

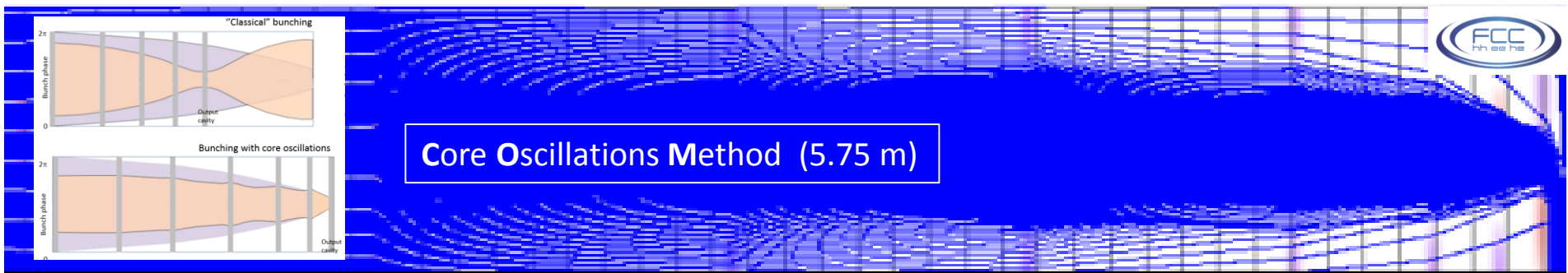


THALES



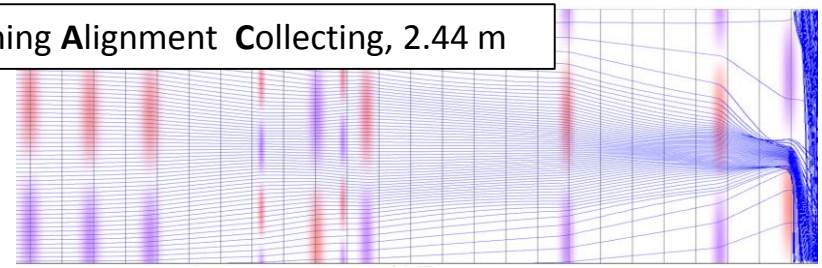
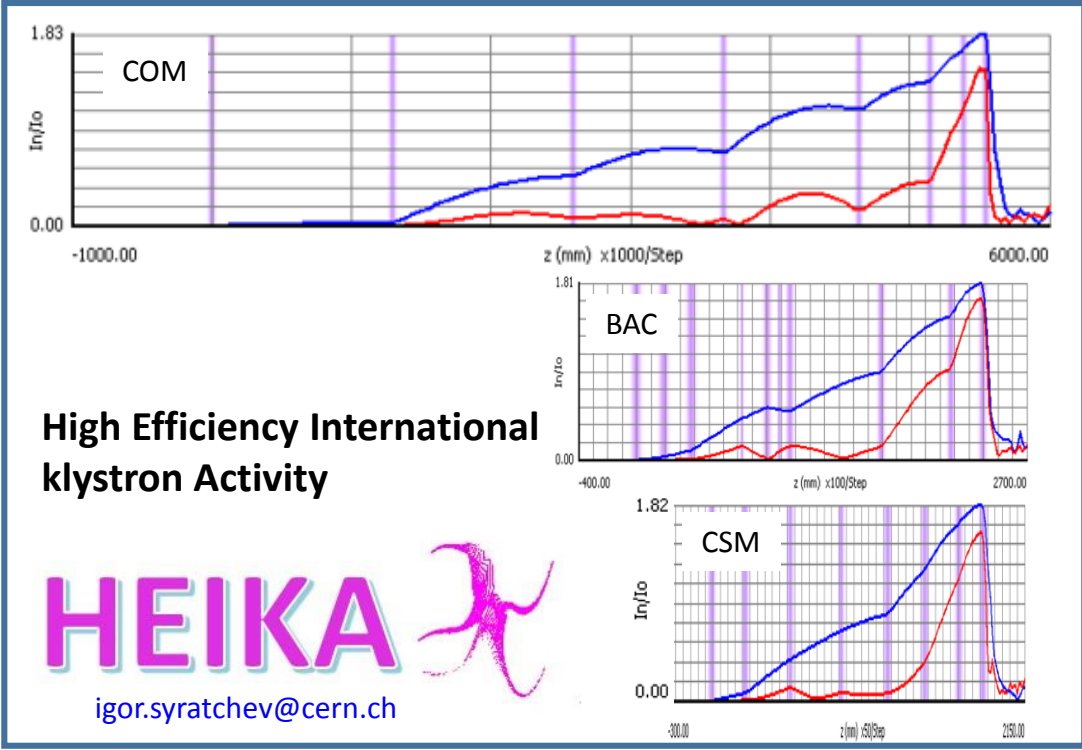
Development, fabrication and testing of the new High Efficiency klystron prototype in collaboration between CERN and Thales.

High efficiency klystrons.
New bunching technologies on one slide.

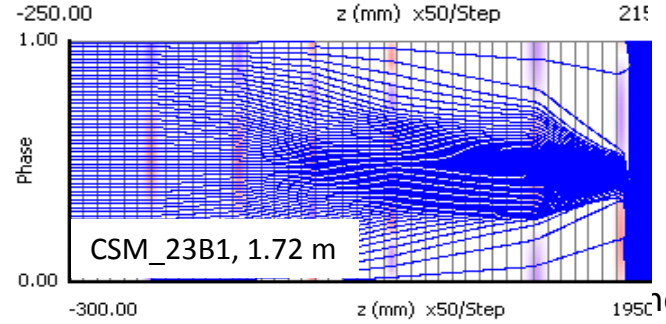
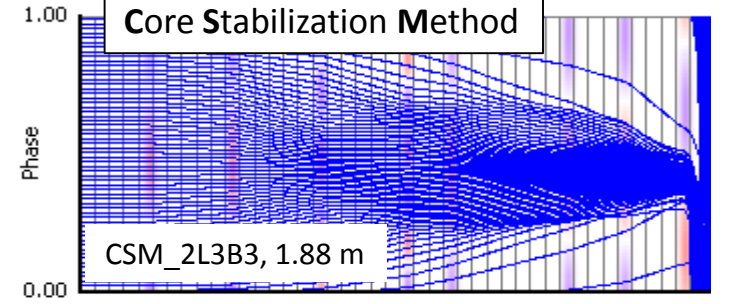


133.8 kV, 12.55 A, 1.4 MW at **0.8 GHz**, **80(+)%**

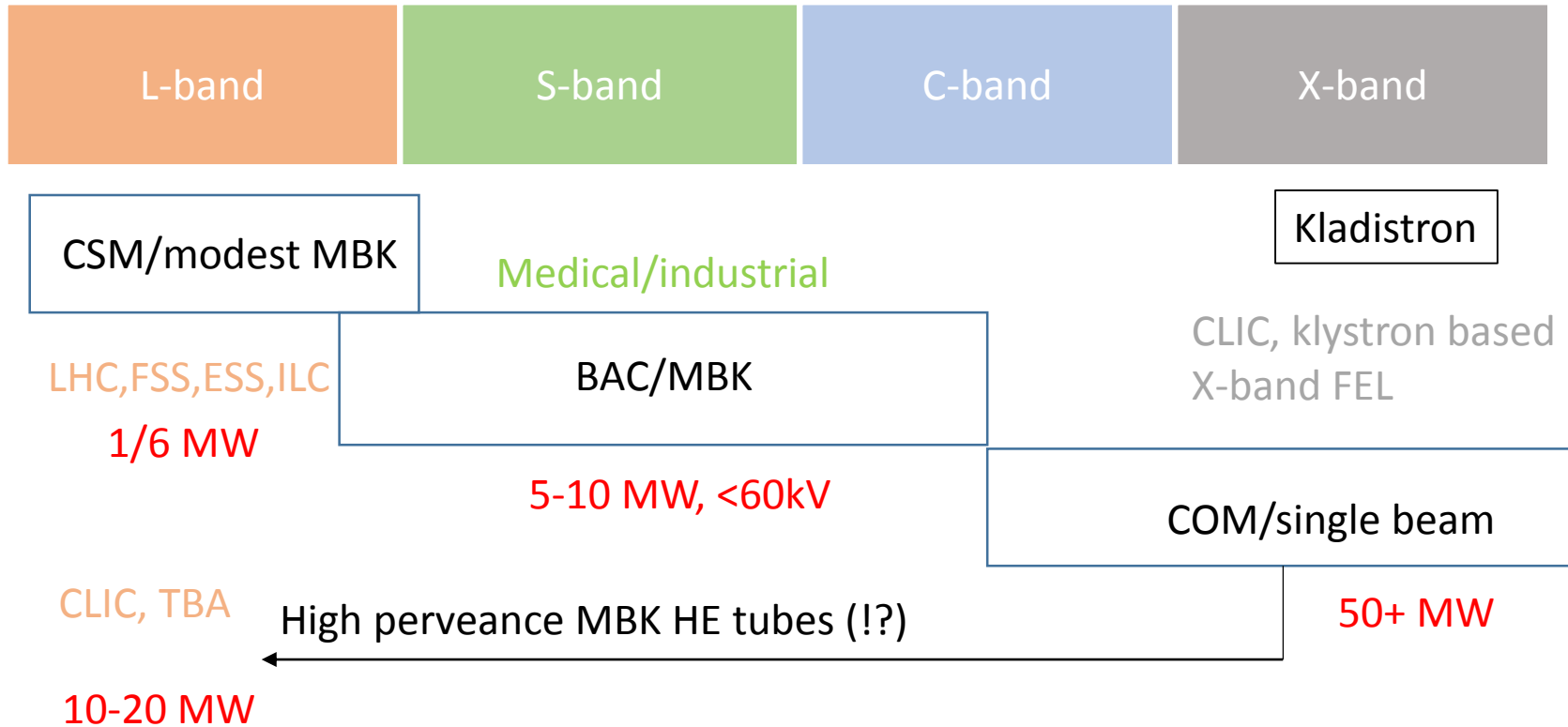
Bunching Alignment Collecting, 2.44 m



Core Stabilization Method

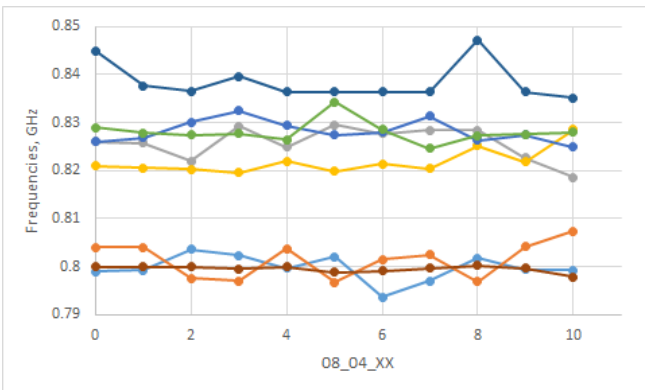


The choice of bunching technology may drive the applicable frequency range and multi-beam options (cost/performance):

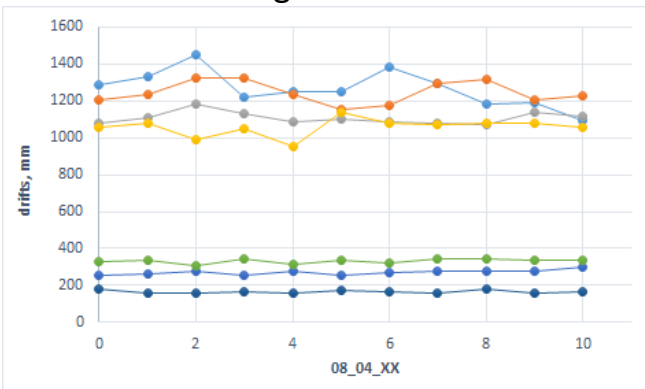


COM. 8_04_XX series of 10 optimised tubes.

Frequencies scattering

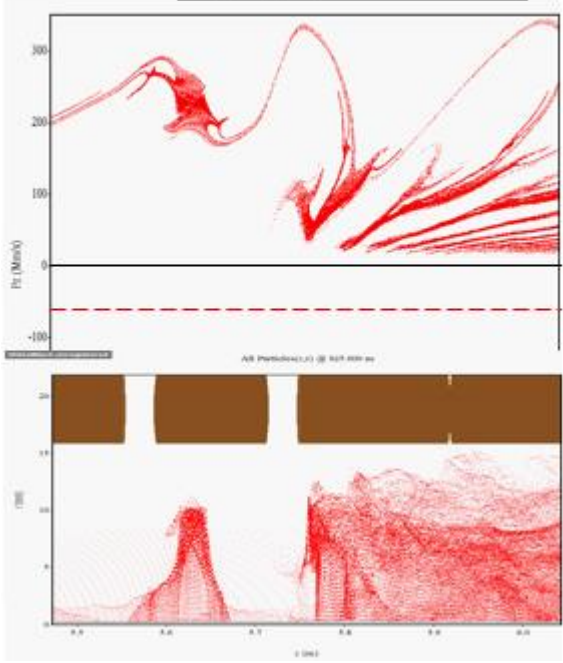


Drifts scattering

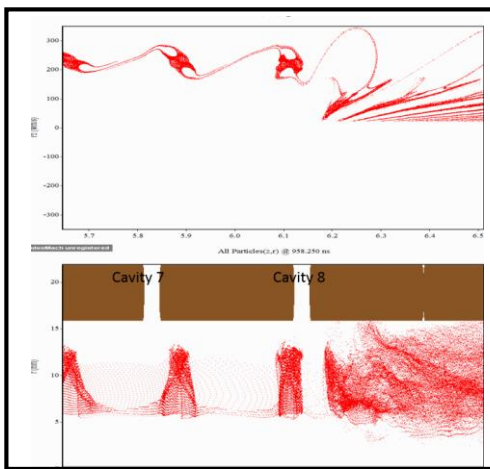
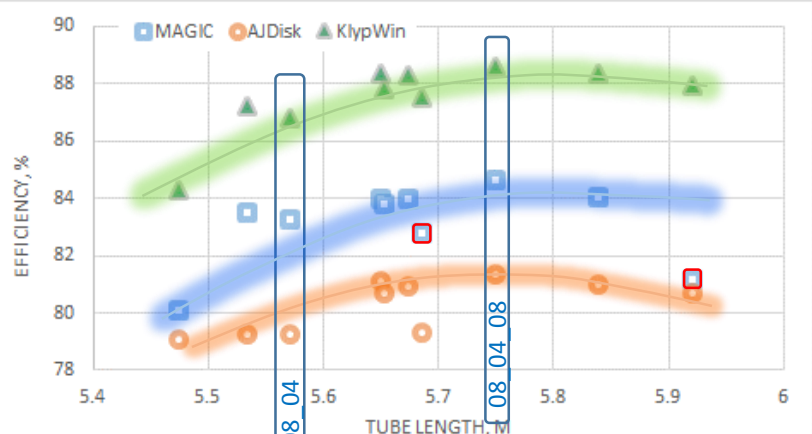
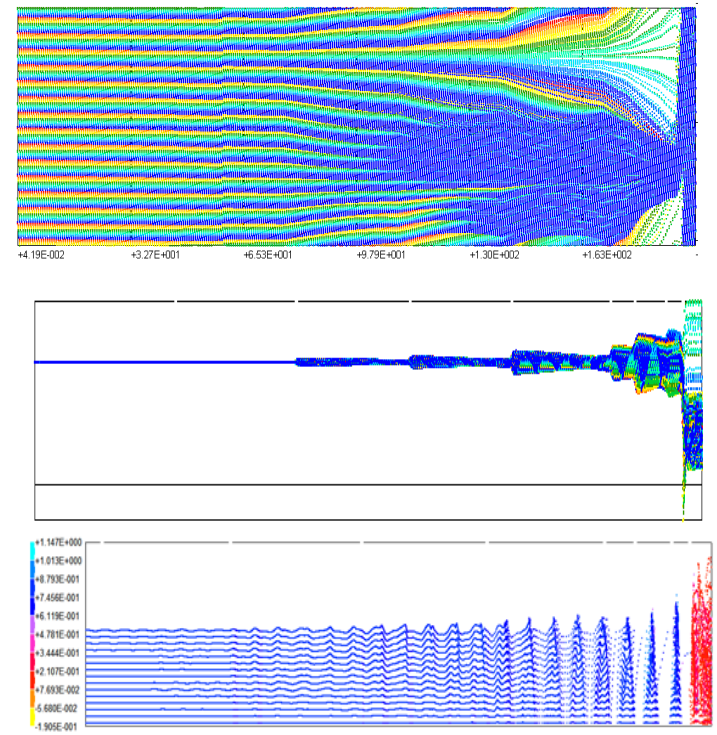


MAGIC (PIC)

8_04_08; Eff. = 84.62%

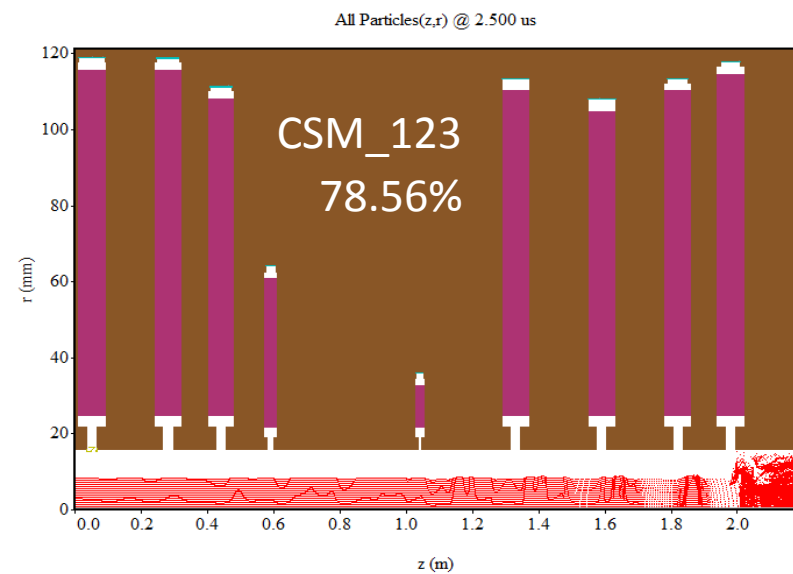
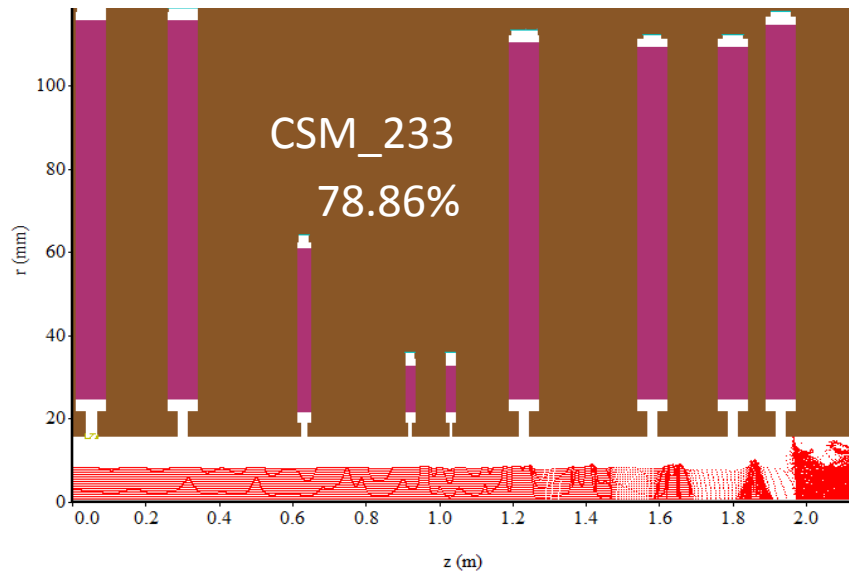
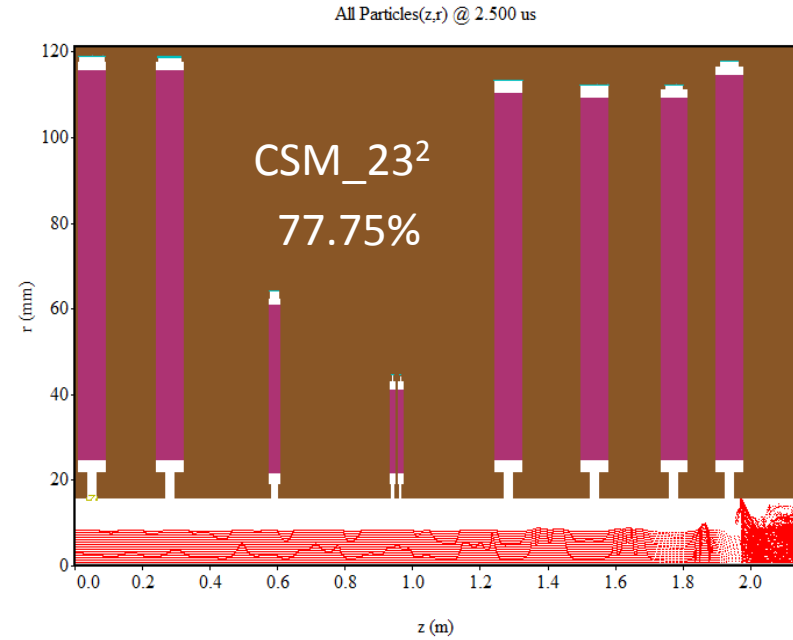
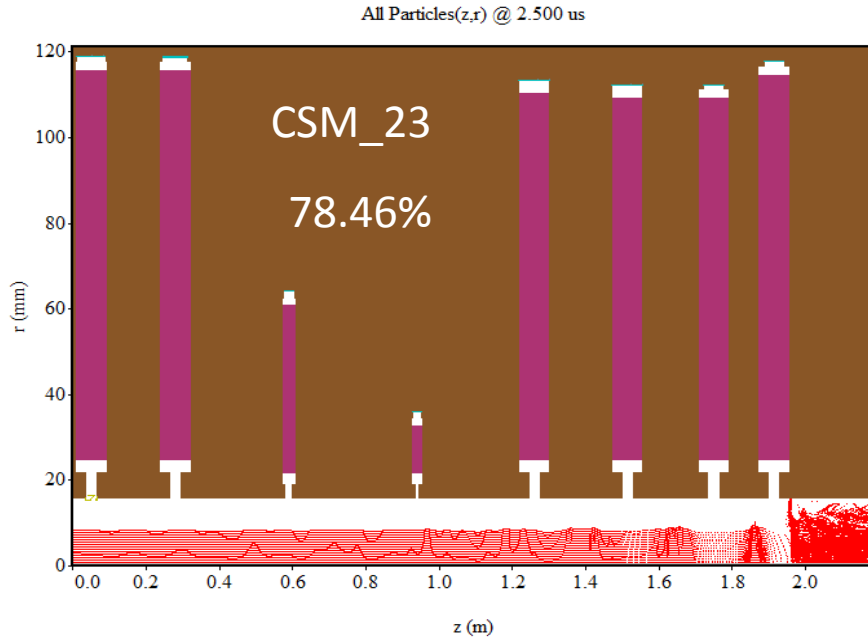


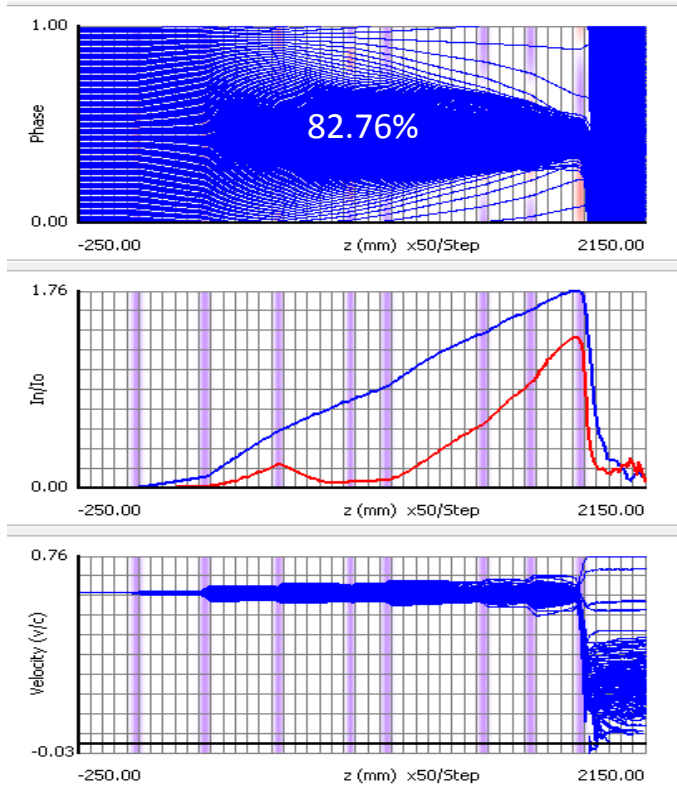
Klystron (Thales), 81.6%



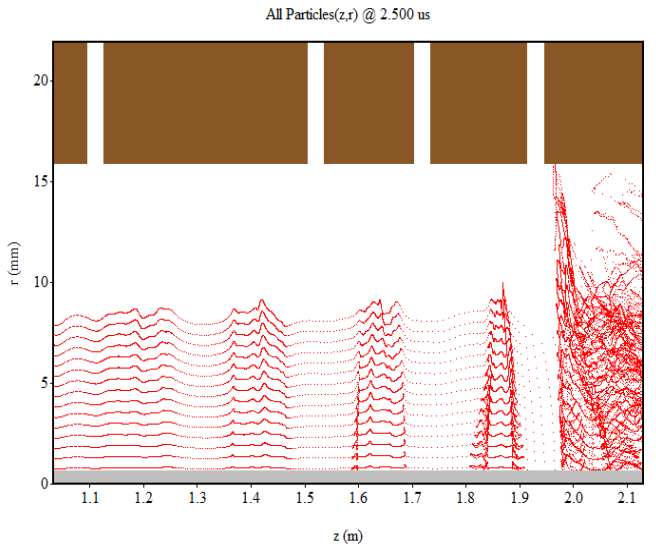
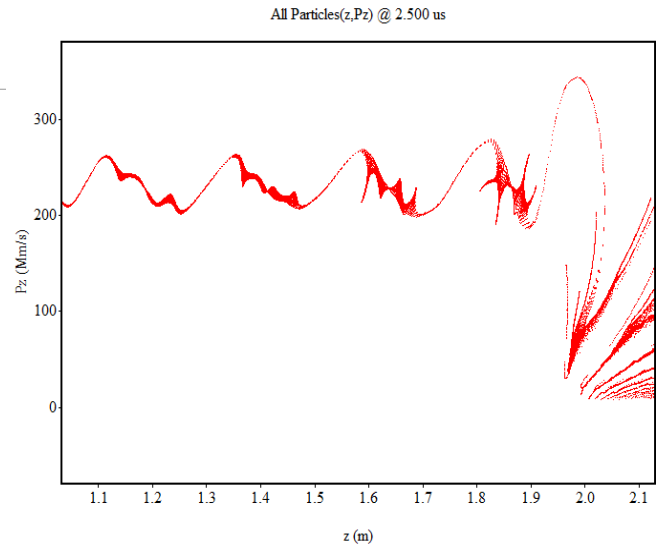
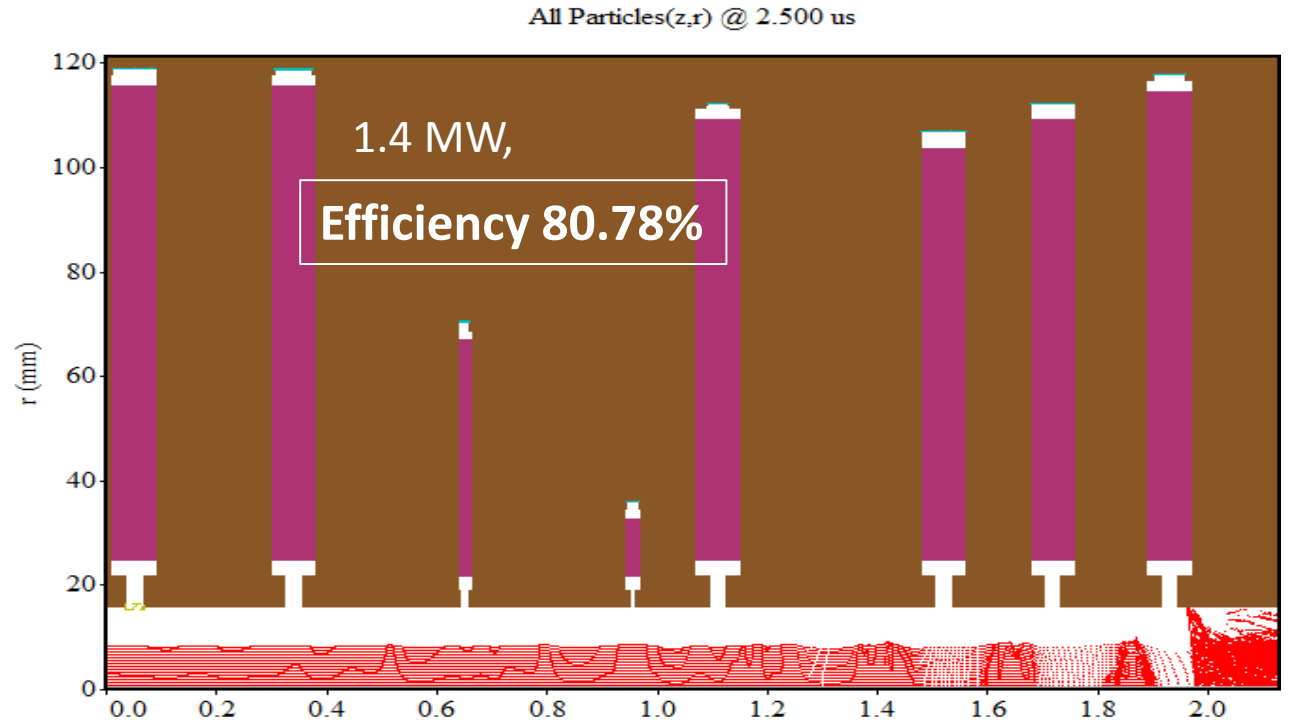
Replacing cylindrical beam by hollow beam efficiency is further increased up to 86%

CSM family. Harmonic cavities are used to organize very fast bunch saturation.

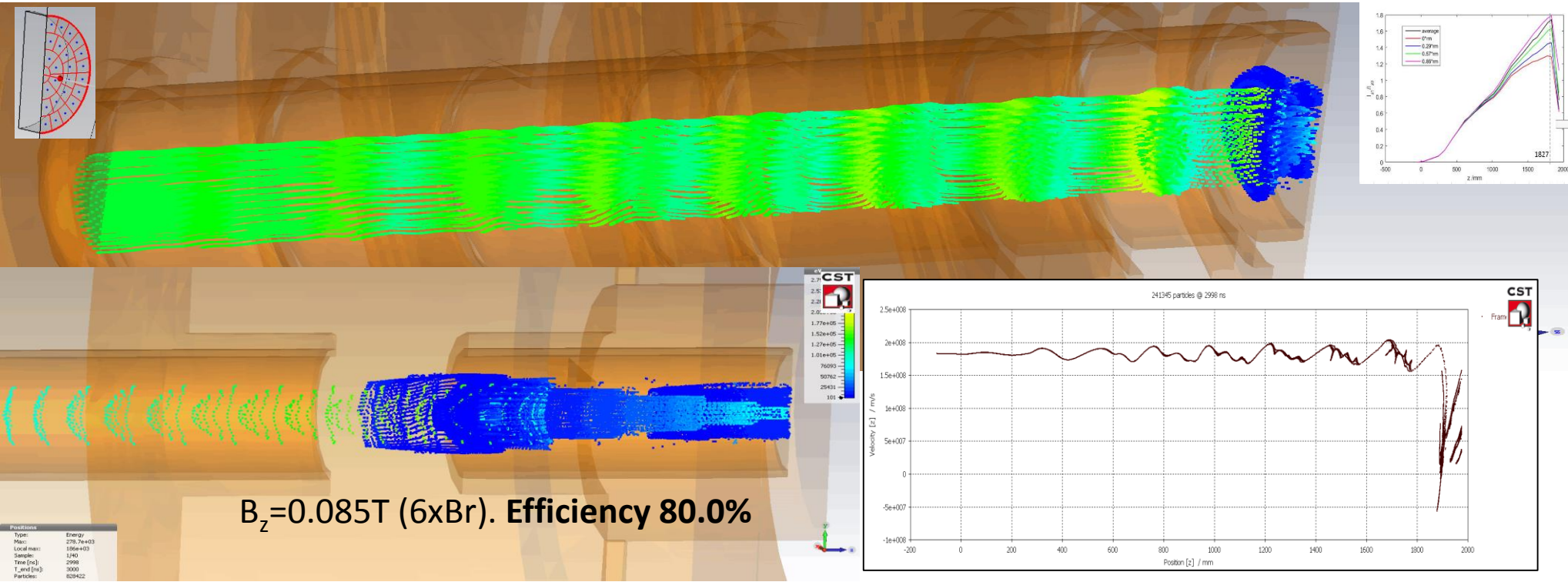




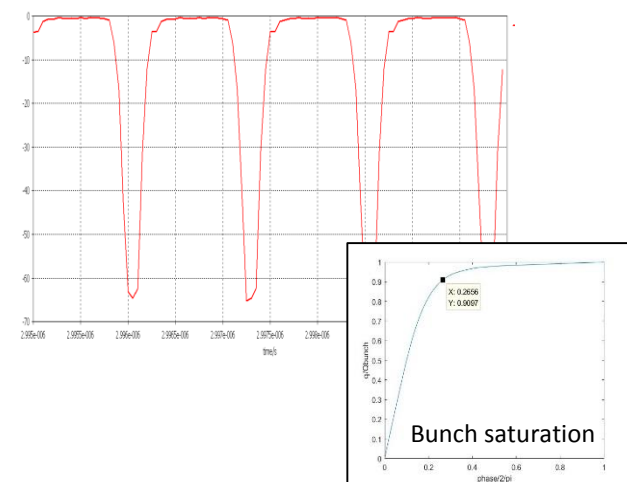
Beam Voltage (kV)	133.850
Beam Current (A)	12.551
Frequency (MHz)	800.000



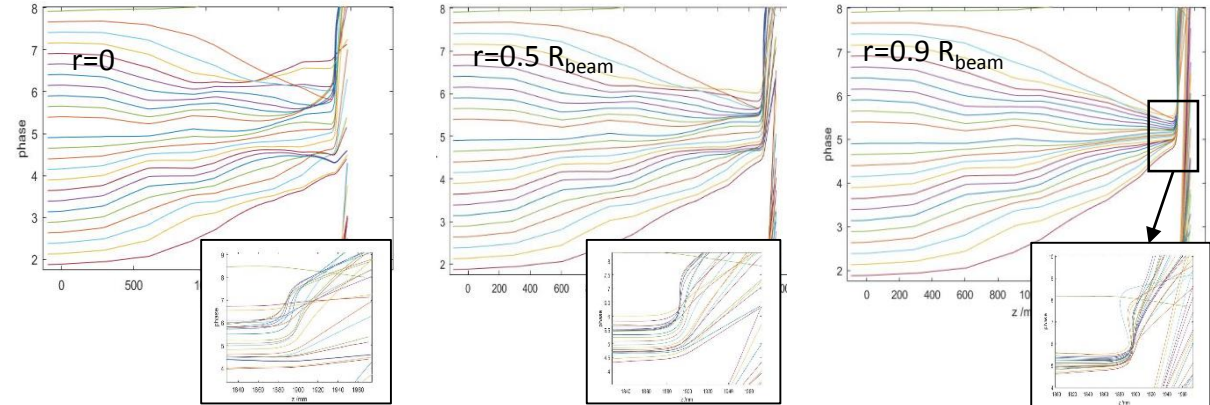
CSM_2L3B3. Full 3D simulations with Microwave Studio.



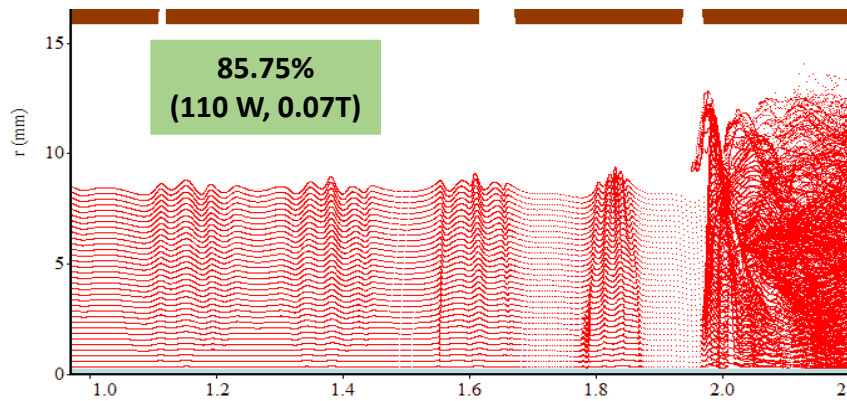
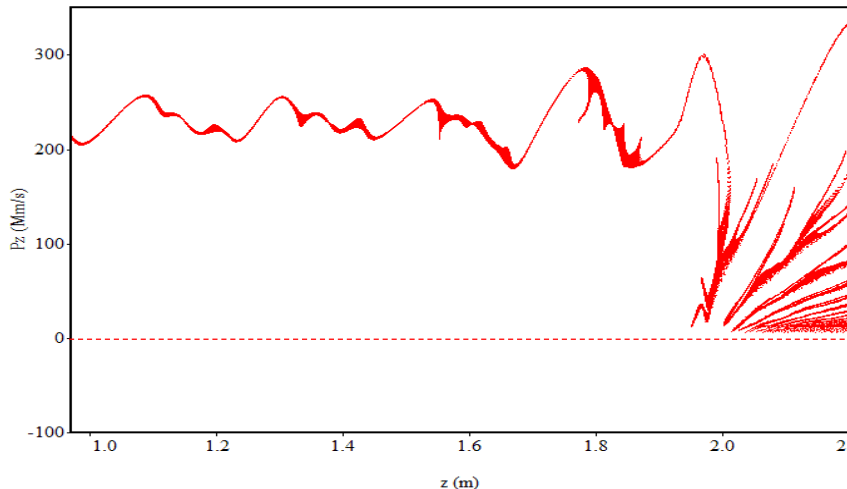
Beam intensity modulation:



Applegate diagrams for the electrons emitted at different radius:



All Particles(z,Pz) @ 900.000 ns

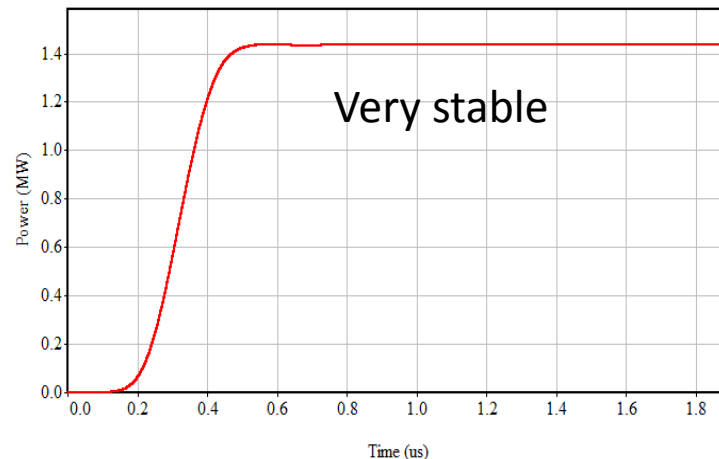


#6,#7 cavities parameters scan. MAGIC.

Cavity	Frequency (MHz) (Gap = 56mm)				
	812.45	814.95	815.45	815.95	818.45
6					
7					
Gap (mm) (Freq = 799.6MHz)	28	82.68	84.28	83.4	
	29.75	85.24			
	30	84.52	85.401	85.35	85.288
	30.25	85.53			
	30.5	85.75			
	32	81.5			

Bz
0.085T
0.08T
0.075T
0.07T

Power E.J_OHMIC.DV at A_COND_7
Step Filter period=1.250 ns

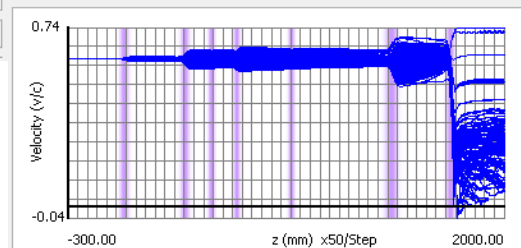
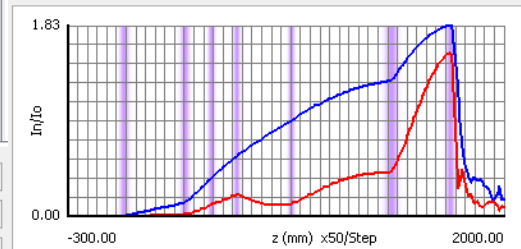
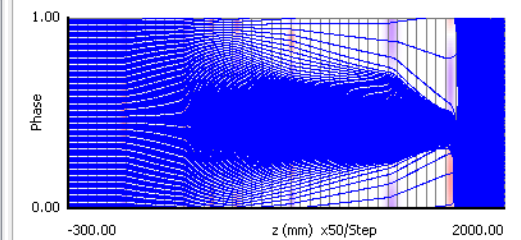


Gain: 38.24 dB
Pout: 1.406 MW

C. Eff.: 99.37 %
K. Eff.: 84.21 %
Total: 83.68 %
Error: -0.29 %

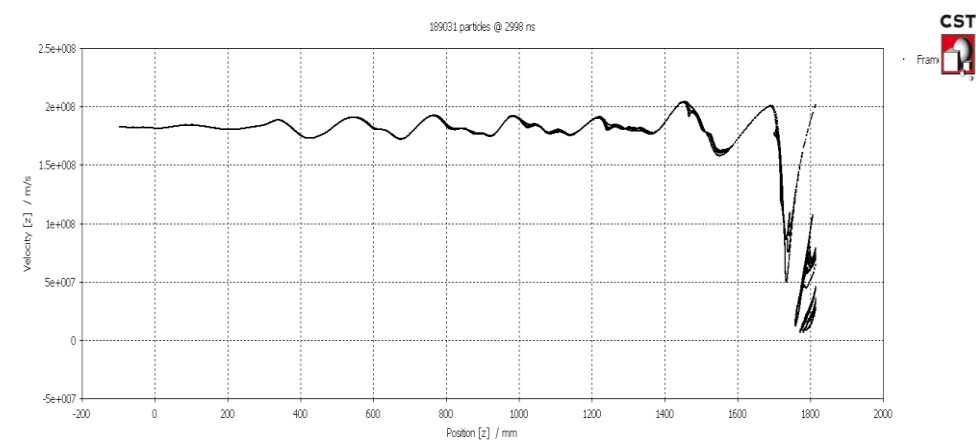
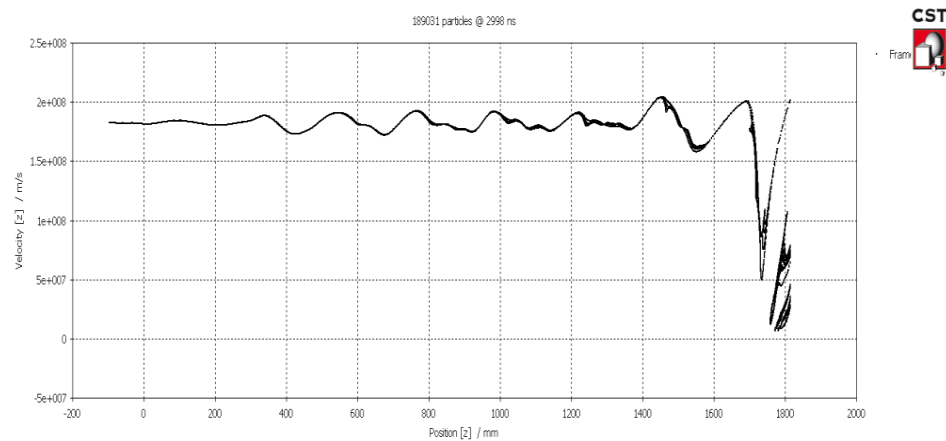
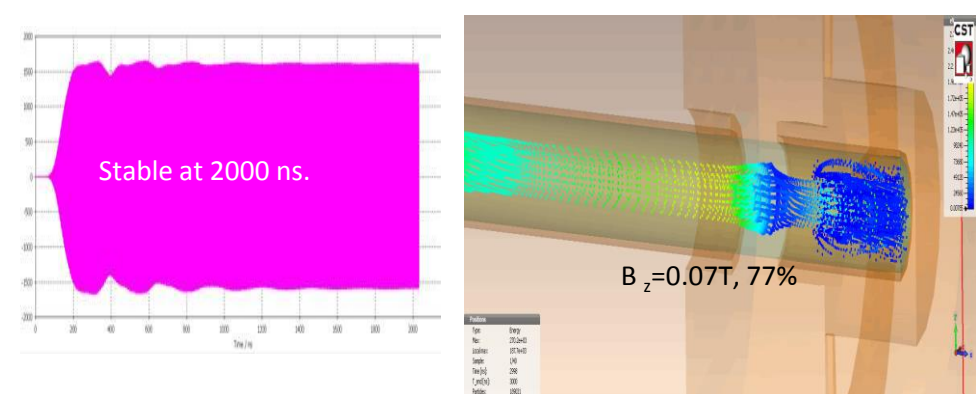
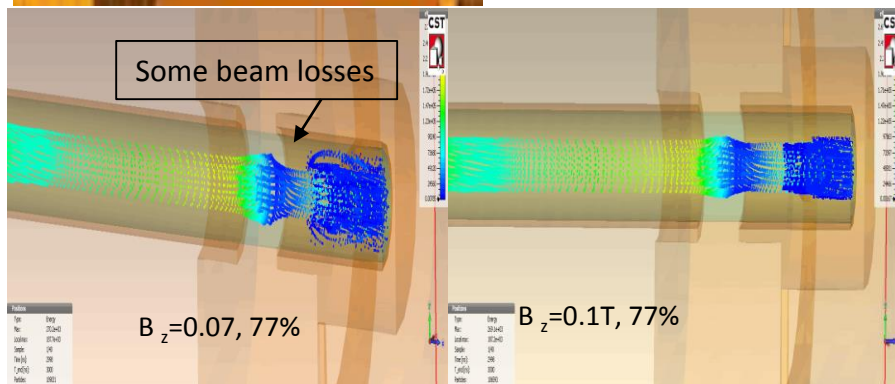
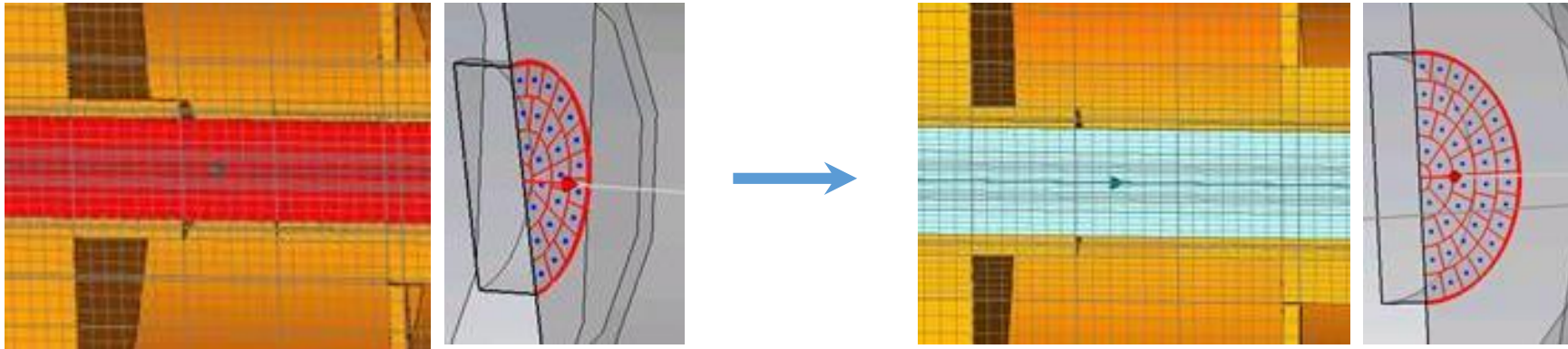
Cavity Voltages

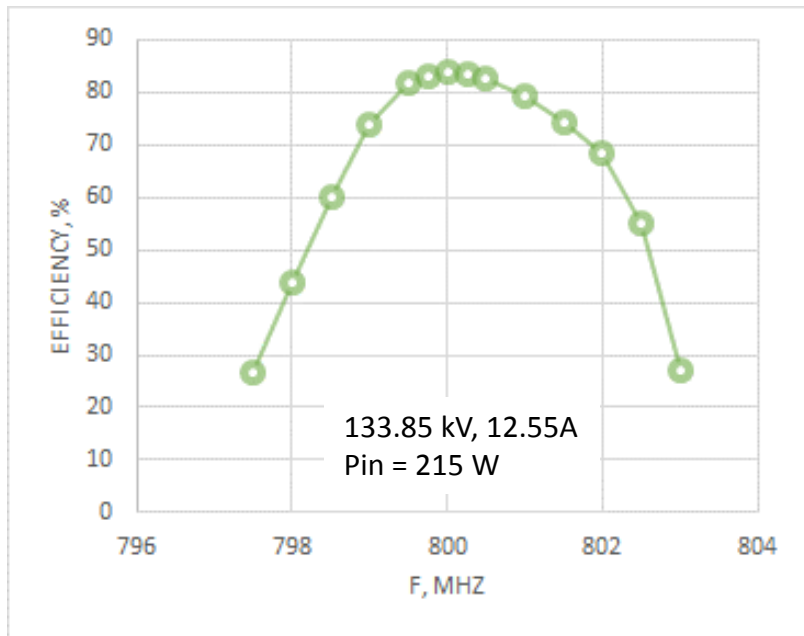
1	5.9886 kV
2	21.2783 kV
3	4.6091 kV
4	16.1012 kV
5	18.3688 kV
6	53.9308 kV
7	154.3486 kV



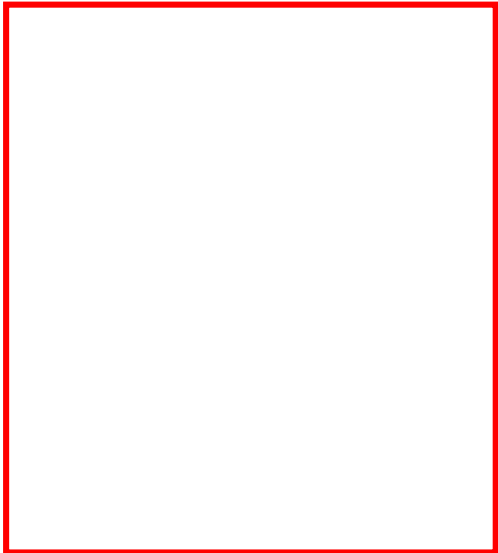
Beam Voltage (kV) 133.850
Beam Current (A) 12.551
Frequency (MHz) 800.000
Pin (W) 210

Refined mesh (x2.5 in drift tube) and more emitters (25 -> 40)





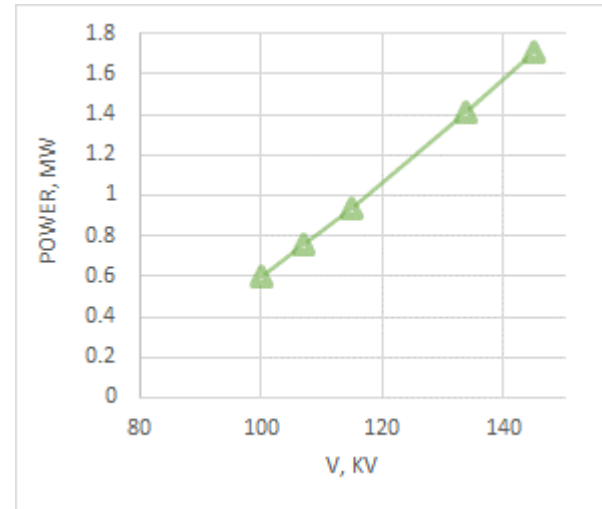
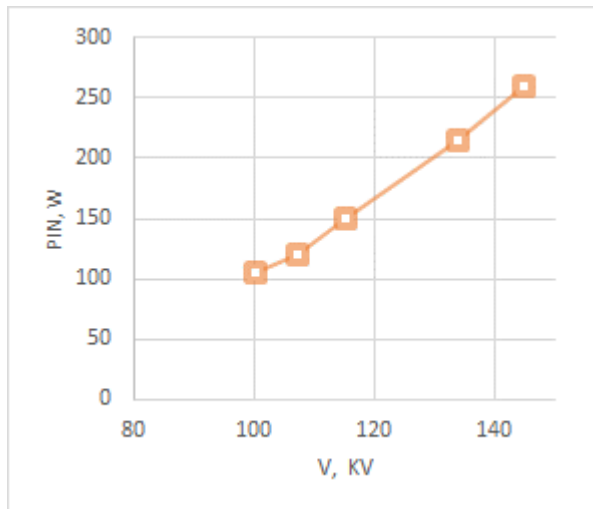
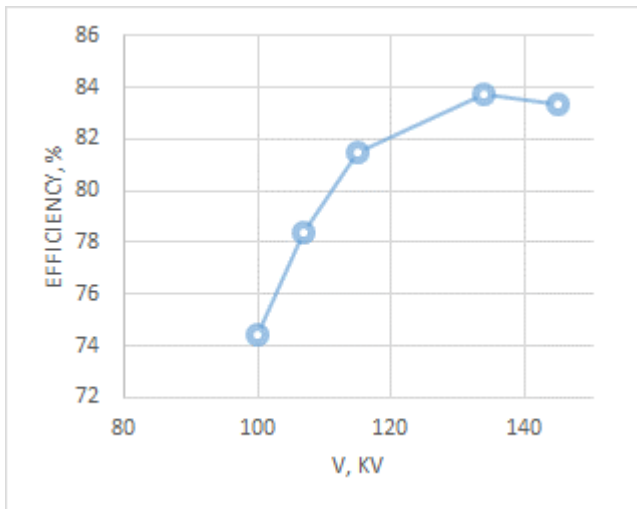
Measured at 0.6x R beam in MAGIC



Used for AJDisk input

Q_{in}=205
Q_{out}=60

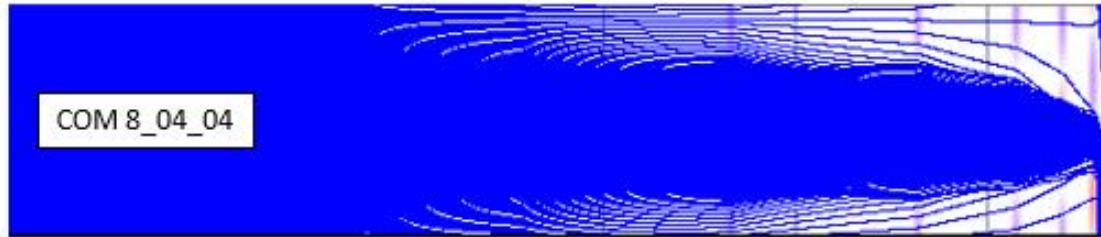
In saturation



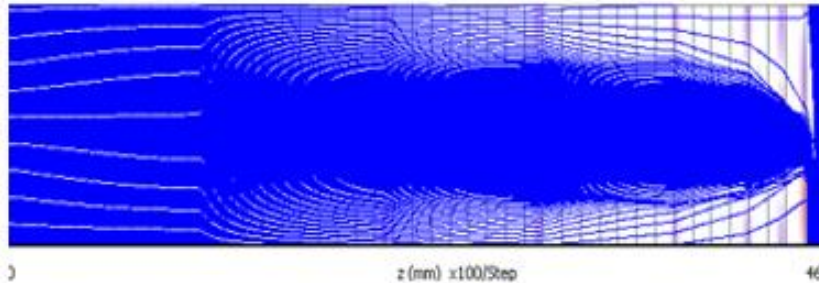
CSM HE tube for FCC. Summary table.

CSM 22L3_BL1	Original	Discussion 13/4
Frequency	800 MHz	704 MHz
Number of beams	One	One
# cavities (harmonics)	7(3)	7(3)
Beam diameter	17.26 mm	21.7 mm
Beam tunnel aperture	31.8 mm	40 mm
Voltage	133.9 kV	115 kV
Current	12.55 A	14.6 A
Micro Perveance	0.256	.375
RF circuited Length	1.72 m	1.6 m
Projected efficiency	>85%	>85%
Peak RF power in saturation	>1.43 MW	>1.43 MW
Power gain	>40 dB	> 40 dB
Solenoidal field	0.07 T	0.04 T ?

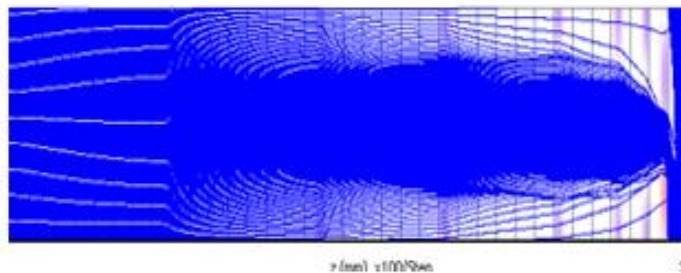
We have developed special procedure (GSP/PSP) which allows to scale the frequency, power, perveance, voltage, number of beams etc., and to preserve the bunching quality of the original tube:



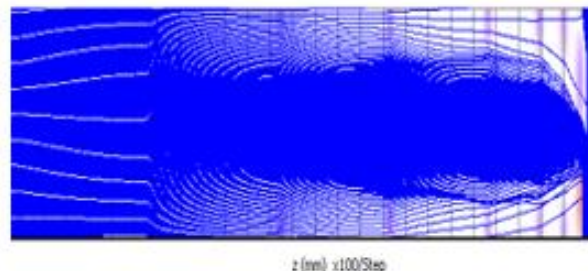
133.85 kV
12.55 A
 $\mu K=0.256$
5.55 m



115 kV
14.6 A
 $\mu K=0.375$
4.29 m

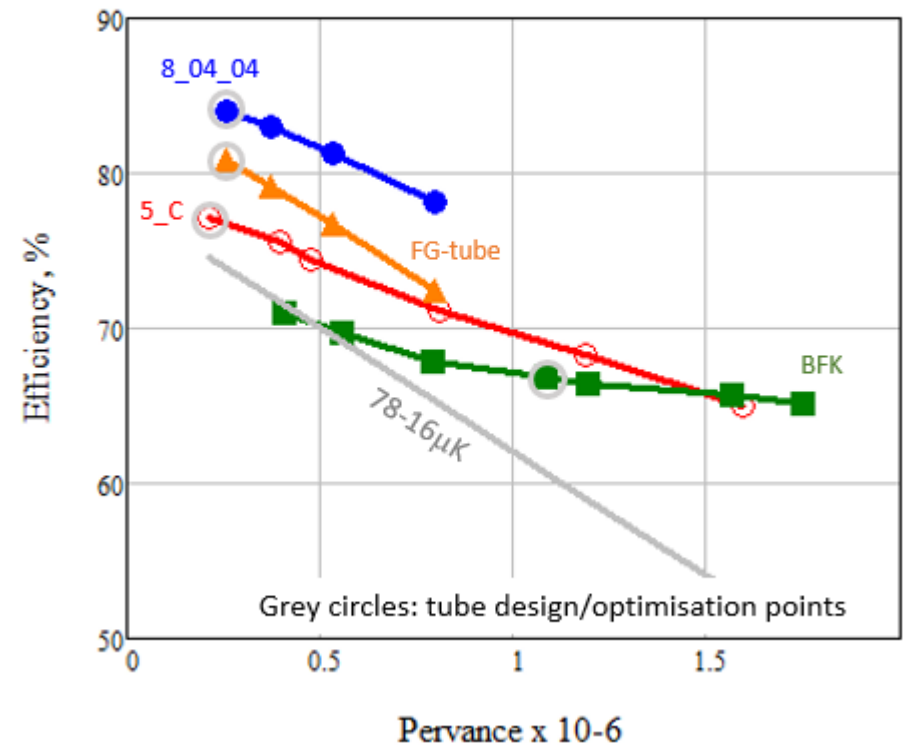


100 kV
16.8 A
 $\mu K=0.53$
3.38 m

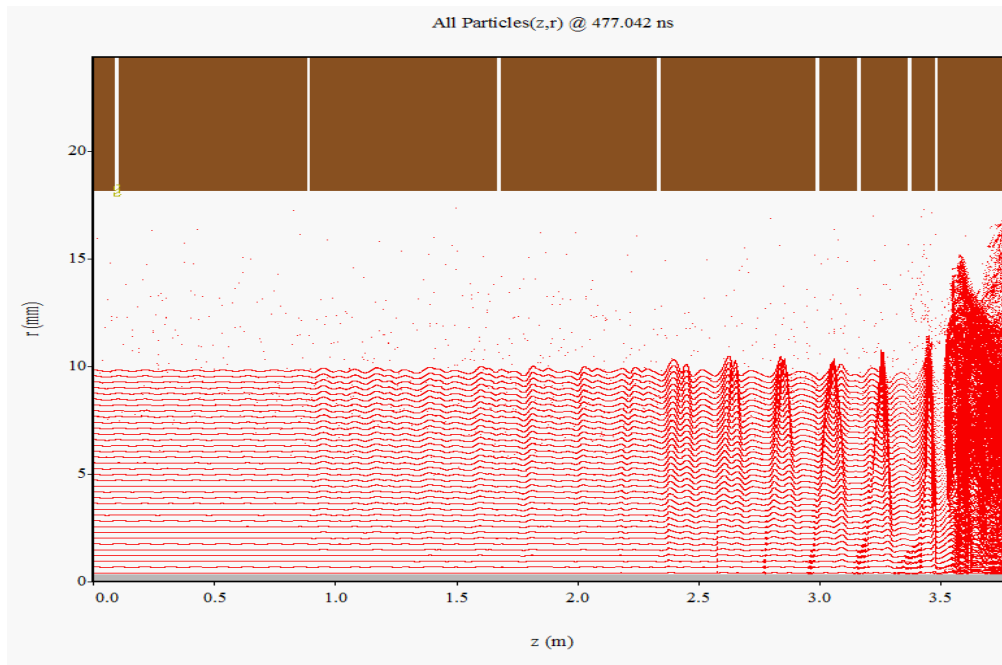


85 kV
19.76 A
 $\mu K=0.8$
2.56 m

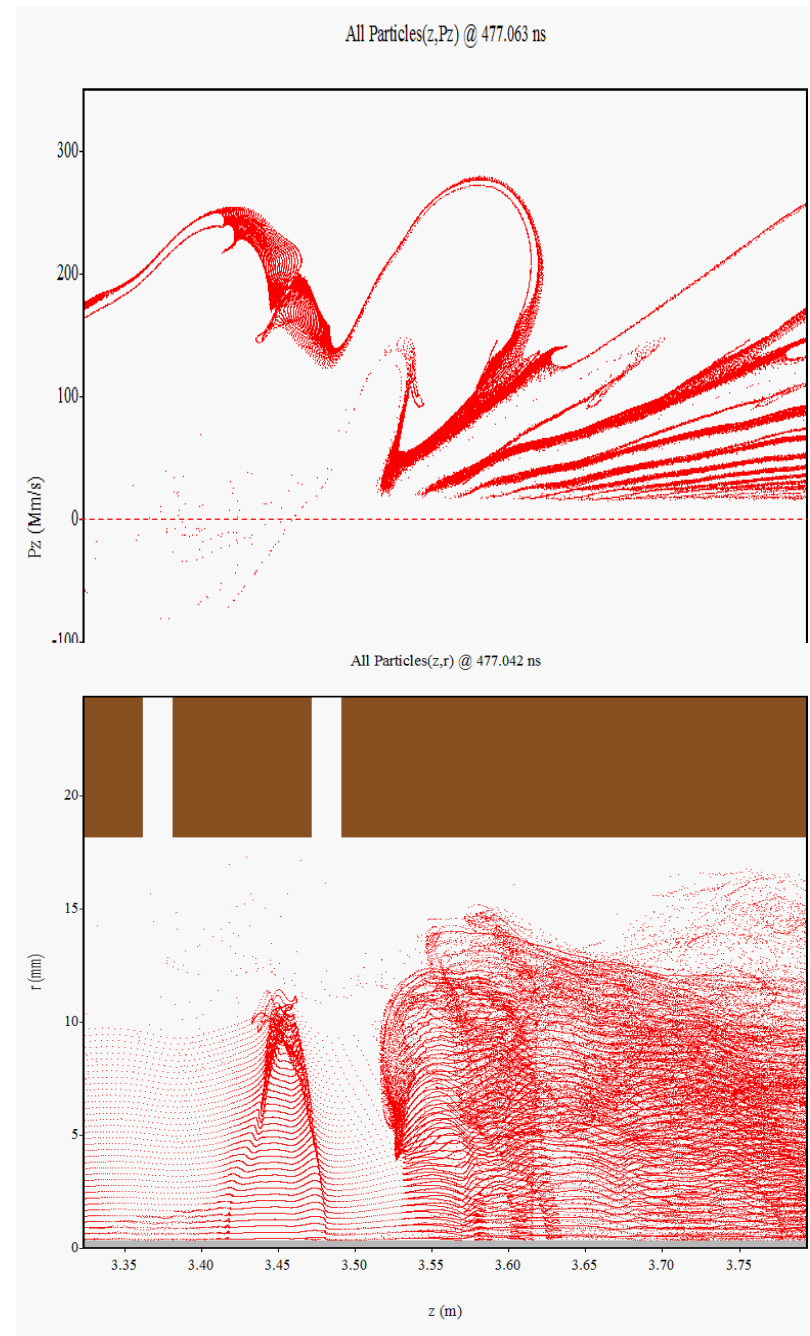
Summary plot



First MAGIC (PIC 2D) results of PSP 08_04_08 tube directly scaled from 133 kV down to 100 V:
Perveance: 0.26uK -> 0.53uK
Tube length: 5.75 m -> 3.37 m
Efficiency: 84.62 -> 80.78



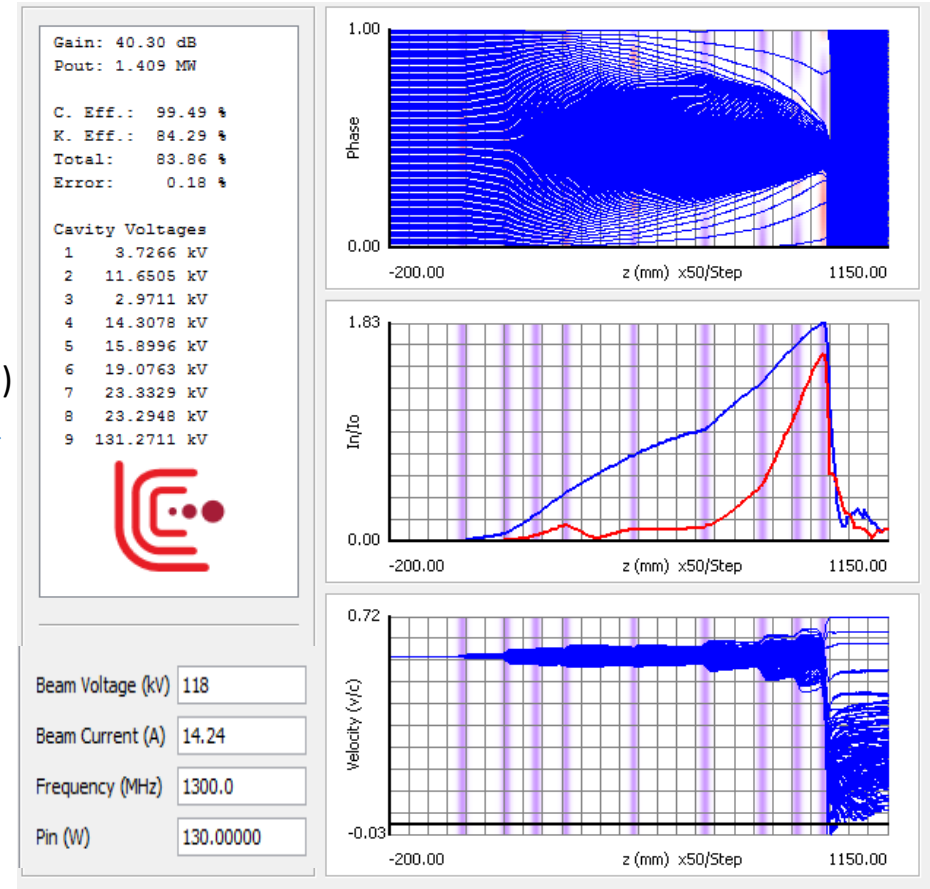
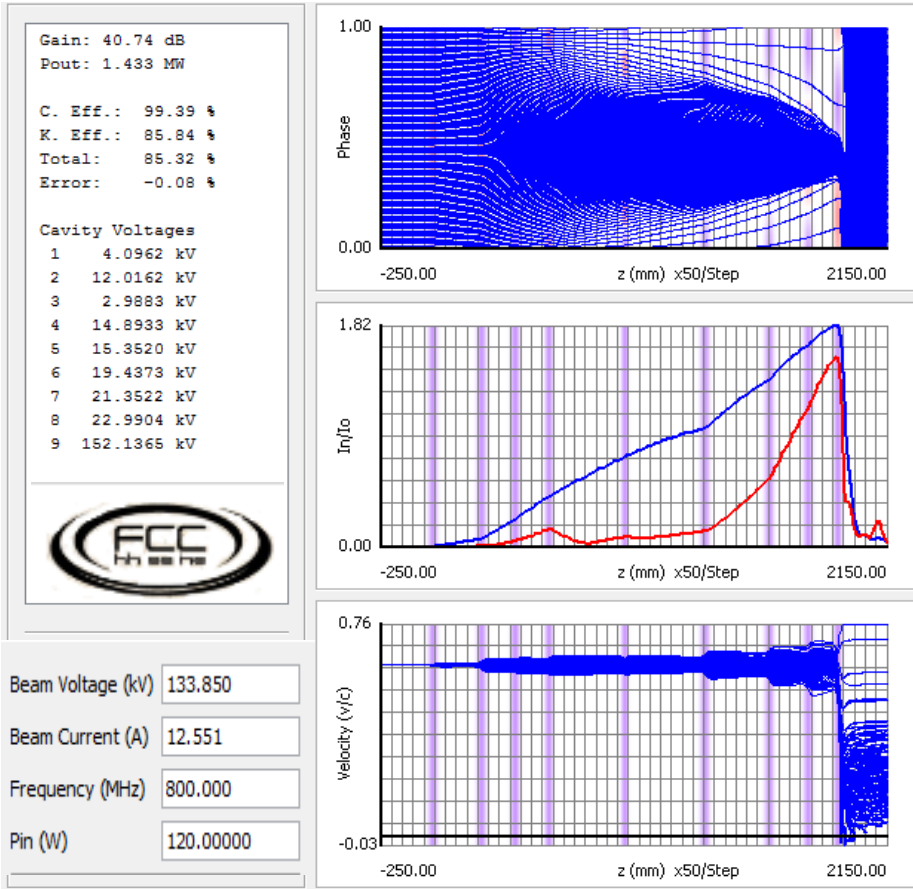
1.4 MW, Efficiency 80.78% (yet reflected electrons)



Example of scaled ILC HE klystron.

CSM_123B3 tube (85.3%), single beam:
0.8 GHz, 1.4 MW, **134 kV**, **12.55 A**, L=1.96m

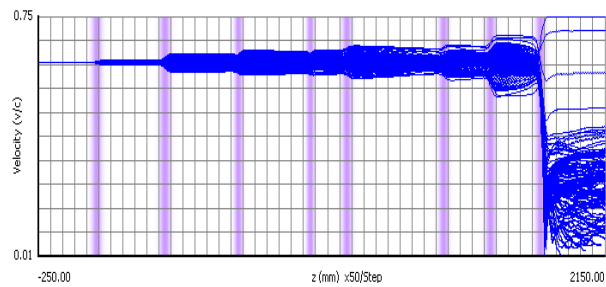
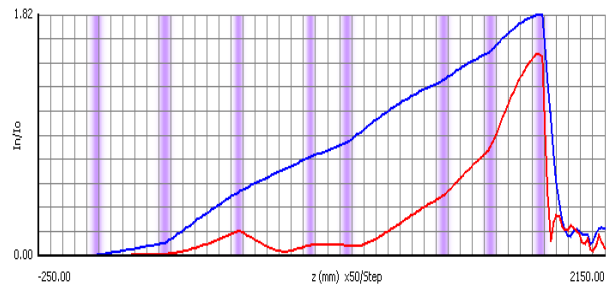
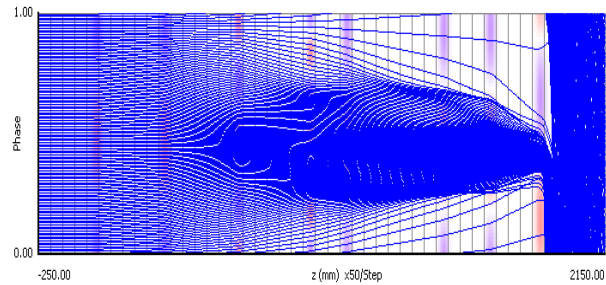
CSM_123B3_s tube (83.9%), single beam:
1.3 GHz, 1.4 MW, **118 kV**, **14.24 A**, L=0.98m



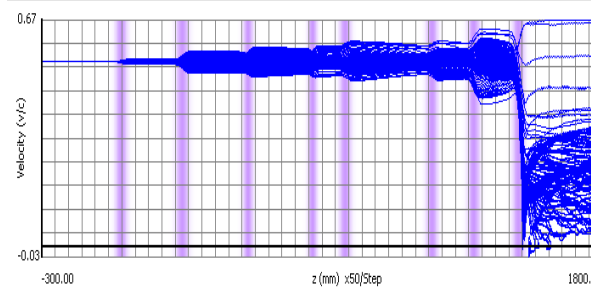
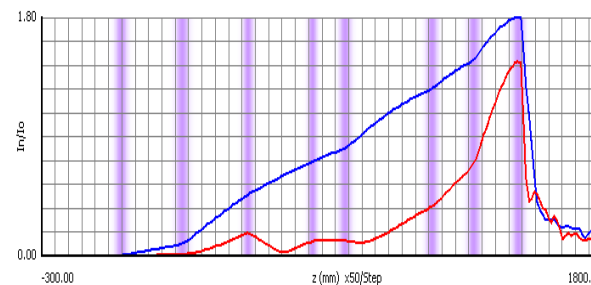
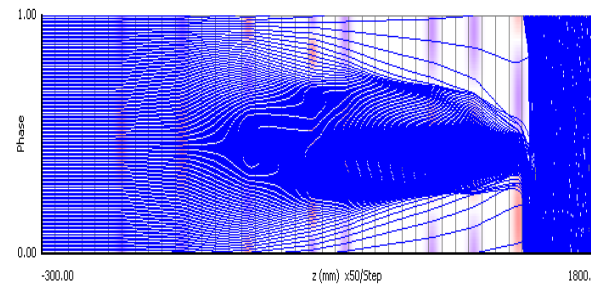
8 beams MBK klystron scaled from 1.3 GHz CSM_123_s is a compact (<1m), 11.4 MW tube with efficiency >80%.

Example of scaled ESS HE klystron.

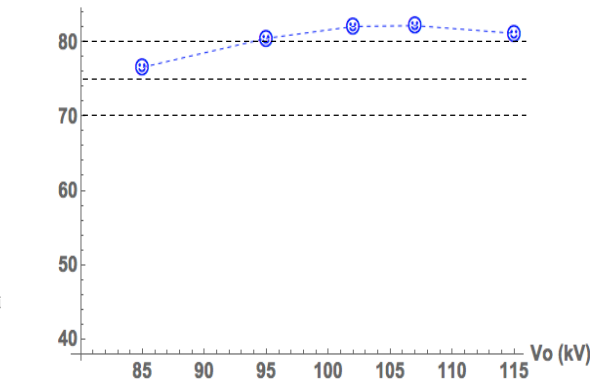
CSM_2L3B3 tube (84.4%), single beam:
0.8 GHz, 1.4 MW, **134 kV**, **12.55 A**, L=1.88m



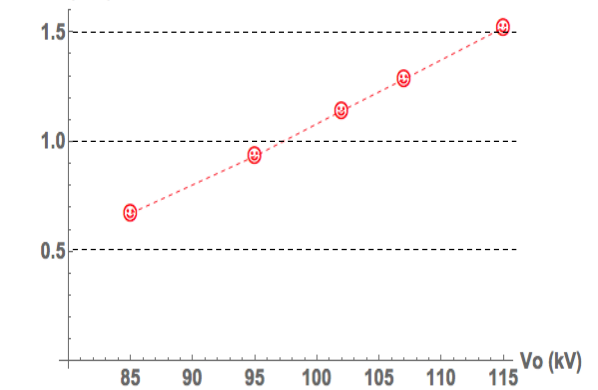
CSM_2L3B3_s tube (82.2%), single beam:
0.704 GHz, 1.14 MW, **102 kV**, **13.65 A**, L=1.5m



Efficiency (%)



Pout (MW)



(GSP/PSP)

