

Higgs measurements @FCC-hh

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Outline

- Context
- Higgs p_T
- Decay Channels:
 - $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$
 - $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 2l2\nu$
 - $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
 - $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$

Goals

g_{HXY}	FCC-ee	FCC-hh
ZZ	0.16%	
WW	0.85%	
$\gamma\gamma$	1.7%	<1% ?
Z γ	?	1% ?
tt		1% ?
bb	0.42%	
$\tau\tau$	0.94%	
cc	1.0%	
ss	H \rightarrow V γ , in progr.	
$\mu\mu$	6.4%	2% ?
uu,dd	H \rightarrow V γ , in progr.	
ee	$e^+e^- \rightarrow H$, in progr.	
HH		5% ?
BR _{exo}	0.48%	< 10 ⁻⁶ ?

- Setup a “task force”, to work coherently on defining target precision benchmarks
- Define meas’nt strategies based on
 - precise info from FCC-ee
 - selfcontained FCC-hh inputs
- Define precision for both
 - absolute BR or BR ratio meas’s
 - $d\sigma/dp_T$, (both absolute and shape) to probe BSM sensitivity
- Start by identifying ideal regions of S/\sqrt{B} (B=irreducible bgs), and allow for optimal det performance
- Identify regions of optimal separation between production channels
- Identify leading exptl syst, to be tested via concrete Delphes sim’s, setting performance targets

Higgs total rates

	$\sigma(13 \text{ TeV})$	$\sigma(100 \text{ TeV})$	$\sigma(100 \text{ TeV})/\sigma(13 \text{ TeV})$
ggH	49 pb	803 pb	16
VBF	3.8 pb	69 pb	18
ttH	0.5 pb	34 pb	68
vH	2.3 pb	27 pb	12

	N_{100}	N_{100}/N_8	N_{100}/N_{14}
$gg \rightarrow H$	16×10^9	4×10^4	110
VBF	1.6×10^9	5×10^4	120
WH	3.2×10^8	2×10^4	65
ZH	2.2×10^8	3×10^4	85
$t\bar{t}H$	7.6×10^8	3×10^5	420

$$N_{100} = \sigma_{100\text{TeV}} \times 20 \text{ ab}^{-1}$$

$$N_8 = \sigma_{8\text{TeV}} \times 20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

$$N_{14} = \sigma_{14\text{TeV}} \times 3 \text{ ab}^{-1}$$

Higgs Samples

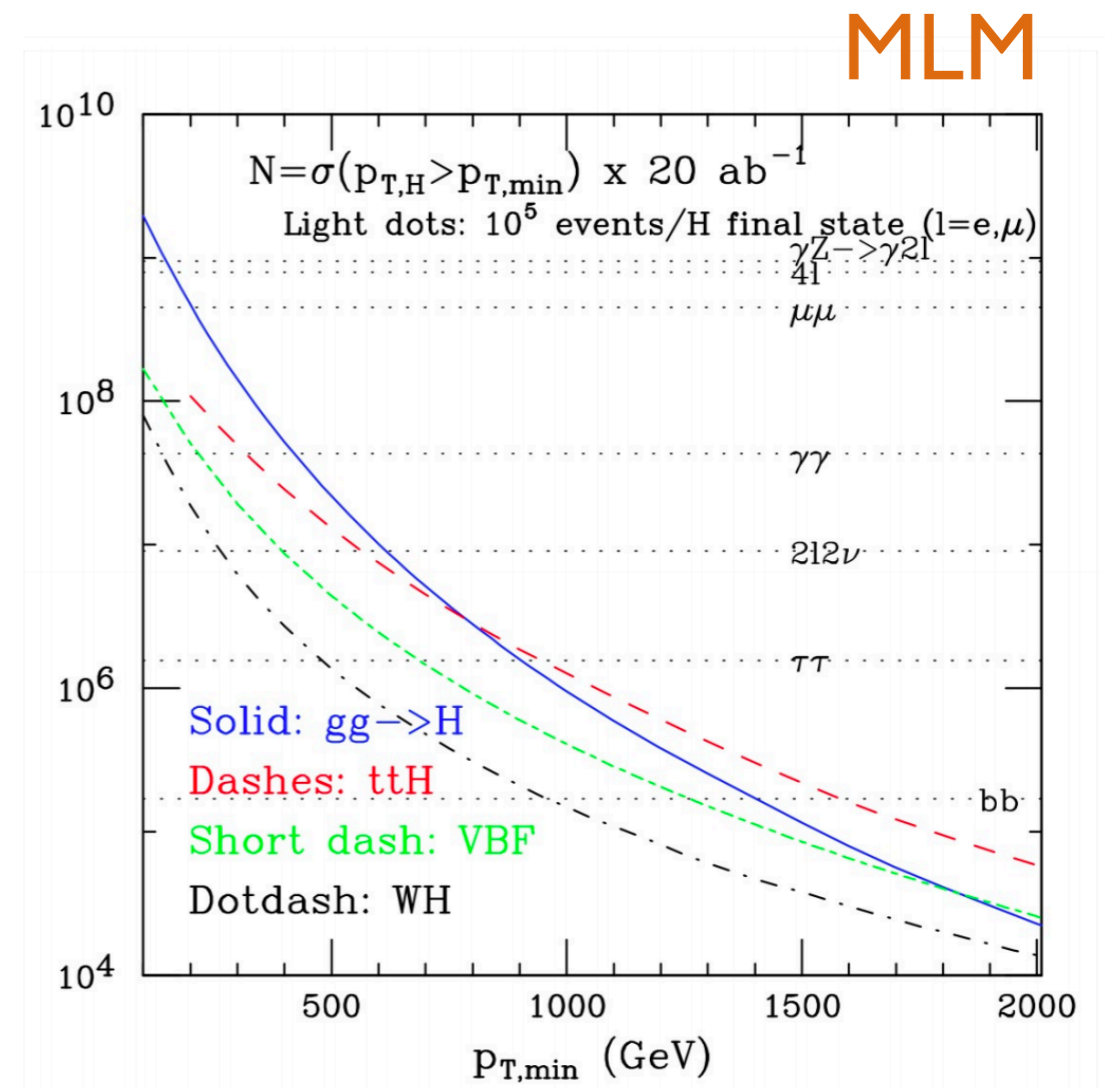
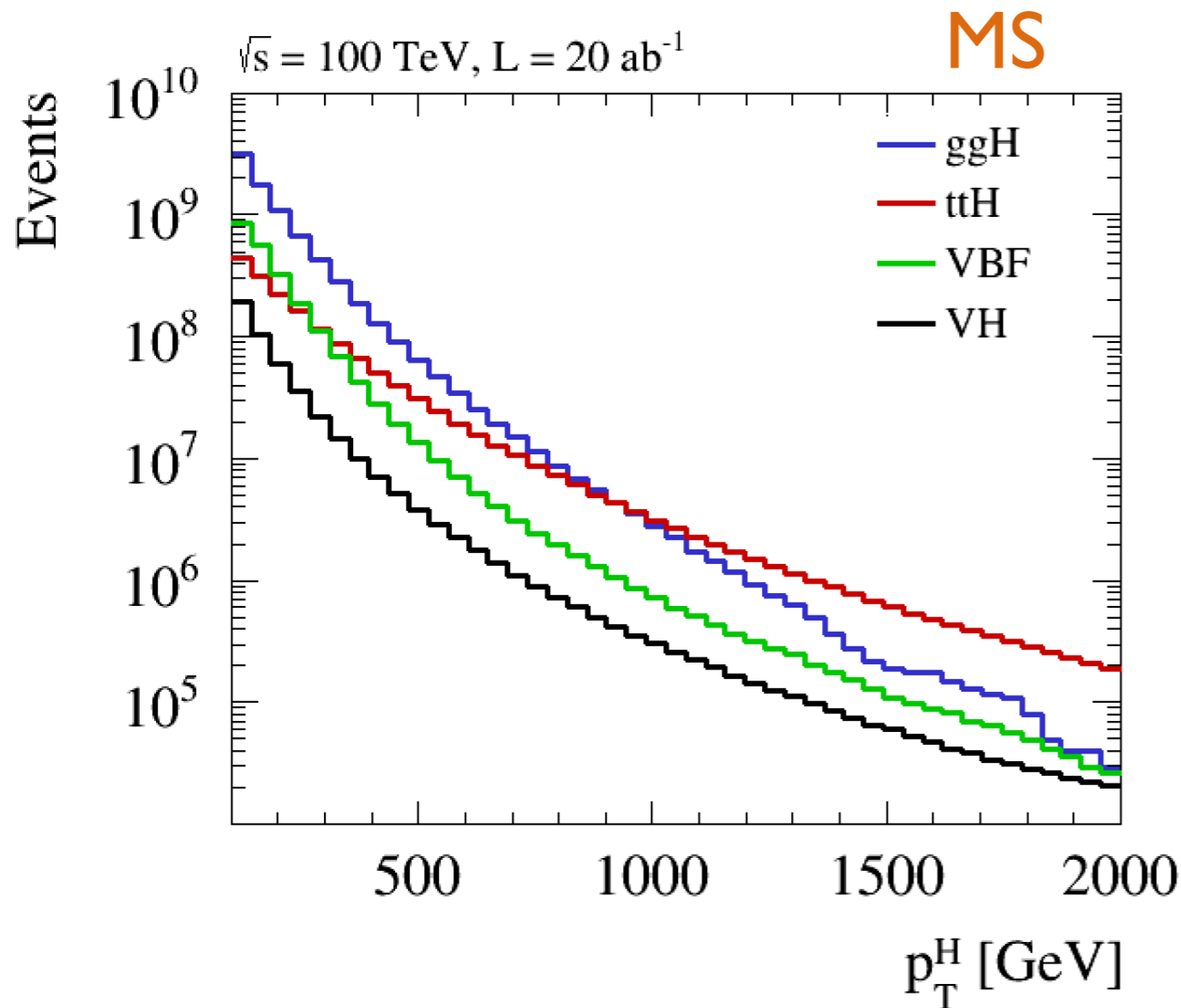
- All parton level samples produced with **MG5_aMC@NLO v. 2.5.4**
- Jet merging with **Pythia8** using **MLM** matching scheme
- **ggH:**
 - finite top mass, loop induced
 - 0/1/2 jets merged, $x_{qcut} = 30$ GeV, $Q_{cut} = 45$ GeV
 - $\sigma = 213$ pb $\rightarrow K_{factor} = 3.7$
- **VBF:**
 - 0/1 jets merged, $x_{qcut} = 40$ GeV, $Q_{cut} = 60$ GeV
 - $\sigma = 16$ pb $\rightarrow K_{factor} = 4.3$ (matching efficiency very low !!)
- **VH:**
 - 0/1/2 jets merged, $x_{qcut} = 40$ GeV, $Q_{cut} = 60$ GeV
 - $\sigma = 20$ pb $\rightarrow K_{factor} = 1.3$
- **ttH:**
 - 0/1 jets merged, $x_{qcut} = 80$ GeV, $Q_{cut} = 120$ GeV
 - $\sigma = 27$ pb $\rightarrow K_{factor} = 1.3$

Background Samples

- **ttbar:**
 - 0/1/2 jets merged
 - $\sigma = 20 \text{ nb} \rightarrow K_{\text{factor}} = 1.7$
- **Single Top (tV):**
 - 0/1/2 jets merged
 - $\sigma = 2.6 \text{ nb} \rightarrow$
 - $K_{\text{factor}} = 1.34$ (careful: b-jet veto applied at NLO to remove overlap with ttbar)
- **DY+jets:**
 - $V = W/Z + 0/1/2/3$ jets merged
 - non-resonant LL+0/1/2 jets
 - $K_{\text{factor}} = 1.14$ (computed on resonant, applied to all)
- **Di-boson:**
 - VV (ZZ / WW / WZ / Z γ / W γ / $\gamma\gamma$) + 0/1/2 jets merged
 - LLV non-resonant (should include Z γ^* / W γ^*)
 - $K_{\text{factor}} = 1.14$ (same as DY, for simplicity)
- **Tri-boson:**
 - VVV (WWW / WWZ / WZZ / ZZZ / γZZ / γZW ...) + 0/1 jets merged
 - $K_{\text{factor}} = 1.14$ (same as DY, for simplicity)
- **Di-photon:**
 - $g g \rightarrow \gamma\gamma + 0/1$ jets merged
 - $p p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma + 0/1/2$ jets merged
 - $K_{\text{factor}} = 2$ (correct ?)

Higgs pT

Higgs $N(p_T > p_{T,\min})$ (I)

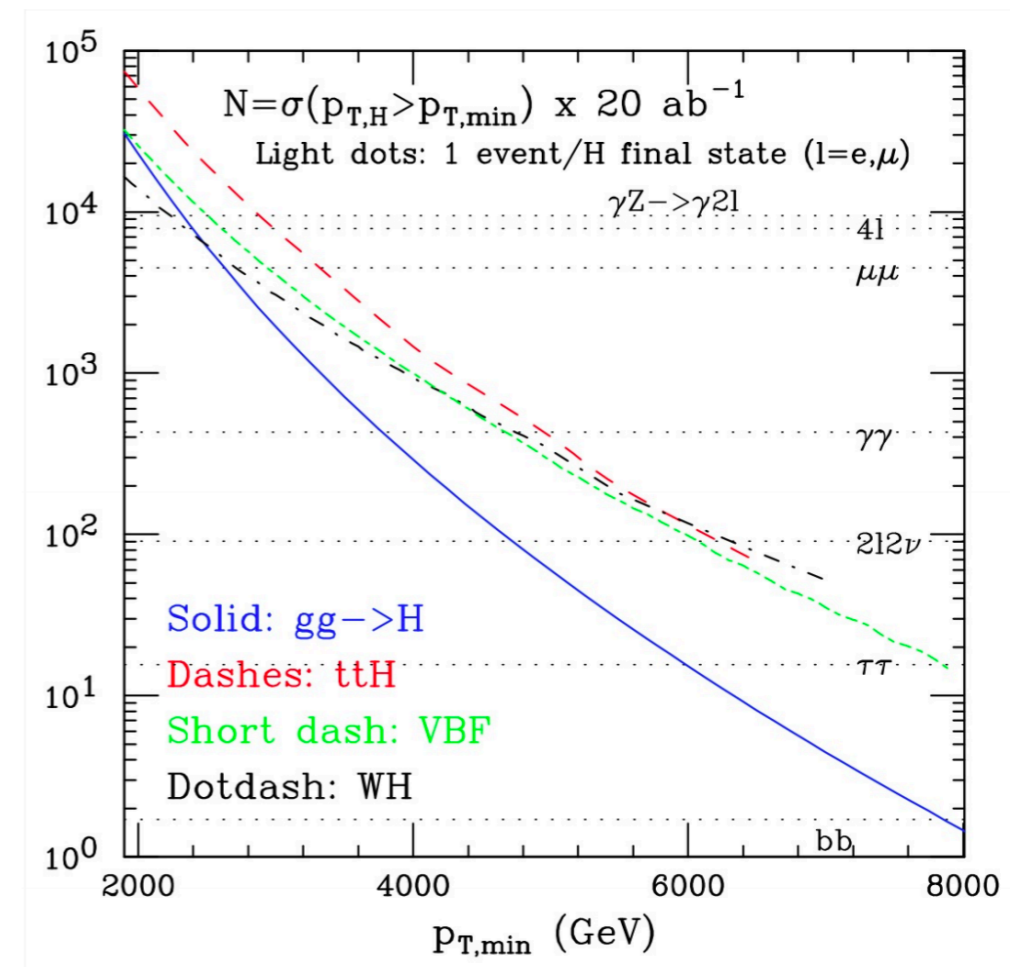
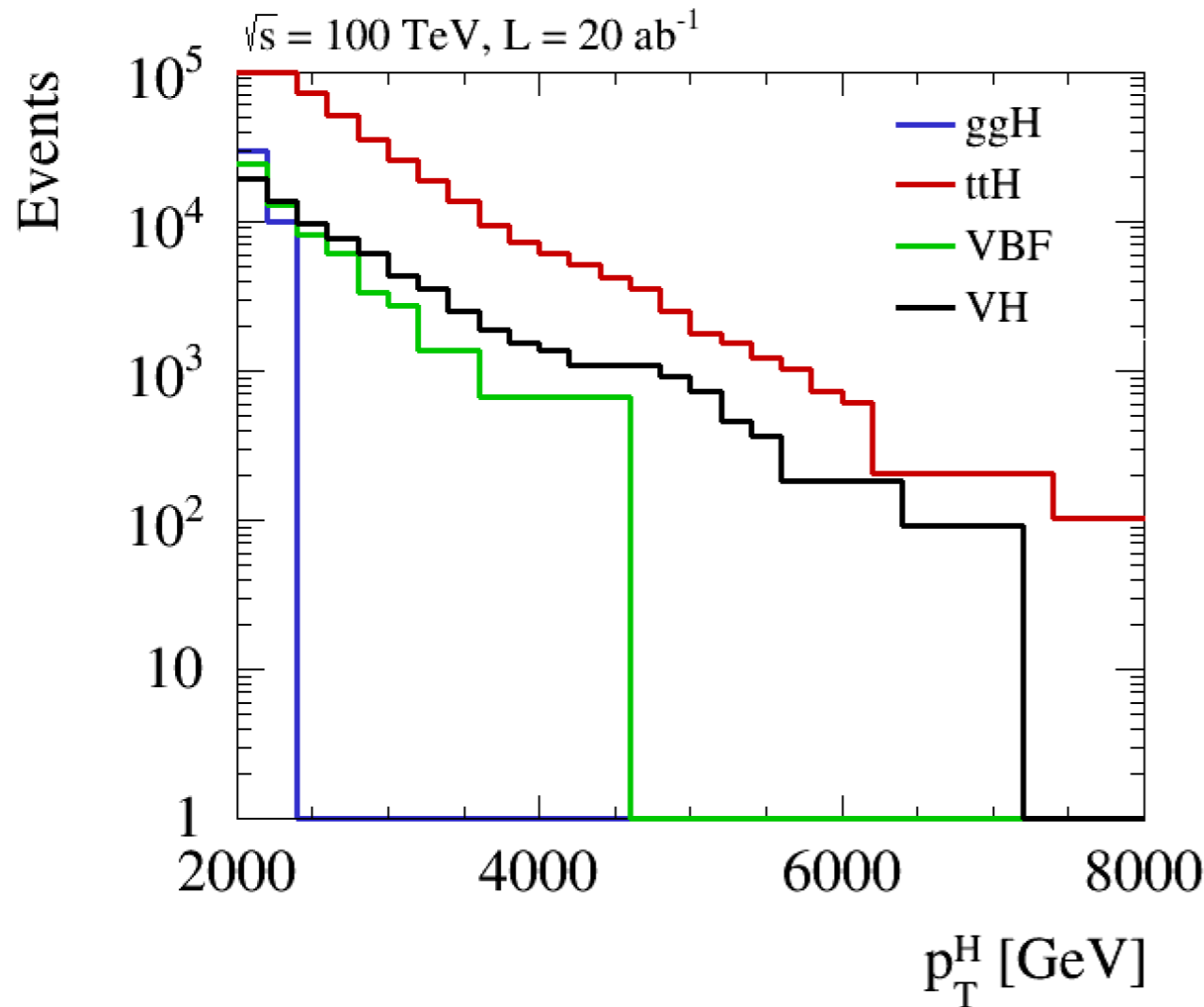


- ggH comparable
- ttH becomes dominant at $p_T > 800\text{-}900 \text{ GeV}$, has slightly harder spectrum (matching?)
- similar spectra for VH (note VH vs WH)
- VBF seems off (wrong matching ?)

Higgs $N(p_T > p_{T,\min})$ (II)

MS

MLM



- again, ttH has slightly harder spectrum (matching?)
- need more stats at high p_T to conclude anything ..

$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$

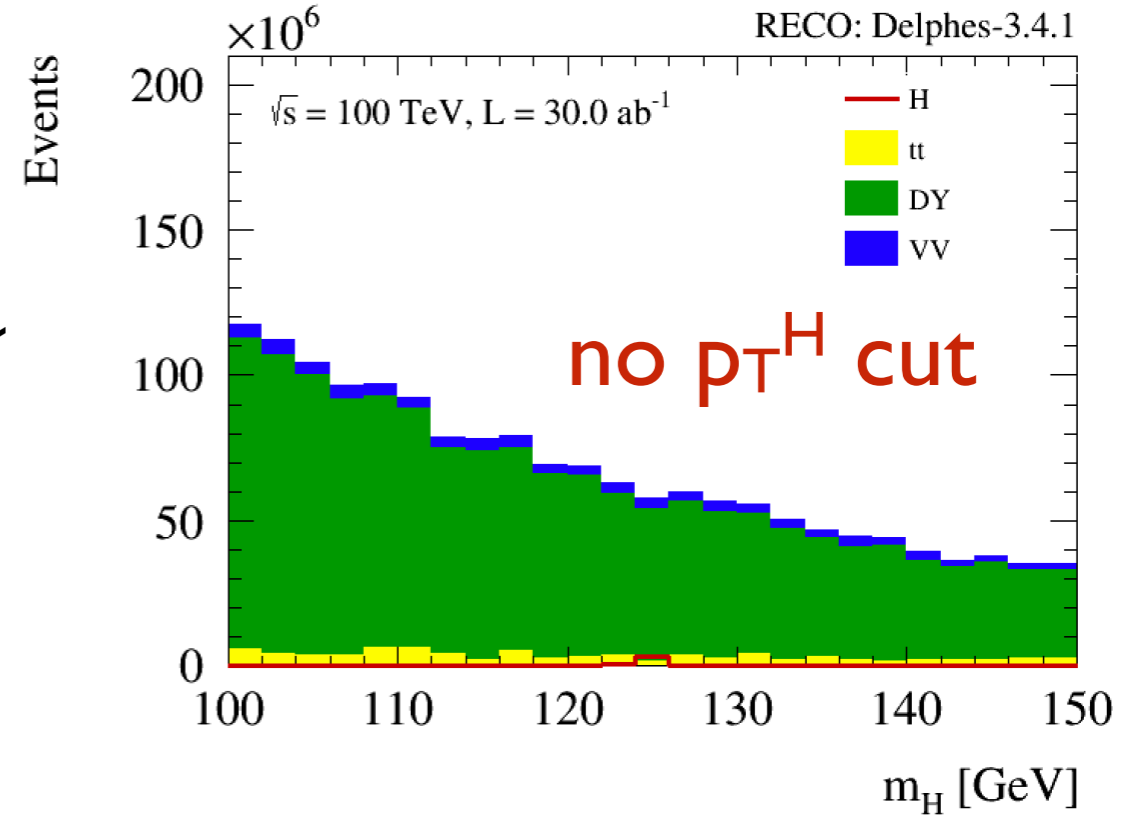
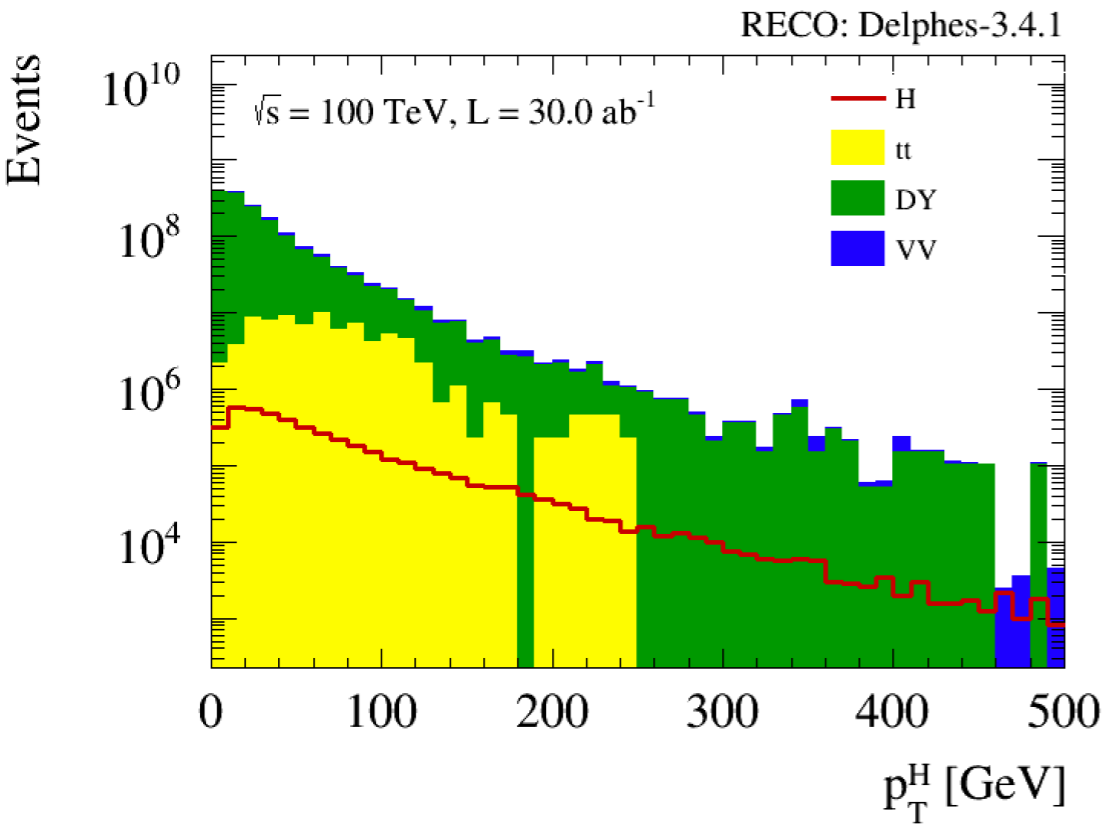
H \rightarrow $\mu\mu$ - Selection

- Very small $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \mu\mu) \sim 2.18\text{e-}04$,
→ out of reach for HL-LHC
- irreducible: DY
- reducible. : $t\bar{t}$, $(H \rightarrow)ZZ \rightarrow 2\mu 2\nu$

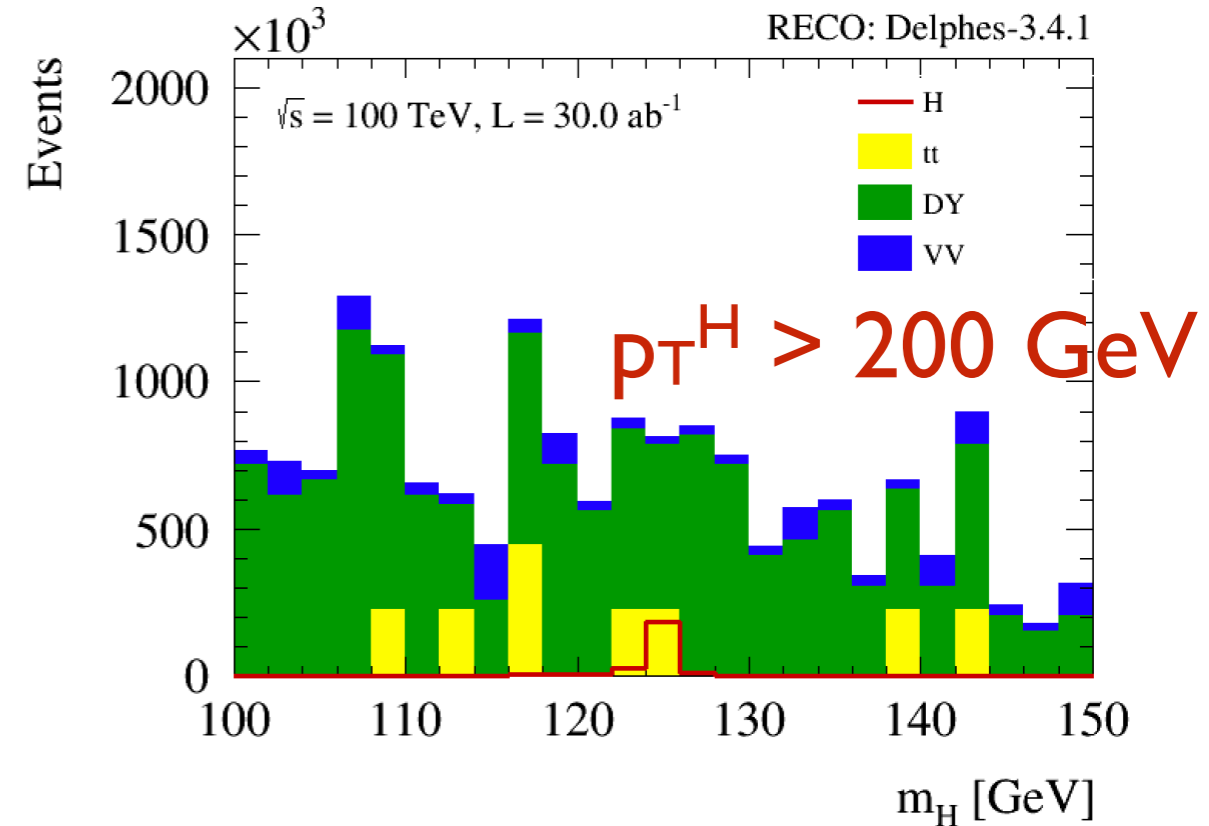
Simple cut and count strategy:

- $p_T(\mu) > 20 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta(\mu)| < 4.0$
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} < 50 \text{ GeV}$ (against $t\bar{t}$)
- $|m_{\mu\mu} - m_H| < 2.5 \text{ GeV}$
- exploit the fact that $p_{T,\mu\mu}$ is harder for signal

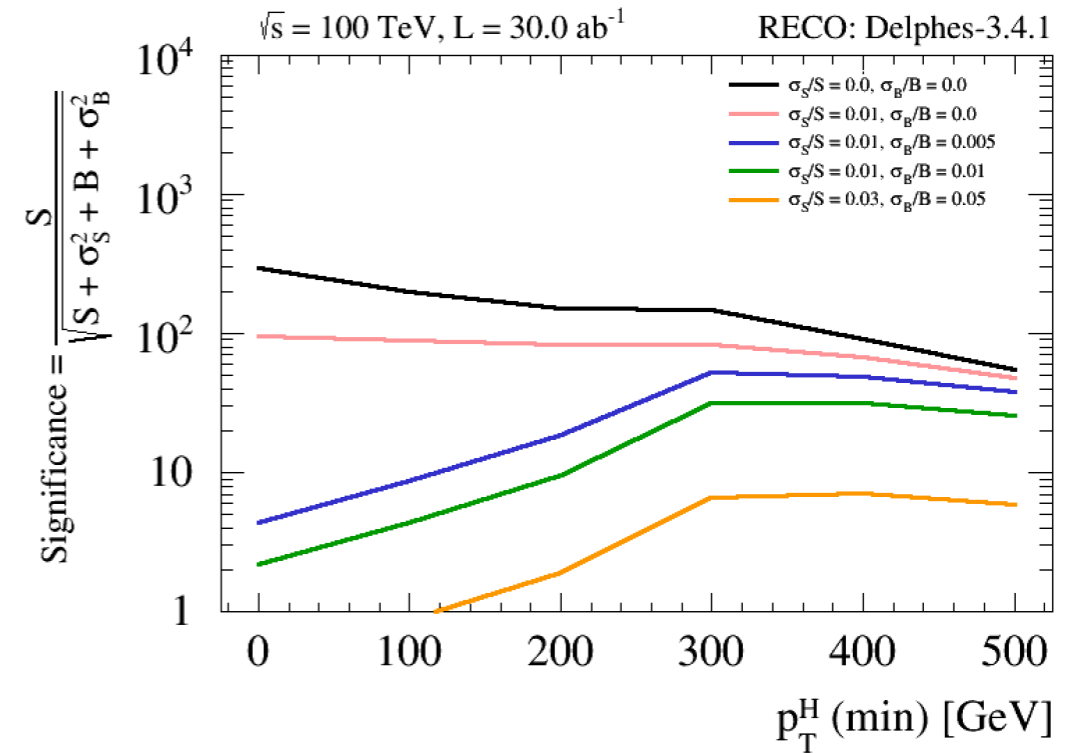
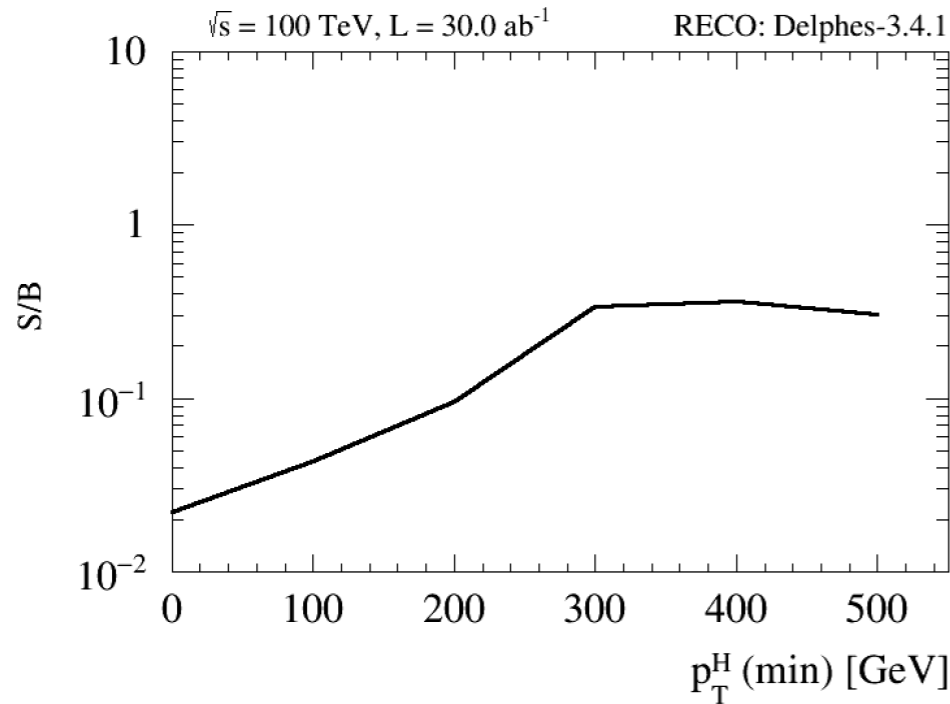
H \rightarrow $\mu\mu$ - Plots



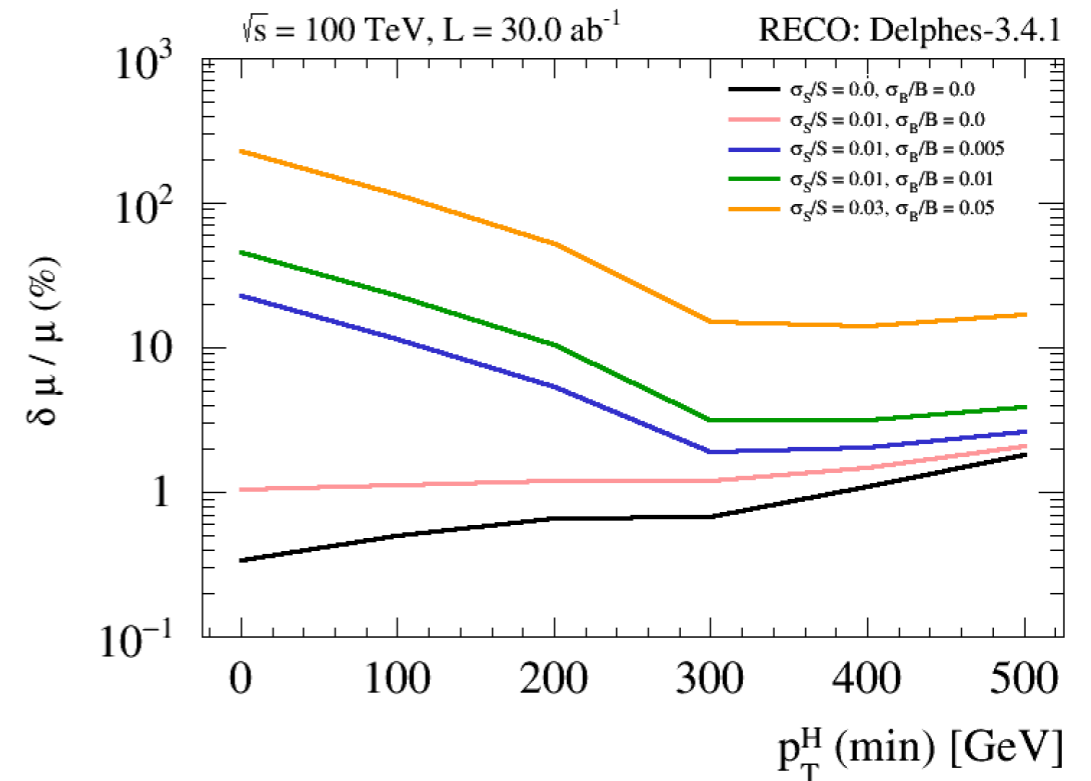
- previous selection applied except window cut around Higgs mass
- can gain in background rejection at high $p_T(H)$



H → μμ - Expected sensitivity



- **O(1) % precision on signal strength can be achieved**
- more background MC stats needed to conclude at high p_T
- **this study far from being optimised:**
 - fit on $m(\mu\mu)$
 - including photon FSR to improve mass reso.
 - apply b-jet veto (tricky, suppresses ttH)?
 - ...



$$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

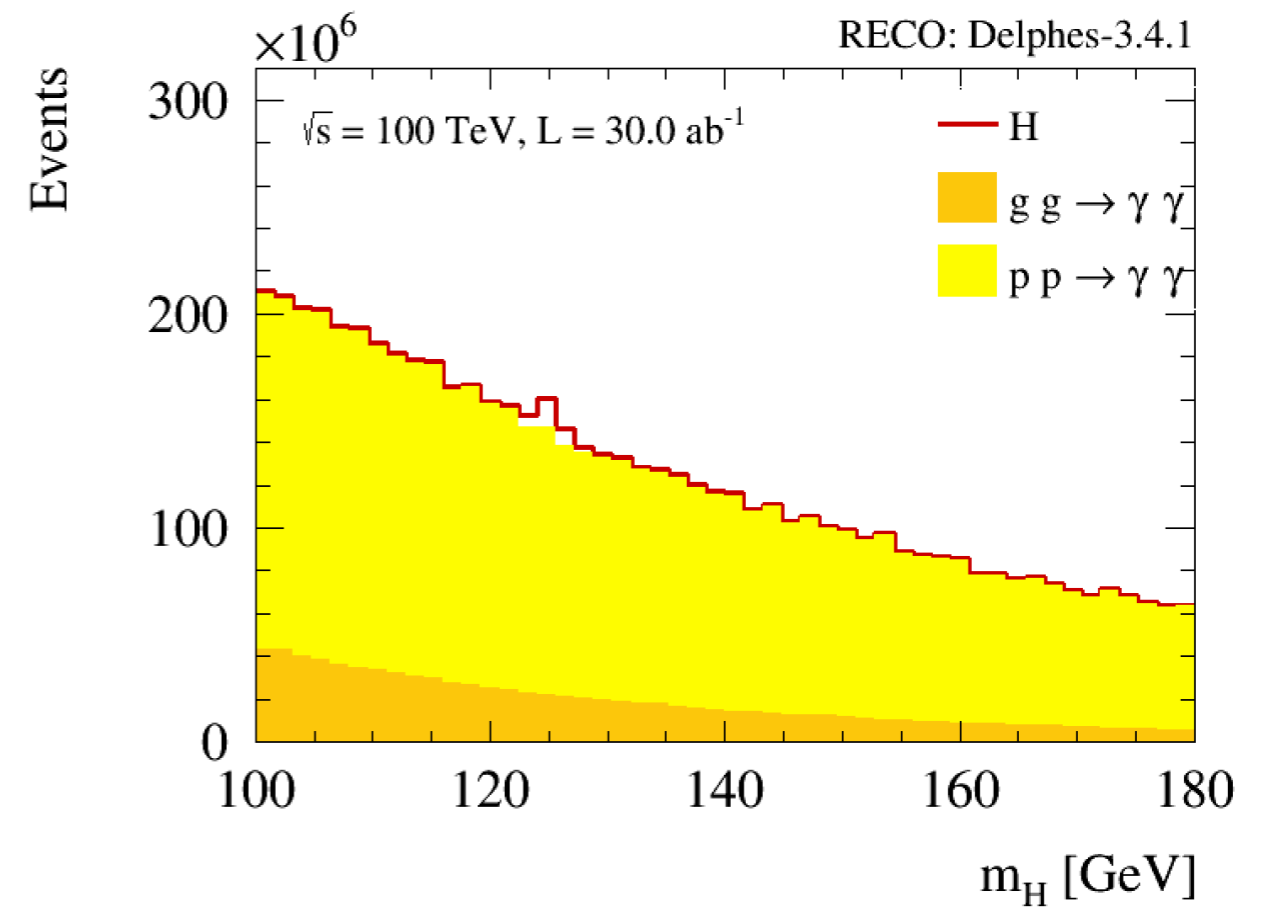
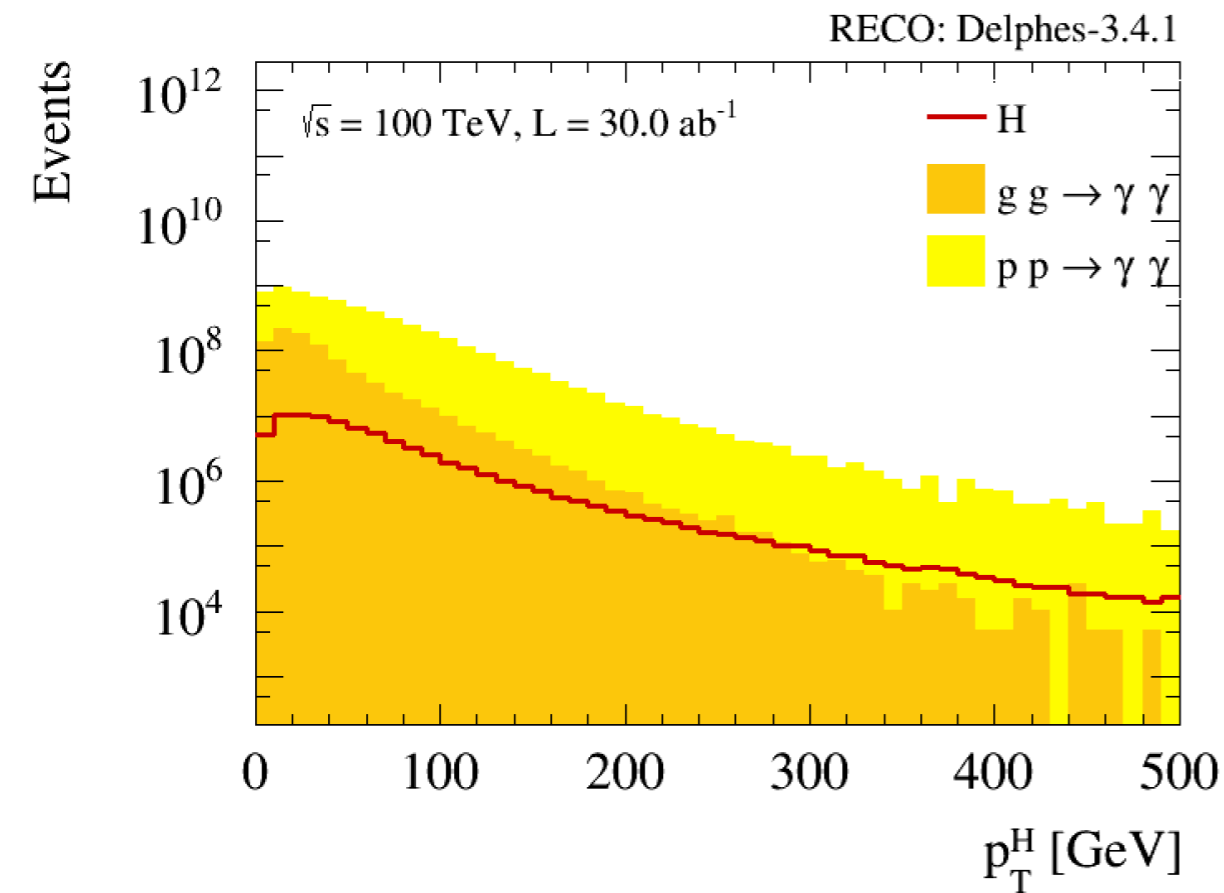
H \rightarrow $\gamma\gamma$ - Selection

- $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \sim 2.27\text{e-}03$,
- irreducible: QCD $\gamma\gamma$ production
- reducible. : γ + jets (ignored for now)

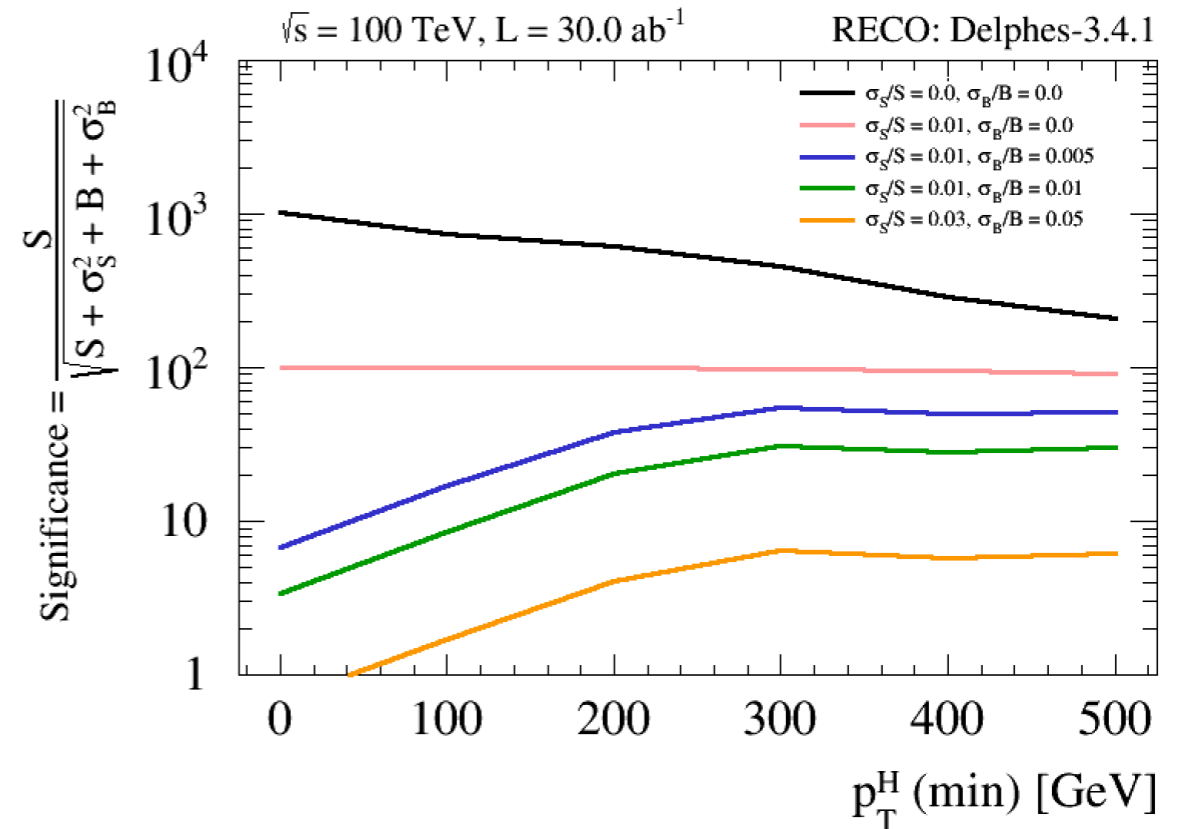
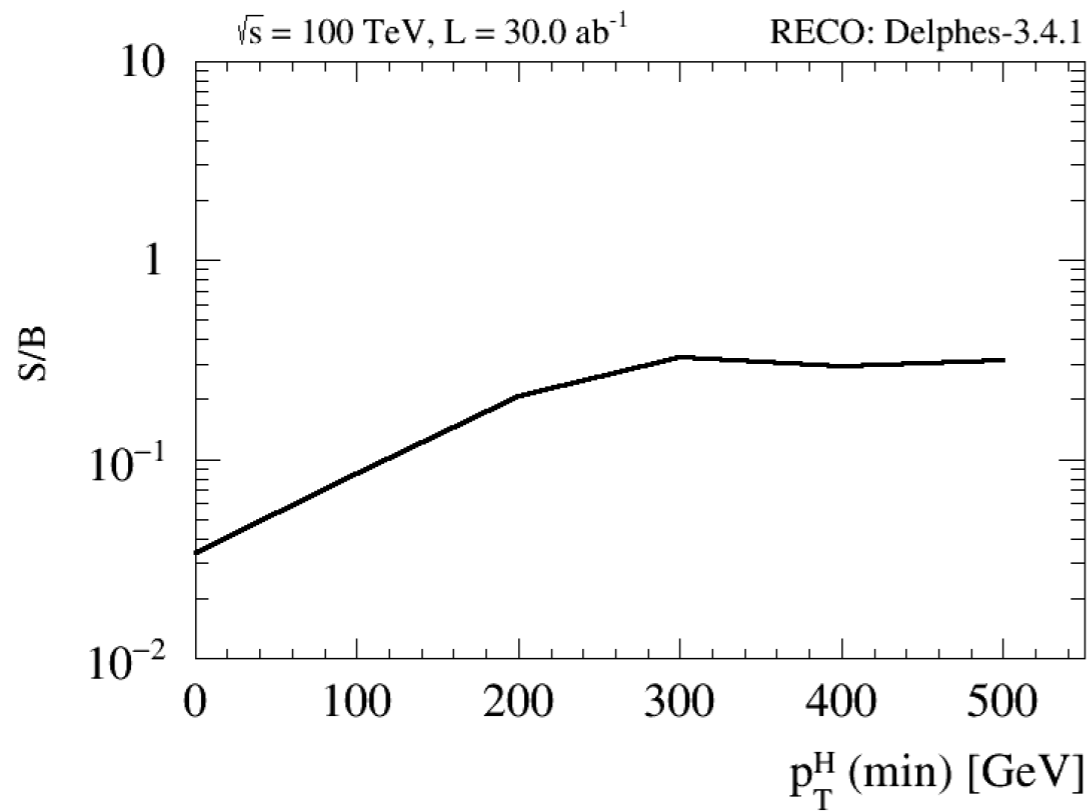
Simple cut and count strategy:

- $p_{\text{T}}(\gamma) > 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta(\gamma)| < 4.0$
- $|m_{\gamma\gamma} - m_{\text{H}}| < 5.0 \text{ GeV}$
- exploit the fact that $p_{\text{T},\gamma\gamma}$ is harder for signal

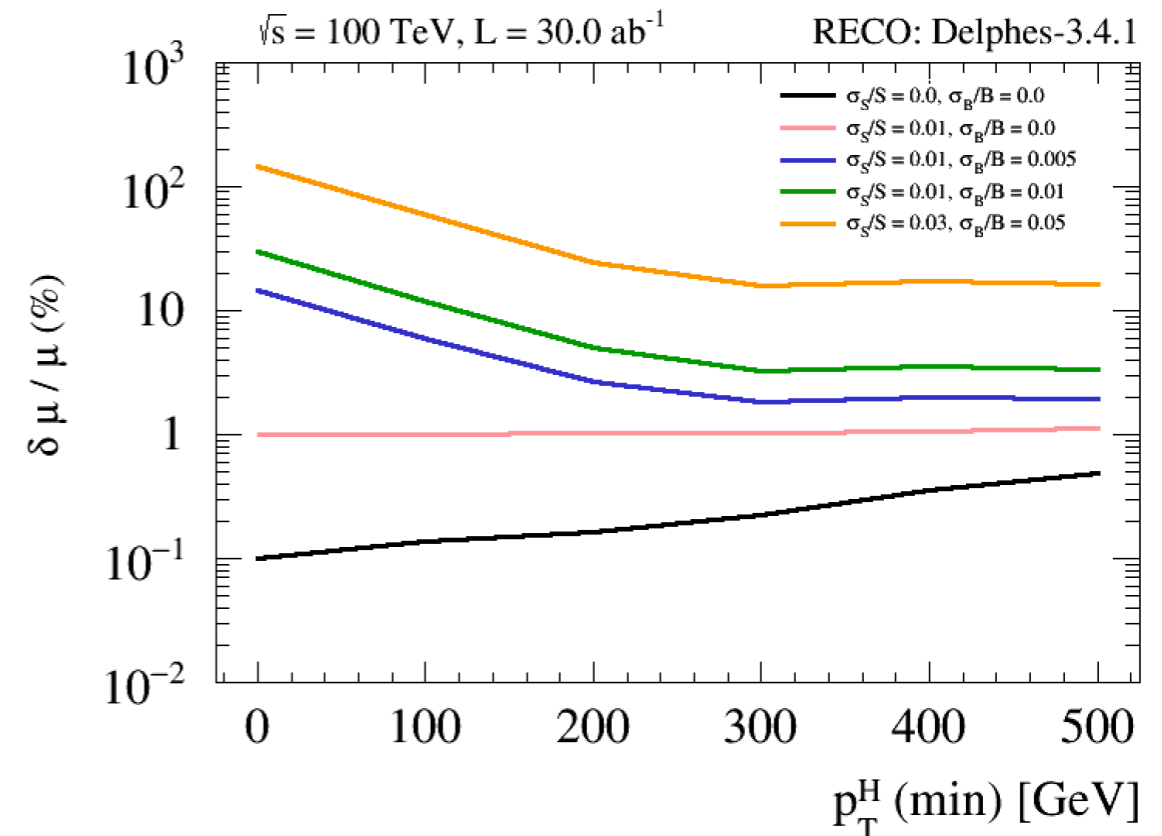
H \rightarrow $\gamma\gamma$ - Plots



H \rightarrow $\gamma\gamma$ - Expected sensitivity



- **O(1) % precision on signal strength can be achieved**
- increase in sensitivity seems to reach plateau at $p_{T,H} \sim 300 \text{ GeV}$
- **Possible improvements:**
 - background K-factors
 - include photon fake rate
 - ...



$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$

H \rightarrow ZZ* \rightarrow 4l - Selection

- BR(H \rightarrow ZZ* \rightarrow 4l) \sim 1.24e-04,
- irreducible: ZZ/Z γ *
- reducible. : VVV - ttbar (not included here due MC stats)

Simple cut and count strategy:

- 40. < m_{Z1} < 120.
- 12. < m_{Z2} < 120.
- p_T(l) > 10 GeV, | $\eta(\gamma)$ | < 4.0

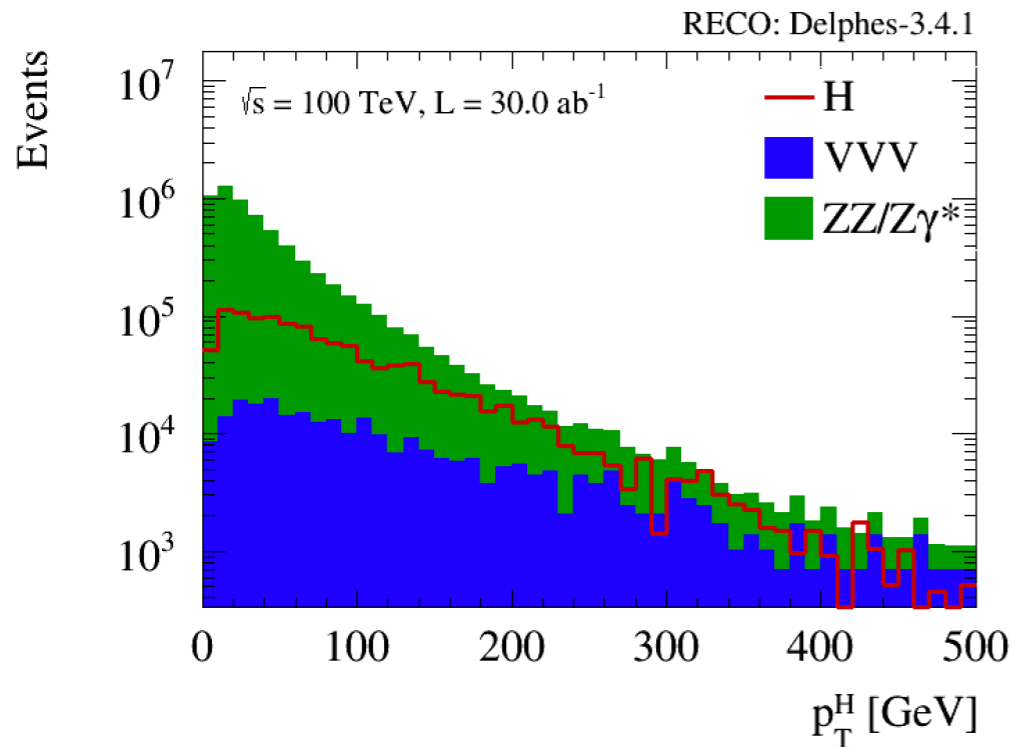
→ higher threshold compared to 13 TeV, due to larger ttbar contribution (soft leptons from semi-leptonic b decays)

→ could also apply b-jet veto

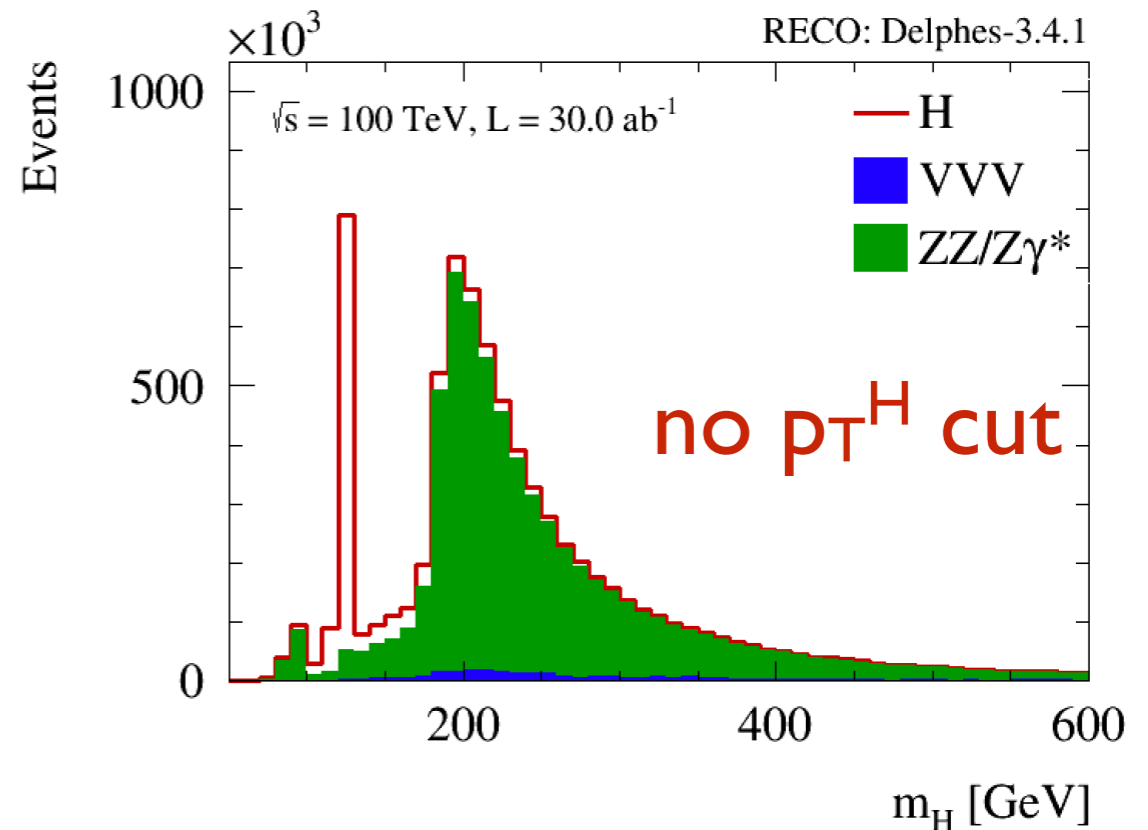
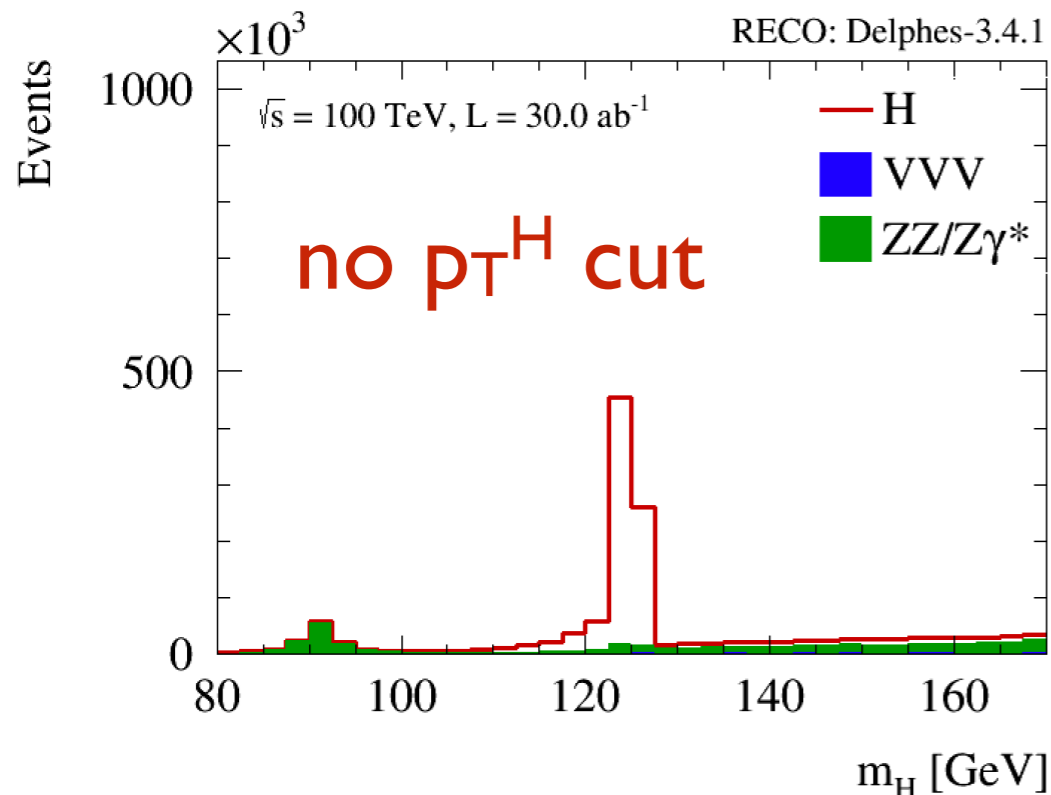
- 120 < m_{4l} < 127.5 GeV

→ asymmetric cut due to FSR tail

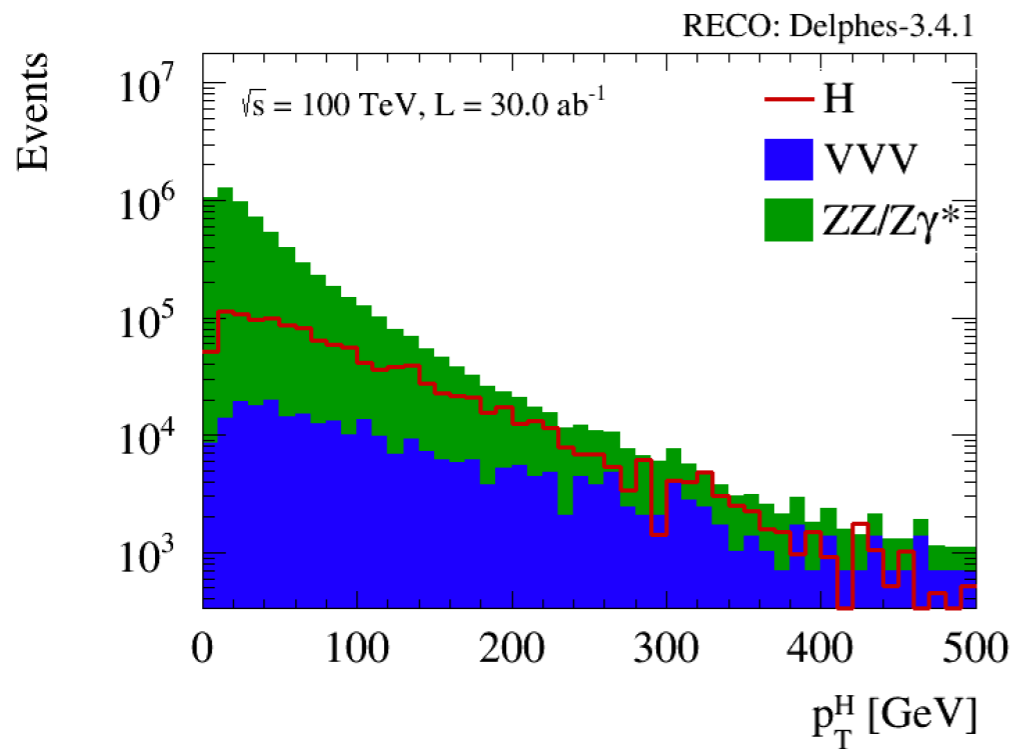
H \rightarrow ZZ* \rightarrow 4l - Plots



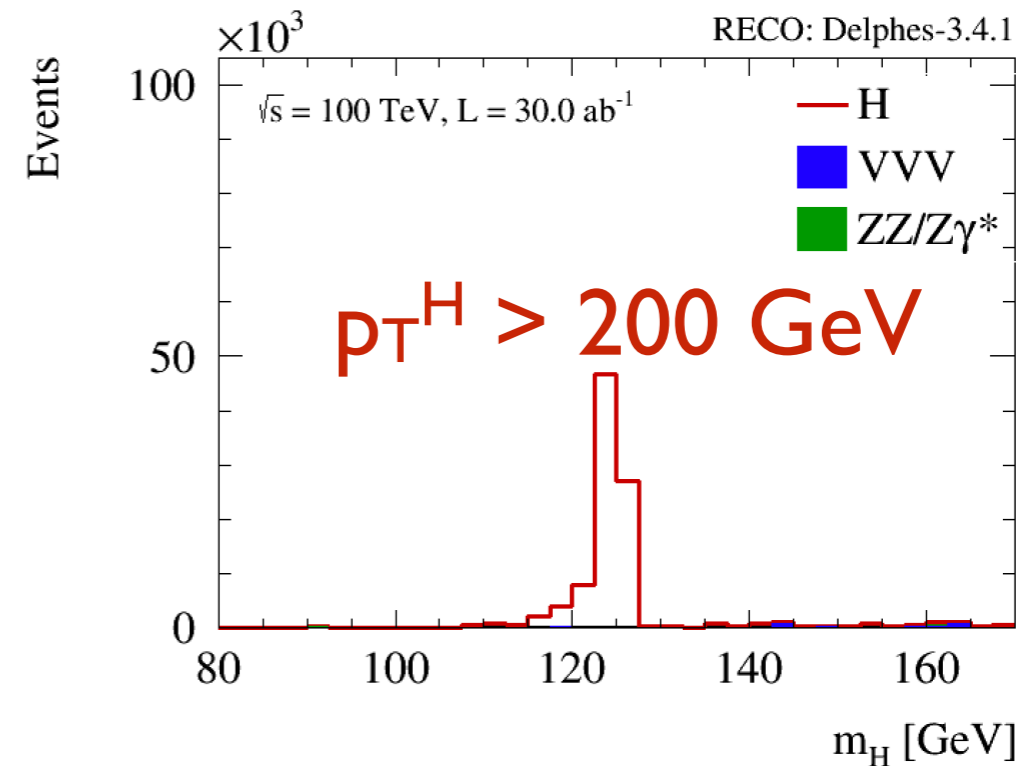
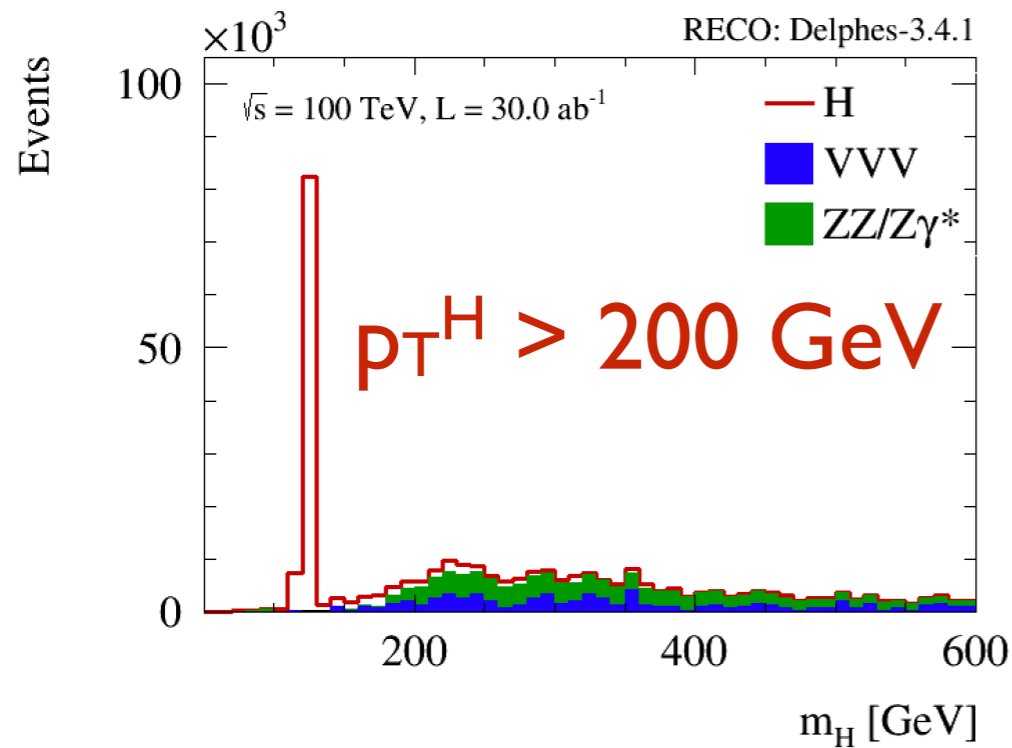
- Z/ γ^* peak highly suppressed
 \rightarrow due to cuts?
 \rightarrow or simply normalization bug



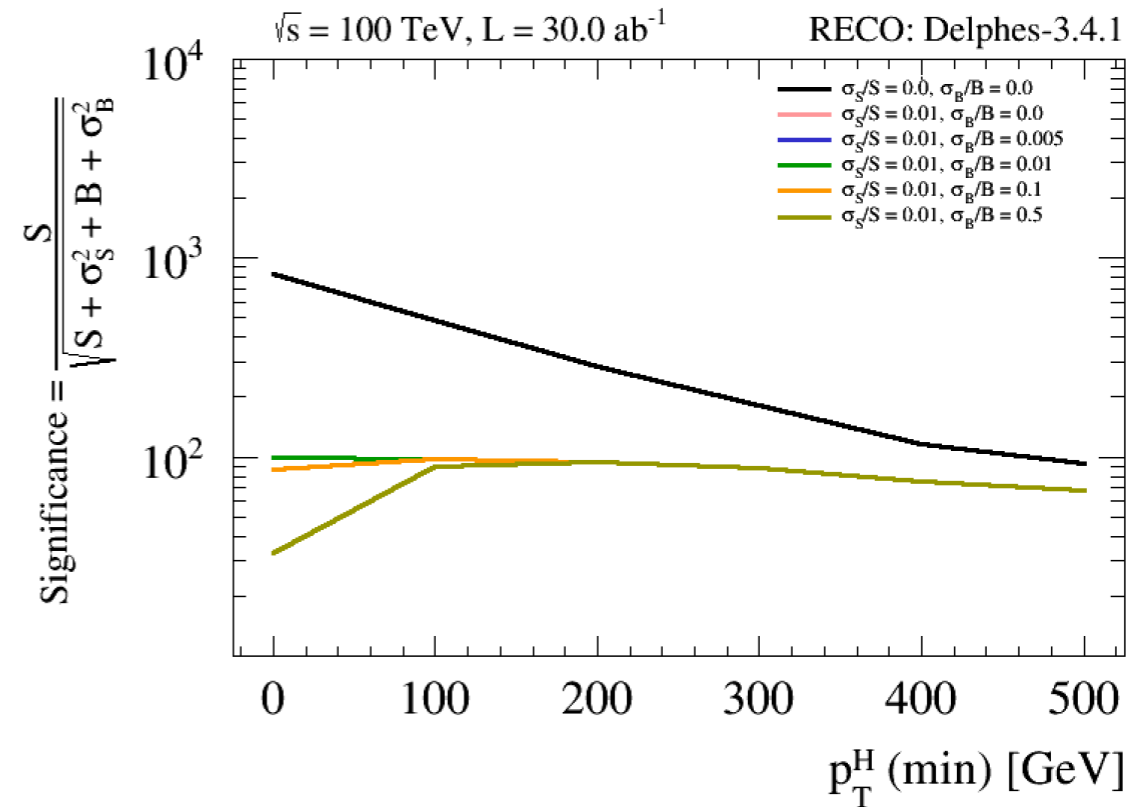
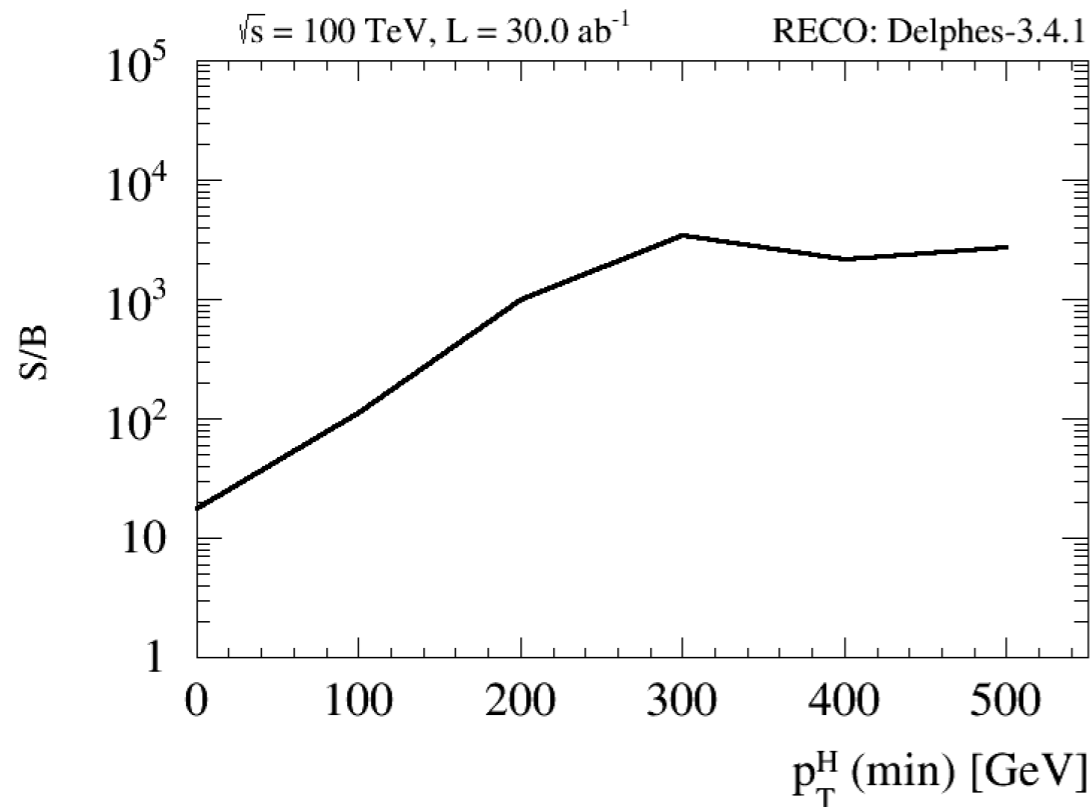
$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ - Plots



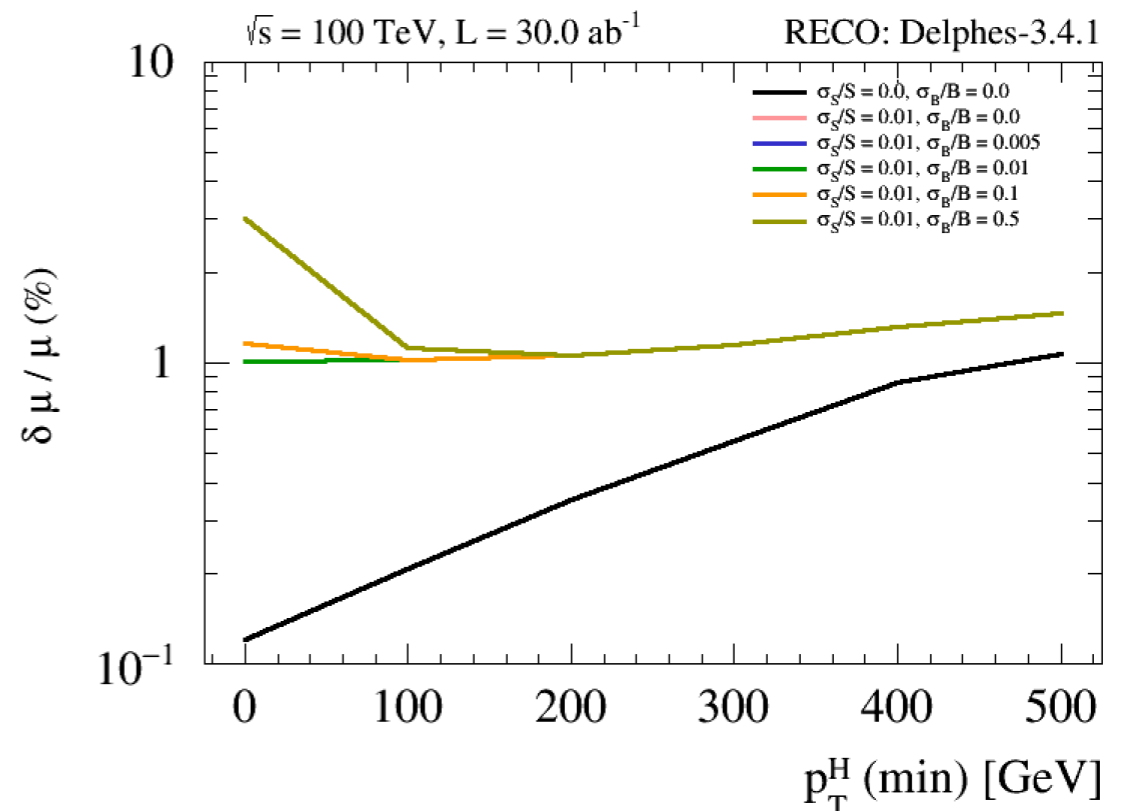
basically background free at high p_T !



H \rightarrow ZZ* \rightarrow 4l - Expected sensitivity



- **O(1) % precision on signal strength can be achieved**
- increase in sensitivity seems to reach plateau at $p_{T,H} \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$
- only limited by uncertainty on signal
- **this study far from being optimised:**
 - fit on $m(4l)$
 - including photon FSR to improve mass reso.
 - apply b-jet veto (tricky, suppresses ttH)?
 - ...



$$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow 2l2\nu$$

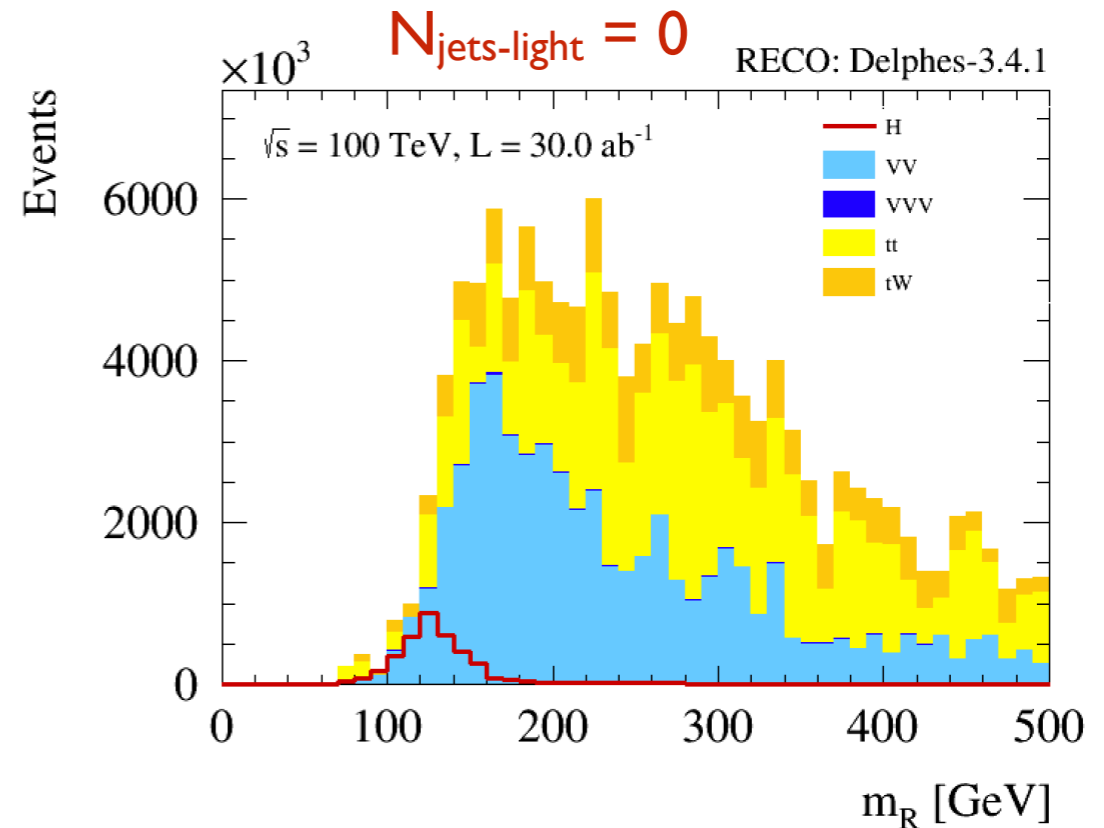
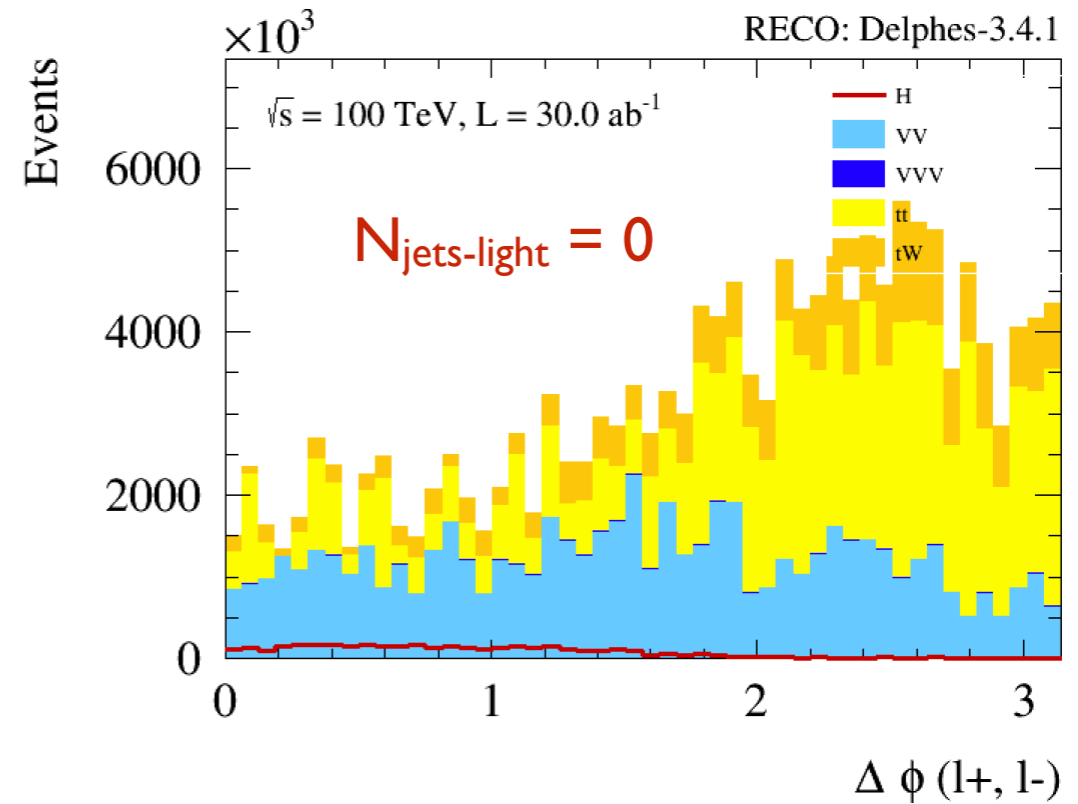
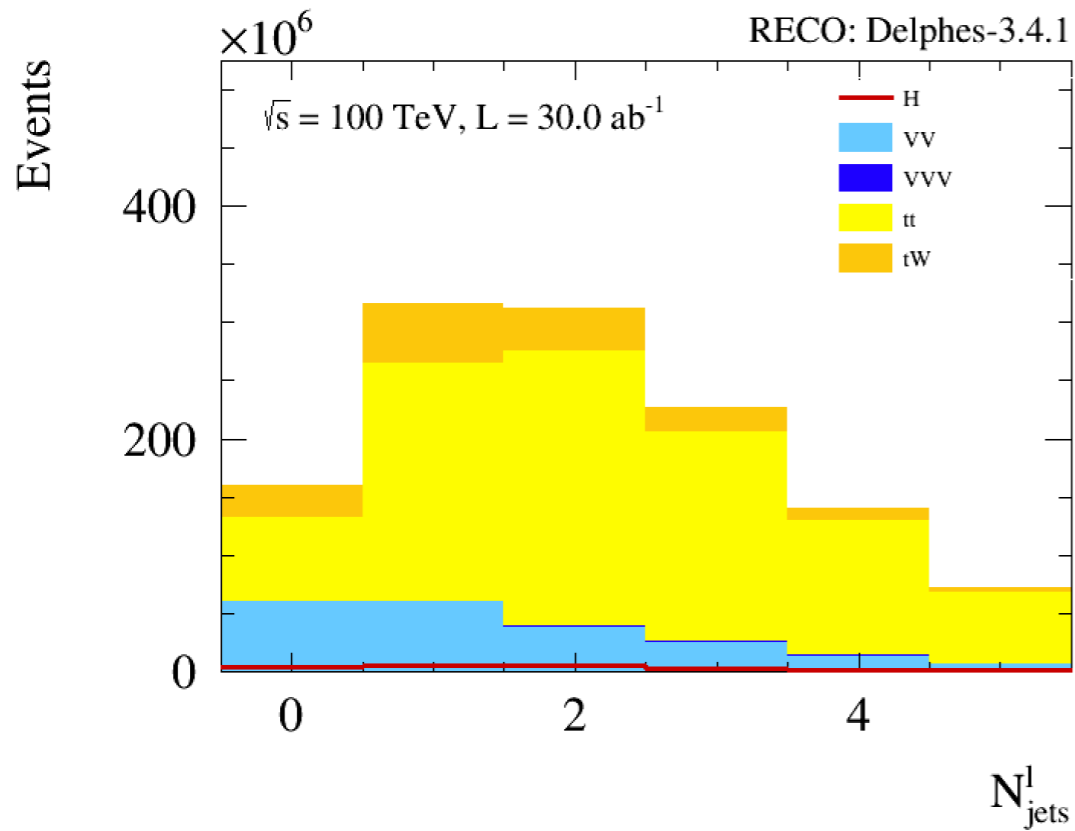
$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow 2l2\nu$ - Selection

- $BR(H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow 2l2\nu) \sim 8.52e-3$,
- **irreducible:** WW^* (only qq WW here)
- **reducible.** : $t\bar{t}, tW, VVV, DY, W+jets$ (fakes, not included here)

Simple cut and count strategy:

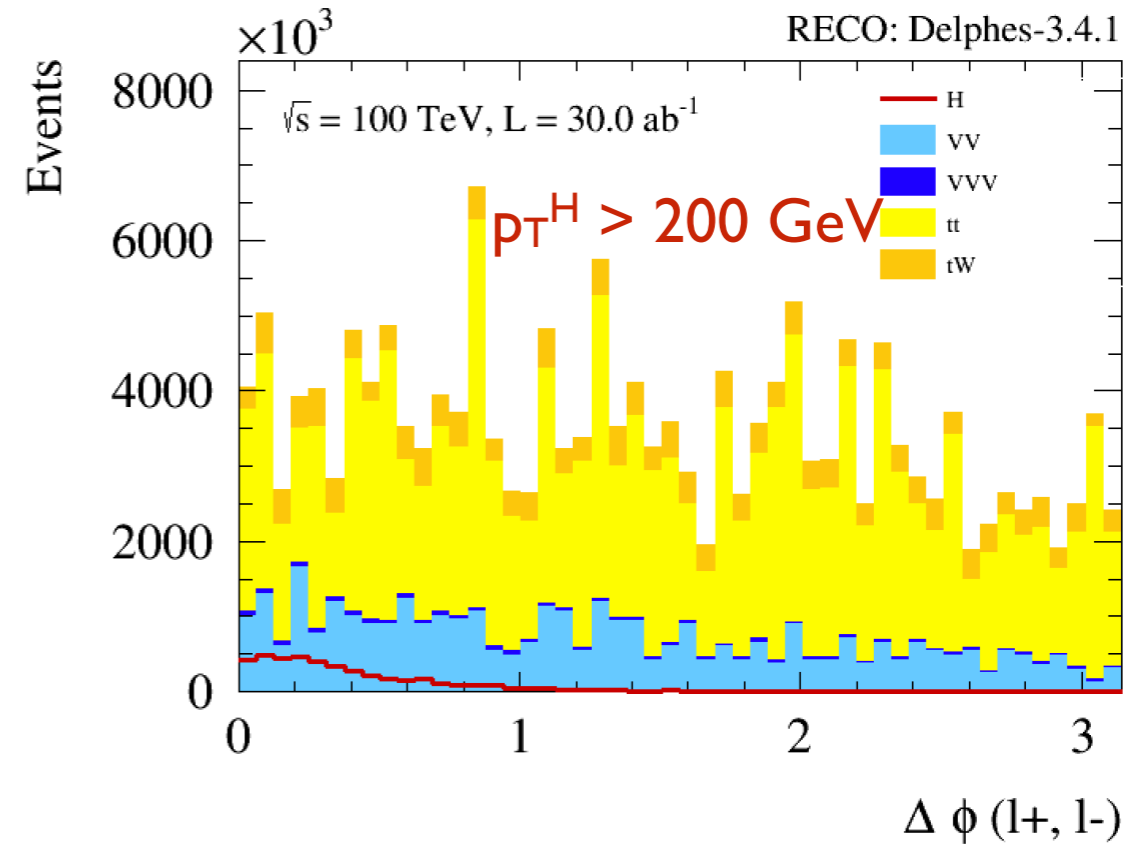
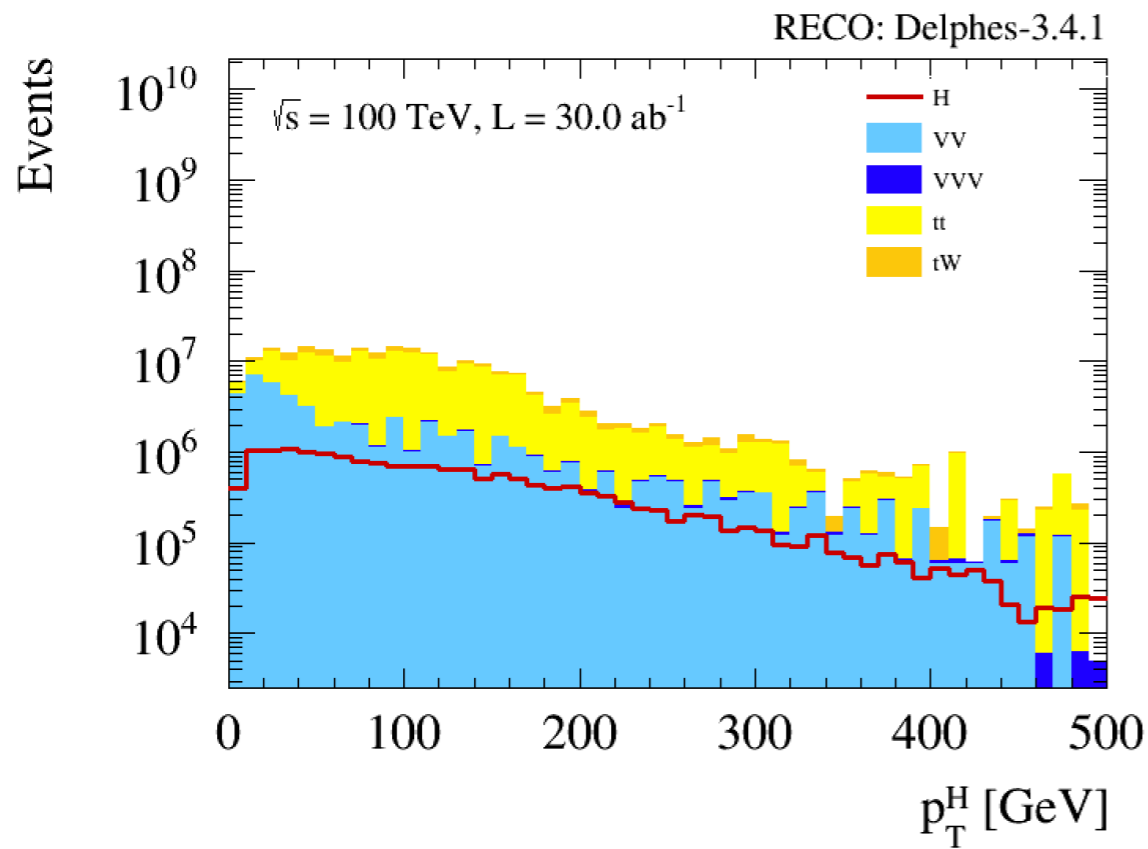
- only consider opposite flavor $e\mu$ final state (no DY)
- crucial part of this analysis is **jet veto** against $t\bar{t}$:
 - relax jet veto and take advantage of H high p_T spectrum?
 - or apply jet veto and study H at threshold?
- $p_T(l_1) > 25 \text{ GeV}, p_T(l_2) > 15 \text{ GeV}, |\eta(l_i)| < 4.0$
- $N_{bjets} = 0$
- $p_{T||} > 45$.
- $\Delta\phi_{||} < 90 \text{ deg.}$
- $50 < m_R < 200$

$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow 2l2\nu$ - Jet Veto

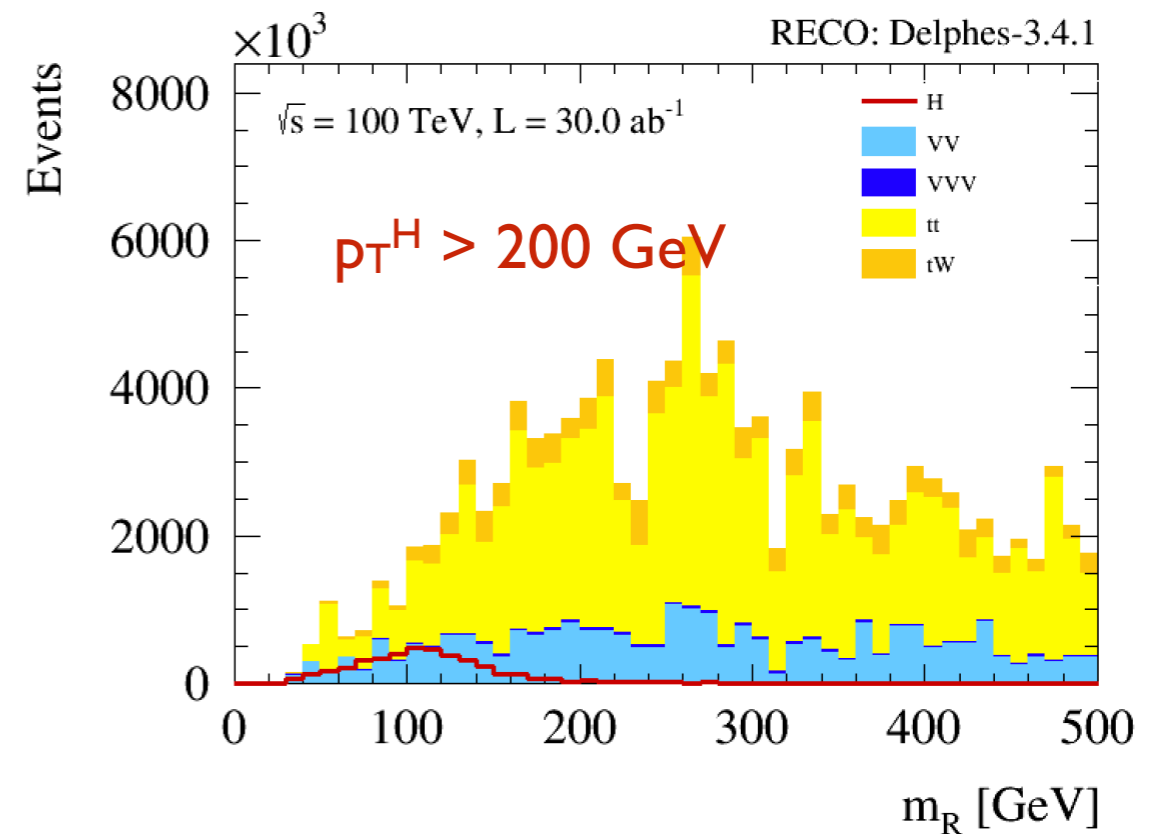


- b-jet veto applied already
- top features $N_{\text{jets-light}} > 0$

$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow 2l2\nu$ - Higgs p_T

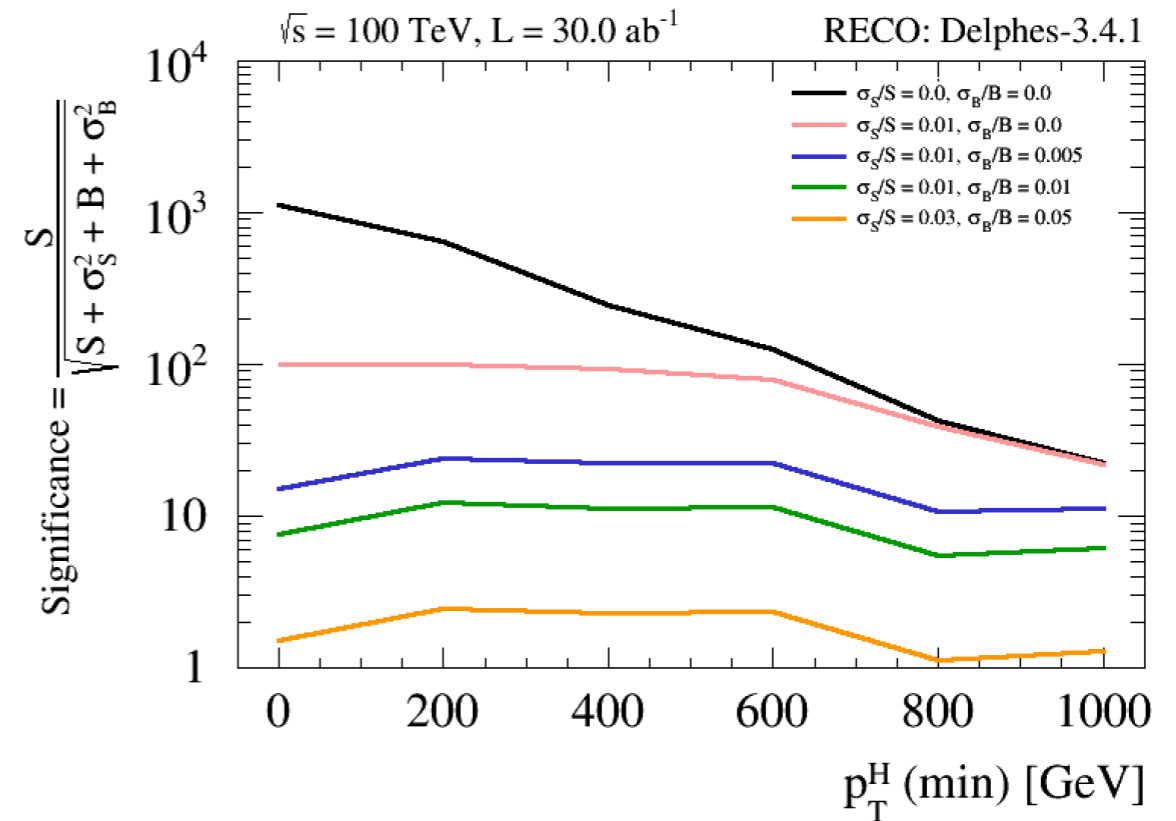
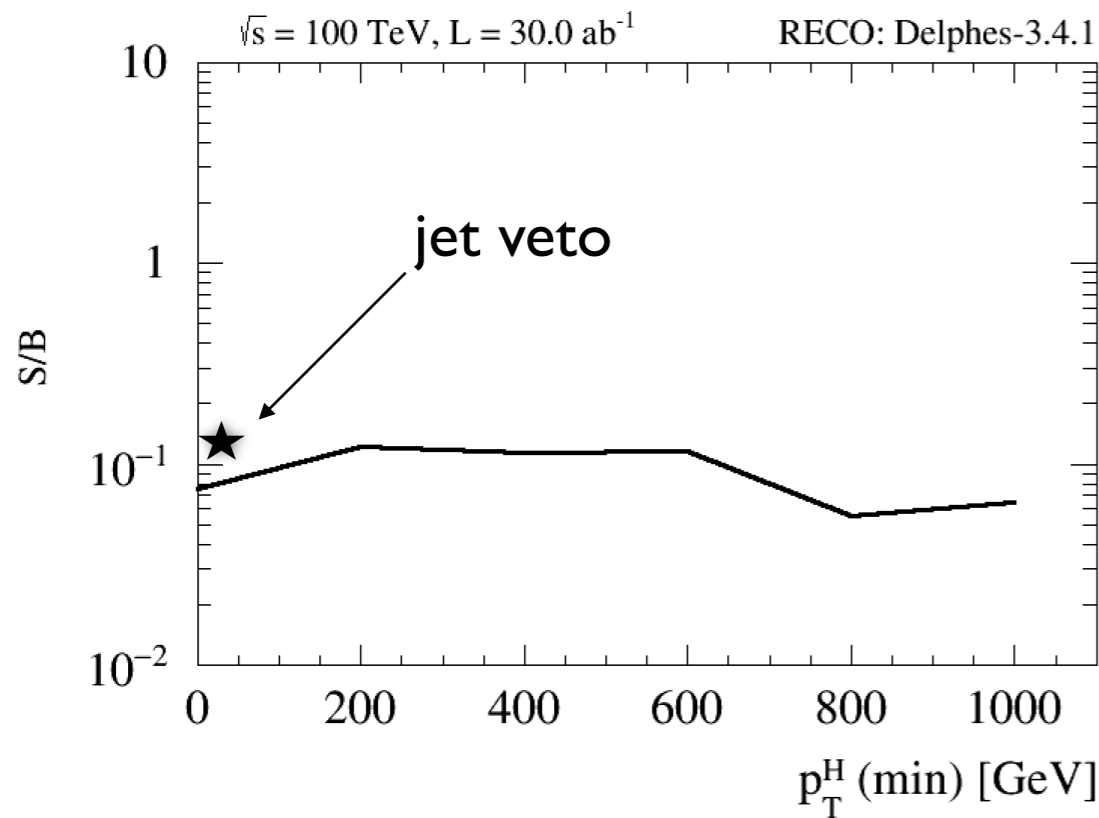


- exploit Higgs p_T
- pay price of higher top background
- trade-off between top and WW

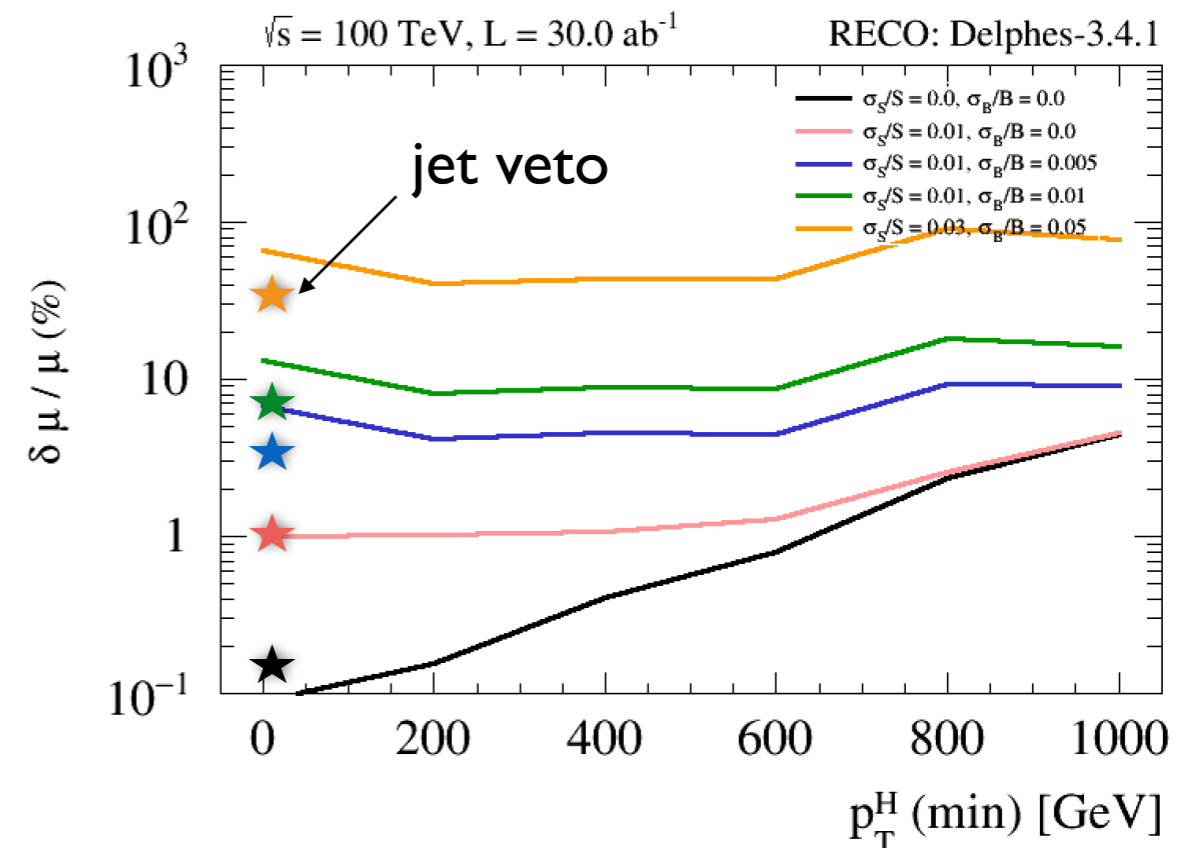


$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow 2l2\nu$

- Expected sensitivity



- **O(1) % precision on signal strength can be achieved**
- **Suprisingly (without uncertainties), jet veto does not help much**
 - because b-jet veto already applied
 - signal is very jetty
- high p_T moderately helps



Conclusions

- Started to look at few channels
- More to come: ttH , $VH(bb)$, $Z\gamma$, $\tau\tau$

Backup

Higgs p_T

