Contur Status and Update

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- Goal: Set limits on BSM models using precision LHC measurement data.
- Build on success of Rivet and HepData
- Match desire from experimental collaborations to publish more data.
 - Closing the loop
- Original proof of principle paper now published arXiv:1606.05296

- MCnet Project (as of new network) under CEDAR
- People involved:
 - J. Butterworth, D. Yallup [UCL]
 - D. Grellscheid [IPPP]
 - M. Krämer, B. Sarrazin [Aachen]
 - 4x MSci Students, 2x MSc [UCL]
 - MCnet funded PhD student [Joint Glasgow(w. A. Buckley)/UCL, starting Sept 17]
 - Integration with ATLAS experimental collaboration members

BSM - a simple test case



Examples showing a simplified Dark Matter model coupling to quarks

$$\mathcal{L} \supset g_{ ext{DM}} \overline{\psi} \gamma_{\mu} \gamma_5 \psi Z'^{\mu} + g_q \sum_q ar{q} \gamma_{\mu} q Z'^{\mu}$$

Study here taken from, arXiv:1606.05296

Nature of available routines, currently majority based of SM expected final states. Limited sensitivity to production of DM candidate. Never the less, can see what the Standard Model will be in tension with.





Core concept

- Take a particle level measurement (implemented in Rivet)
- Generate BSM events
- Form exclusion test out of induced perturbation to the measurements from BSM, assuming measured data contains only SM
- Example below, ATLAS 7TeV Dijet double differential cross section



- Strength in depth of Rivet analyses already available
- Using particle level unfolded measurements removes need for detector simulation, Signal region efficiencies
 - Minimizes ambiguities in BSM interpretation of data.
- Another example below, ATLAS 7TeV W+jets differential cross section



ATLAS $W+ \ge 2$ jet differential cross section

Analysis coverage

Contur Category Rivet/ Inspire ID		Rivet description				
ATLAS 7 Jets	ATLAS_2014_I1325553 [28]	Measurement of the inclusive jet cross-section				
	ATLAS_2014_I1268975 [30]	High-mass dijet cross section				
	ATLAS_2014_I1326641 [32]	3-jet cross section				
	ATLAS_2014_I1307243 [31]	Measurements of jet vetoes and azimuthal decorrelations in dijet events				
CMS 7 Jets	CMS_2014_I1298810 [29]	Ratios of jet pT spectra, which relate to the ratios of inclusive, differential jet cross sections				
ATLAS 8 Jets	ATLAS.2015.I1394679 [34]	Multijets at 8 TeV				
ATLAS 7 Z Jets	ATLAS.2013.I1230812 [35]	Z + jets				
CMS 7 Z Jets	CMS_2015_I1310737 [38]	Jet multiplicity and differential cross-sections of $Z+jets$ events				
CMS 7 W Jets	CMS_2014_I1303894 [37]	Differential cross-section of W bosons + jets				
ATLAS 7 W jets	ATLAS_2014_I1319490 [36]	W + jets				
ATLAS 7 Photon Jet	ATLAS_2013_I1263495 [42]	Inclusive isolated prompt photon analysis with 2011 LHC data				
	ATLAS_2012_I1093738 [44]	Isolated prompt photon + jet cross-section				
CMS 7 Photon Jet	CMS_2014_I1266056 [45]	Photon + jets triple differential cross-section				
ATLAS 7 Diphoton	ATLAS_2012_I1199269 [43]	Inclusive diphoton $+X$ events				
ATLAS 7 ZZ	ATLAS_2012_I1203852 [39]	Measurement of the $ZZ(*)$ production cross-section				
ATLAS W/Z gamma	ATLAS_2013_I1217863 [40]	W/Z gamma production				

Table 1: Table of all Rivet routines currently included in the limit-setting scan. With the one indicated exception, they are all based on 7 TeV data.

- Current selection of utilised routines
- Expanding as rapidly as the library of available Rivet routines

Heatmaps

- Translate previous Rivet outputs to conventional 2D scans in parameter space plane
- Here set $g_q = 0.25$, $g_{\rm DM} = 1.0$, scan in Mediator/DM mass plane
- Coverage of majority of plane from dijet measurements, some residual low mass exclusion from associated EW production



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Heatmaps

- Illustrate behavior by turning the coupling up
- Here set $g_q = 0.5$, $g_{\rm DM} = 1.0$, scan in Mediator/DM mass plane



Comparison to searches



- ATLAS Public results summary, similar (not indentical) model.
- \bullet 7TeV Data not even included \rightarrow greater reach in Mediator mass

- Analysis coverage lags behind searches, a direct search for a specific model will be available faster
 - But can create a powerful repository of legacy data from LHC analyses
- Current method of statistical testing makes some assumptions that could be treated differently:
 - Most of the measurements currently utilized do not contain detailed correlation information, current statistical test just uses the least compatible (with the the SM) bin in a routine/dataset.
 - Some assumptions currently made on the Theory-Data agreement of the SM prediction
- Can apply a broad range of final state tests to a model, limitation on final states to include is on the experimental publications unfolded to particle level.

- Contur looks to build unfolded particle level measurements into a test of new physics, an alternative to existing recasting methods
- Main aims going forward:
 - Continue to integrate additional data/models
 - Utilize additional supplementary data beyond the cross section, in particular correlations
 - Feeds back to HepData and the Experimental collaborations.
 - Incorporate theoretical uncertainty/prediction of the SM
 - Develop user friendly interface, mostly likely as an afterburner to Yoda (Rivet) files.

Thanks for listening

Backup

Extending Data use example - ATLAS 8TeV Diphoton Higgs

 Original publication of differential xs, follow up paper to also publish statistical correlations between bins → enables combination data in different kinematic distributions. Close the loop! n.b: Not yet implemented in Contur...



• Original differential xs paper arXiv:1407.4222

		$pp \rightarrow h$	$d \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$,	<i>s</i> = 8	ATLAS							
N	≥3	2.8 ±1.0	2.0 ±1.0	5.2 ±1.0	5.2 ±1.0	7.9 ±1.0	10.4 ±1.0	10.5 ±1.0	20.9 ±1.0		90 80	ttion [%]
	=2	4.7 ±1.1	7.3 ±1.1	9.0 ±1.0	9.7 ±1.0	12.7 ±1.0	22.5 ±0.9	21.6 ±1.0	20.5 ±1.0	-	70 60	correla
	= 1	7.7 ±1.0	14.3 ±1.1	23.0 ±1.1	29.4 ±0.9	28.6 ±0.9	30.0 ±0.9	19.4 ±1.0	15.3 ±1.0	-	40 30	tatistica
	=0	74.8 ±0.5	40.1 ±1.0	23.0 ±1.2	12.5 ±1.2	4.1 ±1.0	3.7 ±1.0	-1.3 ±1.0	0.3 ±1.1	-	20 10	Ś
		0-20	20-30	30-40	40 - 50	50 - 60	60-80	80-100 p	80-100 100-200 ρ _T ^{γγ} [GeV]			

• Statistical correlation supplement arXiv:1508.02507