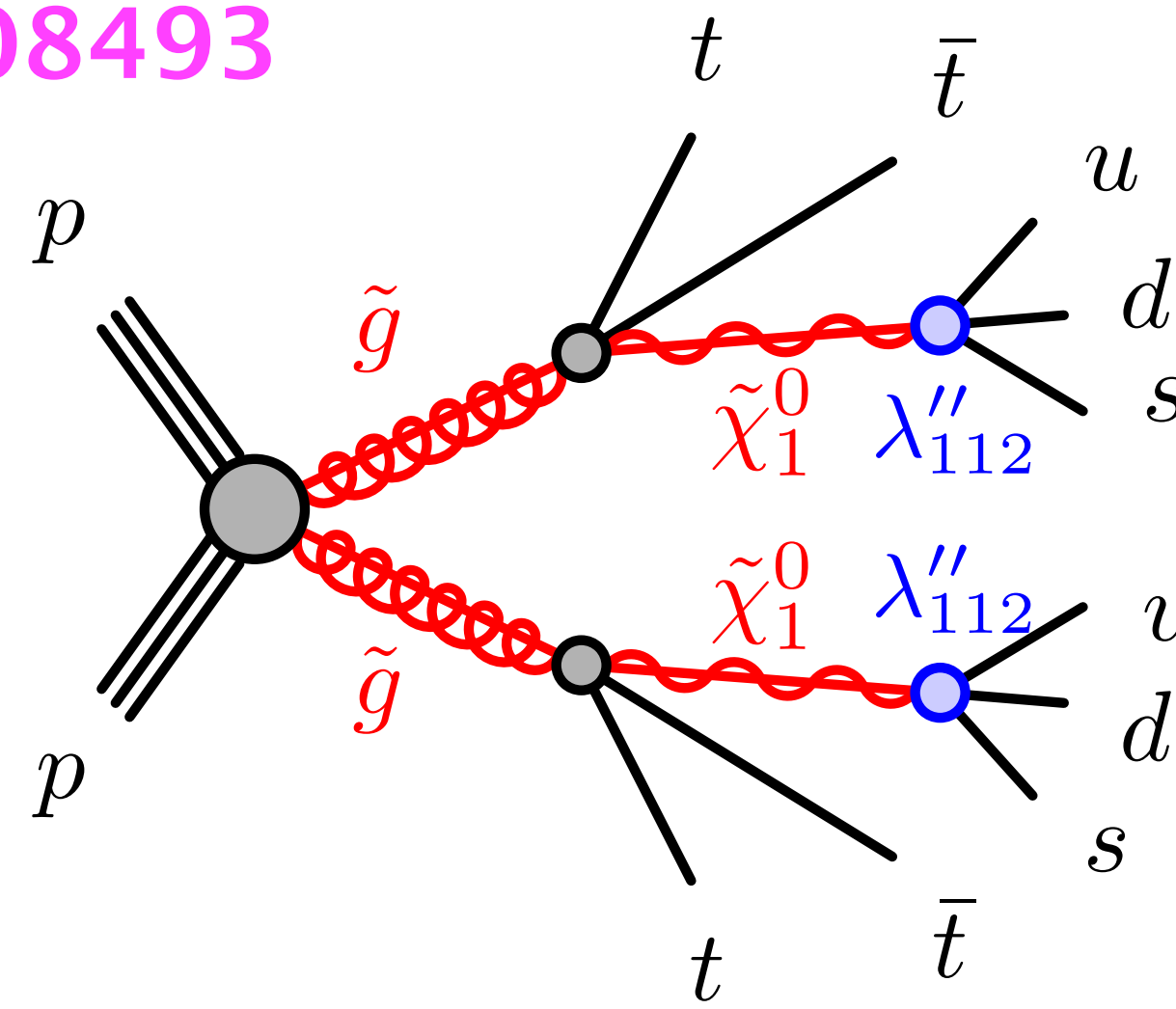
- Background estimated from control samples in $|\cos(\theta^*)|$ and mass asymmetry.



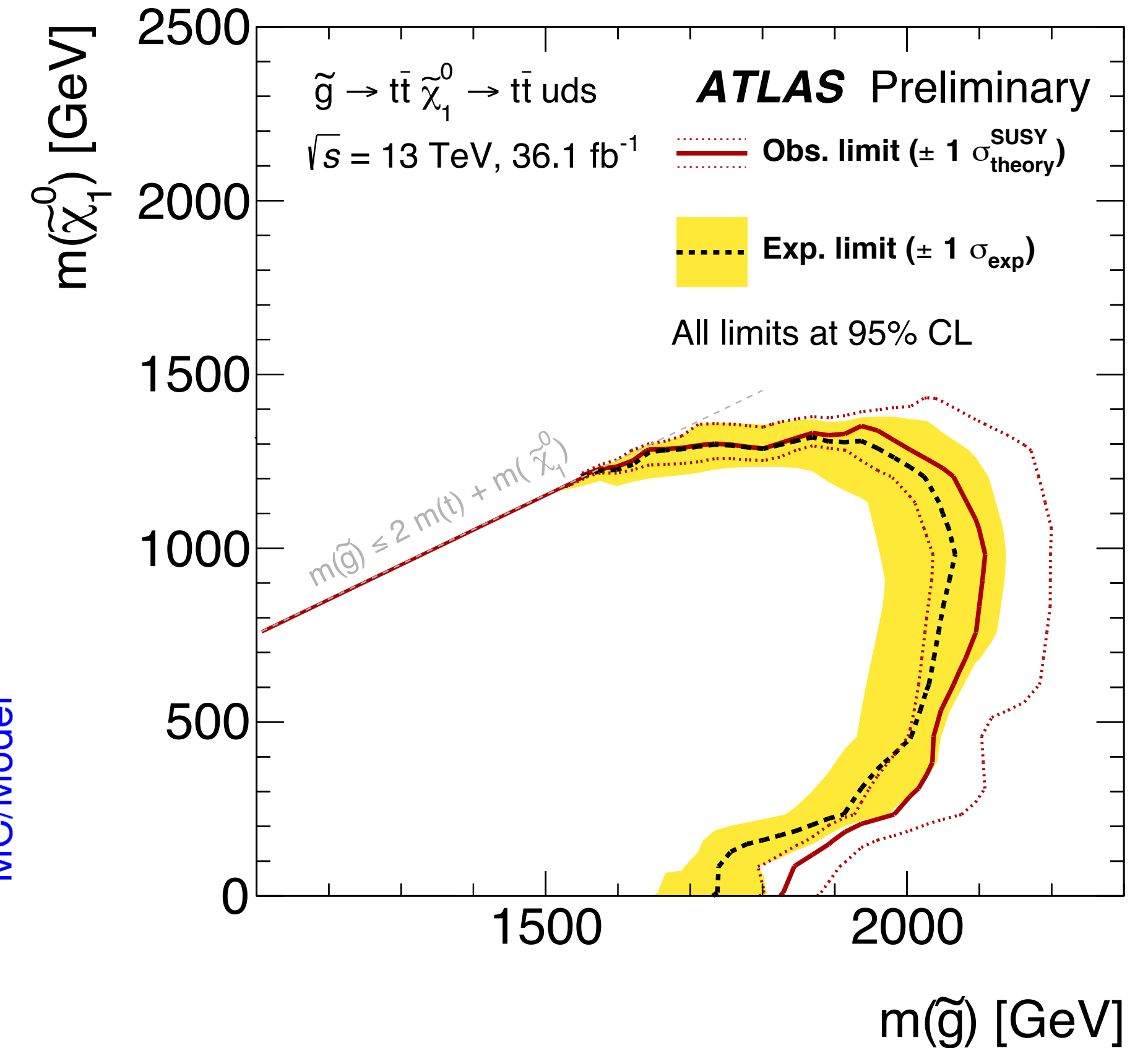
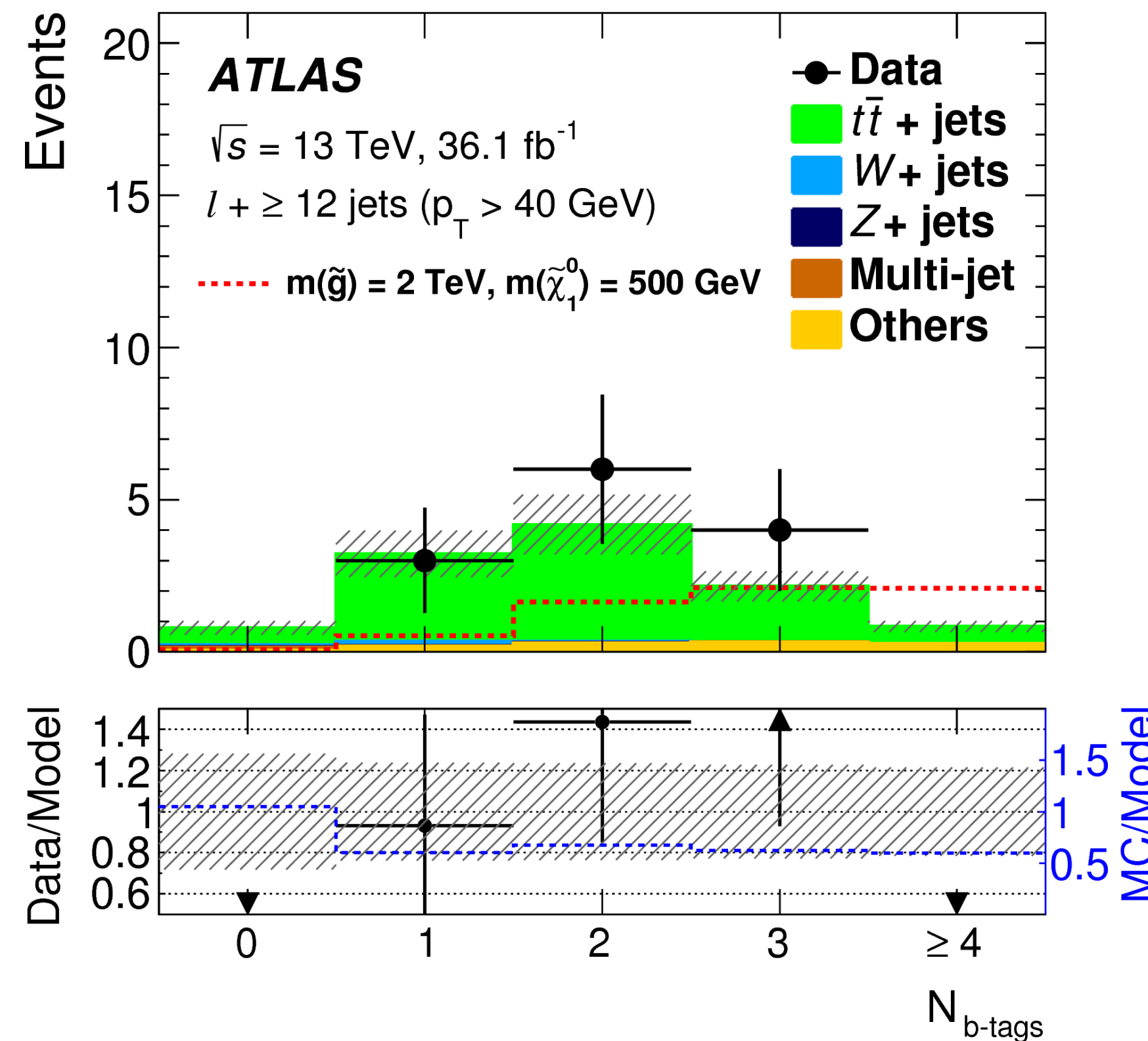
RPV $1\ell + \text{jets}$

arXiv:1704.08493

Determine N_j and N_b shapes with parameterized scaling from $N_j \rightarrow N_j + 1$ in each N_b category.



28% uncertainty on number of events with $N_j \geq 12$ and $N_b \geq 3$.



Long-lived particles

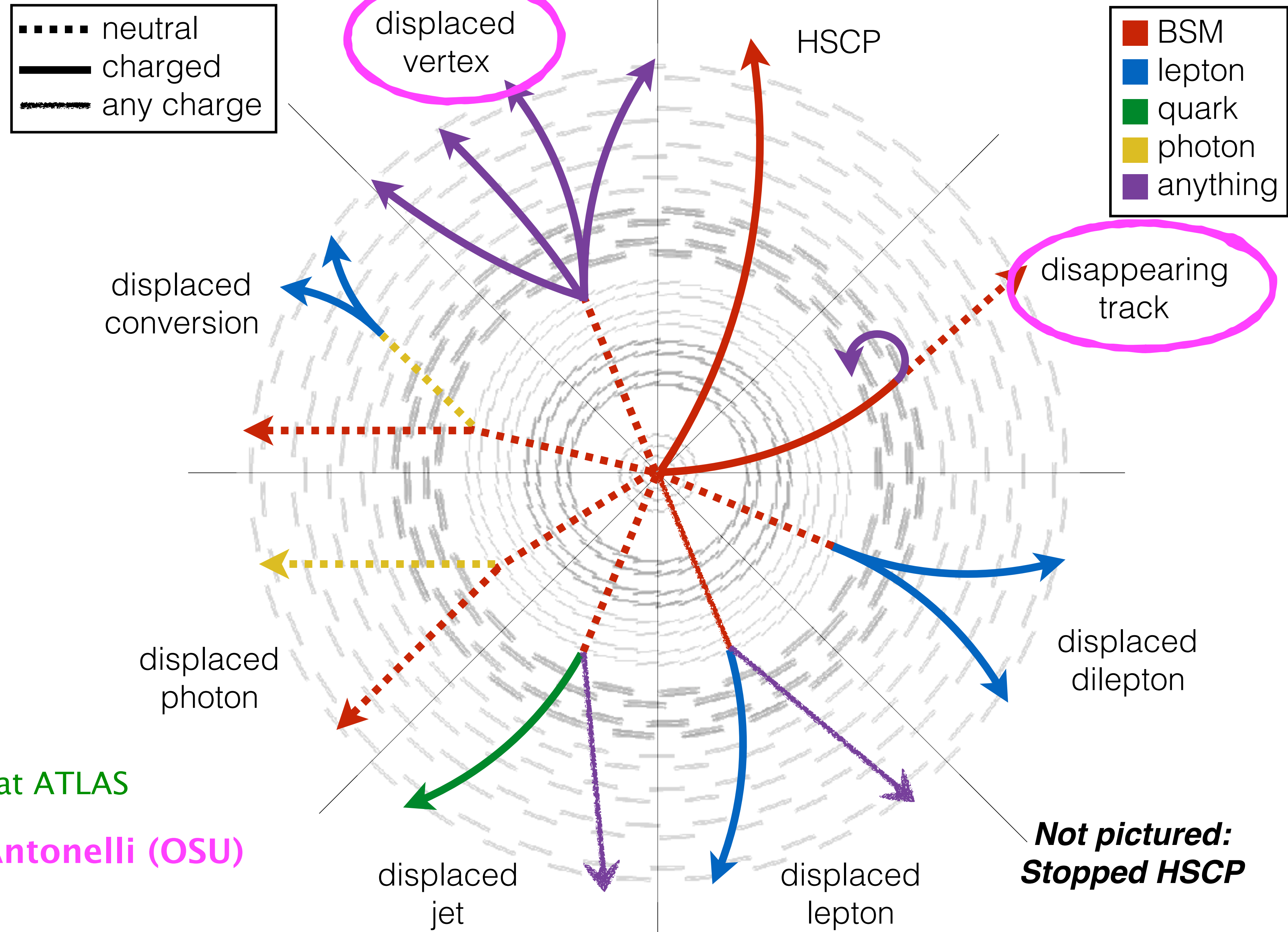
- EXO-16-003 : Displaced jets
- CONF-2017-026 : displaced vertices
- CONF-2017-017 : disappearing tracks

Parallel talks:

GY Jeng: LLP at CMS

C Kozakai: LLP and RPV SUSY at ATLAS

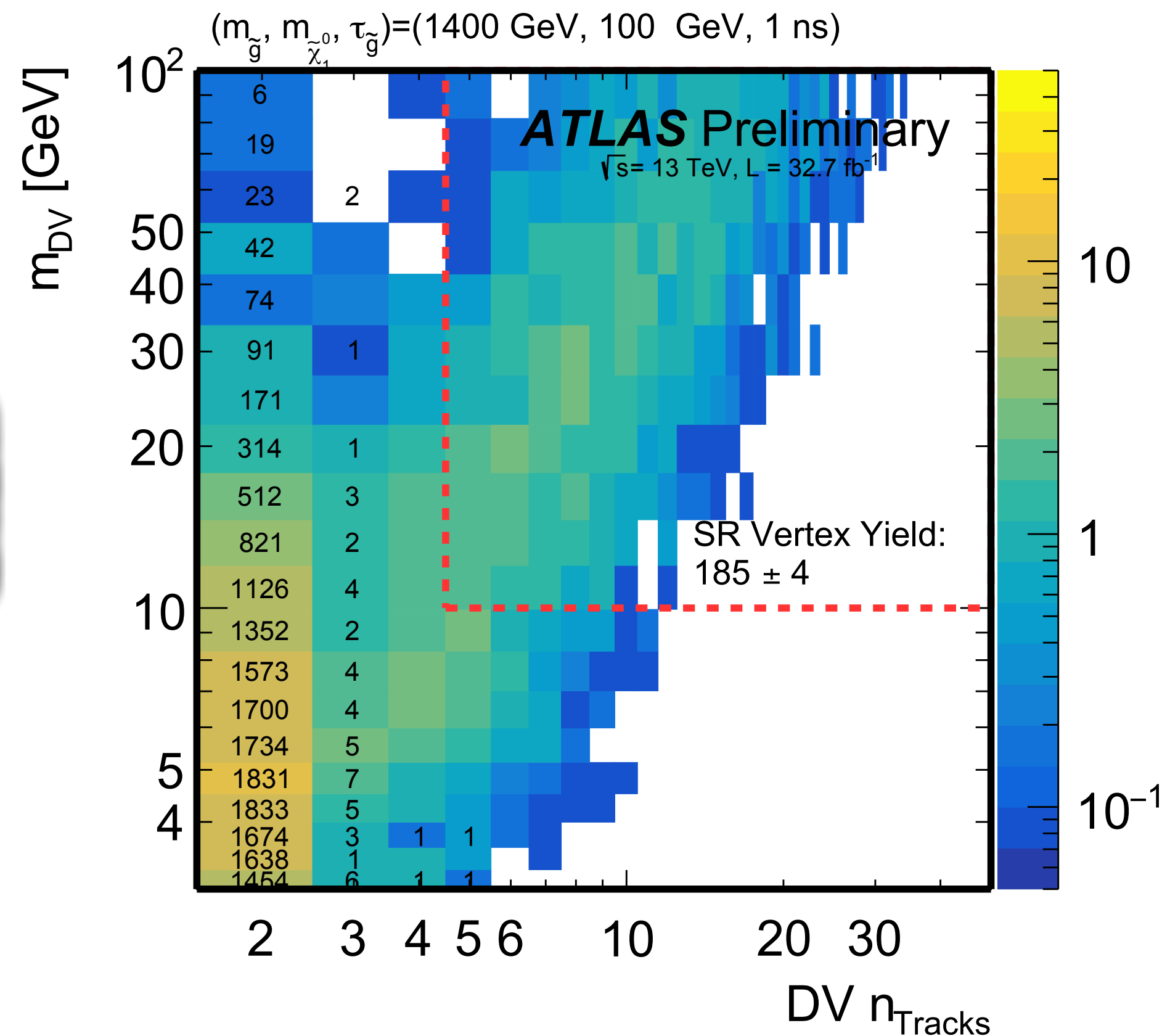
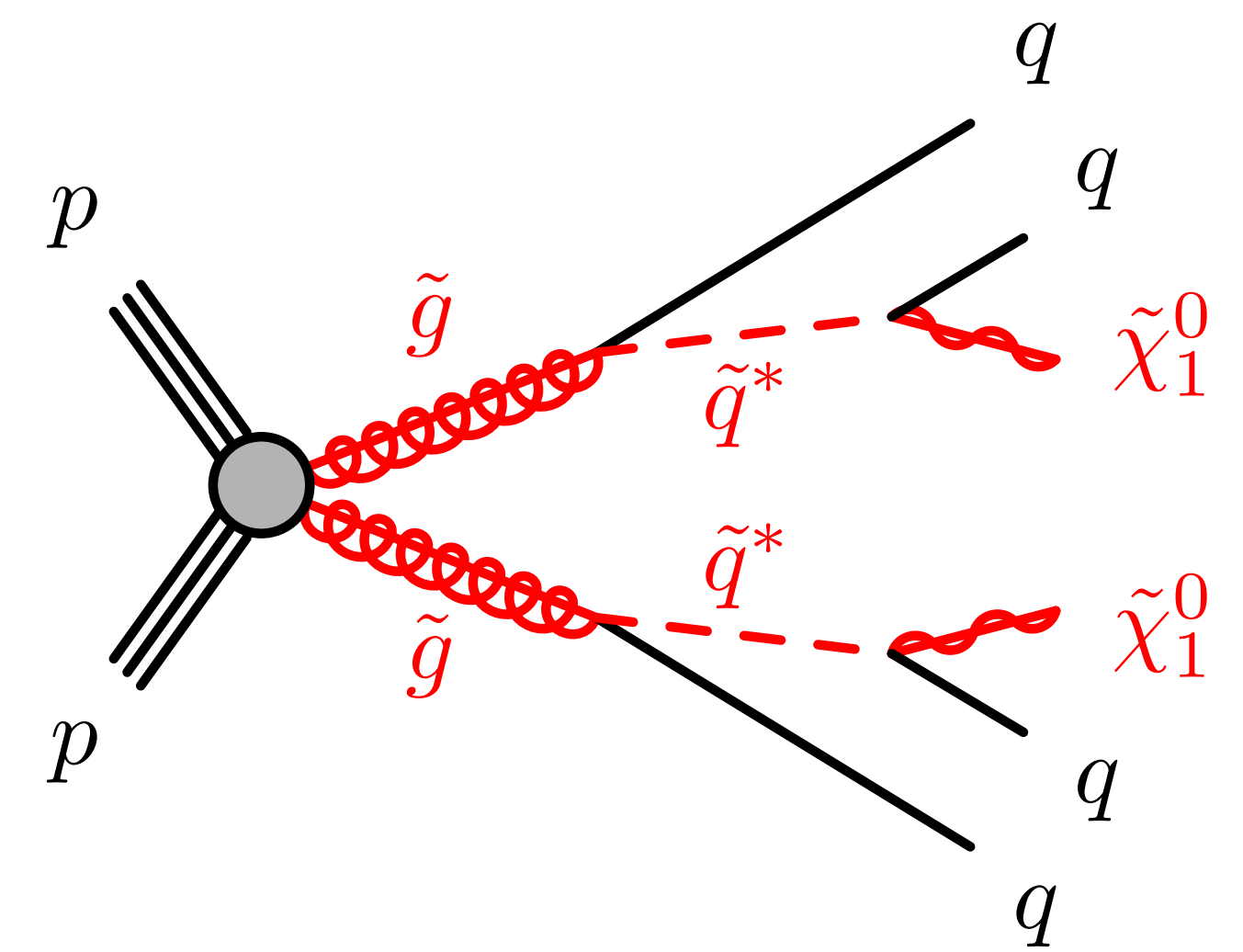
Image: Jamie Antonelli (OSU)



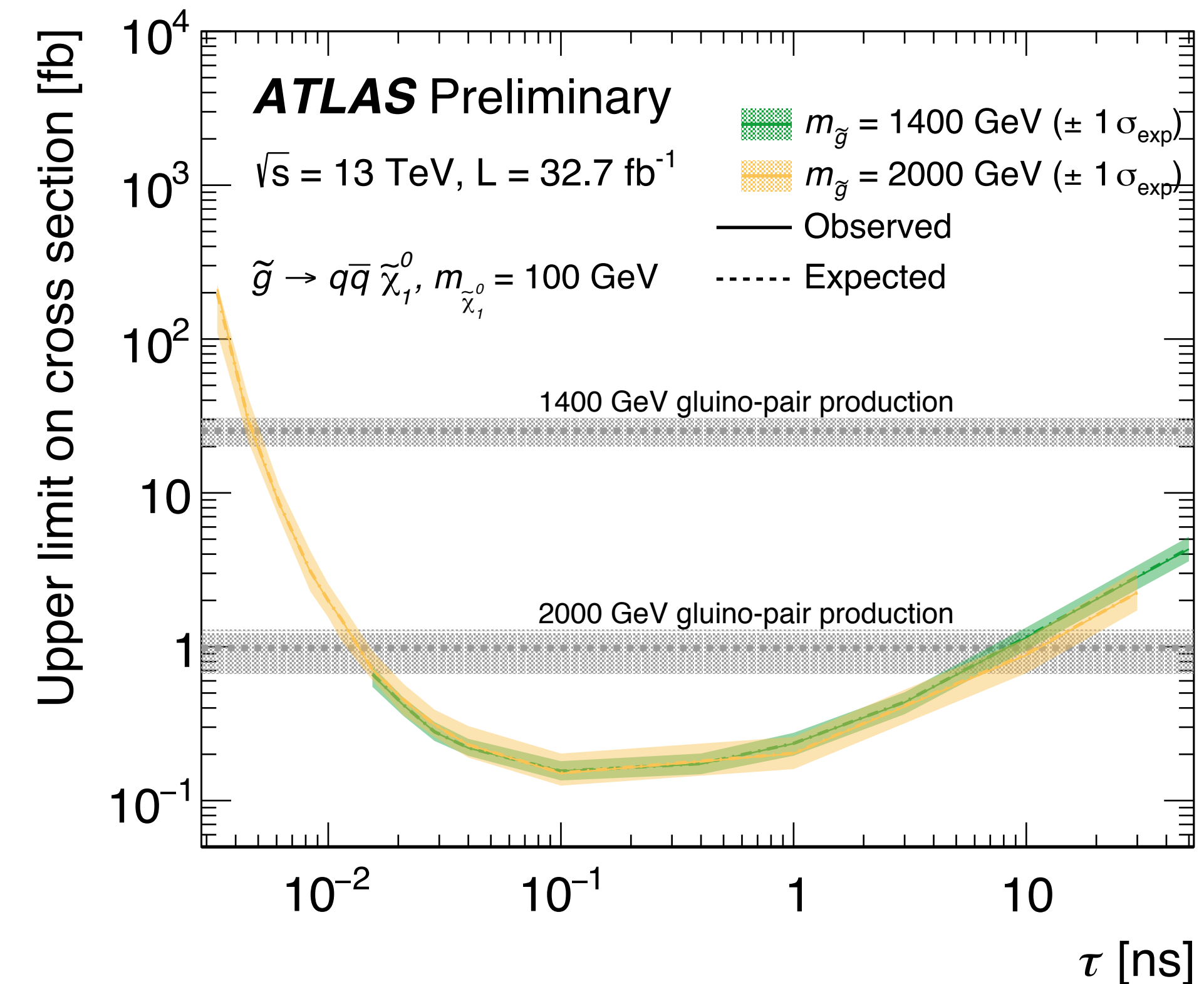
Displaced vertices (DV) + MET

CONF-2017-026

- Long-lived gluino in Split SUSY
- Background from hadronic interactions, merged vertices, accidental track vertex crossings
- Low background for DV with mass > 10 GeV and ≥ 5 tracks.

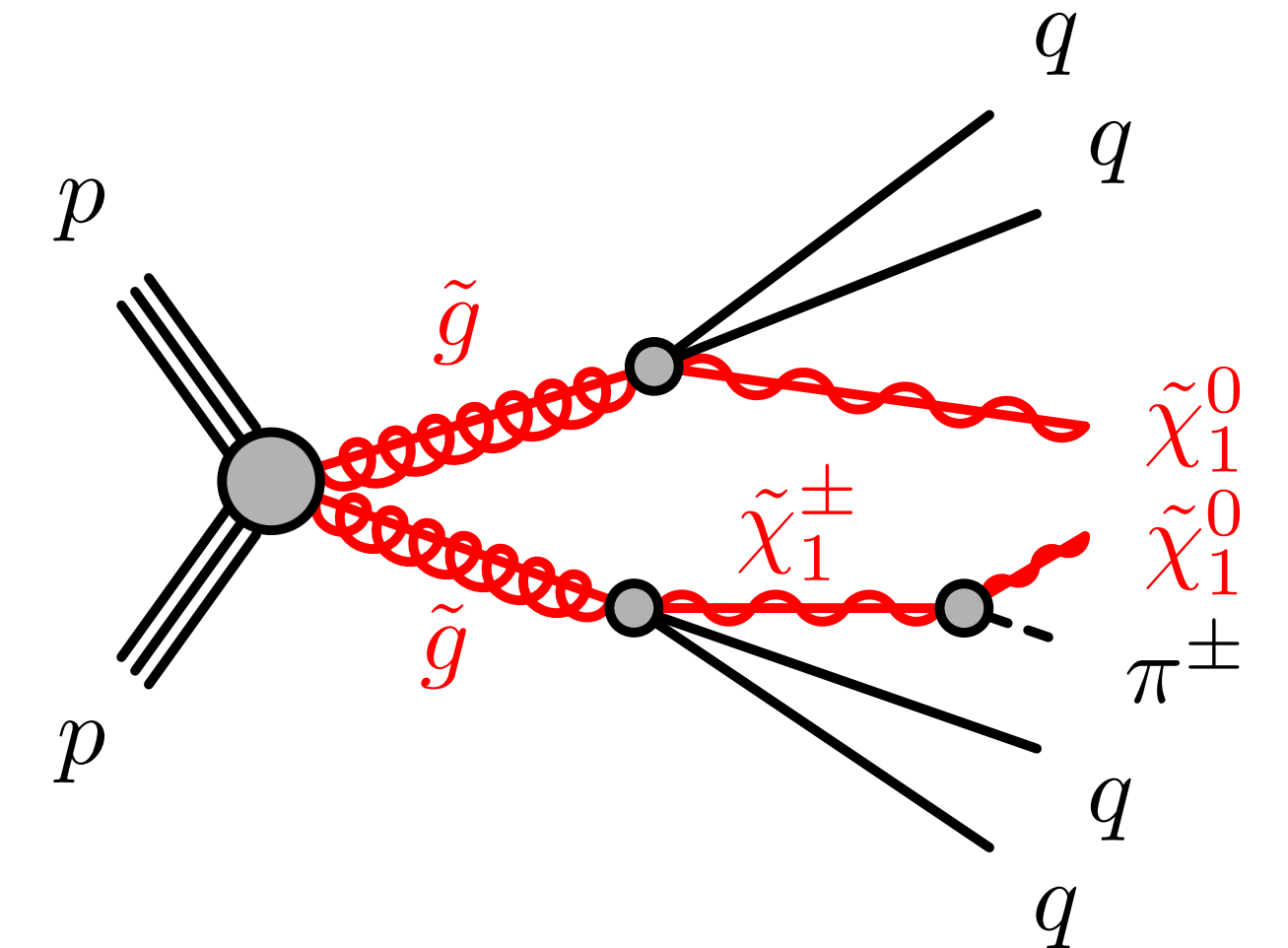
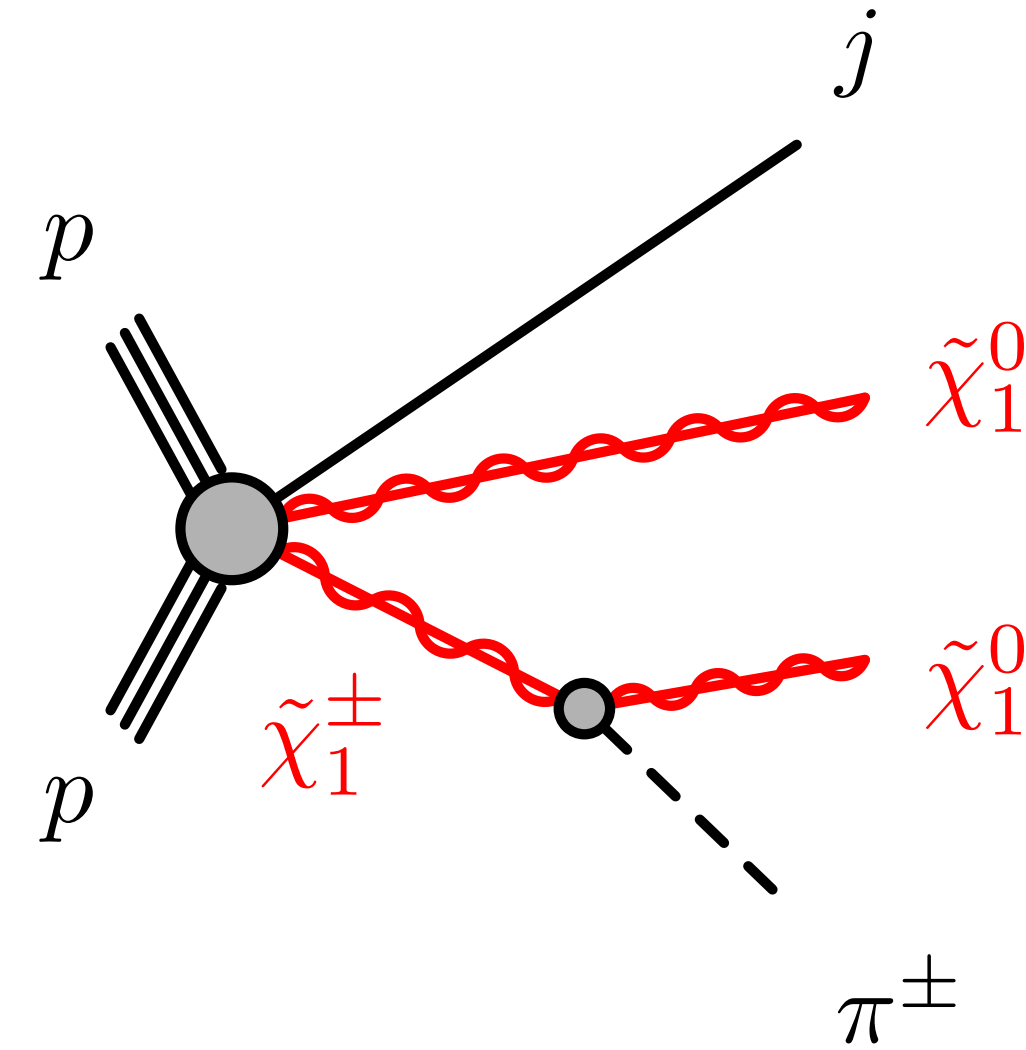
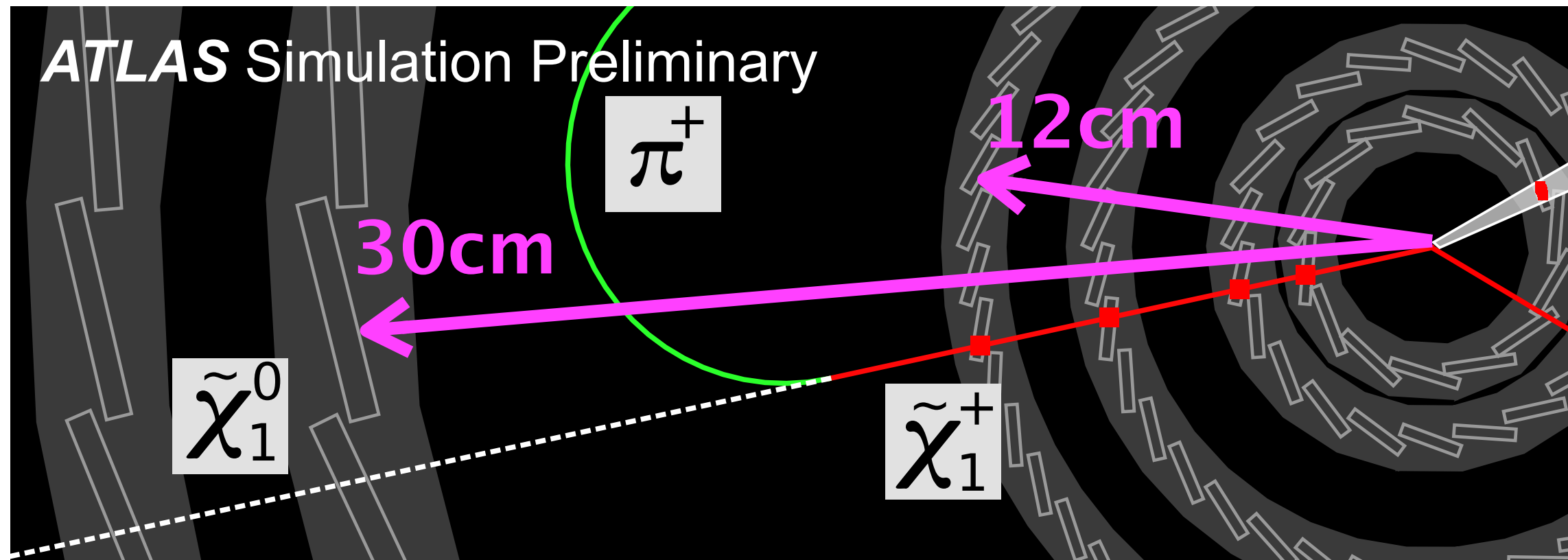


Exp: 0.2 ± 0.2 evts
Obs: 0 evts

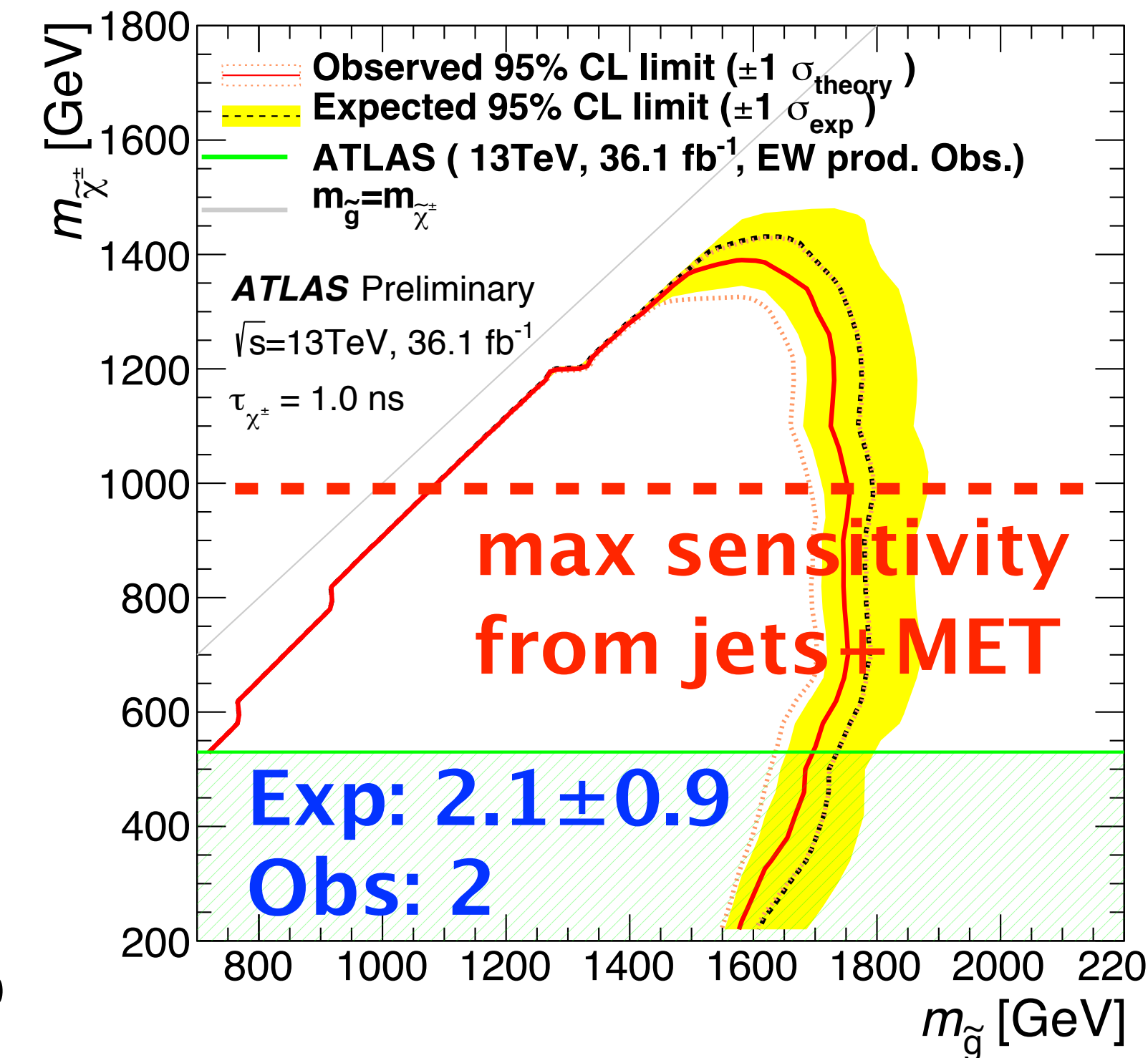
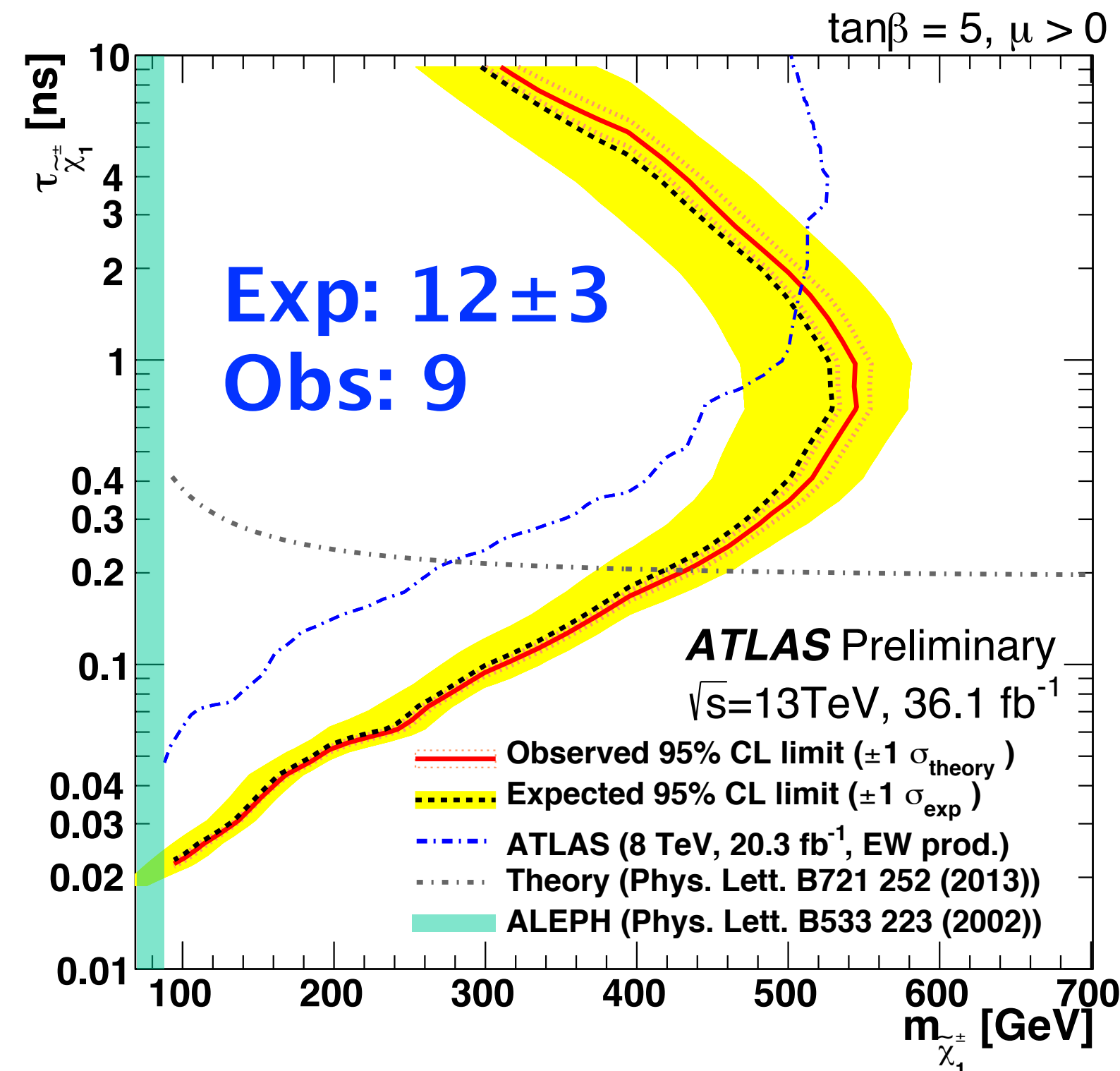


Disappearing tracks

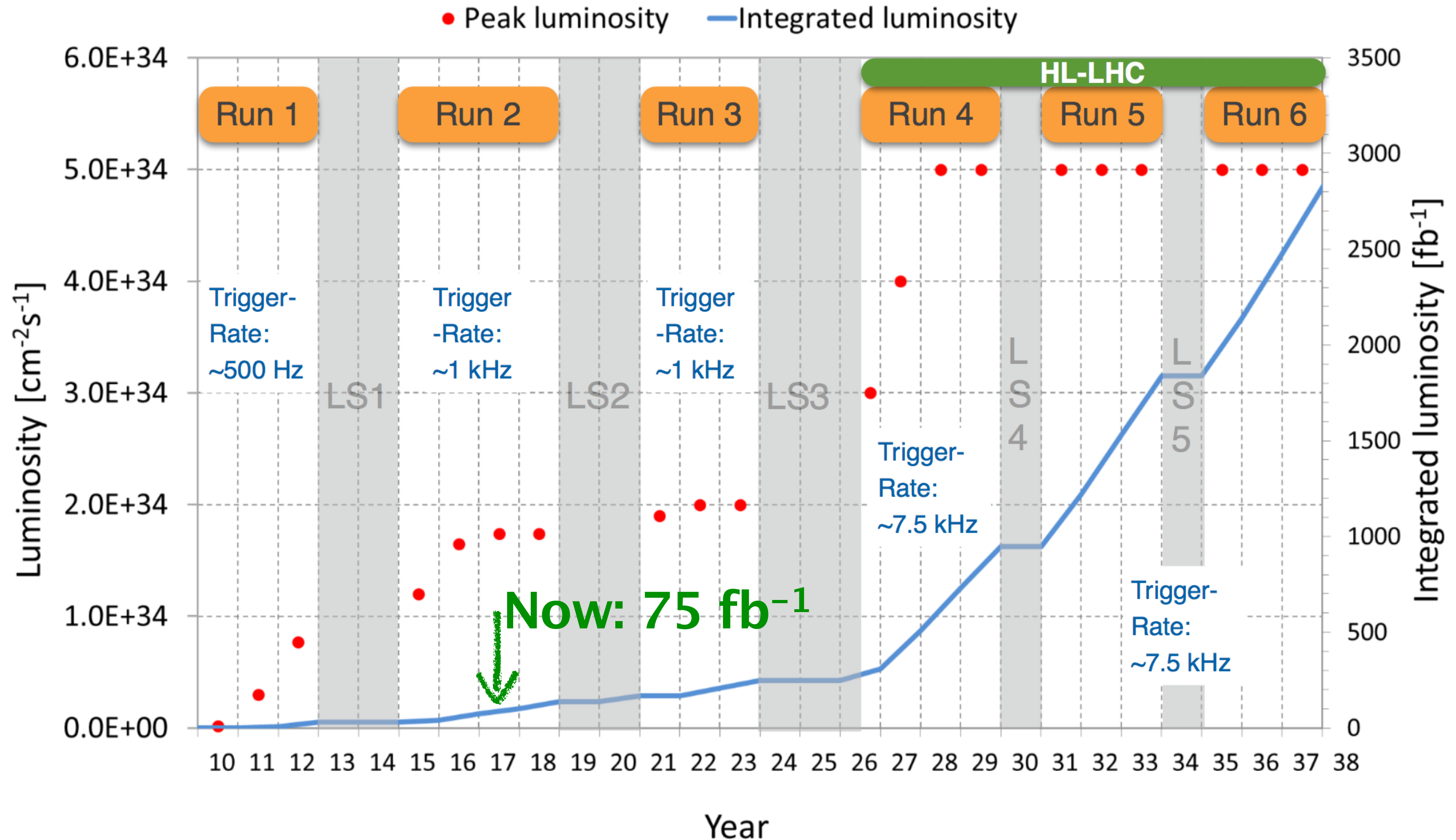
CONF-2017-017



- Small splitting expected in **AMSB SUSY**
- **New pixel layer** allows use of purely pixel tracks — extending reach to shorter lifetimes.
- **Backgrounds** from hadronic interaction, hard brem, random combinations



We are just getting started



Summary

- CMS and ATLAS have so far released **>50 BSM searches** from full 2016 dataset.
- CMS and ATLAS continue to develop **tools** for understanding **challenging signatures and corners of phase space**
- We endeavor to leave no stone unturned with
 - **signature-based generic searches**
 - **model-driven targeted searches**

Additional Material

Parallel Talks

Resonances

Jan-Frederik Schulte: Searches for new heavy resonances with leptons, photons, and jets in CMS

Sung Won Lee: Search for new resonances decaying into W, Z and H bosons at CMS

Petar Maksimovic: Search for new resonances coupling to third generation quarks at CMS

Mark Oreglia: ATLAS Searches for VH and HH Resonances

Chris Malena Delitzsch: ATLAS Searches for VV/V+gamma Resonances

SUSY

Nadja Strobbe: Searches for supersymmetry in fully hadronic final states with CMS

Zhenbin Wu: Searches for third generation squarks with CMS

Minsuk Kim: Searches for electroweak production of SUSY with CMS

Basil Schneider: Searches for supersymmetry in single or opposite-charged dilepton final states with CMS

Menglei Sun: Searches for supersymmetry in final states with photons in CMS

Othmane Rifki: Inclusive searches for squarks and gluinos with the ATLAS detector

Fabrizio Miano: Searches for direct pair production of 3rd gen squarks with the ATLAS detector

Zara Jane Grout: Searches for EWK production of SUSY gauginos/sleptons with the ATLAS detector

Dark Matter

Marco Cipriani: Searches for dark matter at CMS

VLQ

Alice Bean: Search for Vector-like quarks at CMS

Erich Ward Varnes: Search for vector-like quarks at ATLAS

Long-lived

Geng-Yuan Jeng: Searches for long-lived particles and other non-conventional signatures in CMS

Chihiro Kozakai: Searches for SUSY in resonance production, RPV, long-lived particles with ATLAS

BSM Higgs

Sven Dildick: Searches for light BSM Higgs states with CMS

Roberto Rossin: Searches for HH production with CMS

Koji Sato: Search for neutral and charged BSM Higgs Bosons with the ATLAS detector

Jason Robert Veatch: Search for rare and exotic Higgs decays and HH pair production ATLAS

Inclusive

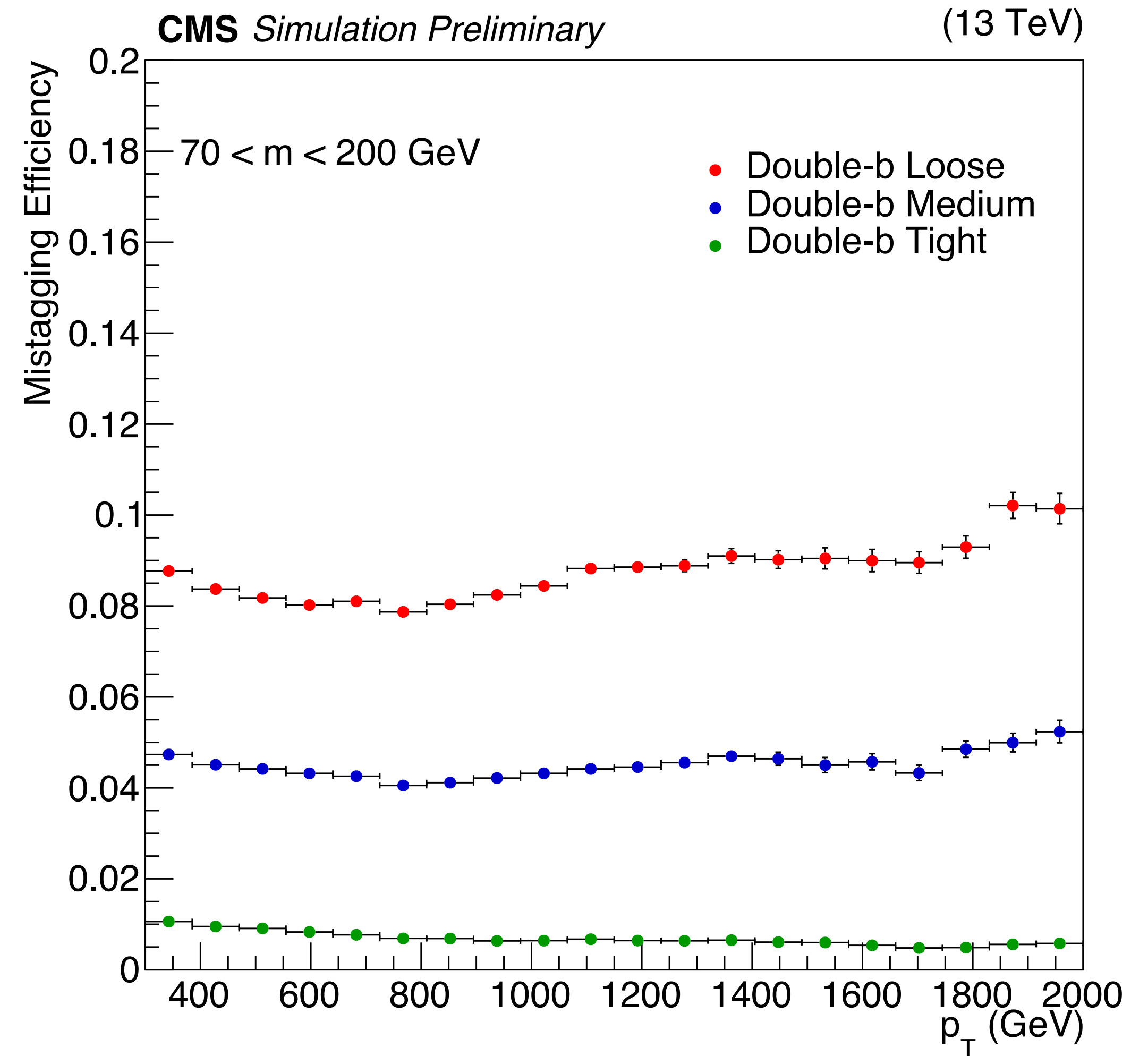
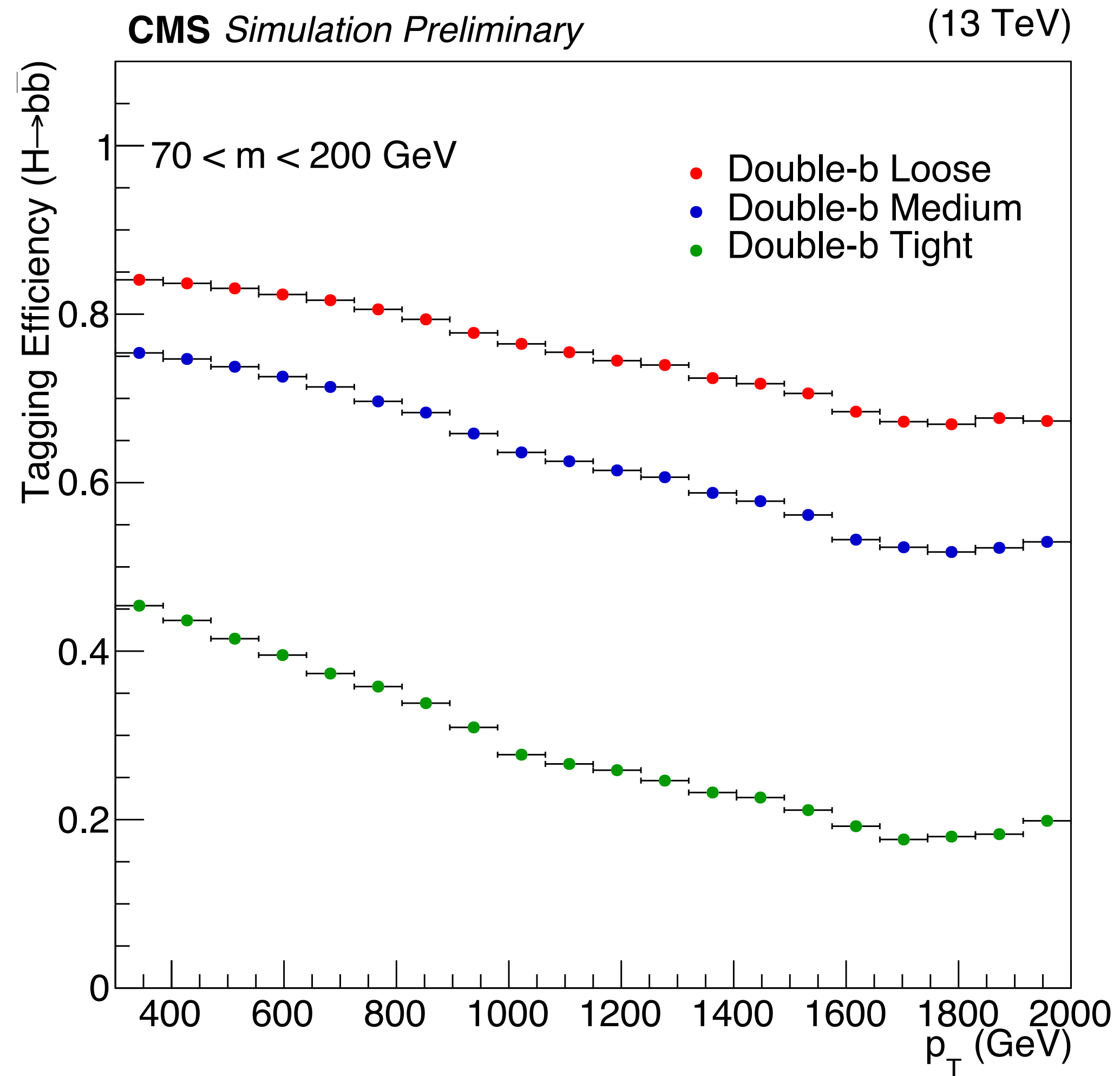
Deborah Duchardt: Model Unspecific Search in CMS

Vector-like quark results

- B2G-17-010 : $X \rightarrow tb$ in $\ell + \text{jets}$
- B2G-17-007 : single vector-like $T \rightarrow Zt$
- B2G-16-019 : heavy vector-like $Q \rightarrow SS 2\ell$
- CONF-2017-015 : $T \rightarrow l (Z \rightarrow \nu\nu)$

CMS double b-tagger

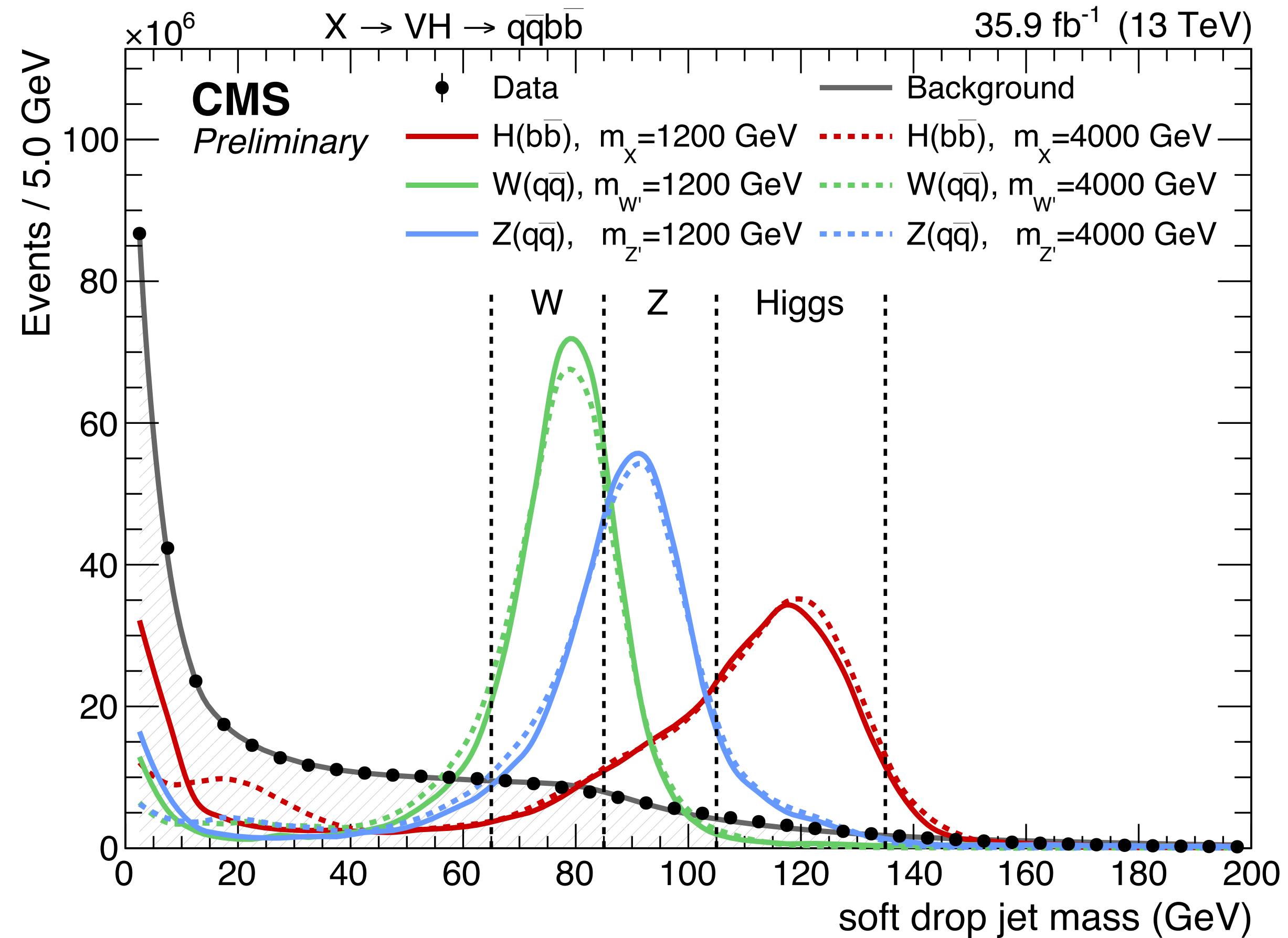
BTV-15-002



Boosted boson tools

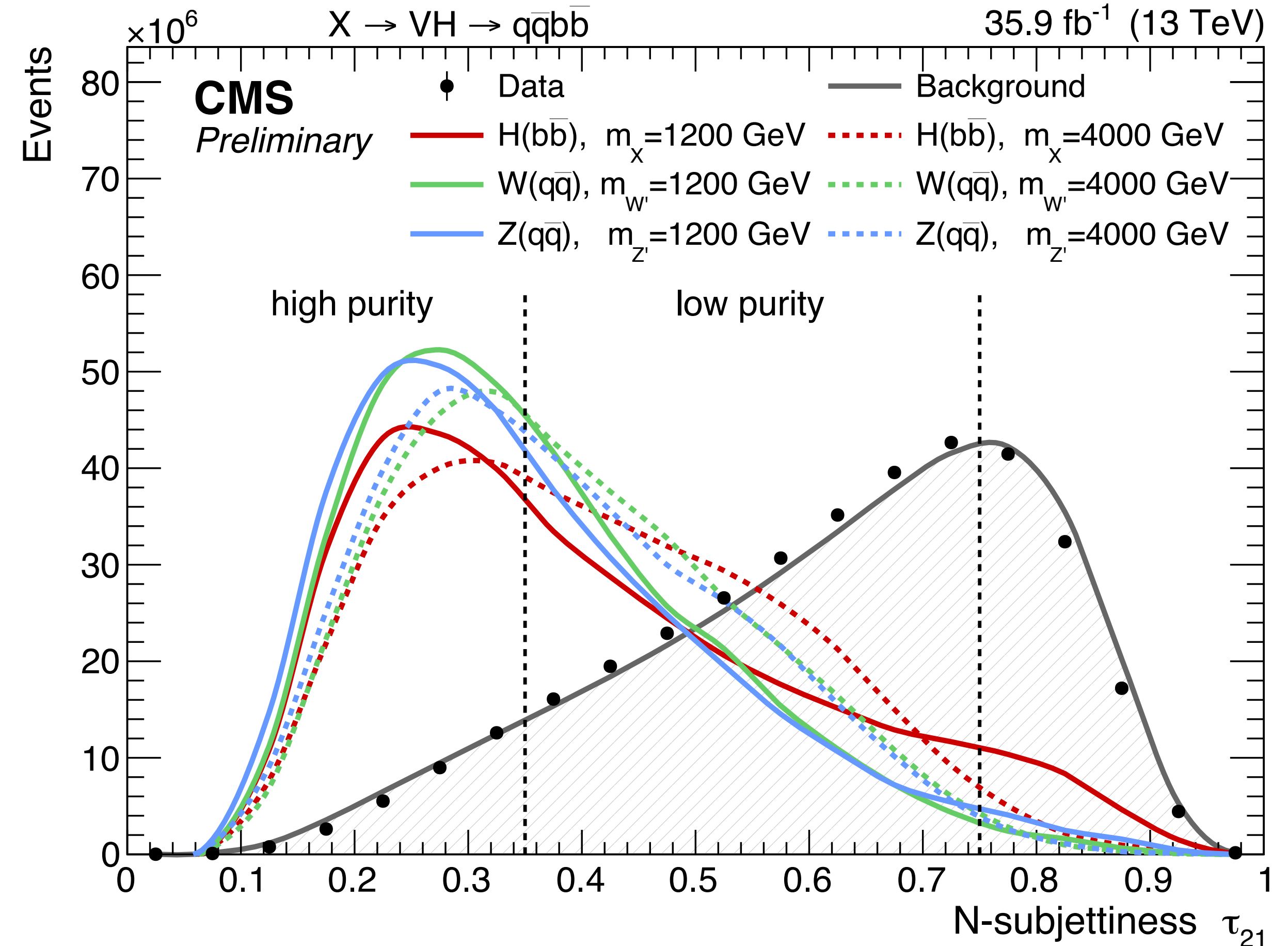
- Optimize mass resolution with **soft drop mass** (similar to trimmed mass).

B2G-17-002



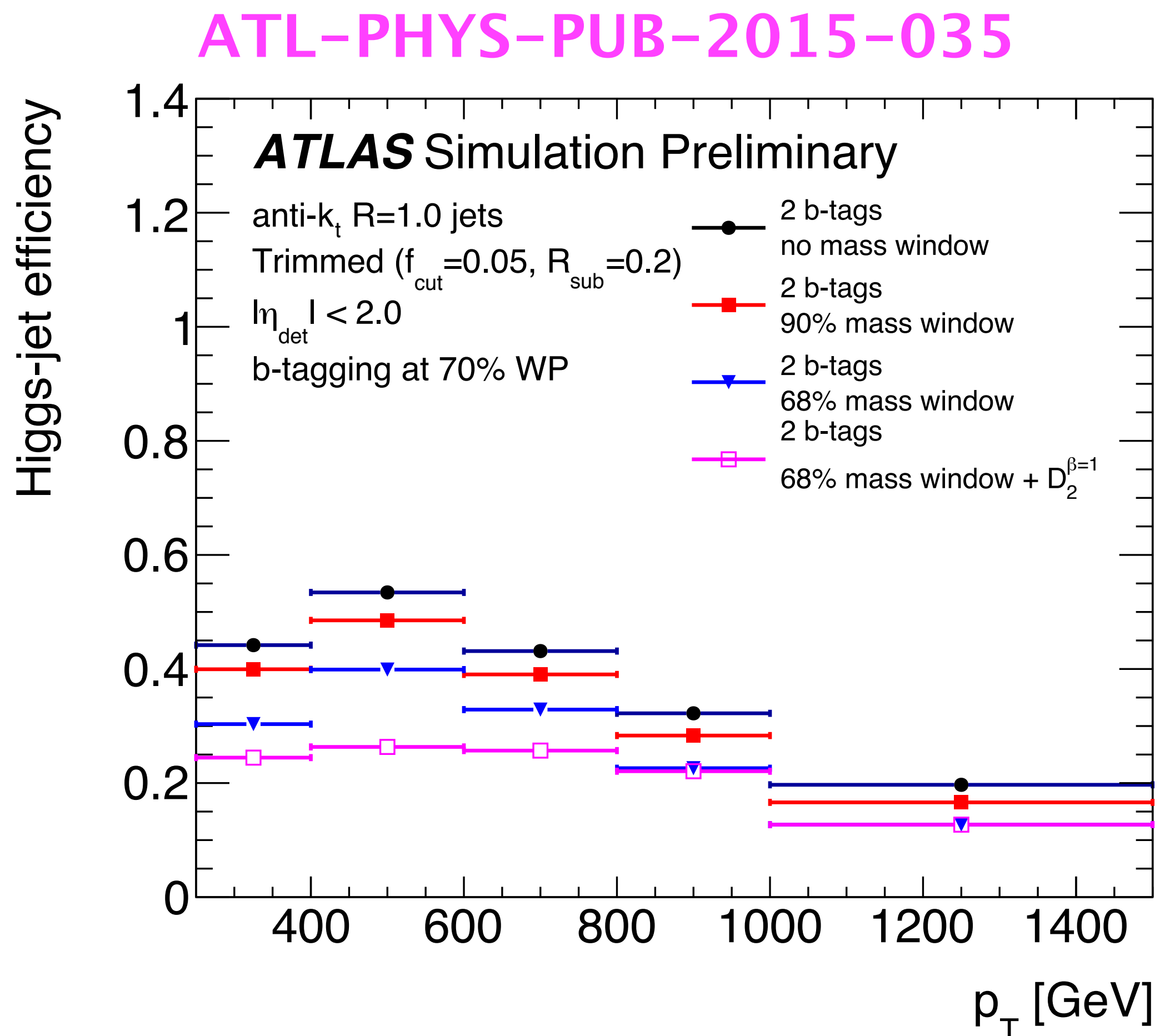
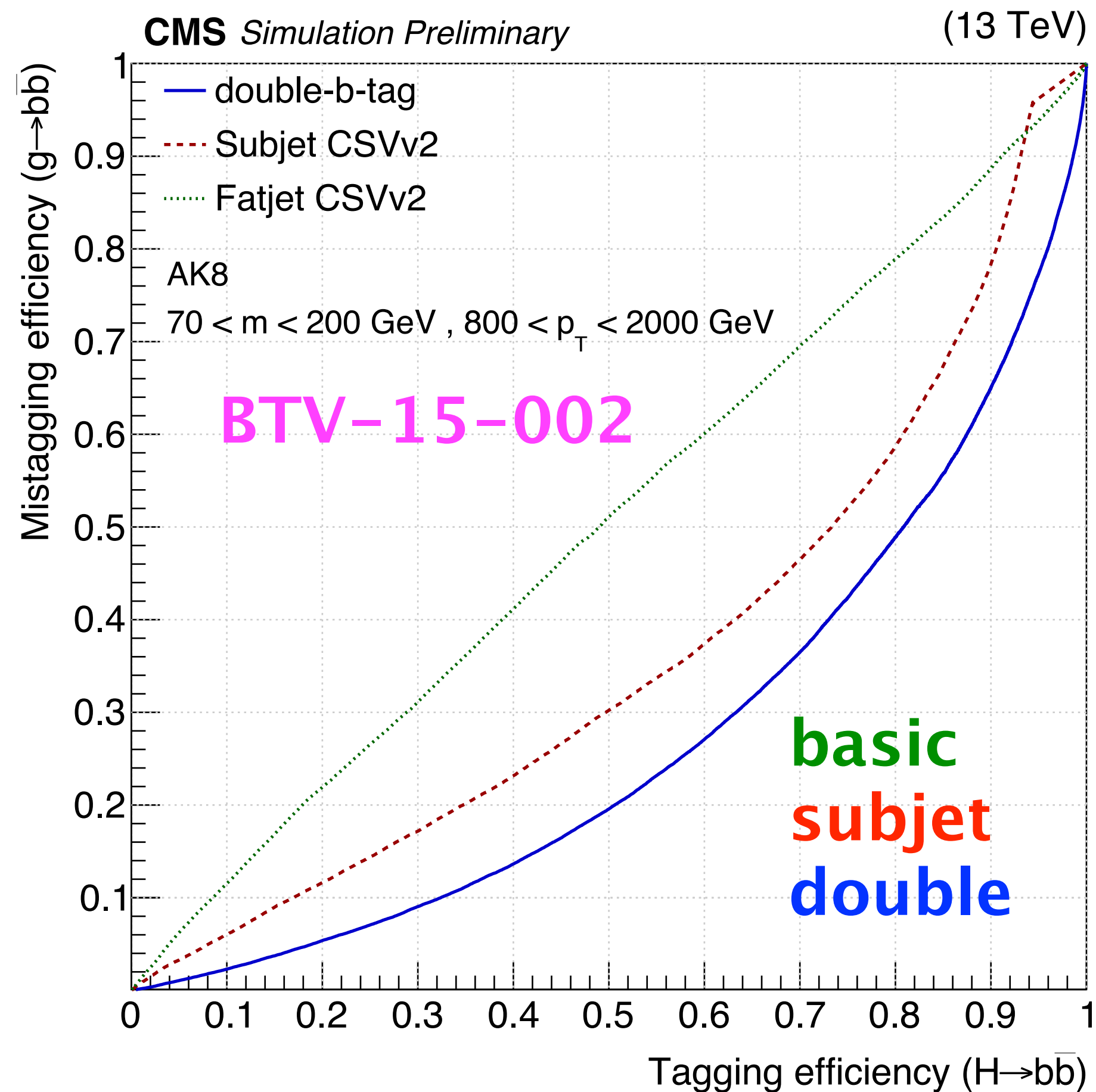
- Identify two subjects with **n-subjettiness τ_{21}** (similar to D_2)

B2G-17-002

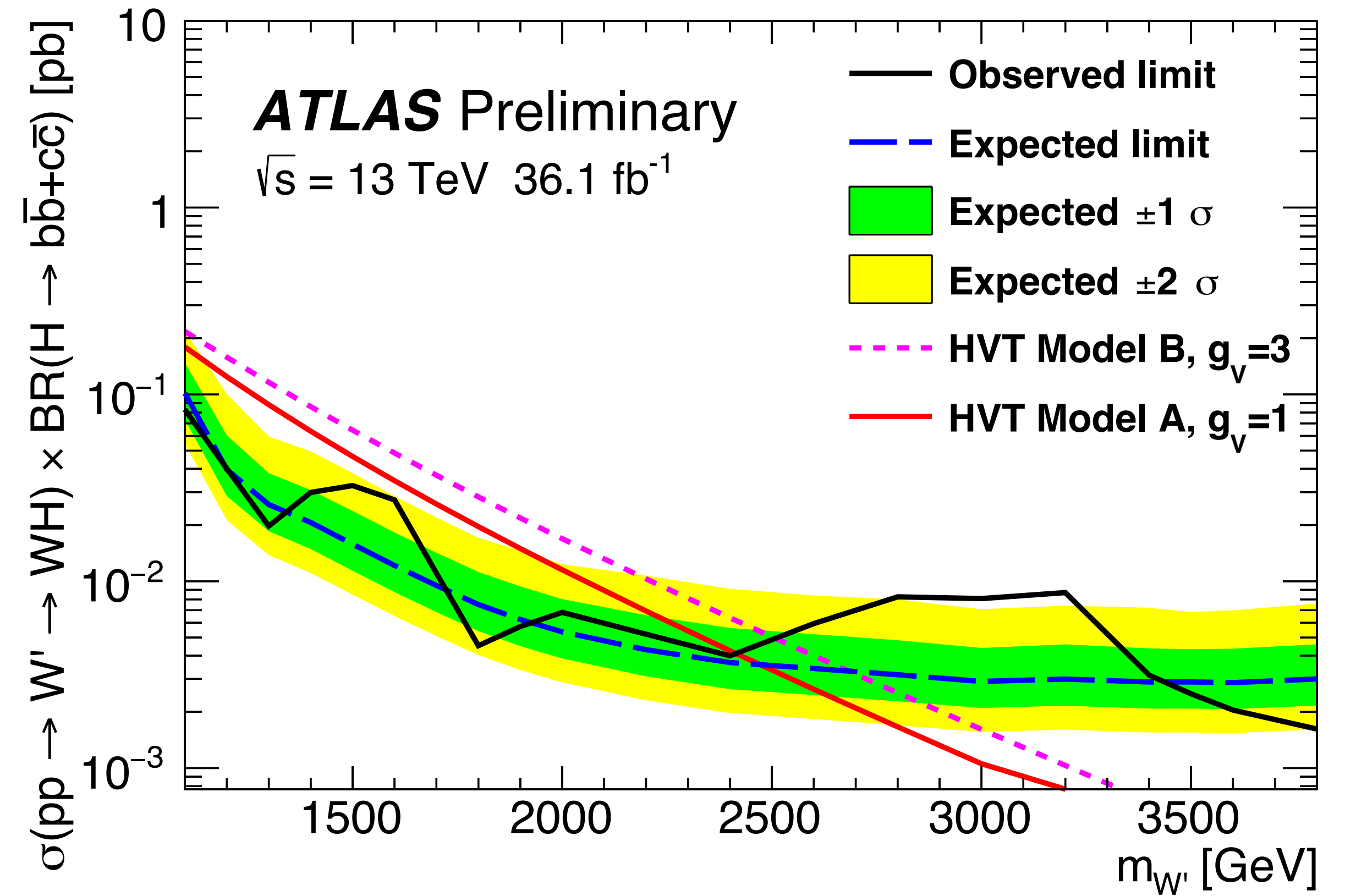
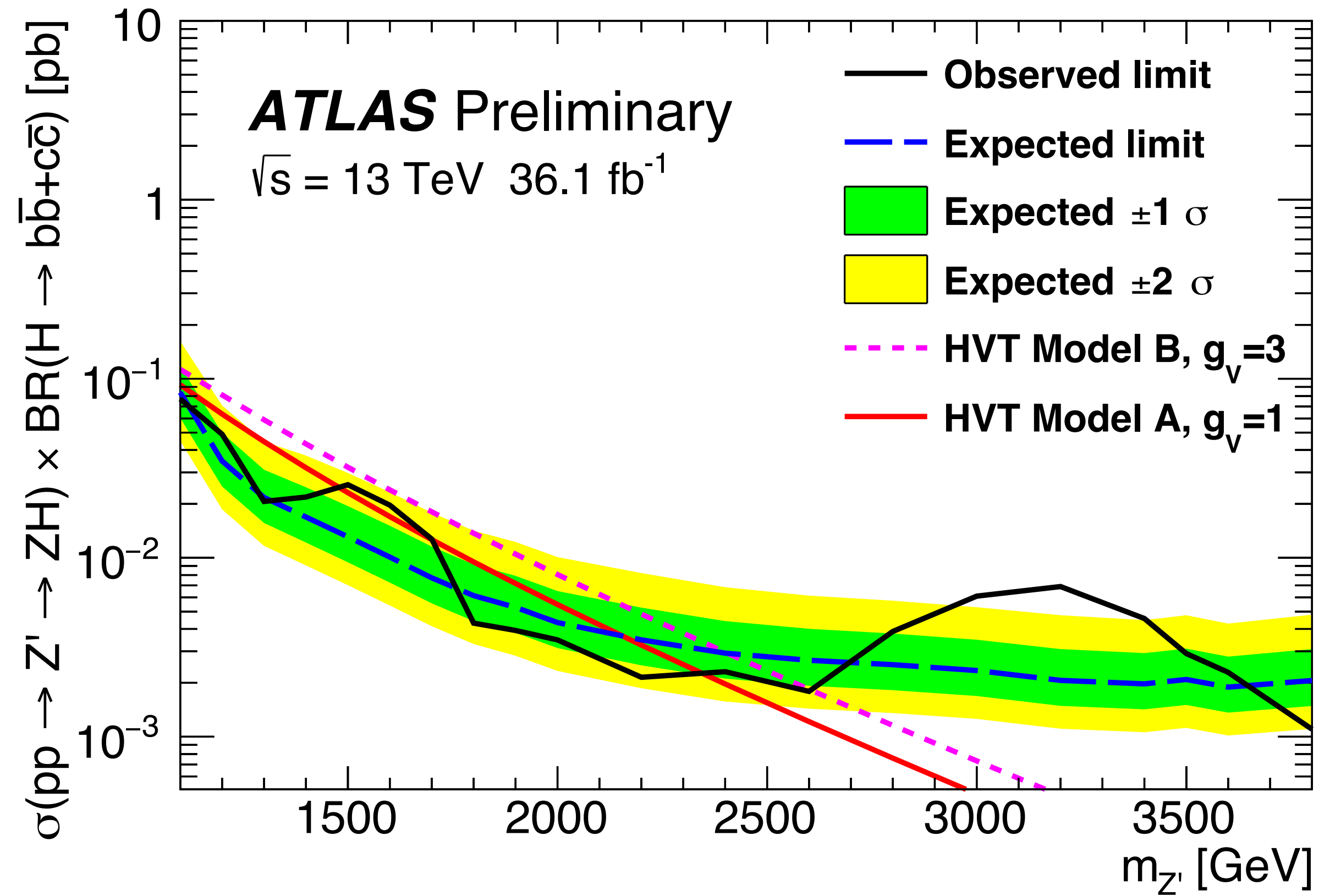


Identifying $H \rightarrow bb$ in $X \rightarrow VH/HH$

- ATLAS : Identify $H \rightarrow bb$ using substructure, mass, and b-tagging of subjets.
- CMS : Identify $X \rightarrow bb$ using vertices, tracks, τ -axes, but NOT mass or substructure (to minimize p_T -dependence).

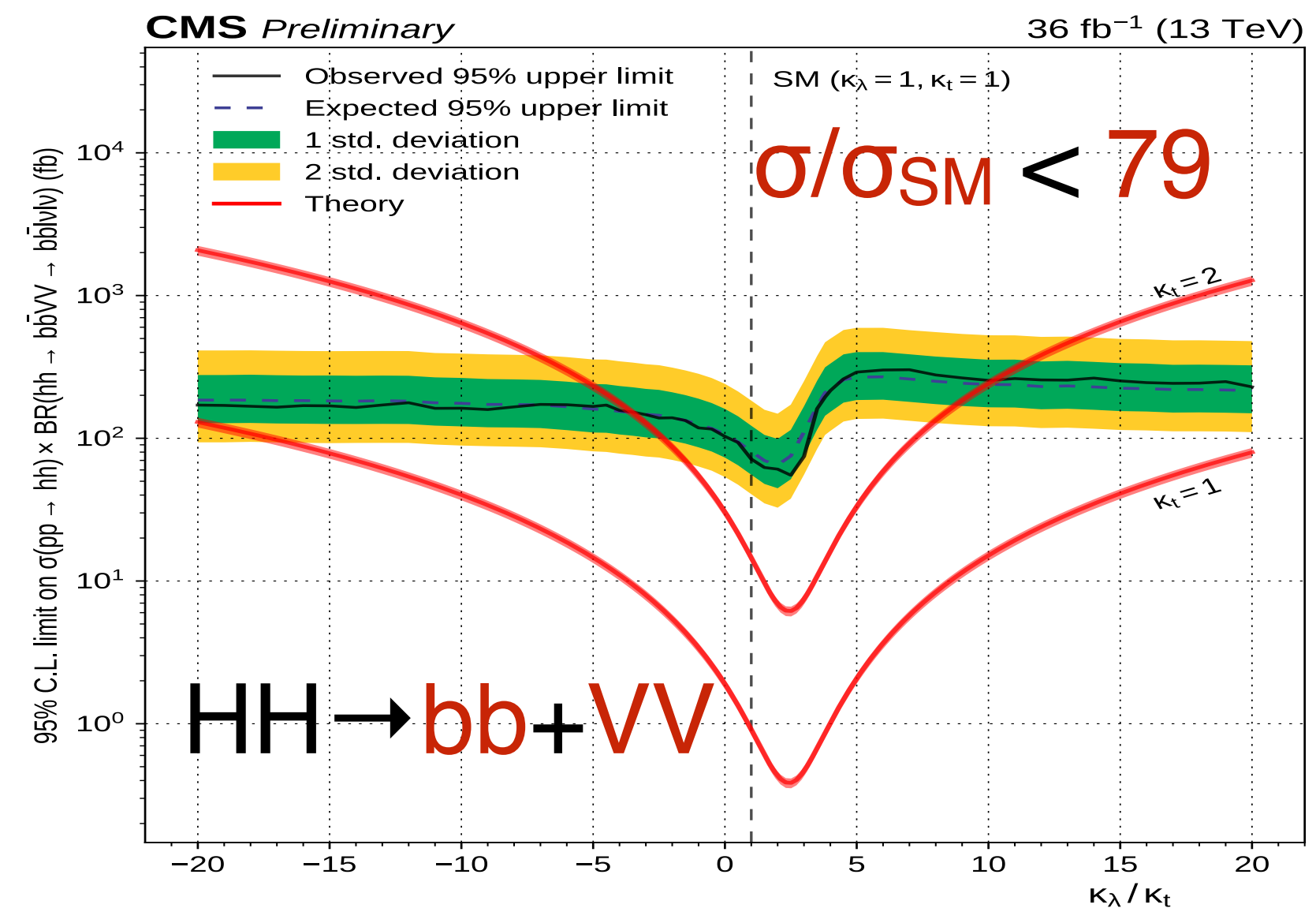
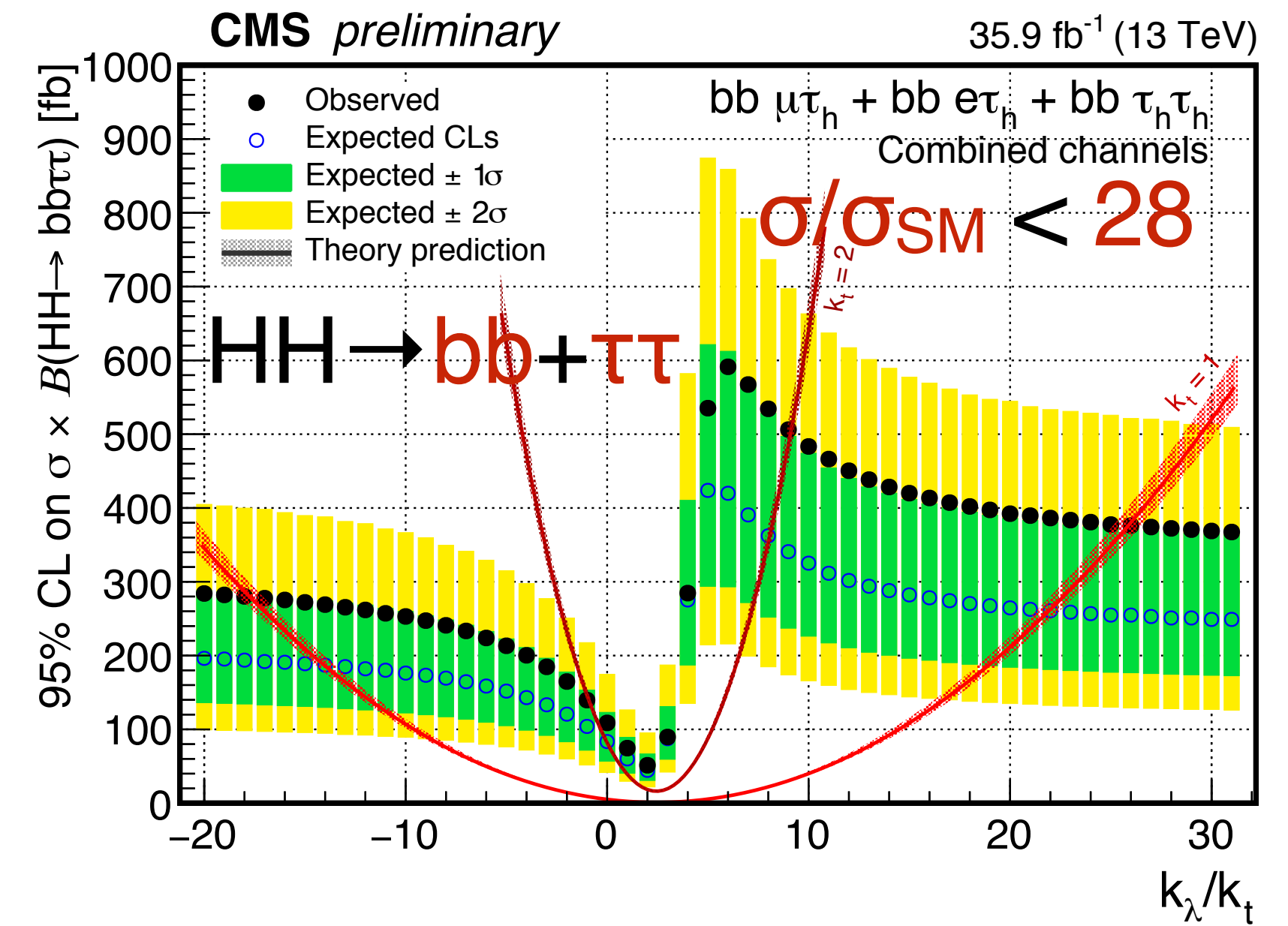
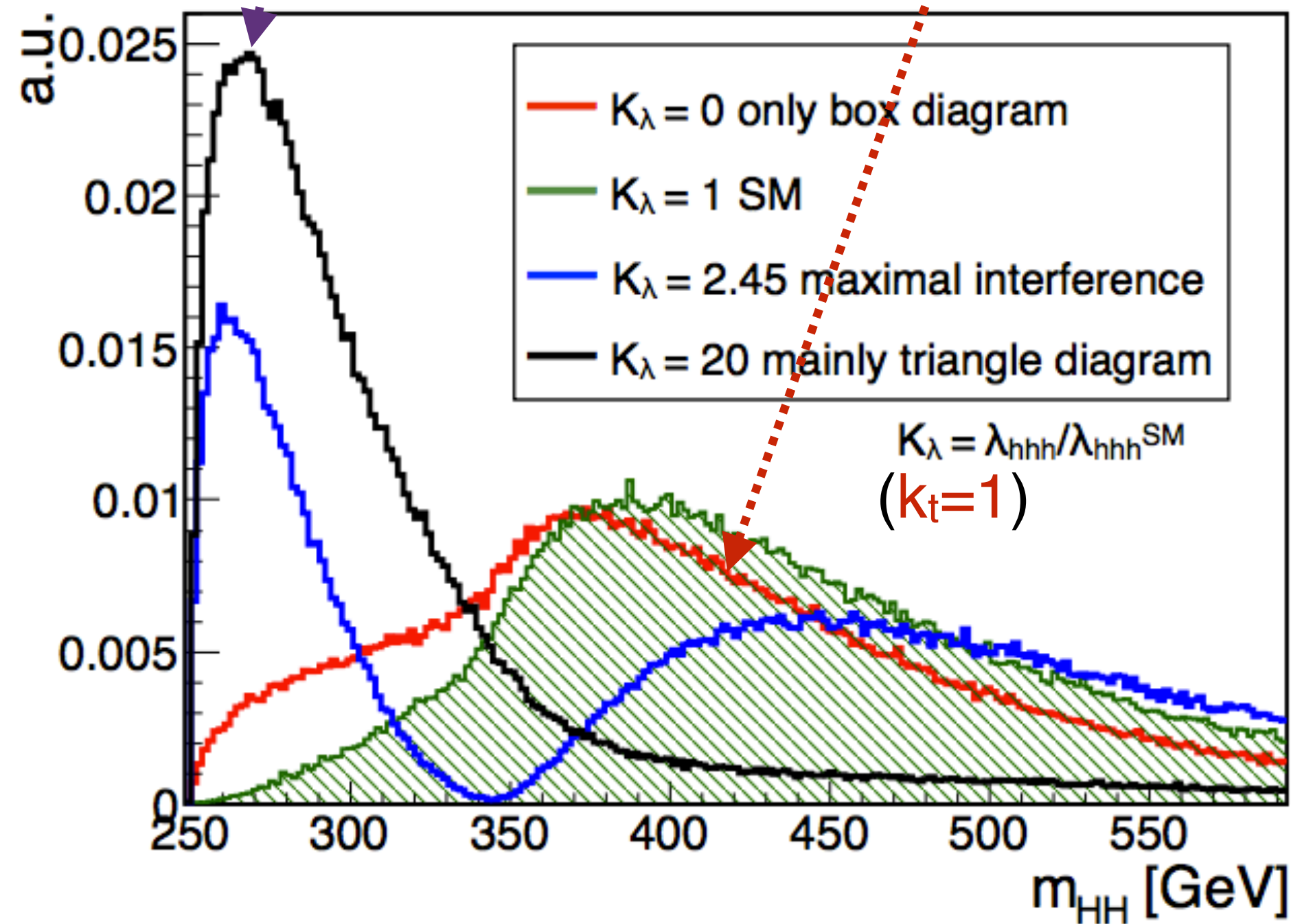
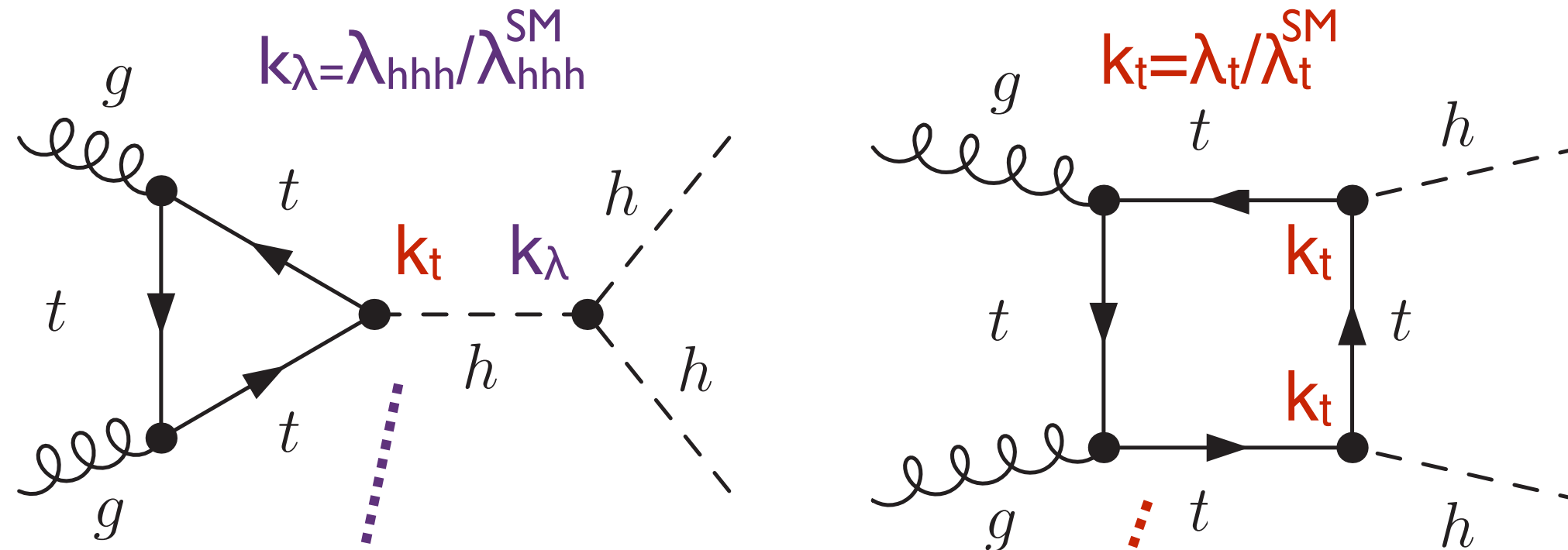


ATLAS $X \rightarrow VH$ exclusions

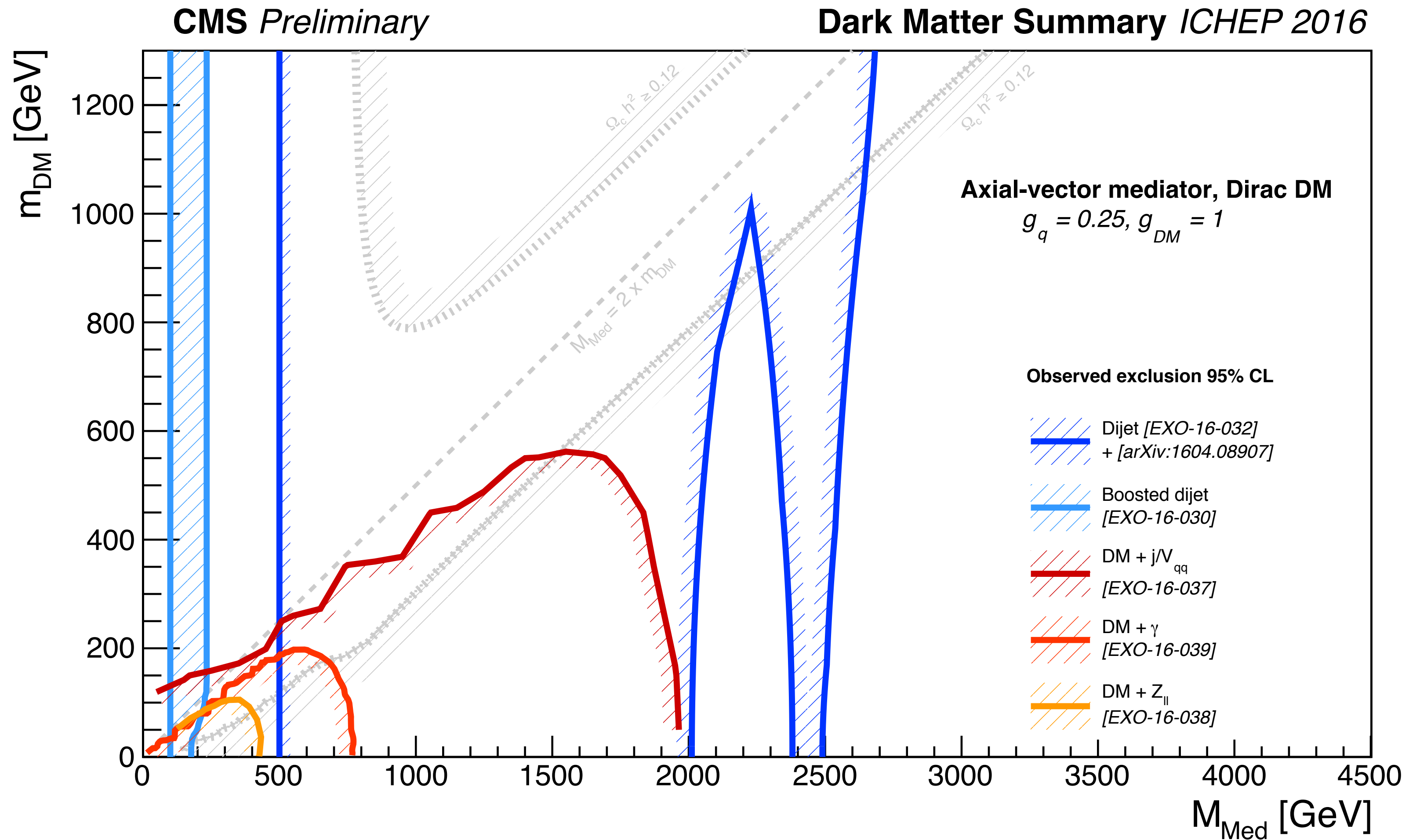


Non resonant HH \rightarrow bbVV and bb $\tau\tau$

- bbVV \rightarrow $\ell\ell bb + \text{MET}$
- bb $\tau\tau$ \rightarrow bb $\mu\tau_h$, bb $e\tau_h$, bb $\tau_h\tau_h$



Dark matter mediator exclusions

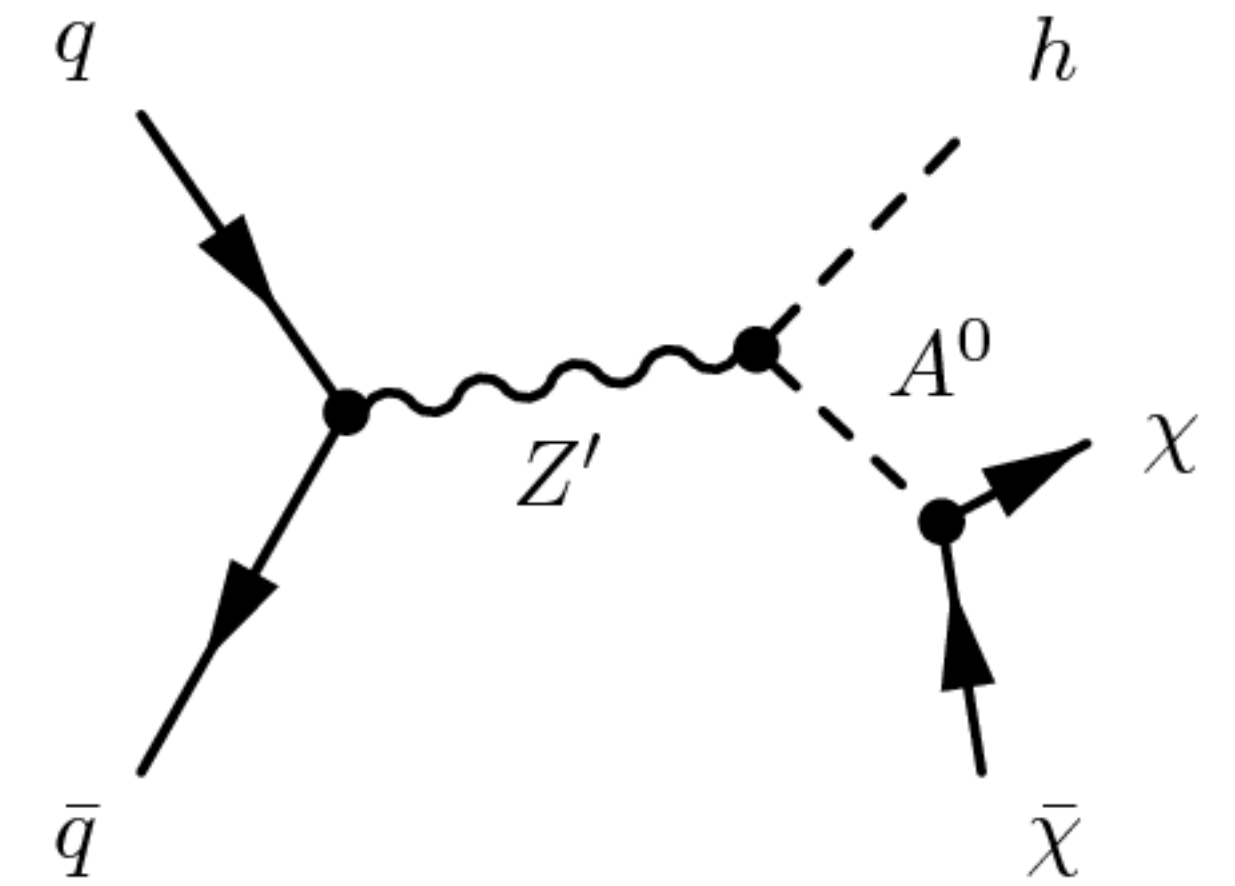


BR(mediator \rightarrow qq) depends on M_{DM} .

For these couplings:

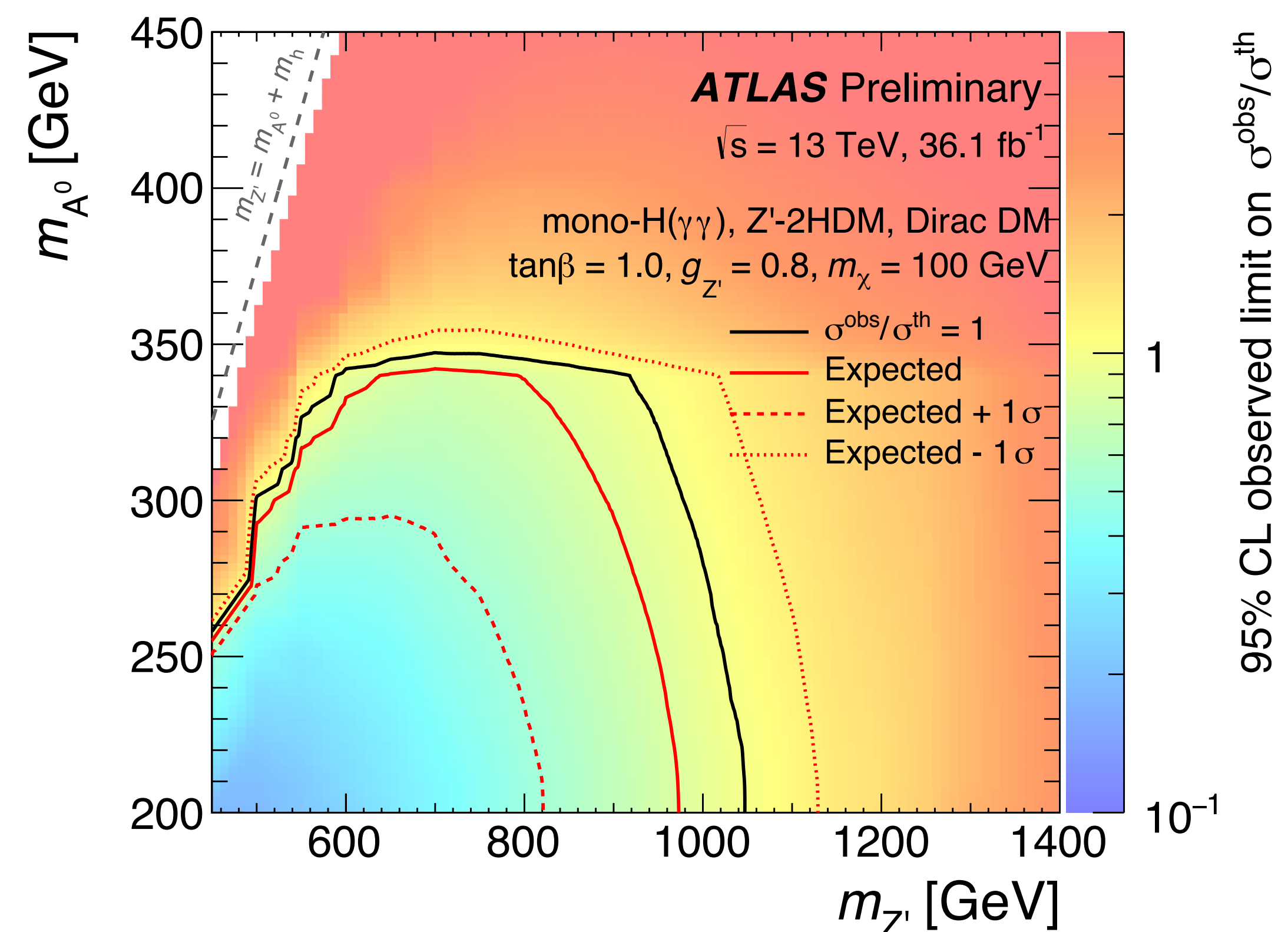
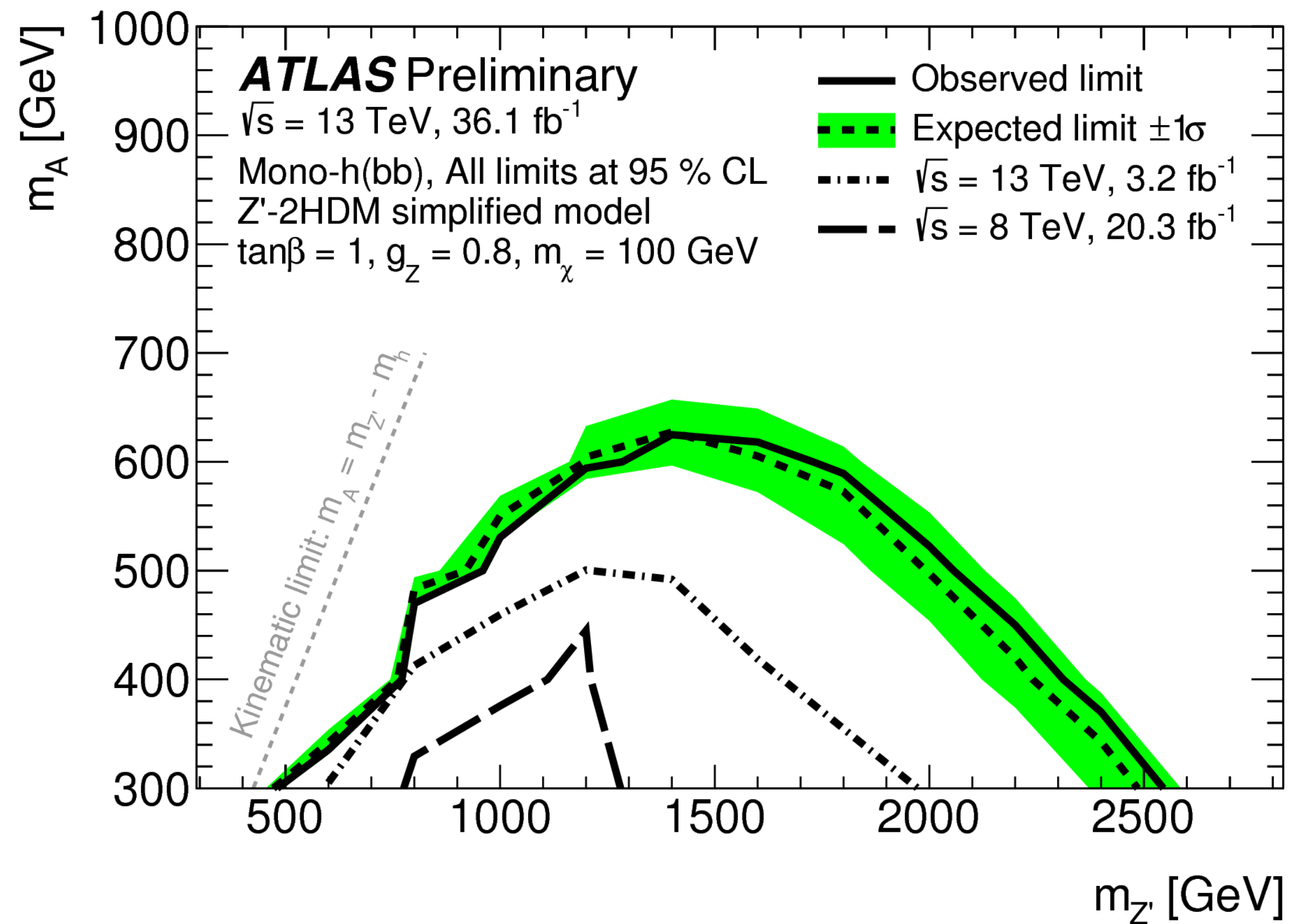
- $M_{DM} \geq M_{med}$: BR(mediator \rightarrow qq) = 100%
- $M_{DM} = 1$ GeV : BR(mediator \rightarrow qq) = 50%

DM+H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$ vs DM+H $\rightarrow bb$



CONF-2017-028

CONF-2017-024

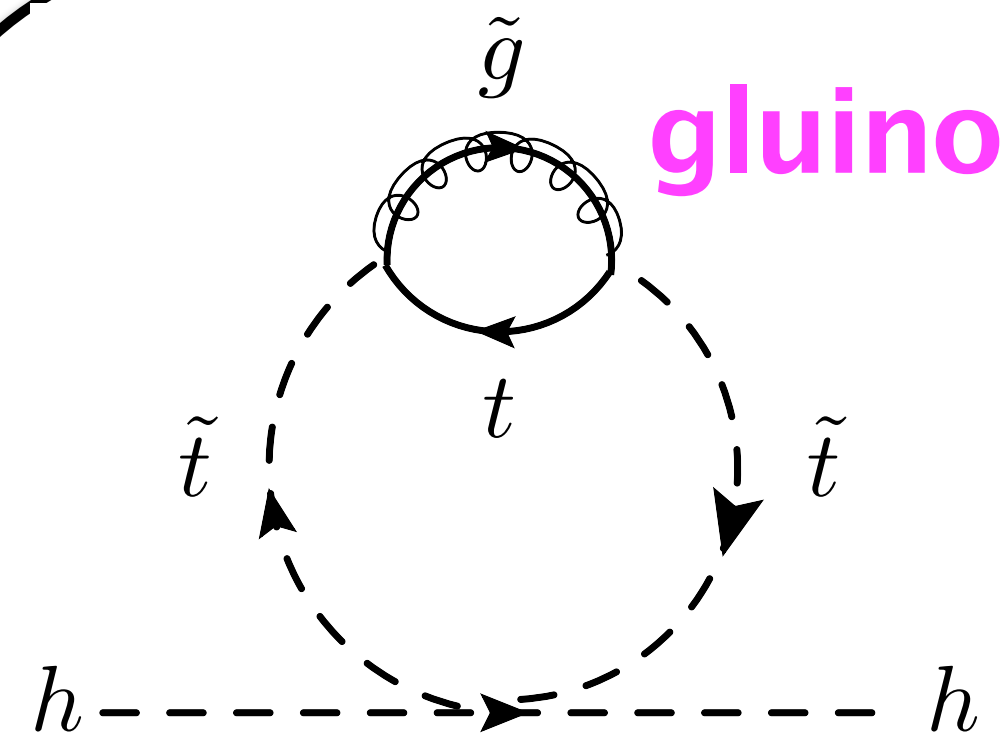


“Natural” SUSY spectrum

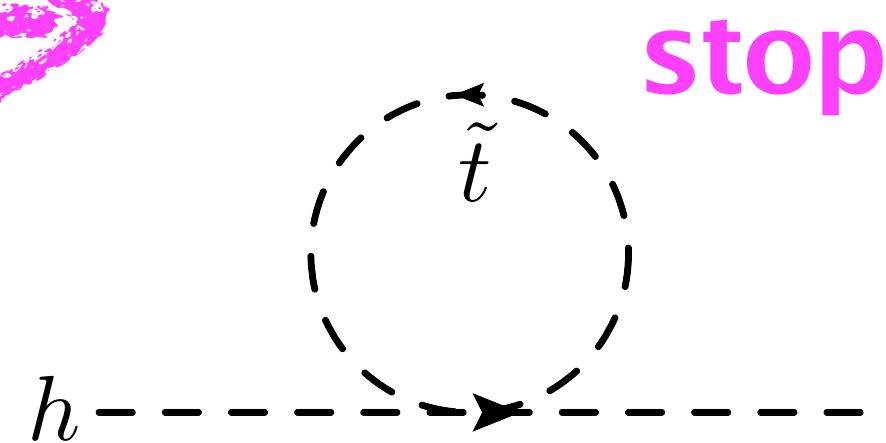
$$m_H^2 = (m_H^2)_0 + \delta m_H^2$$

- We measure $|m_H^2| \sim 100 \text{ GeV}^2$.
- In standard model (SM), $\delta m_H^2 \sim 10^{30} \text{ GeV}^2$.
- In SUSY, δm_H^2 can be small, but depends on sparticle masses.
- Define “natural” spectrum as giving δm_H^2 not $\gg m_H^2$.
- Traditional metric: $\Delta \equiv \frac{2|\delta m_H^2|}{m_h^2}$

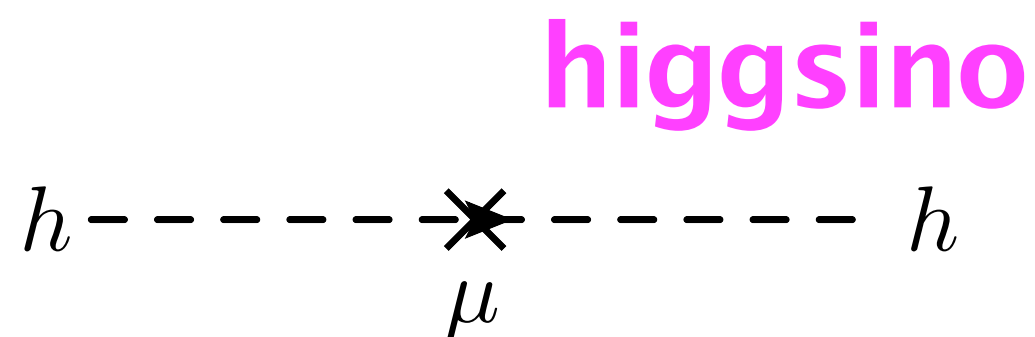
D. Shih



$$\delta m_H^2 \sim -\frac{y_t^2}{\pi^2} \frac{g_3^2}{4\pi^2} M_3^2 \left(\log \frac{\Lambda}{Q} \right)^2$$



$$\delta m_H^2 \sim -\frac{3}{8\pi^2} y_t^2 (m_{Q_3}^2 + m_{U_3}^2) \log \frac{\Lambda}{Q}$$



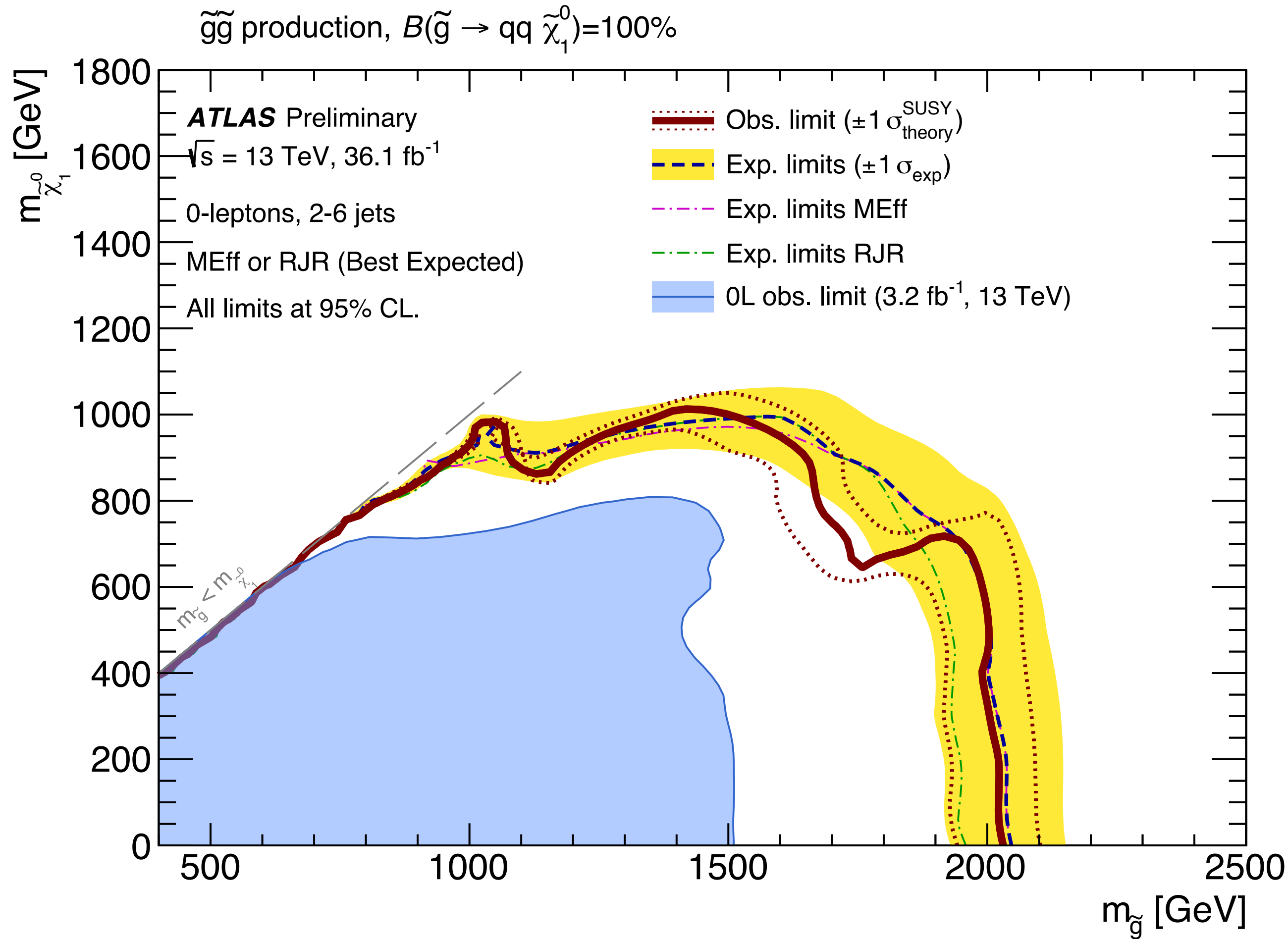
$$\delta m_H^2 \sim |\mu|^2$$

$\Lambda = \text{UV cutoff scale}$

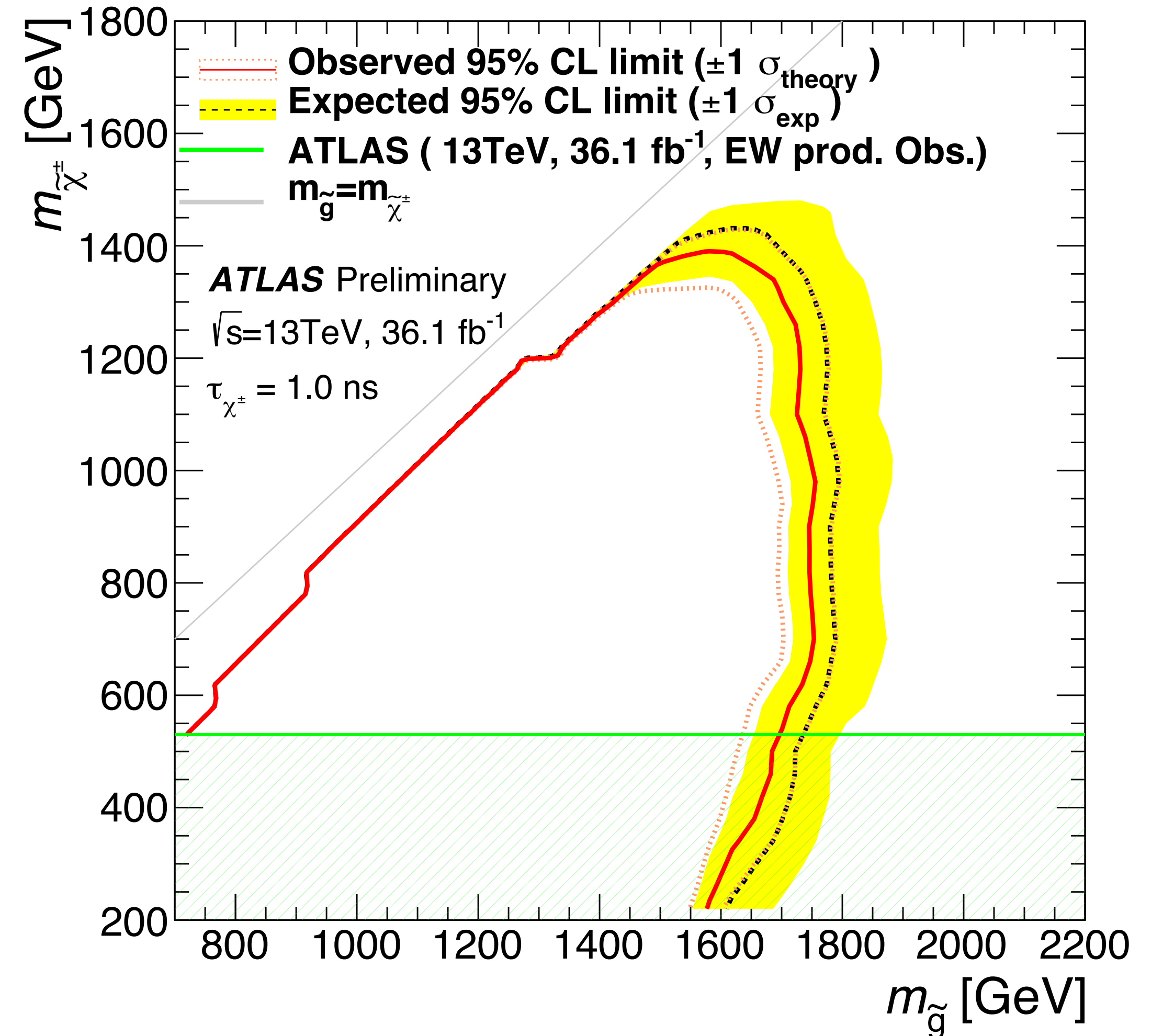
$Q = \text{IR scale appropriate to process}$

Standard gluino vs. disappearing track

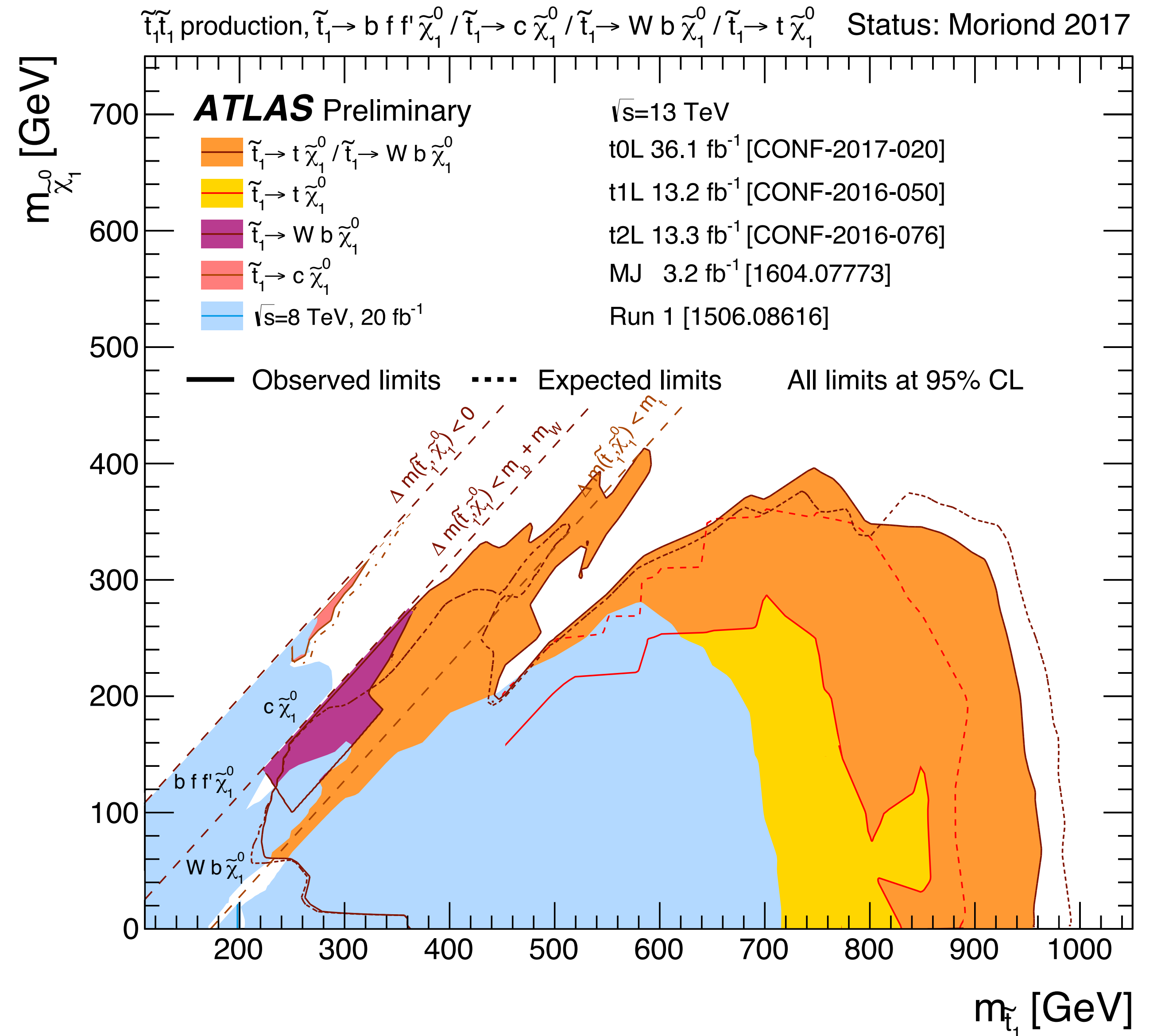
CONF-2017-022



CONF-2017-017



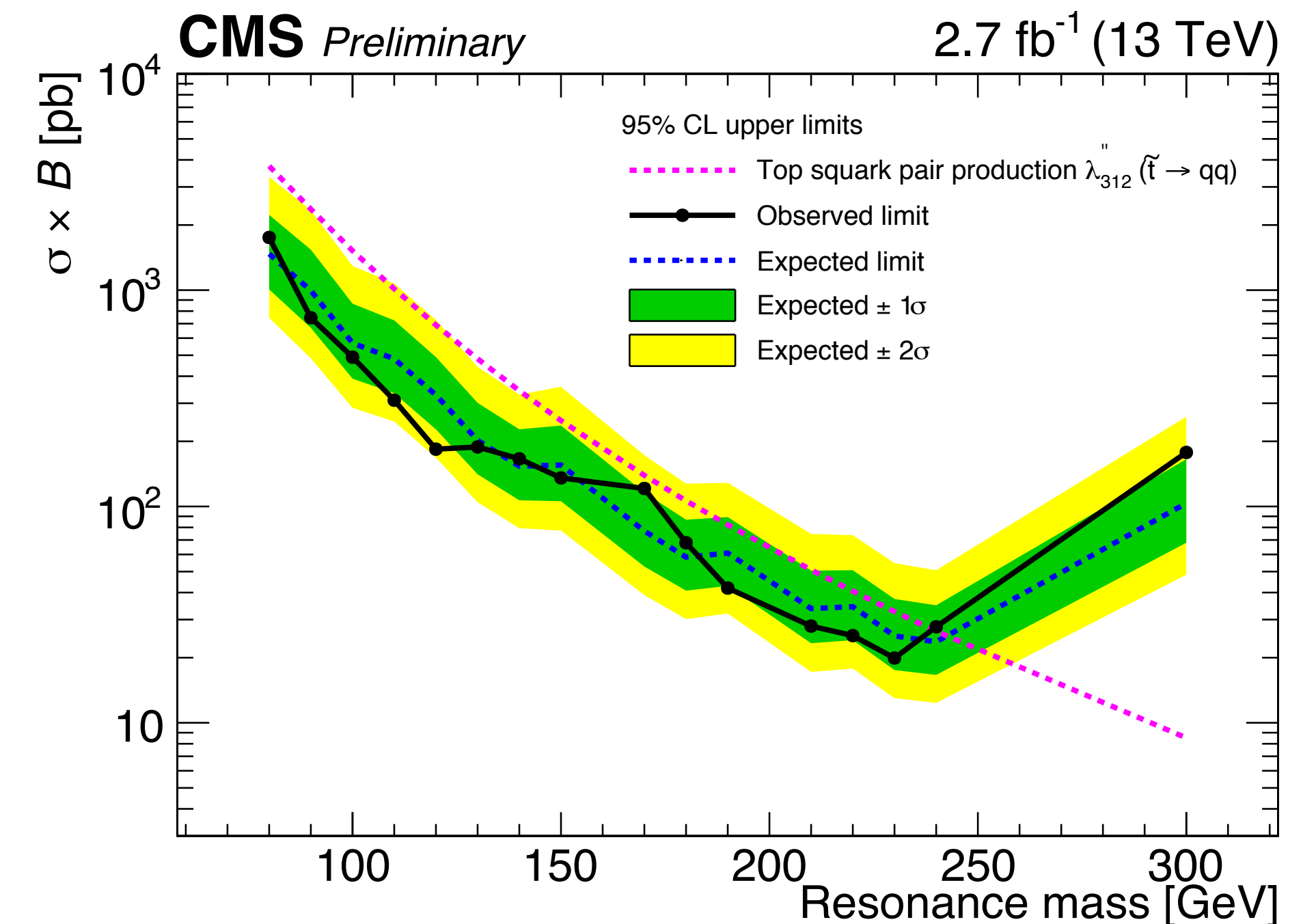
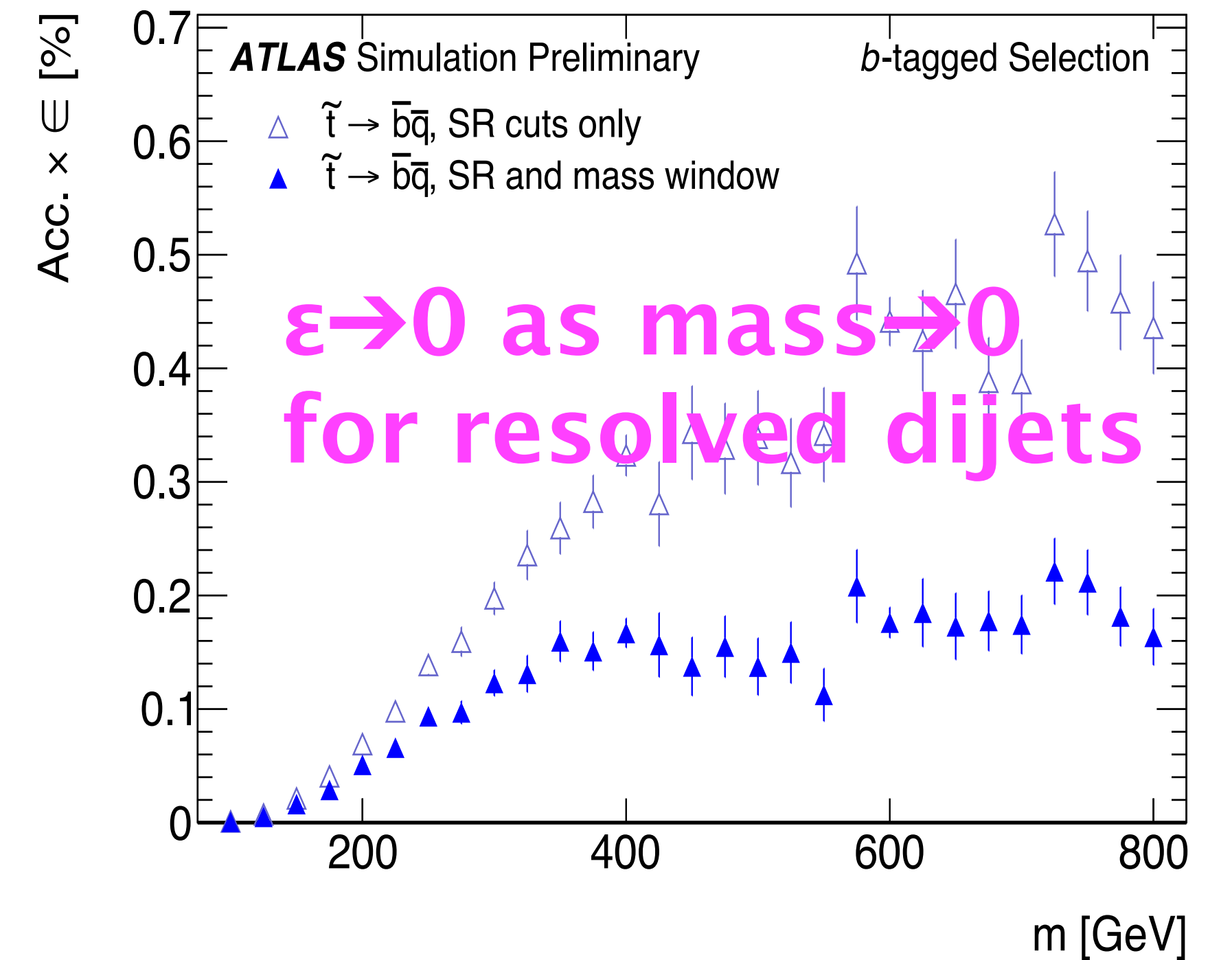
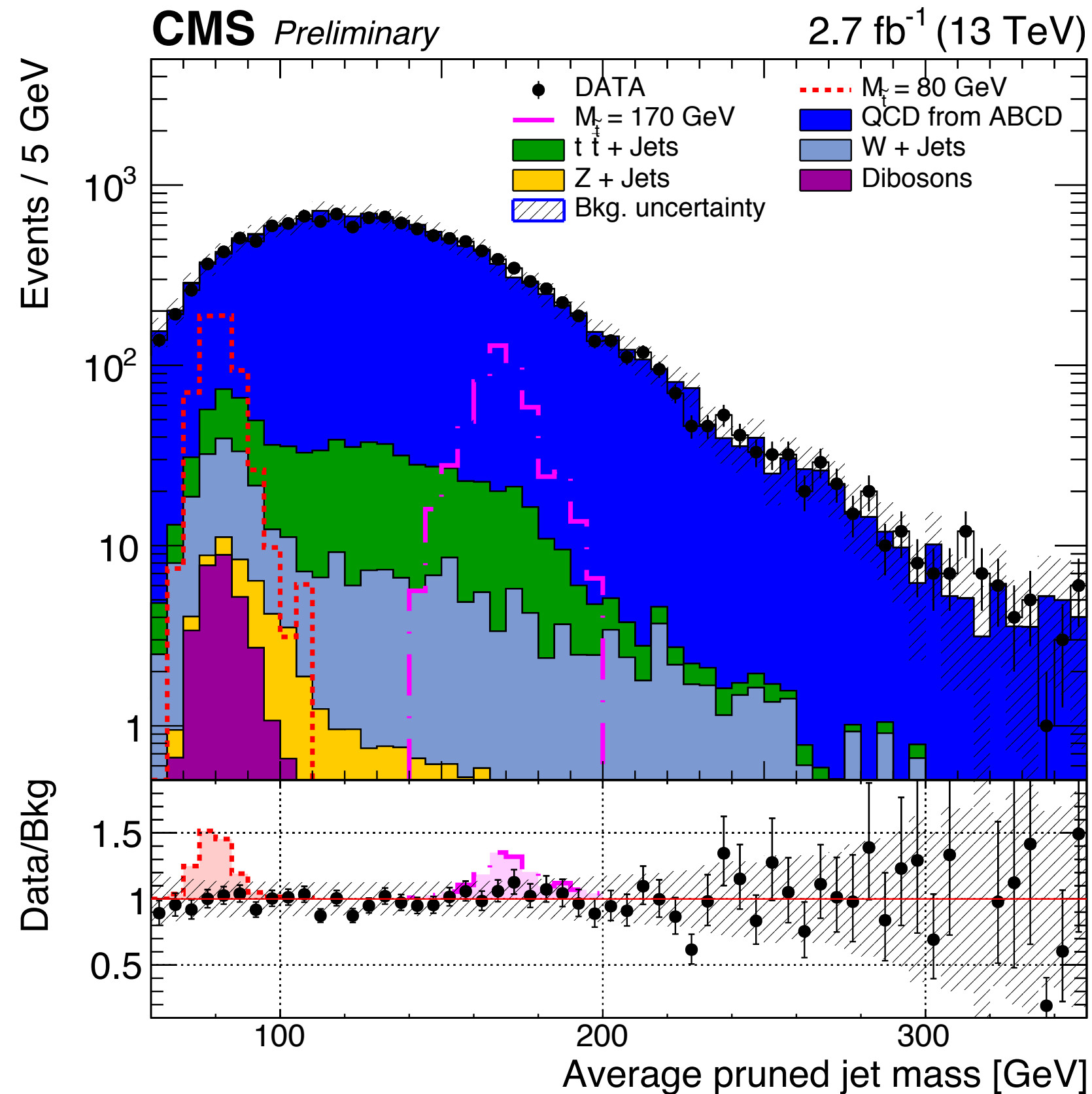
ATLAS stop exclusions



RPV $\tilde{t}\tilde{t} \rightarrow JJ$

EXO-16-029

- $\epsilon \rightarrow 0$ as mass $\rightarrow 0$ for (jj)+(jj) search
- Special trigger based on H_T + jet mass
- Estimate background in control regions of mass asymmetry and $\Delta\eta$.

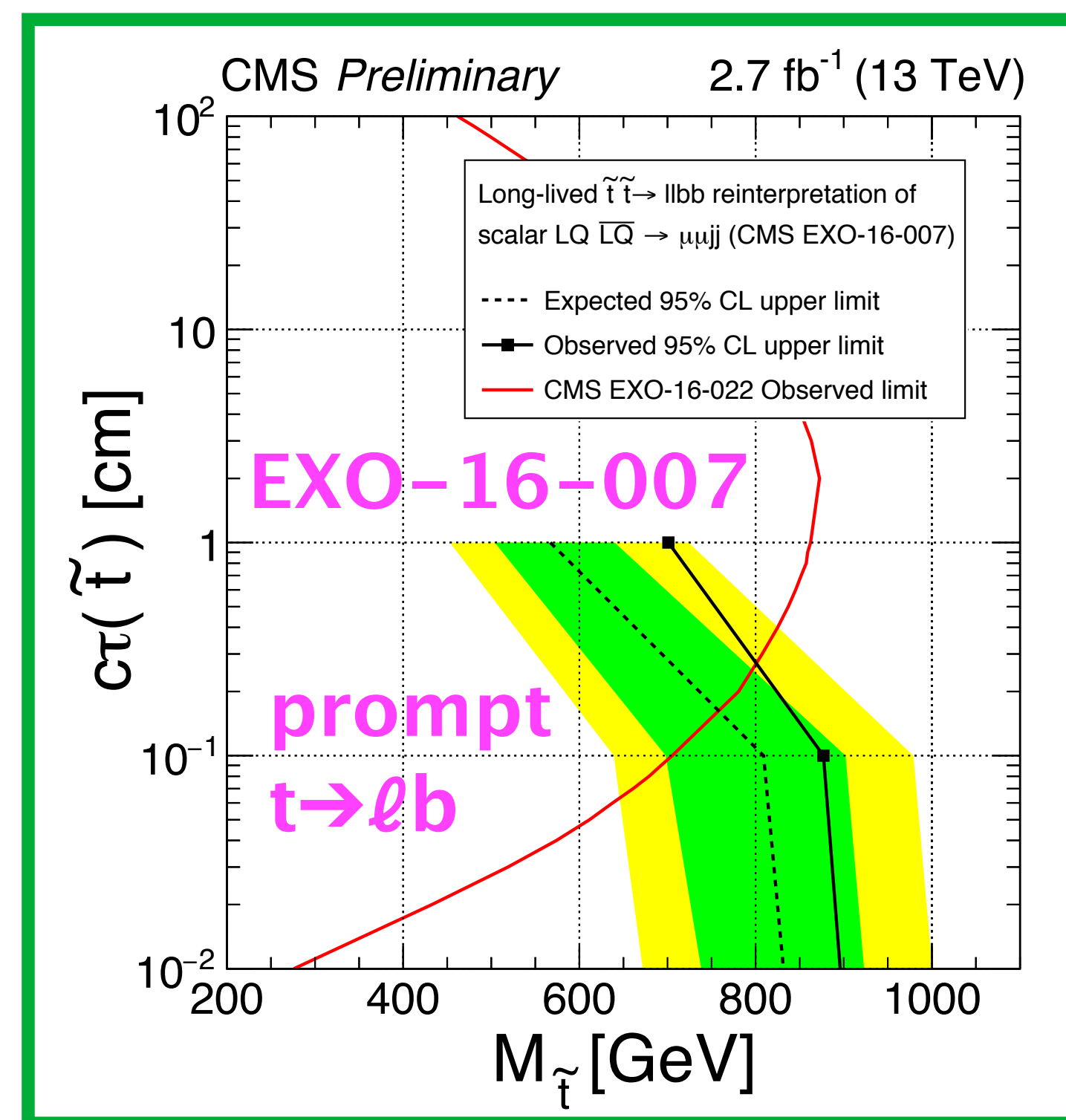
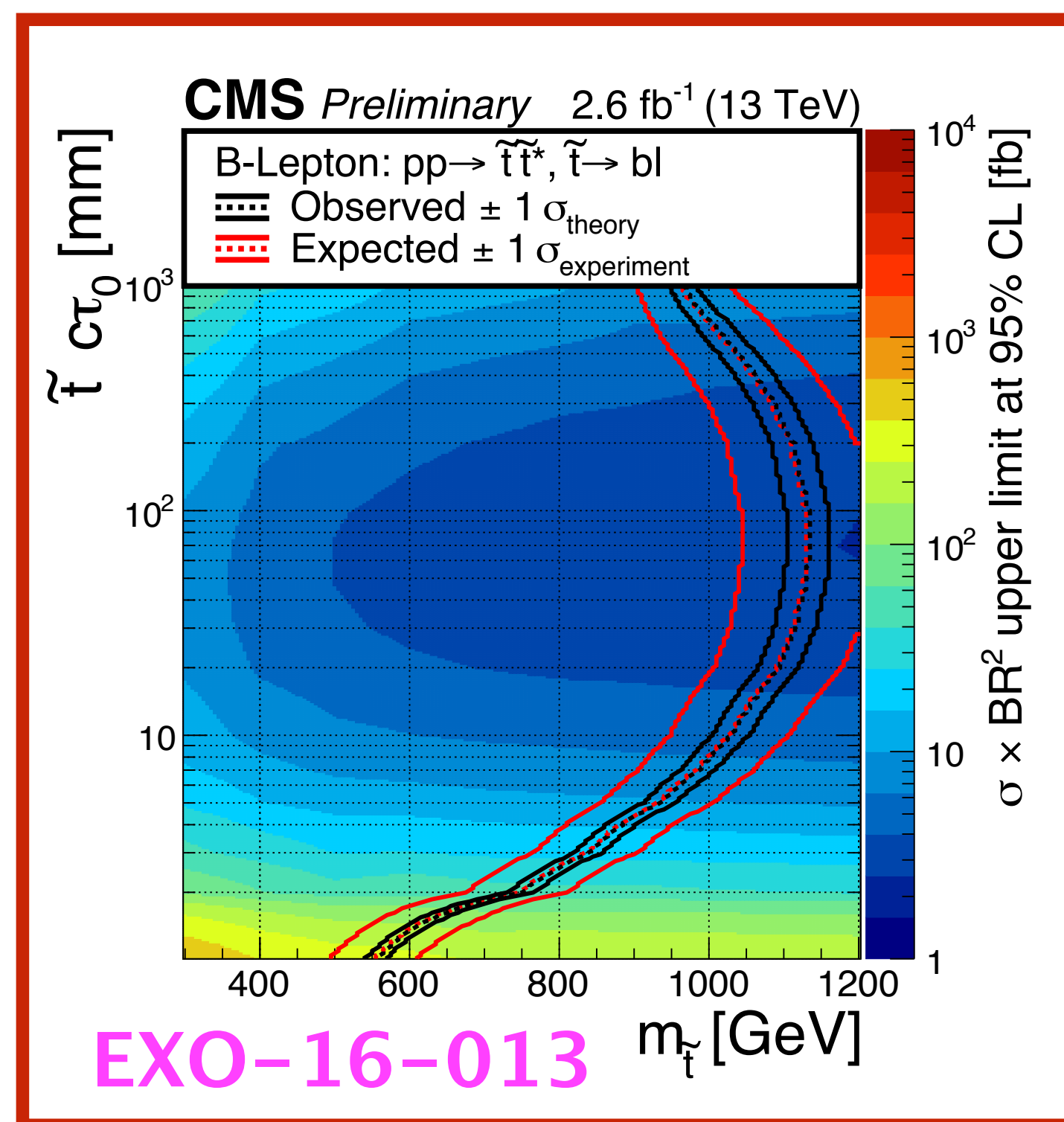
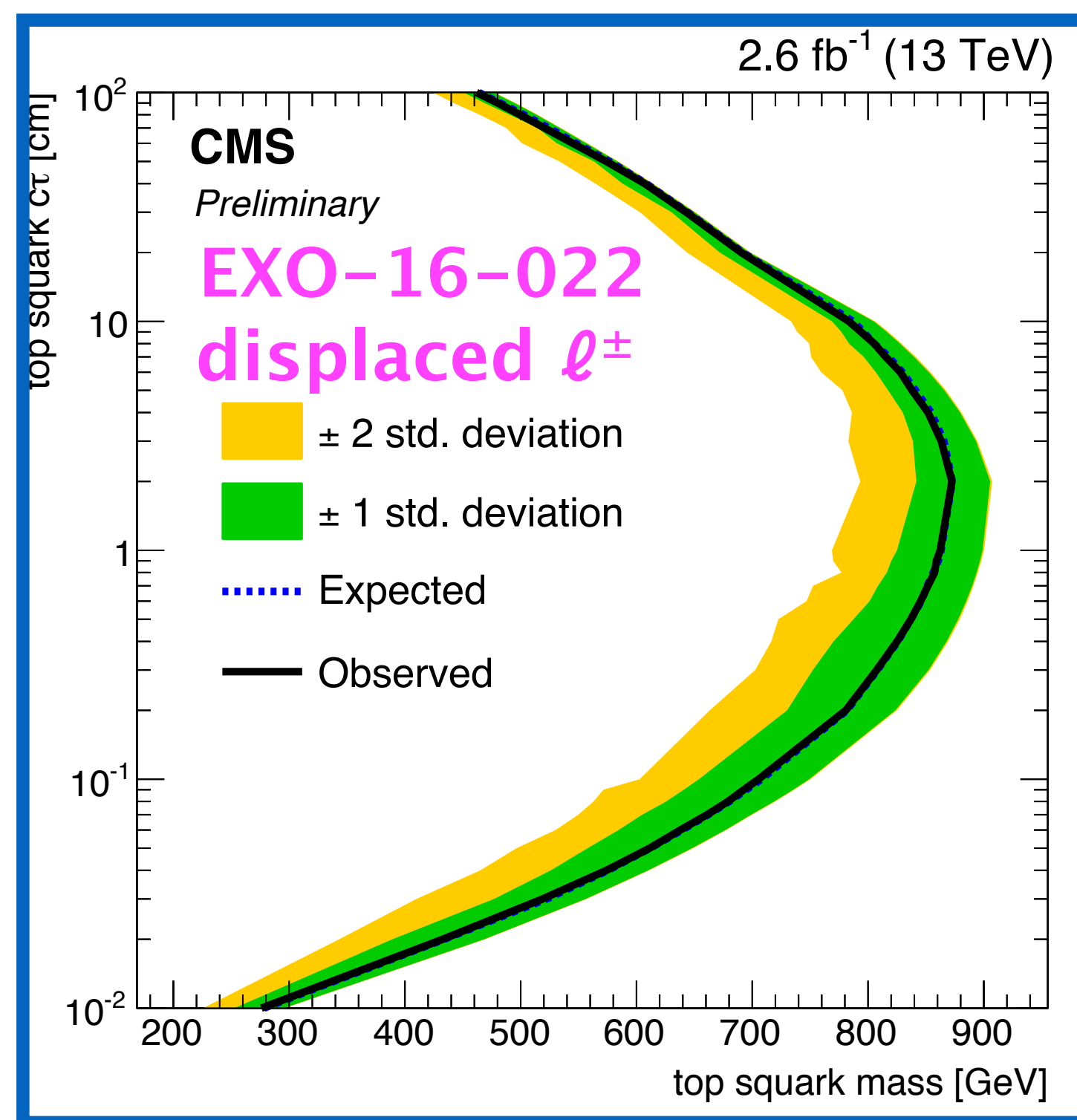
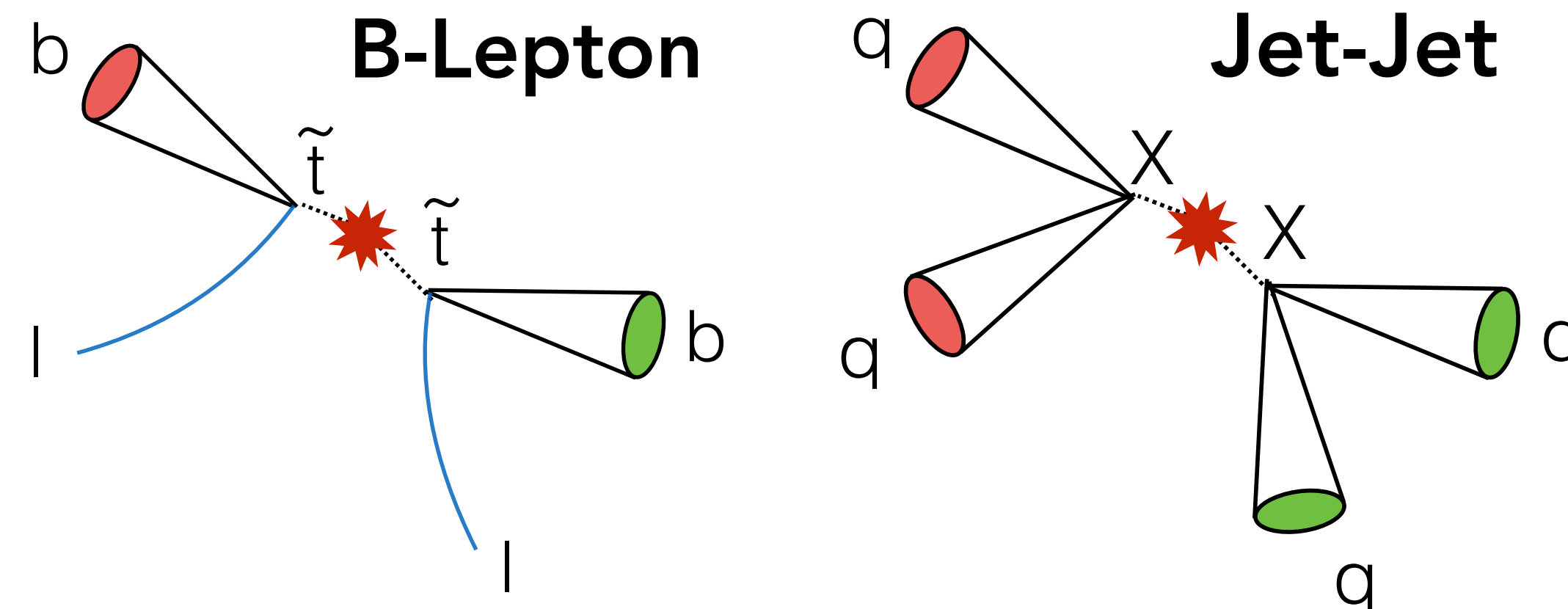


Displaced jets

EXO-16-003

- Special tracking and trigger
- Run 2: analysis based on number of displaced jets (N_{tags}), rather than search for displaced dijet.

N_{tags}	Expected	Observed
2	1.09 ± 0.16	1
≥ 3	$(4.9 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-4}$	0



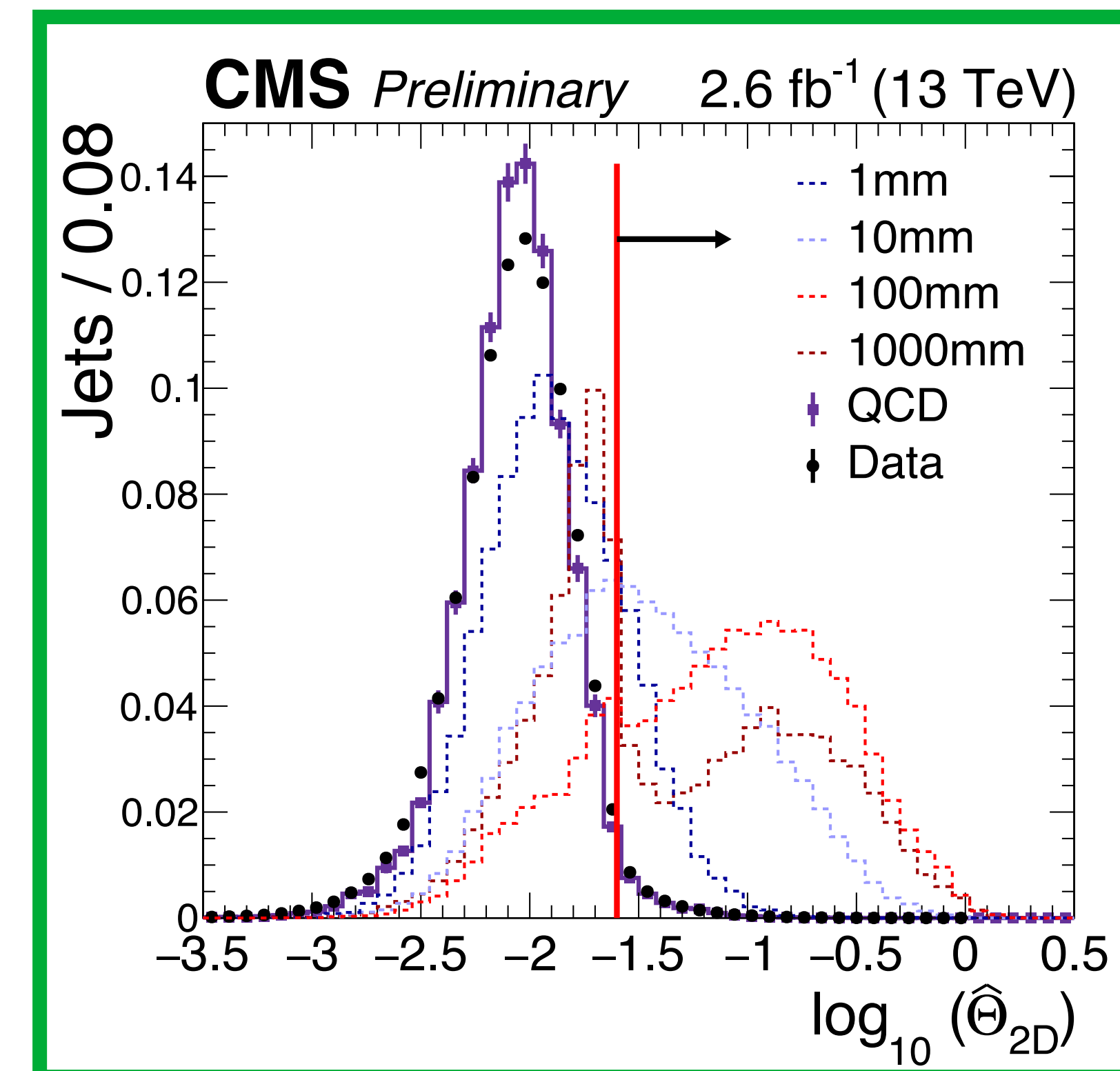
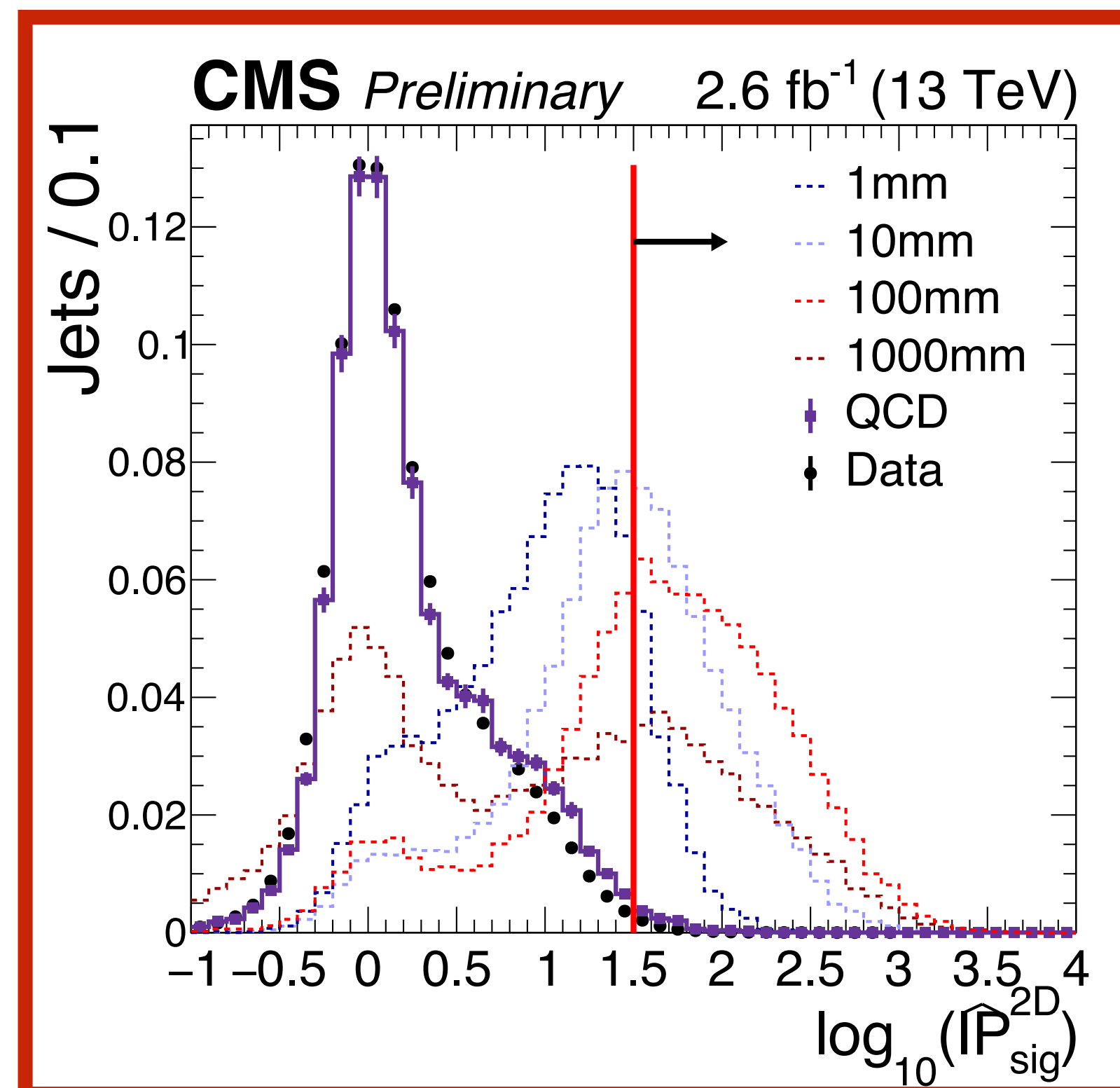
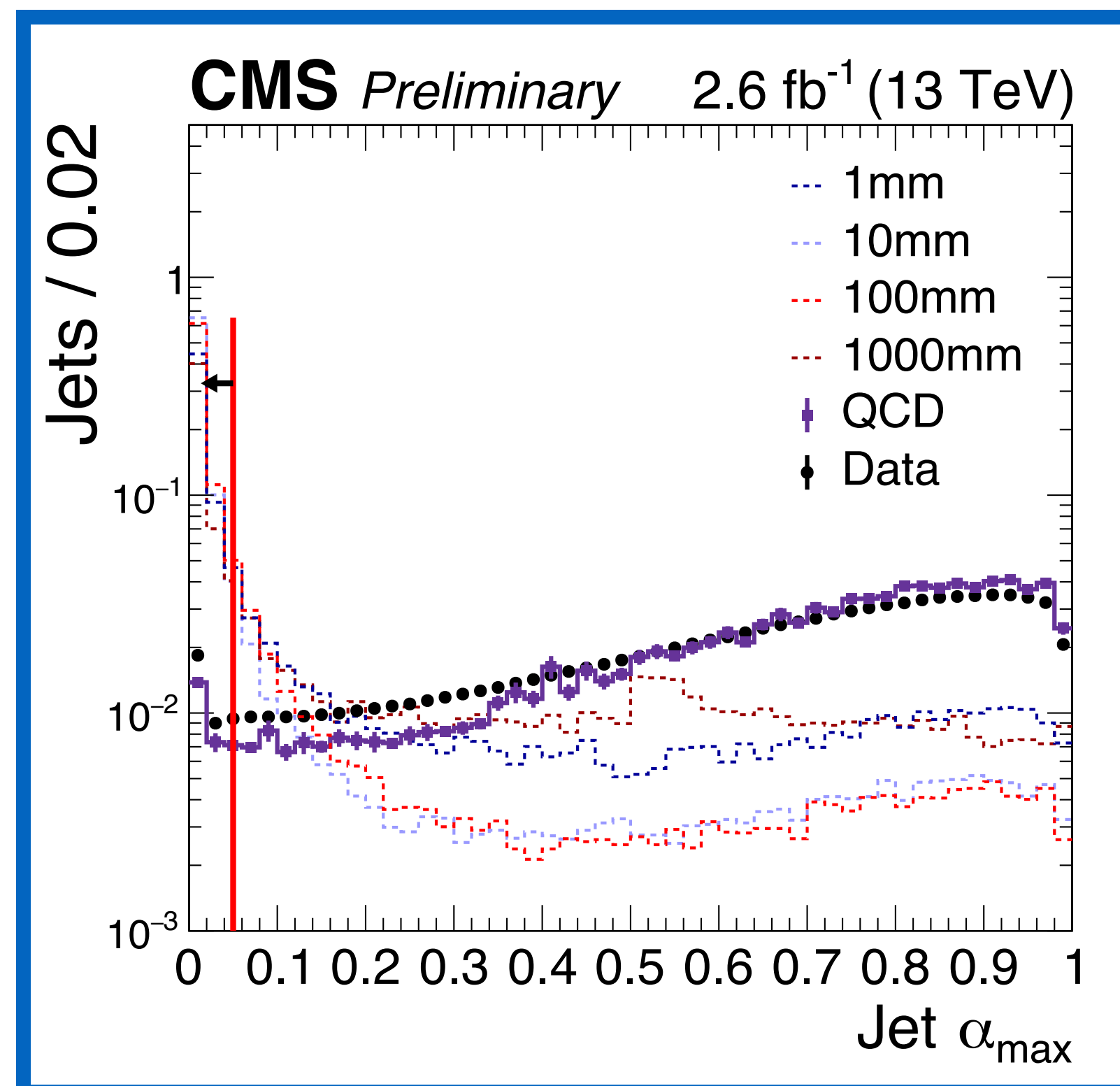
Displaced jets variables

Vertex α : fraction of jet's track p_T to event vertex.

α_{\max} : maximum over all vertices

IPsig : median for all tracks in jet of transverse d.o.c.a of track to primary vertex divided by uncertainty

θ_{2D} : median for all tracks in jet of transverse angle between track direction at innermost hit and direction to PV



CMS Detector

Solenoid

3.8T field, 6m internal diameter

All silicon tracker

66M pixels
10M microstrips

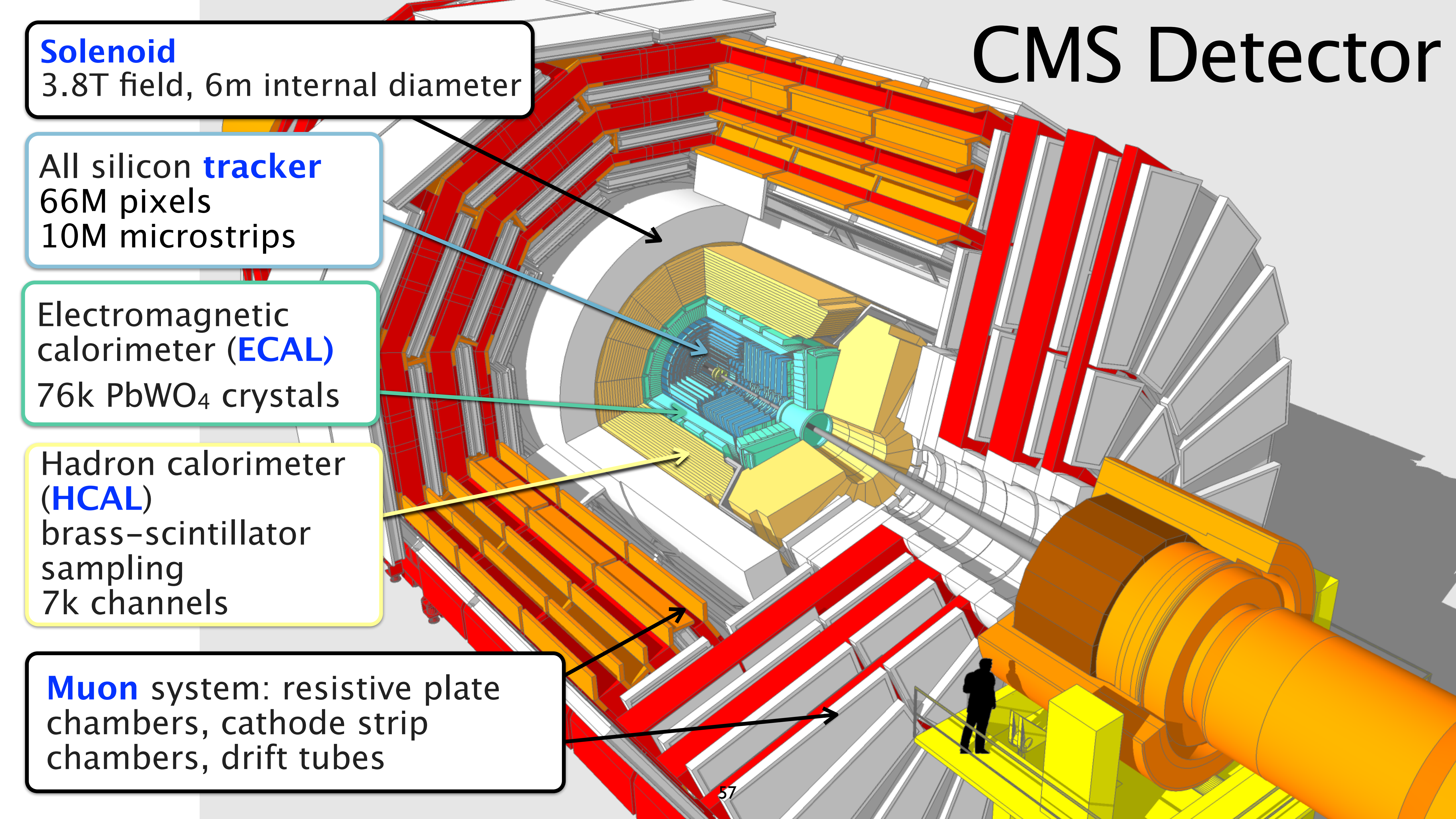
Electromagnetic calorimeter (ECAL)

76k PbWO_4 crystals

Hadron calorimeter (HCAL)

brass-scintillator sampling
7k channels

Muon system: resistive plate chambers, cathode strip chambers, drift tubes



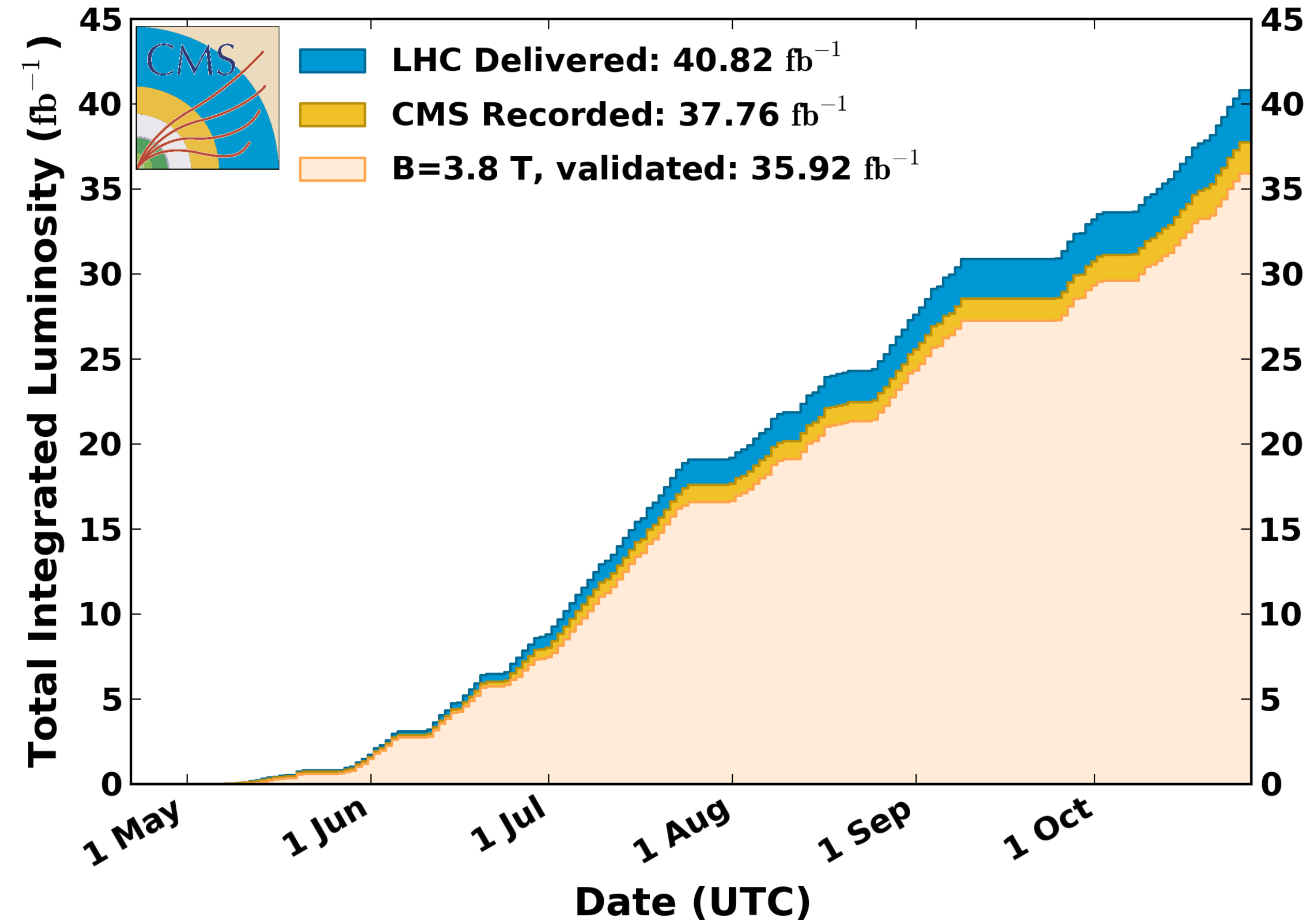
CMS 2016 detector performance

- Data taking efficiency ~ 93%
- Data certification efficiency ~ 95%

CMS preliminary results: April 22 nd - October 27 th 2016								
Tracker		Calorimeters			Muon Spectrometer			Operational Issue
Pixel	SST	ECAL	ES	HCAL	CSC	DT	RPC	Tracker HV ramp
99.9	99.1	99.3	99.7	99.6	99.9	99.9	99.6	99.5
All good for physics: 96%								

CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp, 2016, $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

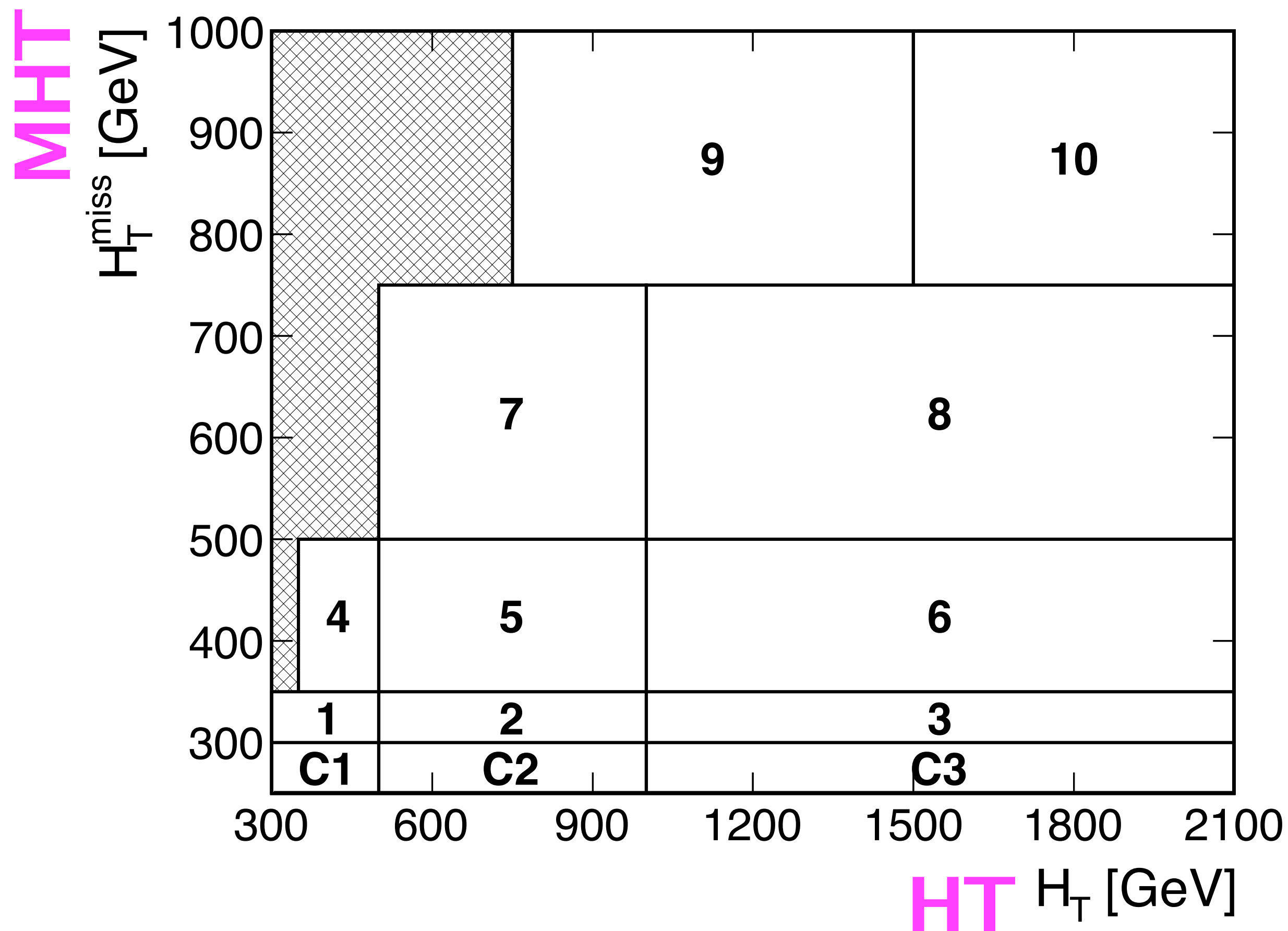
Data included from 2016-04-22 22:48 to 2016-10-27 14:12 UTC



Event categorization

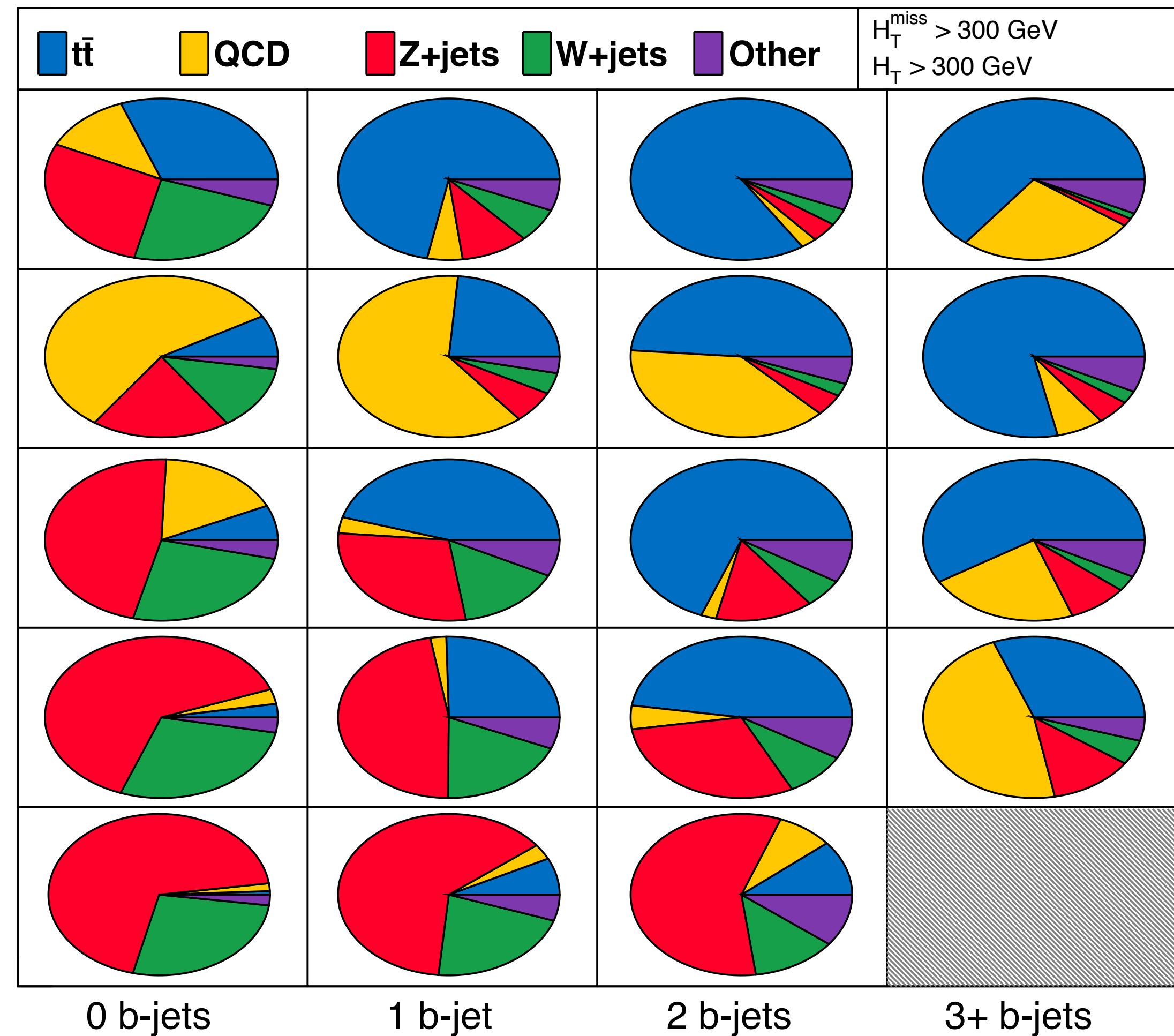
SUS-16-033

174 categories based on
 N_j, N_b, MHT, HT



CMS *Supplementary (Simulation)* (13 TeV)

N_j

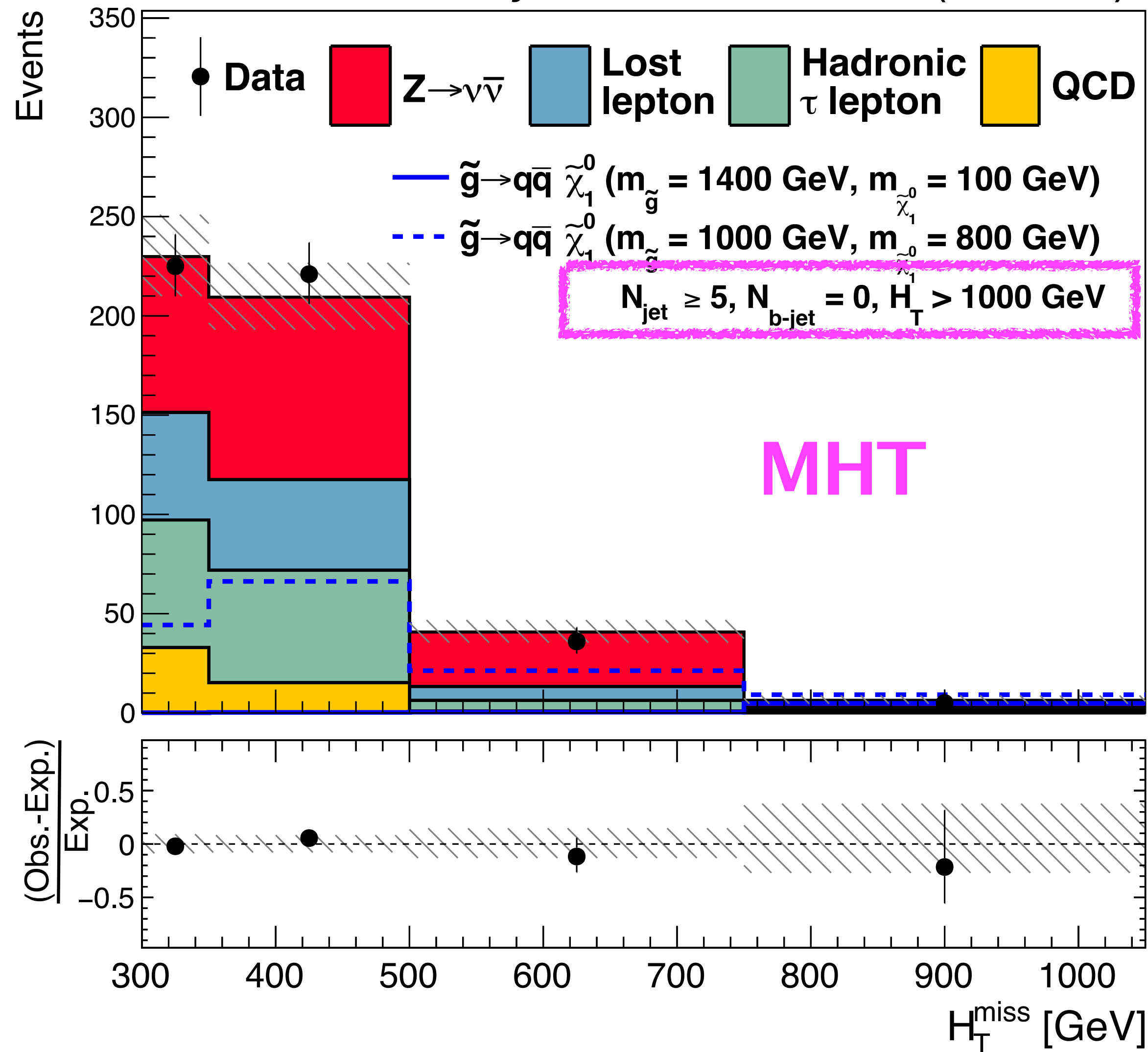


Kinematic distributions

SUS-16-033

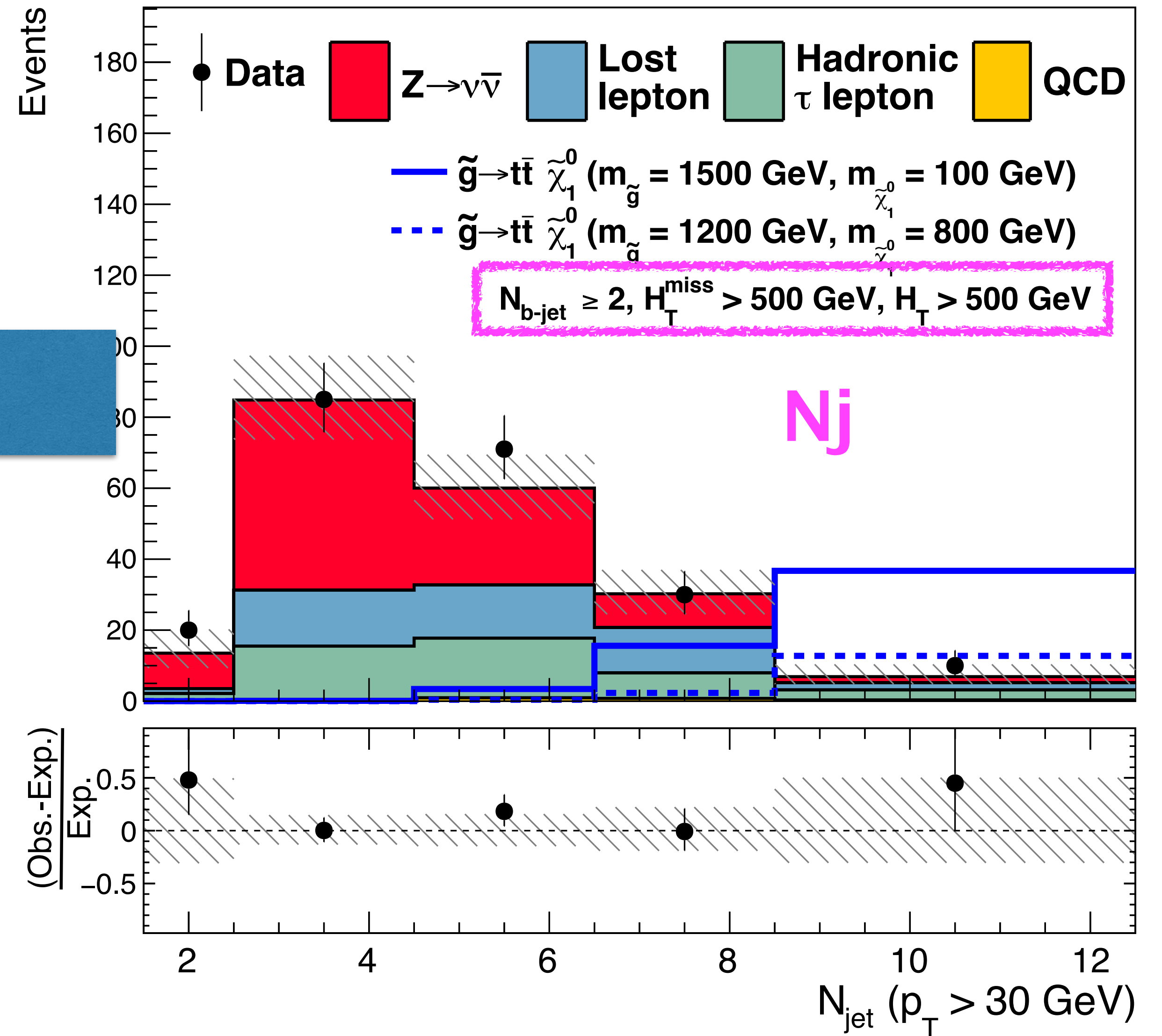
CMS Preliminary

35.9 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)



CMS Preliminary

35.9 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)



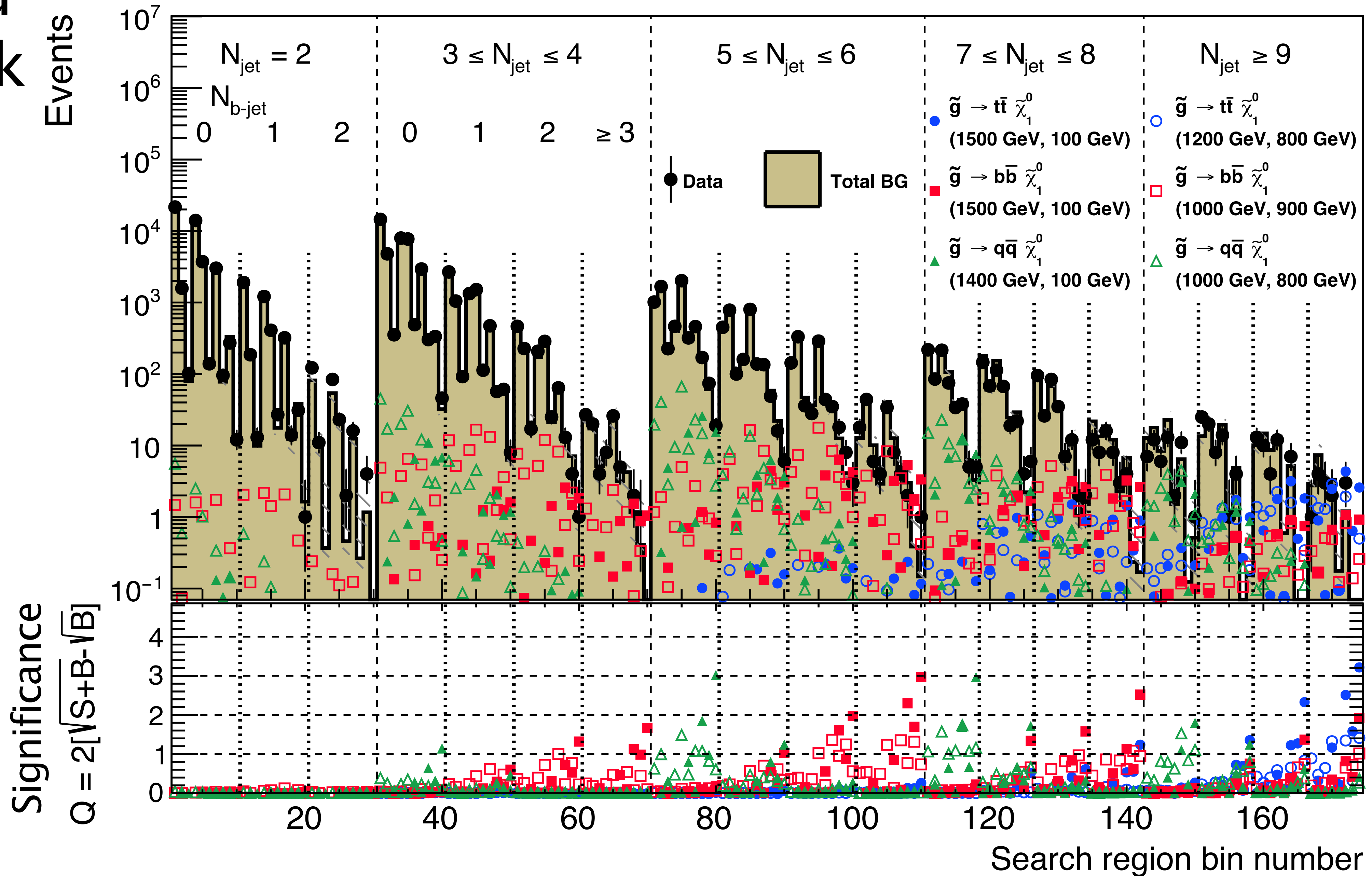
What would a signal look like?

SUS-16-033

Expect correlated excesses for real signal.

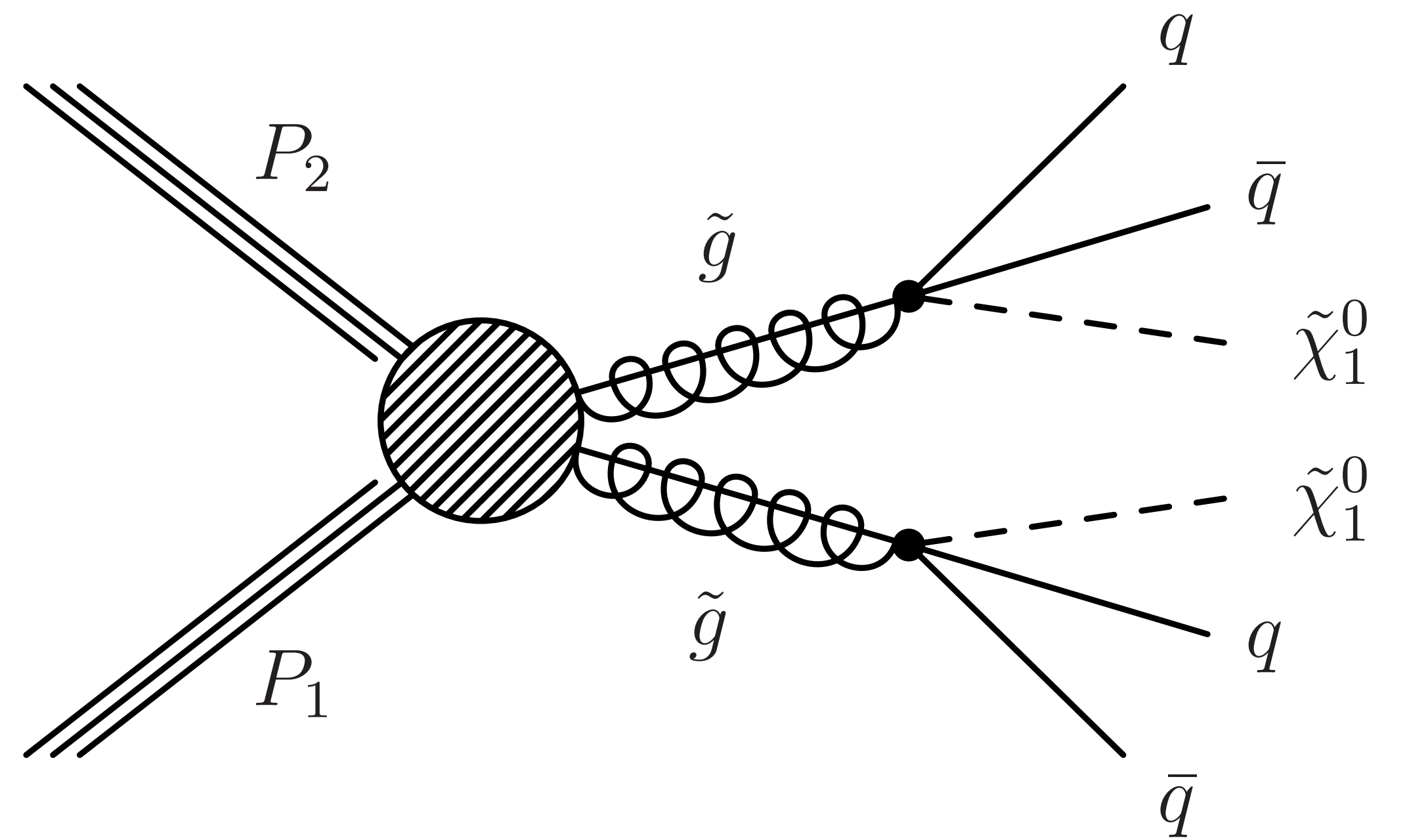
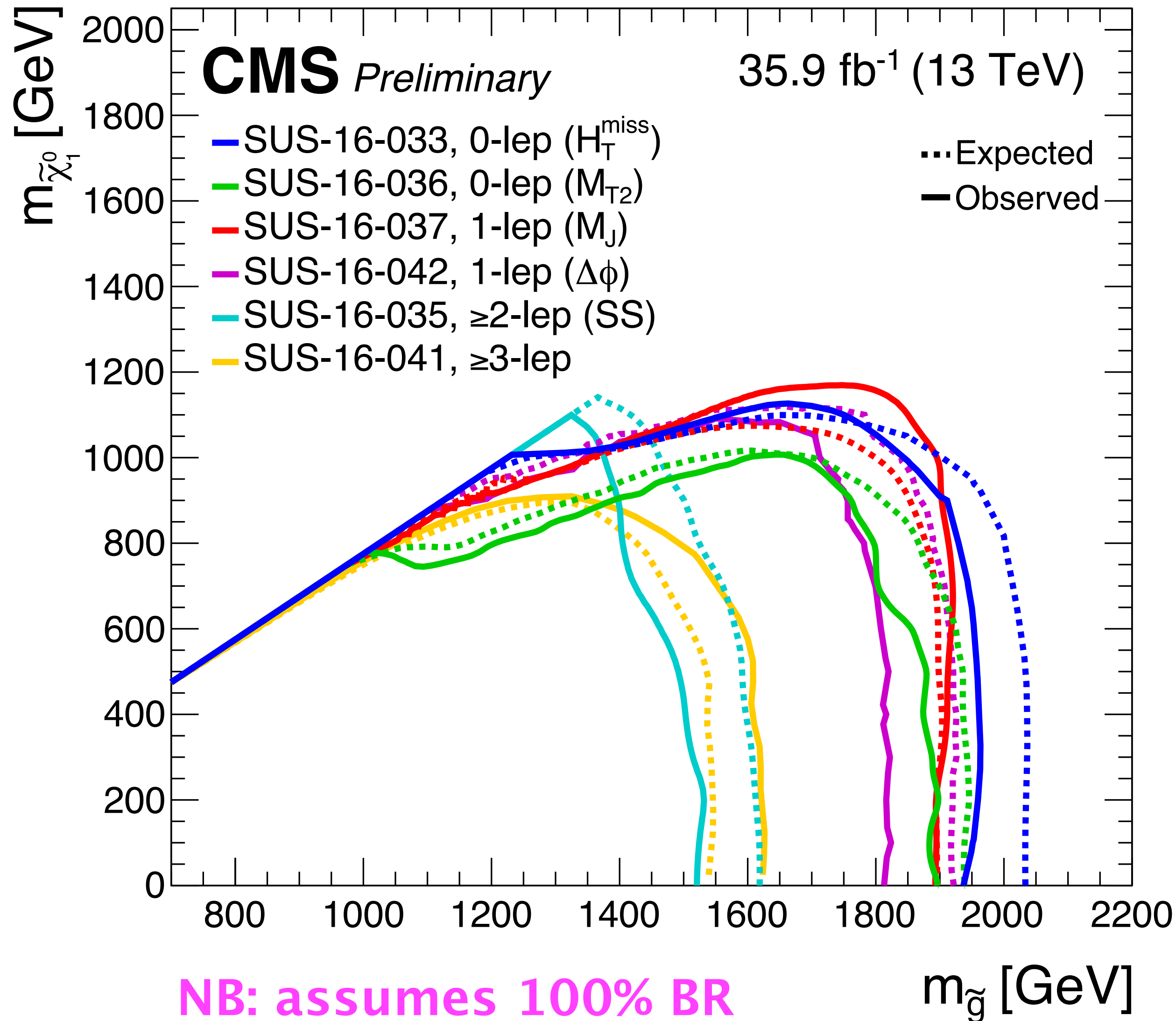
CMS *Supplementary*

35.9 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)



Gluino sensitivity

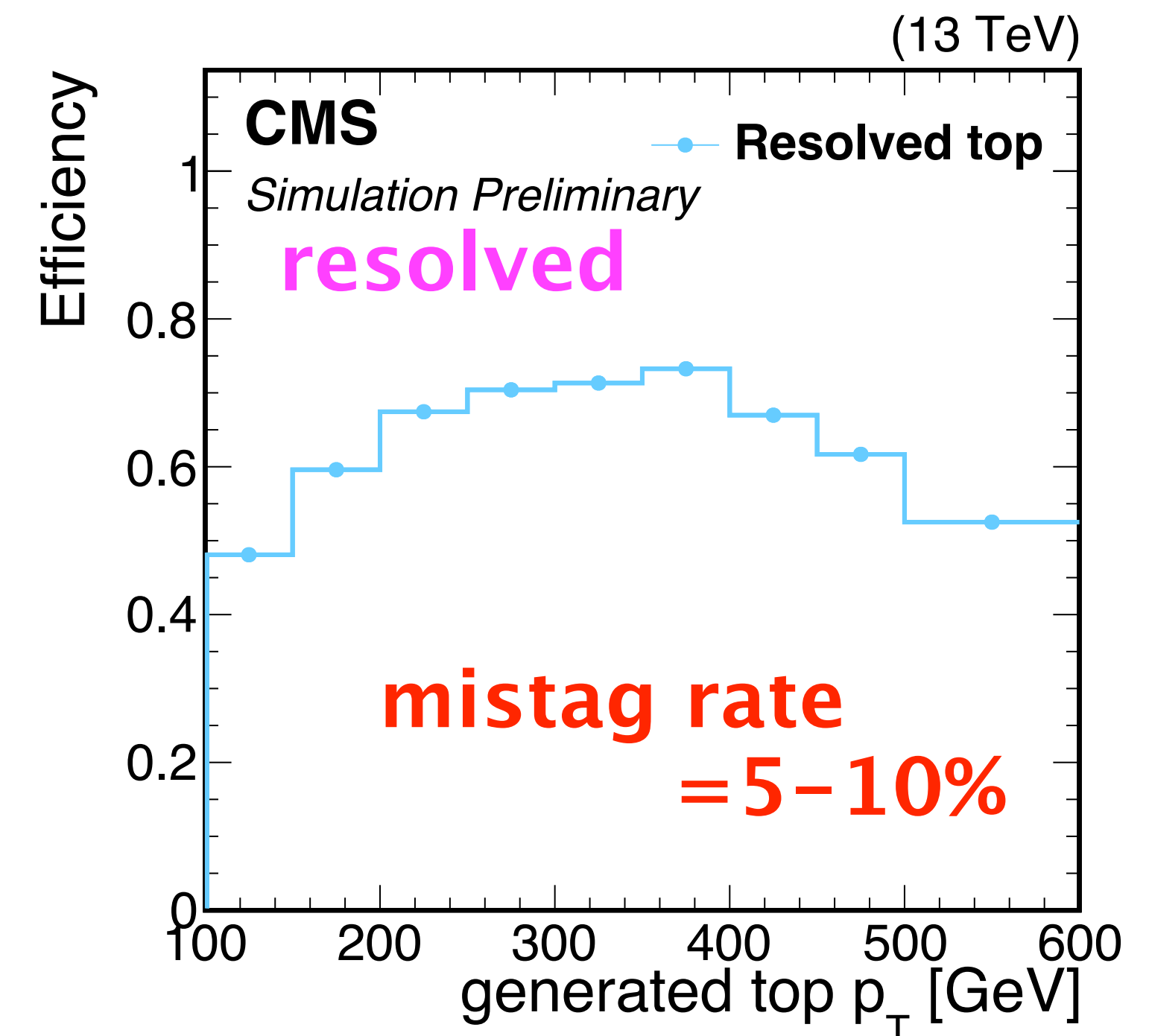
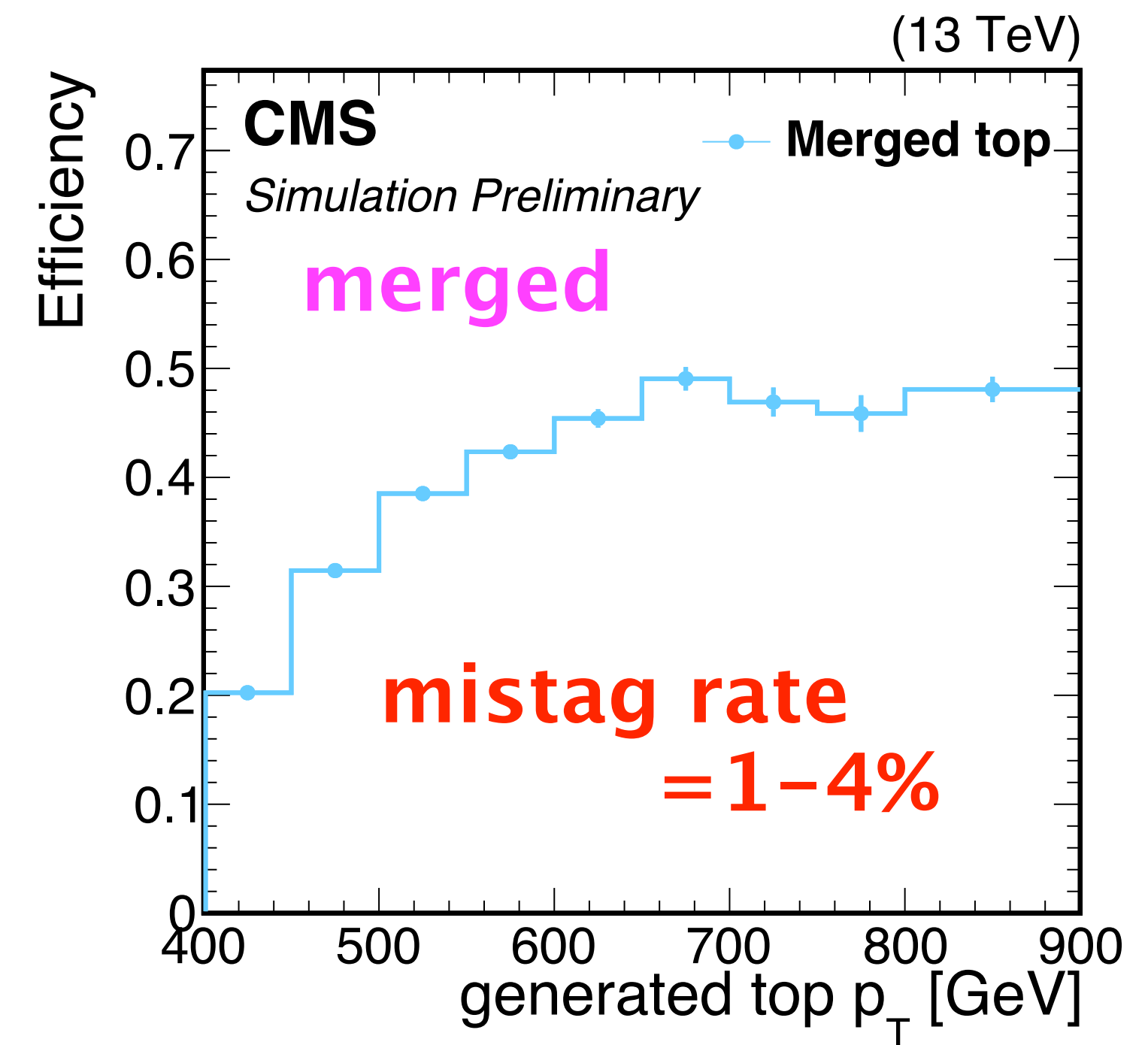
$pp \rightarrow \tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\bar{t} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ *Moriond 2017*



Identifying top quarks

SUS-16-049

1. select candidate **merged tops** (W bosons):
 - $M_{\text{jet}} > 110$ GeV (50–110 GeV), $p_{\text{T}} > 400$ GeV (200 GeV)
2. identify merged tops (Ws) with **boosted decision tree** (BDT)
 - jet mass corrected for soft radiation effects (**soft-drop**)
 - sub-jet consistency and kinematics (**N-subjettiness**)
 - b-tagging discriminant
3. select candidate **resolved tops** from remaining jets
 - Mass consistent with top
4. identify resolved tops with **BDT** based on jet 4-vectors and b-tagging discriminant.
 - Both **BDTs discriminate between** truth-matched and non-matched tops in tt simulation.



$\Delta m > m_W$ selection

SUS-16-049

Basic selection

- $N_b \geq 1, N_{\text{jets}} \geq 5$
- $\Delta\phi(\text{jets}, \text{MET}) > 0.5$
- $\text{MET} > 250 \text{ GeV}$

Sample with minimum $m_T^*(b, \text{MET}) < m_{\text{top}}$ is top enriched so also requires

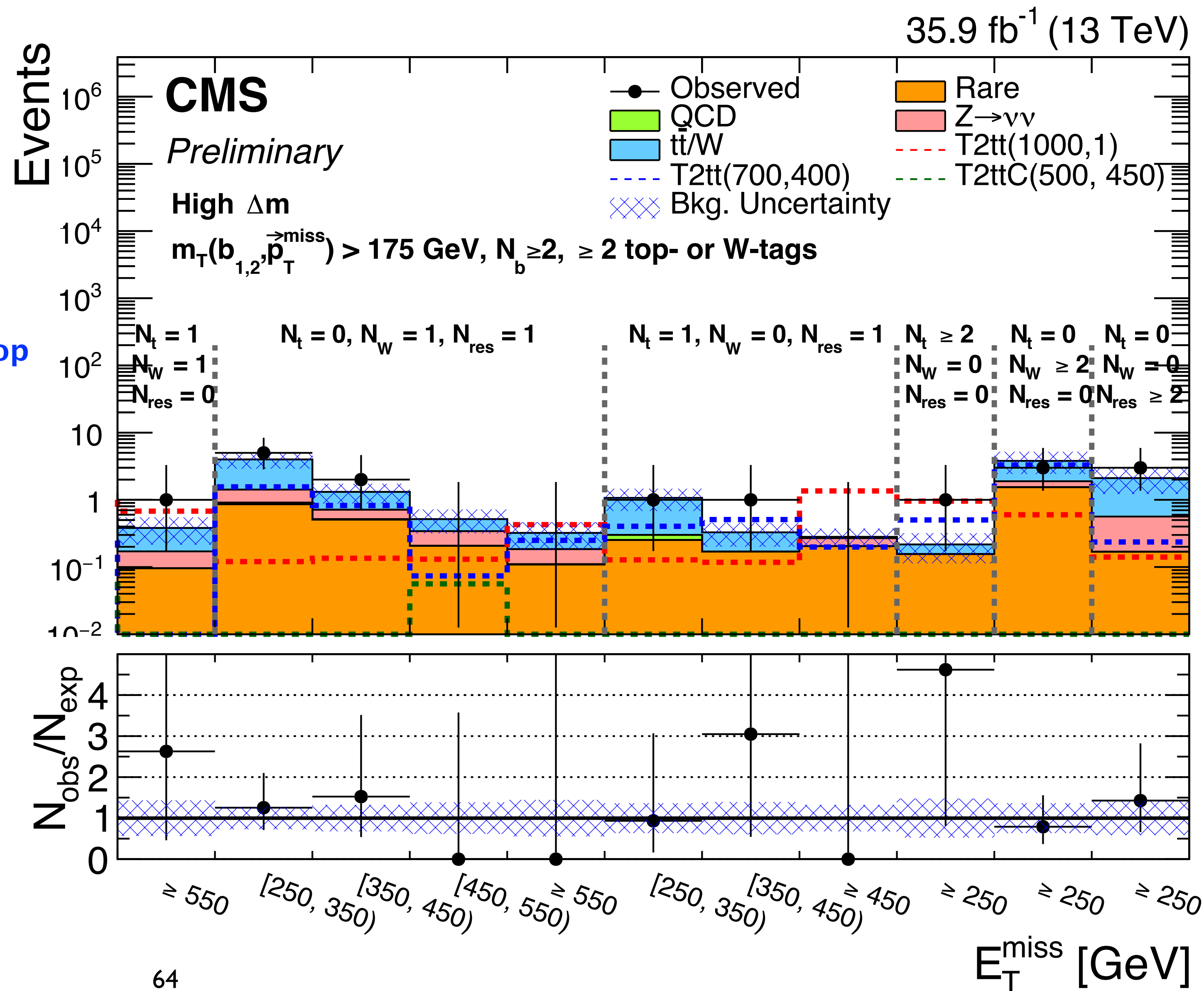
- $N_{\text{jets}} \geq 7$
- $N_{\text{resolved}} \geq 1$

Classify according to:

- $N_{\text{merged-top}}, N_{\text{resolved-top}}, N_W, N_j, N_b$

$$* m_T(q_1, q_2) = 2p_{T1}p_{T2}(1 - \cos\Delta\phi)$$

$$m_T(q_1, q_2) \leq (q_1 + q_2)^2$$



$\Delta m < m_W$ selection

SUS-16-049

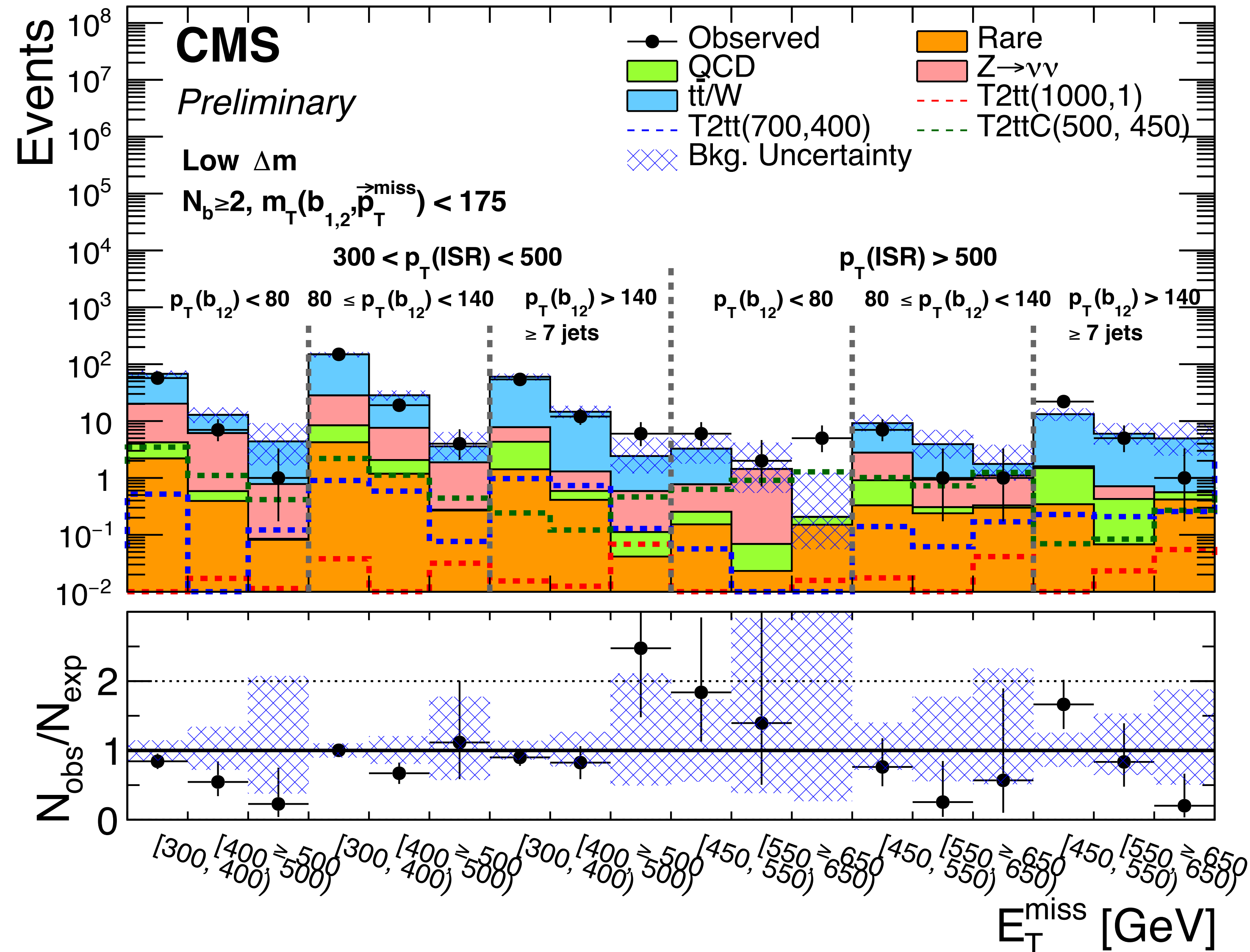
35.9 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

Basic selection

- $N(\ell) = 0, N_j \geq 2,$
- $N_{\text{merged-top}} = N_{\text{resolved-top}} = N_W = 0$
- $\text{MET} > 250 \text{ GeV}$
- ISR jet with $p_T > 200 \text{ GeV}$
- MET significance $> 10 \text{ GeV}^{1/2}$
- minimum $m_T(b, \text{MET}) < 175 \text{ GeV}$
(for orthogonality with high Δm)

Classify according to:

- N_b, N_j
- ISR jet $p_T, b_{\text{jet}} \text{ sum } p_T$
- number of secondary vertices



Z+jets+MET search ($\Delta m > m_z$)

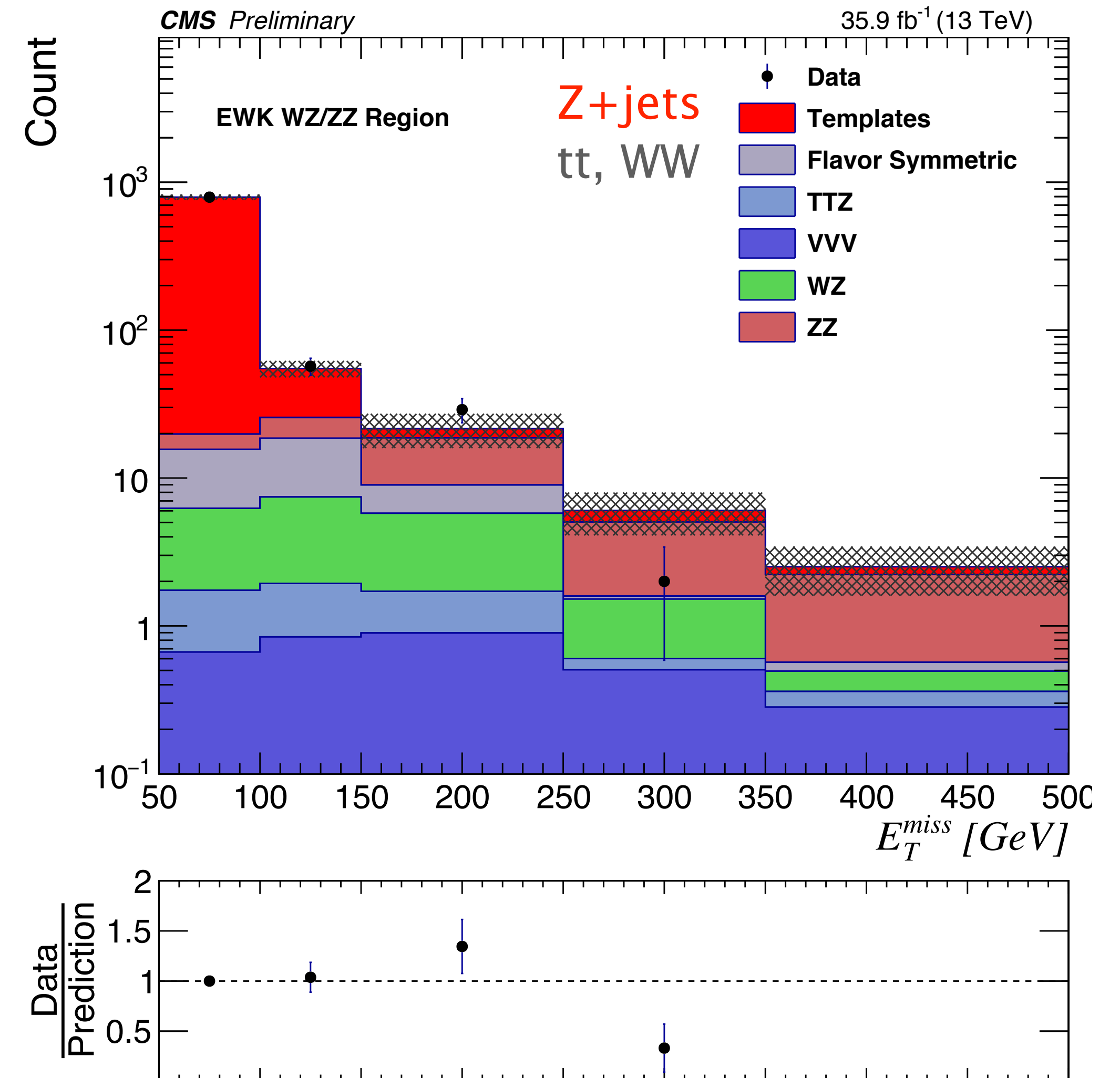
SUS-16-034

Selection

	Selection	motivation
Leptons	$e^\pm e^\mp$ or $\mu^\pm \mu^\mp$	
MET	> 100 GeV	reduce SM
$m(\ell\ell)$	consistent with Z	reduce tt
N_b	0	
$MT2(\ell\ell)$	> 80 GeV	
N_j	≥ 2	reduce Z+jets
$m(jj)$	< 110 GeV	

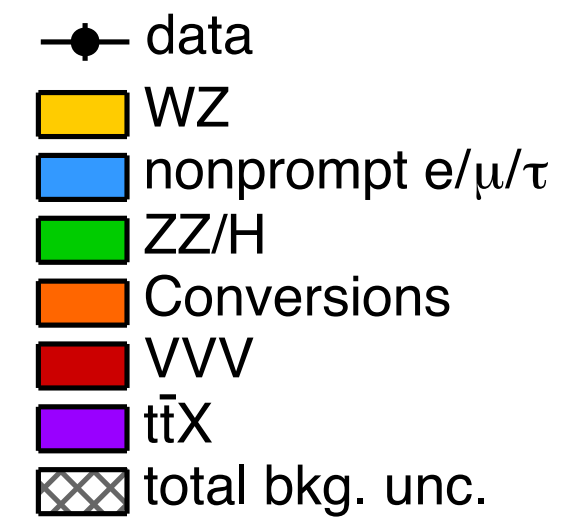
Backgrounds

- Z+jets with mismeasured jet
 - MET shape from γ +jets
- VV: simulation estimate validated in 3ℓ & 4ℓ data
- tt + WW : estimate from $e^\pm \mu^\mp$



SUS-16-039

3 ℓ +MET search ($\Delta m \sim m_z$)



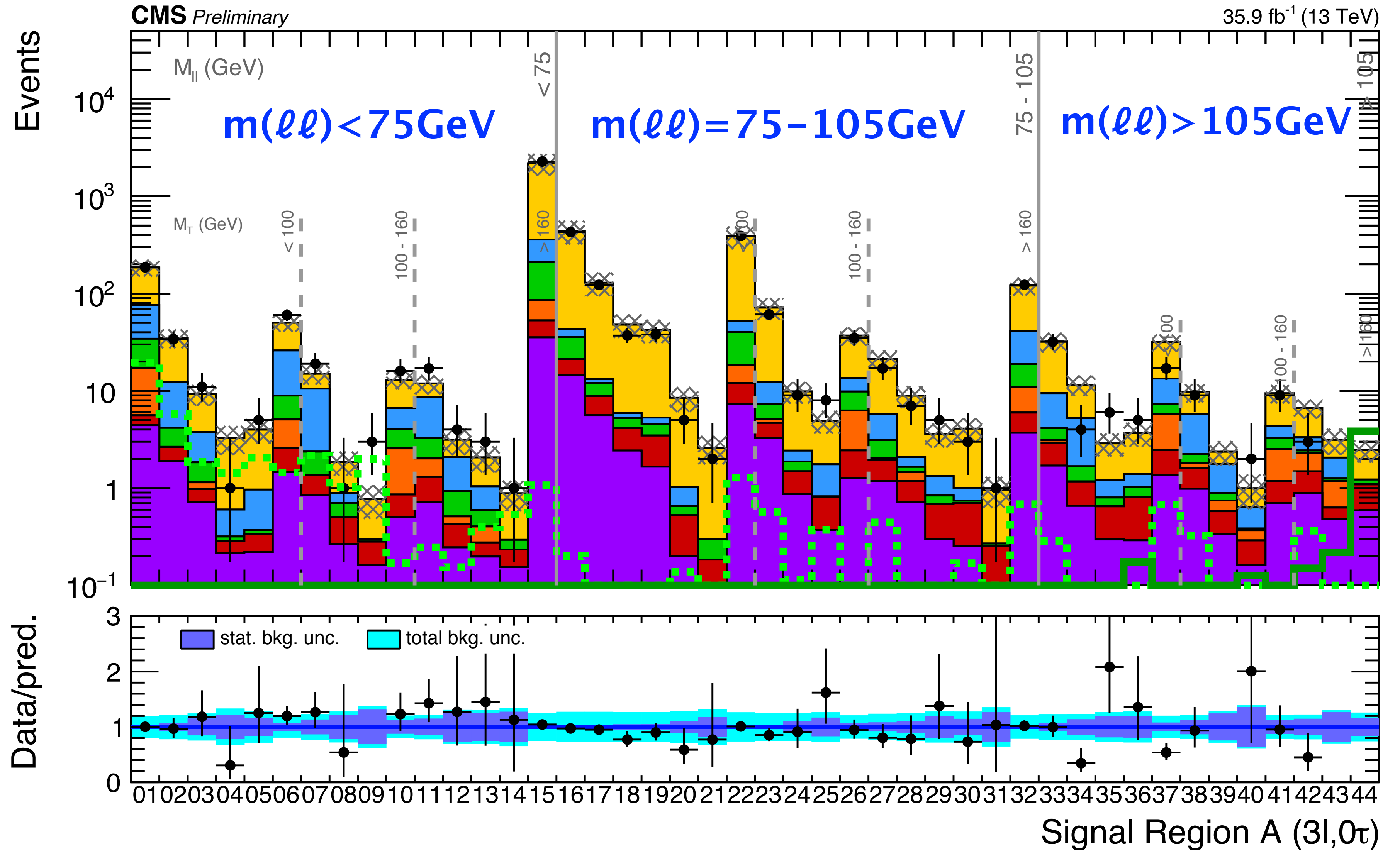
Select

- $e^\pm e^\mp + \ell$ or $\mu^\pm \mu^\mp + \ell$
- MET > 50 GeV
- $N_b=0$ suppresses $t\bar{t}$

- Categorize by $m(\ell\ell)$, $m_T(\ell_3, \text{MET})$, MET.

Backgrounds

- WZ estimated with MET < 100 GeV sample
- nonprompt ℓ with relaxed ℓ sample



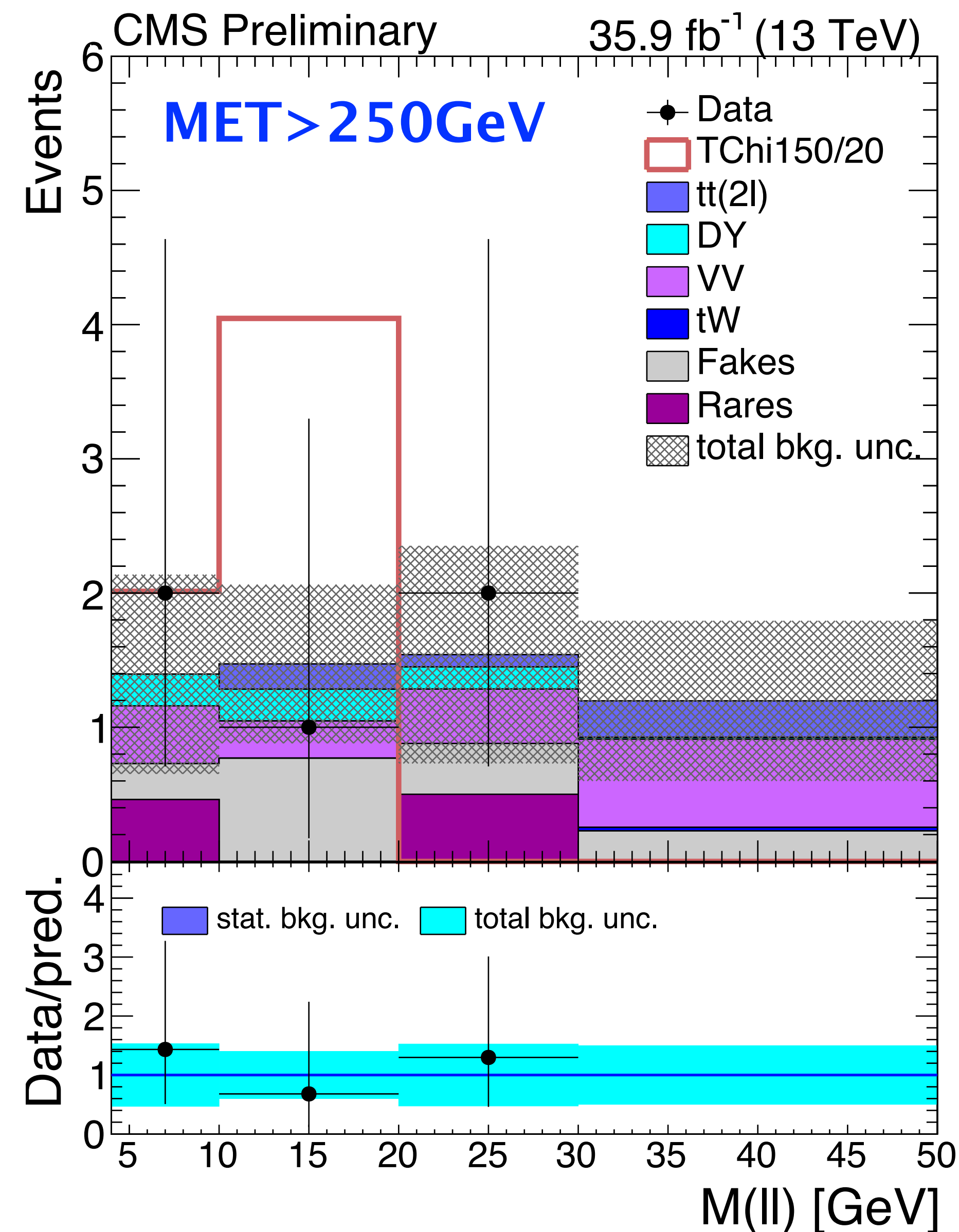
2 low- p_T ℓ + MET (small Δm)

SUS-16-048

- Special trigger: 2 muons with $p_T > 3\text{ GeV}$ and $\text{MET} > 50\text{ GeV}$ (from ISR boost)

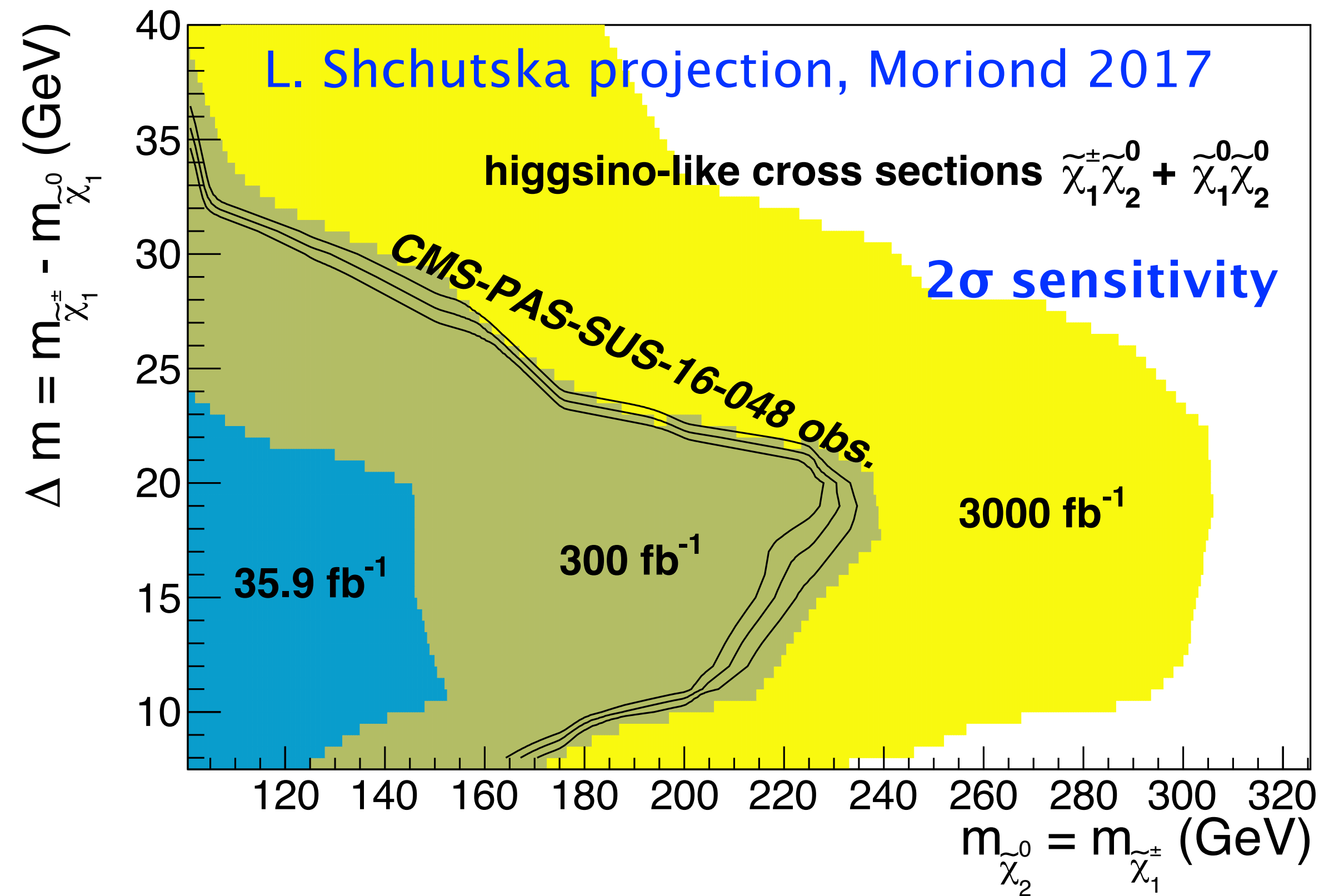
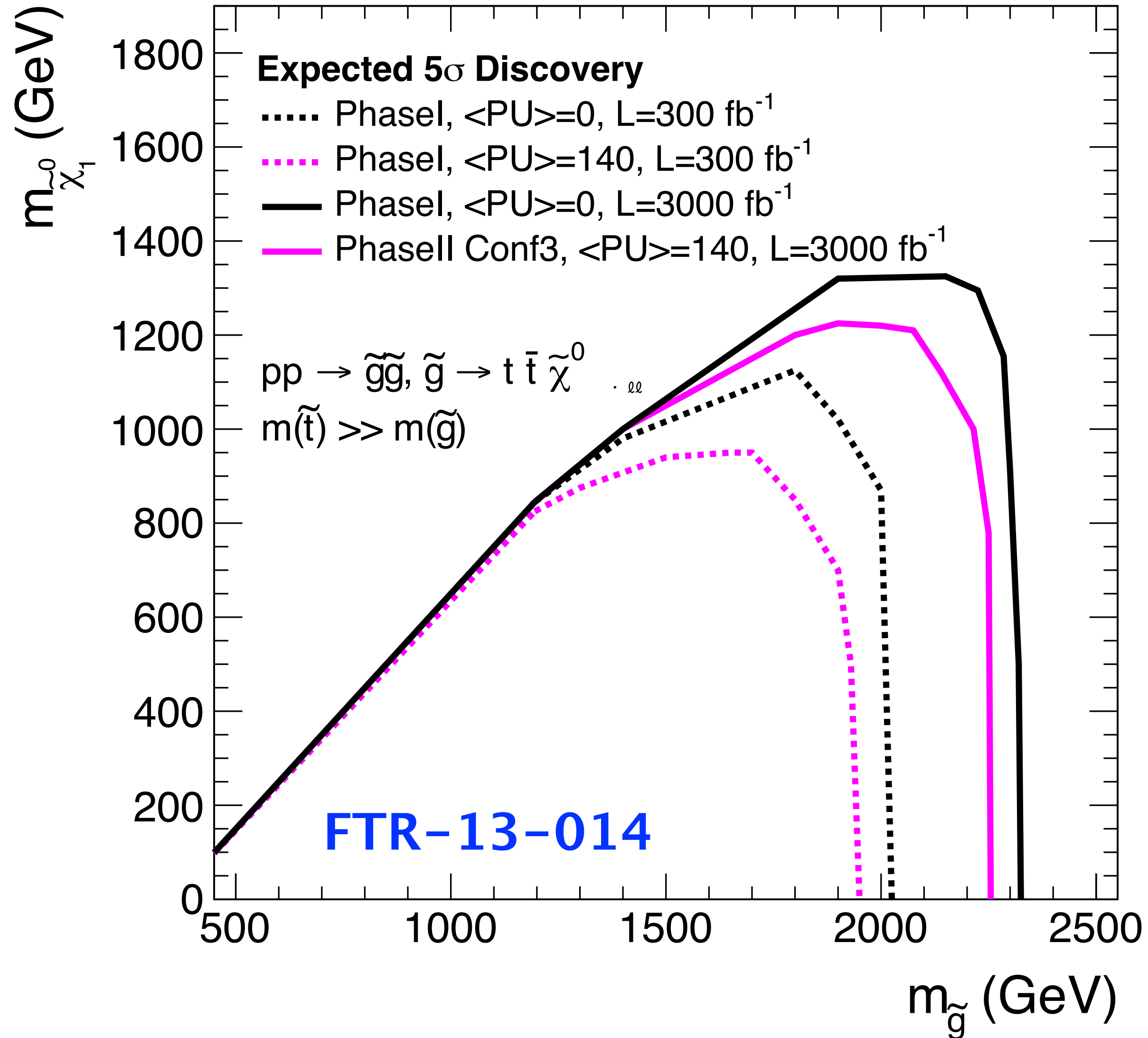
	Selection	motivation
Leptons	$e^\pm e^\mp$ or $\mu^\pm \mu^\mp$	
MET	$> 125\text{ GeV}$	trigger
N_j (ISR)	≥ 1	
ℓp_T	$5-30\text{ GeV}$	reduce tt
N_b	0	
$m_T(\ell, \text{MET})$	$< 70\text{ GeV}$	
MET/HT	$0.6 - 1.4$	reduce QCD
$m(\ell\ell)$	$[4,9], [10.5,50]\text{ GeV}$	reduce SM $\ell\ell$ resonances

- Bkg estimates from data; e.g. VV in m_T ctrl sample
- Categorize based on $m(\ell\ell)$ and MET.



SUSY reach at HL-LHC

CMS Simulation $\sqrt{s} = 14$ TeV



**Higgsino reach 230 GeV
for small Δm .**

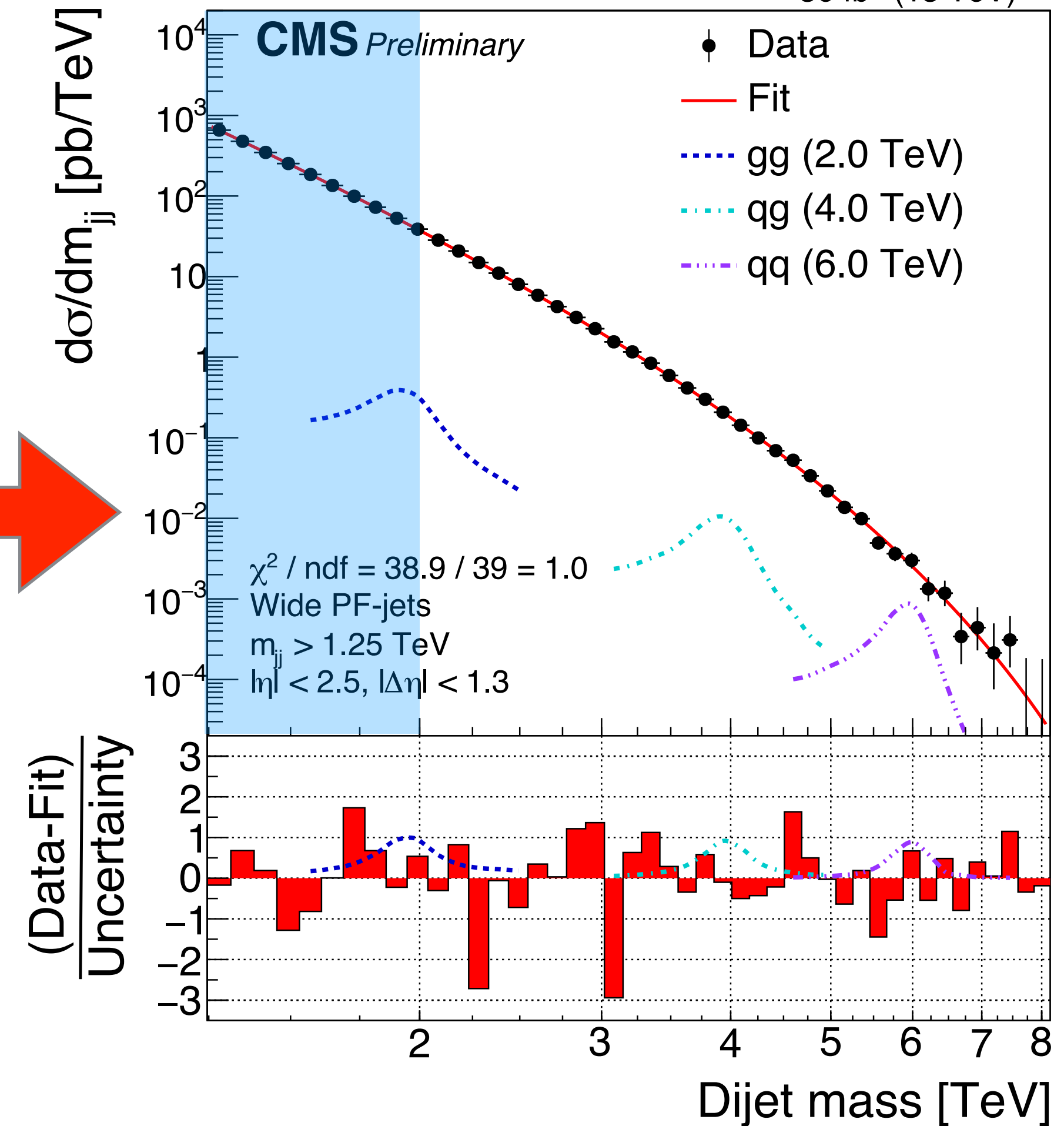
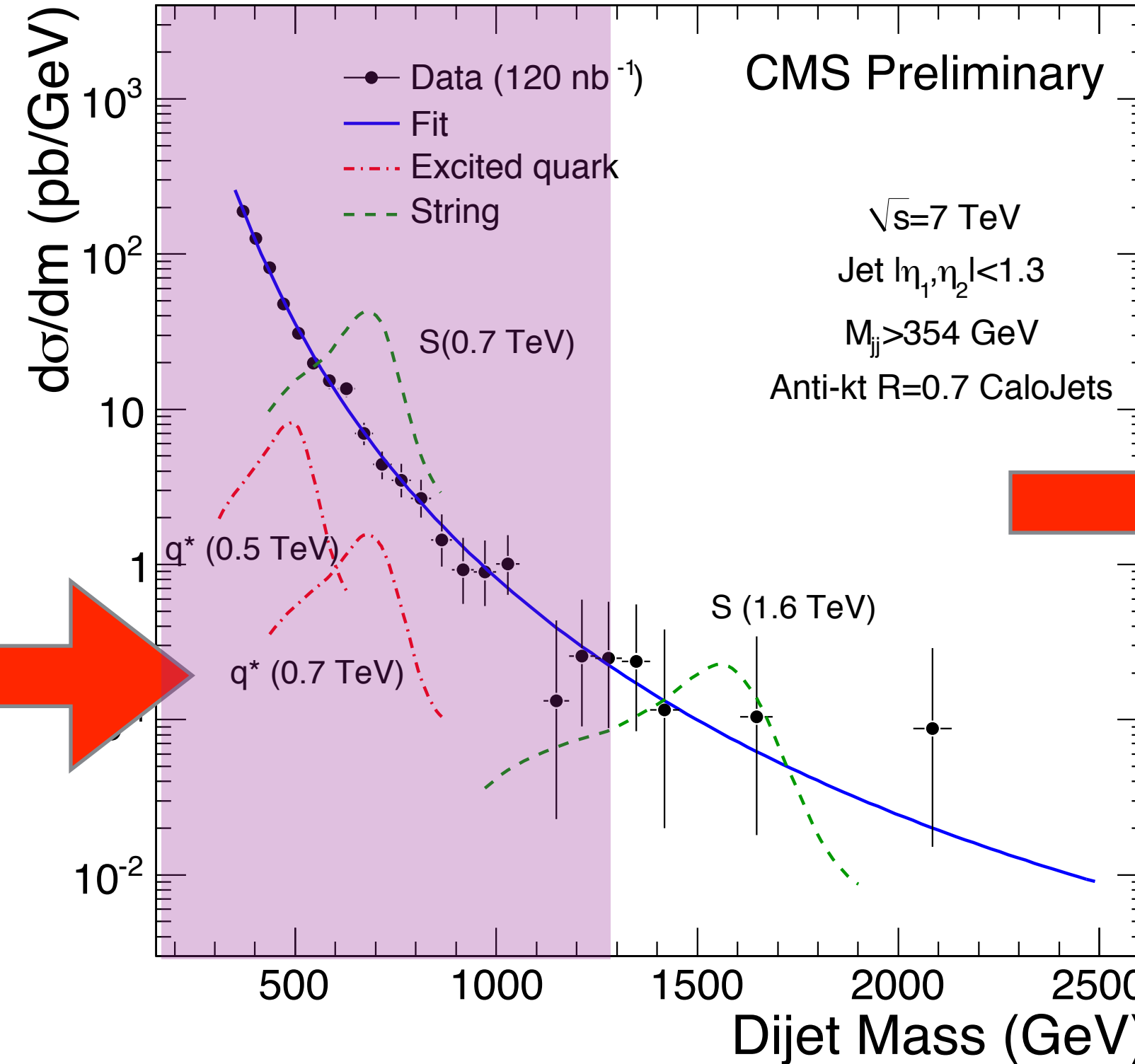
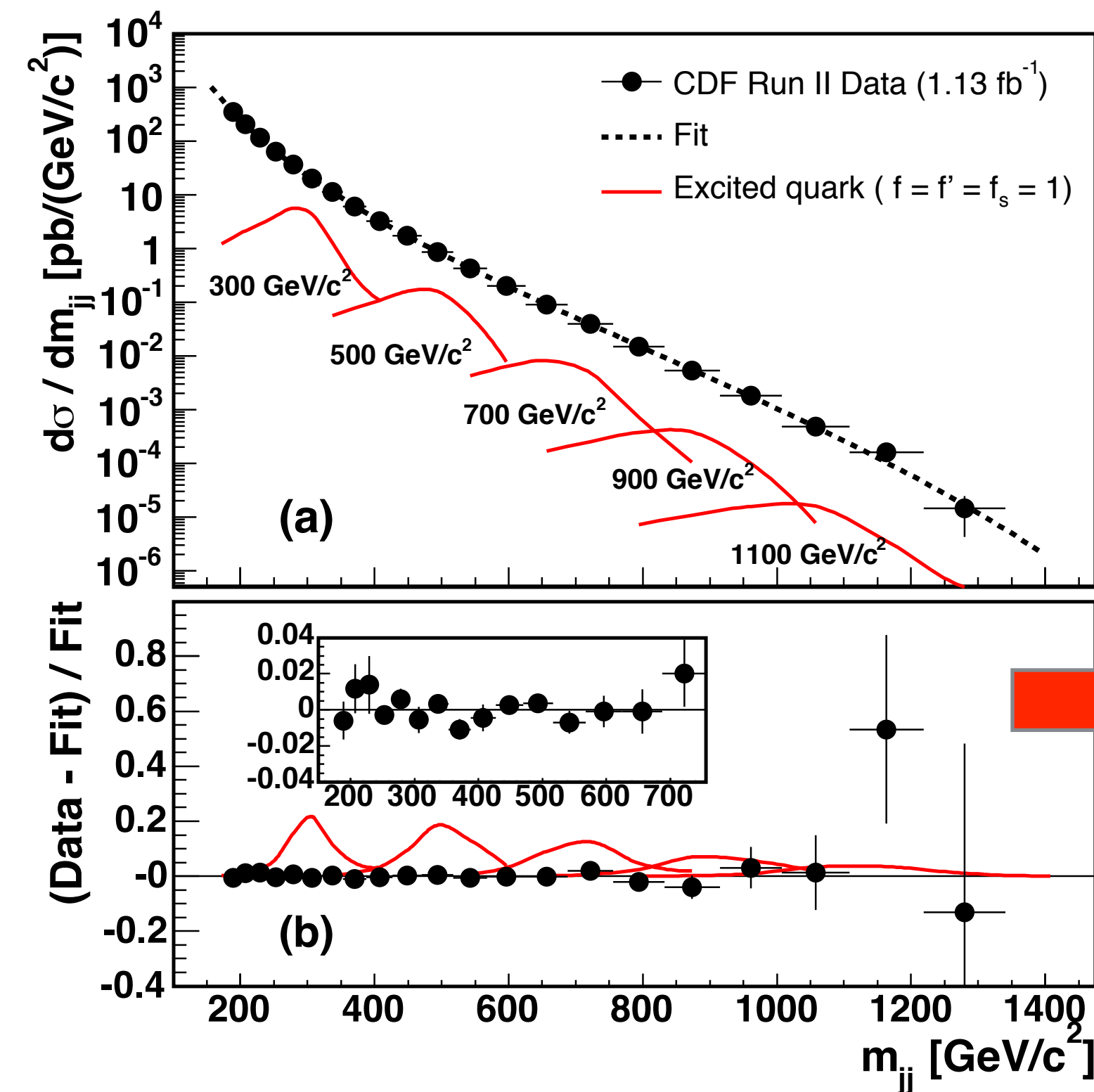
Dijet sensitivity since 2010

Since 2010: 2x energy increase and 30000x luminosity increase!

2 TeV : 1.3 fb⁻¹ : 2008
arXiv:0812.4036

7 TeV : 120 nb⁻¹ : 2010
EXO-10-001

13 TeV : 36 fb⁻¹ : 2016
EXO-16-056



DM Direct detection

