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The Transition Radiation Tracker

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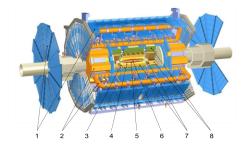


Figure: ATLAS detector

General Concept of TRT



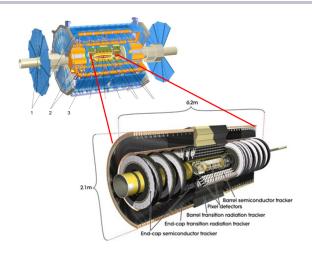


Figure: Inner Detector

General Concept of TRT General Concept



The Transition Radiation Tracker is one of the three sub-detector of the ATLAS inner detector situated in the 2T magnetic field of the central solenoid.

TRT is outermost layer of inner detector .

TRT: 6.8 m in length and 2.2 m in diameter and weighs about 1500 kg.

Provides tracking information for charged particles with:

 $*|\eta| < 2.5$

**pT* > 0.5*GeV*

The TRT has two different geometrical arrangements of straws : Barrel and End-cap.

General Concept of TRT Detecting elements



- consists of straw tubes (d = 4mm) reinforced with carbon fibers
- ► containing a d = 31µm gold plated tungsten wire in the center.
- ► The straw wall is at -1.5 kV while the wire is kept at ground.
- Filled with a gaz mixture of Xe-CO2-O2 (70%: 27%: 3%)

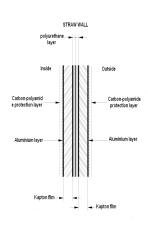
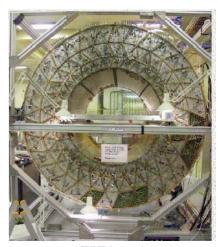


Figure: Configuration of a straw tube wall

General Concept of TRT TRT barrel



The barrel part contains 52544 axial straws of about 150 cm length at radii between 56 cm and 107 cm.



TRT barrel

General Concept of TRT TRT End-Caps



The end-caps contain a total of 245760 radial straws at radii between 64 cm and 103 cm.



TRT End-caps

General Concept of TRT Front-End Electronics

ATLAS 8
EXPERIMENT

Front-end electronics contain analog and digital elements

- ► Analog Element : A particle crossing a straw tube creates a current pulse which is discriminated by ASDBLR¹
- ▶ **Digital element**: The output of the ASDBLR is handed over to the DTMROC ² which records the timing signal and stores it in a pipeline

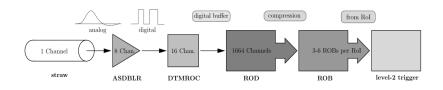


Figure: A schematic illustration of the TRT readout chain

¹ASDBLR: amplifier shaper discriminator baseline restorators

²DTMROC : digital time measuring and readout chip



Depending in the hit track we can distinguish trt hit to four types : Front-end electronics contain analog and digital elements

- Precision hit: a hit with a measured drift radius within +/-2 sigma of the fitted track
- ► Tube Hit : measured drift radius outside +/-2 sigma of fitted track
- ▶ Outlier : the fitted track passes 100 μ m or more of the straw wall
- Holes: straws crossed by a fitted track but with no hit

TRT Terminology How a straw measures time



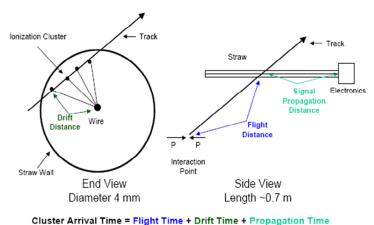


Figure: Descriptive schematic of time measurement by a straw tube from TRT

TRT Terminology How a straw measures time



▶ LT: for particle tracking

HT: for particle id

ToT: for particle id

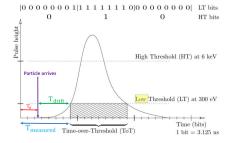


Figure: Schematic display of a signal pulse and T_0 and T_{drift} T_0 (Hardware level) depends on cable lengths, electronics delays...



R-t relation curve

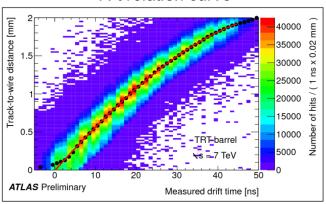


Figure: R-t relation for TRT barrel at $\sqrt{S} = 7 \text{ TeV}$

Conclusion



TRT provides:

- ▶ pT measurement over wide range
- electron identification
- ▶ long lever arm for continuous tracking (30 hits per track)
- ▶ hit precision of 130 μm

