

ISOSPIN BREAKING IN τ INPUT FOR $(g - 2)_\mu$ FROM LATTICE QCD

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in collaboration with

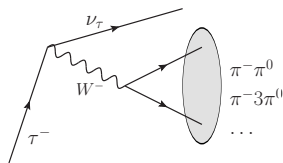
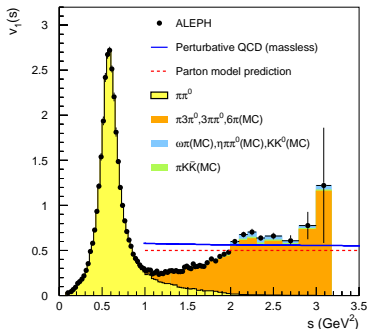
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for the RBC/UKQCD Collaboration



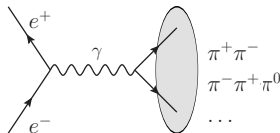
The 15th International Workshop on Tau Lepton Physics
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MOTIVATIONS



$V - A$ current

Final states $I = 1$ charged



EM current

Final states $I = 0, 1$ neutral

τ data can improve $a_\mu[\pi\pi]$

→ 72% of total Hadronic LO

or $a_\mu^{ee} \neq a^\tau \rightarrow$ NP [Cirigliano et al '18]

[talks by Lopez Castro, Gonzalez-Alonso]

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ISOSPIN CORRECTIONS

Restriction to $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ and $\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau$

$$v_0(s) = \frac{s}{4\pi\alpha^2} \sigma_{\pi^+\pi^-}(s)$$

$$v_-(s) = \frac{m_\tau^2}{6|V_{ud}|^2} \frac{\mathcal{B}_{\pi\pi^0}}{\mathcal{B}_e} \frac{1}{N_{\pi\pi^0}} \frac{dN_{\pi\pi^0}}{ds} \left(1 - \frac{s}{m_\tau^2}\right)^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{2s}{m_\tau^2}\right)^{-1} \frac{1}{S_{EW}}$$

Isospin correction $v_0 = R_{IB}v_-$ $R_{IB} = \frac{FSR}{G_{EM}} \frac{\beta_0^3 |F_\pi^0|^2}{\beta_-^3 |F_\pi^-|^2}$ [Alemani et al. '98]

0. S_{EW} electro-weak radiative correct. [Marciano, Sirlin '88][Braaten, Li '90]

1. Final State Radiation of $\pi^+\pi^-$ system [Schwinger '89][Drees, Hikasa '90]

2. G_{EM} (long distance) radiative corrections in τ decays

Chiral Resonance Theory [Cirigliano et al. '01, '02]

Meson Dominance [Flores-Talpa et al. '06, '07]

3. Phase Space ($\beta_{0,-}$) due to $(m_{\pi^\pm} - m_{\pi^0})$

CONTRIBUTION TO a_μ

Time-momentum representation

[Bernecker, Meyer, '11]

$$G^\gamma(t) = \frac{1}{3} \sum_k \int d\vec{x} \langle j_k^\gamma(x) j_k^\gamma(0) \rangle \rightarrow a_\mu = 4\alpha^2 \sum_t w_t G^\gamma(t)$$

Isospin decomposition of u, d current

$$j_\mu^\gamma = \frac{i}{6} (\bar{u}\gamma_\mu u + \bar{d}\gamma_\mu d) + \frac{i}{2} (\bar{u}\gamma_\mu u - \bar{d}\gamma_\mu d) = j_\mu^{(0)} + j_\mu^{(1)}$$

$$G_{00}^\gamma \leftarrow \langle j_k^{(0)}(x) j_k^{(0)}(0) \rangle = \text{[diagrams: bubble, bubble with gluon, bubble with ghost, bubble with photon]}$$

$$G_{01}^\gamma \leftarrow \langle j_k^{(0)}(x) j_k^{(1)}(0) \rangle = \text{[diagrams: bubble with photon, bubble with ghost]}$$

$$G_{11}^\gamma \leftarrow \langle j_k^{(1)}(x) j_k^{(1)}(0) \rangle = \text{[diagrams: bubble with photon, bubble with ghost]}$$

Decompose $a_\mu = a_\mu^{(0,0)} + a_\mu^{(0,1)} + a_\mu^{(1,1)}$

NEUTRAL VS CHARGED

$$\frac{i}{2}(\bar{u}\gamma_\mu u - \bar{d}\gamma_\mu d), \left[\begin{array}{l} I = 1 \\ I_3 = 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow j_\mu^{(1,-)} = \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}}(\bar{u}\gamma_\mu d), \left[\begin{array}{l} I = 1 \\ I_3 = -1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\text{Isospin 1 charged correlator } G_{11}^W = \frac{1}{3} \sum_k \int d\vec{x} \langle j_k^{(1,+)}(x) j_k^{(1,-)}(0) \rangle$$

$$\delta G^{(1,1)} \equiv G_{11}^\gamma - G_{11}^W$$

$$= Z_V^4 (4\pi\alpha) \frac{(Q_u - Q_d)^4}{4} \left[\text{diagram 1} + \text{diagram 2} \right]$$

$$G_{01}^\gamma = Z_V^4 \frac{(Q_u^2 - Q_d^2)^2}{2} (4\pi\alpha) \left[\text{diagram 1} + 2 \times \text{diagram 2} + \text{diagram 3} + \dots \right]$$

$$+ Z_V^2 \frac{Q_u^2 - Q_d^2}{2} (m_u - m_d) \left[2 \times \text{diagram 4} + \dots \right]$$

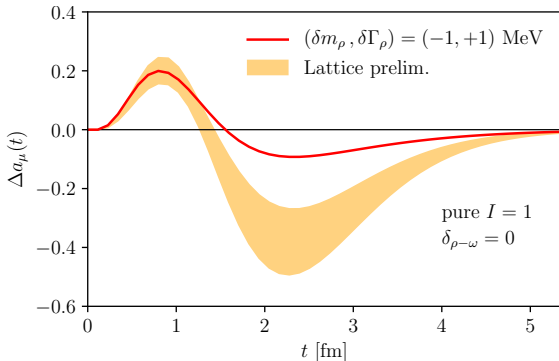
... = subleading diagrams currently not included

LATTICE: PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Study **integrand** in euclidean time \rightarrow **as important as integral**

direct comparison
Lattice vs. EFT+Pheno

1. validate previous estimates of R_{IB}
2. study neutral/charged ρ and ω properties



$a_\mu^\tau - a_\mu^e$ sensitive to new physics [Cirigliano et al. '18]
[Miranda-Roig '18]

work in progress:

- ✓ finite vol. errs
- ✓ better stat. errs

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CONCLUSIONS

For precise prediction:

study systematic errors → ongoing finite volume study

improvement of errs → high stat. data set from HLbL

Outlook:

1. full lattice calculation of $\Delta a_\mu[\tau]$ on the way

2. tests/checks previous calculations

comparing v_- with experiment requires FSR, S_{EW} and G_{EM}

→ test of long distance QED corrections

→ direct computation

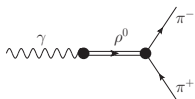
study G_{01}^γ alone → $\rho\omega$ mixing; $\delta G^{(1,1)}$ alone → ρ^0 vs ρ^-

3. possibly sensitive to new physics

Thanks for your attention

PION FORM FACTORS

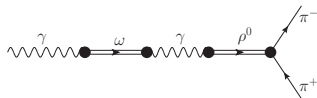
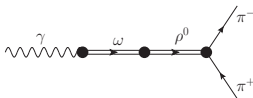
$$F_{\pi}^0(s) \propto \frac{m_{\rho}^2}{D_{\rho}(s)}$$



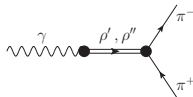
[Gounaris, Sakurai '68]

[Kühn, Santamaria '90]

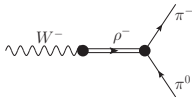
$$\times \left[1 + \delta_{\rho\omega} \frac{s}{D_{\omega}(s)} \right]$$



$$+ \frac{m_X^2}{D_X(s)} \quad X = \rho', \rho''$$



$$F_{\pi}^{-}(s) \propto \frac{m_{\rho^{-}}^2}{D_{\rho^{-}}(s)} + (\rho', \rho'')$$



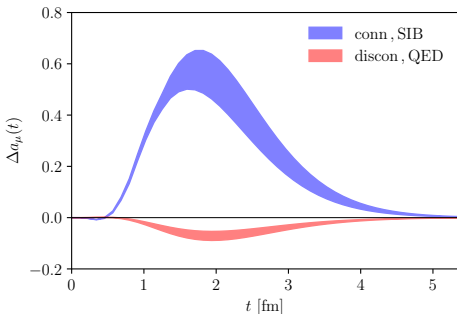
Sources of IB breaking in phenomenological models

$$m_{\rho^0} \neq m_{\rho^{\pm}}, \Gamma_{\rho^0} \neq \Gamma_{\rho^{\pm}}, m_{\pi^0} \neq m_{\pi^{\pm}}$$

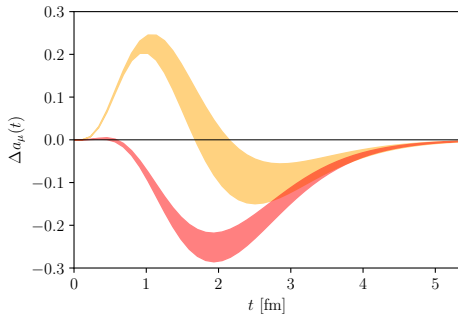
$$\rho - \omega \text{ mixing } \delta_{\rho\omega} \simeq O(m_u - m_d) + O(e^2)$$

LATTICE: PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Δa_μ from G_{01}^γ (QED and SIB):



Pure $I = 1$ only $O(\alpha)$ terms:



$$V = \text{[diagram: wavy line in a circle]} \quad F = \text{[diagram: two circles connected by a wavy line]} \quad S = \text{[diagram: wavy line in a circle with a dot]}$$

$$M = \text{[diagram: circle with a cross]} \rightarrow \text{dominates noise}$$