

XXXI International workshop on high energy physics "Critical points in the modern particle physics"



Contribution ID: 12

Type: Talk

Colour particle states behaviour in the QCD vacuum

To study the properties of colour particle states behaviour in the QCD vacuum we calculate the density matrix of the system colour particle - stochastic QCD vacuum, considered as environment, and averaged over degrees of freedom of the environment. As a result the density matrix of colour particle is depended on the Wilson loop which depends on spanned area RT . In the stochastic vacuum Wilson loop decays exponentially with RT at large distances and we obtain evident form of density matrix of colour particle moving in the stochastic QCD vacuum. Learning density matrix we obtain characteristics of colour particle: purity (closeness of a quantum state to a pure one), von Neuman entropy, information, fidelity (measure of quantum motion stability). The quantities are calculated for different initial colour states: superposition, pure, mixed, separable, non-separable (entangled), multiparticle. In the case of stochastic (not coherent) QCD vacuum (only correlators of the second order are important) in confinement region (Wilson loop decays exponentially) we have decoherence of pure colour states into a mixed white states, while purity decays exponentially (decay rate = string tension). For multiparticles (pure separable, mixed separable and nonseparable (entangled) states) when $RT \rightarrow \infty$ we obtain diagonalization of density matrix, decreasing of purity and increasing of vonNeumann entropy.

Presenter: KUVSHINOV, Viacheslav (JIPNRS NAS, Minsk, Belarus)

Session Classification: Evening Session