

# Lustre@GSI - a Petabyte Filesystem

**Walter Schön, GSI**

The logo consists of two overlapping squares. The left square is dark blue and contains the text 'HEP' in white. The right square is orange and contains the text 'iX' in blue. The 'i' is lowercase and the 'X' is uppercase.

HEPiX

# Topics

- **Architecture and Hardware**
- **Cross site Lustre connection**
- **Managing 1 Pbyte of Data**
- **The Dark Side of Lustre**
- **Outlook**

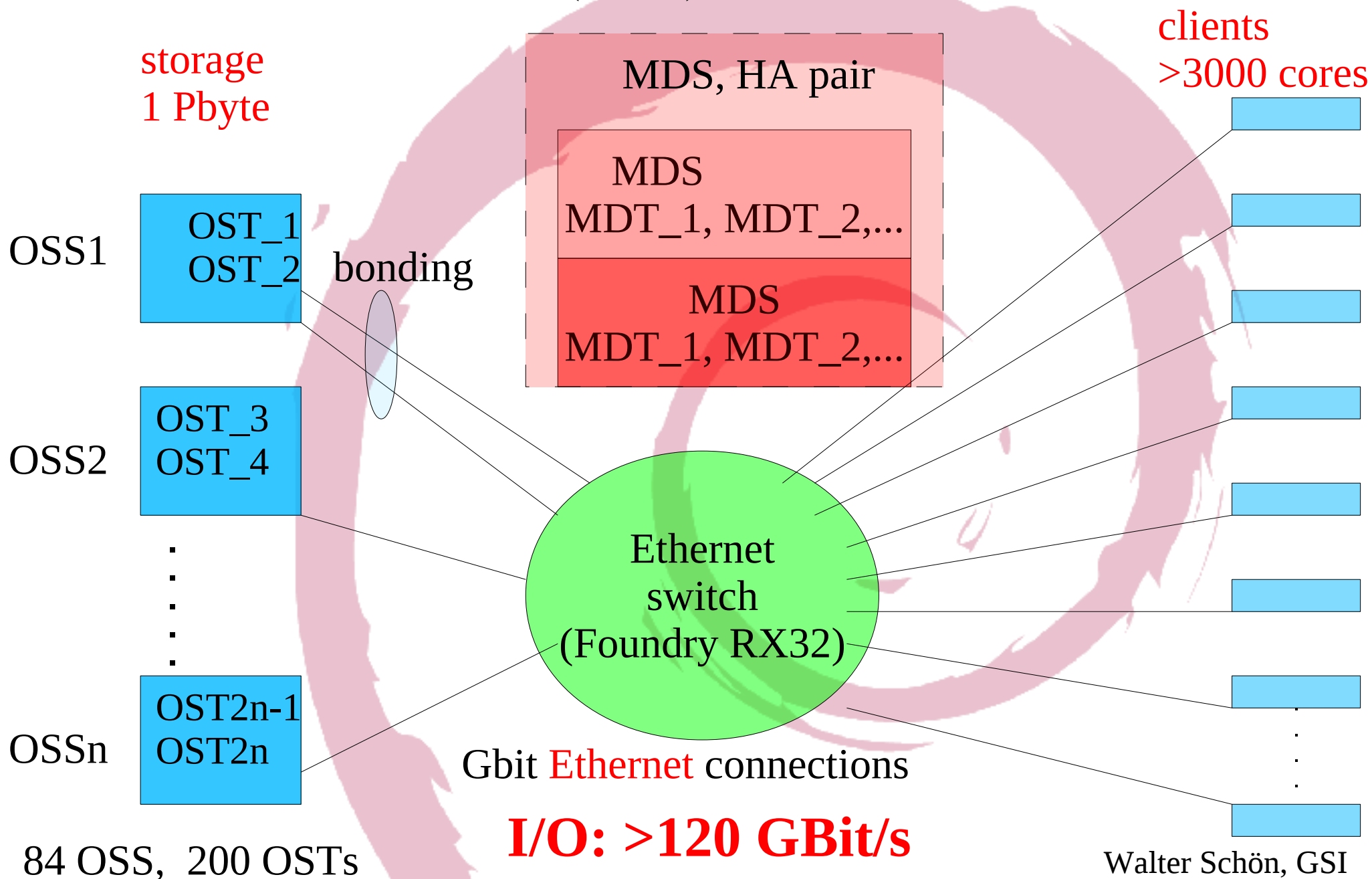
# lustre@GSI:

## Online storage for

- Alice Analysis (Tier2)
- GSI Experiments
- Theory Groups
- FAIR Simulations

# Lustre Cluster Architecture

Lustre 1.6.7.2 debian, 2.6.22 (server), 2.6.28 clients



84 OSS, 200 OSTs

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# Lustre@GSI: Online Storage for Experiments and Theory Groups

Number of MDS: ----- 3 – HA Pair, one standby  
Number of **OSSs**: ----- 84  
Number of **OSTs**: ----- 200  
Number of disks: ----- 1600 ( including RAID5+6, spare)  
Size: ----- 1 Pbyte  
Number of clients (cores): -- > 3000  
Max. number of files: -----  $2.5 * 10^8$   
Files in lustre: -----  $5 * 10^7$

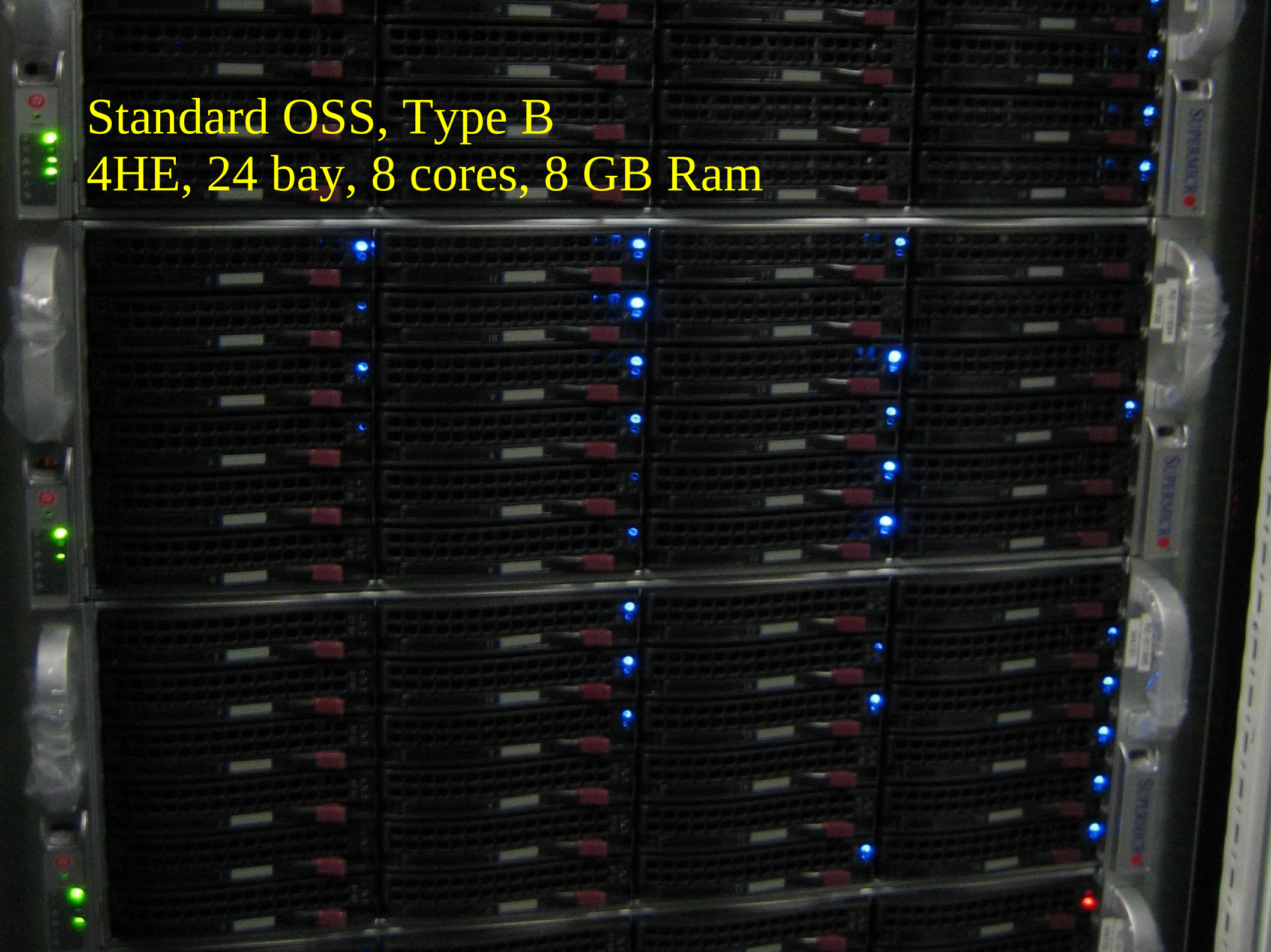
OSTs : B: 1 TB, WD green line, RAID 6 + spare  
A: 0.5 TB, WD RAID 5

MDT : WD “raptor” 150 GB, 14 disks in RAID 10

MDS: 8 core Xeon 3 GHz, 32 GB Ram

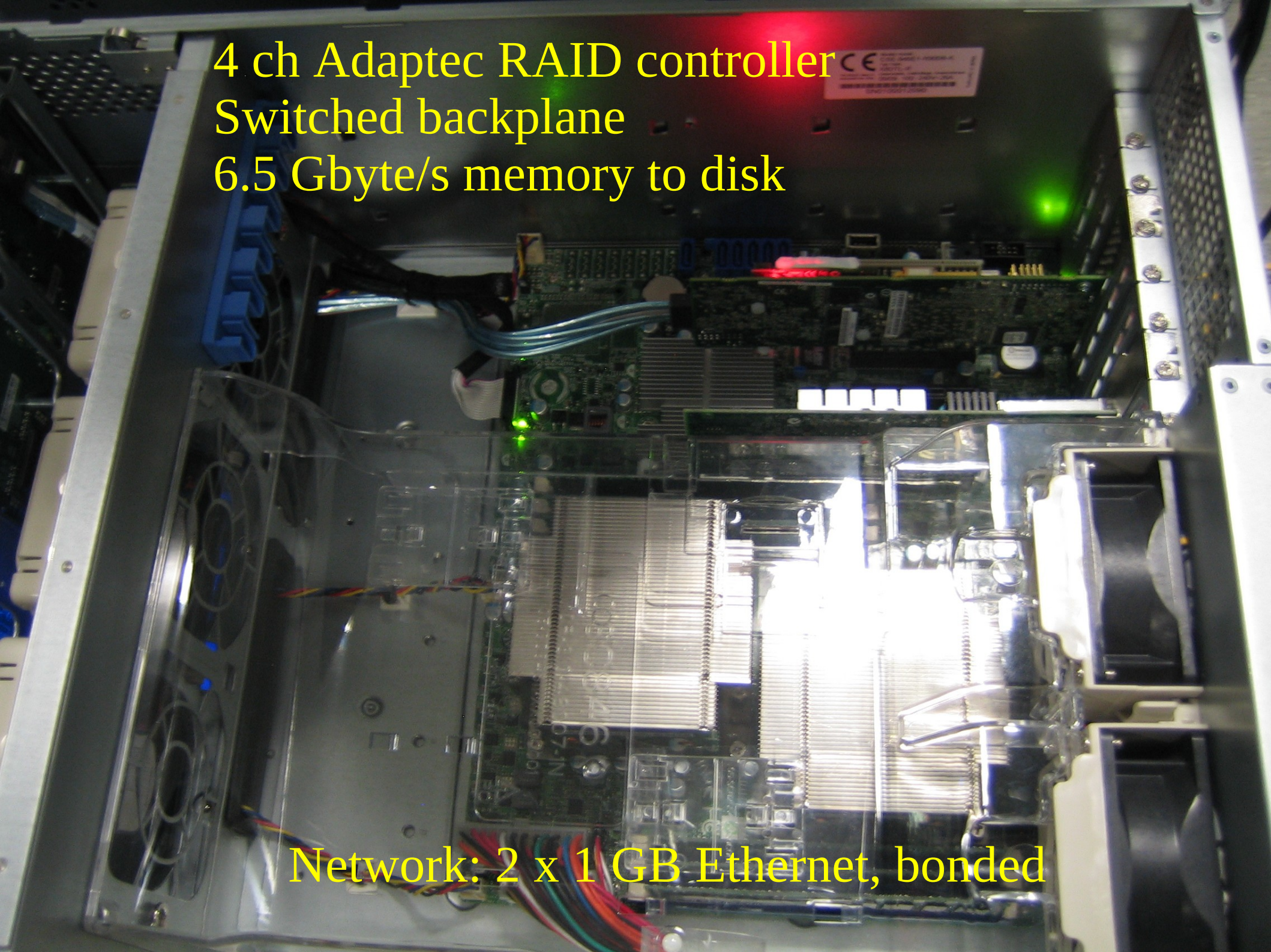


Standard OSS, Type B  
4HE, 24 bay, 8 cores, 8 GB Ram



4 ch Adaptec RAID controller  
Switched backplane  
6.5 Gbyte/s memory to disk

Network: 2 x 1 GB Ethernet, bonded





# I/O Throughput of a real Analysis - ALICE

**Aggregate network connections: 120 GBit/s**

**Measurement of the Alice Analysis train I/O  
trouput: >50 Gbit/s using 2000 cores.**

**Total number of cores now: 3000 cores**

**Dezember 2009: 4000 cores**

**=> aggregate I/O limit can be reached**

# Hardware Failures in 1 Year of Operation

- Disks: about 12 disks of 1600 damaged during operation
  - No double hit => no data loss, no break
- File server: 1 OSS (out of 90) damaged ( in the first hours of operation)
  - Operation downtime 1h
- RAID-Controller (200)
  - 1 battery status: failed, no break
    - 1 damaged (MDS) => HA fail over, 40 min break
    - 1 “bad stripe” event on one OST out of 200, few files are affected  
=> bug under “rare conditions” in Adaptec firmware, patched now

**=> 3 hardware related unscheduled downtimes (1h in total)  
in one year operation**

New Hardware with redundant RAID controllers for the MDS in testing mode

# Software Failures in one Year of Operation

- A: “Flat Network Situation”
  - => many incidents, dying servers, confused lustre, dying linux
  - => lustre down each 10 days, restart of MDS necessary
- B: after transfer in dedicated “HPC” network in summer
  - => no more incidents ..... ( 120 days of operation now ..... )

A:

- “strange” packets on the mds interface,
- broadcast storms on the mds interface

B:

- HPC clients und lustre servers are in an own network segment (VLAN):  
**=> clean packets, no more broadcast storms,  
no more problems in operation  
120 days of operation – 1 scheduled downtime 2h ( demonstration)**

# The Dark Side of Lustre

**...lustre is more a formula 1 racing car than a “Volkswagen”....**

- **Complex system**
- **Vulnerable to (network) communication problems**

**Annoying lustre bug in our setup:**

- **Quota is not working after upgrade**  
**=> Bug report opened, not solved yet**

# Lustre Cross Site Connection

Since September cross site connection to 100 TFlop “scout cluster”  
=> testing a cross site model for future data analysis  
Remote compute power in the region with direct access to  
GSI online mass storage

## **First Results:**

**Testing with single and multiple lustre clients:**

**“just working”, no problems yet.**

**Present connection: 1 Gbit now, 4 Gbit soon.**

# Lustre Management

## Dynamic expansion of the FS space in a production system

- Expansion from 0.7 Pbyte to 1 Pbyte : successful, no break necessary

## Audit of a large FS

In a Pbyte fs with  $10^8$  entries simple questions like:

- List of top users?
- List of top files?
- List of top groups? etc.
- File space used by group “xyz” ?

...can be very boring/time consuming using traditional unix tools...

... **and performed by 2000 users can be DoS Problem for the MDS !**

# Lustre Management

## Audit Alternatives?

### => **Robinhood Filesystem Monitor:**

Audit and purge tool for large file Systems, advanced Capabilities for lustre  
<http://sourceforge.net/projects/robinhood>, **developed by CEA**

- Parallel threads on clients reporting results to a central mySQL DB  
=> no (small) stress for the MDS!
- Lustre capabilities only for lustre 1.8 and 2.x
- operated at GSI on lustre 1.6.x without special lustre features .... testing

### **First Results:**

- **Fast ( parallel threads)**
- **Low noise on the MDS**

# Outlook

## December

- Increasing production lustre size to 1.4 Petabyte in December
- Increasing I/O Bandwidth to 150 Gbit/s
- Increasing number of lustre clients to 4000 (cores)
- Increasing lustre cross site connection to 4 Gbit/s

## 2010:

- Increasing lustre to 2.5 Petabyte
- Increasing I/O Bandwidth to 300 ? Gbit/s
- Increasing number of lustre clients (cores) >> 4000 .....
- Upgrade production cluster to 1.8.x series
- Introducing 10GB Ethernet and/or Infiniband