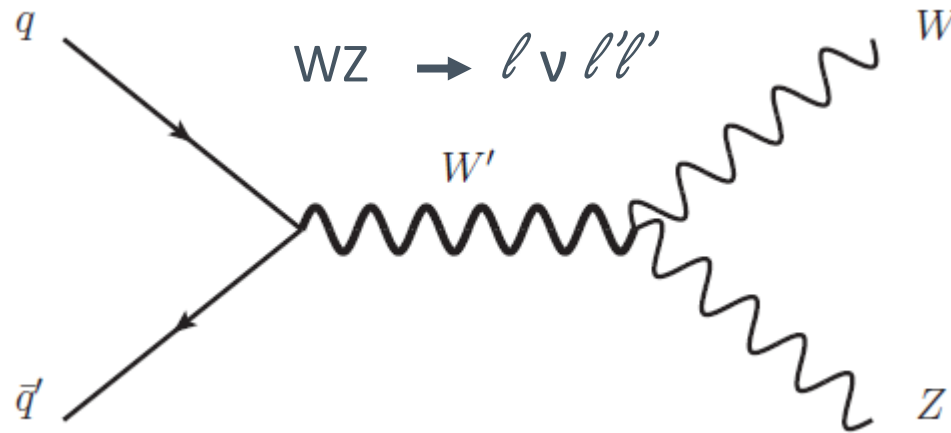


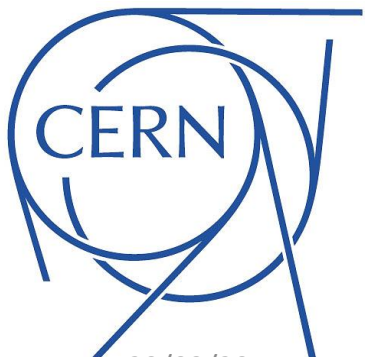


# Search for resonant $W^\pm Z \rightarrow l\nu l'l'$ Production in Proton-Proton Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS Detector



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# Outline:

1. Introduction .
2. Object selection.
3. Event Selection .
4. Data and MC samples .
5. Trigger efficiency .
6. ZZ veto optimisation .
7. VBS, qq category definitions .
8. HVT VBS Signal optimization .
9. Conclusion .

# Introduction

- WZ production is sensitive to various extensions of the Standard Model with predicting heavier versions of the W and Z bosons, the W' and Z' .
- The aim of this study is fully leptonic analysis of the WZ decay (e,μ) in inclusive and VBS production modes :
  - ✓ Estimate the gain added by using other triggers, than the single lepton trigger used in this analysis, and improve the trigger efficiency for data15.
  - ✓ Optimize the Veto of four-lepton events.
  - ✓ Estimate the VBS signal efficiency and compare it with the inclusive results.
  - ✓ optimize the Significance for HVT VBS Signal :

$$\textit{Significance} = \frac{S}{\sqrt{S + B}}$$

# Object Selection

- Combined muons  $|\eta| < 2.5$  [Muons](#)
- $p_T > 25$  GeV
- $d_0 < 1$  mm cosmic cut
- $|z_0 \sin(\theta)| < 0.5$  mm
- $|d_0 / \sigma_{d_0}| < 3$ .
- LooseTrackOnly Isolation.

- Likelihood loose electrons [Electrons](#)
- (medium++ for Z and tight++ for W)
- $ET > 25$  GeV
- Object Quality requirements
- $|z_0 \sin(\theta)| < 0.5$  mm
- $|d_0 / \sigma_{d_0}| < 5$ .
- LooseTrackOnly Isolation.

- [Jets](#)
- AntiKt4TopoEM Jets
- $p_T > 25$  GeV and  $|\eta| < 2.4$  OR  $p_T > 30$  GeV and  $2.4 > |\eta| < 4.5$
- Pileup removal reject jets that have  $p_T < 50$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 2.4$ , and  $JVT < 0.59$
- Jet Cleaning

- [ET Miss](#)
- Use METMaker tool .
- Original MET container MET\_Core\_AntiKt4EMTopo.
- Add electrons, muons after corrections and e- $\mu$  and e-e corrections
- Add corrected jets (overlap handle by the tool)
- MET rebuilt adding the "soft term" coming from tracks

- [Overlap removal](#)
- Use overlap removal tool with the preselected leptons.
- e-e Electrons (after electron ID cuts) sharing the same ID-track, keep the electron with highest cluster ET
- e- $\mu$  Remove CaloTagged muons which share the same InnerDetector track as the electron
- e-jets Removes jets overlapping with electrons with  $\Delta R < 0.2$

# Event Selection

- **Event cleaning:** Reject LAr, Tile and SCT corrupted events and incomplete events.
- **Primary vertex:** Events are required to have a primary vertex with at least two associated tracks.
- **Trigger :** Single triggers.
- **N leptons :** Exactly three leptons passing the Z lepton selection.
- **Z Z veto :** Less than 4 leptons with  $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$  ( to be optimized) .
- **Z leptons :** Two same flavor oppositely charged leptons passing Z lepton selection.
- **Z Mass window :**  $|M_{ll} - M_Z| < 20 \text{ GeV}$  .
- **W lepton :** Likelihood Tight and Gradient isolation for Muons and electrons.
- **Missing transverse Energy:**  $ET_{\text{miss}} > 25 \text{ GeV}$

# Data and MC samples

## Data:

- The data used in corresponds to an integrated luminosity of 36 fb<sup>-1</sup> :
  - data15\_13TeV.periodAllYear\_DetStatusv79repro20-01\_DQDefects-00-02-02\_PHYS\_StandardGRL\_All\_Good\_25ns.xml
  - data16\_13TeV.periodAllYear\_DetStatus-v83pro20-10\_DQDefects-00-02-04\_PHYS\_StandardGRL\_All\_Good\_25ns.xml

## Monte Carlo:

<b>Signal</b>	VBS ( H5p, HVT) , qq ( HVT MadGraphPythia8EvtGen_A14NNPDF23LO_HVT_Agv1_VcWZ_lvll)
<b>WZ</b>	PowhegPy8EG_CT10nloME_AZNLOCTEQ6L1_WZlvll Or (Sherpa_221_NNPDF30NNLO_IIIv and Sherpa_CT10_IIIvjj_EW6)
<b>ZZ</b>	Sherpa_CT10_ggllll and ZZllll_mll4
<b>Z+jets</b>	Sherpa_221_NNPDF30NNLO_Zee , Sherpa_221_NNPDF30NNLO_Zmumu , Sherpa_221_NNPDF30NNLO_Ztautau
<b>Z+gamma</b>	Sherpa_CT10_eegamma, Sherpa_CT10_mumugamma.
<b>tZ</b>	MadGraphPythiaEvtGen_P2012_tZ.
<b>t <math>\bar{t}</math></b>	PowhegPythiaEvtGen_P2012_ttbar, PowhegPythiaEvtGen_P2012_SingleTopSchan
<b>VVV (V= W ; Z)</b>	Sherpa_CT10 : WWZ_4l2v, WZZ_5l1v, ZZZ_6l0v, ZZZ_4l2v
<b>t <math>\bar{t}</math>V</b>	MadGraphPythia8EvtGen_A14NNPDF23LO_ttZllonshell

# Trigger efficiency

Single-Electron triggers (Nominale)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• HLT_e60_lhmedium</li><li>• HLT_e24_lhmedium_L1EM20VH</li><li>• HLT_e24_lhmedium_L1EM18VH</li><li>• HLT_e120_lhloose</li></ul>
Single-Muon triggers (Nominale)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• HLT_mu20_iloose_L1MU15</li><li>• HLT_mu50</li></ul>
Di-Electron triggers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• HLT_2e12_lhloose_L12EM10VH</li></ul>
Di-Muon triggers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• HLT_2mu10</li><li>• HLT_mu18_mu8noL1</li></ul>
Tri-Electron triggers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• HLT_e17_lhloose_2e9_lhloose</li></ul>
Tri-Muon triggers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• HLT_3mu6</li><li>• HLT_3mu6_msonly</li><li>• HLT_mu18_2mu4noL1</li></ul>
Electron-Muon triggers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• HLT_2e12_lhloose_mu10</li><li>• HLT_e12_lhloose_2mu10</li><li>• HLT_e7_medium_mu24</li><li>• HLT_e17_lhloose_mu14</li><li>• HLT_e24_medium_L1EM20VHI_mu8noL1</li></ul>
MET trigger	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• HLT_xe60</li><li>• HLT_xe70</li><li>• HLT_xe80</li><li>• HLT_xe100</li></ul>

- Trigger efficiency is defined as

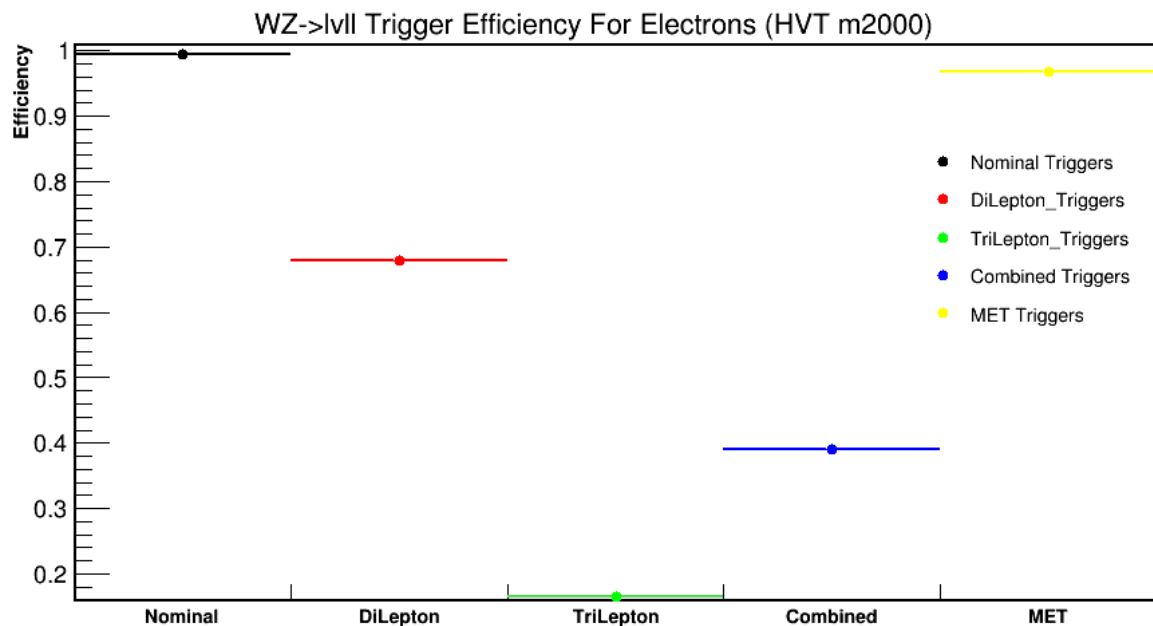
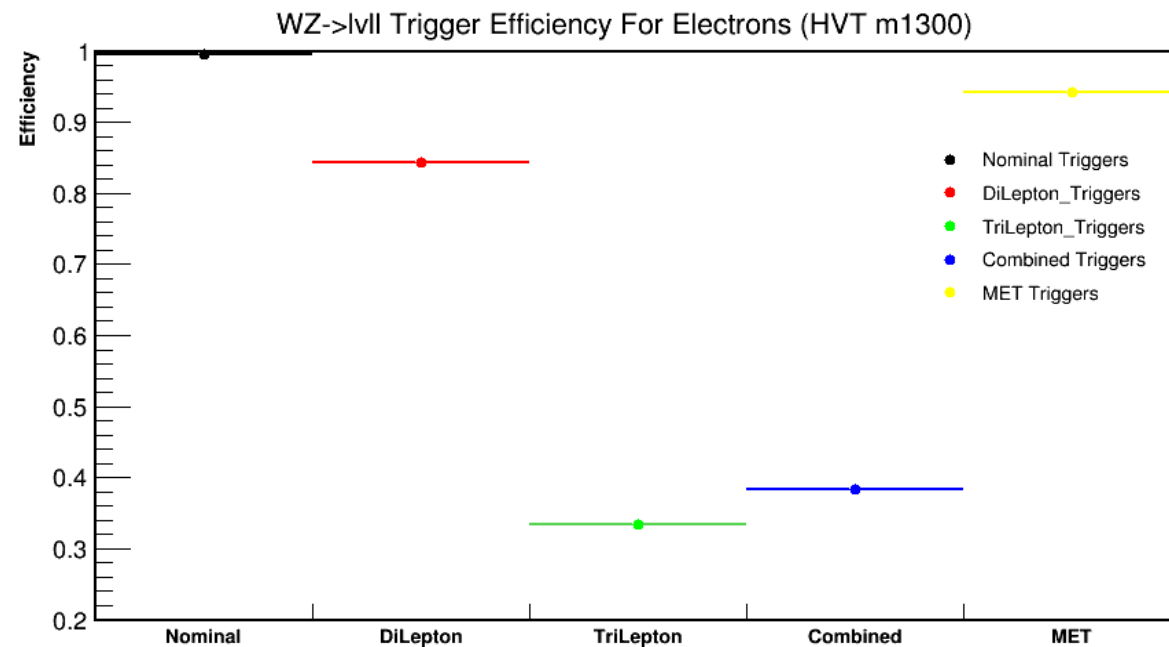
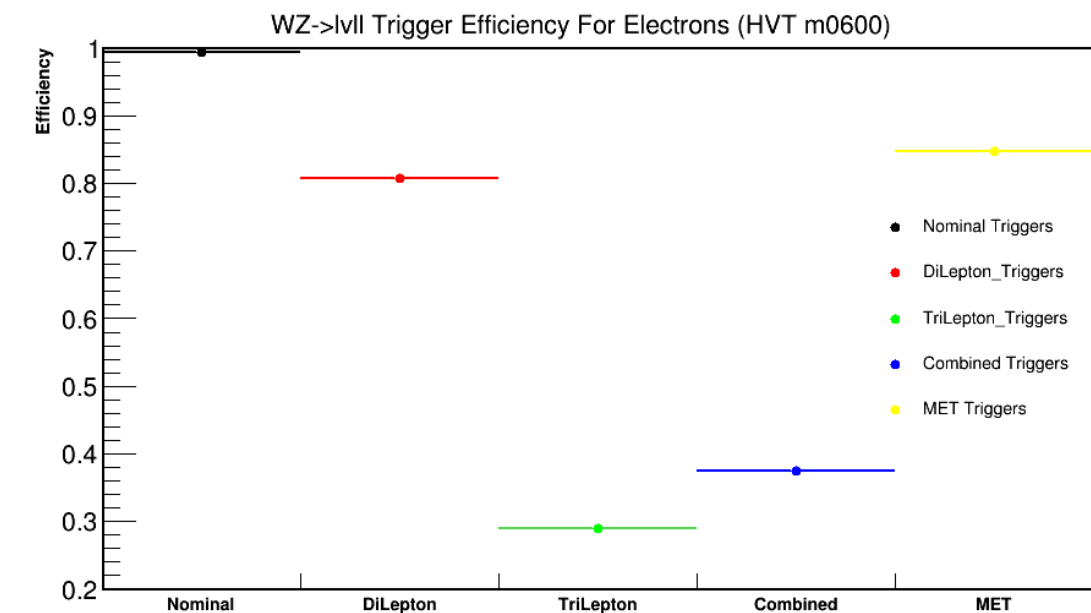
$$\epsilon = \frac{n_+}{n}$$

$n$  : number of events passing selection with out any trigger requirement.

$n_+$  : number of events passing the selection .

$n_-$  : number of events failing the selection .

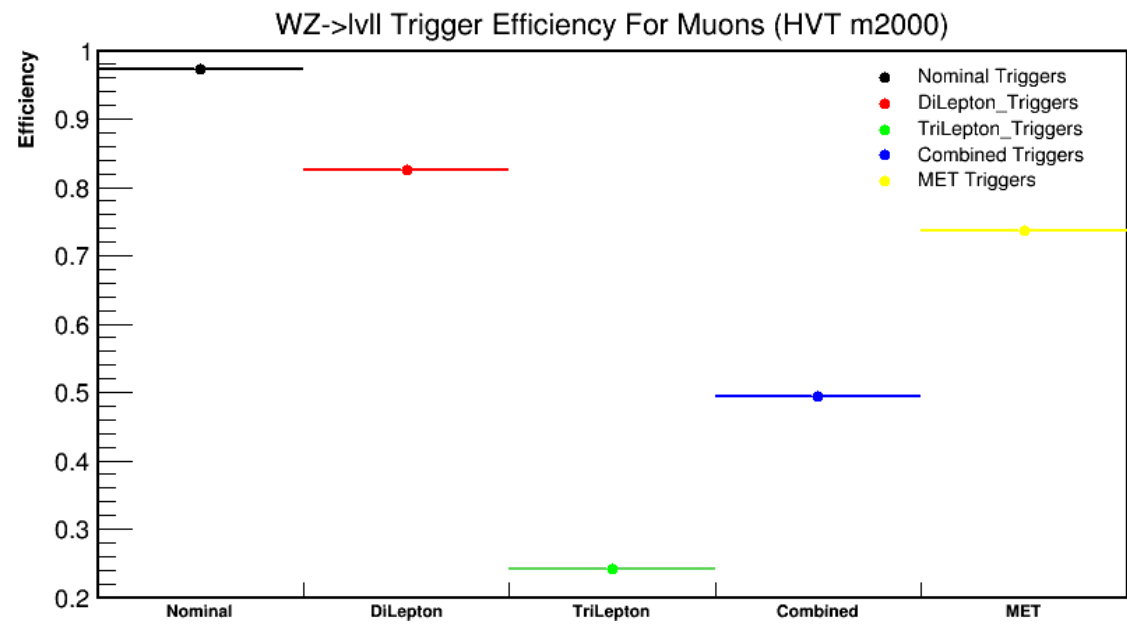
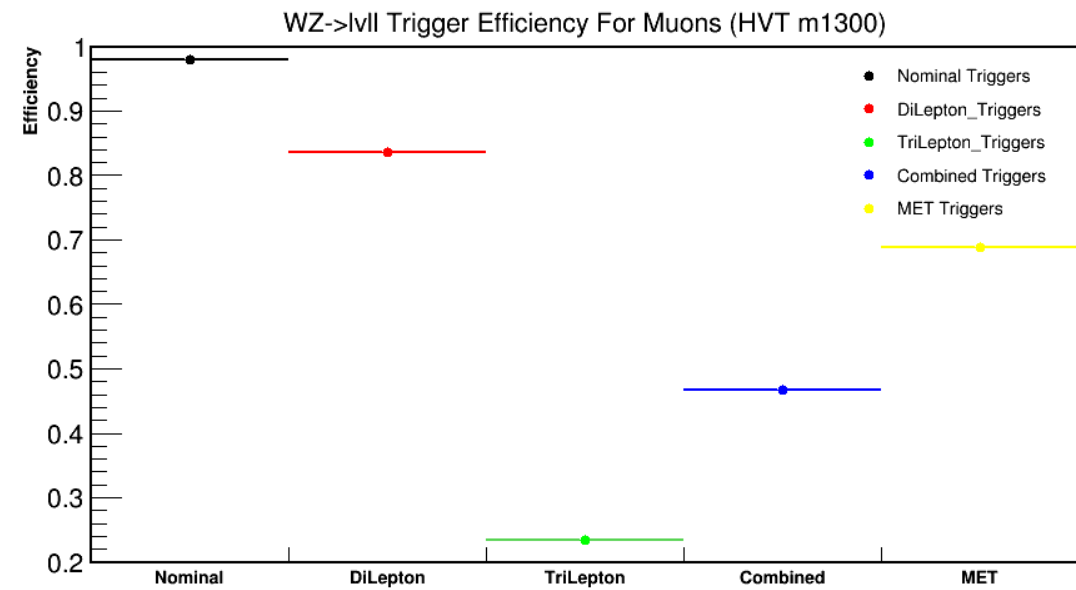
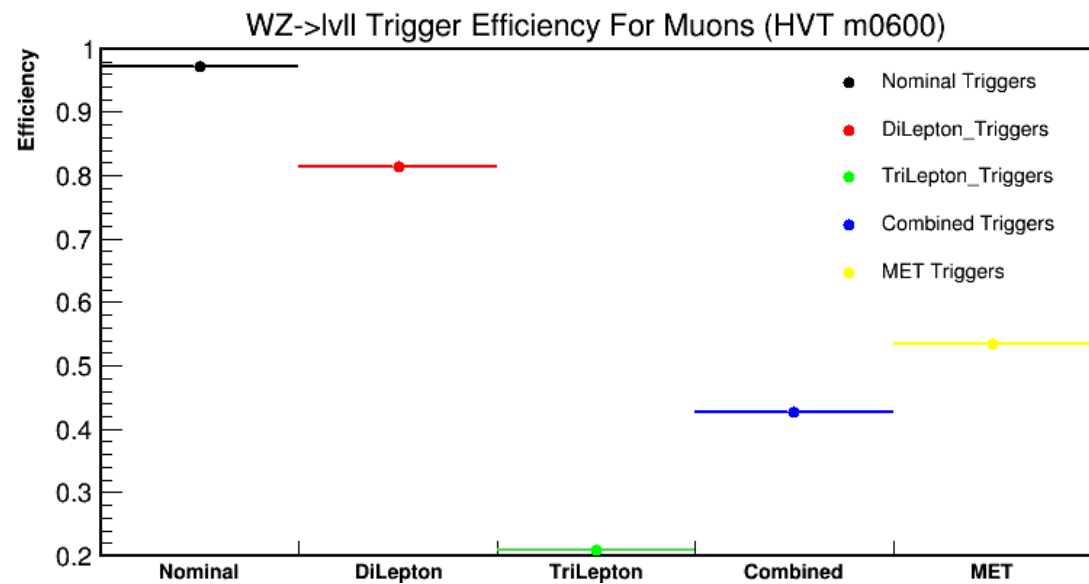
# Trigger efficiency for HVT in electron channel



Single lepton trigger is the trigger that provide the highest efficiency For electrons

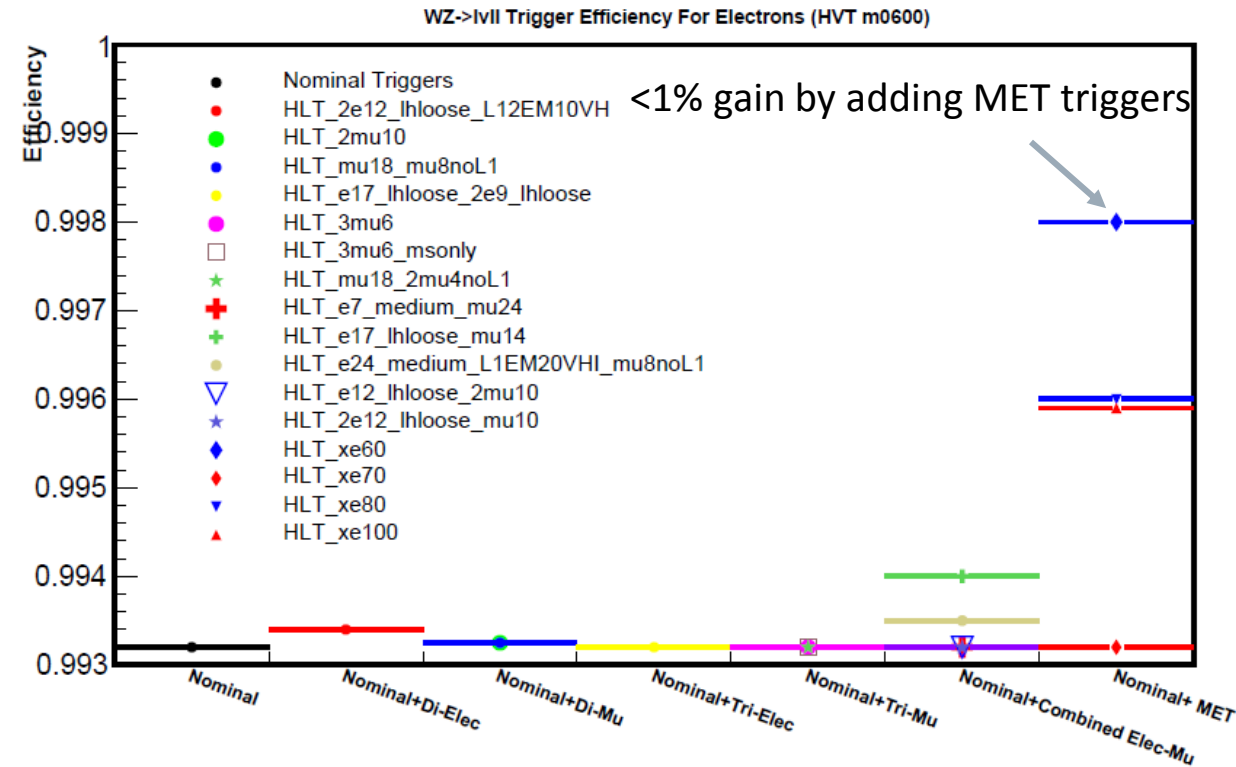
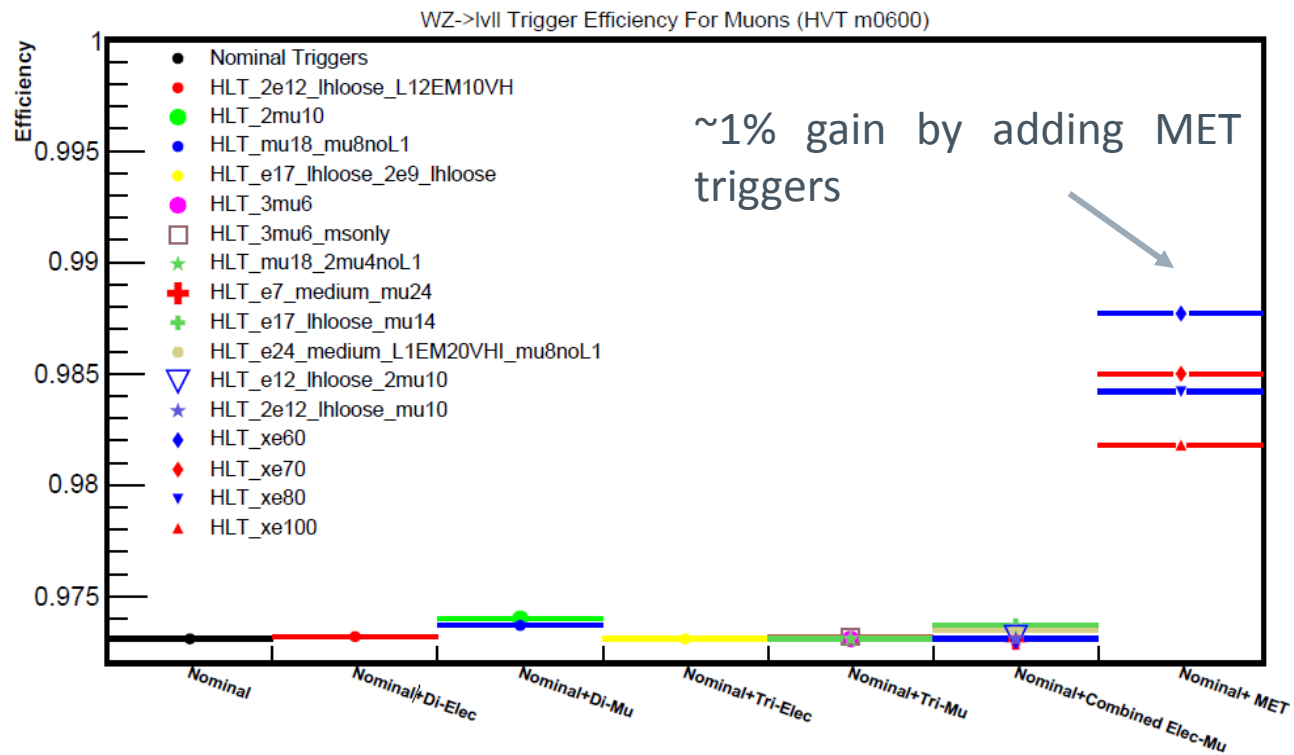


# Trigger efficiency for HVT in muon channel



Single lepton trigger is the trigger that provide the highest efficiency for Muons.

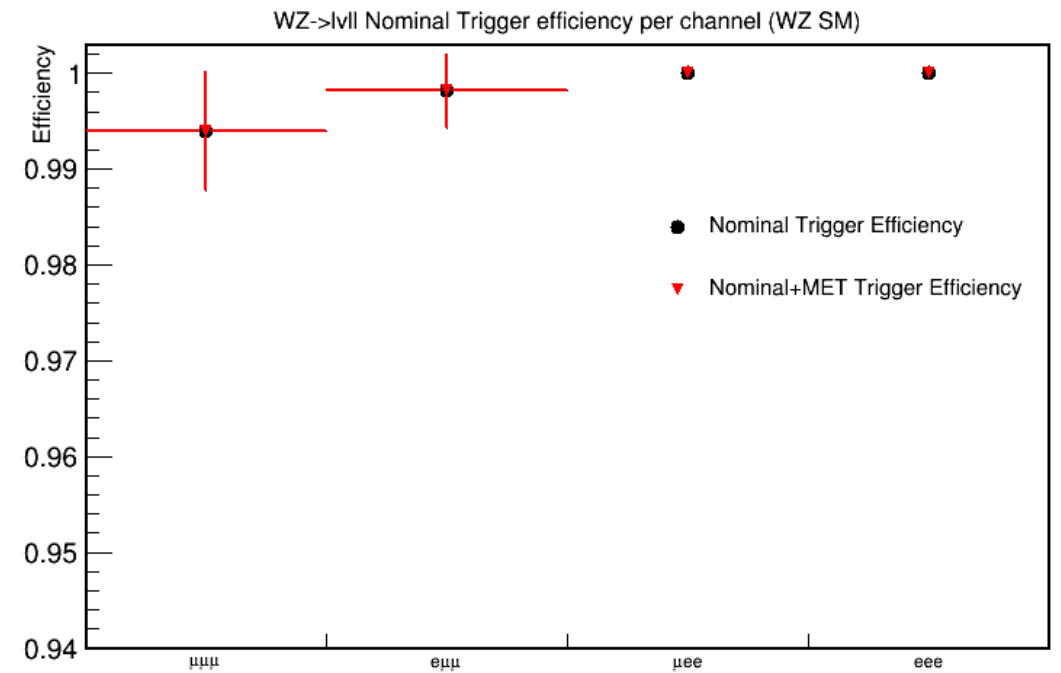
# Adding triggers to Nominal triggers



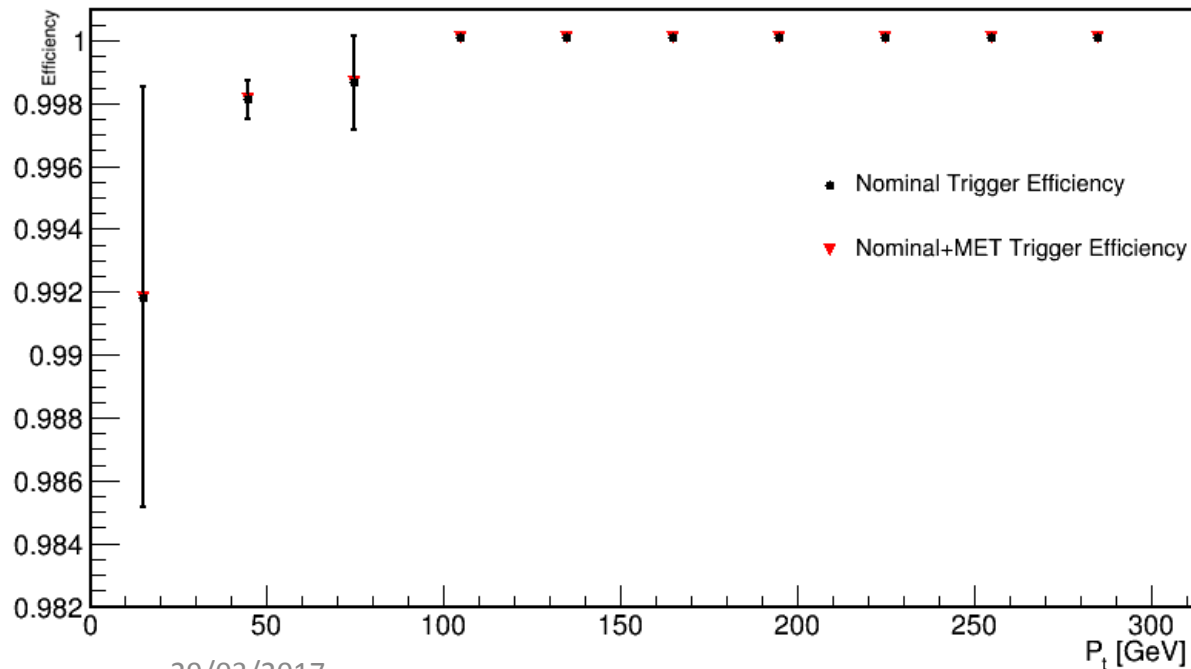
- Less than 1% gain by adding MET triggers to Nominal triggers for Muons Channel
- About 1% gain by adding MET triggers to Nominal triggers for Electrons Channel

# Trigger efficiency per Channel For WZ SM

- Calculate trigger efficiency using the SM sample:
  - Nominal triggers
  - Nominal+MET triggers
- Looked also at the lepton PT distribution
- There is no efficiency gain by adding MET triggers in the SM sample



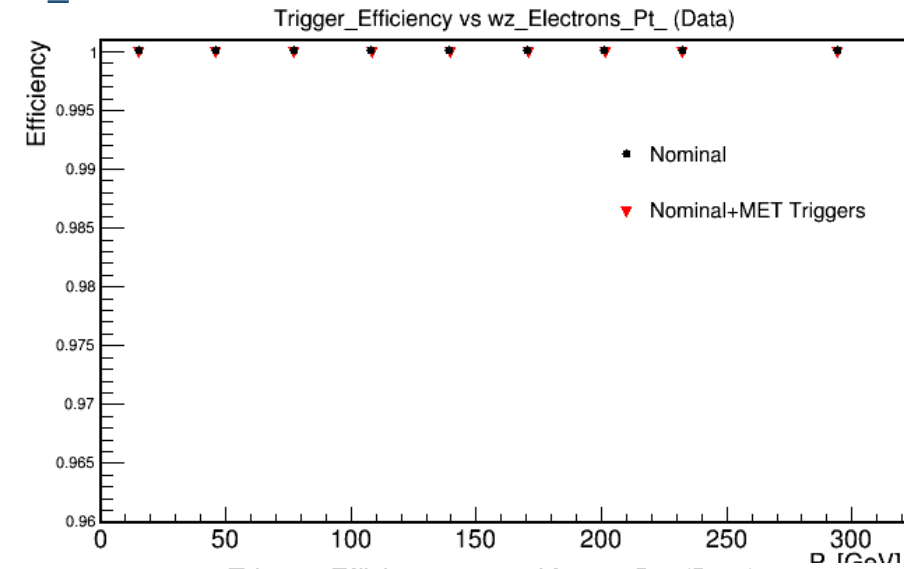
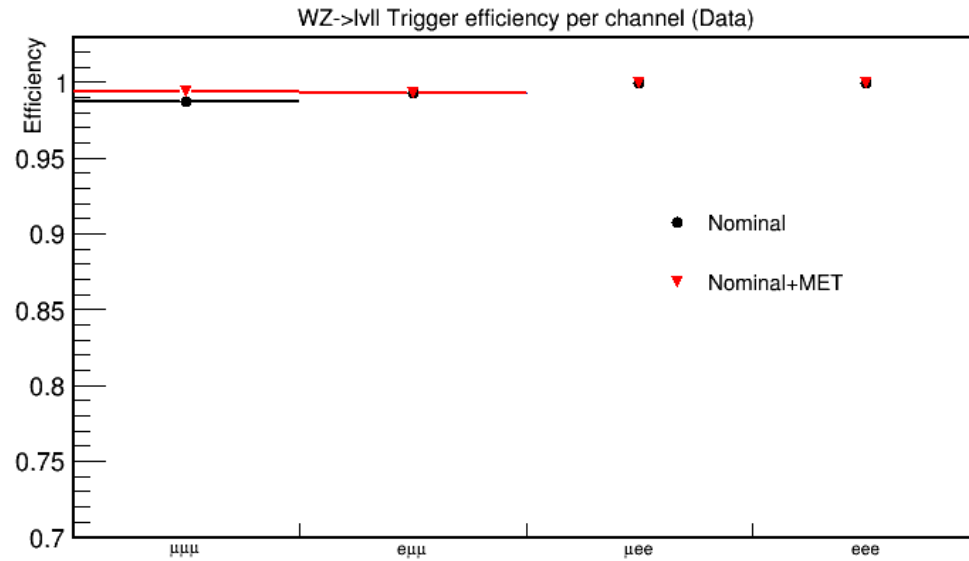
Trigger\_Efficiency vs WZ Lepton Pt (WZ SM)



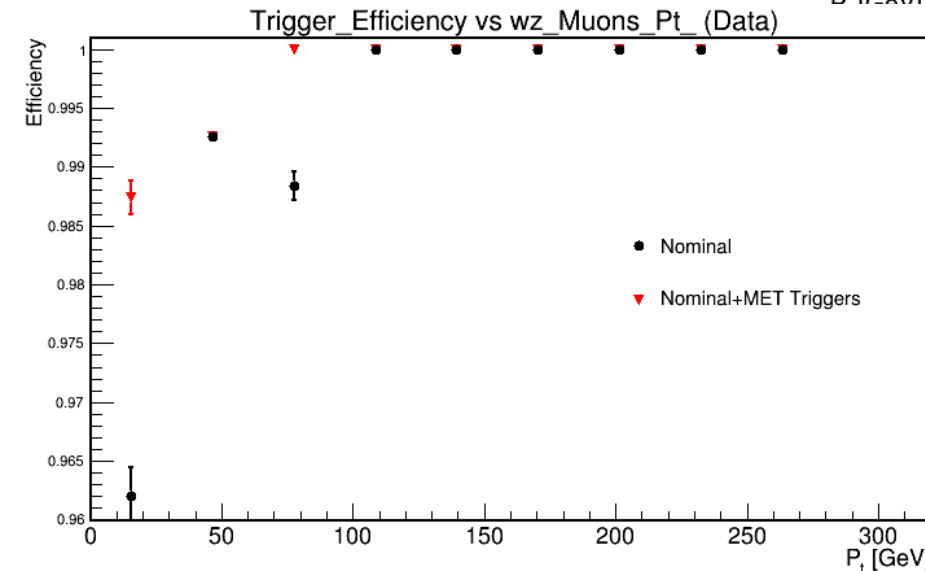
WZ SM Efficiency				
Triggers	$\mu\mu\mu$	$e\mu\mu$	$\mu ee$	$eee$
Nominal+MET	99.4 %	99.8 %	100 %	100 %
Nominal	99.4 %	99.8 %	100 %	100 %
Gain %	0	0	0	0

# Trigger efficiency per Channel For data15

atlas\_lumi = 3.2 fb-1

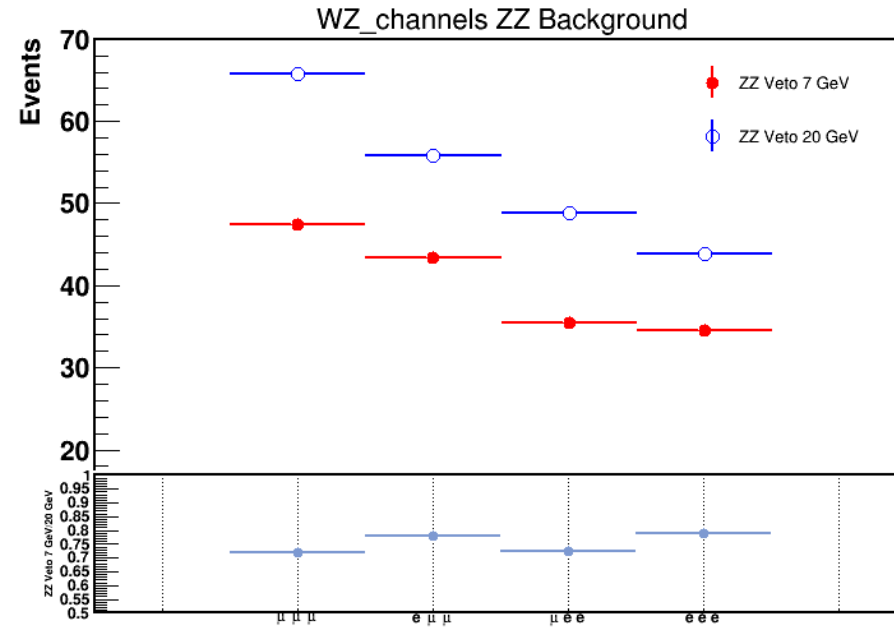
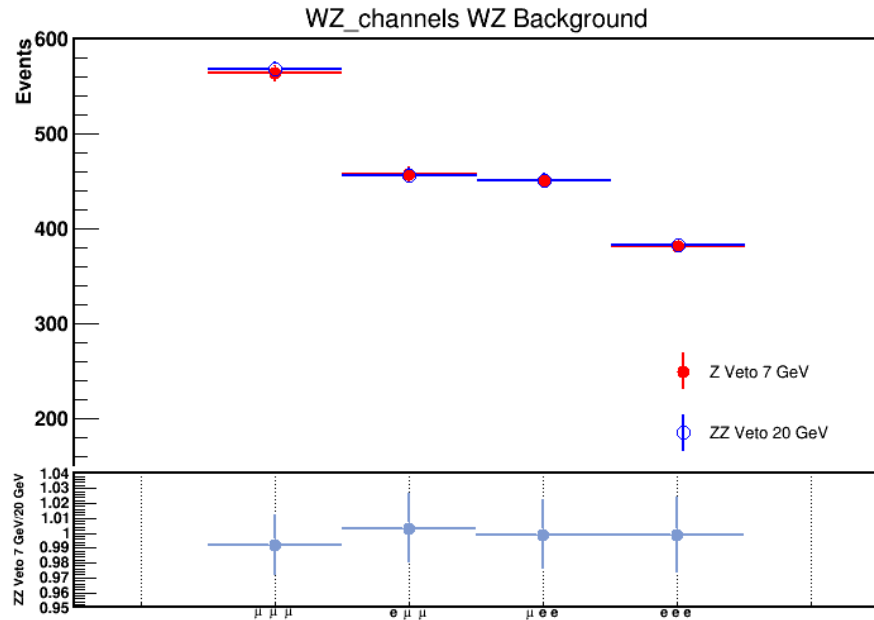


WZ SM Efficiency				
Triggers	$\mu\mu\mu$	$e\mu\mu$	$\mu ee$	$eee$
Nominal+MET	99.40 %	99.25 %	100 %	100 %
Nominal	98.80 %	99.25 %	100 %	100 %
Gain %	0.6 %	0	0	0



- Adding MET triggers to the nominal selection we see a gain in efficiency in the  $\mu\mu\mu$  channel (0.6 %)
- Single lepton trigger (Nominal triggers) is 100% efficient for electrons .

# ZZ veto optimisation .

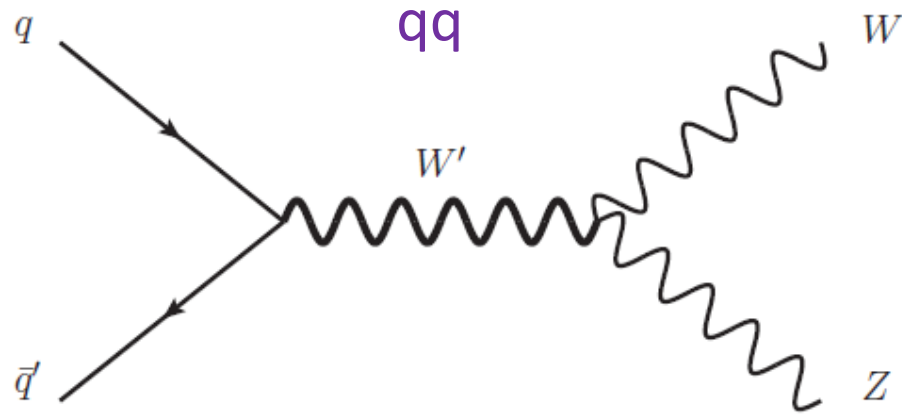


WZ					
Veto	$\mu\mu\mu$	$e\mu\mu$	$\mu ee$	$eee$	Total
20 GeV	568.27	456.34	451.18	382.61	1858.4
7 GeV	563.67	457.78	450.71	382.17	1854.33
Ratio %	0.81	-0.31	0.1	0.115	0.22

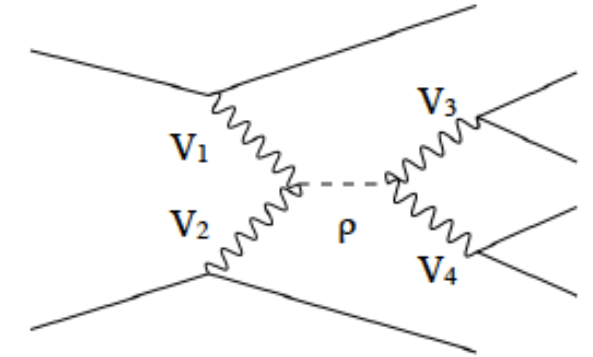
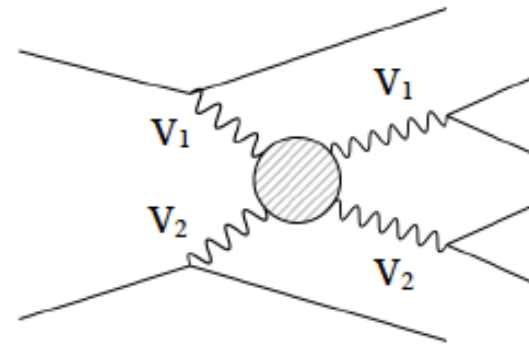
ZZ					
Veto	$\mu\mu\mu$	$e\mu\mu$	$\mu ee$	$eee$	Total
20 GeV	65.75	55.77	48.88	43.83	214.77
7 GeV	47.42	43.35	35.45	34.49	160.71
Ratio %	28	22	27	21	25

Decreasing the ZZ veto pt lepton cut from 20 GeV to 7 GeV, reduces the ZZ background by more than 25%. While the dominant background WZ SM is not affected by this cut.

# VBS, qq category definitions .



## VBS/VBF



- After selection the W and Z candidates.

- ✓ VBS Category is defined :

- ✓ Select first good Z and W boson selection

- ✓ Only events with  $N_{jet} \geq 2$  are considered for the analysis VBS.

- ✓ Apply :  $Pt_j > 20$  GeV  $\eta_{jj} < 4.5$

- ✓ Apply :  $m_{jj} > 500$  GeV and  $\Delta\eta_{jj} > 3.5$

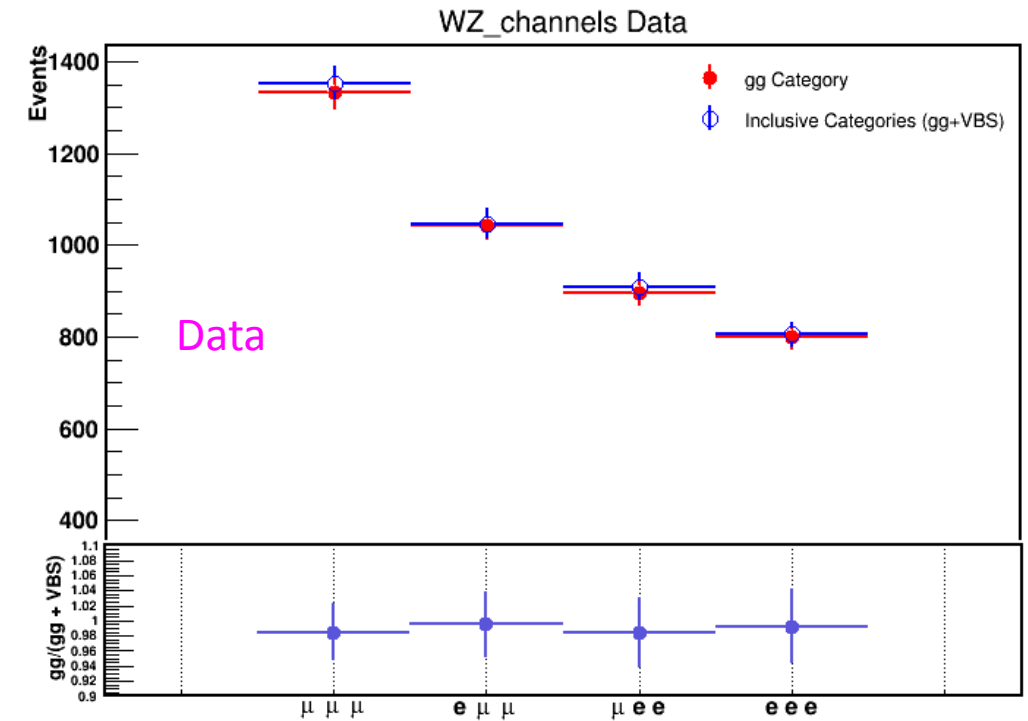
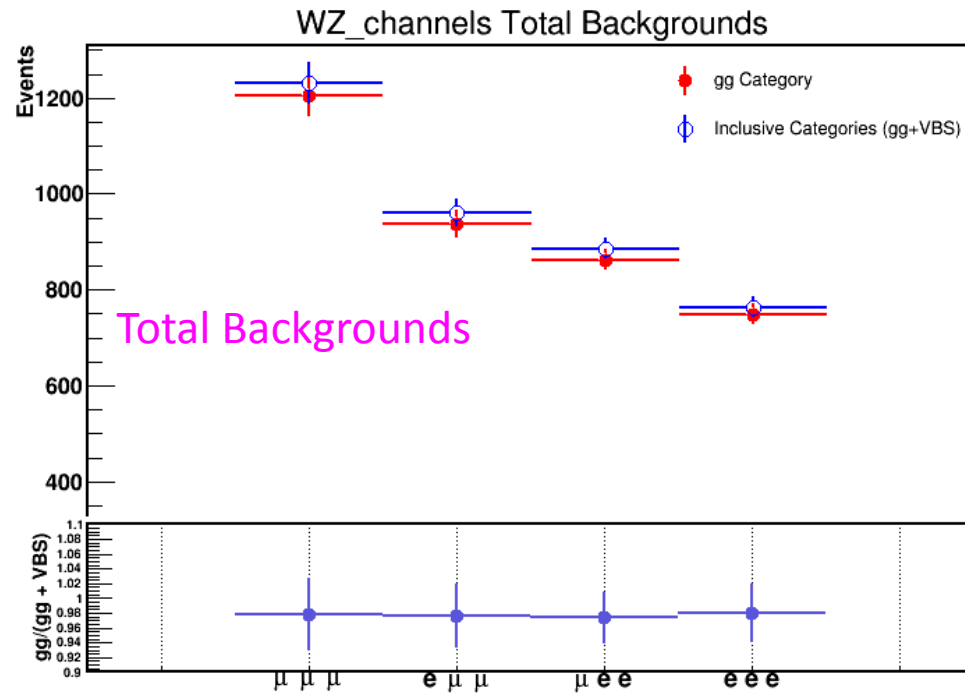
- ✓ qq Category : ( qq category is orthogonal to VBS ) all the events that do not satisfy the VBF/VBS criteria above will fall in qq category.

# HVT Signal : inclusive and qq comparison

HVT Mass [GeV]	N (Inclusive VBS + qq)	N(qq)	Ratio [%]
500	1400+03+-22.3	1380+-22.1	1.43
700	433+-7.55	426+-7.5	1.62
800	272+-3.99	268+-3.96	1.47
900	180+-2.3	177+-2.28	1.67
1000	118+-2.09	115+-2.07	2.54
1100	82.7	80.6+-1.32	2.53
1200	56+-0.684	54.9+-0.678	1.96
1300	37.6+-0.801	37+-0.795	1.59
1400	28.3+-0.339	27.7+-0.335	2.12
1500	19.7+-0.24	19.3+-0.238	2.3
1600	14.7+-0.177	14.3+-0.175	2.72
1700	11+-0.134	10.7+-0.133	2.72
1800	8.25+-0.0992	8.05+-0.0979	2.42
1900	6.23+-0.0751	6.08+-0.0741	2.41
2000	4.88+-0.076	4.76+-0.0752	2.46
2200	2.86+-0.0855	2.79+-0.0845	2.45
2400	1.69+-0.0289	1.65+-0.0286	2.37
2600	1.02+-0.0125	0.988+-0.0124	3.14
2800	0.579+-0.00747	0.563+-0.00737	2.76
3000	0.351+-0.00574	0.341+-0.00566	2.85
3500	0.0941+-0.00153	0.0918+-0.00152	2.44
4000	0.0283+-0.000451	0.0274+-0.000445	3.18
4500	0.00842+-0.000158	0.00822+-0.000156	2.37
5000	0.00391+-7.03e-05	0.00383+-6.96e-05	2.4

- Compare the number of HVT signal events passing all the selection cuts in exclusive and qq categories
- Less than 3% efficiency loss is found compared to inclusive analysis
- It seems that the HVT samples are quite pure and contain only qq events

# Effect on total Background and data : inclusive and qq comparison



Channel	$\mu\mu\mu$	$e\mu\mu$	$\mu ee$	$eee$	Inclusive
qq+VBS	1231.35	960.56	885.64	764.04	3841.59
qq	1205.29	937.59	862.31	749.12	3754.31
Ratio [%]	2.14	2.40	2.63	1.95	2.27

Channel	$\mu\mu\mu$	$e\mu\mu$	$\mu ee$	$eee$	Inclusive
Qq +VBS	1353	1047	910	805	4115
qq	1332	1042	896	799	4069
Ratio [%]	1.55	0.48	1.54	0.74	1.12

✓ Small impact (less than 3%) is seen both for total MC background and in data



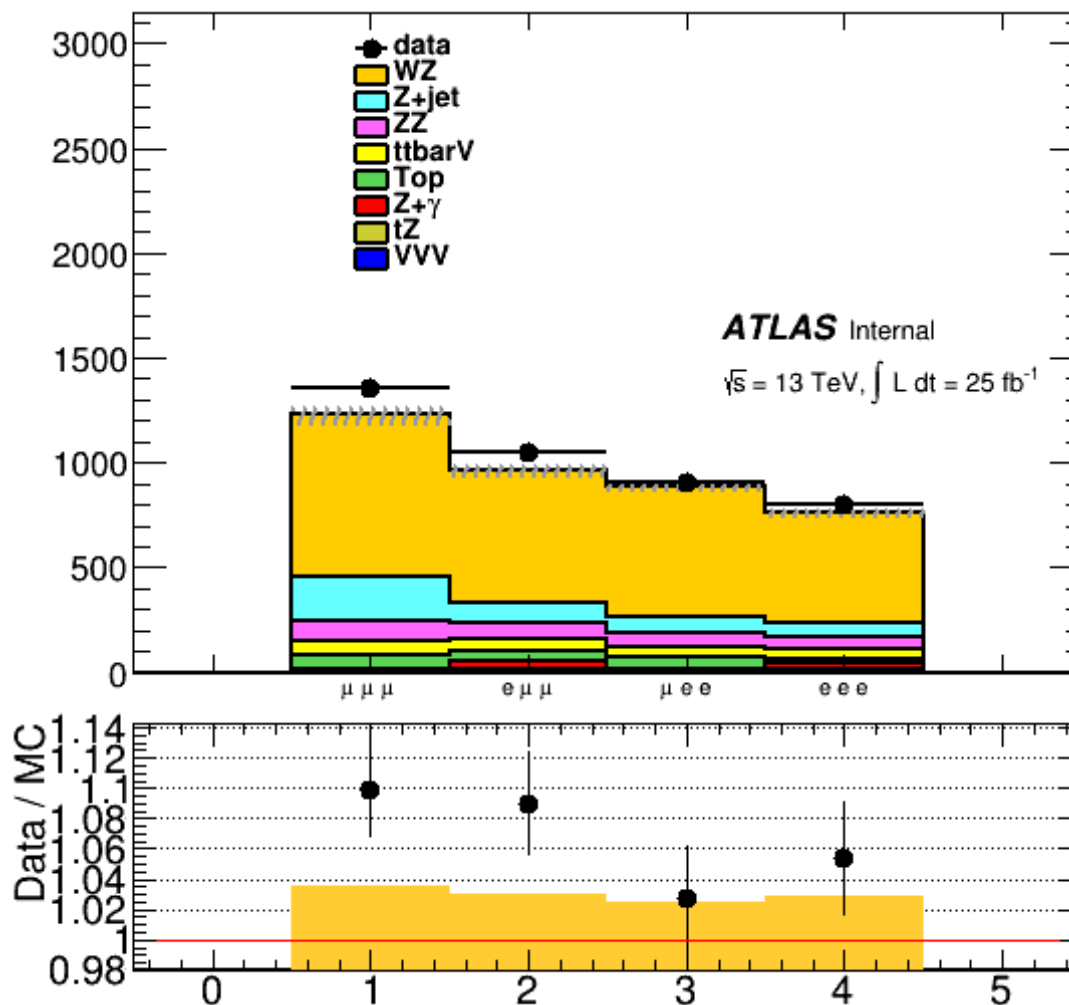
# Kinematic distributions

Inclusive VBS and qq Signal

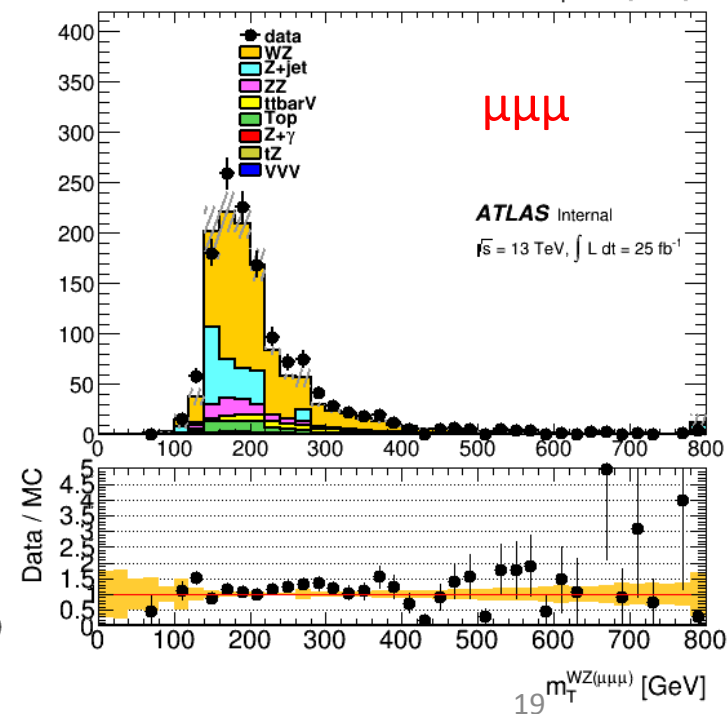
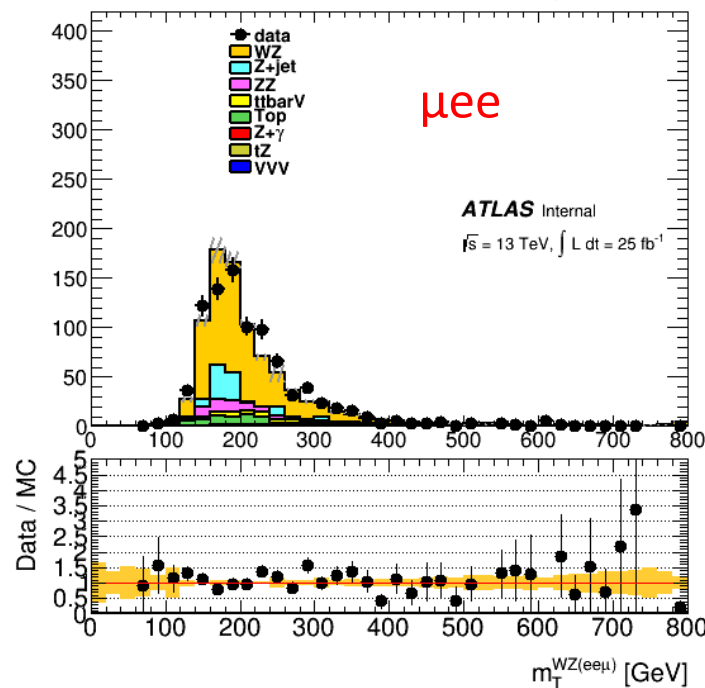
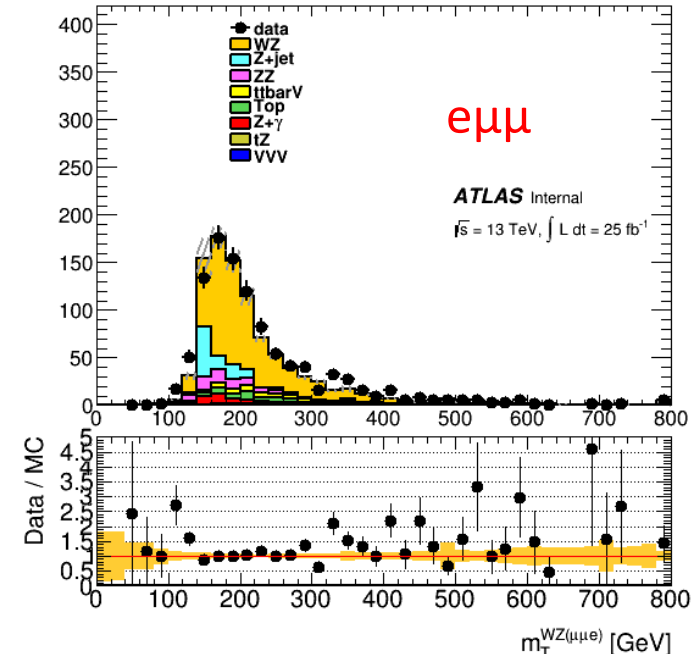
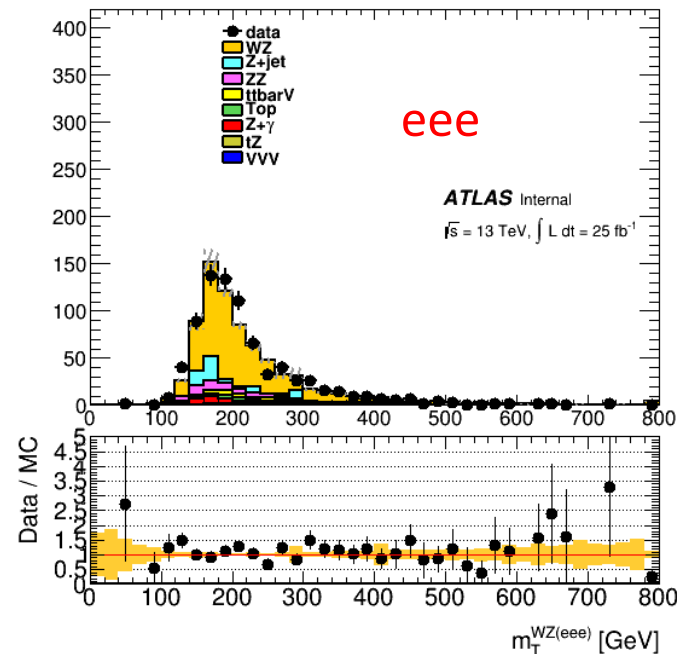
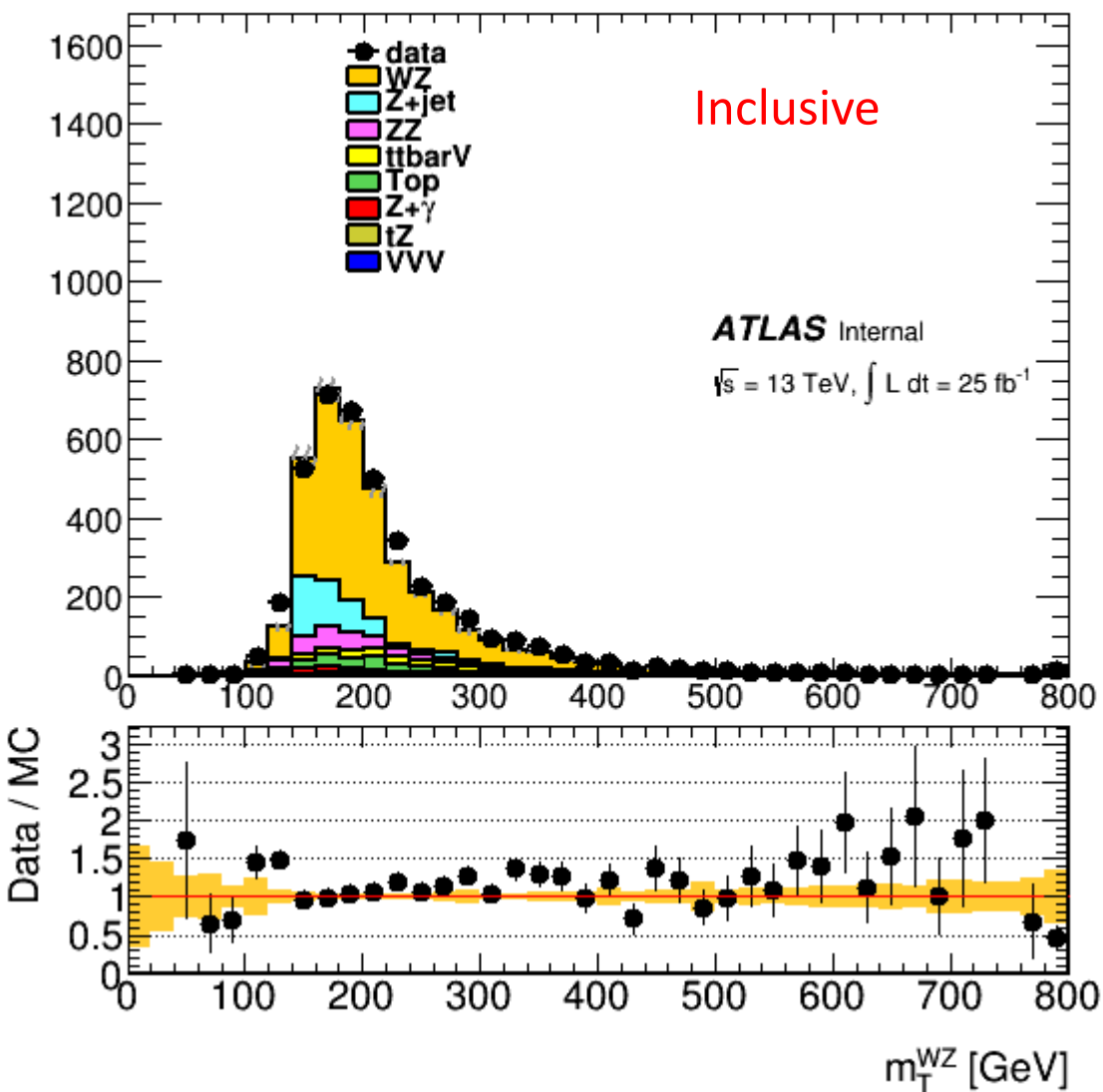
# Before signal optimization cut selection cuts :

- Cutflowselection after selection W and Z candidates.
- Good data/MC agreement in  $\mu ee$  and  $eee$  channels.

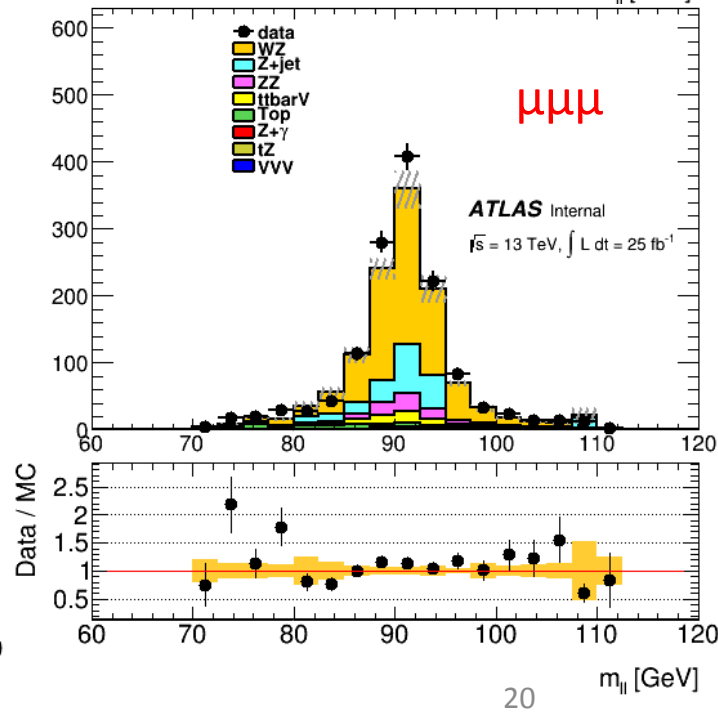
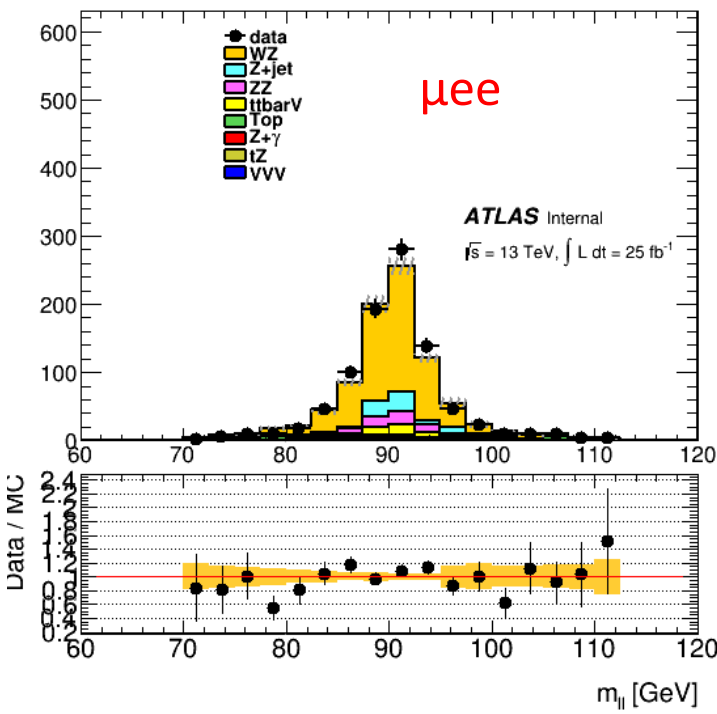
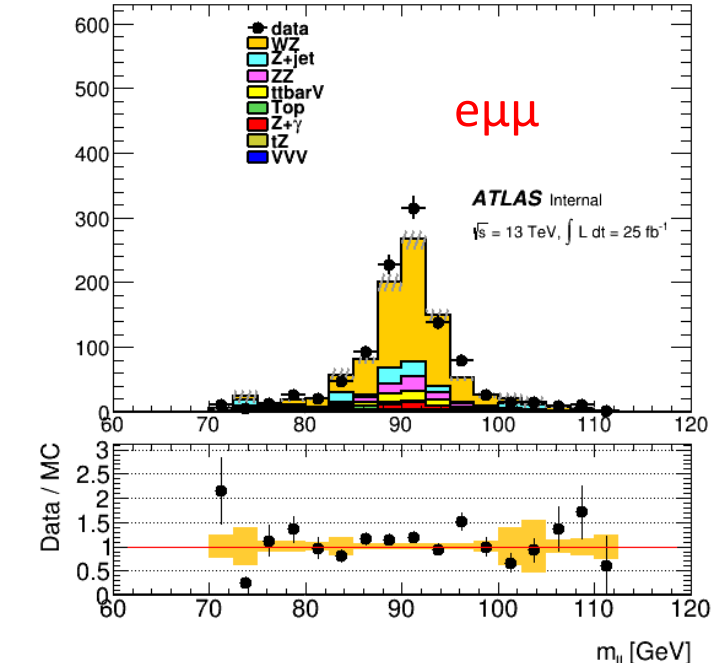
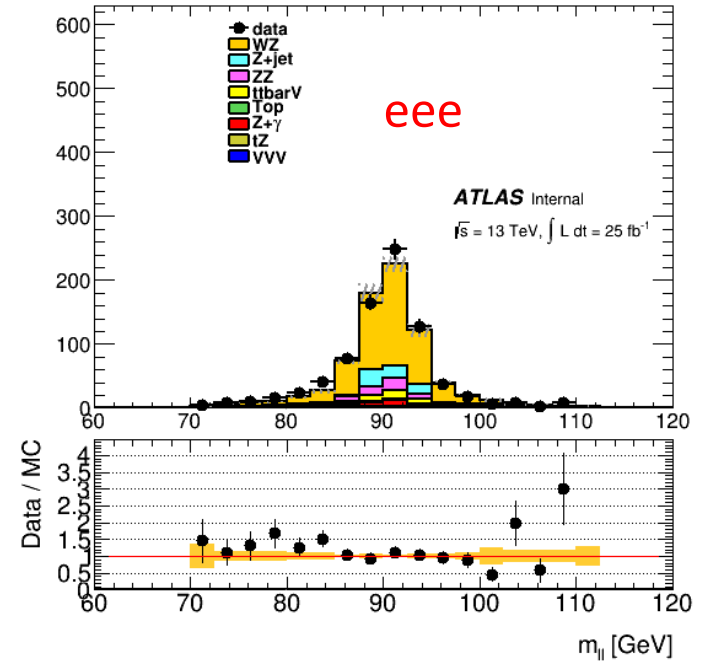
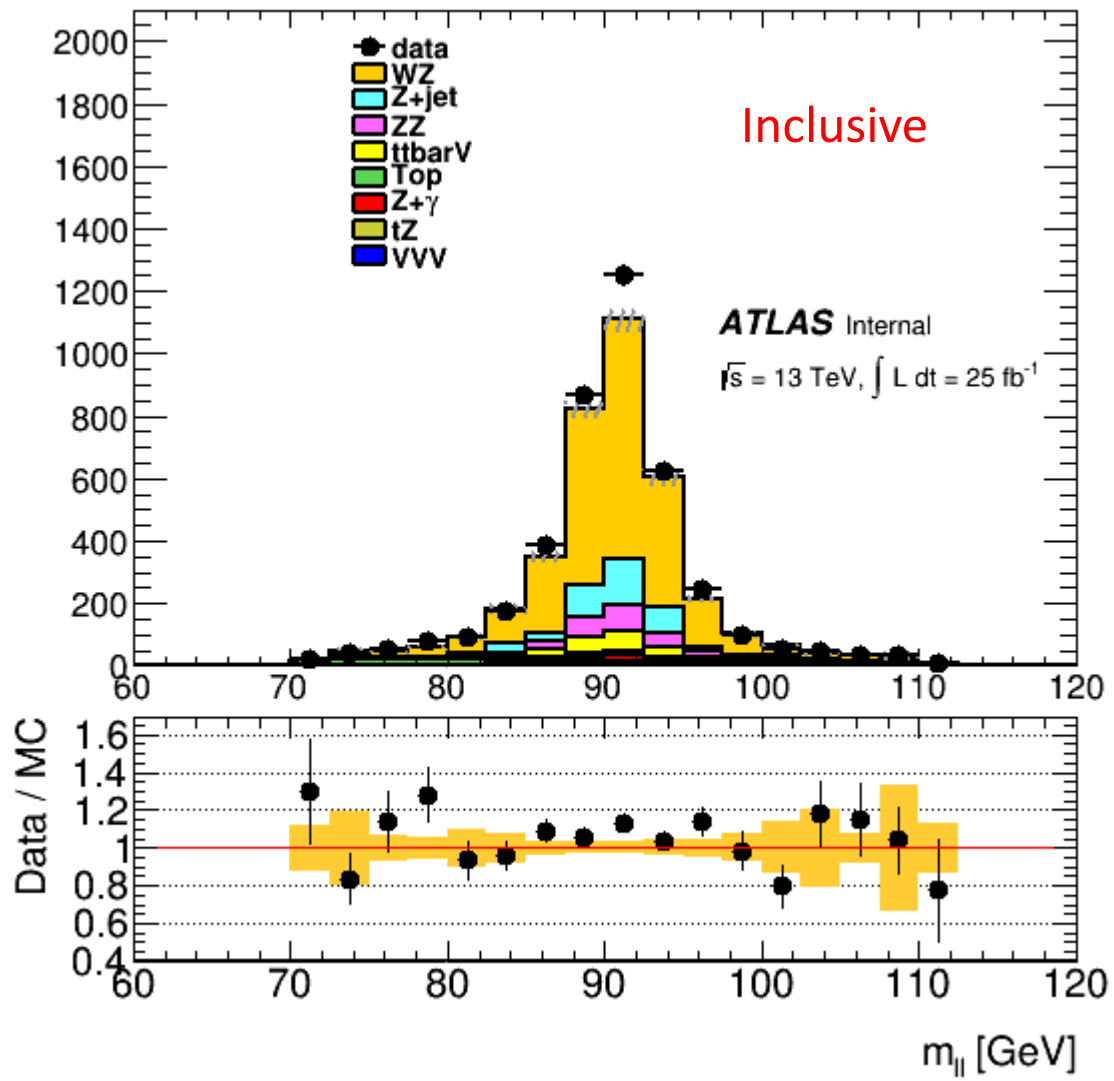
Channel	$\mu\mu$	$e\mu$	$\mu ee$	$eee$	Inclusive
Data	1353	1047	910	805	4115
Total MC	1231.35 $\pm$ 43.33	960.56 $\pm$ 29.45	885.64 $\pm$ 22.34	764.04 $\pm$ 21.8	3841.59 $\pm$ 60.99
WZ	777.81 $\pm$ 11.43	624.61 $\pm$ 10.31	617.55 $\pm$ 10.30	523.68 $\pm$ 9.49	2543.65 $\pm$ 20.79
Z+Jets	210 $\pm$ 41.5	103 $\pm$ 27.1	79.5 $\pm$ 19.3	68.7 $\pm$ 19.3	461 $\pm$ 56.6
ZZ	90 $\pm$ 0.98	76.33 $\pm$ 0.89	66.91 $\pm$ 0.85	60.00 $\pm$ 0.82	293.24 $\pm$ 1.77
VVV	2.84 $\pm$ 0.09	2.45 $\pm$ 0.07	2.36 $\pm$ 0.075	1.95 $\pm$ 0.07	9.60 $\pm$ 0.15
Z+g	2.01 $\pm$ 0.97	40.78 $\pm$ 3.49	0.88 $\pm$ 0.42	33.48 $\pm$ 2.69	77.15 $\pm$ 4.54
top	66.6 $\pm$ 4.65	43.9 $\pm$ 3.77	55.1 $\pm$ 4.31	21.7 $\pm$ 2.47	187 $\pm$ 7.78
ttbarV	67.92 $\pm$ 0.46	57.65 $\pm$ 0.43	51.53 $\pm$ 0.38	44.72 $\pm$ 0.36	221.82 $\pm$ 0.82
tZ	14.47 $\pm$ 0.069	11.85 $\pm$ 0.063	11.74 $\pm$ 0.063	9.80 $\pm$ 0.058	47.87 $\pm$ 0.13
Data/MC	1.1	1.09	1.03	1.05	1.07



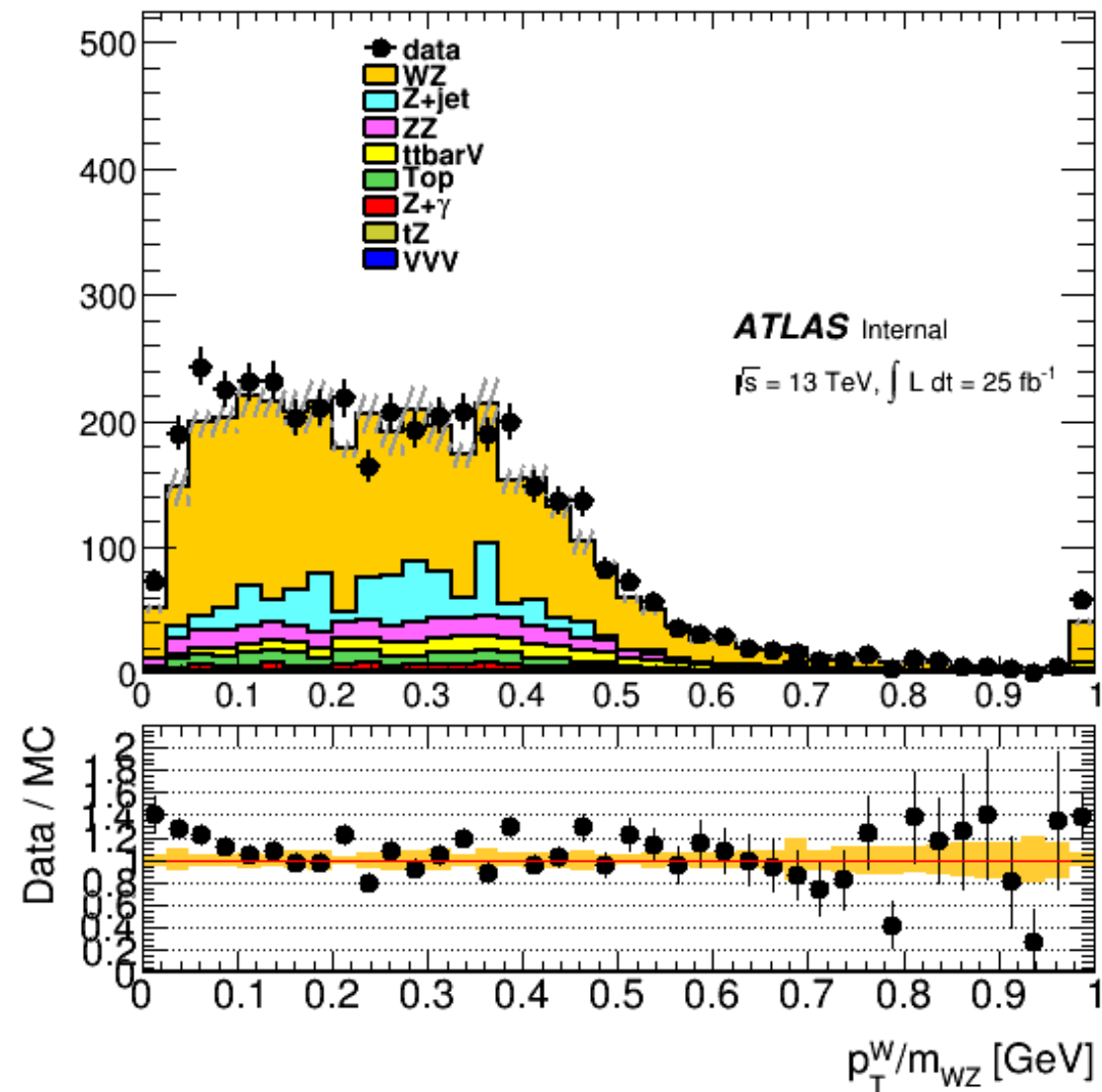
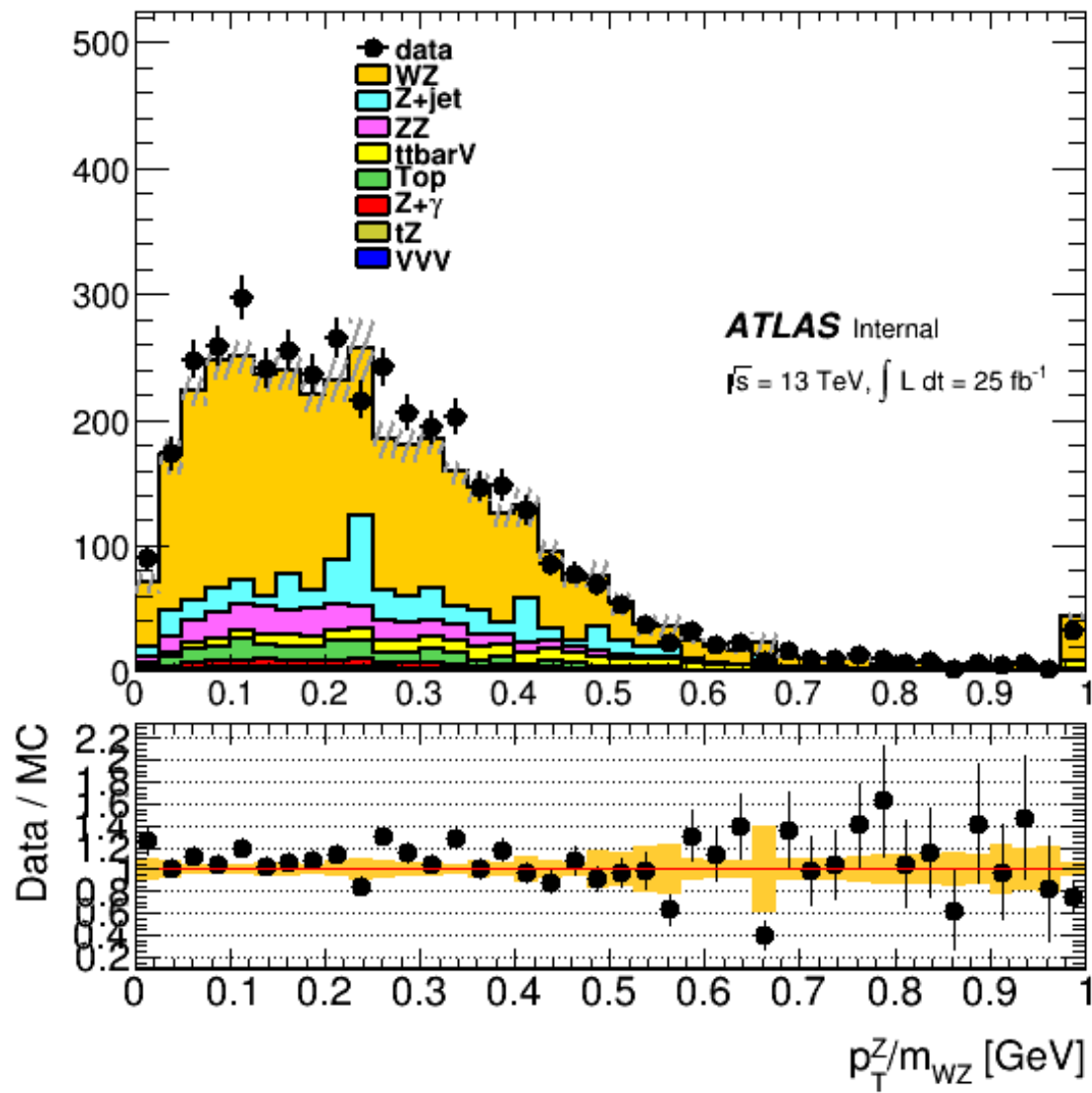
# WZ Transverse Mass distribution :



# Z mass distributions :



# Distributions of $p_T^Z/Mass_{WZ}$ and $p_T^W/Mass_{WZ}$ :

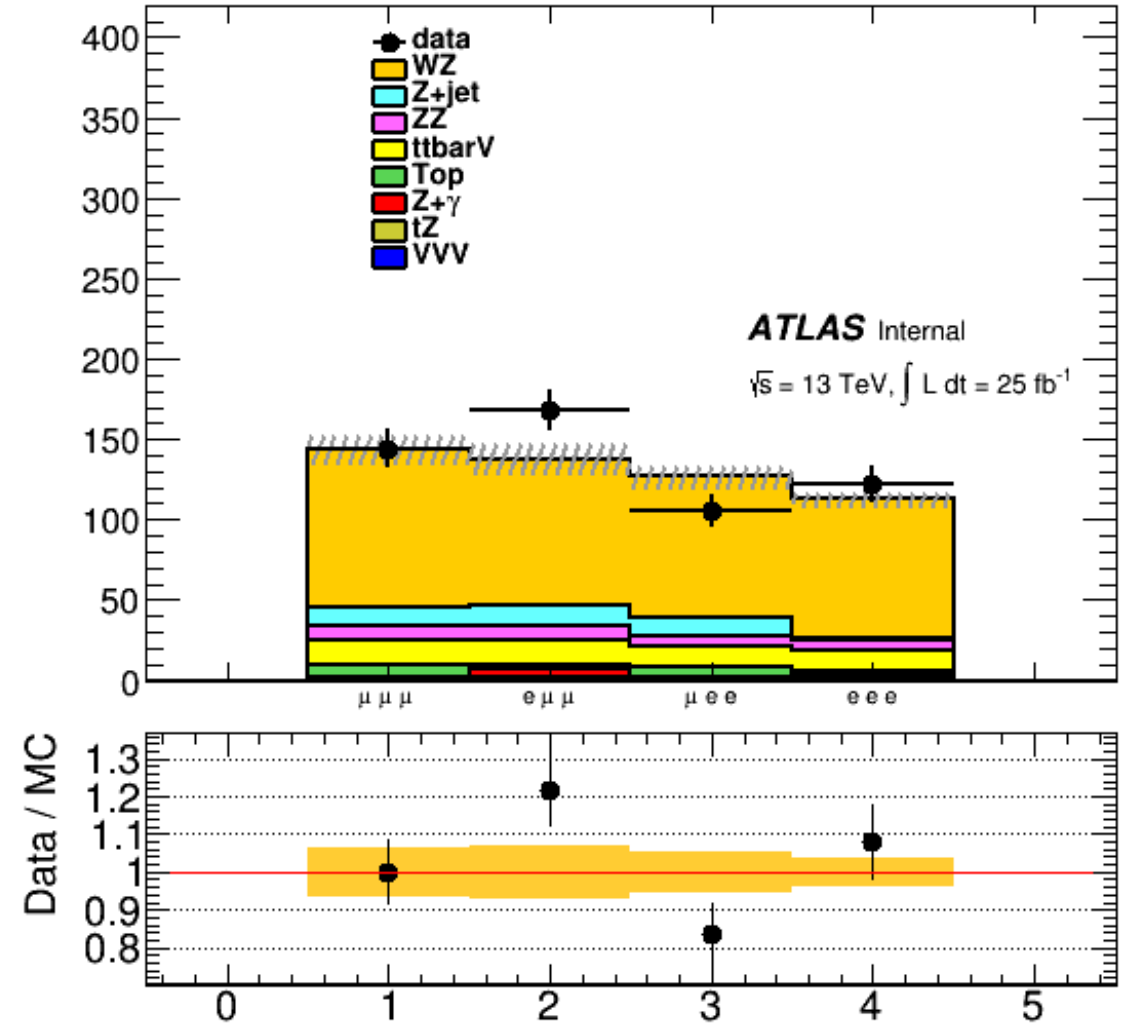


## After signal optimization cut selection cuts :

- Cutflow selection after applying :

$$p_T^Z / \text{Mass}_{WZ} > 0.35 \text{ and } p_T^W / \text{Mass}_{WZ} > 0.35$$

Channel	$\mu\mu\mu$	$e\mu\mu$	$\mu ee$	$eee$	Inclusive
Data	144	168	106	122	540
Total MC	143.8 $\pm$ 9.19	138.07 $\pm$ 9.79	126.61 $\pm$ 6.92	112.78 $\pm$ 4.43	521.26 $\pm$ 15.75
WZ	98.57 $\pm$ 4	91.04 $\pm$ 3.94	87.69 $\pm$ 3.93	85.83 $\pm$ 3.91	363.13 $\pm$ 7.89
Z+Jets	4.96 $\pm$ 3.59	3.05 $\pm$ 2.15	10.83 $\pm$ 5.49	1.94 $\pm$ 1.94	20.78 $\pm$ 7.17
ZZ	8.91 $\pm$ 0.31	8.50 $\pm$ 0.30	6.58 $\pm$ 0.26	6.69 $\pm$ 0.27	30.70 $\pm$ 0.58
VVV	0.47 $\pm$ 0.02	0.44 $\pm$ 0.02	0.39 $\pm$ 0.02	0.40 $\pm$ 0.03	1.71 $\pm$ 0.06
Z+g	0.27 $\pm$ 0.27	5.35 $\pm$ 1.42	0.003 $\pm$ 0.003	2.49 $\pm$ 0.51	8.12 $\pm$ 1.53
top	6.59 $\pm$ 1.59	2.44 $\pm$ 1.01	6.04 $\pm$ 1.46	1.45 $\pm$ 0.49	16.53 $\pm$ 2.4
ttbarV	15.95 $\pm$ 0.22	15.49 $\pm$ 0.22	13.36 $\pm$ 0.19	12.43 $\pm$ 0.19	57.24 $\pm$ 0.41
tZ	1.91 $\pm$ 0.025	1.72 $\pm$ 0.024	1.69 $\pm$ 0.024	1.54 $\pm$ 0.023	6.86 $\pm$ 0.048
Data/MC	1.001	1.21	0.84	1.08	1.03



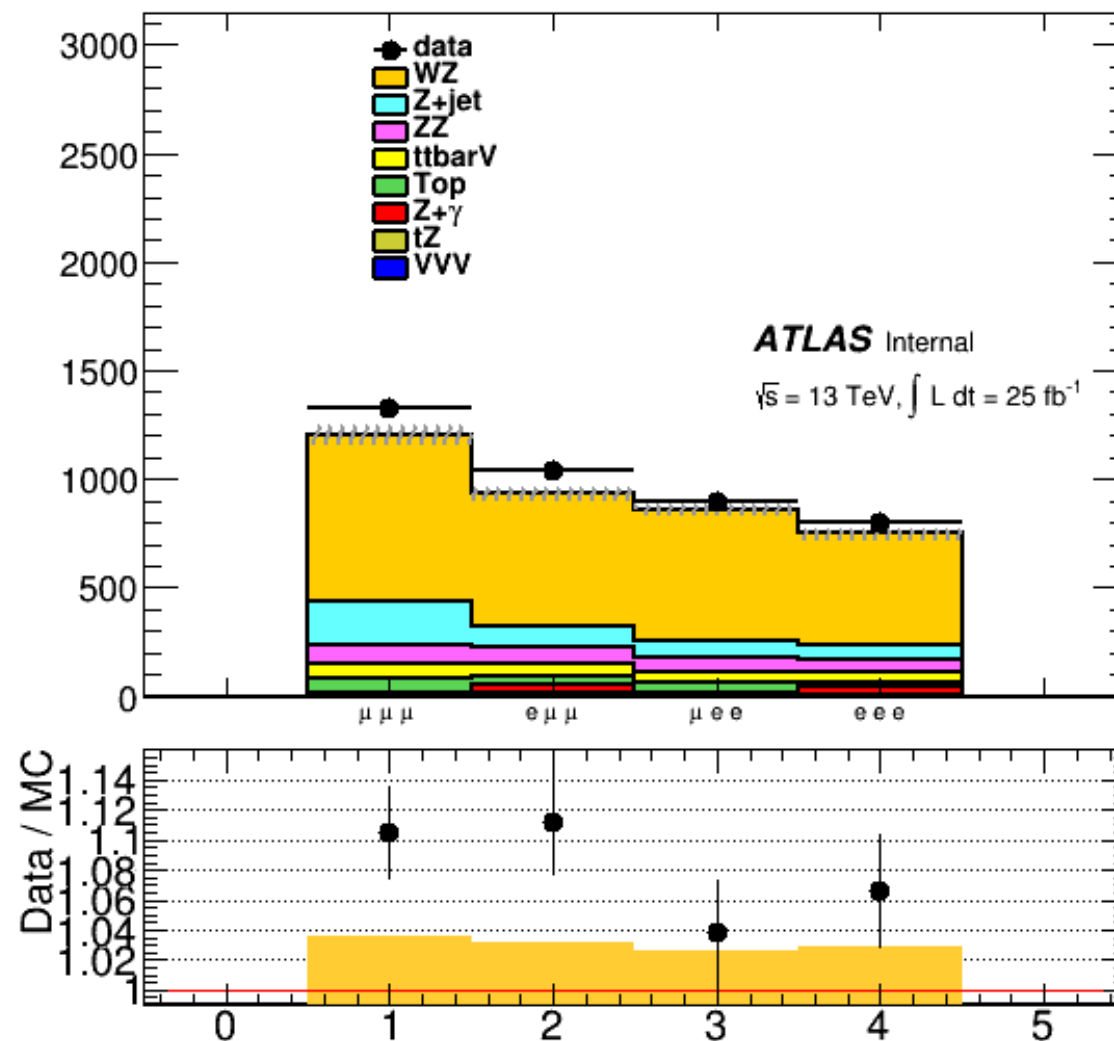
# Kinematic distributions

qq Category

# Before signal optimization cut selection cuts :

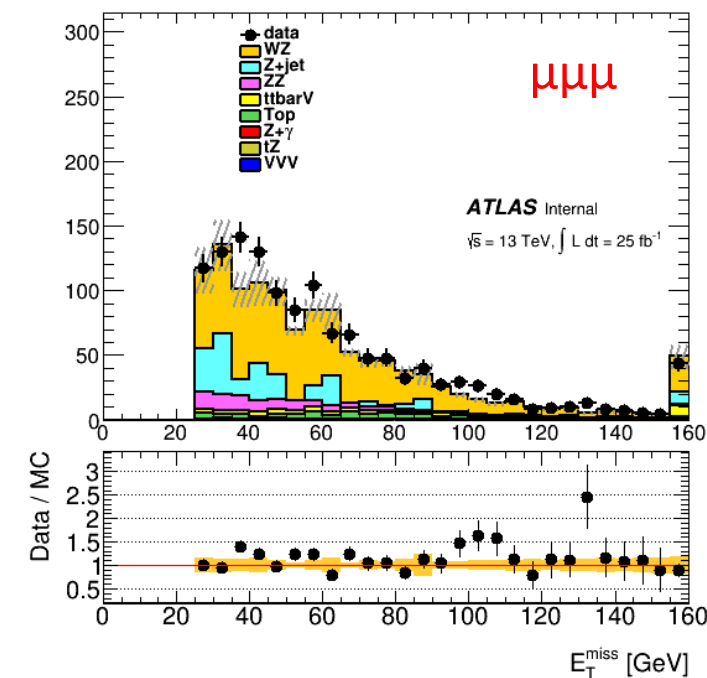
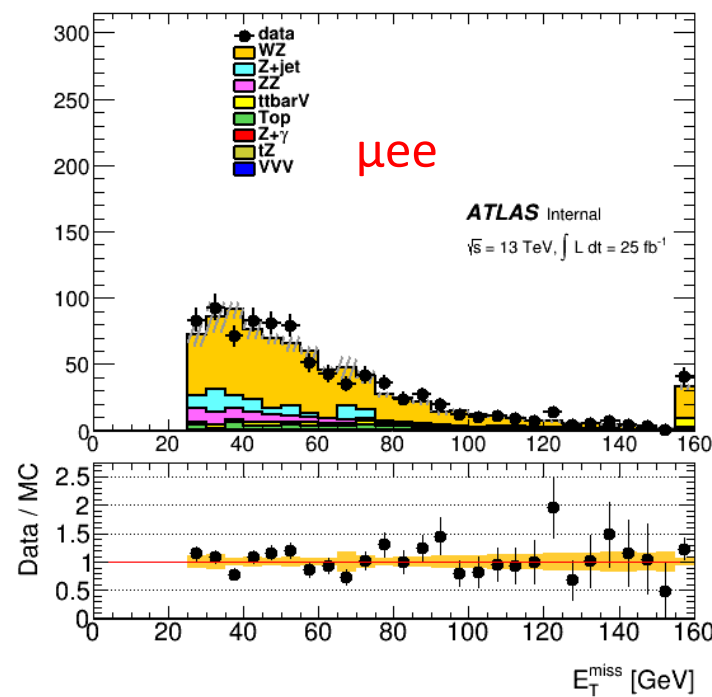
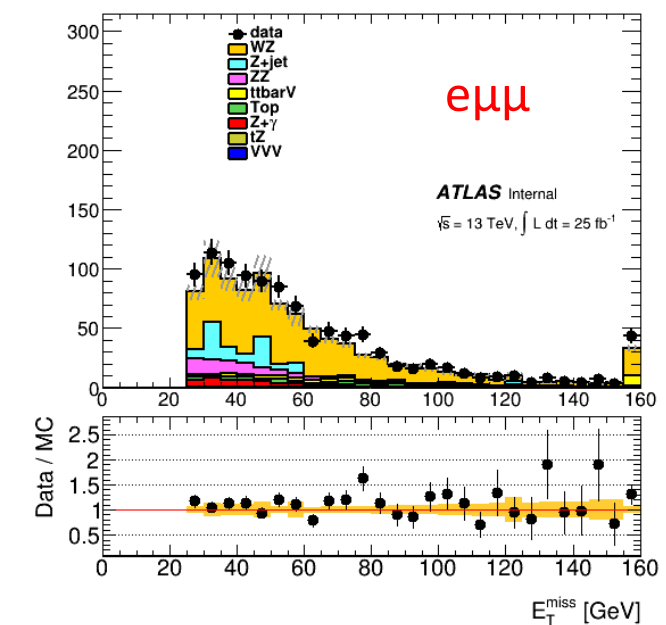
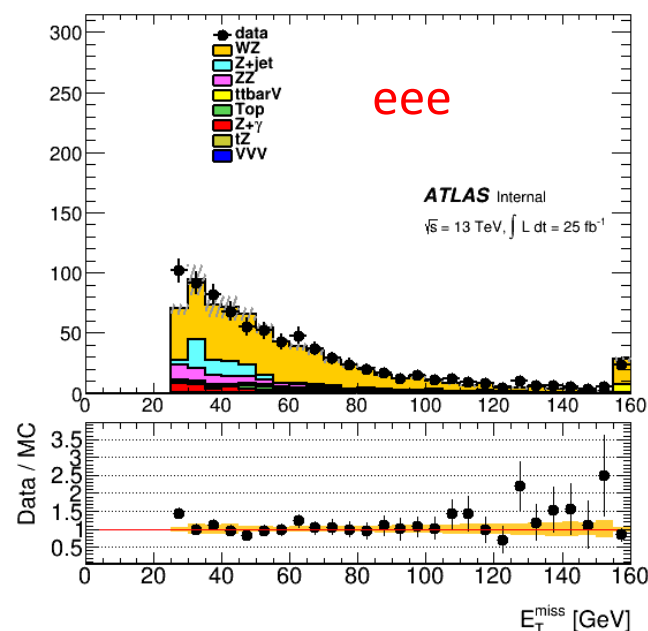
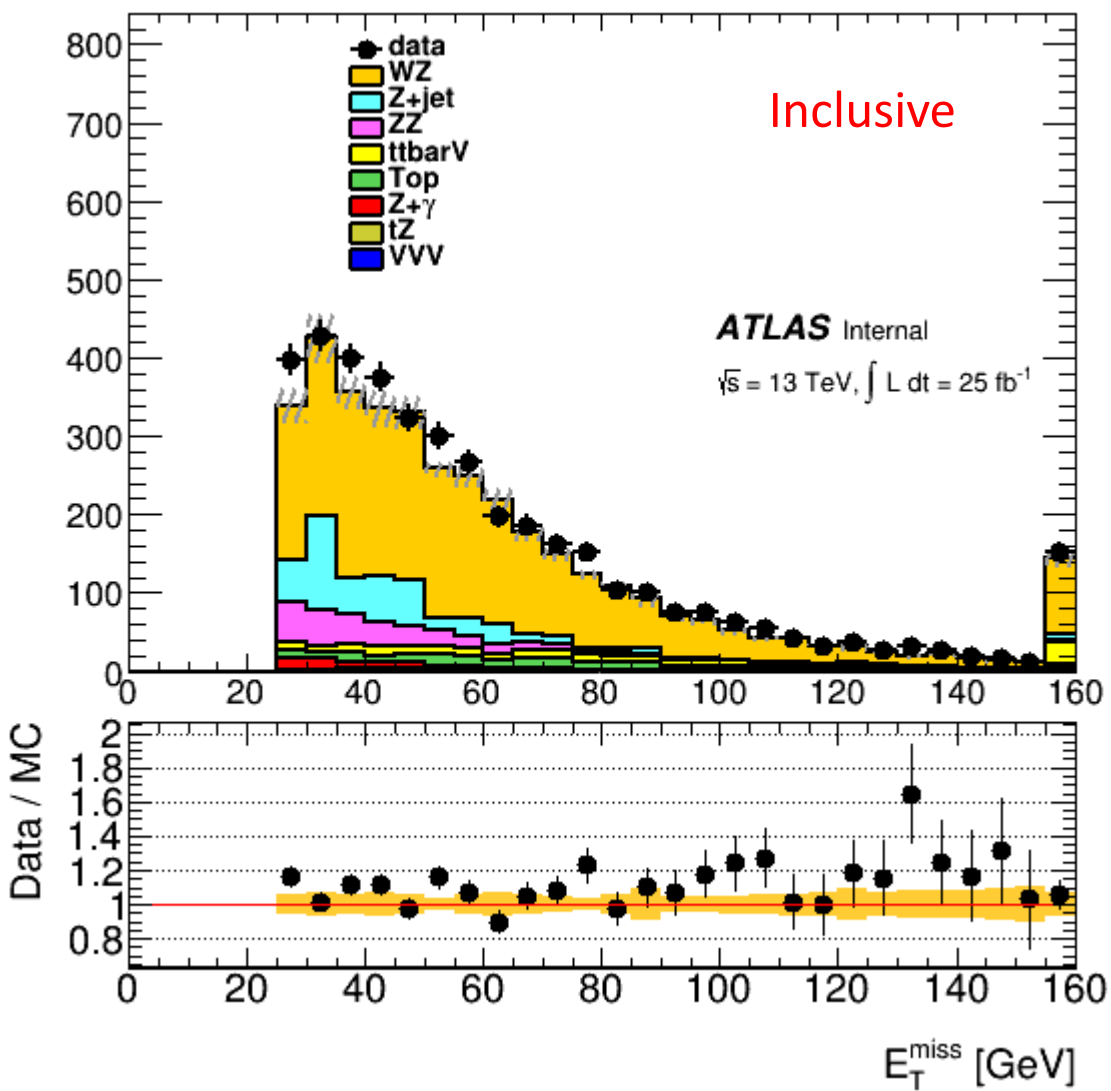
- Cutflowselection after selection W and Z candidates.
- Good data/MC agreement in  $\mu e e$  and  $e e e$  channels.

Channel	$\mu\mu\mu$	$e\mu\mu$	$\mu e e$	$e e e$	Inclusive
Data	1332	1042	896	799	4069
Total MC	1205.29 $\pm$ 42.75	937.59 $\pm$ 29.22	862.31 $\pm$ 22.10	749.12 $\pm$ 21.77	3754.31 $\pm$ 60.36
WZ	766.53 $\pm$ 11.34	613.43 $\pm$ 10.21	605.28 $\pm$ 10.16	514.92 $\pm$ 9.42	2500.17 $\pm$ 20.61
Z+Jets	202.72 $\pm$ 40.94	99.80 $\pm$ 26.89	76.90 $\pm$ 19.15	68.66 $\pm$ 19.26	448.08 $\pm$ 56.01
ZZ	89.20 $\pm$ 0.97	74.98 $\pm$ 0.88	66.29 $\pm$ 0.85	58.63 $\pm$ 0.81	289.09 $\pm$ 1.76
VVV	2.75 $\pm$ 0.087	2.38 $\pm$ 0.075	2.29 $\pm$ 0.075	1.89 $\pm$ 0.066	9.31 $\pm$ 0.15
Z+g	2.01 $\pm$ 0.97	39.79 $\pm$ 3.46	0.62 $\pm$ 0.33	32.86 $\pm$ 2.67	75.28 $\pm$ 4.49
top	64.34 $\pm$ 4.56	41.74 $\pm$ 3.64	51.96 $\pm$ 4.19	21.29 $\pm$ 2.45	179.35 $\pm$ 7.59
ttbarV	65.51 $\pm$ 0.45	55.53 $\pm$ 0.42	49.17 $\pm$ 0.38	42.68 $\pm$ 0.35	212.90 $\pm$ 0.81
tZ	12.23 $\pm$ 0.064	9.93 $\pm$ 0.057	9.79 $\pm$ 0.058	8.17 $\pm$ 0.053	40.13 $\pm$ 0.11
Data/MC	1.10	1.11	1.04	1.06	1.08

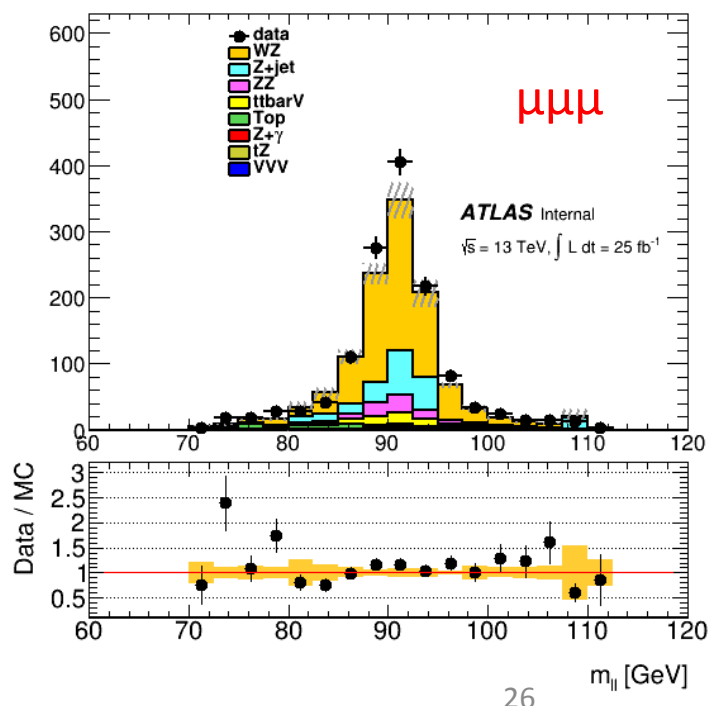
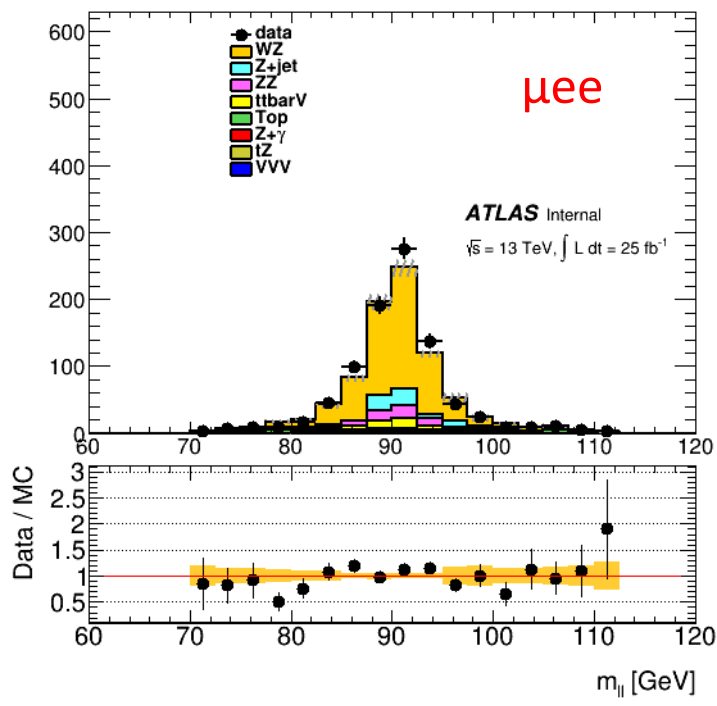
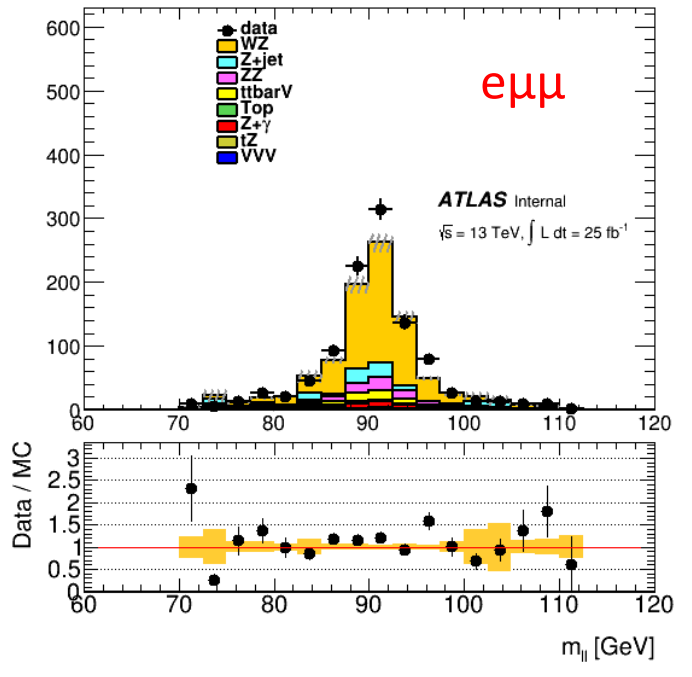
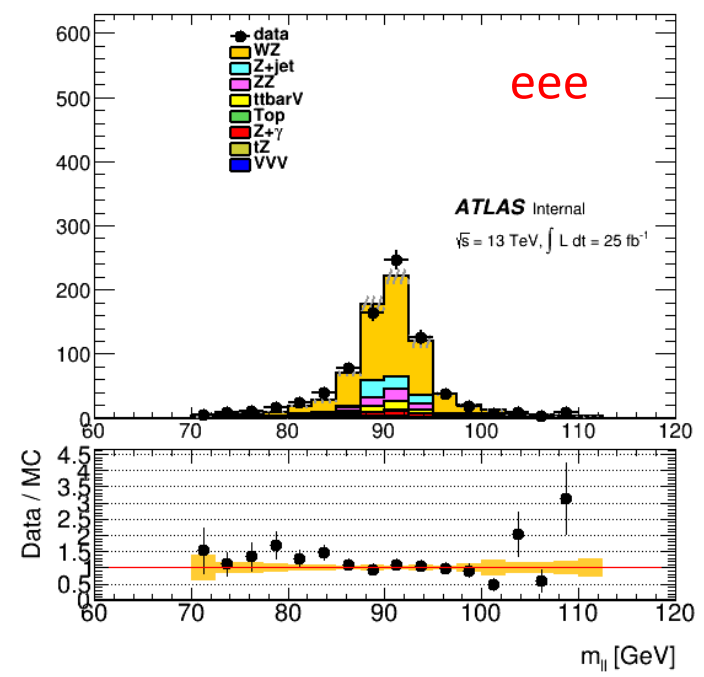
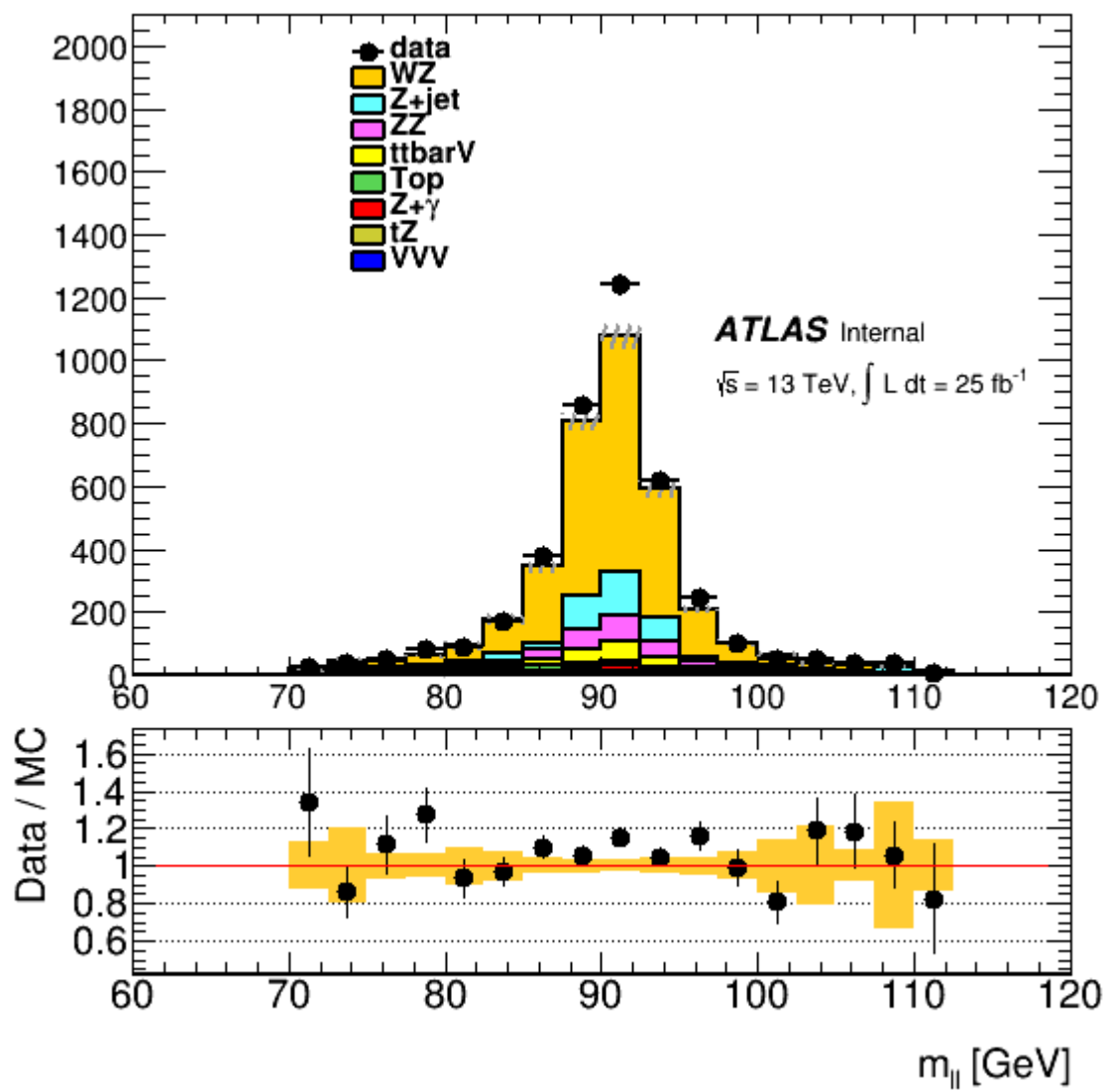




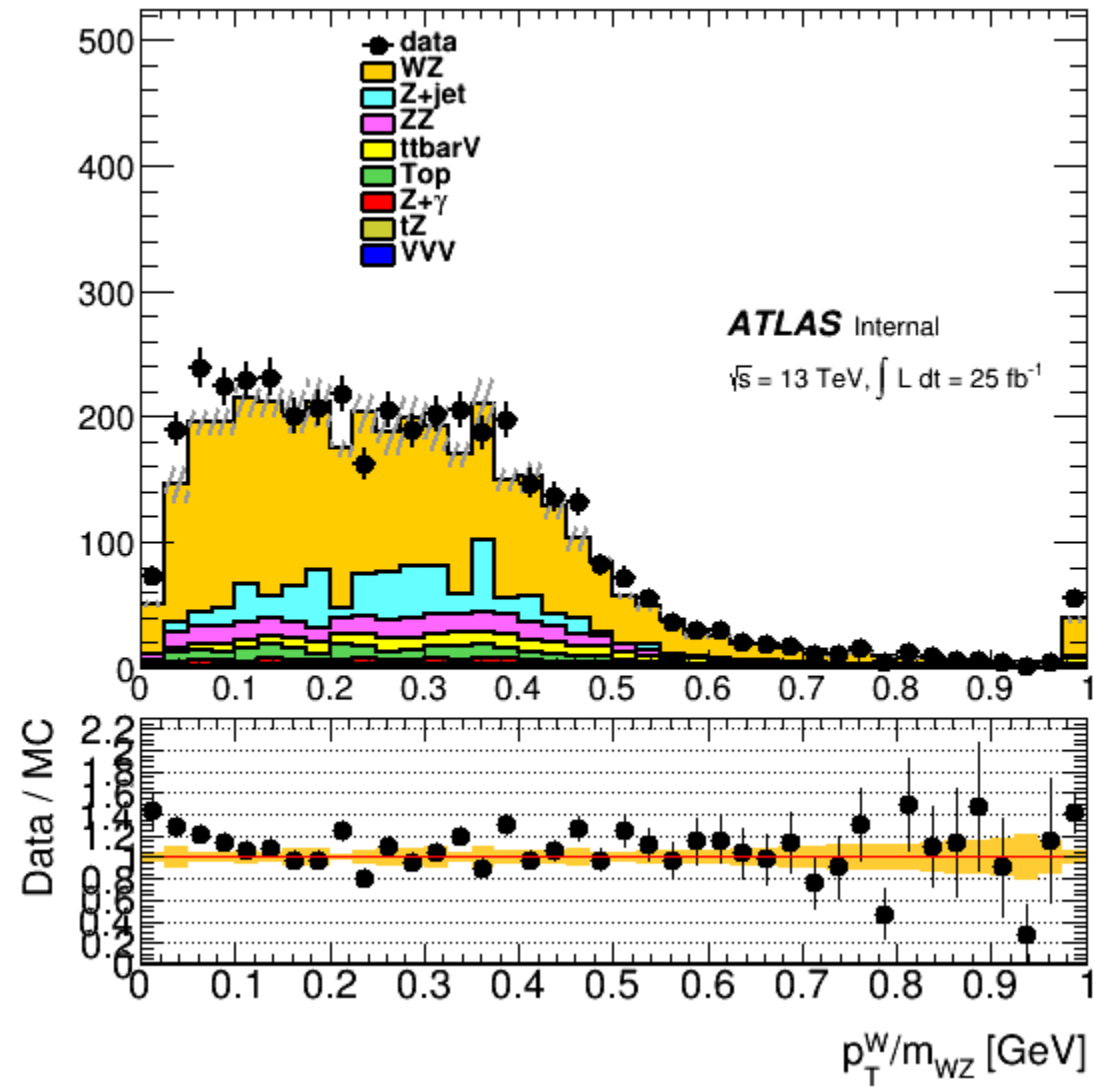
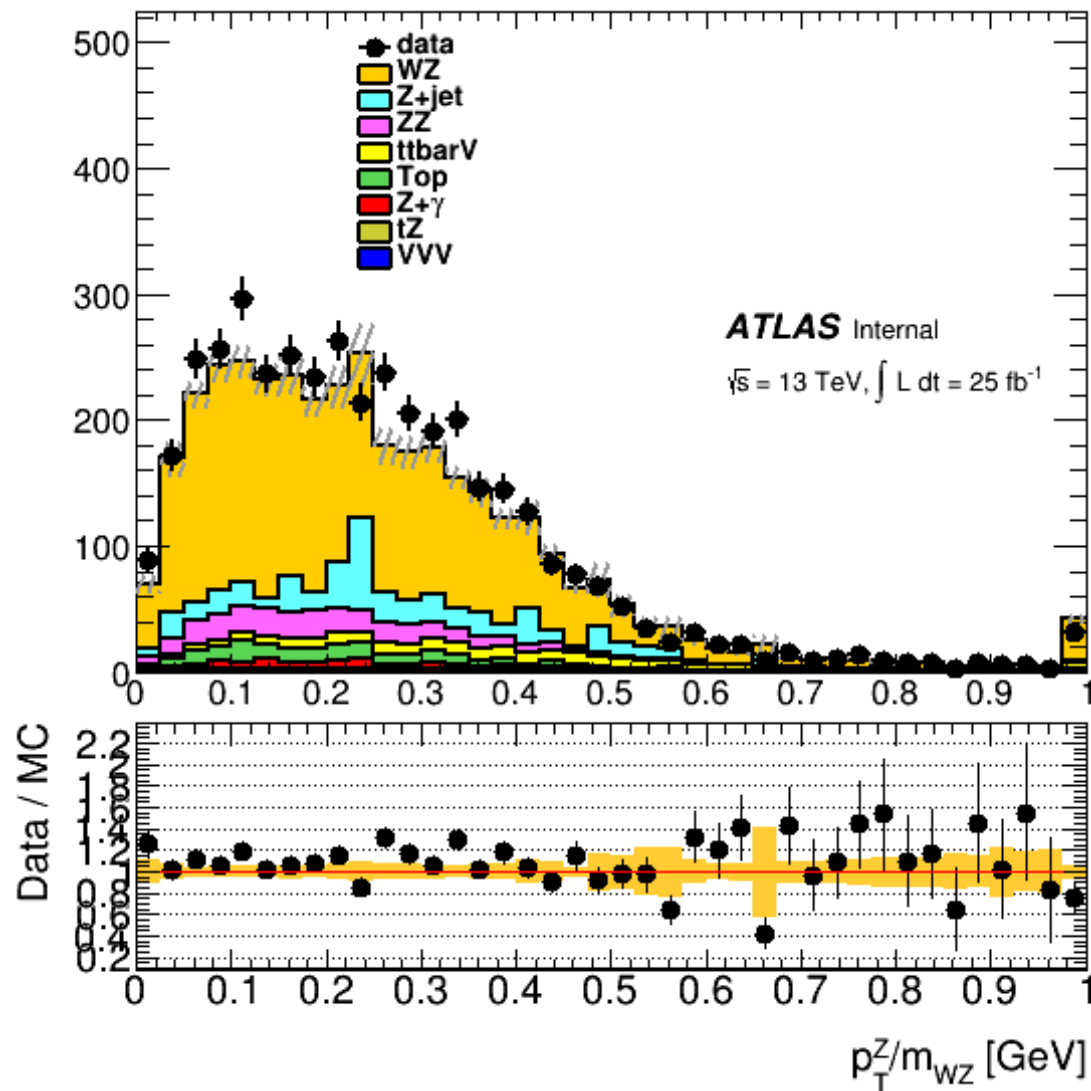
# Missing Energy distributions :



# Z mass distributions :



# Distributions of $p_T^Z/Mass_{WZ}$ and $p_T^W/Mass_{WZ}$ :

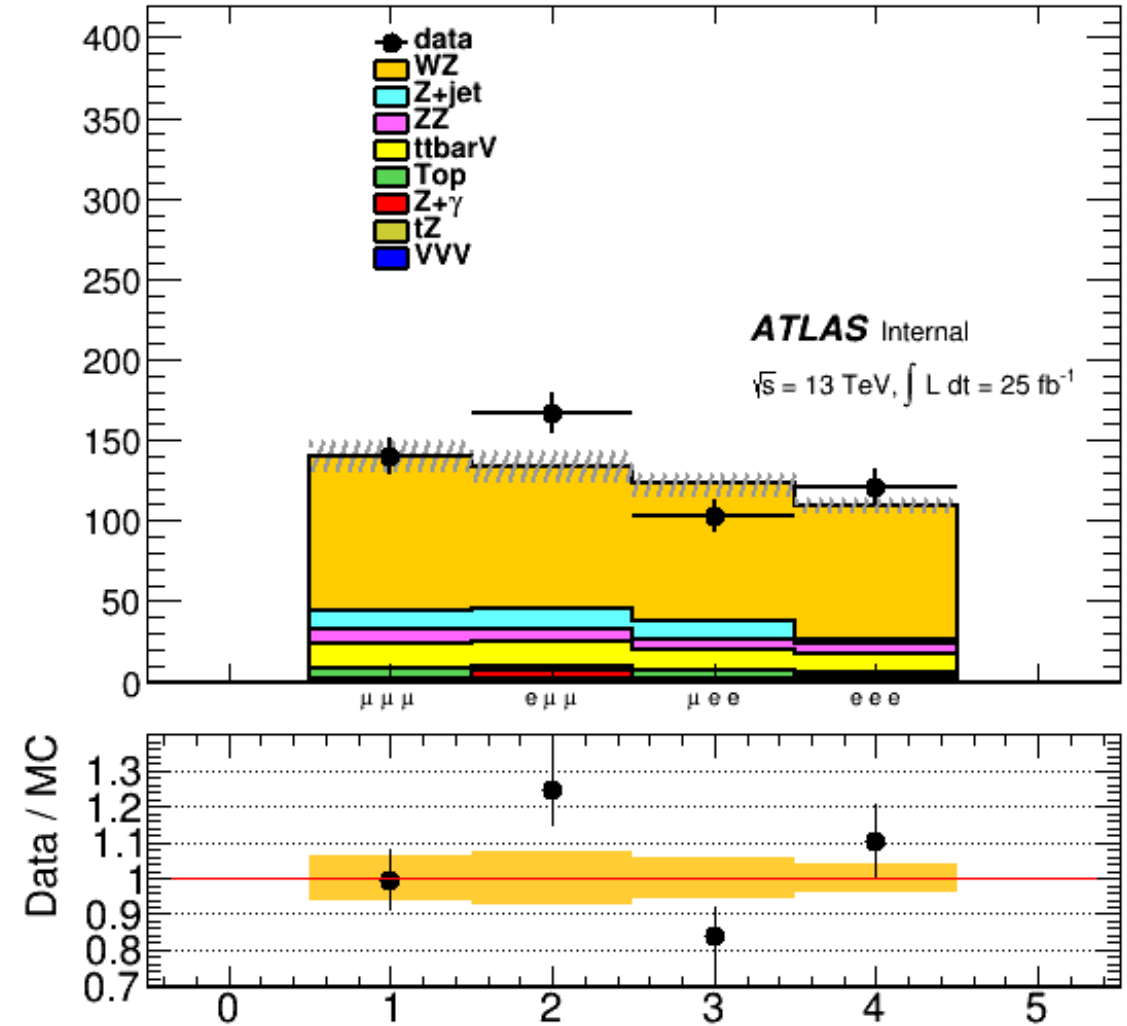


## After signal optimization cut selection cuts :

- Cutflow selection after applying :

$$p_T^Z / \text{Mass}_{WZ} > 0.35 \text{ and } p_T^W / \text{Mass}_{WZ} > 0.35$$

Channel	$\mu\mu\mu$	$e\mu\mu$	$\mu ee$	$eee$	Inclusive
Data	140	167	103	121	531
Total MC	140.43 $\pm$ 9.17	134.23 $\pm$ 9.76	122.91 $\pm$ 6.88	109.66 $\pm$ 4.41	507.24 $\pm$ 15.69
WZ	96.42 $\pm$ 3.96	88.16 $\pm$ 3.87	85.14 $\pm$ 3.86	83.69 $\pm$ 3.88	353.42 $\pm$ 7.78
Z+Jets	11.12 $\pm$ 8.11	13.07 $\pm$ 8.78	10.83 $\pm$ 5.49	1.94 $\pm$ 1.94	36.97 $\pm$ 13.30
ZZ	8.80 $\pm$ 0.31	8.36 $\pm$ 0.30	6.45 $\pm$ 0.26	6.49 $\pm$ 0.27	30.12 $\pm$ 0.57
VVV	0.45 $\pm$ 0.029	0.42 $\pm$ 0.027	0.38 $\pm$ 0.026	0.38 $\pm$ 0.032	1.64 $\pm$ 0.057
Z+g	0.27 $\pm$ 0.27	5.33 $\pm$ 1.42	0.0034 $\pm$ 0.003	2.48 $\pm$ 0.51	8.09 $\pm$ 1.53
top	6.29 $\pm$ 1.58	2.44 $\pm$ 1.01	5.91 $\pm$ 1.46	1.45 $\pm$ 0.49	16.11 $\pm$ 2.43
ttbarV	15.41 $\pm$ 0.22	14.96 $\pm$ 0.22	12.72 $\pm$ 0.19	11.92 $\pm$ 0.18	55.015 $\pm$ 0.41
tZ	1.65 $\pm$ 0.024	1.48 $\pm$ 0.022	1.45 $\pm$ 0.022	1.30 $\pm$ 0.021	5.88 $\pm$ 0.045
Data/MC	0.997	1.24	0.84	1.1	1.05

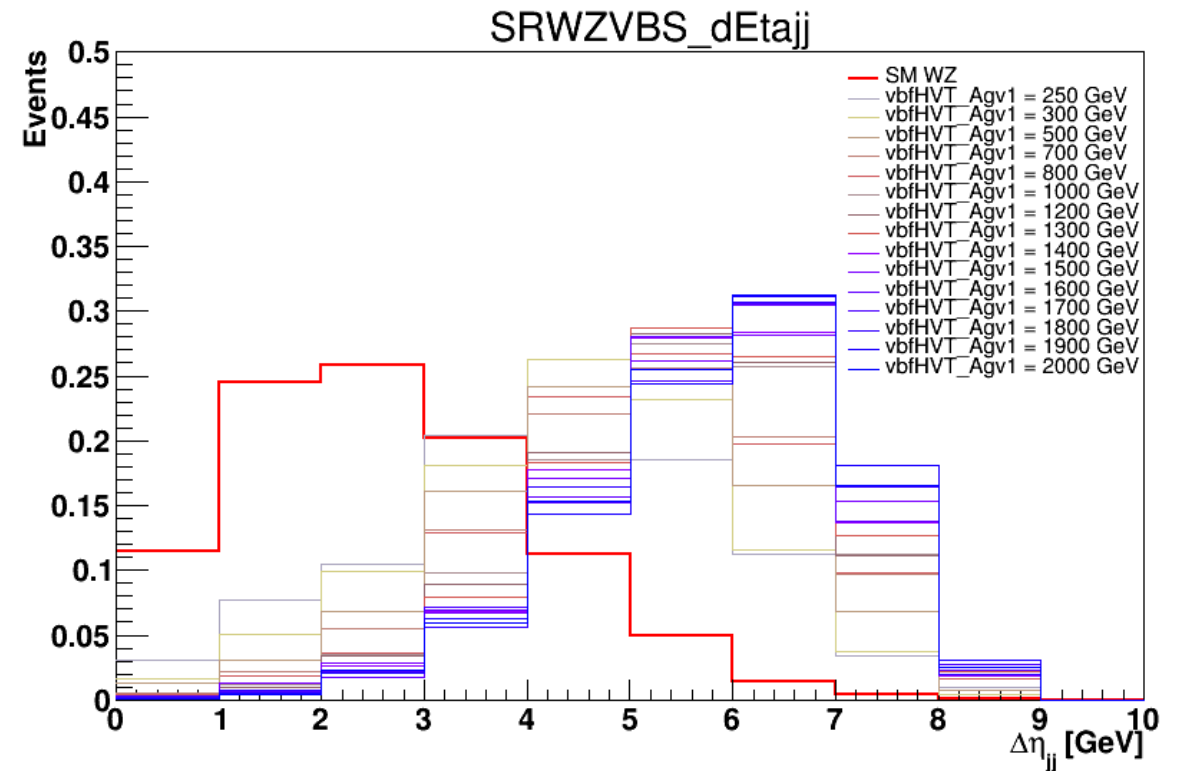
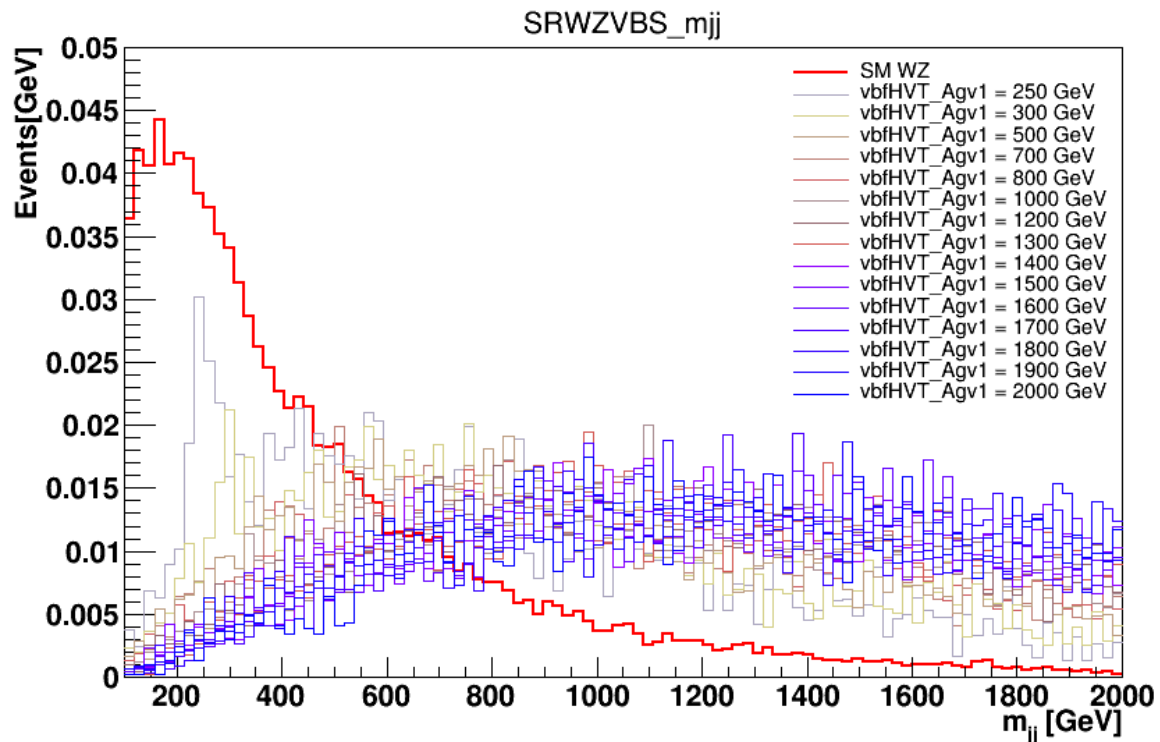


# HVT VBS Signal optimization

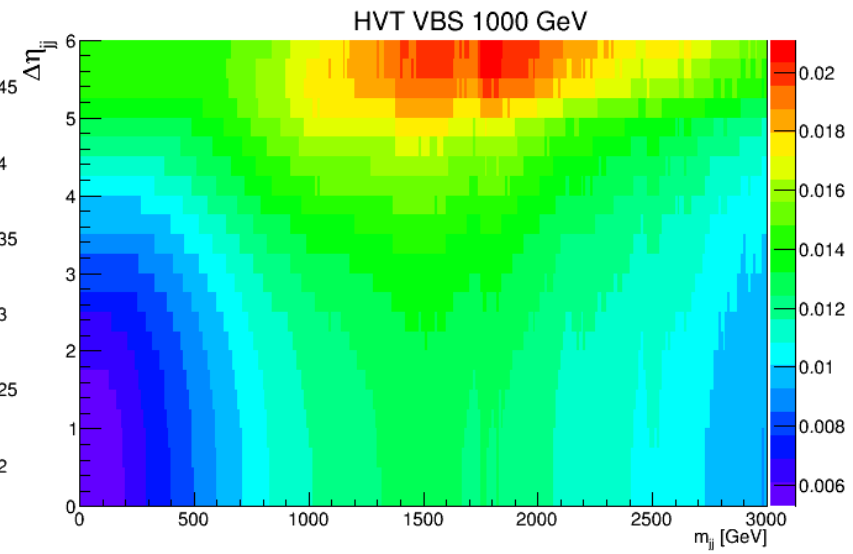
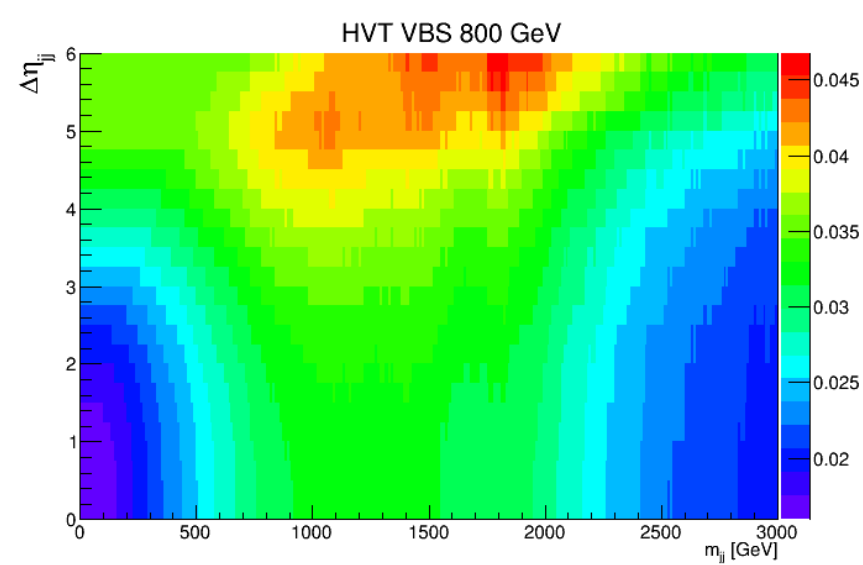
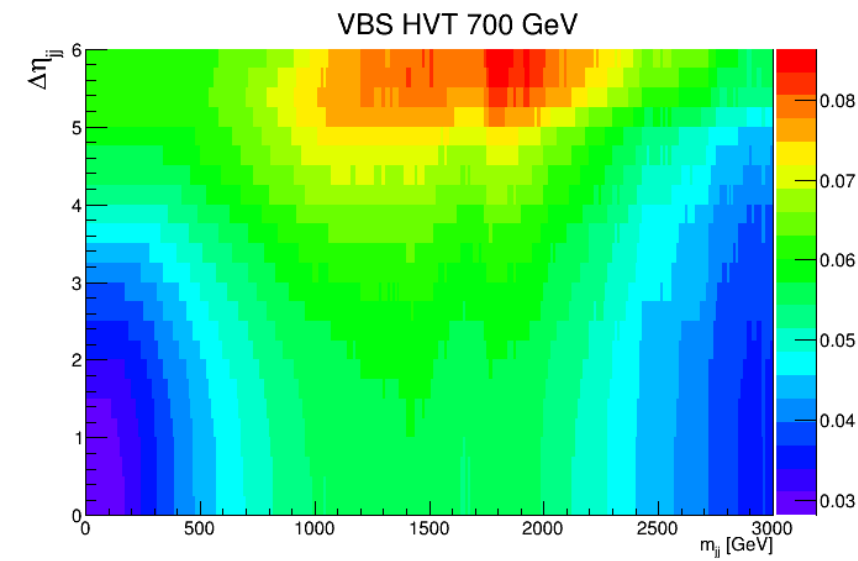
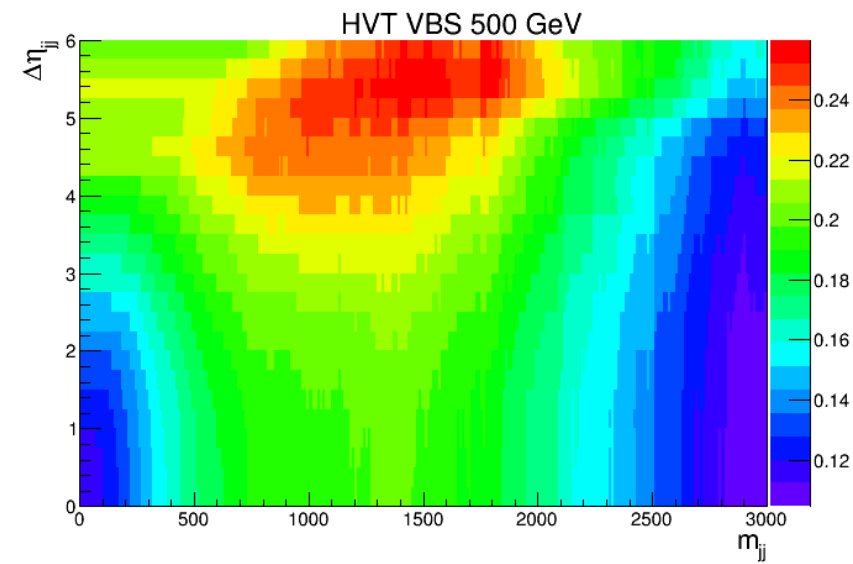
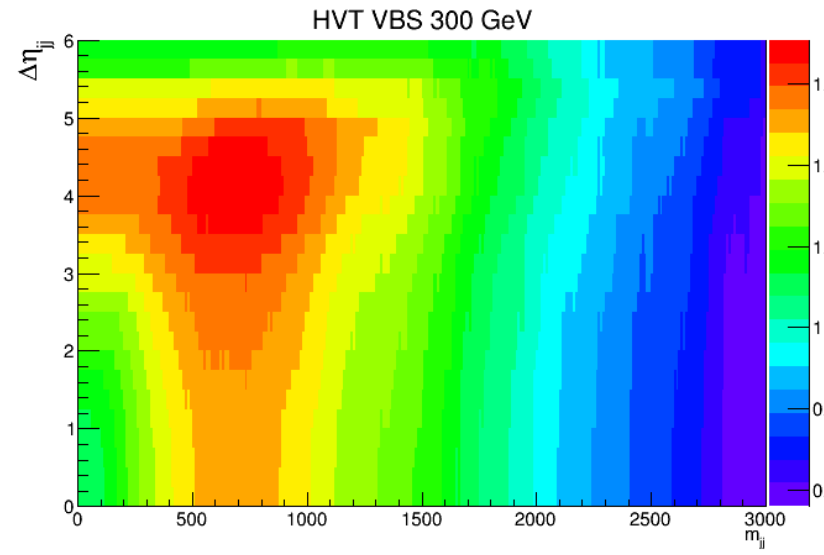
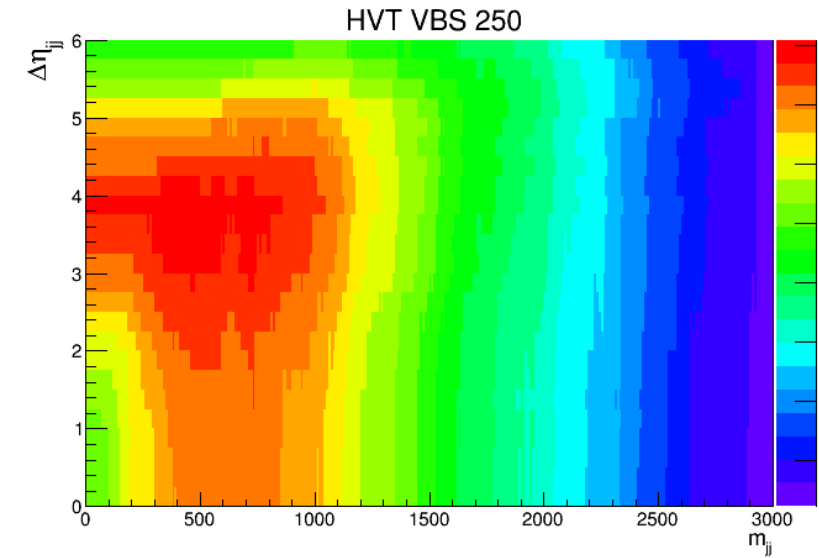
• the Significance for HVT VBS Signal :  $Significance = \frac{S}{\sqrt{S+B}}$

• Cut applied :

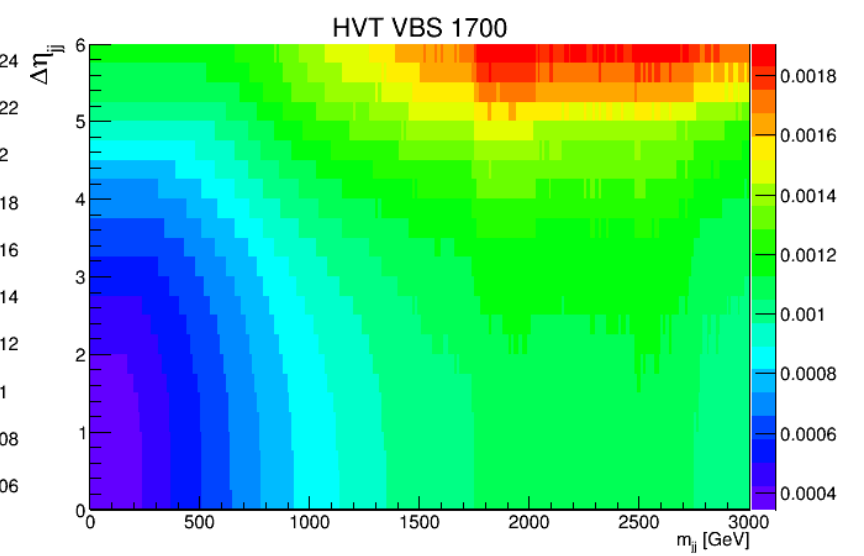
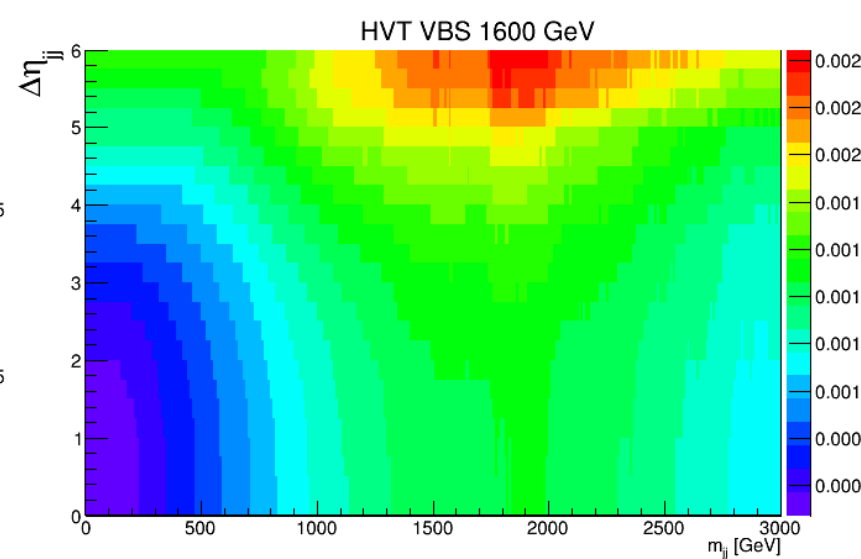
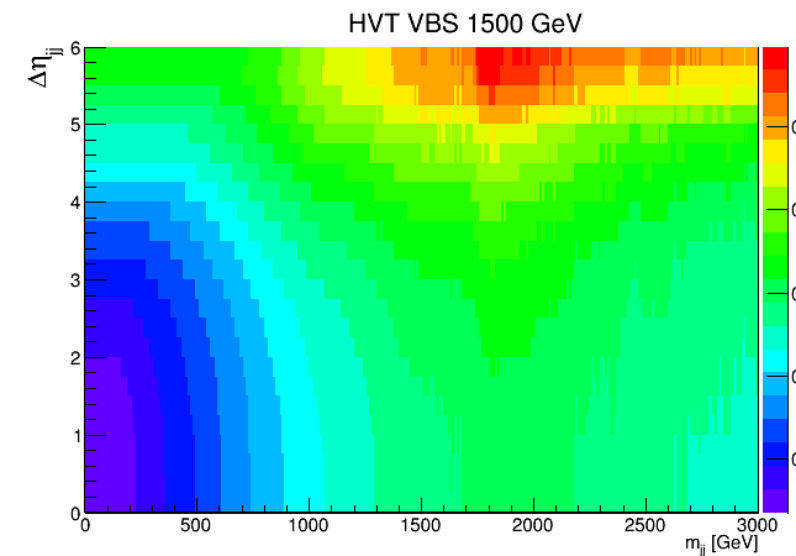
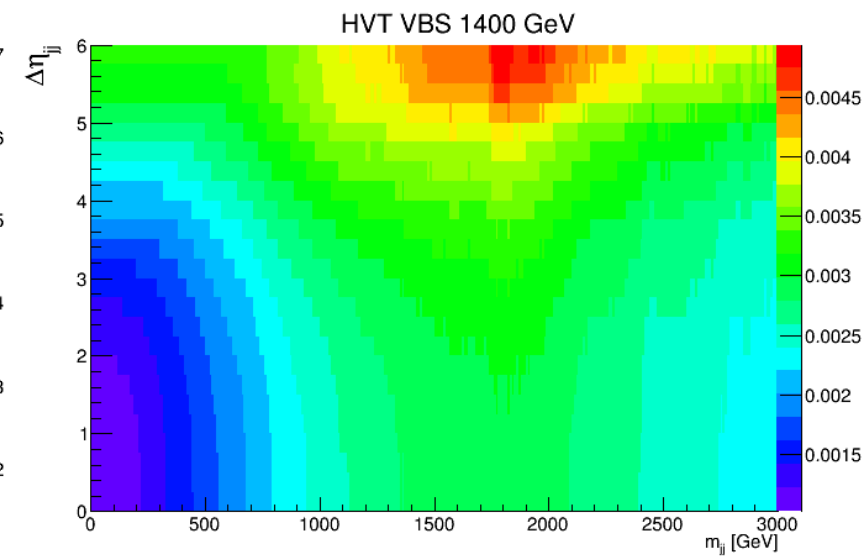
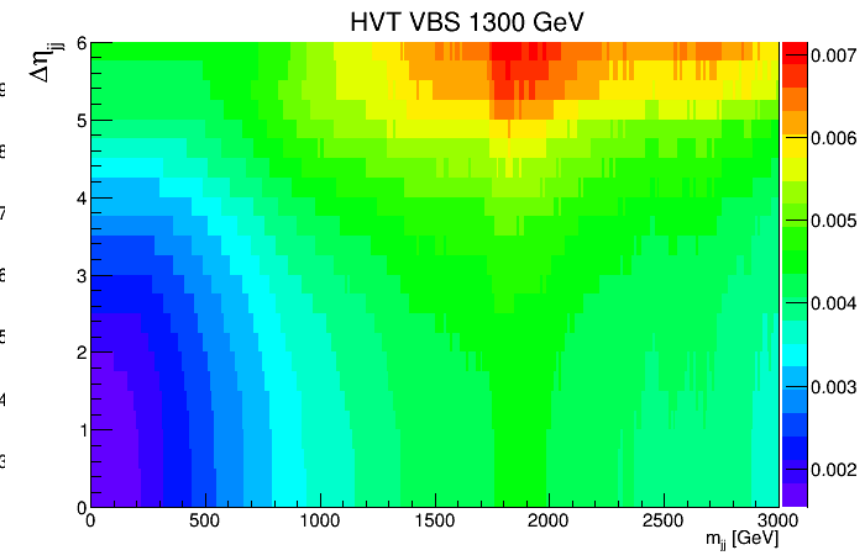
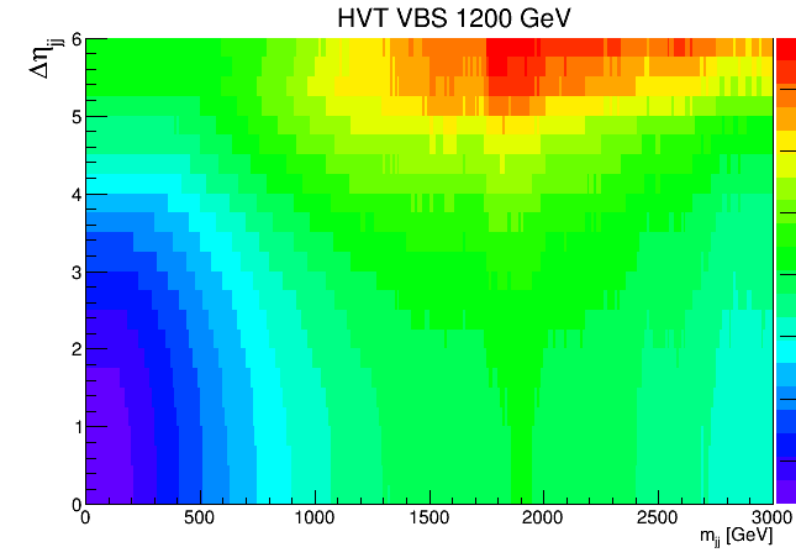
- ✓ Selection W and Z candidates.
- ✓ Only events with  $N_{jet} \geq 2$  are considered for the analysis VBS.
- ✓ Applying a scan cut in  $m_{jj}$  and  $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ .



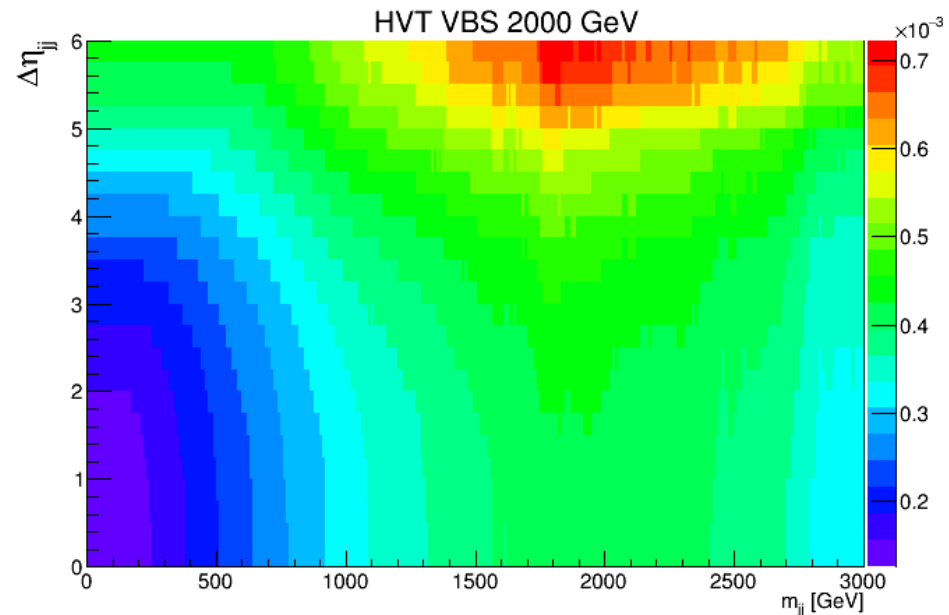
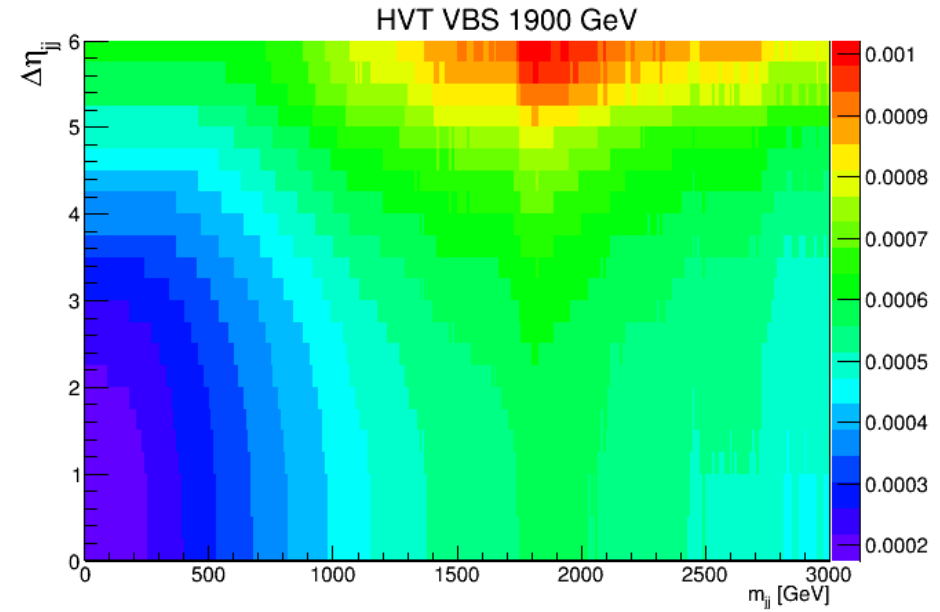
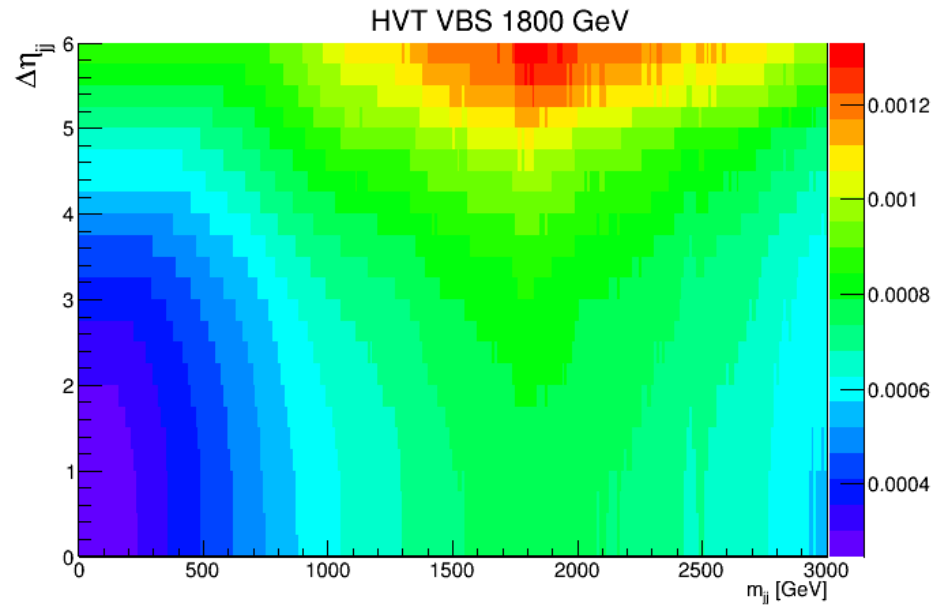
# Significance as a function of $m_{jj}$ and $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ cuts:



# Significance as a function of $m_{jj}$ and $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ cuts:

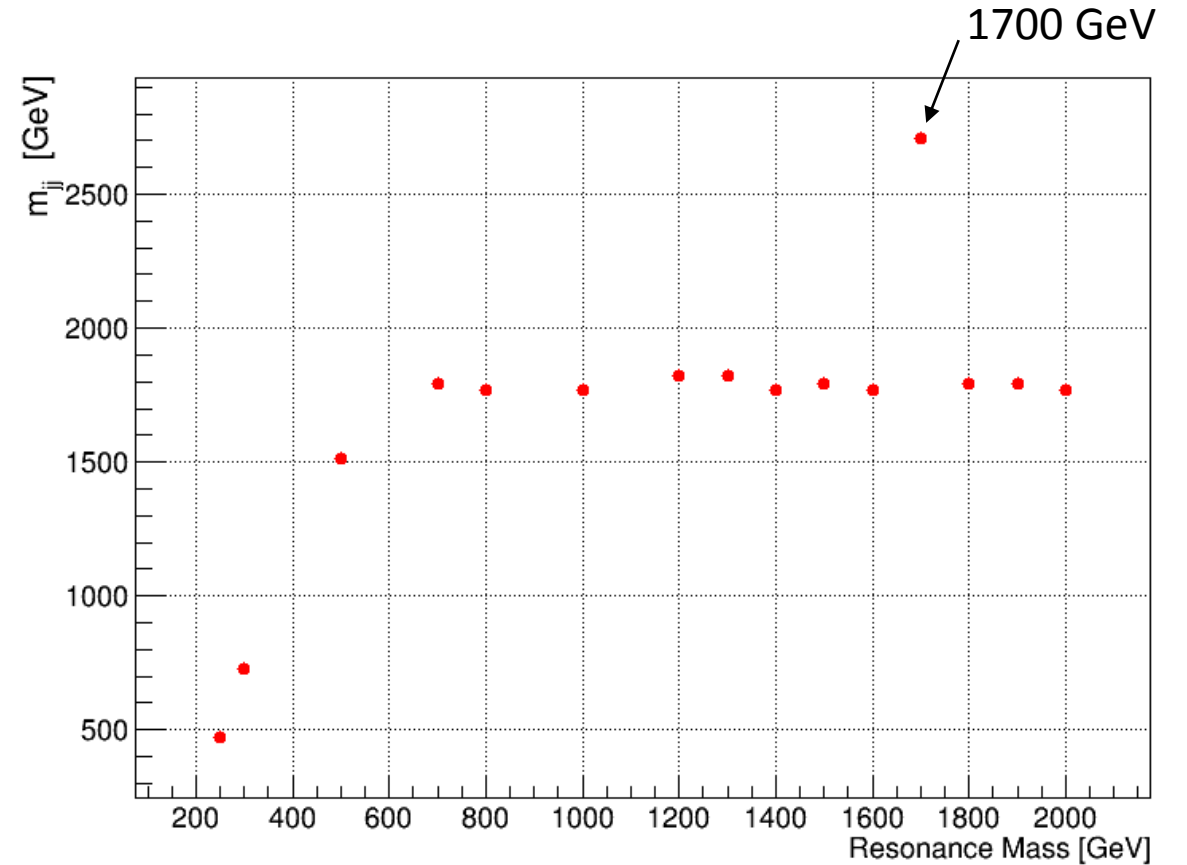
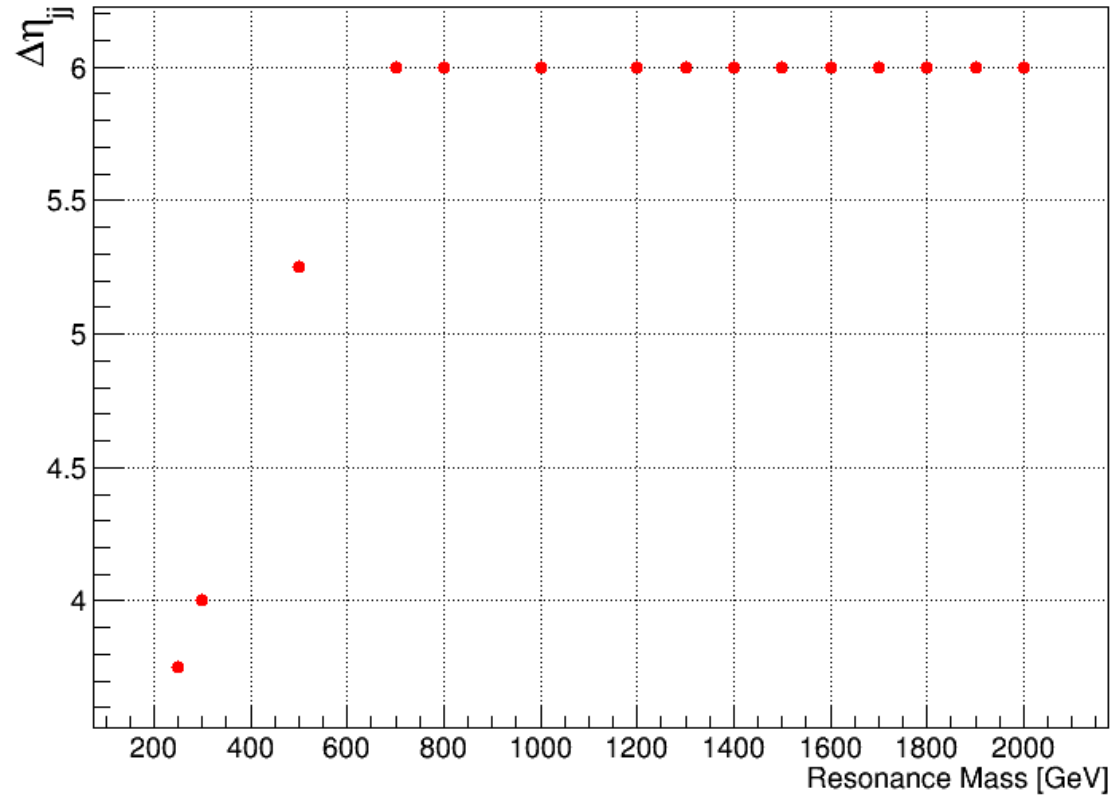


# Significance as a function of $m_{jj}$ and $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ cuts:





# Variation of $m_{jj}$ and $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ cuts as a function of resonance Mass with Maximum Significance:



$\Delta\eta_{jj}$  cuts for  $m_{jj} = 500$  GeV for all resonance Mass point with Maximum Significance:

$\Delta\eta_{jj}$	Mass Points [GeV]	Signal Yield	Backgrounds Yield	Significance
3.75	250	24.4053	64.8122	2.5838
4	300	13.9297	56.0098	1.66564
4.5	500	1.4278	39.642	0.222796
5.75	700	0.209251	10.8631	0.0628853
5	800	0.184377	25.8282	0.0361506
6	1000	0.041574	7.70172	0.0149403
6	1200	0.0179707	7.70172	0.00646792
6	1300	0.0127084	7.70172	0.0045755
6	1400	0.00903147	7.70172	0.00325245
6	1500	0.00618078	7.70172	0.00222626
6	1600	0.00440858	7.70172	0.00158811
6	1700	0.00342035	7.70172	0.0012322
6	1800	0.00242837	7.70172	0.000874888
6	1900	0.0018197	7.70172	0.000655625
6	2000	0.0012751	7.70172	0.000459425

# Conclusion :

- By looking at the HVT signal at the lepton pre-selection level less than 1% gain by adding MET .
- Using the single lepton triggers for HVT signals, we have an efficiency of  $\sim 99\%$  . Not evident gain in signal HVT or WZ SM by adding MET triggers to our final selection.
- Small gain in trigger efficiency was seen in data by adding MET triggers to the nominal selection.
- Decreasing the ZZ veto pt lepton cut from 20 GeV to 7 GeV, reduces the ZZ background by more than 25%. While the dominant background WZ SM is not affected by this cut.
- VBS and qq signal categories were defined
- The HVT signal efficiency was compared between inclusive and qq categories. A small effect of less than 3% was found for all mass points.
- Very little impact was also found on the background
- No effect is seen on kinematic distribution
- A cuts scan in  $m_{jj}$  and  $\Delta\eta_{jj}$  for different HVT VBS Mass point was applied .