

FCNC top decay $t \rightarrow c \gamma$ @ 380 GeV

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CLICdp Collaboration Meeting



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FCNC top decay

- Standard model prediction of top quark decay into up-type quarks only via higher order loops, branching ratio $\sim 10^{-14}$
- In BSM models the branching ratio is significantly increased by either allowing tree level processes (2HDM, exotic quarks) or enhancing the loop diagrams (MSSM, R violating SUSY, 2HDM)
- Observation of FCNC processes would **indicate new physics**
- Decay channel of interest: $t \rightarrow c \gamma$
Has a clear experimental signature
- Investigate the capability of observing/excluding this process with CLIC

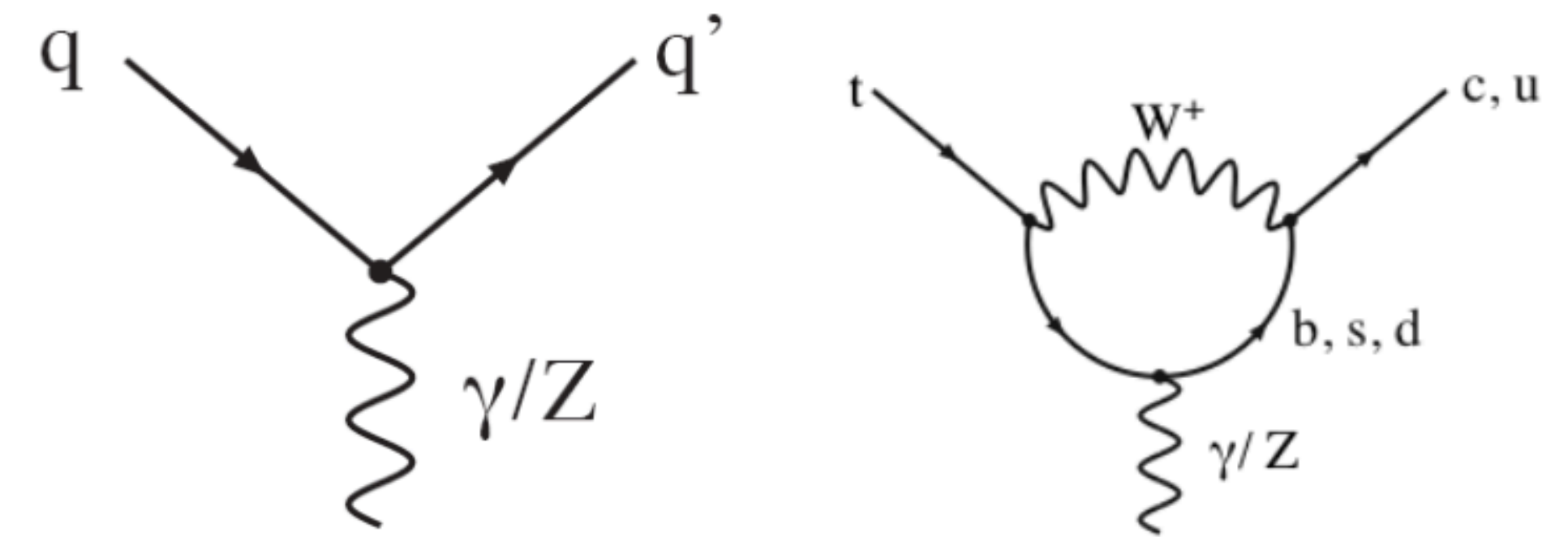


Figure 1.3: Feynman diagrams for the $t \rightarrow qZ$ FCNC decay. (a) Shows a tree level (first order) diagram which is absent in the standard model. (b) Shows an example of a higher order loop diagram, a.k.a. penguin diagram, which is allowed.

Mode	SM	MSSM	R SUSY	Exotic quarks	2HDM
$t \rightarrow c \gamma$	$4.6 \cdot 10^{-14}$	$2 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$1 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$7.5 \cdot 10^{-9}$	$\sim 10^{-6}$

Limits from LHC

- Most recent result from CMS in proton-proton at 8 TeV (single top production in association with a photon)
 - JHEP 04 (2016) 035, arXiv:1511.03951
- Limit on the branching ratio **$B(t \rightarrow c\gamma) < 1.7 \cdot 10^{-3}$** , currently most stringent limit
- Expected limits for CMS @ HL-LHC $B(t \rightarrow c\gamma) < 3.4 \cdot 10^{-4} \sim 2.0 \cdot 10^{-4}$ for 3 ab^{-1} at 14 TeV
 - CMS-DP-2016-064
- Aim: find the expected limit on $B(t \rightarrow c\gamma)$ at lepton colliders

Analysis setup

- Top pair production @ 380 GeV
Signal generated in Whizard 2.2.8 in 2HDM(III) model, $B(t \rightarrow c\gamma) = 0.1\%$
Reconstruction in CLIC_ILD detector model
- Fully hadronic decay channel: One top decays into **c γ** , the other to **W b** (standard decay)
- Event signature:
 - a high energy photon (50 - 140 GeV)
 - a high energy c-jet (50 - 140 GeV)
 - a b-jet
 - two more light jets from W decay

Analysis setup

- Using ILCSoft v01-17-09
- Event reconstruction in PandoraPFA (LooseSelectedPandoraPFANewPFOs)
- Select high energy photon with $E > 50$ GeV (reject events without)
- Search for isolated leptons
- Vertexing, jet reconstruction and flavour tagging with LCFI+ using the Valencia jet clustering algorithm
- Kinematic reconstruction of top pairs
- Signal and background χ^2
- Multivariate analysis (TMVA) to select signal and background

$$\chi_{signal}^2 = \frac{(m_{top1} - 172.5)^2}{(10.0)^2} + \frac{(m_{top2} - 172.5)^2}{(7.0)^2} + \frac{(m_W - 80.4)^2}{(6.0)^2}$$

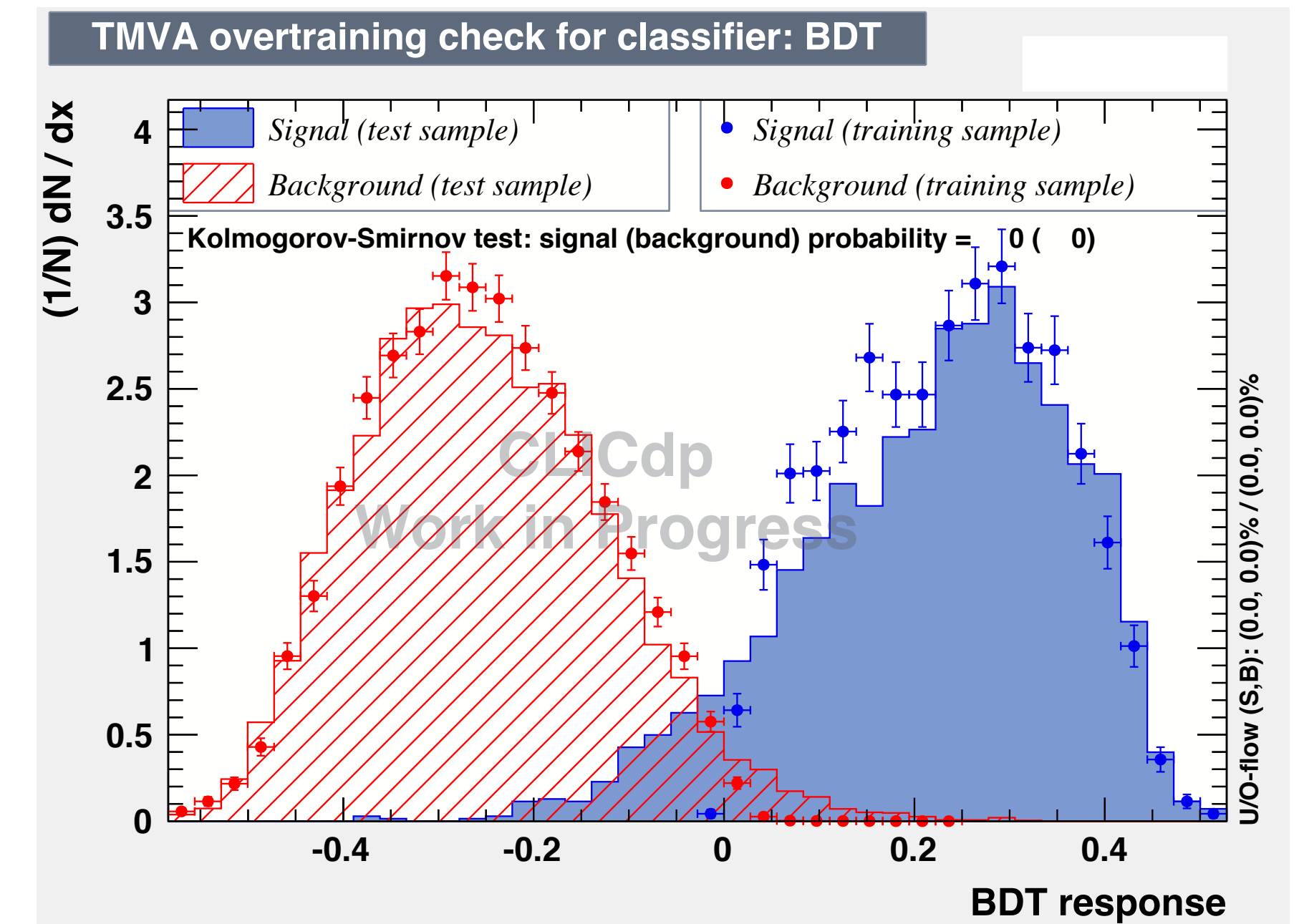
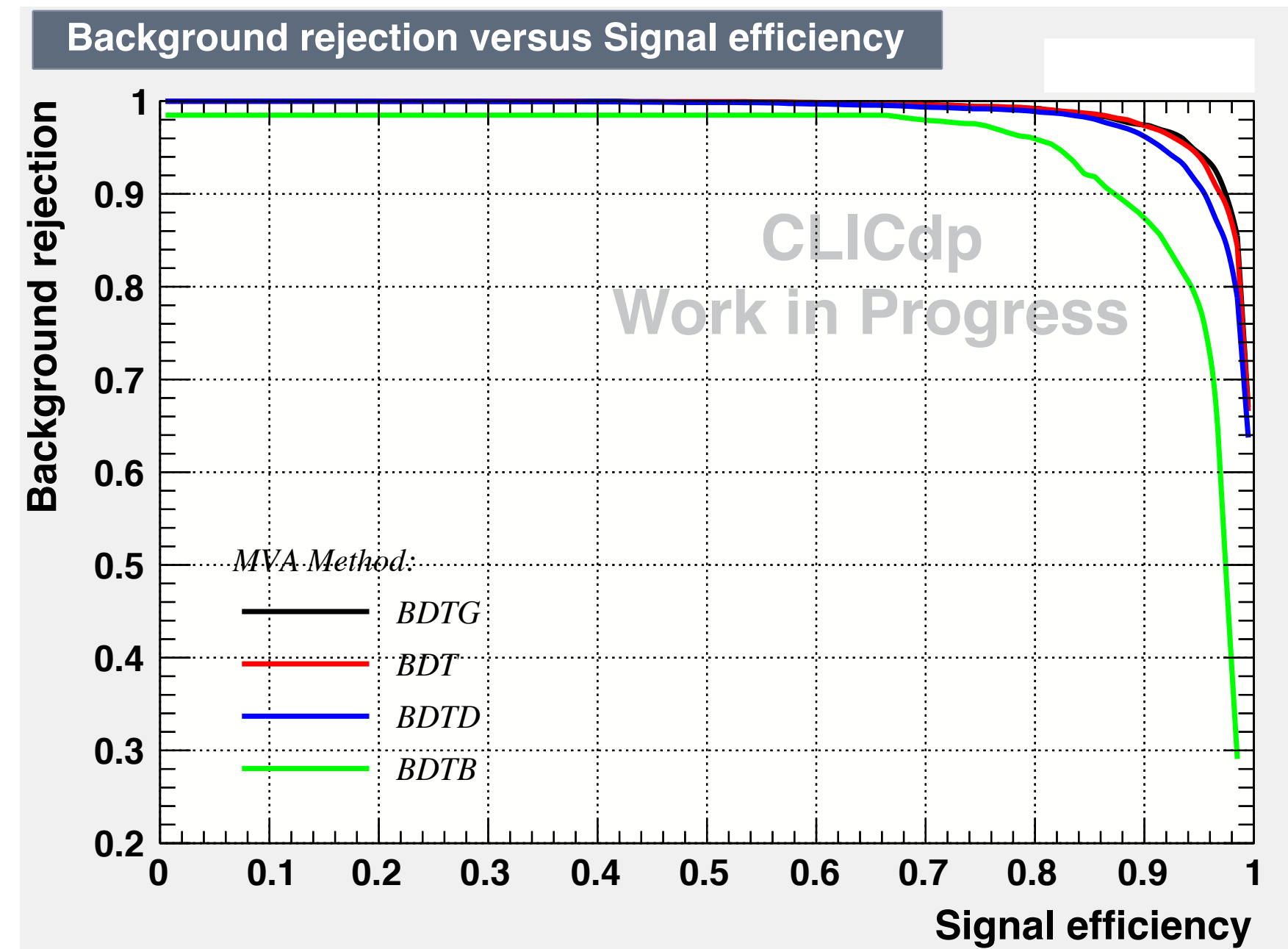
$$\chi_{background}^2 = \frac{(m_{top1} - 172.5)^2}{(11.0)^2} + \frac{(m_{top2} - 172.5)^2}{(13.0)^2} + \frac{(m_W - 80.4)^2}{(6.0)^2} + \frac{(m_W - 80.4)^2}{(6.0)^2}$$

Test samples

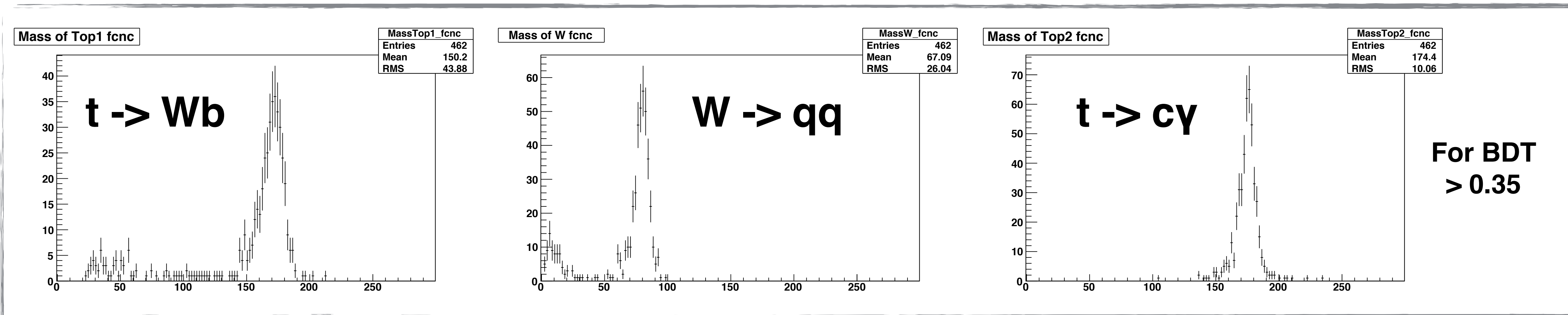
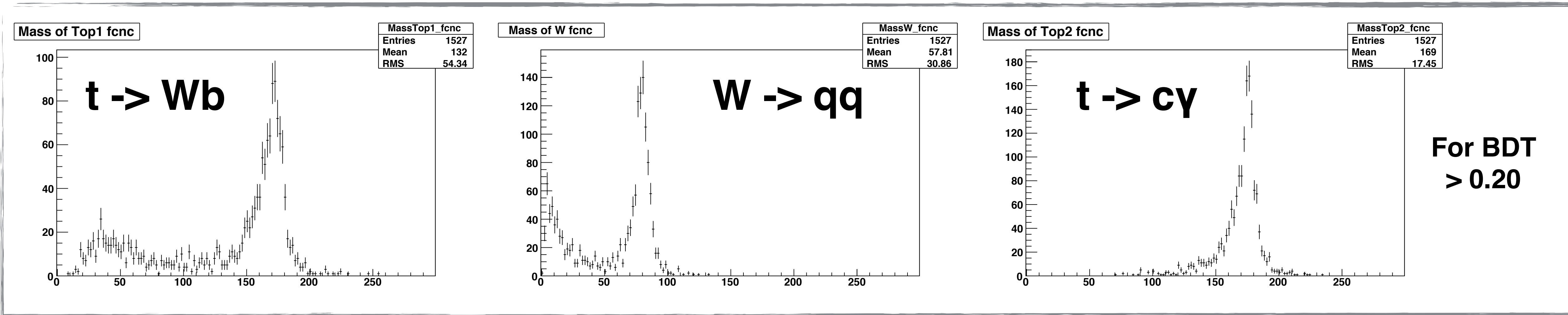
- 5489 signal events
- 296500 ttbar background events from standard MC production
(Signal sample (6-fermion production compatible with ttbar) at 380 GeV assuming unpolarised beams)
- Preselect events with a high energy photon, $E > 50$ GeV
 - keeps 92% of signal and 5% of background

TMVA

- TMVA to select signal and background: Boosted Decision Tree (BDT)
- Only for events with a photon with $E > 50$ GeV
-> low statistics: 2526 signal and 7765 background events
- 42 input variables (photon properties, jet properties, flavour tagging, invariant mass etc.)
-> overtraining?



Invariant mass



Signal and background fractions

- Background at maximally 10^{-3}
- BDT cut needs to be optimised
- Limits: 95% CL on $B(t \rightarrow c\gamma)$ @ 500 fb^{-1}
 $\text{BDT} > 0.2 : 1.9 \cdot 10^{-4}$
 $\text{BDT} > 0.35 : 4.4 \cdot 10^{-5}$

CLICdp Work in Progress	Signal	Background
high energy photon	0.92	0.052
BDT > 0.0	0.918	0.04495
BDT > 0.05	0.868	0.02241
BDT > 0.1	0.796	0.00966
BDT > 0.15	0.703	0.00489
BDT > 0.2	0.599	0.0018
BDT > 0.25	0.468	0.0009
BDT > 0.3	0.320	0.00026
BDT > 0.35	0.183	0.0
Total	0.84 - 0.17	0.0023 - 0.0

Next steps

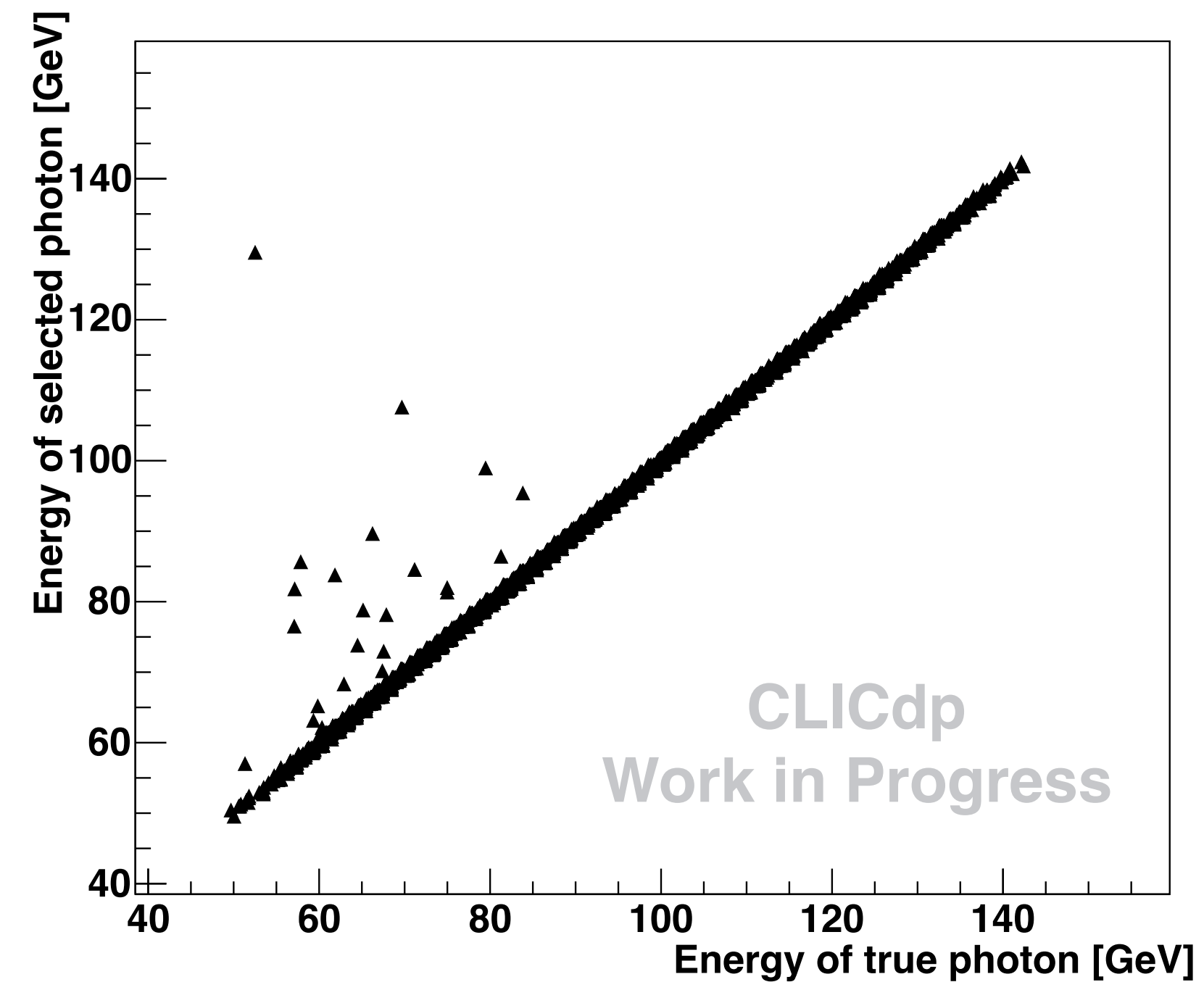
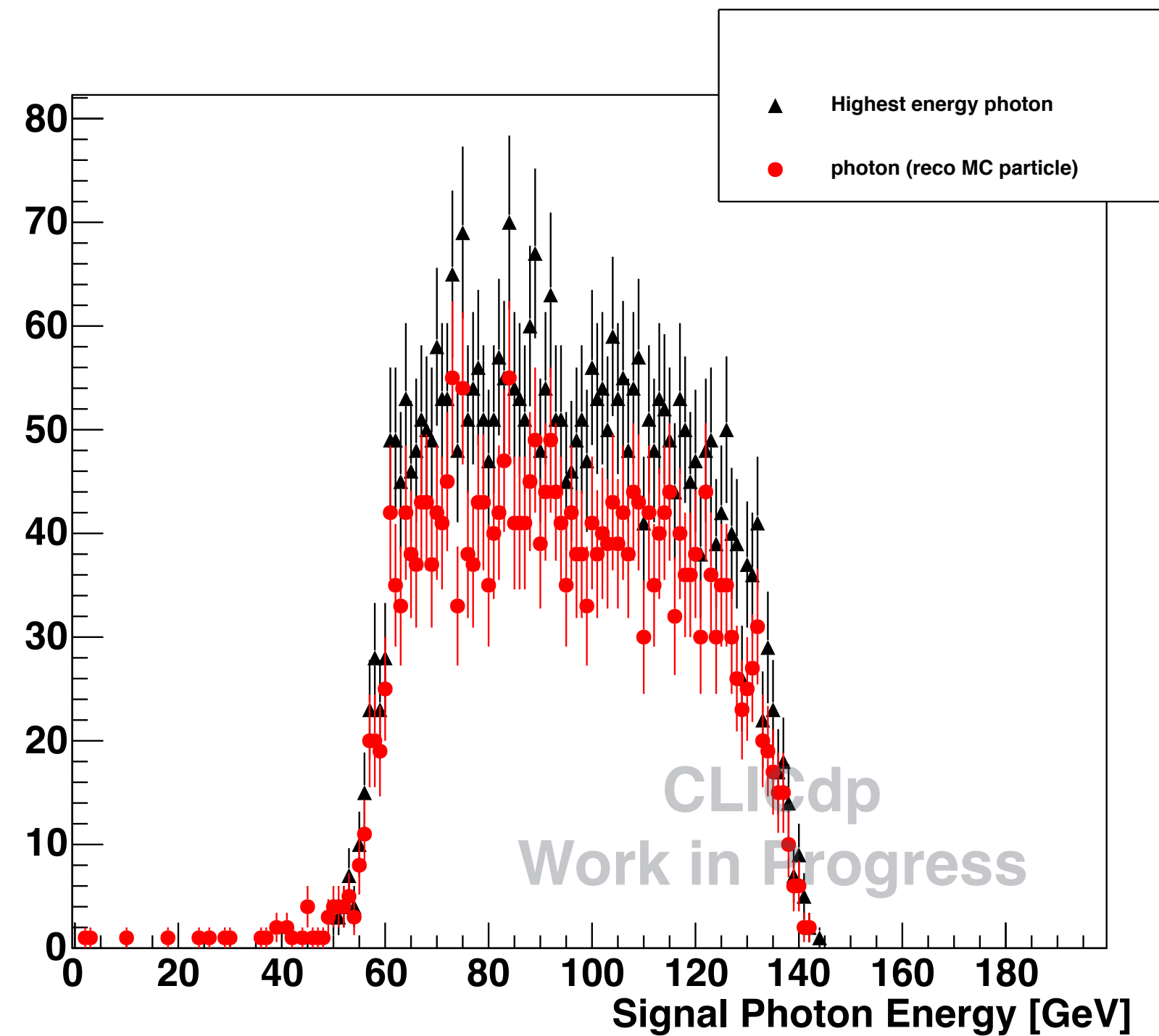
- Current results hint at a good sensitivity to this channel at 380 GeV
- Limits of the order of 10^{-4} are feasible
- To do
 - Include $e^+e^- \rightarrow qqqq$ sample at 380 GeV (needs to be generated)
 - Further improve background rejection / signal selection
 - Optimise TMVA approach
 - Apply same analysis to 500 GeV for ILC limits

CLICdp
Work in Progress

Thank you for your
attention

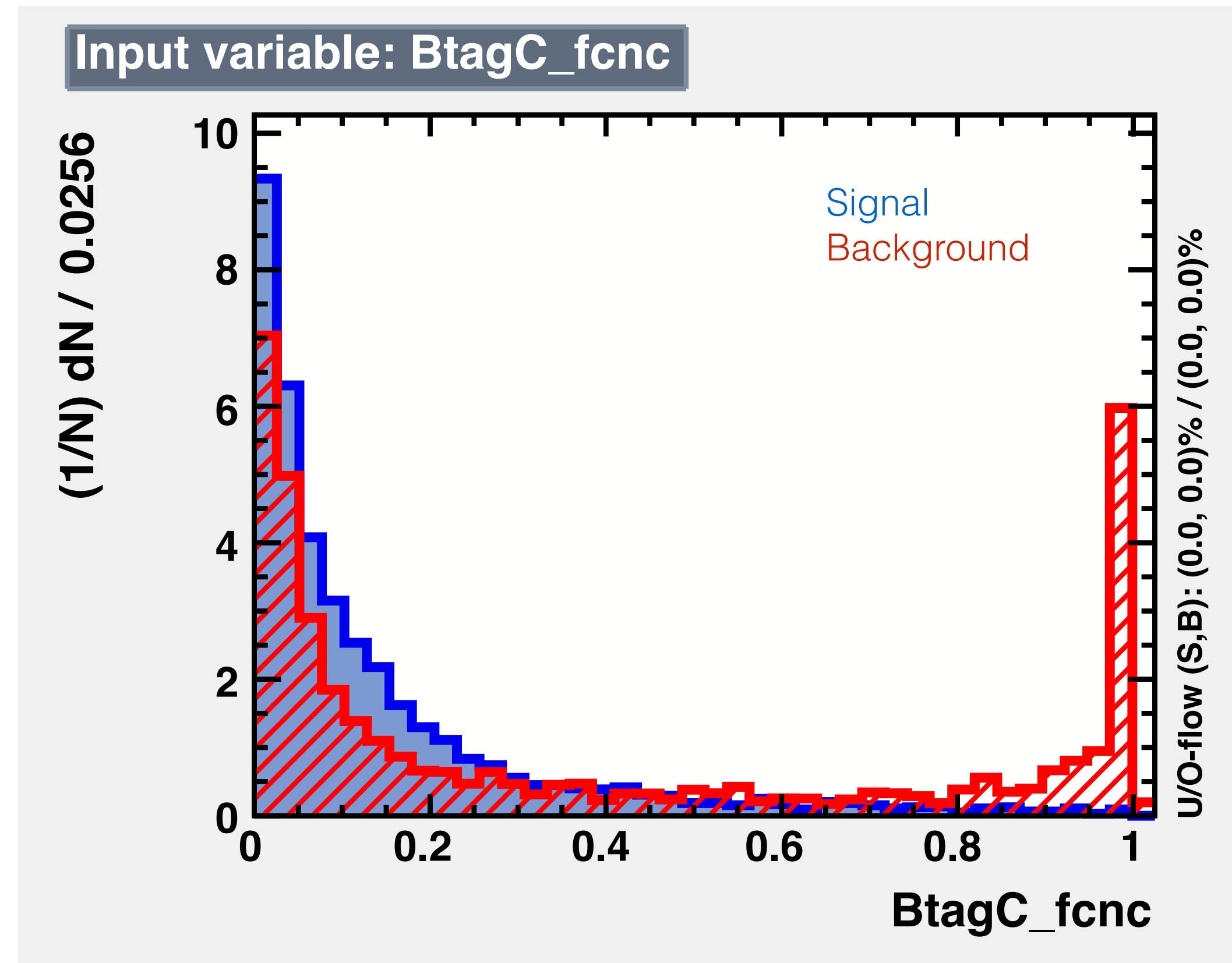


Identifying high energy photon



- The photon from the FCNC decay can be identified with high efficiency

B tag of selected C jet



Cut based signal and background fractions

CLICdp Work in Progress	signal	back- ground	semi- leptonic	leptonic	qqqq
Accepted fraction	0.3050	0.0027	0.0002	0	0.0014
signal	0.2510	0.0004	0.000045	0	0.0003
background	0.0539	0.0023	0.00015	0	0.0011

- Signal efficiency 25%
- Leptonic and semi-leptonic background events $\sim 10^{-5}$
- Hadronic background events $\sim 10^{-4}$
- Based on these efficiencies limits on $B(t \rightarrow c\gamma)$ of the order of 10^{-4} are feasible