

Modification of a Classical Penning Ion Source Operating Mode for Sub-Femtoampere Beams at the U-120M Cyclotron

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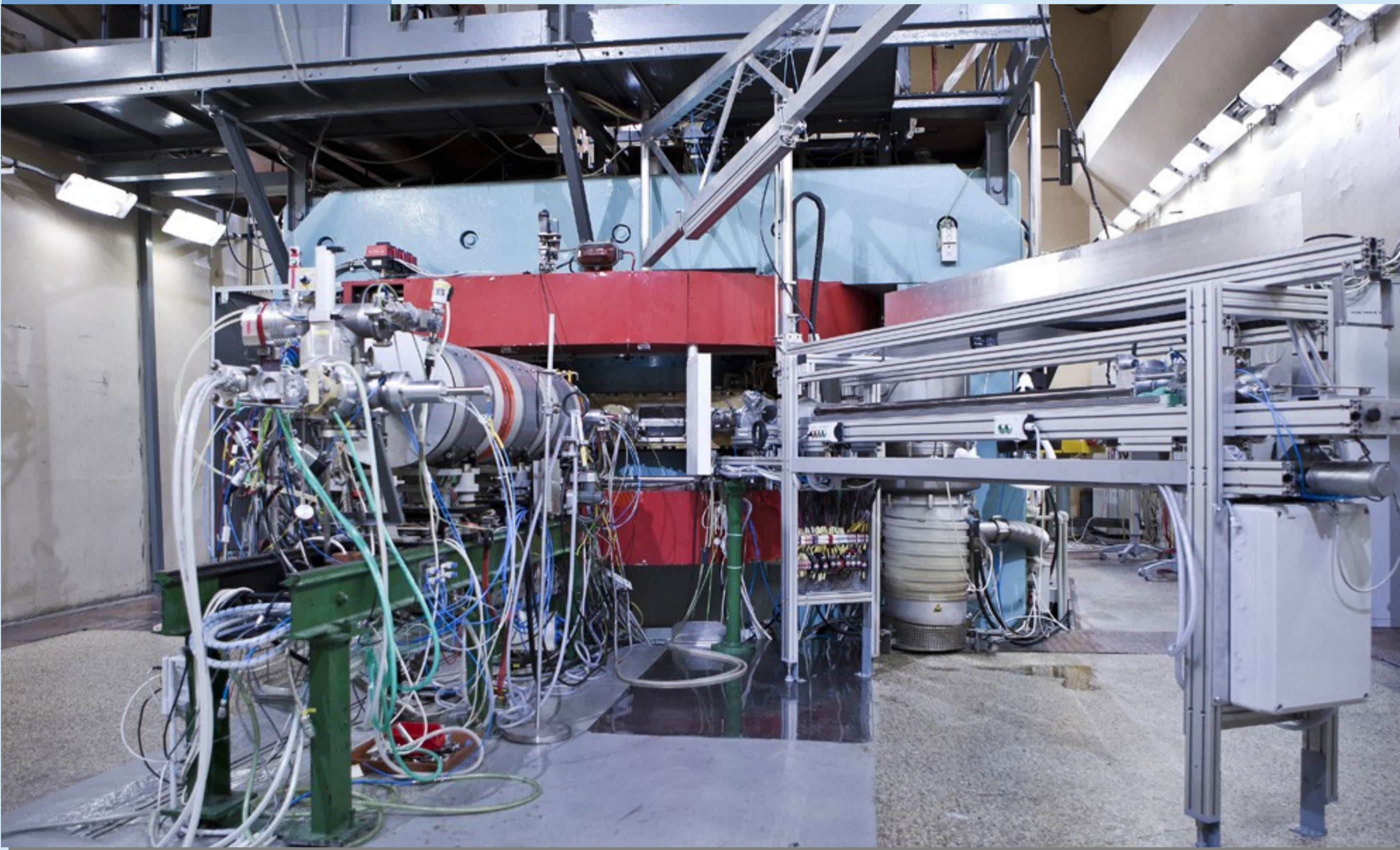
Cyclotron U-120M

The irradiation facility in Rež near Prague is equipped with a four-sector isochronous cyclotron U-120M [1] which allows to accelerate ions with mass to charge ratio up to $m/Q=2$ up to energies 10 MeV per nucleon. The cyclotron was commissioned in 1977 and is continuously upgraded. The Ion Source (IS) of the cyclotron is an internal Penning type with usual lifetime ~ 250 beam hours for hydrogen operation, ~ 60 beam hours for ^4He . The maximal recorded lifetime is 700 beam hours.

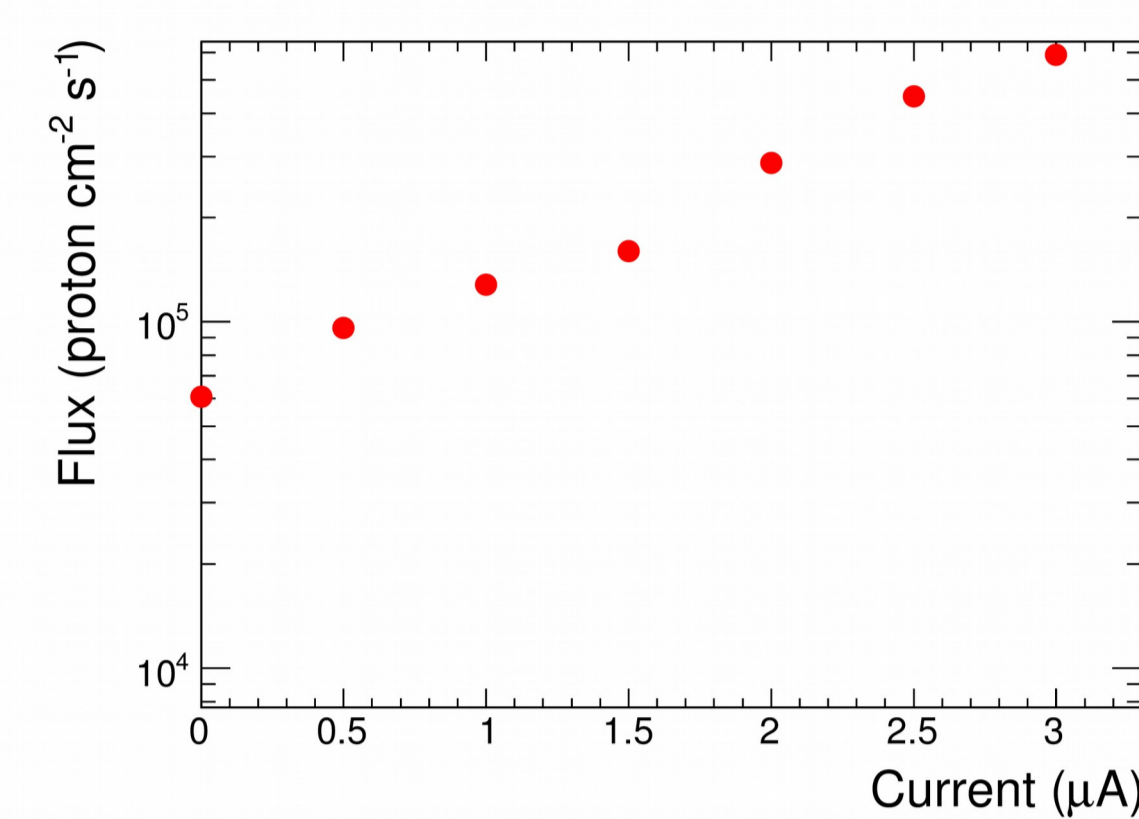
Motivation

Experiments related to radiation hardness tests for newly developed semiconductor detectors need proton fluxes of very low intensities $10^2 - 10^9$ protons $\text{s}^{-1} \text{cm}^{-2}$. By a cooperation on radiation tests of electronic components for the upgrade of the Inner Tracking System of the ALICE experiment in CERN [2], very efficient method for lowering the beam intensity was developed.

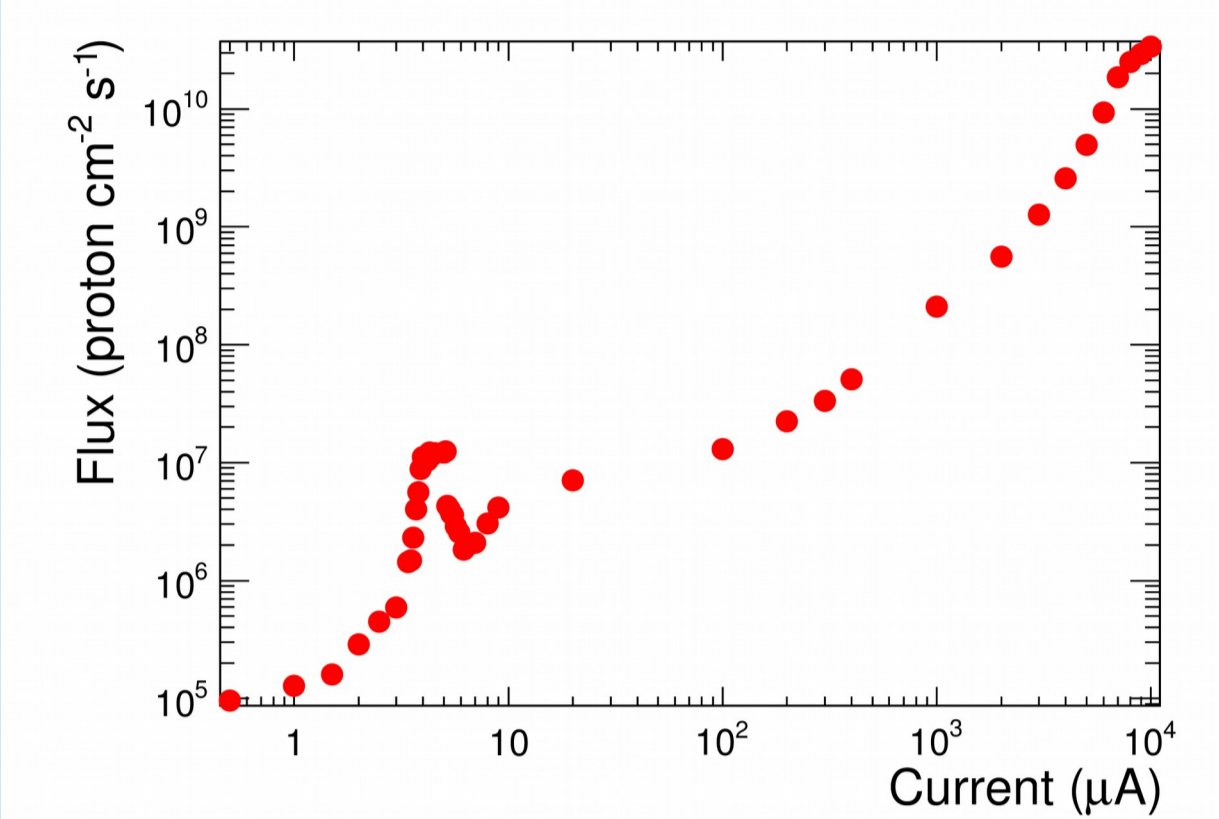
Cyclotron U-120M



Detail for zero IS current - flux in order $6 \cdot 10^4$ protons $\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$



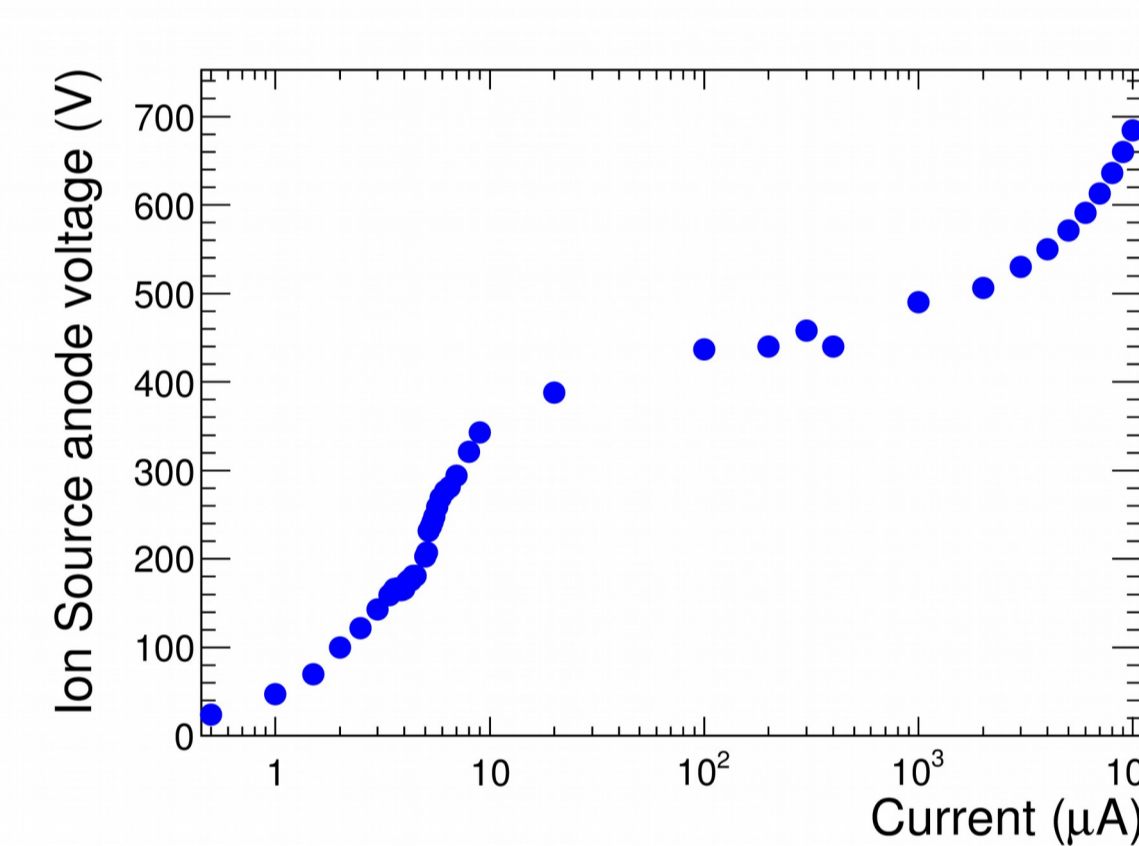
Dependence of the output flux on the discharge current



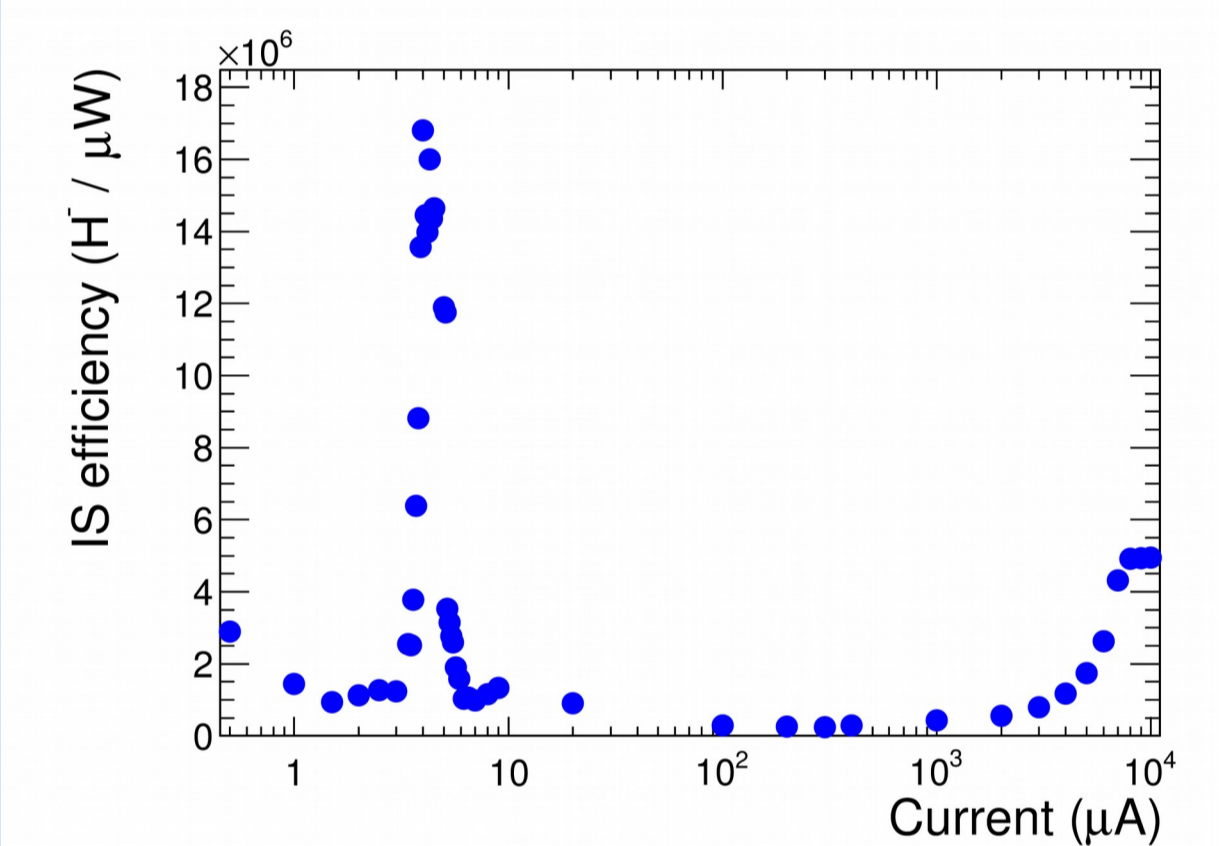
Observations

- Ultra low beam intensities achievable by a combination of IS discharge current regulation with a shift of the IS with respect to the extraction slit on the dee
- No practical limit for the lowest IS discharge current
- Almost linear operation of the IS due a primary ionization effect in central region of the cyclotron
- Effect of the cathodes lifetime reduction due to hydrogen diffusion
- Interesting resonance in negative Hydrogen production yield near $\sim 5 \mu\text{A}$ of the discharge current
- Continuous intensity regulation in the range $10^{-1} - 10^{15}$ protons $\text{s}^{-1} \text{cm}^{-2}$
- For intensities above 10^3 protons $\text{s}^{-1} \text{cm}^{-2}$ the long-term stability is better than 10%

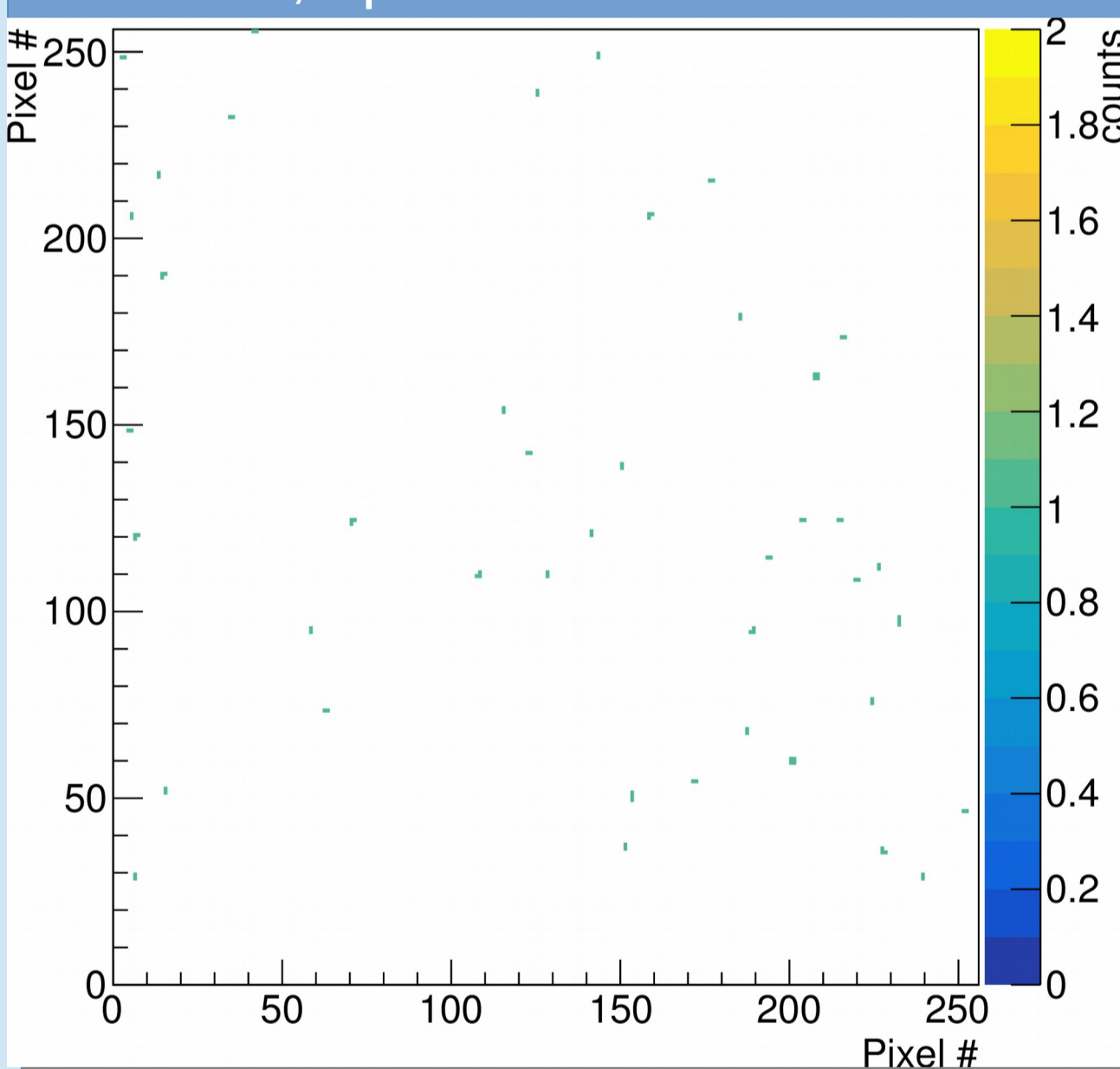
Ion Source IV curve for discharge currents $0.5 - 10^4 \mu\text{A}$



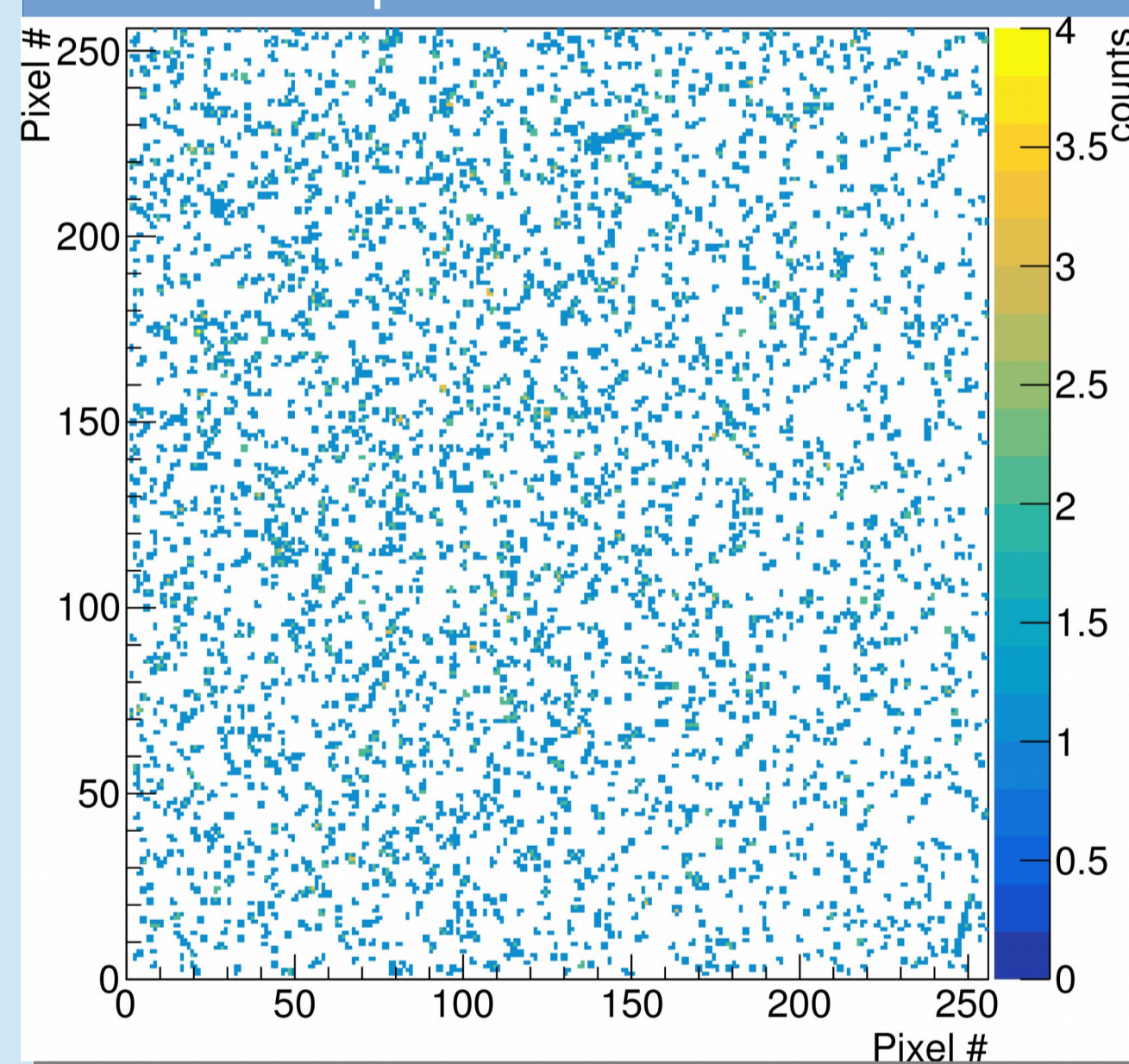
Efficiency peak in H- production for discharge current near $5 \mu\text{A}$



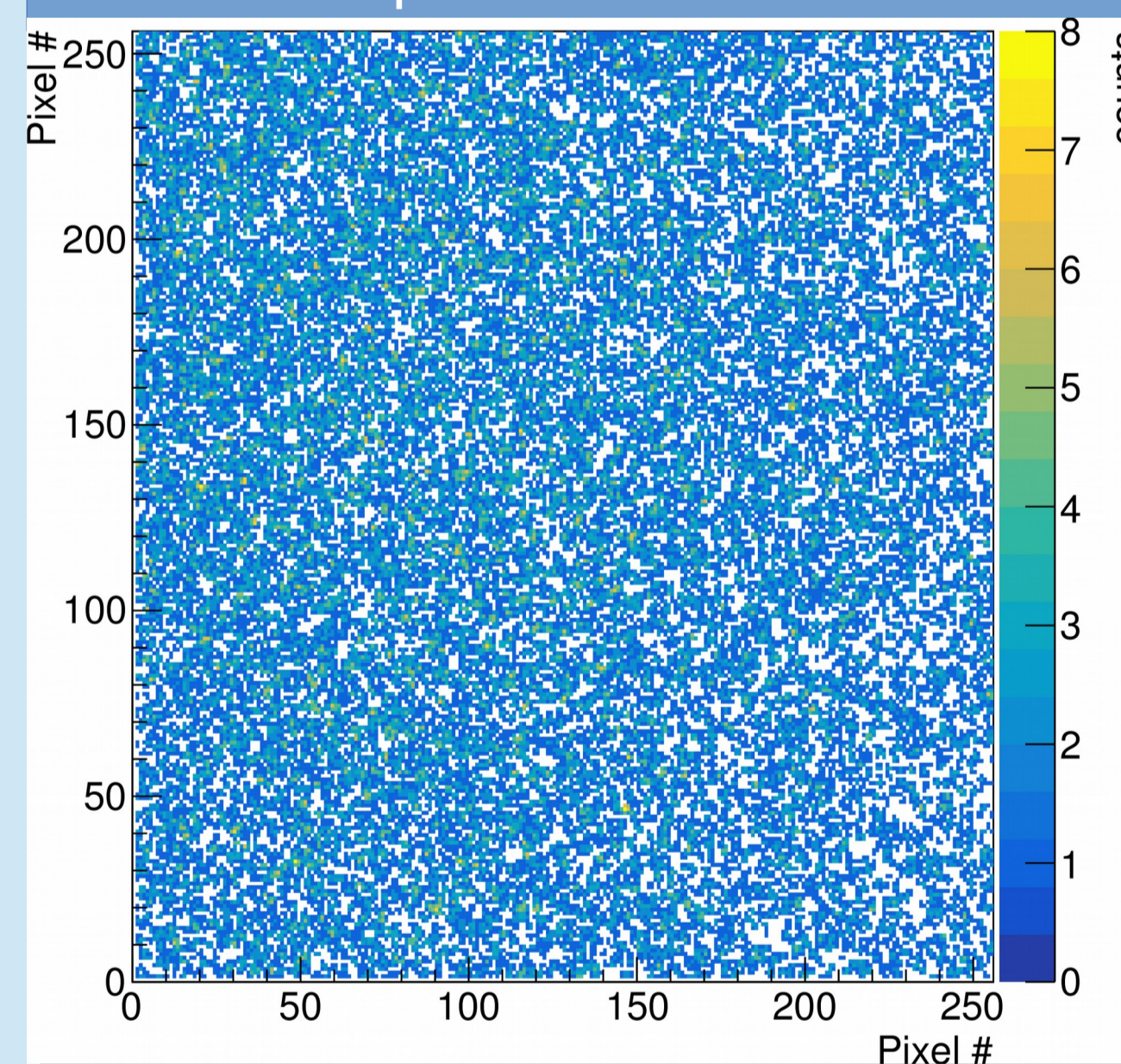
Ion Source OFF flux $\sim 0,7$ protons $\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ for 30s.



IS discharge current $60 \mu\text{A}$ flux ~ 60 protons $\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ for 30s.



IS discharge current $200 \mu\text{A}$ flux ~ 420 protons $\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ for 30s.



Measurement setup



Beam flux monitoring & regulation

The low intensity proton beam current is monitored [3] with an ionization chamber Farmer 30010 from PTW-Freiburg [4] connected to a UNIDOS E Universal Dosemeter. Fluxes below 10^3 protons $\text{s}^{-1} \text{cm}^{-2}$ are monitored with a Timepix device [5].

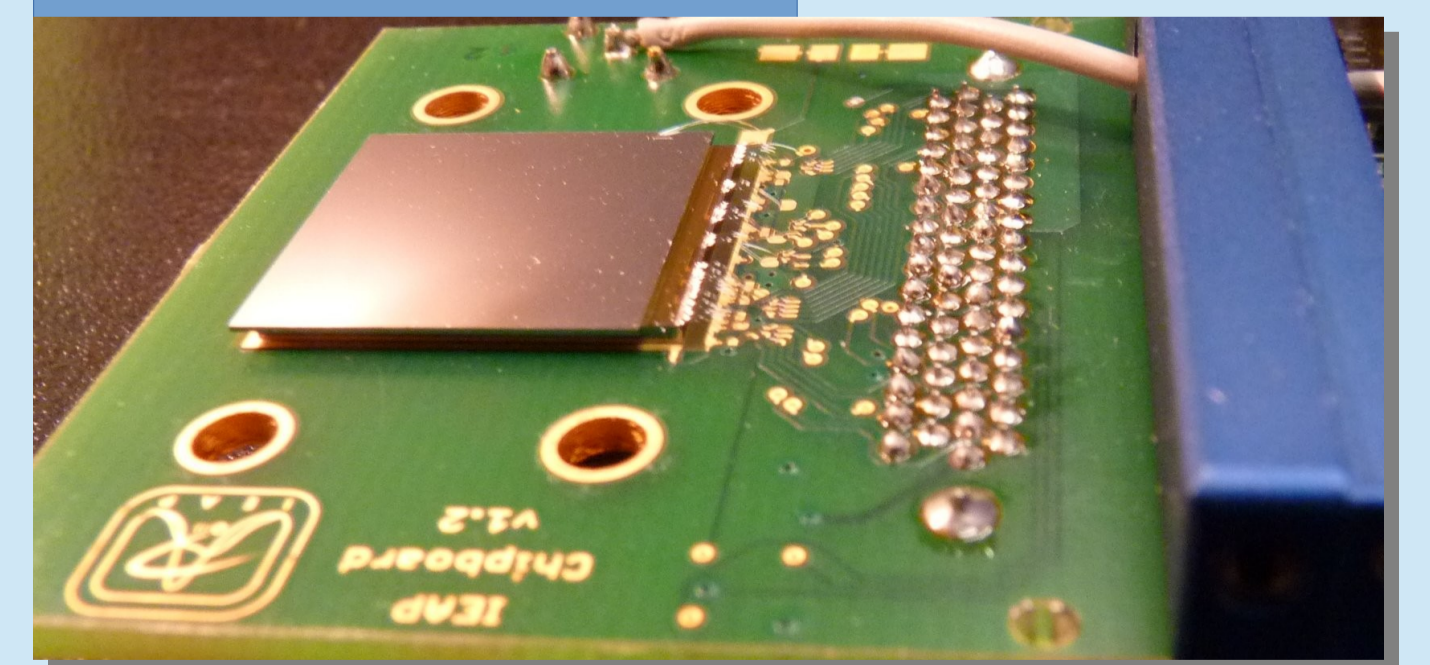
Main beam intensity regulation techniques at U-120M:

- lowering the arc current in the ion source
- reducing the duty cycle
- shifting the horizontal position of the ion source with respect to the extraction slit
- increasing the gas pressure in the IS and worsening the accelerator vacuum
- collimating extracted beam on a vertical input slit of the beamline

Cathodes after ~ 80 beam hours



TimePIX detector



References

- 1) Center of Accelerators and Nuclear Analytical Methods, Nuclear Physics Institute of the CAS <http://canam.ujf.cas.cz/>.
- 2) B. Abelev (The ALICE Collaboration), Upgrade of the ALICE Experiment: Letter Of Intent, J. Phys. G: Nucl. Part. Phys. 41, 087001, 2014.
- 3) F. Krizek et al., Cyclotron based irradiation setup for ALICE inner silicon tracker upgrade – Preprint, Nuclear Inst. and Methods in Physics Research, A, NIMA-D-17-00930, 2017.
- 4) PTW Freiburg, Germany: <http://www.ptw.de/>.
- 5) X. Llopert, R. Ballabriga, M. Campbell, L. Tlustos, W. Wong, Timepix, a 65k programmable pixel readout chip for arrival time, energy and/or photon counting measurements, Nucl. Instrum. Methods Phys. Res. A 581 (2007) 485.

Ion types and intensities at U-120M	H^- / H^+	D^- / D^+	$^4\text{He}^{2+} / ^3\text{He}^{2+}$
Intensity of internal beam [μA]	- / 200	- / 100	40 / 20
Intensity of external beam [μA]	50 / 5	35 / 5	5 / 2
Energy [MeV]	6 – 37	11 – 20	4 – 40 / 3 – 55