



## WP10: Zero Carbon Footprint

Christos Markou

Objective is to "Propose a plan for making the three installation sites of KM3NeT carbon neutral facilities. Investigate the possible technological solutions, legal issues, collaboration opportunities and funding schemes."



## Is it feasible?



• The ultimate goal foresees each installation site equipped with 2 building blocks of detectors. With 115 DUs, each containing 18 DOMs, the energy requirement for each block is around 27kW.

• For each installation site, the energy requirement, including 2 building blocks, and the shore station is below 150kW. For 24 hours operation, 7 days a week, this translates to 1,3GWh per year. This amount of energy, can be easily supplied by either wind turbines or solar panels, which means that KM3NeT can easily become the first large scale infrastructure with zero-carbon footprint.





- The average wind profile for all 3 installation sites is quite favourable for electric power generation from the wind. The wind speed in the 3 sites varies throughout the year, and the average speed is between 7-10m/s.
- The required power can be easily delivered by turbines rated at 600kW in each site, which at average market values corresponds to an investment of about 1200k€ per site, including estimates for the related infrastructure and installation space.
- Novel turbine architectures for smaller physical footprint, better integration to the local landscape, easier acceptance by the local communities.
- Definitely feasible!!





Solar panels could be an alternative solution

- Sunshine ranges from 4 hours in the winter to 12 hours in the summer, which averages to around 8 hours of sunshine/day.
- Solar panels rated at 150W which are common and cheap, would provide 1,2kWh / day over the year. Downscaling to 1kWh, this would translate to around 4500 m<sup>2</sup> of solar panels per site to provide the necessary 1,3GWh per year. With 1.2–2€ per watt, each site would need an investment of 800–1200k€ for the solar panels, plus the cost of the installation site.
- AGAIN, feasible!!!





• Novel approaches to tidal and wave energy generation can be a complementary option, with several groups peripheral to KM3NeT able and interested to contribute.

• The opportunistic energy output of all considered energy sources forces us to plan for energy storage to maintain 24/7 operation, with the added benefit of establishing a reliable power supply through appropriate power banks.





- The costs are quite reasonable and manageable, taking into account that they correspond to a few percent of the total cost of KM3NeT.
- With infrastructure lifetimes greater than 20 years and the wide availability of different options and solutions in the market, it is a financially attractive solution for the energy needs of the experiment.
- The proliferation of wind and solar panel energy parks in all 3 countries in question, means that there is a distinct possibility to liaise with existing such facilities and/or collaborate with local and regional authorities to enlarge the scope of such a facility for the benefit of the broader community/region.





• As separate sites are involved, parallel activities will have to be planned.

- Exploration, negotiations and identification of partners
- Investigation of legal issues
- Feasibility study
- Preparation of funding requests