







Hard and EM probes at STAR

→ Open heavy flavor

- How do charm quarks interact with and lose energy in QGP? How about bottom?
- How do charm quarks in QGP hadronize?
- Does total charm cross-section in HI collisions scale with N_{binary}?

Quarkonium production

 Are more weakly bound quarkonium states more suppressed in HI collisions? Cold nuclear matter effects? Uderstand better charmonium production in p+p collisions.

→ Jet and di-hadron correlation measurements at RHIC energy

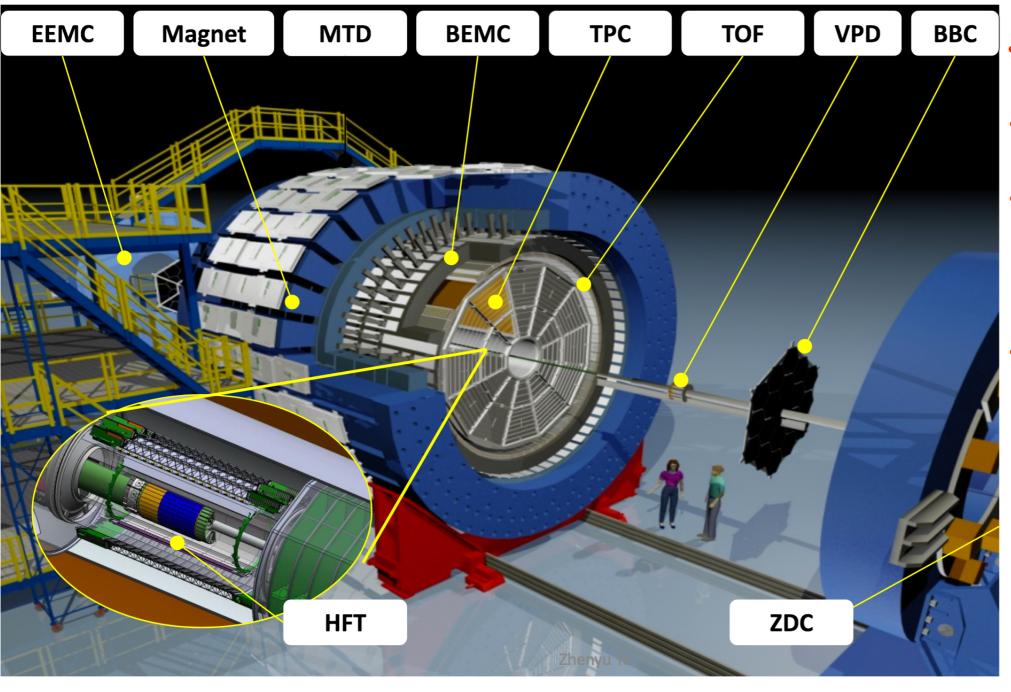
- Features of jet modification in QGP: dependences on jet angular scale, jet radius, constituent p_T, event geometry etc
- Suppression of γ_{dir} triggered jet

→ Di-lepton production

- Low p_T di-electron excess in peripheral collisions
- Di-muon spectra with improved muon identification



The STAR detector



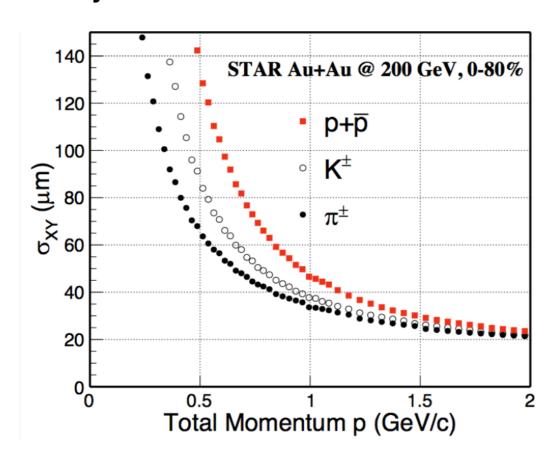
- HFT: 2014 2016 lηl < 1.0
- MTD: 2014 lηl < 0.5, 45% in φ
- EMC: Barrel, $|\eta| < 1.0$ Endcap, $1 < \eta < 2$
- Tracking and PID
 TPC, IηI < 1.0</p>
 TOF, IηI < 1.0</p>
 Full azimuthal coverage

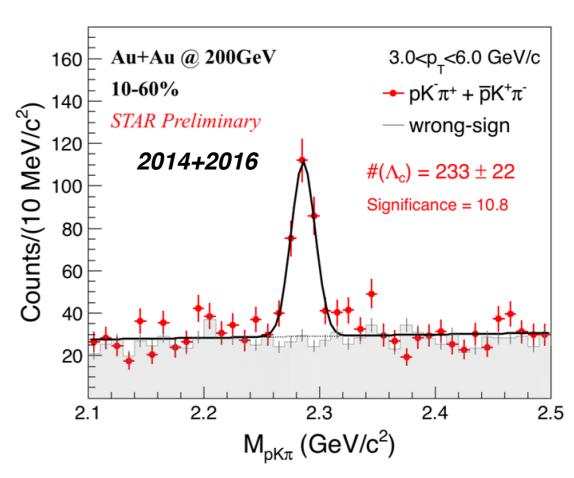
- HFT significantly improves charm and bottom hadron measurements
- MTD enables muon identification, improve quarkonium measurements



Λ_c production in heavy ion collisions

- Λ_c/D⁰ yield ratio provide insight into charm hadronization mechanism in QGP
- HFT provides excellent vertex resolution, allows topological reconstruction of heavy flavor hadrons

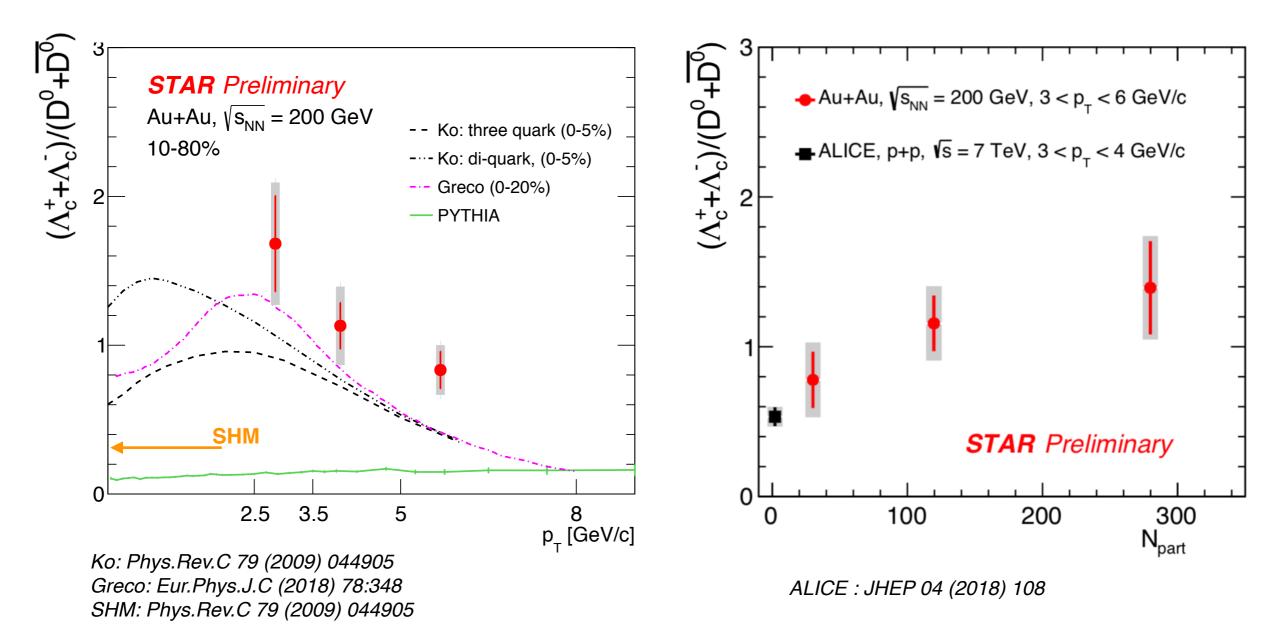




- $c\tau$ for $\Lambda_c = 60 \mu m!$
- Supervised Learning Methods (BDT) used to improve signal-background separation for ∧_c reconstruction



Λ_c production in heavy ion collisions

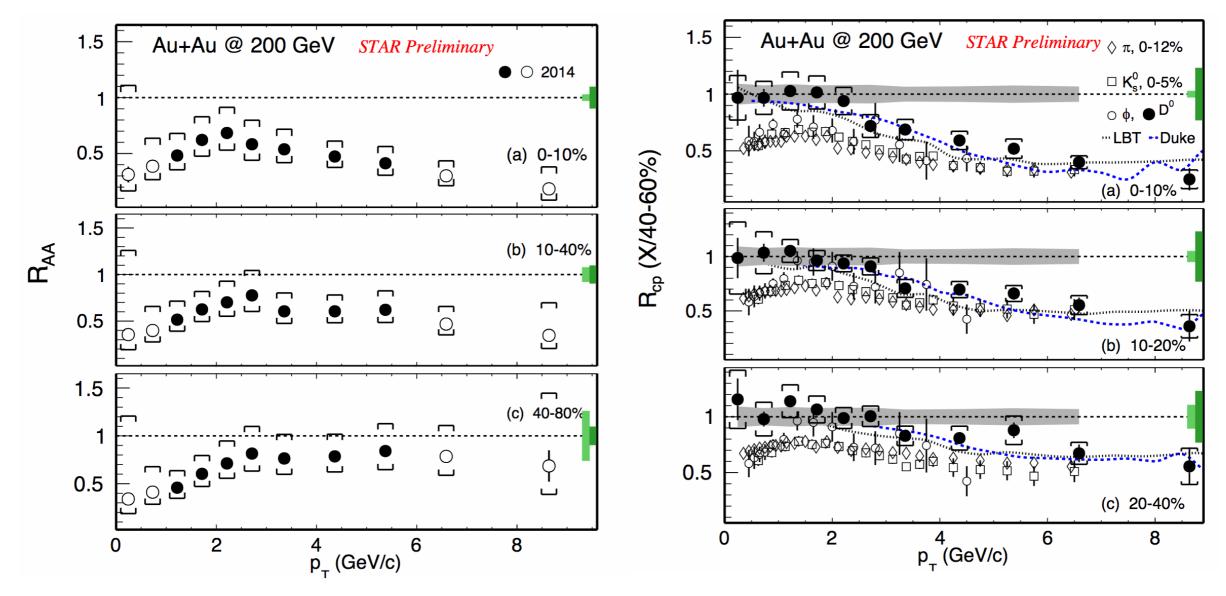


- Strong enhancement of Λ_c production compared to PYTHIA calculations
- Suggest coalescence hadronization of charm quarks in QGP at intermediate p_T (2-6 GeV/c)



Probing charm quark energy loss: D⁰ R_{AA} and R_{cp}

Measurement of D⁰ spectra extending to zero p_T in HI collisions!

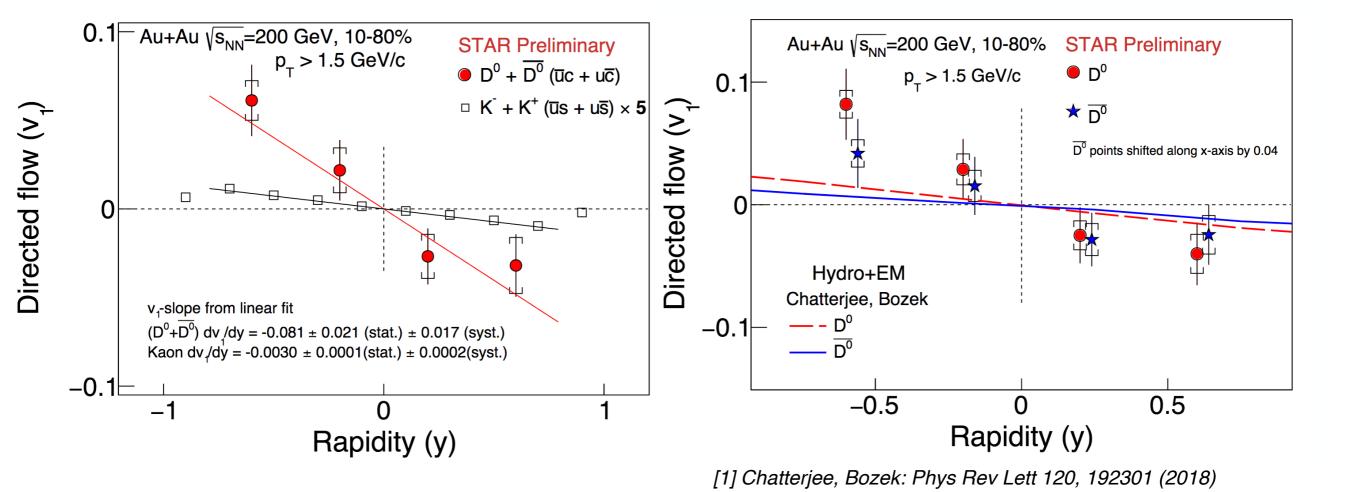


- D⁰ shows similar suppression as light hadrons at high p_T in central collisions
- Transport models with charm quark energy loss can describe the data



Directed flow (v₁) of D⁰

- Sensitive to initial tilt of fireball and viscous drag on charm quarks from QGP [1].
- Also difference between D⁰ and anti-D⁰ v₁ predicted to be sensitive to initial EM field



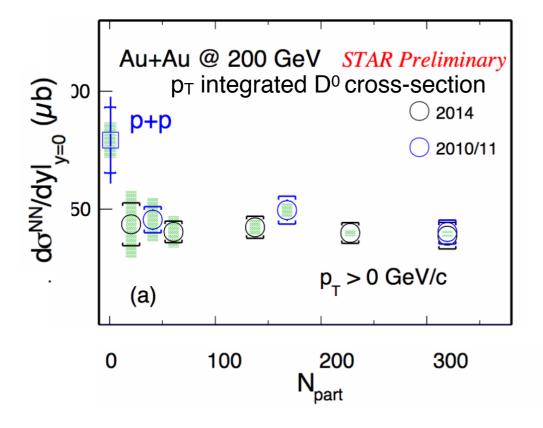
- Order of magnitude larger v₁ than for light flavor hadrons!
- In agreement with the prediction of large D⁰ v₁ by hydro models

Talk by L. He: 02/10 Tue, 11.05 (P3)



Charm production in Au+Au collisions

 Cross-section for D⁰ production lower than in p+p



Also measurements on D_s and D^{+/-} production

Charm Hadron		Cross-section (µb)
AuAu 200 GeV (10-40%)	D^0	41 ± 1 ± 5
	$D^{^{+}}$	18 ± 1 ± 3
	D_s^+	15 ± 1 ± 5
	Λ_c^+	78 ± 13 ± 28 *
	Total	152 ± 13 ± 29
pp 200 GeV	Total	130 ± 30 ± 26

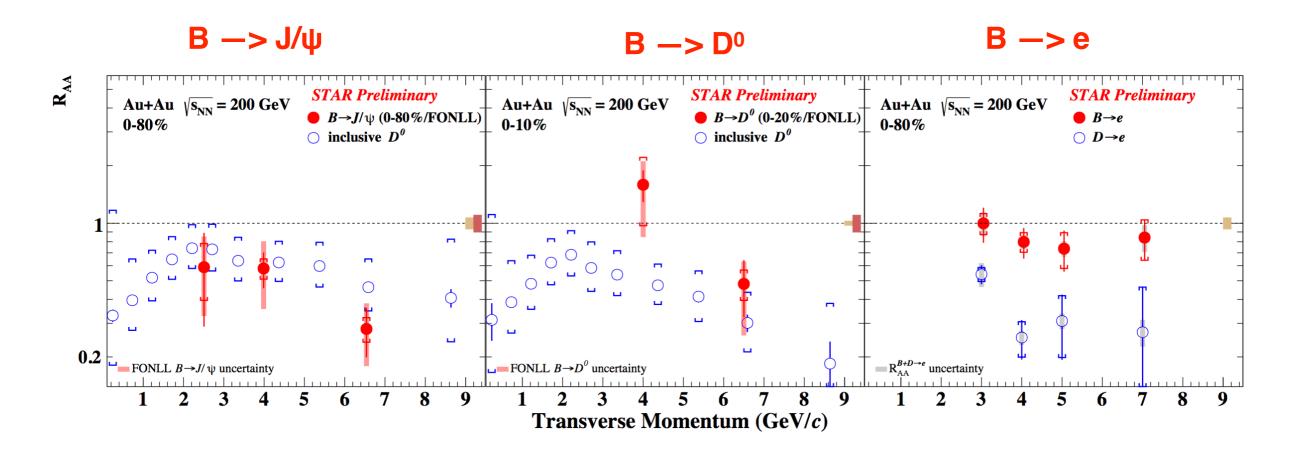
^{*} derived using Λ_c^+/D^0 ratio in 10-80%

- Enhancement for Λ_c (and D_s) and suppression for D^0
- But total charm cross-section is found to be consistent with p+p



Bottom production and RAA

- Charm quarks interact strongly with QGP, how about bottom?
- Is there a flavor (mass) dependent energy loss? Is $\Delta E_b < \Delta E_c$?



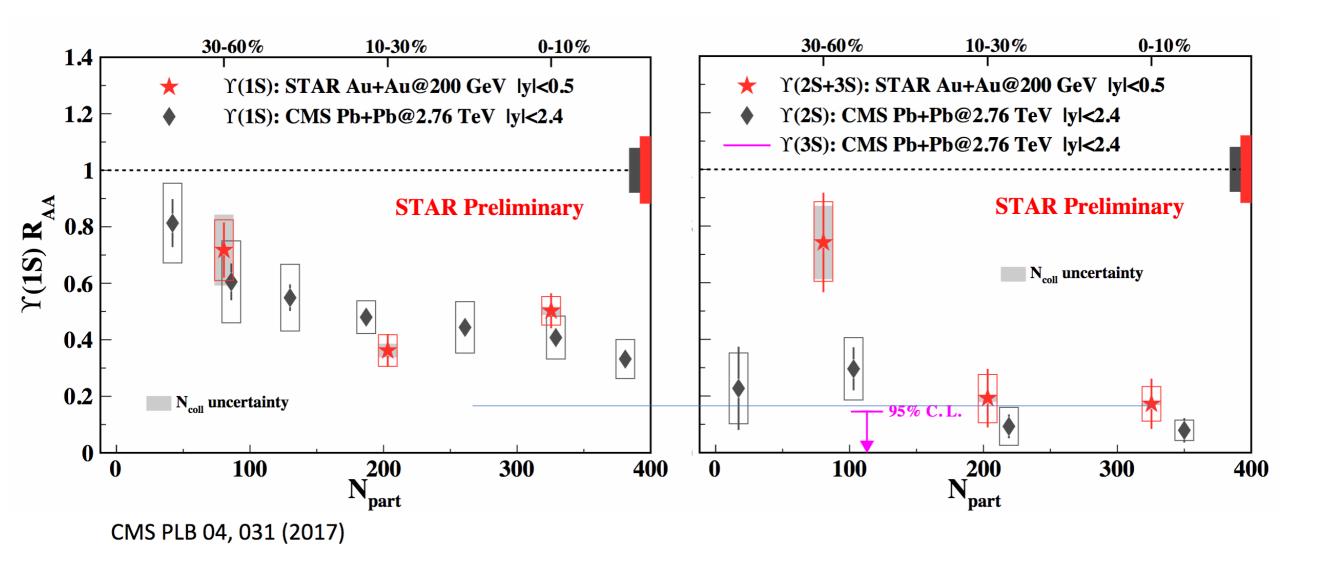
- Indication of less suppression for B—>e than D—>e ($\sim 2\sigma$ difference)
- Results from 2014 data (except B—> J/ψ), 2 5 times more data from 2016 being analyzed

Talk by X. Chen: 02/10 Tue, 09.20 (P3)



Upsilon suppression in 200 GeV Au+Au collisions

Bottomonia a better probe for sequential melting?



- Improved precision by combining 2011 di-electron, 2014+2016 di-muon datasets
- Y(2S+3S) R_{AA} smaller than Y(1S) R_{AA} in central collisions

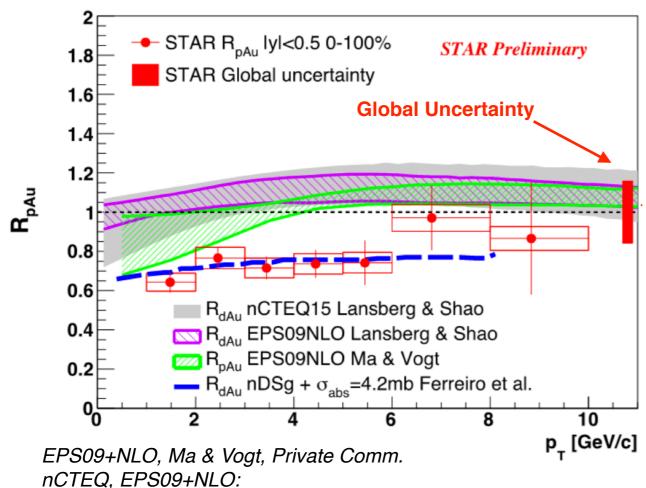
Talk by Z. Liu: 03/10 Wed, 09.00 (P3)

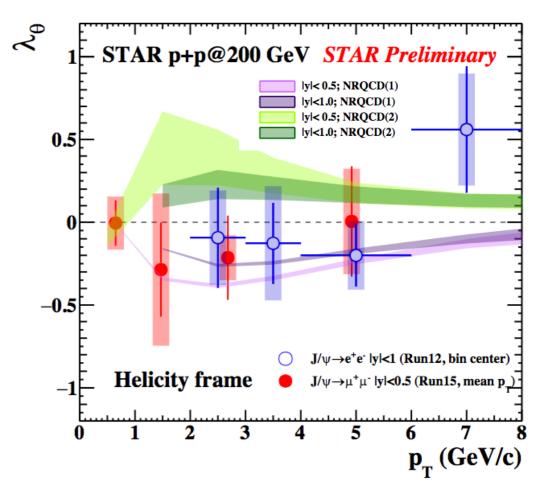


Quarkonia production in p+p and p+Au



J/ψ polarization





Lansberg Shao, Eur.Phys.J. C77 (2017) no.1, 1 Ferreriro et al., Few Body Syst. 53 (2012) 27

NRQCD1: Hong-Fei Zhang et al. Phys. Rev. Lett 114 (2015) 092006 NRQCD2: Bin Gong et al. Phys. Rev. Lett 110 (2013) 042002

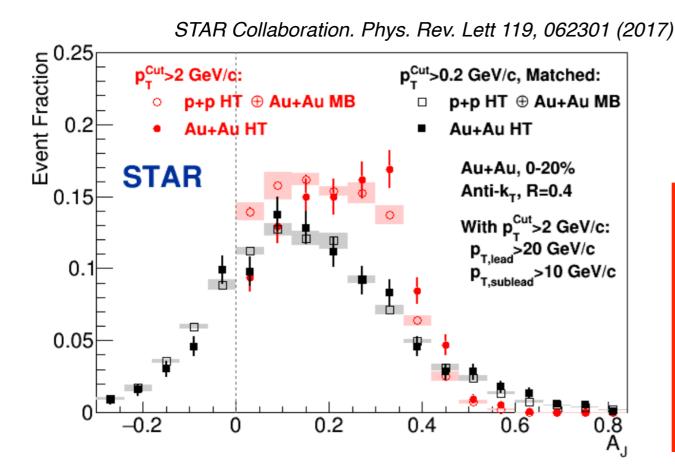
- J/ψ R_{pAu} lower than models with nPDF effects
- NRQCD: includes color octet contributions to J/ψ production, can describe the data

Talk by Z. Liu: 03/10 Wed, 09.00 (P3)



Features of jet modification: Di-jet imbalance

- How jets are modified in the presence of QGP?
- Dijet asymmetry quantifies momentum imbalance between dijets



$$A_J = \frac{p_T^{\text{Lead}} - p_T^{\text{SubLead}}}{p_T^{\text{Lead}} + p_T^{\text{SubLead}}}$$

- Hard-core jets: Jets
 recostructed with constituents
 above a high p_T cut
- Matched jets: Hard-core jets with soft particles above p_T = 0.2 GeV/c included

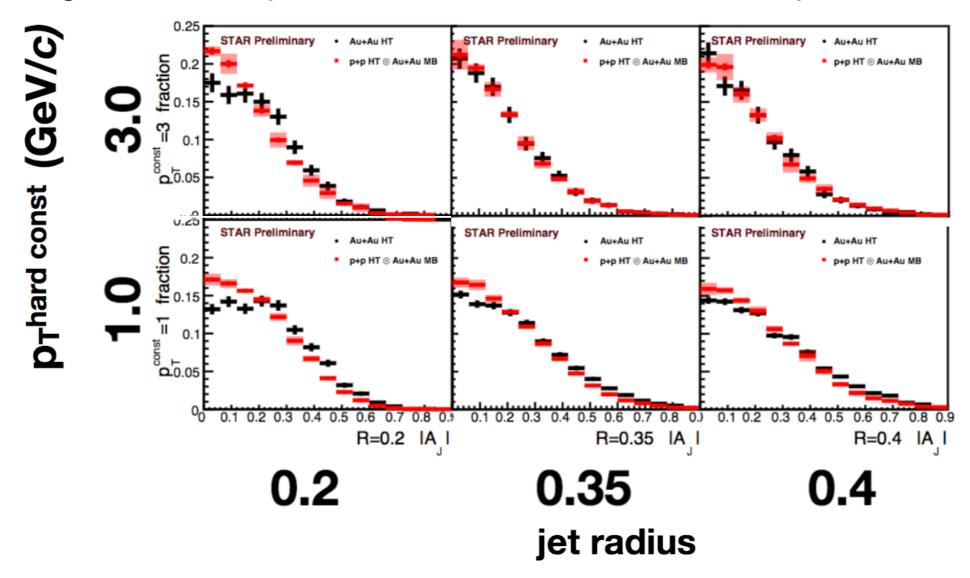
- p+p events embedded into Au+Au
- Hard-core dijets in Au+Au more imbalanced than in p+p
- A_J consistent with p+p for R=0.4 jets, with soft particles included

Talk by N. Elsey: 02/10 Tue 11:25 (P2)



Do all jets get balanced?

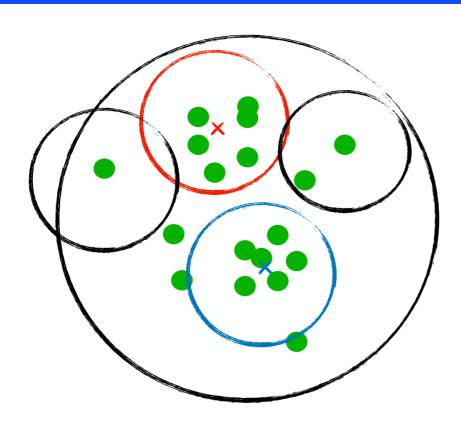
- How does the momentum imbalance evolve with hard constituent p_T cut and jet radius?
- Looking at matched jets with different hard constituent p_T cuts



- All jets unbalanced at small jet radius
- Jets with higher hard constituent p_T cuts get balanced as jet radius is increased and soft contribution is included

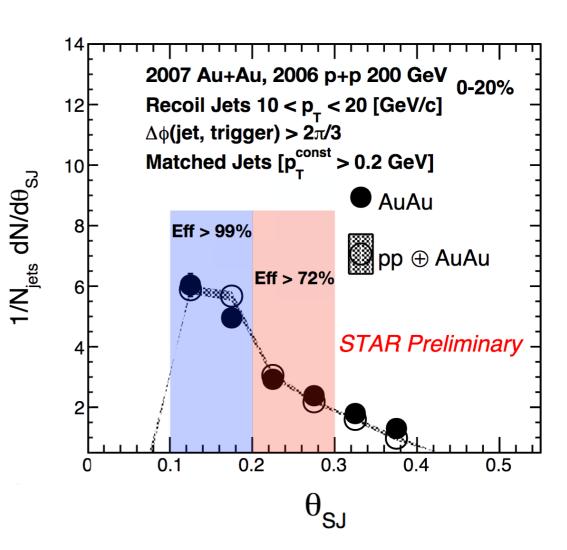


Jet angular scale dependence



- Cluster all constituents into anti- k_T jets of smaller radii (R = 0.1)
- Choose leading and subleading subjets
- $z_g = p_T$ SubleadingSJ/(p_T LeadingSJ + p_T SubleadingSJ)
- $\theta_{SJ} = \Delta R(LeadingSJ axis, SubLeading SJ axis)$
- Interaction of the jet with medium could depend on the jet's angular scale

Majumder, A and Putschke, J Phys Rev C 93 054909 Mehtar Tani, Y and Tywoniuk, K arXiv:1707.07361

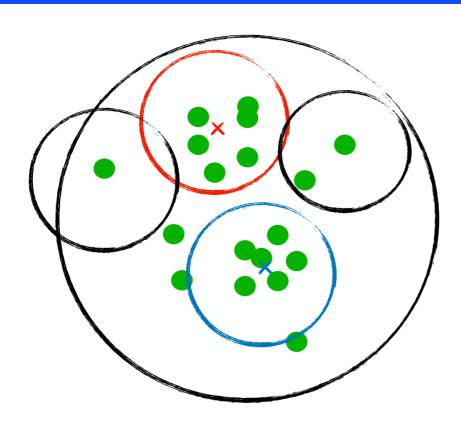


• Look separately at jets with different θ_{SJ}



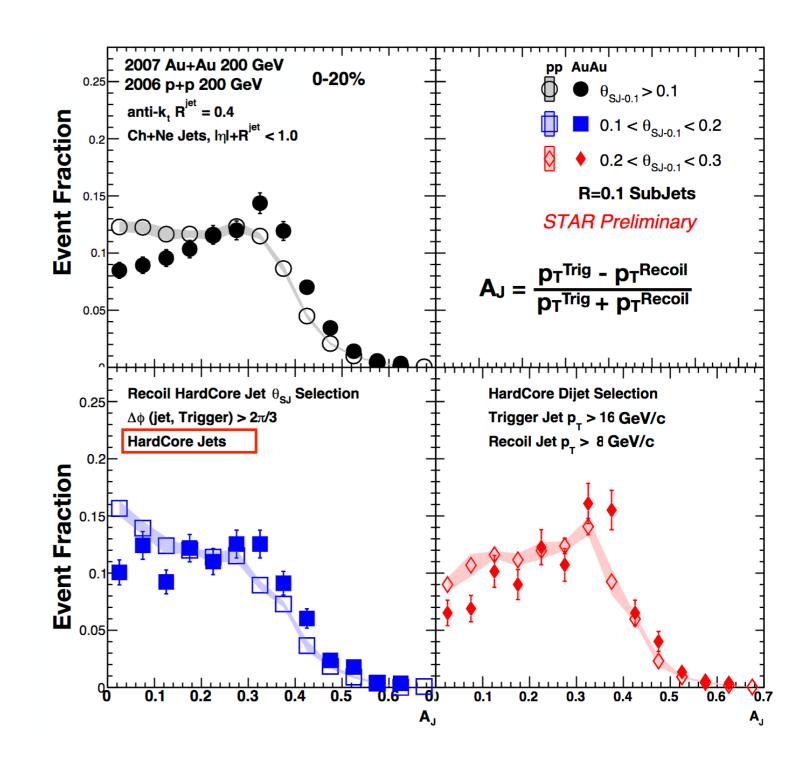
Talk by R. Elayavalli: 04/10 Thu, 11.25 (P2)

Jet angular scale dependence



 $\theta_{SJ} = \Delta R(LeadingSJ axis, SubLeading SJ axis)$

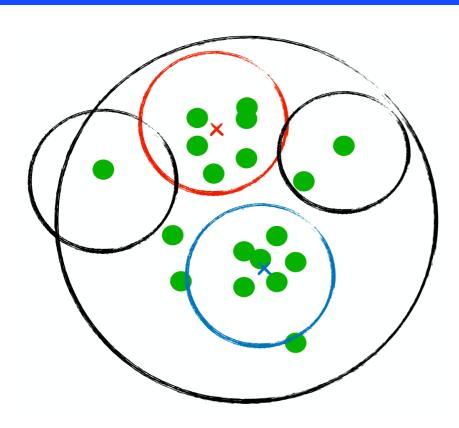
- Hard-core jets unbalanced for all θ_{SJ} selections
- No large difference among different θ_{SJ} selections



Talk by R. Elayavalli: 04/10 Thu, 11.25 (P2)

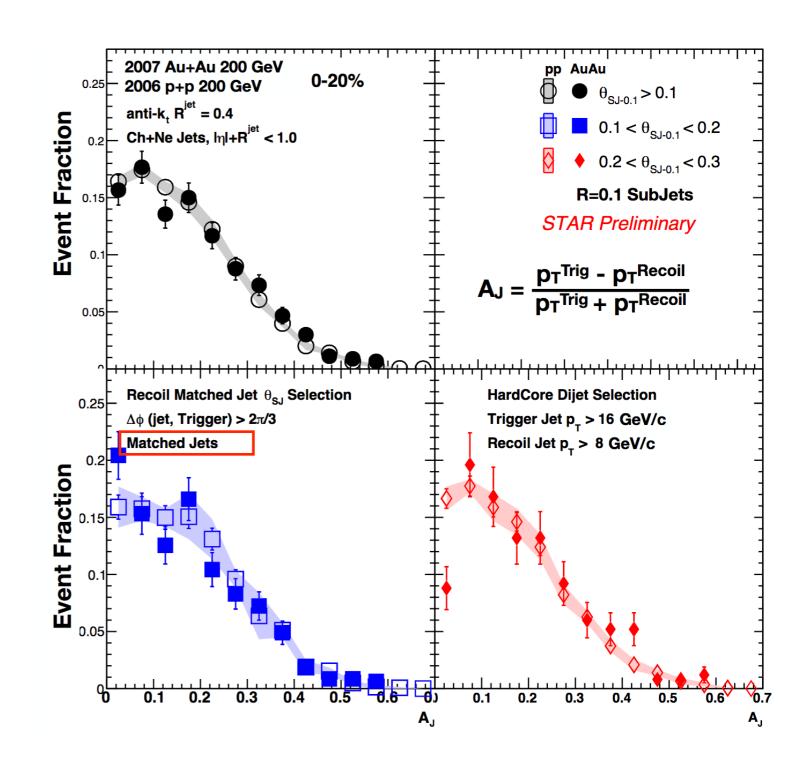


Jet angular scale dependence



 $\theta_{SJ} = \Delta R(LeadingSJ axis, SubLeading SJ axis)$

• *Matched jets* (R = 0.4) recover balance (w.r.t p+p) for all θ_{SJ} selections

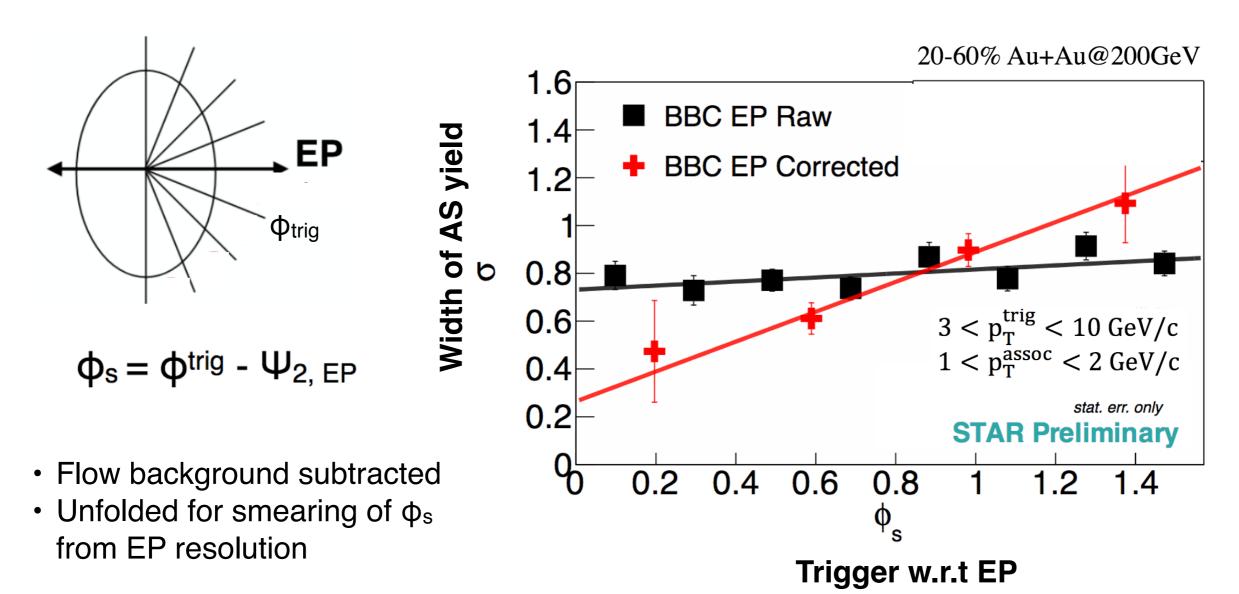


Talk by R. Elayavalli: 04/10 Thu, 11.25 (P2)



Away side broadening with path length

Width of away-side jet-like peak for high p_T trigger particles

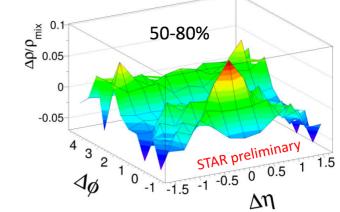


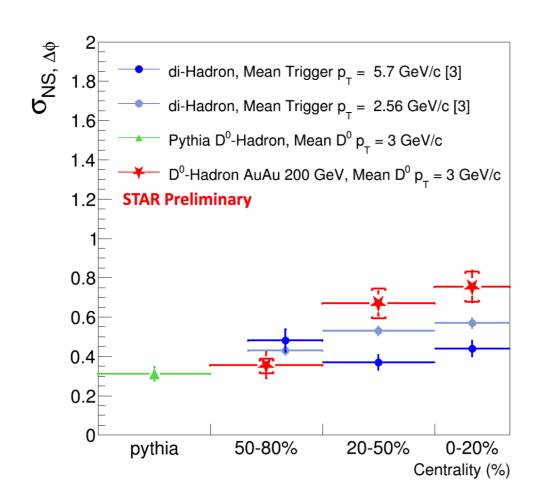
Path length dependent increase of away-side peak width

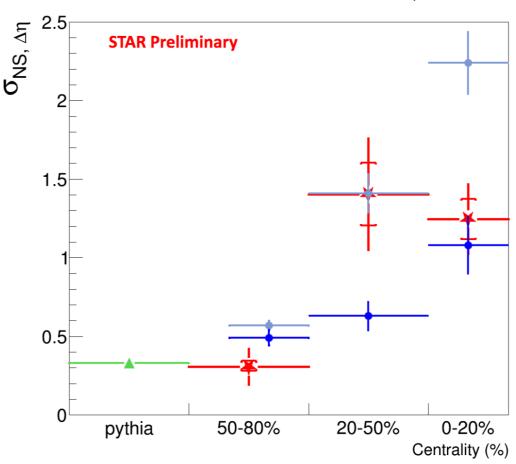


Modification of jet-like peak in D⁰-hadron correlations

- Measurement of correlated production of hadrons with Do, sensitive to charm energy loss mechanisms
- Widths of Near Side (NS) peak measured from fit to data





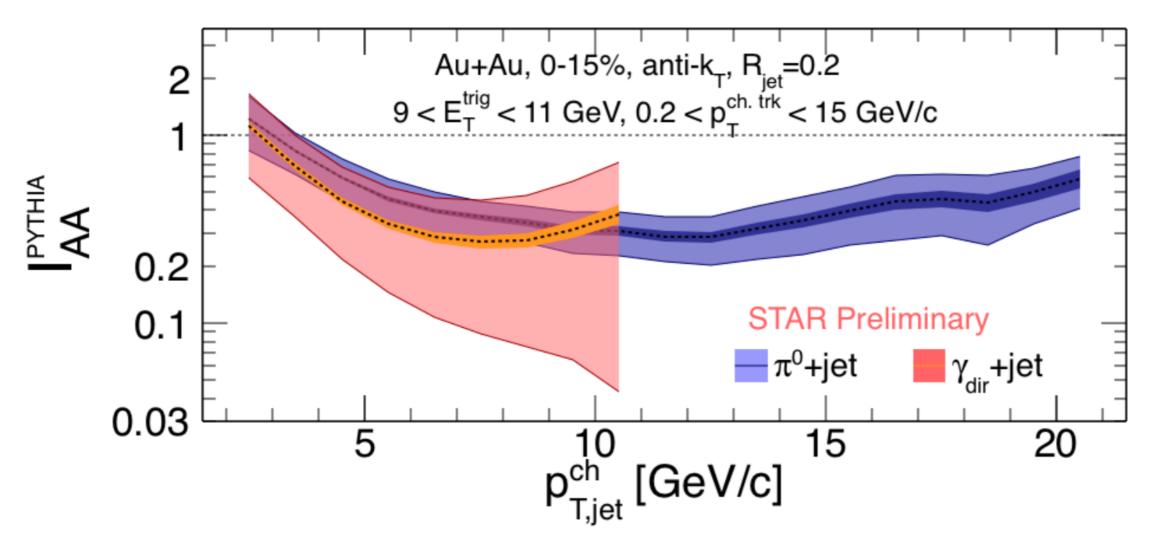


- Increase in widths of NS peak in Δη and Δφ from peripheral to central collisions
- Broadening of jet-like peak, increase by medium interactions



Direct photon + jet at RHIC

• Charged jets recoiling from γ_{dir} trigger are excellent probes to study energy loss



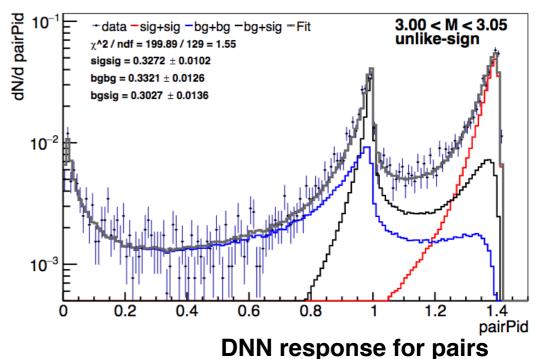
- First measurement of fully unfolded γ_{dir} + jet spectra at RHIC energy
- Similar suppression for away-side jets associated with γ_{dir} and with π^0 (p+p reference taken from PYTHIA)

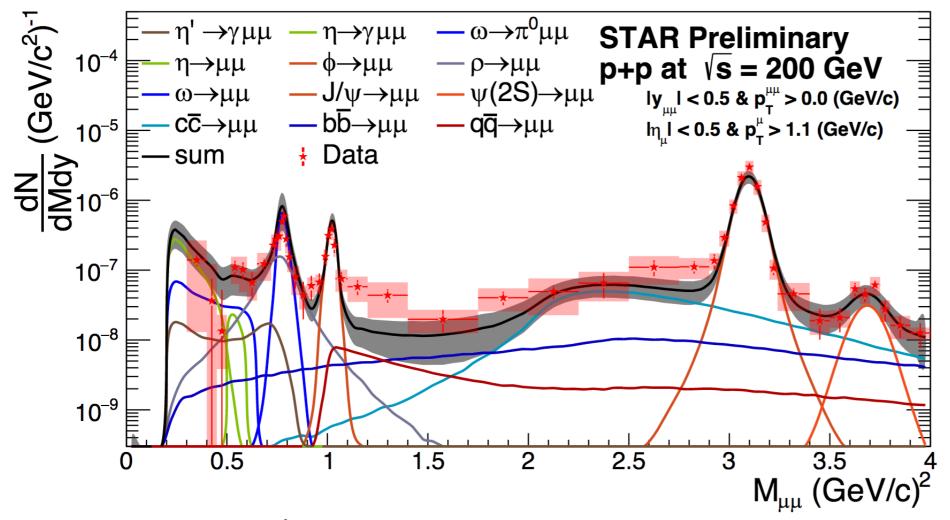
Talk by N. Sahoo: 02/10 Tue, 15.00 (P1)



Di-muon spectra in p+p with MTD

- MTD provides precise time resolution (~100 ps) and good spatial resolution for hits, allowing Muon identification
- Muon id. is improved with use of Deep Neural Networks
- Templates for DNN response generated from MC and then fit to data





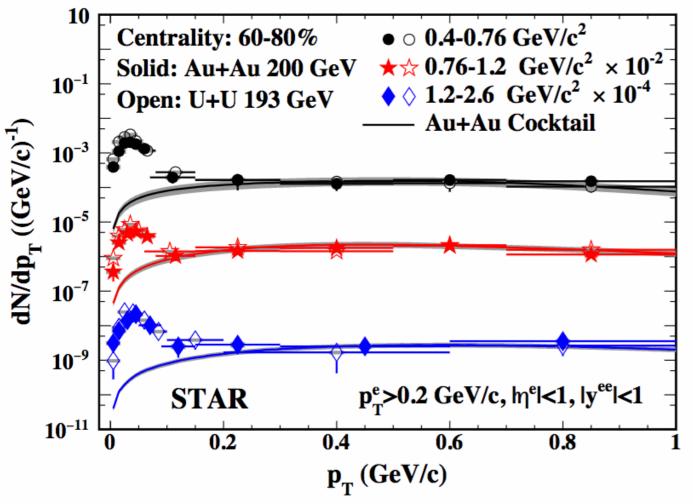
First μ⁺ μ⁻
mass spectra
from STAR

Talk by D. Brandenburg: 03/10 Wed, 11.05 (P4)



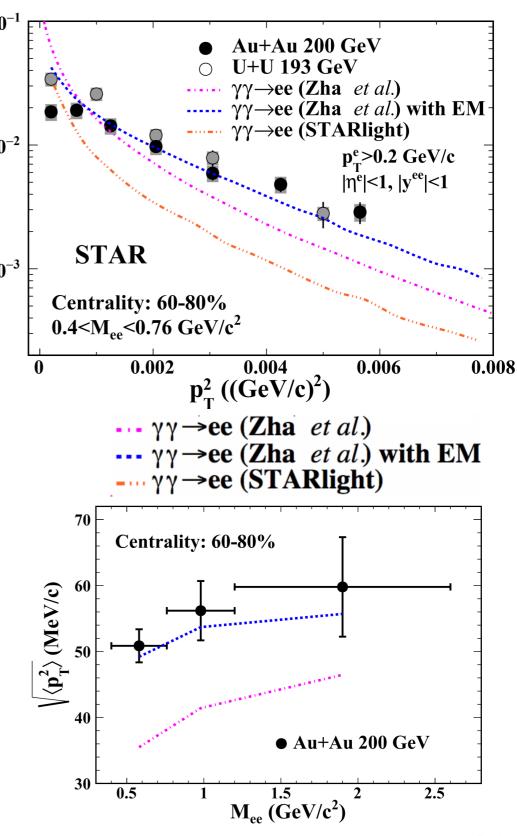
Low pt di-electron excess

 $d^2N/(dp_T^2dy)$ ((GeV/c)⁻²)



STAR Collaboration. Phys. Rev. Lett 121, 132301 (2018) W. M. Zha et al., PLB 781 (2018) 18 STARlight: S. R. Klein, PRC 97 (2018) 054903

- Large excess of di-electron yields at very low p_T ($p_T < 0.15$ GeV/c) in peripheral collisions
- The average p_T^2 larger than from just photon-photon interactions.
- Could be a probe for the strong EM field trapped in the QGP!



Talk by S. Yang:02/10 Tue, 09.20 (P4)



Summary

- **♦** Strongly interacting charm quarks in QGP
 - Similar high p_T R_{AA}, (and v₂) for D⁰ as light flavor hadrons
 - Much larger D⁰ v₁, compared to light flavor hadrons. Predicted by hydro
- **♦** Evidence for coalescence hadronization of charm quarks
 - Strong enhancement of Λ_c production
 - Charm cross section consistent with p+p, but hadrochemistry significantly modified
- ◆ Stronger suppression of Y(2S+3S) than Y(1S) in central Au+Au
- **♦** Jets in QGP: Momentum transfer to soft particles. Broadening of angular distributions of associated particles with path length
 - A_J for jets with higher hard const. p_T cut get balanced (w.r.t p+p) with increase in jet radius and inclusion of soft constituents
 - No strong dependence on jet angular scale seen
 - Broadening of away side when going from in-plane trigger to out-of-plane trigger
 - Broadening of jet-like peak in D⁰-hadron correlations from peripheral to central
- **◆** Low p_T di-electron excess probe for initial photon flux and (potentially) EM field



List of talks from STAR

- 1.Xiaolong Chen, 02/10 Tue, 09.20 (P3): Measurements of open bottom hadron production via displaced J/Psi, D0 and electrons in Au+Au collisions at sqrt(s_NN) = 200 GeV at STAR
- 2. Shuai Yang, 02/10 Tue, 09.20 (P4): Low-pT e+e- pair production in Au+Au collisions at $sqrt(s_NN) = 200 \text{ GeV}$ and U+U collisions at $sqrt(s_NN) = 193 \text{ GeV}$ at STAR
- 3. Liang He, 02/10 Tue, 11.05 (P3): Measurement of directed flow of D0 and D0bar mesons in 200 GeV Au+Au collisions at RHIC using the STAR detector
- 4. Nick Elsey, 02/10 Tue 11:25 (P2): Systematic studies of di-jet imbalance measurements at STAR
- 5. Nihar Sahoo, 02/10 Tue, 15.00 (P1): Measurement of the semi-inclusive distribution of jets recoiling from direct photon and pi0 triggers in central Au+Au collisions at sqrt(s_NN) = 200 GeV with the STAR experiment
- 6. Alex Jentsch, 02/10 Tue, 15.20 (P3): Studies of Heavy-Flavor Jets Using D0-Hadron Correlations in Azimuth and Pseudorapidity in Au+Au Collisions at 200 GeV at the STAR Experiment
- 7. Liang Zhang/Li Yi, 02/10 Tue, 16.45 (P2): Event-plane dependent away-side jet-like correlation shape in 200 GeV Au+Au collisions from STAR
- 8. Zhen Liu, 03/10 Wed, 09.00 (P3): Quarkonium measurements in heavy-ion collisions at $sqrt(s_NN) = 200 \text{ GeV}$ with the STAR experiment
- 9. Daniel Brandenburg, 03/10 Wed, 11.45 (P4): Measurement of the \mu+\mu Invariant Mass Spectra in p+p and p+Au Collisions at sqrt(s_NN) = 200 GeV with the Muon Telescope Detector at STAR
- 10.Raghav Elayavalli, 04/10 Thu, 11.25 (P2): Measurements of the jet internal structure and its relevance to parton evolution in p+p and Au+Au collisions at STAR
- 11.**Guannan Xie, 04/10 Thu, 11.25 (P3):** Measurements of Lambda_c $^{\poline{0}}$, $D_s^{\poline{0}}$, $D^*^{\poline{0}}$ and $D^{\poline{0}}$ (overline $D^{\poline{0}}$)\$ Production in Au+Au Collisions at $sqrt(s_{NN}) = 200$ GeV at STAR

