

Contribution ID: 241 Type: Parallel Talk

SUSY in the Light of B Physics and Electroweak Precision Observables

Tuesday 31 July 2007 16:50 (20 minutes)

Indirect information about the possible scale of SUSY breaking is provided by B-physics observables (BPO) as well as electroweak precision observables (EWPO). We combine the constraints imposed by recent measurements of the BR(b -> s gamma), BR(B_s -> mu mu),

BR(B_u -> tau nu_tau) and Delta M_B_s BPO with those obtained from the experimental measurements of the MW, sin^2 theta_eff, Gamma_Z, (g-2)_mu and Mh EWPO,

incorporating the latest theoretical calculations of these observables within the Standard Model and supersymmetric extensions.

We perform a χ^{2} -fit to the parameters of the constrained minimal supersymmetric extension of the Standard Model (CMSSM) and the non-universal Higgs model (NUHM).

Assuming that the lightest supersymmetric particle (LSP) provides the cold dark matter density preferred by WMAP and other cosmological data, we scan over the remaining parameter space.

Within the CMSSM, we confirm the preference found previously for a relatively low SUSY-breaking scale, though there is some tension between the EWPO and the BPO.

In studies of some specific NUHM scenarios compatible with the cold dark matter constraint we investigate MA-tan_beta planes and find preferred regions that may have values of χ^2 somewhat lower than in the CMSSM.

The implications for phenomenology at the Tevatron, the LHC and the ILC are discussed.

Primary authors: Mr WEBER, Arne (MPI Munich); Dr WEIGLEIN, Georg (IPPP, Durham); Prof. ELLIS, John (CERN); Prof. OLIVE, Keith (University of Minnesota, Minneapolis); Dr HEINEMEYER, Sven (IFCA, Santander)

Presenter: Dr WEIGLEIN, Georg (IPPP, Durham)

Session Classification: Colliders - Susy Phenomenology 10 (Experiment)

Track Classification: Colliders - Susy Phenomenology